



**Australian Government**  

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**Department of Health and Ageing**

**SCHEDULE OF  
PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS**

This Schedule is also available on the internet at  
[www.pbs.gov.au](http://www.pbs.gov.au)

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This Schedule provides information on the arrangements for the prescribing and supply of pharmaceutical benefits. These arrangements operate under the *National Health Act 1953*. However, at the time of printing, the relevant legislation giving authority for the changes included in this issue of the Schedule may still be subject to the usual Parliamentary scrutiny. This book is not a legal document, and, in cases of discrepancy, the legislation will be the source document for payment for the supply of pharmaceutical benefits. The legislation is available from the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments website at <http://www.frl.gov.au>.

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## PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS

These changes to the Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits are effective from 1 March 2011. The Schedule is updated on the first day of each month and is available on the Internet at [www.pbs.gov.au](http://www.pbs.gov.au).

### Fees, Patient Contributions and Safety Net Thresholds

The following fees, patient contributions and safety net thresholds apply as at 1 March 2011 and are included, where applicable, in prices published in the Schedule —

|  |                                      |           |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Dispensing Fees:                         | Ready-prepared                       | \$6.42    |
|  | Dangerous drug fee                   | \$2.71    |
|  | Extemporaneously-prepared            | \$8.46    |
|  | Allowable additional patient charge* | \$3.92    |
| Additional Fees (for safety net prices): | Ready-prepared                       | \$1.07    |
|  | Extemporaneously-prepared            | \$1.41    |
| Patient Co-payments:                     | General                              | \$34.20   |
|  | Concessional                         | \$5.60    |
| Safety Net Thresholds:                   | General                              | \$1317.20 |
|  | Concessional                         | \$336.00  |
| Safety Net Card Issue Fee:               |                                      | \$8.58    |

\*The allowable additional patient charge is a discretionary charge to general patients if a pharmaceutical item has a dispensed price for maximum quantity less than the general patient co-payment. The pharmacist may charge general patients the allowable additional fee but the fee cannot take the cost of the prescription above the general patient co-payment for the medicine. This fee does not count towards the Safety Net threshold.

## SUMMARY OF CHANGES

### Additions

#### *Additions – Items*

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| 5484P | <b>Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Lysine and low in Tryptophan</b> , Sachets 25 g, 30 ( <i>GA express</i> )             |
| 5483N | <b>Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Phenylalanine</b> , Oral gel 85 g, 30 ( <i>PKU squeeze</i> )                          |
| 5482M | <b>Arginine with Carbohydrate</b> , Sachets 4 g containing 2 g arginine, 30 ( <i>Arginine 2000 Amino Acid Supplement</i> )                     |
| 5488W | <b>Bortezomib</b> , Powder for injection 3.5 mg (solvent required) (code 7088C applies to above item with approved solvent) ( <i>Velcade</i> ) |
| 5489X | <b>Bortezomib</b> , Powder for injection 3.5 mg (solvent required) (code 7089D applies to above item with approved solvent) ( <i>Velcade</i> ) |
| 5477G | <b>Cephazolin</b> , Powder for injection 500 mg ( <i>Hospira Pty Limited</i> )   |
| 5478H | <b>Cephazolin</b> , Powder for injection 1 g ( <i>Cefazolin Sandoz, Cephazolin Alphapharm, Hospira Pty Limited, Kefzol</i> )                   |
| 5479J | <b>Cephazolin</b> , Powder for injection 2 g ( <i>Cefazolin Sandoz, Cephazolin Alphapharm</i> )  |
| 5481L | <b>Citrulline with Carbohydrate</b> , Sachets 4 g containing 1 g citrulline, 30 ( <i>Citrulline 1000 Amino Acid Supplement</i> )               |
| 5485Q | <b>Docetaxel</b> , Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 2 mL ( <i>DBL Docetaxel Concentrated Injection, Docetaxel Ebewe</i> )       |
| 5486R | <b>Docetaxel</b> , Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 2 mL ( <i>DBL Docetaxel Concentrated Injection, Docetaxel Ebewe</i> )       |
| 5487T | <b>Docetaxel</b> , Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 80 mg in 8 mL ( <i>DBL Docetaxel Concentrated Injection, Docetaxel Ebewe</i> )       |

- 5470X **Ondansetron**, Tablet (orally disintegrating) 4 mg (*Ondansetron ODT-DRLA*)  
 5471Y **Ondansetron**, Tablet (orally disintegrating) 8 mg (*Ondansetron ODT-DRLA*)  
 5472B **Ondansetron**, Tablet (orally disintegrating) 4 mg (*Ondansetron ODT-DRLA*) (**Diff. Max Qty and Rpts**)  
 5473C **Ondansetron**, Tablet (orally disintegrating) 8 mg (*Ondansetron ODT-DRLA*) (**Diff. Max Qty and Rpts**)

### ***Additions – Brands***

- 8604W *Bicard 2.5, SI* – **Bisoprolol Fumarate**, Tablet 2.5 mg  
 8605X *Bicard 5, SI* – **Bisoprolol Fumarate**, Tablet 5 mg  
 8606Y *Bicard 10, SI* – **Bisoprolol Fumarate**, Tablet 10 mg  
 3161J *Ranzepam, RA* – **Diazepam**, Tablet 2 mg  
 5071X *Ranzepam, RA* – **Diazepam**, Tablet 2 mg (**Dental**)  
 5357Y *Ranzepam, RA* – **Diazepam**, Tablet 2 mg (**Palliative Care**)  
 5355W *Ranzepam, RA* – **Diazepam**, Tablet 2 mg (**Palliative Care**) (**Diff. Max. Rpts**)  
 8534E *Zircol, AF* – **Lercanidipine Hydrochloride**, Tablet 10 mg  
 8679T *Zircol, AF* – **Lercanidipine Hydrochloride**, Tablet 20 mg  
 8883M *Axit 45, AF* – **Mirtazapine**, Tablet 45 mg  
 8144P *Sumatriptan generichealth, GQ* – **Sumatriptan**, Tablet 50 mg (as succinate)

### ***Additions – Bioequivalence Indicators***

- 5462L *Taxotere, SW* – **Docetaxel**, Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 1 mL  
 5463M *Taxotere, SW* – **Docetaxel**, Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 1 mL (**Diff. Max. Qty**)  
 5464N *Taxotere, SW* – **Docetaxel**, Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 80 mg in 4 mL  
 9291B *Taxotere, SW* – **Docetaxel**, Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg (anhydrous) in 0.5 mL with solvent  
 8071T *Taxotere, SW* – **Docetaxel**, Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg (anhydrous) in 0.5 mL with solvents (**Diff. Max. Qty**)  
 8074Y *Taxotere, SW* – **Docetaxel**, Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 80 mg (anhydrous) in 2 mL with solvent

### ***Additions – Notes***

- 1256D **Cephazolin**, Powder for injection 500 mg (*Hospira Pty Limited*)  
 1257E **Cephazolin**, Powder for injection 1 g (*Cefazolin Sandoz, Cephazolin Alphapharm, Hospira Pty Limited, Kefzol*)  
 9326W **Cephazolin**, Powder for injection 2 g (*Cefazolin Sandoz, Cephazolin Alphapharm*)  
 5462L **Docetaxel**, Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 1 mL (*Taxotere*)  
 5463M **Docetaxel**, Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 1 mL (*Taxotere*)  
 5464N **Docetaxel**, Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 80 mg in 4 mL (*Taxotere*)  
 8071T **Docetaxel**, Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg (anhydrous) in 0.5 mL with solvent (*Taxotere*)  
 8074Y **Docetaxel**, Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 80 mg (anhydrous) in 2 mL with solvent (*Taxotere*)  
 9291B **Docetaxel**, Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg (anhydrous) in 0.5 mL with solvent (*Taxotere*)  
 8410P **Ondansetron**, Wafer 4 mg (*Ondaz Zydys, Zofran Zydys*)  
 8411Q **Ondansetron**, Wafer 8 mg (*Ondaz Zydys, Zofran Zydys*)  
 8412R **Ondansetron**, Wafer 4 mg (*Ondaz Zydys, Zofran Zydys*)  
 8413T **Ondansetron**, Wafer 8 mg (*Ondaz Zydys, Zofran Zydys*)

## Deletions

### *Deletions – Brands*

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| 2315W | <i>Blenoxane, BQ</i> – <b>Bleomycin Sulfate</b> , Powder for injection 15,000 i.u. (solvent required) (code 6896Y applies to above item with approved solvent) ( <b>Special Pharmaceutical Benefits</b> ) |
| 3058Y | <i>Cephbell, BF</i> – <b>Cephalexin</b> , Capsule 250 mg  |
| 3317N | <i>Cephbell, BF</i> – <b>Cephalexin</b> , Capsule 250 mg ( <b>Dental</b> )  |
| 1368B | <i>Enalabell, BF</i> – <b>Enalapril</b> , Tablet containing enalapril maleate 10 mg   |
| 1369C | <i>Enalabell, BF</i> – <b>Enalapril</b> , Tablet containing enalapril maleate 20 mg   |
| 1370D | <i>Enalabell, BF</i> – <b>Enalapril</b> , Tablet containing enalapril maleate 5 mg  |
| 8389M | <i>Pendine 800, AF</i> – <b>Gabapentin</b> , Tablet 800 mg  |
| 8370M | <i>Naltrexone QP, XF</i> – <b>Naltrexone Hydrochloride</b> , Tablet 50 mg   |
| 3062E | <i>Visken 5, NV</i> – <b>Pindolol</b> , Tablet 5 mg   |
| 1978D | <i>Ranihexal, HX</i> – <b>Ranitidine Hydrochloride</b> , Tablet 150 mg (base)   |
| 2000G | <i>Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd, PF</i> – <b>Salbutamol Sulfate</b> , Nebuliser solution single dose units 2.5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30  |
| 3496B | <i>Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd, PF</i> – <b>Salbutamol Sulfate</b> , Nebuliser solution single dose units 2.5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30 ( <b>Emergency Drug Supplies</b> )                                     |

### *Deletions – Bioequivalence Indicators*

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| 3062E | <i>Barbloc 5, AF</i> – <b>Pindolol</b> , Tablet 5 mg |
|-------|--|

## Alterations

### *Alterations – Item Description*

*From:*

9438R **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Lysine and low in Tryptophan**, Sachets 20 g, 30 (*GA gel*)

*To:*

9438R **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Lysine and low in Tryptophan**, Sachets 24 g, 30 (*GA gel*)

*From:*

8677Q **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Methionine**, Sachets 20 g, 30 (*HCU gel*)

*To:*

8677Q **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Methionine**, Sachets 24 g, 30 (*HCU gel*)

*From:*

3444G **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Methionine, Threonine and Valine and low in Isoleucine**, Sachets 20 g, 30 (*MMA/PA gel*)

*To:*

3444G **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Methionine, Threonine and Valine and low in Isoleucine**, Sachets 24 g, 30 (*MMA/PA gel*)

*From:*

8555G **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Phenylalanine**, Sachets 20 g, 30 (*PKU-gel*)

*To:*

8555G **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Phenylalanine**, Sachets 24 g, 30 (*PKU gel*)

*From:*

8631G **Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Phenylalanine and Tyrosine**, Sachets 20 g, 30 (*TYR gel*)

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| To:   |   |
| 8631G | <b>Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Phenylalanine and Tyrosine</b> , Sachets 24 g, 30 ( <i>TYR gel</i> )   |
| From: |   |
| 8592F | <b>Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Valine, Leucine and Isoleucine</b> , Sachets 20 g, 30 ( <i>MSUD-gel</i> )  |
| To:   |   |
| 8592F | <b>Amino Acid Formula with Vitamins and Minerals without Valine, Leucine and Isoleucine</b> , Sachets 24 g, 30 ( <i>MSUD gel</i> )  |
| From: |   |
| 1140B | <b>BCG Immunotherapeutic (Bacillus Calmette-Guérin/ Connaught strain)</b> , Single dose set comprising 1 vial powder for intravesical administration containing 6.6 to 19.2 x 10 <sup>8</sup> CFU and 1 vial diluent 3 mL ( <i>ImmuCyst</i> ) |
| To:   |   |
| 1140B | <b>BCG Immunotherapeutic (Bacillus Calmette-Guérin/ Connaught strain)</b> , Powder for intravesical administration containing 6.6 to 19.2 x 10 <sup>8</sup> CFU ( <i>ImmuCyst</i> )   |
| From: |   |
| 9157Y | <b>Cinacalcet Hydrochloride</b> , Tablet 30 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )   |
| To:   |   |
| 9157Y | <b>Cinacalcet</b> , Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )   |
| From: |   |
| 9158B | <b>Cinacalcet Hydrochloride</b> , Tablet 60 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )   |
| To:   |   |
| 9158B | <b>Cinacalcet</b> , Tablet 60 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )   |
| From: |   |
| 9159C | <b>Cinacalcet Hydrochloride</b> , Tablet 90 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )   |
| To:   |   |
| 9159C | <b>Cinacalcet</b> , Tablet 90 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )   |

#### **Alterations – Maximum Quantity**

|       |   | From: | To: |
|-------|---|-------|-----|
| 2234N | <b>Mesalazine</b> , Sachet containing prolonged release granules, 1 g per sachet ( <i>Pentasa</i> ) | 100   | 120 |

#### **Alterations – Restrictions**

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| 8094B | <b>Bicalutamide</b> , Tablet 50 mg ( <i>APO-Bicalutamide, Bicalutamide-GA, Bicalutamide Ranbaxy, Calutex, Cosamide, Cosudex</i> )              |
| 9117W | <b>Bortezomib</b> , Powder for injection 3.5 mg (solvent required) (code 7086Y applies to above item with approved solvent) ( <i>Velcade</i> ) |
| 9118X | <b>Bortezomib</b> , Powder for injection 3.5 mg (solvent required) (code 7087B applies to above item with approved solvent) ( <i>Velcade</i> ) |
| 1256D | <b>Cephazolin</b> , Powder for injection 500 mg ( <i>Hospira Pty Limited</i> )   |
| 1257E | <b>Cephazolin</b> , Powder for injection 1 g ( <i>Cefazolin Sandoz, Cephazolin Alphapharm, Hospira Pty Limited, Kefzol</i> )                   |
| 9326W | <b>Cephazolin</b> , Powder for injection 2 g ( <i>Cefazolin Sandoz, Cephazolin Alphapharm</i> )  |
| 9157Y | <b>Cinacalcet</b> , Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )  |
| 9158B | <b>Cinacalcet</b> , Tablet 60 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )  |
| 9159C | <b>Cinacalcet</b> , Tablet 90 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> )  |
| 1208N | <b>Ciprofloxacin</b> , Tablet 250 mg (effective 20 January 2011)   |
| 1209P | <b>Ciprofloxacin</b> , Tablet 500 mg (effective 20 January 2011)   |
| 1210Q | <b>Ciprofloxacin</b> , Tablet 750 mg (effective 20 January 2011)   |
| 9166K | <b>Erlotinib</b> , Tablet 25 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Tarceva</i> )  |

- 9167L **Erlotinib**, Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride) (*Tarceva*)  
 9168M **Erlotinib**, Tablet 150 mg (as hydrochloride) (*Tarceva*)  
 1417N **Flutamide**, Tablet 250 mg (*Eulexin, Flutamin*)  
 8131Y **Nilutamide**, Tablet 150 mg (*Anandron*)

### ***Alterations – Notes***

- 9425C **Adalimumab**, Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe (*Humira*)  
 9426D **Adalimumab**, Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen (*Humira*)  
 9037P **Etanercept**, Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL (*Enbrel*)  
 9429G **Etanercept**, Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL (*Enbrel*) (Diff. Max. Rpts)  
 9091L **Etanercept**, Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4 (*Enbrel*)  
 9431J **Etanercept**, Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4 (*Enbrel*) (Diff. Max. Rpts)  
 9461Y **Etanercept**, Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4 (*Enbrel*)  
 9462B **Etanercept**, Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4 (*Enbrel*) (Diff. Max. Rpts)  
 8694N **Pioglitazone**, Tablet 15 mg (as hydrochloride) (*Actos*)  
 8695P **Pioglitazone**, Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride) (*Actos*)  
 8696Q **Pioglitazone**, Tablet 45 mg (as hydrochloride) (*Actos*)  
 8689H **Rosiglitazone**, Tablet 4 mg (as maleate) (*Avandia*)  
 8690J **Rosiglitazone**, Tablet 8 mg (as maleate) (*Avandia*)  
 9059T **Rosiglitazone with Metformin**, Tablet containing 2 mg rosiglitazone (as maleate) with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride (*Avandamet*)  
 9060W **Rosiglitazone with Metformin**, Tablet containing 2 mg rosiglitazone (as maleate) with 1 g metformin hydrochloride (*Avandamet*)  
 9061X **Rosiglitazone with Metformin**, Tablet containing 4 mg rosiglitazone (as maleate) with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride (*Avandamet*)  
 9062Y **Rosiglitazone with Metformin**, Tablet containing 4 mg rosiglitazone (as maleate) with 1 g metformin hydrochloride (*Avandamet*)  
 9180E **Sitagliptin**, Tablet 25 mg (as phosphate monohydrate) (*Januvia*)  
 9181F **Sitagliptin**, Tablet 50 mg (as phosphate monohydrate) (*Januvia*)  
 9182G **Sitagliptin**, Tablet 100 mg (as phosphate monohydrate) (*Januvia*)  
 9449H **Sitagliptin with Metformin**, Tablet containing 50 mg sitagliptin (as phosphate monohydrate) with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride (*Janumet*)  
 9450J **Sitagliptin with Metformin**, Tablet containing 50 mg sitagliptin (as phosphate monohydrate) with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride (*Janumet*)  
 9451K **Sitagliptin with Metformin**, Tablet containing 50 mg sitagliptin (as phosphate monohydrate) with 1000 mg metformin hydrochloride (*Janumet*)  
 9304Q **Ustekinumab**, Injection 45 mg in 0.5 mL (*Stelara*)  
 3415R **Vildagliptin**, Tablet 50 mg (*Galvus*)

### ***Alterations – Restriction and Notes***

- 9427E **Adalimumab**, Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe (*Humira*)  
 9428F **Adalimumab**, Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen (*Humira*)  
 3423E **Exenatide**, Injection solution 5 micrograms per dose in pre-filled pen, 60 doses (*Byetta 5 microgram*)  
 3424F **Exenatide**, Injection solution 10 micrograms per dose in pre-filled pen, 60 doses (*Byetta 10 microgram*)  
 9305R **Ustekinumab**, Injection 45 mg in 0.5 mL (*Stelara*)

### ***Alterations – Brands***

*From:*

5399E **Methadone Hydrochloride**, Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL (**Palliative Care**) (Sigma Pharmaceuticals (Australia) Pty Ltd)

*To:*

5399E **Methadone Hydrochloride**, Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL (**Palliative Care**) (*Sigma Methadone Syrup*)

*From:*

5400F **Methadone Hydrochloride**, Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL (**Palliative Care**) (Sigma Pharmaceuticals (Australia) Pty Ltd)

*To:*

5400F **Methadone Hydrochloride**, Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL (**Palliative Care**) (*Sigma Methadone Syrup*)

*From:*

8523N **Tramadol Hydrochloride**, Tablet 100 mg (twice daily sustained release) (*Tramahexal SR*)

*To:*

8523N **Tramadol Hydrochloride**, Tablet 100 mg (twice daily sustained release) (*Tramadol Sandoz SR*)

*From:*

5234L **Tramadol Hydrochloride**, Tablet 100 mg (twice daily sustained release) (*Tramahexal SR*) (**Dental**)

*To:*

5234L **Tramadol Hydrochloride**, Tablet 100 mg (twice daily sustained release) (*Tramadol Sandoz SR*) (**Dental**)

### ***Alterations – Brand and Manufacturer's Code***

*From:*

3010K **Norfloxacin**, Tablet 400 mg (*Ascent Pharmaceuticals, GN*)

*To:*

3010K **Norfloxacin**, Tablet 400 mg (*Norfloxacin-GA, GM*)

### ***Alterations – Authorised Prescriber***

Items which can now be prescribed by Nurse Practitioners:

1214X **Codeine Phosphate**, Tablet 30 mg (*Fawns and McAllan Proprietary Limited*)

5295Q **Palonosetron**, Injection 250 micrograms (as hydrochloride) in 5 mL (*Aloxi*)

3415R **Vildagliptin**, Tablet 50 mg (*Galvus*)

## SECTION 100 – HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM

### Additions

#### *Alterations – Manufacturer's Code*

|       |   | <i>From:</i> | <i>To:</i> |
|-------|---|--------------|------------|
| 5746K | Fosamprenavir, Tablet 700 mg (as calcium) ( <i>Telzir</i> ) (Public)  | GK           | VI         |
| 6453P | Fosamprenavir, Tablet 700 mg (as calcium) ( <i>Telzir</i> ) (Private) | GK           | VI         |

### Alterations

#### *Alterations – Item Description*

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| <i>From:</i> |   |
| 5621W        | Cinacalcet Hydrochloride, Tablet 30 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Public)  |
| <i>To:</i>   |   |
| 5621W        | Cinacalcet, Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Public)    |
| <i>From:</i> |   |
| 9625N        | Cinacalcet Hydrochloride, Tablet 30 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Private) |
| <i>To:</i>   |   |
| 9625N        | Cinacalcet, Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Private)   |
| <i>From:</i> |   |
| 5622X        | Cinacalcet Hydrochloride, Tablet 60 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Public)  |
| <i>To:</i>   |   |
| 5622X        | Cinacalcet, Tablet 60 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Public)    |
| <i>From:</i> |   |
| 9626P        | Cinacalcet Hydrochloride, Tablet 60 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Private) |
| <i>To:</i>   |   |
| 9626P        | Cinacalcet, Tablet 60 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Private)   |
| <i>From:</i> |   |
| 5623Y        | Cinacalcet Hydrochloride, Tablet 90 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Public)  |
| <i>To:</i>   |   |
| 5623Y        | Cinacalcet, Tablet 90 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Public)    |
| <i>From:</i> |   |
| 9627Q        | Cinacalcet Hydrochloride, Tablet 90 mg (base) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Private) |
| <i>To:</i>   |   |
| 9627Q        | Cinacalcet, Tablet 90 mg (as hydrochloride) ( <i>Sensipar</i> ) (Private)   |

#### *Alterations – Note*

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| 5758C | Infliximab, Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg ( <i>Remicade</i> ) (Public)  |
| 9617E | Infliximab, Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg ( <i>Remicade</i> ) (Private) |

**SECTION 100 – OPIATE DEPENDENCE TREATMENT PROGRAM*****Alterations – Brands****From:*

6171T **Methadone Hydrochloride**, Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL (*Sigma Pharmaceuticals (Australia) Pty Ltd*)

*To:*

6171T **Methadone Hydrochloride**, Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL (*Sigma Methadone Syrup*)

*From:*

6172W **Methadone Hydrochloride**, Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 1 L (*Sigma Pharmaceuticals (Australia) Pty Ltd*)

*To:*

6172W **Methadone Hydrochloride**, Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 1 L (*Sigma Methadone Syrup*)

## ADVANCE NOTICES DELETIONS

### *Advance Notice – Deletion of Items*

The following items will be deleted from the Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits on 1 April 2011:

Items discontinued by the manufacturer—

- 1350C    **Dydrogesterone**, Tablet 10 mg, (*Duphaston*)
- 8556H    **Pancreatic Extract**, Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 5,000 BP units of lipase activity (*Creon 5000*)
- 9225M    **Pancreatic Extract**, Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 5,000 BP units of lipase activity (*Creon 5000*) (*Diff. Max. Rpts*)

Item deletions requested by the manufacturer—

- 2772X    **Norethisterone with ethinyloestradiol**, Tablets 500 micrograms-35 micrograms, 21 (*Brevinor*)
- 2773Y    **Norethisterone with ethinyloestradiol**, Tablets 1 mg-35 micrograms, 21 (*Brevinor*)

The following items will be deleted from the Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits on 1 June 2011:

Items discontinued by the manufacturer—

- 2059J    **Memantine Hydrochloride**, Oral drops 10 mg per g, 50 g (*Ebixa*)

### *Advance Notice — Deletion of Brands*

The following brands will be deleted from the Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits on 1 May 2011:

Brands discontinued by the manufacturer—

- 2132F    *Alprazolam-GA, GN* — **Alprazolam**, Tablet 1 mg
- 8118G    *Alprazolam-GA, GN* — **Alprazolam**, Tablet 2 mg
- 8202Q    *DBL Aspirin 100 mg, GY* — **Aspirin**, Tablet 100 mg
- 2457H    *Lisinopril Hexal, HX* — **Lisinopril**, Tablet 10 mg

## Addresses — Medicare Australia

Medicare Australia has responsibility for the operational aspects of the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS). This responsibility covers the processing of pharmaceutical benefit and safety net claims, authority applications and supply of PBS stationery used by medical practitioners, participating dental practitioners and approved pharmacists.

Procedures for ordering prescription forms are set out in Introduction of this Schedule .

### New South Wales and Australian Capital Territory

Pharmaceutical Benefits Branch

130 George Street

Parramatta NSW 2150

**General and IME enquiries — Tel: 132 290**

Orange Service Centre

189 Anson Street

Orange NSW 2800

**General and IME enquiries — Tel: 132 290**

### Victoria

Pharmaceutical Branch

Level 10

595 Collins Street

Melbourne Vic 3000

**General and IME enquiries — Tel: 132 290**

### Queensland

Pharmaceutical Services Branch

143 Turbot Street

Brisbane Qld 4000

**General and IME enquiries — Tel: 132 290**

### South Australia and Northern Territory

Pharmaceutical Services Branch

209 Greenhill Road

Eastwood SA 5063

**General and IME enquiries — Tel: 132 290**

### Western Australia

Pharmaceutical Benefits Branch

Level 5, Work Distribution Centre,

(Reception on Level 4)

130 Stirling Street

Northbridge WA 6003

**General and IME enquiries — Tel: 132 290**

### Tasmania

Pharmaceutical Branch

242 Liverpool Street

Hobart Tas 7000

**General and IME enquiries — Tel: 132 290**

### National Program Management

Pharmaceutical Benefits Branch

Medicare Australia

134 Reed Street

Tuggeranong ACT 2900

Telephone — (02) 6124 6333

Website — [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)

Email — [pbs@medicareaustralia.gov.au](mailto:pbs@medicareaustralia.gov.au)

## Authority Prescription Applications

Authority required benefits fall into two categories – *Authority required* and *Authority required (STREAMLINED)*. The process in which an authority PBS prescription can be prescribed will depend on the type of Authority required benefit.

Prior approval is required for Authority required items as well as all requests for increased quantities and/or repeats for any category of PBS item.

Prior approval is not required for Authority required (STREAMLINED) items except if increased quantities and/or repeats are required (see Explanatory Notes for details).

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Mail Applications:</b>   | REPLY PAID No. 9857<br>PBS Authorities Section<br>Medicare Australia<br>GPO Box 9857<br>In your Capital City |
| <b>Telephone Applications:</b>  | Free call 1800 888 333<br>Australia-wide 24 hour service PBS Authorities Section                             |
| For telephone applications please have the following information available: |  |
| <b>Patient:</b>   | Medicare Number<br>Surname<br>First name<br>Full residential address (including post code)                   |
| <b>PBS Authority Prescription Number:</b>                                   | Top right hand side of the handwritten PBS Authority Form  |
| <b>Your Prescriber Number:</b>  | Located below your address block on the personalised forms   |
| <b>Drug Information:</b>  | PBS item<br>Quantity required and number of repeats<br>Daily dose<br>Disease or purpose information          |

## Requests for Drugs via the Special Access Scheme (SAS)

Requests for individual patient approval to obtain drugs that are available only through the SAS may be directed to a delegate within the Drug Safety and Evaluation Branch, Therapeutic Goods Administration, telephone (02) 6232 8111, facsimile (02) 6232 8112, or by mail to PO Box 100 Woden ACT 2606.

## Department of Veterans' Affairs

Details of the approving authority for the Department of Veterans' Affairs are listed at the front of the Repatriation Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits.

## Telephone Interpreter Service

A 24-hour, seven days a week telephone service is available by contacting 131 450.

The translating service (TIS) can provide immediate assistance over the telephone or arrange for an interpreter to go to a location specified in either city or country areas. The TIS service has access to 2000 professional interpreters, covering over 100 languages and dialects.

## Poisons Information Centres

Phone 131 126 from anywhere in Australia — 24 hours — form information and advice on the treatment of poisoning, bites and stings

### NSW

The New Children's Hospital  
Hawkesbury Road  
Westmead NSW 2148  
Tel: (02) 9845 3111

### VIC

Austin Hospital  
Studley Road  
Heidelberg VIC 3084  
Tel: (03) 9496 4410  
[www.austin.org.au/poisons](http://www.austin.org.au/poisons)

### QLD

Pharmacy Department  
Royal Children's Hospital  
Herston QLD 4029  
Tel: 131 126

### WA

Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital  
Hospital Avenue  
Nedlands WA 6009  
Tel: 131 126

### TAS

Tel: 131 126

### NT

Tel: 131 126

### ACT

Tel: 131 126

## Drug Information Centres

### NSW

Drug Information Pharmacist  
New South Wales Medicines Information  
Centre  
PO Box 766  
Darlinghurst NSW 2010  
Tel: (02) 8382 2136

OR

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Hunter Drug Information Service  
Newcastle Mater Misericordiae Hospital  
Locked Bag 7  
Hunter Regional Mail Centre NSW 2310  
Tel: (02) 4921 1278  
Tel: (02) 4921 1328

### VIC

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Austin & Repatriation Medical Centre  
Studley Road  
Heidelberg Vic 3084  
Tel: (03) 9496 5668

OR

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Drug Information Centre  
Southern Health Care Network  
Monash Medical Centre  
246 Clayton Road  
Clayton Vic 3168  
Tel: (03) 9594 2361

### QLD

Assistant Director of Pharmacy  
Queensland Drug Information Ctr  
Royal Brisbane Hospital  
E Floor, Block 7  
Herston Road  
Herston Qld 4029  
Tel: (07) 3636 7098  
(07) 3636 7599

### SA

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Royal Adelaide Hospital  
North Terrace  
Adelaide SA 5000  
Tel: (08) 8222 5546

OR

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Flinders Medical Centre  
Bedford Park SA 5042  
Tel: (08) 8204 5301

OR

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Queen Elizabeth Hospital  
Woodville Road  
Woodville SA 5011  
Tel: (08) 8222 6777

### WA

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital  
Hospital Avenue  
Nedlands WA 6009  
Tel: (08) 9346 2923

### TAS

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Royal Hobart Hospital  
GPO Box 1061L  
Hobart Tas 7001  
Tel: (03) 6222 8737

### NT

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Royal Darwin Hospital  
PO Box 41326  
Casuarina NT 0811  
Tel: (08) 8922 8424

### ACT

Drug Information Pharmacist  
Canberra Hospital  
Yamba Drive  
Garran ACT 2605  
Tel: (02) 6244 3333

## National Prescribing Service (NPS)

Therapeutic Advice and Information  
Service (TAIS)  
Level 7, 418A Elizabeth Street  
Surry Hills NSW 2010  
Tel: 1300 138 677  
Fax: (03) 9459 4546  
Email: [tais@nps.org.au](mailto:tais@nps.org.au)  
Web: [www.nps.org.au](http://www.nps.org.au)

## List of Contact Officers for Recalls of Therapeutic Goods

For details of consumer level recalls only — telephone 1800 020 512

These officers may be contacted —

- to obtain information about current recalls
- to report suspected problems relating to the quality, safety or efficacy of a therapeutic good

### Australian Recall Coordinator

Office of Devices, Blood and Tissues  
Therapeutic Goods Administration  
Department of Health and Ageing  
PO Box 100  
Woden ACT 2606  
*Mr P K Harrison (02) 6232 8636*  
*Mr T Byrne (02) 6232 8637*

### Australian Capital Territory

ACT Health  
GPO Box 825  
Canberra ACT 2601  
*Ms J Strang (02) 6205 0961*

### New South Wales

Department of Health, NSW  
PO Box 103  
Gladesville NSW 1675  
*Mr J E Lumby (02) 9879 3214*

### Victoria

Department of Human Services  
Drugs and Poisons Unit  
GPO Box 1670N  
Melbourne VIC 3001  
*Mr K Moyle 1300 364 545*  
*Mr R Bell 1300 364 545*

### Queensland

Queensland Department of Health  
GPO Box 48  
Brisbane QLD 4001  
*Drugs —*  
*Mr A Hawkins (07) 3234 0349*  
*Mr C Healey (07) 3234 0960*  
*Therapeutic Devices—*  
*Mr C Healey (07) 3234 096*  
*Mr D Jones (07) 3406 8068*

### South Australia

Drug Policies and Programs  
Metropolitan Health Division  
South Australian Department of Health  
PO Box 287  
Rundle Mall SA 5000  
*Mr W Dollman (08) 8226 7110*  
*Ms E Anear (08) 8226 7387*

### Western Australia

Health Department of WA  
PO Box 8172, Perth Business Centre  
Perth WA 6849  
*Mr M Patterson (08) 9388 4980*

### Tasmania

Department of Health and Human Services  
GPO Box 125B  
Hobart TAS 7001  
*Drugs —*  
*Mr J Galloway (03) 6233 2064*  
*Ms M Sharpe (03) 6233 3766*  
*Therapeutic Devices —*  
*Mr A L Wilkins (03) 6233 3913*

### Northern Territory

Department of Health and Community Services  
PO Box 40596  
Casuarina NT 0811  
*Ms H Stone (08) 8922 7035*

## Index of Manufacturers' Codes

| <i>Code</i> | <i>Manufacturer</i>  | <i>Code</i> | <i>Manufacturer</i>  |
|-------------|--|-------------|--|
| AB          | Abbott Australasia Pty Ltd<br>Sir Joseph Banks Corporate Park 32-34<br>Lord Street Botany NSW 2019<br>Tel: (02) 9384 9700<br>Fax: (02) 9384 9800                   | AQ          | Alcon Laboratories (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>Allambie Grove Park 25 Frenchs Forest<br>Road East Frenchs Forest NSW 2086<br>Tel: 1800 025 004<br>Fax: (02) 9452 5209   |
| AC          | Alberto Culver Company<br>14 Loyalty Road North Rocks NSW 2151<br>Tel: (02) 9630 5099<br>Fax: (02) 9683 5026   | AS          | Aspen Pharmacare Australia Pty Ltd<br>First Floor 34-36 Chandos Street St<br>Leonards NSW 2065<br>Tel: (02) 8436 8300<br>Fax: (02) 9901 3540   |
| AE          | AFT Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>Level 1, 296 Burns Bay Road Lane Cove<br>NSW 2066<br>Tel: 1800 097 639<br>Fax: 1800 097 810   | AT          | Actelion Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty<br>Ltd<br>Level 2 West, Suites 48-50 7 Narabang<br>Way Belrose NSW 2085<br>Tel: (02) 9486 4600<br>Fax: (02) 9986 1344   |
| AF          | Alphapharm Pty Limited<br>Chase Building 2 Wentworth Park Road<br>Glebe NSW 2037<br>Tel: (02) 9298 3999<br>Fax: (02) 9566 4686                                     | AV          | Aventis Pharma Division of Sanofi-Aventis<br>Australia Pty Limited<br>Building D, Talavera Corporate Centre 12-<br>24 Talavera Road Macquarie Park NSW<br>2113<br>Tel: (02) 8666 2000<br>Fax: (02) 8666 3000 |
| AG          | Allergan Australia Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, 810 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW<br>2072<br>Tel: 1800 252 224<br>Fax: (02) 9498 0290  | AW          | Arrow Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd A member<br>of Sigma Group of Companies<br>96 Merrindale Drive Croydon Vic 3136<br>Tel: (03) 9839 2800<br>Fax: (03) 9839 2753  |
| AL          | Alphapharm Medical A Division of<br>Alphapharm Pty Limited<br>Chase Building 2 Wentworth Park Road<br>Glebe NSW 2037<br>Tel: (02) 9298 3999<br>Fax: (02) 9566 4686 | BB          | Blackmores Ltd<br>23 Roseberry Street Balgowlah NSW 2093<br>Tel: (02) 9951 0111<br>Fax: (02) 9949 1954   |
| AN          | Amgen Australia Pty Ltd<br>Level 7, 123 Epping Road North Ryde<br>NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9870 1333<br>Fax: (02) 9870 1344   | BD          | Biogen Idec Australia Pty Ltd<br>Suite 2, Level 4 123 Epping Road North<br>Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8875 3900<br>Fax: (02) 9889 1162   |
| AO          | Advanced Medical Optics Australia Pty<br>Ltd<br>Level 3, Building 2 20 Bridge Street<br>Pymble NSW 2073<br>Tel: 1800 266 111<br>Fax: 1800 266 222                  | BE          | Beiersdorf Australia Limited<br>4 Khartoum Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9888 0977<br>Fax: (02) 9887 3487  |
| AP          | AstraZeneca Pty Ltd<br>Alma Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9978 3500<br>Fax: (02) 9978 3700   | BF          | Bellwether Pharma Ltd<br>Suite 1, Level 1 1175 Toorak Road<br>Camberwell Vic 3124<br>Tel: (03) 9809 7900<br>Fax: (03) 9809 7999  |

## Index of Manufacturers' Codes

| <i>Code</i> | <i>Manufacturer</i>  | <i>Code</i> | <i>Manufacturer</i>  |
|-------------|--|-------------|--|
| BG          | Biochemie Australia A Division of Sandoz Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, Suite 7-19 100 Harris Street<br>Pymont NSW 2009<br>Tel: (02) 9566 1500<br>Fax: (02) 9566 1458                         | CC          | ConvaTec A Division of Bristol-Myers Squibb Australia Pty Ltd<br>606 Hawthorn Road East Brighton Vic 3187<br>Tel: 1800 335 276<br>Fax: (03) 9525 0920                |
| BI          | Biotech Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>83 Cherry Lane Laverton North Vic 3026<br>Tel: (03) 9278 7555<br>Fax: (03) 9369 6730  | CH          | Chem mart Pty Limited<br>Level 7, 5 Queens Road Melbourne Vic 3004<br>Tel: (03) 9918 2500<br>Fax: (03) 9918 2006   |
| BK          | Becton Dickinson Pty Ltd<br>80 Rushdale Street Knoxfield Vic 3180<br>Tel: (03) 9764 2444<br>Fax: (03) 9764 2550  | CJ          | Celgene Pty Ltd<br>Level 7, 607 St Kilda Road Melbourne Vic 3004<br>Tel: (03) 9539 5500<br>Fax: (03) 9539 5566   |
| BN          | Bayer Australia Limited<br>875 Pacific Highway Pymble NSW 2073<br>Tel: (02) 9391 6000<br>Fax: (02) 9988 3311   | CO          | Chemists' Own Pty Ltd A member of Sigma Group of Companies<br>96 Merrindale Drive Croydon Vic 3136<br>Tel: (03) 9839 2800<br>Fax: (03) 9839 2753                     |
| BQ          | Bristol-Myers Squibb Pharmaceuticals A Division of Bristol-Myers Squibb Australia Pty Ltd<br>556 Princes Highway Noble Park Vic 3174<br>Tel: (03) 9213 4000<br>Fax: (03) 9701 1518 | CR          | Pharmacor Limited<br>5/36 Campbell Avenue Cromer NSW 2099<br>Tel: (02) 9981 4470<br>Fax: (02) 9981 4475  |
| BR          | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd<br>Norwest Business Park 17 Lexington Drive Bella Vista NSW 2153<br>Tel: (02) 9629 0200<br>Fax: (02) 9629 0299  | CS          | CSL Limited<br>45 Poplar Road Parkville Vic 3052<br>Tel: (03) 9389 1911<br>Fax: (03) 9388 2351   |
| BU          | Bausch & Lomb Surgical A Division of Bausch & Lomb (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, 113 Wicks Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9887 1444<br>Fax: (02) 9888 9642                | CT          | Coloplast Pty Ltd<br>33 Gilby Road Mount Waverley Vic 3149<br>Tel: 1800 673 317<br>Fax: (03) 9541 1199   |
| BV          | B.S.N.<br>315 Ferntree Gully Road Mount Waverley Vic 3149<br>Tel: (03) 8540 6777<br>Fax: 1800 671 000  | CU          | Care Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>Suite 303, Level 3, 59-75 Grafton Street Bondi Junction NSW 2022<br>Tel: 1800 788 870<br>Fax:  |
| BX          | Baxter Healthcare Pty Limited<br>1 Baxter Drive Old Toongabbie NSW 2146<br>Tel: (02) 9848 1111<br>Fax: (02) 9848 1123  | CX          | Contact Lens Centre Australia Pty Ltd<br>Unit D6, Hallmark Business Park Cnr Westall and Centre Roads Clayton Vic 3168<br>Tel: (03) 9543 1811<br>Fax: (03) 9543 8066 |
| BY          | Boehringer Ingelheim Pty Limited<br>78 Waterloo Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8875 8800<br>Fax: (02) 8875 8801   | DQ          | Church & Dwight (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>Unit 1/108 Old Pittwater Road Brookvale NSW 2100<br>Tel: 1800 222 099<br>Fax:   |

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|-------------|--|-------------|---|
| EH          | Entra Health Systems Pty Ltd<br>12/60 Castlereagh Street Sydney NSW<br>2000<br>Tel: (02) 8005 4745<br>Fax: (02) 8088 7105  | GC          | GlaxoSmithKline Consumer Healthcare<br>82 Hughes Avenue Ermington NSW 2115<br>Tel: (02) 9684 0888<br>Fax: (02) 9684 6958  |
| EO          | Ego Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>21-31 Malcolm Road Braeside Vic 3195<br>Tel: (03) 9587 1088<br>Fax: (03) 9580 7647  | GH          | Goldshield Healthcare (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>Suite 3, Level 1 118-124 Willoughby Road<br>Crows Nest NSW 2059<br>Tel: (02) 9431 6333<br>Fax: (02) 9906 7147        |
| EX          | Essex Laboratories<br>Level 4, 66 Waterloo Road North Ryde<br>NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8988 8000<br>Fax: (02) 9852 7500   | GI          | Gilead Sciences Pty Ltd<br>Level 1, 128 Jolimont Road East<br>Melbourne Vic 3002<br>Tel: (03) 9272 4400<br>Fax: (03) 9272 4435                                    |
| FB          | Pierre Fabre Medicament Australia Pty<br>Limited<br>Unit 26B, Parkview Business Centre 1<br>Maitland Place Baulkham Hills NSW 2153<br>Tel: (02) 8858 2800<br>Fax: (02) 8858 2888 | GK          | GlaxoSmithKline Australia Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, 436-438 Johnston Street<br>Abbotsford Vic 3067<br>Tel: (03) 9413 7300<br>Fax: (03) 8761 2410                        |
| FK          | Invida Australia Pty Ltd<br>Level 8, 67 Albert Avenue Chatswood<br>NSW 2067<br>Tel: (02) 9080 7200<br>Fax: (02) 9080 7201  | GM          | Ascent Pharma Pty Ltd<br>151-153 Clarendon Street South<br>Melbourne Vic 3205<br>Tel: 1800 678 302<br>Fax: (03) 8677 6666   |
| FM          | Fawns and McAllan Pty Ltd A member of<br>Sigma Group of Companies<br>96 Merrindale Drive Croydon Vic 3136<br>Tel: (03) 9839 2800<br>Fax: (03) 9839 2753                          | GN          | Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited<br>151-153 Clarendon Street South<br>Melbourne Vic 3205<br>Tel: 1800 678 302<br>Fax: (03) 8677 6666                                |
| FP          | Ferring Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>Suite 2, Level 1, Building 1 Pymble<br>Corporate Centre 20 Bridge Street<br>Pymble NSW 2073<br>Tel: (02) 9497 2300<br>Fax: (02) 9497 2399     | GP          | GP Laboratories A Division of Pfizer Pty<br>Limited<br>38-42 Wharf Road West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9850 3333<br>Fax: (02) 9858 1347                          |
| FR          | Charles E. Frosst Division of Merck Sharp<br>& Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>54-68 Ferndell Street South Granville<br>NSW 2142<br>Tel: (02) 9795 9500<br>Fax: (02) 9795 9595      | GQ          | Generic Health Pty Ltd<br>Suite 1, Level 1 1175 Toorak Road<br>Camberwell Vic 3124<br>Tel: (03) 9809 7900<br>Fax: (03) 9809 7999                                  |
| GA          | Galderma Australia Pty Ltd<br>Suite 4, 13B Narabang Way Belrose NSW<br>2085<br>Tel: (02) 9479 0600<br>Fax: (02) 9986 1699  | GX          | GenRx A Division of Apotex Pty Ltd<br>66 Waterloo Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8877 8333<br>Fax: (02) 8877 8377  |
|             |  | GY          | Mayne Pharma Generics A Division of<br>Mayne Pharma International Pty Ltd<br>1538 Main Road North Salisbury SA 5106<br>Tel: (08) 8209 2666<br>Fax: (08) 8281 6998 |

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|-------------|--|-------------|--|
| GZ          | Genzyme Australasia Pty Ltd<br>Level 1, Building C 12-24 Talavera Road<br>North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9978 3900<br>Fax: (02) 9889 3900                              | IQ          | loquin A Division of Alcon Laboratories<br>(Australia) Pty Ltd<br>Allambie Grove Park 25 Frenchs Forest<br>Road East Frenchs Forest NSW 2086<br>Tel: 1800 025 004<br>Fax: (02) 9452 5209 |
| HA          | Hamilton Laboratories Pty Ltd<br>217 Flinders Street Adelaide SA 5000<br>Tel: (08) 8223 2957<br>Fax: (08) 8232 1480  | IS          | Ipsen Pty Ltd<br>Suite 6, 40 Montclair Avenue Glen<br>Waverley Vic 3150<br>Tel: (03) 8544 8100<br>Fax: (03) 9562 5152  |
| HC          | Biotech Healthcare A division of Biotech<br>Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>83 Cherry Lane Laverton North Vic 3026<br>Tel: (03) 9278 7555<br>Fax: (03) 9369 6730              | IT          | InterPharma Pty Ltd<br>Suite 3, 14 Sydney Road Manly NSW 2095<br>Tel: (02) 9976 6876<br>Fax: (02) 9976 6859  |
| HE          | HealthSense Products Pty Ltd<br>87 Pitfield Crescent Rowville Vic 3178<br>Tel: 1300 462 188<br>Fax:  | JC          | Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd<br>1-5 Khartoum Road North Ryde NSW<br>2113<br>Tel: (02) 8875 3333<br>Fax: (02) 8875 3300  |
| HH          | Hospira Pty Ltd<br>(David Bull Laboratories, Faulding<br>Pharmaceuticals) Level 6, 390 St Kilda<br>Road Melbourne Vic 3004<br>Tel: (03) 9868 0700<br>Fax: (03) 9868 0111 | JJ          | Johnson & Johnson Medical<br>1-5 Khartoum Road North Ryde NSW<br>2113<br>Tel: (02) 9878 9111<br>Fax: 1800 808 233  |
| HL          | Helex-A Pty Ltd<br>9/7 Anella Avenue Castle Hill NSW 2154<br>Tel: (02) 9846 1911<br>Fax: (02) 9846 1930  | JT          | Johnson & Johnson Pacific Pty Limited<br>45 Jones Street Ultimo NSW 2007<br>Tel: 13 1565<br>Fax: (02) 8260 8102  |
| HR          | Paul Hartmann Pty Ltd<br>27-28/11-21 Underwood Road Homebush<br>NSW 2140<br>Tel: 1800 805 839<br>Fax: (02) 8762 7100   | KE          | Kendall Australasia Pty Ltd<br>22 Giffnock Avenue North Ryde NSW<br>2113<br>Tel: 1800 252 467<br>Fax: (02) 9888 7378   |
| HX          | Hexal Australia A division of Sandoz Pty<br>Ltd<br>Level 4, Suite 7-19 100 Harris Street<br>Pyrmont NSW 2009<br>Tel: (02) 9566 1500<br>Fax: (02) 9566 1458               | KN          | Knoll A Division of Abbott Australasia Pty<br>Ltd<br>Captain Cook Drive Kurnell NSW 2231<br>Tel: (02) 9668 9711<br>Fax: (02) 9668 8459   |
| IA          | iNova Pharmaceuticals (Australia) Pty<br>Limited<br>9-15 Chilvers Road Thornleigh NSW 2120<br>Tel: (02) 9875 6333<br>Fax: (02) 9875 6416                                 | KP          | KwikPen Products of Eli Lilly Australia Pty<br>Limited<br>112 Wharf Road West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9325 4444<br>Fax: (02) 9325 4410  |
|             |  | KR          | Kenral Division of Pharmacia Australia Pty<br>Limited<br>59 Kirby Street Rydalmere NSW 2116<br>Tel: (02) 9848 3000<br>Fax: (02) 9848 3333  |

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|-------------|---|-------------|--|
| KY          | Key Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>12 Lyonpark Road Macquarie Park NSW<br>2113<br>Tel: (02) 8113 6200<br>Fax: (02) 8113 6222  | MK          | Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>54-68 Ferndell Street South Granville<br>NSW 2142<br>Tel: (02) 9795 9500<br>Fax: (02) 9795 9595                         |
| LB          | Life Bioscience Pty Ltd<br>10 Atherton Road Oakleigh Vic 3166<br>Tel: 1800 114 610<br>Fax: (03) 8660 2785   | MM          | 3M Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Ltd<br>9-15 Chilvers Road Thornleigh NSW 2120<br>Tel: (02) 9875 6333<br>Fax: (02) 9875 6416                                       |
| LM          | Link Medical Products Pty Ltd<br>Level 1, Bridgepoint Centre 3 Brady Street<br>Mosman NSW 2088<br>Tel: (02) 9960 0150<br>Fax: (02) 9960 0149                                    | MQ          | Alphapharm Pharmaceuticals<br>Chase Building 2 Wentworth Park Road<br>Glebe NSW 2037<br>Tel: (02) 9298 3999<br>Fax: (02) 9566 4686                                 |
| LN          | Lennon Healthcare A Division of Aspen<br>Pharmacare Australia Pty Ltd<br>First Floor 34-36 Chandos Street St<br>Leonards NSW 2065<br>Tel: (02) 8436 8300<br>Fax: (02) 9901 3540 | MS          | Abbott Diabetes Care (A Division of<br>Abbott Australasia Pty Ltd)<br>666 Doncaster Road Doncaster Vic 3108<br>Tel: (03) 9843 7100<br>Fax: (03) 9855 8020          |
| LU          | Lundbeck Australia Pty Ltd<br>Unit 1, 10 Inglewood Place Norwest<br>Business Park Baulkham Hills NSW 2153<br>Tel: (02) 9836 1655<br>Fax: (02) 9836 1755                         | MT          | Mentholatum Australasia Pty Ltd<br>12-16 Janine Street Scoresby Vic 3179<br>Tel: (03) 9763 0322<br>Fax: (03) 9763 2699   |
| LY          | Eli Lilly Australia Pty Limited<br>112 Wharf Road West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9325 4444<br>Fax: (02) 9325 4410  | MW          | Biomed Aust Pty Ltd<br>c/- Robinson Legal Level 4, 350 Kent<br>Street Sydney NSW 2000<br>Tel: (02) 9299 2100<br>Fax: (02) 9299 2201                                |
| MD          | Macarthur Research Division of Roche<br>Products Pty Ltd<br>4-10 Inman Road Dee Why NSW 2099<br>Tel: (02) 9454 9000<br>Fax: (02) 9981 3229                                      | NA          | National Diagnostic Products<br>22/39 Herbert Street St Leonards NSW<br>2065<br>Tel: (02) 9432 8100<br>Fax: (02) 9432 1151   |
| MF          | Mundipharma Pty Ltd<br>Level 33, 50 Bridge Street Sydney NSW<br>2000<br>Tel: (02) 9231 7200<br>Fax: (02) 9223 0011  | NC          | Novartis Consumer Health Australasia Pty<br>Ltd<br>327-333 Police Road Mulgrave Vic 3170<br>Tel: (03) 9701 2711<br>Fax: (03) 9701 2911                             |
| MH          | Molnlycke Health Care Pty Ltd<br>Building 1, Ground Floor 14 Aquatic Drive<br>Frenchs Forest NSW 2086<br>Tel: (02) 9453 1144<br>Fax: (02) 9453 1155                             | NE          | Norgine Pty Limited<br>3/14 Rodborough Road Frenchs Forest<br>NSW 2086<br>Tel: (02) 9972 7500<br>Fax: (02) 9972 7522   |
| MI          | Meditech Int. Pty Ltd<br>Unit 5, 36 Campbell Avenue Cromer NSW<br>2099<br>Tel: (02) 9981 4470<br>Fax: (02) 9981 4475  | NF          | FlexPen Products of Novo Nordisk<br>Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>Level 3, 21 Solent Circuit Baulkham Hills<br>NSW 2153<br>Tel: (02) 8858 3600<br>Fax: (02) 8858 3799 |

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|-------------|---|-------------|---|
| NH          | Nycomed Healthcare Pty Limited<br>2 Lyon Park Road Macquarie Park North<br>Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9859 6900<br>Fax: (02) 9859 6950                                      | NX          | Nipro Australia Pty Ltd<br>Suite 2, 20 Churchill Crescent Cammeray<br>NSW 2062<br>Tel: 1800 451 737<br>Fax: (03) 9879 9945                              |
| NI          | InnoLet Products of Novo Nordisk<br>Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>Level 3, 21 Solent Circuit Baulkham Hills<br>NSW 2153<br>Tel: (02) 8858 3600<br>Fax: (02) 8858 3799          | NZ          | Nycomed Services Pty Limited<br>2 Lyon Park Road Macquarie Park North<br>Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9859 6900<br>Fax: (02) 9859 6950                    |
| NL          | NovoLet Products of Novo Nordisk<br>Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>Level 3, 21 Solent Circuit Baulkham Hills<br>NSW 2153<br>Tel: (02) 8858 3600<br>Fax: (02) 8858 3799          | OA          | Orphan Australia Pty Ltd<br>300 Frankston-Dandenong Road<br>Dandenong Vic 3175<br>Tel: (03) 9709 2200<br>Fax: (03) 9709 2299                            |
| NM          | Novartis Medicines A Division of Novartis<br>Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Ltd<br>54 Waterloo Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9805 3555<br>Fax: (02) 9887 4551        | OB          | Oral B Laboratories Pty Ltd<br>Level 3, 90 Mount Street North Sydney<br>NSW 2060<br>Tel: (02) 9957 6499<br>Fax: (02) 9957 5383                          |
| NO          | Novo Nordisk Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>Level 3, 21 Solent Circuit Baulkham Hills<br>NSW 2153<br>Tel: (02) 8858 3600<br>Fax: (02) 8858 3799                                 | OE          | Omegapharm Pty Ltd<br>21 Queen Street Ormond Vic 3204<br>Tel: (03) 9483 0070<br>Fax: (03) 9483 0070   |
| NQ          | Nycomed Pty Ltd<br>2 Lyon Park Road Macquarie Park North<br>Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9859 6900<br>Fax: (02) 9859 6950   | OI          | Boian Surgical Pty Ltd<br>486 King Georges Road Beverly Hills NSW<br>2209<br>Tel: (02) 9580 7447<br>Fax: (02) 9580 7450                                 |
| NT          | Nestlé Australia Ltd<br>60 Bathurst Street Sydney NSW 2000<br>Tel: (02) 9931 2345<br>Fax: (02) 9931 2610  | OL          | Owen Laboratories Division of Galderma<br>Australia Pty Ltd<br>9 Rodborough Road Frenchs Forest NSW<br>2086<br>Tel: 1800 800 765<br>Fax: (02) 9975 5374 |
| NU          | Nutricia Australia Pty Limited<br>Talavera Corporate Centre Level 4,<br>Building D 12-24 Talavera Road North<br>Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8875 0300<br>Fax: (02) 8978 4841 | OM          | Colgate Oral Care<br>345 George Street Sydney NSW 2000<br>Tel: (02) 9229 5600<br>Fax: (02) 9232 8448  |
| NV          | Novartis Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty<br>Ltd<br>54 Waterloo Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9805 3555<br>Fax: (02) 9887 4551   | ON          | Orion Laboratories Pty Ltd<br>25-29 Delawney Street Balcatta WA 6021<br>Tel: (08) 9441 7800<br>Fax: (08) 9441 7888                                      |
|             |   | OZ          | Medical Specialties Australia Pty Ltd<br>54 Gibbes Street Chatswood NSW 2067<br>Tel: (02) 9417 7955<br>Fax: (02) 9417 5779                              |

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|-------------|---|-------------|---|
| PD          | Parke Davis Pty Ltd<br>32 Cawarra Road Caringbah NSW 2229<br>Tel: (02) 9710 6500<br>Fax: (02) 9710 6400   | PY          | Procter & Gamble Pharmaceuticals<br>Australia Pty Ltd<br>99 Phillip Street Parramatta NSW 2150<br>Tel: (02) 9685 4500<br>Fax: (02) 9685 4777                      |
| PE          | Pacific EyeCare A Division of Allergan<br>Australia Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, 810 Pacific Highway Gordon NSW 2072<br>Tel: 1800 252 224<br>Fax: (02) 9498 0290 | PZ          | Prohealth Asia Pacific Pty Ltd<br>Suite 108A, 20 Lexington Drive Bella Vista<br>NSW 2153<br>Tel: 1300 024 784<br>Fax: 1300 008 463                                |
| PF          | Pfizer Pty Limited<br>38-42 Wharf Road West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9850 3333<br>Fax: (02) 9858 1347   | QB          | Bionime Australia Pty Ltd<br>Level 7, 60 York Street Sydney NSW 2000<br>Tel: (02) 9262 6900<br>Fax: (02) 9262 6922  |
| PH          | Pharmacia Australia Pty Limited<br>38-42 Wharf Road West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9850 3333<br>Fax: (02) 9858 1347                                    | RA          | Ranbaxy Australia Pty Limited<br>Suite 4.02, Level 4 Building D 12-24<br>Talavera Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9647 1172<br>Fax: (02) 9647 1172          |
| PK          | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited<br>964 Pacific Highway Pymble NSW 2073<br>Tel: 1300 732 001<br>Fax: 1300 304 384                                   | RB          | BioRevive Pty Ltd<br>Level 1, 263 Mary Street Richmond Vic 3121<br>Tel: (03) 8416 0399<br>Fax: (03) 8416 0345   |
| PL          | Phebra<br>332 Burns Bay Road Lane Cove NSW 2066<br>Tel: (02) 9420 9199<br>Fax: (02) 9420 9177   | RC          | Reckitt Benckiser (Australia) Pty Limited<br>44 Wharf Road West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9857 2000<br>Fax: (02) 9857 2004                                       |
| PM          | PMC Pharma A Division of AstraZeneca<br>Pty Ltd<br>Alma Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 9978 3500<br>Fax: (02) 9978 3700                          | RD          | Roche Diagnostics Australia Pty Ltd<br>31 Victoria Avenue Castle Hill NSW 2154<br>Tel: (02) 9899 7999<br>Fax: (02) 9634 4696                                      |
| PP          | Petrus Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>Level 3, IBM Building 1060 Hay Street<br>West Perth WA 6005<br>Tel: (08) 9368 5954<br>Fax: (08) 9368 6692             | RE          | Real-RL Division of GlaxoSmithKline<br>Australia Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, 436-438 Johnston Street<br>Abbotsford Vic 3067<br>Tel: (03) 9413 7300<br>Fax: (03) 8761 2410 |
| PQ          | PMIP Pty Ltd<br>Unit 18 6a Prosperity Parade Warriewood<br>NSW 2102<br>Tel: (02) 9997 7176<br>Fax: (02) 9960 1049                                       | RO          | Roche Products Pty Ltd<br>4-10 Inman Road Dee Why NSW 2099<br>Tel: (02) 9454 9000<br>Fax: (02) 9971 7401  |
| PX          | Point of Care Diagnostics Australia Pty Ltd<br>Unit 14, 76 Reserve Road Artarmon NSW 2064<br>Tel: (02) 9437 1355<br>Fax: (02) 9437 1399                 | RX          | Ardix A Division of Servier Laboratories<br>(Australia) Pty Ltd<br>8 Cato Street Hawthorn Vic 3122<br>Tel: (03) 8823 7333<br>Fax: (03) 9822 9790                  |

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| RZ          | Dr Reddy's Laboratories (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>Level 1, 181 Bay Street Brighton Vic 3186<br>Tel: (03) 9595 3812<br>Fax: (03) 9595 3800  | SN          | Smith & Nephew Healthcare<br>315 Ferntree Gully Road Mount Waverley Vic 3149<br>Tel: (03) 8540 6777<br>Fax: 1800 671 000  |
| SB          | Nutricia Australia - Clinical<br>A division of Nutricia Australia Pty Limited<br>Talavera Corporate Centre Level 4,<br>Building D 12-24 Talavera Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8875 0300<br>Fax: (02) 8978 4841 | SS          | SSL Australia Pty Ltd<br>225 Beach Road Mordialloc Vic 3195<br>Tel: 1800 999 155<br>Fax: (03) 9587 6870   |
| SC          | Schering Pty Ltd Australian Subsidiary of Schering AG, Berlin<br>875 Pacific Highway Pymble NSW 2073<br>Tel: (02) 9391 6000<br>Fax: (02) 9988 3311  | SW          | Sanofi-Aventis Australia Pty Ltd<br>Building D, Talavera Corporate Centre 12-24 Talavera Road Macquarie Park NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8666 2000<br>Fax: (02) 8666 3000 |
| SE          | Servier Laboratories (Aust.) Pty Ltd<br>8 Cato Street Hawthorn Vic 3122<br>Tel: (03) 8823 7333<br>Fax: (03) 9822 9790   | SY          | Schering AG<br>875 Pacific Highway Pymble NSW 2073<br>Tel: (02) 9391 6000<br>Fax: (02) 9988 3311  |
| SG          | Merck Serono Australia Pty Ltd<br>Unit 3-4, 25 Frenchs Forest Road East Frenchs Forest NSW 2086<br>Tel: (02) 8977 4100<br>Fax: (02) 9975 1516   | SZ          | Sandoz Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, Suite 7-19 100 Harris Street Pymont NSW 2009<br>Tel: (02) 9566 1500<br>Fax: (02) 9566 1458   |
| SH          | Schering-Plough Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, 66 Waterloo Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8988 8000<br>Fax: (02) 9852 7500  | TA          | Actavis Australia Pty Ltd<br>Upper Ground Floor 183 Melbourne Street North Adelaide SA 5006<br>Tel: (08) 8267 1545<br>Fax: (08) 8267 2642                           |
| SI          | Sigma Pharmaceuticals (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>A member of Sigma Group of Companies<br>96 Merrindale Drive Croydon Vic 3136<br>Tel: (03) 9839 2800<br>Fax: (03) 9839 2753   | TM          | Technipro Marketing Pty Ltd<br>Unit 10, 13 Berry Street Clyde NSW 2142<br>Tel: (02) 9897 5899<br>Fax: (02) 9897 5799  |
| SJ          | Sharpe Laboratories Pty Ltd<br>12 Hope Street Ermington NSW 2115<br>Tel: (02) 9858 5622<br>Fax: (02) 9858 5957  | TS          | Specialised Therapeutics Australia Pty Ltd<br>Suite 3-4, 6 Westbrook Street East Kew Vic 3102<br>Tel: (03) 9859 1493<br>Fax: (03) 9859 6950                         |
| SM          | Abbott Products Pty Ltd<br>Level 1, Building 2 Pymble Corporate Centre 20 Bridge Street Pymble NSW 2073<br>Tel: (02) 9440 0977<br>Fax: (02) 9440 0910   | TW          | Terry White Chemists<br>Level 7, 5 Queens Road Melbourne Vic 3004<br>Tel: (03) 9918 2500<br>Fax: (03) 9918 2006   |
|             |   | TX          | Apotex Pty Ltd<br>66 Waterloo Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8877 8333<br>Fax: (02) 8877 8377  |

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|-------------|--|-------------|--|
| UC          | UCB Pharma A Division of UCB Australia Pty Ltd<br>Level 1, 1155 Malvern Road Malvern Vic 3144<br>Tel: (03) 9828 1800<br>Fax: (03) 9828 1860  | WX          | Wyeth Australia Pty Limited<br>38-42 Wharf Road West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9850 3333<br>Fax: (02) 9813 4011                                   |
| UM          | Unomedical Pty Ltd<br>11-17 Wilmette Place Mona Vale NSW 2103<br>Tel: (02) 9997 8033<br>Fax: (02) 9997 3760  | WY          | Wyeth Pharmaceuticals Division of Wyeth Australia Pty Limited<br>38-42 Wharf Road West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9850 3333<br>Fax: (02) 9813 4011 |
| VF          | VitaFlo Australia Pty Ltd<br>110 Fyans Street South Geelong Vic 3220<br>Tel: (03) 5229 8222<br>Fax: (03) 5229 8225   | XF          | Max Pharma Pty Ltd<br>Suite 1, Level 1 1175 Toorak Road Camberwell Vic 3124<br>Tel: (03) 9809 7900<br>Fax: (03) 9809 7999                          |
| VI          | ViiV Healthcare Pty Ltd<br>Level 4, 436-438 Johnston Street Abbotsford Vic 3067<br>Tel: (03) 9413 7300<br>Fax: (03) 8761 2456  | XP          | Aaxis Pacific Pty Ltd<br>24-32 Forge Street Blacktown NSW 2148<br>Tel: (02) 9881 3333<br>Fax: (02) 9881 3322                                       |
| VT          | Valeant Pharmaceuticals Australasia Pty Ltd<br>Level 7, Suite 7.02 3 Rider Boulevard Rhodes NSW 2138<br>Tel: 1800 630 056<br>Fax: (02) 9743 4053   | YM          | Symbion Pharmacy Services Pty Ltd<br>Level 7, 5 Queens Road Melbourne Vic 3004<br>Tel: (03) 9918 2000<br>Fax: (03) 9918 2006                       |
| WA          | Winthrop Pharmaceuticals Division of Sanofi-Aventis Australia Pty Limited<br>Building D, Talavera Corporate Centre 12-24 Talavera Road Macquarie Park NSW 2113<br>Tel: (02) 8666 2000<br>Fax: (02) 8666 3000 | YN          | Mayne Pharma International Pty Ltd<br>1538 Main North Road Salisbury SA 5106<br>Tel: (08) 8209 2666<br>Fax: (08) 8281 6998                         |
| WF          | MedWatchDoc<br>27 Goodwin Street West Ryde NSW 2114<br>Tel: (02) 9809 0665<br>Fax: (02) 9989 8469  | YT          | Mayne Products Pty Ltd<br>1538 Main North Road Salisbury SA 5106<br>Tel: (08) 8209 2666<br>Fax: (08) 8281 6998                                     |
| WQ          | Willow Pharmaceuticals Pty Limited<br>Level 31, ABN Amro Tower 88 Phillip Street Sydney NSW 2000<br>Tel: (02) 9518 1735<br>Fax: (02) 9518 1835   | ZF          | Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Australia) Pty Ltd<br>1053 Burwood Highway Ferntree Gully Vic 3156<br>Tel: (03) 9568 6102<br>Fax: (03) 9568 6610    |
| WT          | Wyeth Consumer Healthcare Pty Ltd<br>17-19 Solent Circuit Norwest Business Park Baulkham Hills NSW 2153<br>Tel: 1800 555 057<br>Fax: (02) 9023 0016  | ZI          | Shire Australia Pty Limited<br>Level 9, Avaya House 123 Epping Road North Ryde NSW 2113<br>Tel: 1800 012 612<br>Fax: (02) 8875 7977                |
|             |  | ZP          | Spirit Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd<br>117 Harrington Street The Rocks Sydney NSW 2000<br>Tel: (02) 9251 1088<br>Fax: (02) 9251 1099                    |

## Section 1 — Explanatory Notes

### Introduction

These Explanatory Notes are provided to help PBS prescribers and pharmacists work within the Australian Government's Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS).

The PBS is a system of subsidising the cost of most prescription medicines. The subsidies are available to all Australian residents and eligible foreign visitors, i.e., people from countries which have Reciprocal Health Care Agreements with Australia. These countries are the United Kingdom, Ireland, New Zealand, Malta, Italy, Sweden, the Netherlands, Finland, Norway and Belgium.

The aim of the PBS, which has been in operation since 1948, is to provide reliable and affordable access to a wide range of necessary medicines.

The Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits referred to throughout as the 'Schedule' – lists all the medicinal products available under the PBS, and explains the uses for which they can be subsidised.

The Schedule is produced monthly by the Australian Department of Health and Ageing (effective on the first day of each month).

It is vital therefore that PBS prescribers and pharmacists remain up to date with information on which medicines are included in or excluded from the Schedule, which PBS prescribers may prescribe certain medicines, whether restrictions apply to the medicines, and how much patients should pay.

Queries relating to the PBS can be made to the Pharmaceutical Benefits Branch of Medicare Australia (telephone 132 290 open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week). Queries relating to the Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS) can be made to the State offices of the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) (telephone 1800 552 580).

### 1. The Schedule — Where to Find What

The Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits is divided into sections. At the start of the Schedule, immediately after the table of contents, is a summary of any changes to listed items. This is followed by a list of important information sources, contacts and addresses, then an index of manufacturers' codes.

The last pages of the Schedule provide a generic/proprietary index of PBS and RPBS ready-prepared items.

#### Section 1

Section 1 is what you are reading, the Explanatory Notes. It outlines the correct way to prescribe and supply pharmaceutical benefits; patient charges; who qualifies for concessions; how the Safety Net system works; and, for pharmacists, how to claim reimbursement for PBS items.

Please note that except where indicated, the term '**prescriber**' is used in this section to cover doctors, dentists, optometrists, midwives and nurse practitioners who are approved to prescribe PBS medicines under the National Health Act 1953.

And except where stated otherwise, the term '**pharmacist**' means a pharmacist approved to supply medicines under the PBS.

#### Section 2

This section lists ready-prepared items, and includes the form, manner of administration, brand and brand equivalents which may be prescribed, and the maximum quantity and number of repeats for each item.

Emergency drug supplies are also listed at the beginning of this section.

Any medicines that have restrictions on how they can be prescribed are printed in ***bold italics***. Items appearing in more than one therapeutic group are cross-referenced.

The second page of Section 2 explains symbols used throughout the Schedule.

The use of 'NOTE' in this section is used to clarify how some pharmaceutical benefits should be prescribed.

The use of 'CAUTION' is to warn of known adverse reactions from, or precautions to be taken with, a particular pharmaceutical benefit. (The absence of a cautionary note does not imply reactions may not happen.)

Separate lists at the end of Section 2 relate to items that can be prescribed by dentists and optometrists who work within the PBS. These are followed by a list of items that are made available under special arrangements for doctors to prescribe.

#### Section 3

This section lists container prices, fees related to dispensing, standard packs and prices for ready-prepared preparations.

#### Section 4

This section deals with extemporaneous preparations. It lists the ingredients which can be used, a table of maximum quantities and number of repeats, container prices, and a list of standard formula preparations and prices (based on formularies in common use and referred to in the Schedule as the Standard Formulae List).

Restrictions applying to the use of a pharmaceutical benefit are indicated against the item.

## Repatriation Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits

After Section 4, the Schedule provides information about pharmaceutical benefits under the RPBS. These may only be prescribed to DVA beneficiaries holding one of the repatriation health cards (see details under '4. Patient Charges').

## 2. Prescribing Medicines – Information for PBS Prescribers

### PBS prescribers

Pharmaceutical benefits can only be prescribed by doctors, dentists, optometrists, midwives and nurse practitioners who are approved to prescribe PBS medicines under the *National Health Act 1953*.

### PBS Prescription forms

Standard PBS prescription forms are available from Medicare Australia for prescribing pharmaceutical benefits.

For doctors:

- *Personalised forms* — are printed with the doctor's name, qualifications, practice address/es, telephone number and prescriber number (which relates to pharmaceutical benefits). They are only provided to doctors who have a Medicare provider number.
- *Non-personalised (blank) forms* — are distributed as an emergency supply (usually when a doctor has temporarily run out of personalised forms).
- *Locum forms* — have the doctor's name, prescriber number and telephone number (if available) and a space to record the practice where the doctor is working.
- *PBS/RPBS Authority Prescription Forms* — can be in personalised, non-personalised or locum format.
- *Computer PBS prescription forms* — are either continuous or single sheet. On the reverse side they list the name, address and telephone number of the practice, and in the case of a sole doctor practice, the doctor's name.

For dentists:

- *Personalised forms* — have the dentist's name, qualifications, practice address/es, telephone number and prescriber number.
- *Non-personalised (blank) forms* — are distributed for emergency supply only.

For optometrists:

- *Personalised forms* — have the optometrist's name, qualifications, practice address/es, telephone number and prescriber number. These forms can be also be used to prescribe authority-required PBS/RPBS items.

For midwives:

- *Personalised forms* — have the midwife's name, qualifications, practice address/es, telephone number and prescriber number.
- *Non-personalised (blank) forms* — are distributed for emergency supply only.

For nurse practitioners:

- *Personalised forms* — have the nurse practitioner's name, qualifications, practice address/es, telephone number and prescriber number.
- *Non-personalised (blank) forms* — are distributed for emergency supply only.

PBS prescription forms for PBS prescribers are supplied free of charge.

The inclusion of the prescriber number on a PBS prescription enables the pharmacist to be sure the prescription is from a legitimate prescriber and satisfies State/Territory legislation. A PBS prescription written by a dentist, an optometrist, a midwife or a nurse practitioner must include the person's approval number as a PBS prescriber.

PBS prescriptions should be provided to the patient in duplicate, as both parts make up a valid PBS prescription. The patient should be reminded to present both the original and the duplicate copy to the pharmacist.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in certain public hospitals. To gain access to pharmaceutical benefits under this arrangement a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment within a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. The States of Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia, and the Northern Territory have agreed to implement these arrangements.

### Ordering forms

Prescribers are asked not to over order. Getting the right amount of forms helps to reduce the cost to taxpayers and helps to reduce paper wastage. Also, the pads may deteriorate if stored over time.

Order forms for standard and authority PBS prescription forms are available from Medicare Australia stationery officers. Contact details are listed in the front of the Schedule. Order forms for computer PBS prescription form stationery are obtained from Medicare Australia (at the address below). Orders should be sent to:

Prescription Pad Order Clerk  
Pharmaceutical Branch  
Medicare Australia  
GPO Box 9826  
Sydney NSW 2001  
Telephone (02) 9895 3295

Orders for PBS prescription stationery will only be accepted by application in writing and through the channels mentioned above.

## Preparing general PBS prescriptions

### *Do's and Don't's*

A PBS prescription is only valid when it is written by a doctor, a dentist, an optometrist, a midwife or a nurse practitioner.

The PBS prescription must be for the treatment of the person named on the PBS prescription. A PBS prescription may only be written for the treatment of one person.

A prescriber cannot write more than one PBS prescription for the same pharmaceutical benefit for the same person on the same day.

Up to **three** pharmaceutical benefit items may be included on a single PBS prescription form except for Authority required, Authority required (STREAMLINED) items and optometrist items. These items must be written on individual forms. Pharmaceutical benefits and non-pharmaceutical benefits should not be listed together on the one PBS prescription form.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in certain public hospitals. To gain access to pharmaceutical benefits under this arrangement a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment within a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. The States of Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia, and the Northern Territory have agreed to implement these arrangements.

If an item has a particular manner of administration it may not, as a pharmaceutical benefit, be administered in any other way, e.g., an ophthalmic preparation may not be prescribed for topical use.

If an item is restricted, and the use for the patient is different from the use specified in the restriction, it cannot be prescribed as a pharmaceutical benefit. The prescriber should write the prescription as a non-PBS private prescription. If a standard PBS prescription form is used for this purpose the 'PBS/RPBS' text must be clearly struck out. It should also be endorsed 'non-PBS'.

Prescribers must heed State/Territory laws when prescribing drugs listed as narcotic, specified or restricted in the poisons legislation of the particular State or Territory. Legislative requirements in some States/Territories are such that prescribers may be required to prescribe a drug of addiction on a separate PBS prescription. Prescribers must ensure that prescriptions written under the PBS fall within the limits of the prescribing approval granted to the person under State or Territory requirements. It is the prescriber's responsibility to ensure that PBS prescriptions comply with all aspects of his/her prescriber approval. Inclusion of a PBS medicine for prescribing does NOT confer approval for a particular prescriber to prescribe that medicine if it is not authorised to be prescribed in a particular State or Territory.

A prescriber cannot prescribe a narcotic drug for him/herself.

Prescribers are issued with individual PBS prescription pads by Medicare Australia for their own use — these pads should not be used by other prescribers, as this can cause confusion through incorrect pharmacy records.

Doctors should, and dentists and optometrists, midwives and nurse practitioners are required to, include their prescriber number on non-personalised PBS prescriptions.

The following admixtures are not pharmaceutical benefits:

- the admixture of two or more ready-prepared items listed in the Schedule; or
- the admixture of a ready-prepared item and one or more extemporaneous drugs listed in Section 4 of the Schedule; or
- the admixture of a non-pharmaceutical benefit item with a pharmaceutical benefit item.

### *Writing the PBS prescription*

The following rules apply for writing PBS prescriptions:

- they must be written in indelible form (i.e., ink or ball-point pen) in the prescriber's own handwriting (exceptions must be approved by Medicare Australia's Chief Executive Officer) either on the standard PBS prescription, or on paper approximately 18 cm x 12 cm, or they can be generated by computer on a form approved by Medicare Australia. For patient safety reasons, both the original and the duplicate must be legible;

- they must record the prescriber's name and address (and, in the case of dentists, optometrists, midwives and nurse practitioners, the prescriber number), the patient's name, address and entitlement status, and whether the prescription is under the PBS or RPBS;
- they should completely identify the pharmaceutical benefit by detailing the item, dose, form, strength, quantity and instructions for use;
- they should indicate where brand substitution is not permitted. PBS prescriptions must not be prepared using a computer prescribing program that contains a default which would result in all prescriptions being indicated as Brand Substitution Not Permitted;
- where 'solvent required' is included after the form, the volume and number of ampoules must be specified; and
- they must be signed by the prescriber and dated. Forward or back dating is not permitted.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in certain public hospitals. To gain access to pharmaceutical benefits under this arrangement a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment within a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. The States of Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia, and the Northern Territory have agreed to implement these arrangements.

## Restrictions

Pharmaceutical benefits listed in the Schedule fall into three broad categories:

*Unrestricted benefits* - have no restrictions on their therapeutic uses;

*Restricted benefits* - can only be prescribed for specific therapeutic uses (noted as Restricted benefit); and

*Authority required benefits* - Authority required benefits fall into two categories:

- *Authority required benefits* are restricted benefits that require prior approval from Medicare Australia or the DVA (noted as **Authority required**)
- *Authority required (STREAMLINED) benefits* are restricted benefits that do not require prior approval from Medicare Australia or the DVA but require the recording of a streamlined authority code (noted as **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**).

## Authority PBS prescriptions

Authority required benefits fall into two categories - *Authority required* and *Authority required (STREAMLINED)*.

All PBS prescribers (with the exception of dentists) can write authority PBS prescriptions.

Authority PBS prescriptions cannot have retrospective approval.

### **Authority required PBS Prescriptions**

Approval of authority PBS prescriptions by Medicare Australia may be sought by:

- posting an Authority Prescription Form to Medicare Australia - after approval, Medicare Australia will forward both copies of the prescription to the patient or the prescriber (if it is to be sent direct to the patient, the prescriber should mark the box next to the patient's details);
- calling Medicare Australia Authority Freecall service (1800 888 333); or
- using Medicare Australia PBS authorities website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au/providers](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au/providers).

Approval of authority prescriptions by the DVA may be obtained either by posting an Authority Prescription Form to the DVA, or by using the DVA Authority Freecall service (1800 552 580).

An authority PBS/RPBS prescription is not valid until it has been approved by Medicare Australia or the DVA. Without this approval, a pharmacist must not supply the item as a PBS/RPBS benefit.

Each Authority required PBS/RPBS item must be written on an Authority PBS/RPBS prescription form, one item per form. Authority PBS prescription forms provide for the following:

- the patient/pharmacist copy, which records prescriber, patient, and pharmaceutical benefit item details. Where required a repeat authorisation, which is used for repeat supply, is attached to the pharmacist/patient copy until the last supply is made. The patient/pharmacist copy is then retained by the pharmacist;
- the Medicare Australia/DVA copy which records prescriber, patient, and pharmaceutical benefit item details. After the first dispensing, the Medicare Australia/DVA copy is forwarded to Medicare Australia for processing and payment;
- the prescriber's copy (for computer generated scripts, this is the tear off portion at the base of the script) or Prescriber/Medicare Australia/DVA copy (for handwritten scripts this is the long white copy), is kept by Medicare Australia or the DVA for record purposes when approval is sought in writing. When approval is by telephone or by the authorities website, the prescriber must keep this copy for 12 months. This copy must record the daily dose, details of the disease, clinical justification for using the item, the patient's age (if the patient is a child) and whether the patient has previously received an authority for this pharmaceutical benefit.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in certain public hospitals. To gain access to pharmaceutical benefits under this arrangement a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment within a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. The States of Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia, and the Northern Territory have agreed to implement these arrangements.

#### ***Authority required (STREAMLINED) PBS Prescriptions***

Prior approval is not required from Medicare Australia or DVA to prescribe an Authority required (STREAMLINED) item (except where increased quantities and/or repeats are required). Instead the authority prescription form must include a four digit streamlined authority code.

This code is listed with the corresponding restriction for each Authority required (STREAMLINED) item and the prescriber must write the code on the authority PBS/RPBS prescription form. An authority prescription for an Authority required (STREAMLINED) item is not valid unless the code is included on the prescription form. Without the streamlined authority code, a pharmacist must not supply the item as a PBS benefit.

There are no Authority Required (STREAMLINED) items in the Repatriation Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits.

Authority required (STREAMLINED) PBS prescriptions must be written on an Authority PBS/RPBS Prescription Form, this includes:

- the pharmacist/patient copy, which records prescriber, patient, and pharmaceutical benefit item details. The prescription is given directly to the patient to be dispensed at their pharmacy;
- the Medicare Australia/DVA copy which records prescriber, patient, and pharmaceutical benefit item details. After the first dispensing, the Medicare Australia/DVA copy is forwarded to Medicare Australia for processing and payment;
- the prescriber's copy is kept by the prescriber for 12 months. This copy must record the daily dose, details of the disease, clinical justification for using the item, the patient's age (if the patient is a child) and whether the patient has previously received an authority for this pharmaceutical benefit.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in certain public hospitals. To gain access to pharmaceutical benefits under this arrangement a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment within a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. The States of Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia, and the Northern Territory have agreed to implement these arrangements.

#### ***Writing authority PBS prescriptions***

The following rules apply:

- only one item may be prescribed per PBS prescription;
- PBS prescriptions must be completed by prescribers in writing, unless otherwise approved by Medicare Australia;
- prescribers should include their name, address, telephone number and **prescriber number** (not provider number);
- prescribers must include the patient's name, address and entitlement status (i.e. whether they are a 'concessional' or 'general patient');
- prescribers must indicate when brand substitution is not permitted. PBS prescriptions must not be prepared using a computer prescribing program that contains a default which would result in all PBS prescriptions being indicated as Brand Substitution Not Permitted;
- in certain circumstances, the prescriber must provide additional information to Medicare Australia with the authority application; and
- the PBS prescription must be signed by the prescriber and dated.

Posted applications which lack necessary information, and therefore cannot be approved, will be returned for correction. If the matter can be clarified via telephone, an Authority to Prescribe Form may be prepared by Medicare Australia or the DVA and sent to the prescriber.

In the case of authority PBS prescriptions approved by telephone, the approval number must be included on the PBS prescription to enable the pharmacist to supply the medication. A prescriber who is granted approval but decides not to continue with the therapy should advise Medicare Australia.

In the case of Authority required (STREAMLINED) prescriptions, the streamlined authority code must be written on the PBS/RPBS prescription form. This enables the pharmacist to supply the medication as a PBS benefit.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in certain public hospitals. To gain access to pharmaceutical benefits under this arrangement a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment within a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. The States of Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia, and the Northern Territory have agreed to implement these arrangements.

#### **Maximum quantities and repeats**

The maximum quantity and number of repeats allowed for PBS items are recommended by the Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory Committee (PBAC). In the case of RPBS items, the recommendations are made by the Repatriation Pharmaceutical Reference Committee (RPRC).

All PBS prescribers (with the exception of dentists) can prescribe repeats.

PBS prescriptions and repeats can be for any quantity up to the maximum. It is not necessary to prescribe the maximum quantity if a lesser quantity is sufficient for the patient's needs. Please clearly indicate the number of tablets, capsules, etc. required and the number of repeats needed, and **do not use** abbreviations such as 'Max. Qty', 'M.Q.', or 'M.R.'.

If a prescriber feels the maximum quantity or number of repeats should be increased for a particular patient, he or she must complete an Authority PBS Prescription Form (see procedures above under 'Authority PBS Prescriptions'). The provision of increased quantities and repeats on authority PBS prescriptions is intended to provide approximately one month's therapy which may be repeated (if clinically appropriate) to provide 6 months' therapy in total. This situation usually arises where higher than normal dosages are required.

Approval for increased quantities and repeats of Authority required, Authority required (STREAMLINED) and Restricted benefit PBS items will be granted only where the reason for the PBS prescription is consistent with the indications published in the Schedule.

Approval for increased quantities and repeats extends only to the provision of a pharmaceutical benefit for the patient and does not imply approval of any aspects of the patient's care, which are the responsibility of the treating prescriber.

## Regulation 24

Under this regulation, original and repeat supplies of pharmaceutical benefits can be supplied at the one time if a medical practitioner, a midwife or a nurse practitioner is first satisfied that certain conditions apply, then endorses the PBS prescription 'Regulation 24'. RPBS prescriptions may be endorsed 'hardship conditions apply'.

The medical practitioner, midwife or nurse practitioner must first be satisfied all the following conditions apply:

- the maximum PBS quantity is insufficient for the patient's treatment; **AND**
- the patient has a chronic illness or lives in a remote area where access to PBS supplies is limited; **AND**
- the patient would suffer great hardship trying to get the pharmaceutical benefit on separate occasions.

Regulation 24 does not apply for supply of pharmaceutical benefits on optometrist prescriptions.

## Urgent cases

In urgent cases and where State/Territory law allows, a prescriber may telephone a pharmacist and ask that a PBS prescription be supplied. He/she must then forward the written PBS prescription and duplicate to the pharmacist within **seven days of the date of supply**.

This also applies to 'Authority required' authority PBS prescriptions provided prior approval has been given by Medicare Australia or DVA. The follow-up written PBS prescription must include the approval number provided over the phone by Medicare Australia or DVA.

## Drugs of addiction

Prescribers must heed State/Territory laws when prescribing drugs listed as narcotic, specified or restricted and must notify, or receive approval from, the appropriate health authority.

When a PBS/RPBS authority application is for a drug of addiction (other than dexamphetamine sulfate), the following guidelines apply:

- the maximum quantity authorised is generally for one month's therapy (e.g., one week's therapy with three repeats);
- where supply for a longer period is warranted, quantities are usually for up to three months' therapy;
- telephone approvals are limited to one month's therapy.

Prescribers should also state the interval of repeat where repeats are called for, and ensure State/Territory health authorities are notified about ongoing treatment.

## Emergency drug supplies

Certain pharmaceutical benefits are provided without charge to prescribers who in turn can supply them free to patients for emergency use.

The Emergency Drug Supply Order Form must be completed in triplicate, signed, and the original and duplicate given to a pharmacist. Each form is valid for the month indicated on the form.

Prescribers may order the maximum quantity of an item provided they do not already have the maximum quantity on hand. The items can only be obtained once a month. Prescribers may also ask for a particular brand of a pharmaceutical benefit. If it is unavailable, they must specify another listed brand, and initial the alteration.

A receipt must be signed by the prescriber, or by an authorised representative, when supplies are received.

## Availability of Methoxyflurane for emergency treatment only

A new Emergency Treatment Program (ETP) for medical practitioners has been established to provide for medicines such as Methoxyflurane to be supplied as items for emergency treatment, other than hospital treatment. Unlike other emergency drug supplies, Methoxyflurane, liquid for inhalation 999.9 mg per g, 3 mL (with inhaler) (*Penthrox*<sup>®</sup>) is not available for prescribing as a general pharmaceutical benefit.

Methoxyflurane is therefore PBS-listed as a 'special pharmaceutical product' under section 100AA, only for emergency treatment, other than hospital treatment. As such, the availability of this drug is provided for under special arrangements under section 100 (1) of the *National Health Act 1953*. The legislative instrument can be viewed on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments at [www.frl.gov.au](http://www.frl.gov.au).

For the purposes of administration, Methoxyflurane will be listed with other emergency drug supplies, as outlined above, and be managed by Medicare Australia in the same manner as other emergency drug supply items with the same supply and claiming procedures.

## **Improving the capacity of the PBS to meet particular Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health needs**

The PBS includes listings to support the treatment of conditions common in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health settings. These listings are specifically for your patients who identify as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander persons. Some listings will be medicines recently added to the PBS; others may contain specific restrictions for existing PBS items.

A significant proportion of the higher levels of illness experienced by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders may be addressed through better access to appropriate medicines. The PBS aims to provide greater choice in therapeutic options and to address:

- the greater burden of disease experienced by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples; and
- morbidity almost exclusively seen in this population.

### ***How to prescribe these items?***

These items are available as "Authority PBS prescriptions". You should obtain approval from Medicare Australia before prescribing these items for patients who identify as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander persons through the Authority Freecall service [1800 888 333], on line or by mail.

All PBS prescribers except dentists can write Authority PBS prescriptions and your patients will be required to pay their normal PBS co-payment.

Special arrangements apply in remote area Aboriginal Health Services for supplying these PBS items.

### ***Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identification***

Establishing a client's background may have clinical significance and should be part of routine medical history taking. In the case of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, this is also relevant to establish eligibility for services such as health checks, specific immunisation programs, and the some PBS items.

Improving the level of identification of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people will also assist in developing initiatives to meet particular needs.

For the purposes of these PBS items a person is Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander if the person identifies himself or herself as being an Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander. Clients should be asked to self-identify either verbally or by completing a form.

- Some people may give this information without being asked.
- It is important not to assume that a person is or is not Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander.

### ***Asking about Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander identification***

Practitioners should ensure that each person attending their practice has the opportunity to identify if they are Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander. An environment which maintains confidentiality and provides an explanation for this question if requested will assist this process.

- The inquiry may be made verbally and recorded by the general practitioner as part of routine medical history taking at first consultation, or by a receptionist or other staff member. An appropriate question to ask is:  
*"Are you (is this child) of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin?"*
- Alternatively, the question may be included on a client self-history or practice record form, using a standard question such as:  
*"Are you (is this child) of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin?"*
  - Yes - Aboriginal
  - Yes - Torres Strait Islander
  - Yes - Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander
  - No

### ***Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health***

Major causes of excess mortality in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples are:

- circulatory conditions (including ischaemic heart disease, hypertension, cerebrovascular disease and rheumatic heart disease);
- external causes (including accident and injury);
- endocrine causes (mainly type two diabetes and its complications); and
- respiratory conditions.

Causes of morbidity vary but include the risk factors and precursors of all of these. They also include infections of the respiratory system, the ears (in particular, chronic suppurative otitis media), the eyes (trachoma in some settings), the skin and the gastrointestinal system. End-stage renal disease is a major cause of hospitalisations, and much early renal disease remains undetected. In some settings, sexually transmissible infections are common.

Living environments affect health and may be compromised by overcrowding, limited access to clean water and sanitation, and poverty. Social and family life may be negatively influenced by an excessive burden of care for family members, by substance use and sometimes by family violence.

### ***Communication and cultural issues***

Aboriginal cultures are numerous and diverse in language, customs, non-verbal and verbal communication, geographical locations and experiences. Torres Strait Islanders are a separate people with a distinctly different culture and identity. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people often perceive health differently from other Australians.

*For Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples' health does not just entail the freedom of the individual from sickness but requires support for healthy and interdependent relationships between families, communities, land, sea and spirit. The focus must be on spiritual, cultural, emotional and social well-being as well as physical health*

Source: National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Council. National Strategic Framework for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health 2003-2013, Context. Canberra: Commonwealth of Australia; 2004.

To provide effective primary health care to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients, you need to be aware of the issues surrounding this diversity, and which may have an impact on the delivery of services.

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people may be reluctant to use mainstream medical services. This may be because of a lack of understanding of the mainstream health system and previous negative experiences within the mainstream health care system.
- Access to adequate health care may be hindered by family obligations (often extended family), lack of transport or money, or geographical isolation.
- English may be the person's second, third or even fourth language. Therefore it may be appropriate to consider the use of an interpreter.
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people may be reluctant to consult a health care provider of the opposite sex, particularly with regard to women's and men's health issues.

The differences between the cultural and language backgrounds of health service providers and patients, whether urban, rural or remote, may range from minor to extreme.

You should:

- Make efforts to ensure waiting rooms are welcoming to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, including displaying relevant posters and pamphlets;
- Provide a relaxed setting for the consultation (e.g. sit next to your patient rather than across a desk);
- Allow time at the first consultation to build rapport and trust;
- Ensure the person understands clearly what the service entails and the details of any procedures involved, and possible follow-up or referral requirements;
- Obtain health promotion information appropriate for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander patients;
- Allow the patient to have family members present if desired. When inviting family or community members to accompany a patient, ensure the patient fully consents to their attendance and that the community/family members are fully aware of the need for confidentiality;
- Provide gender appropriate staff where possible, for both male and female patients, especially in regard to pap smears, mammograms, sexual health checks, pregnancy checks, antenatal care and postnatal care;
- Encourage all staff in the practice to attend Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Cultural Awareness programs, which are widely available;
- Ensure practice staff have awareness of appropriate referral and/or support organisations for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander patients; and
- Develop partnerships with local Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community organisations.

For more information, [pbs-indigenous@health.gov.au](mailto:pbs-indigenous@health.gov.au)

## **3. Supplying Medicines — What Pharmacists Need to Know**

### **Eligible suppliers**

Pharmaceutical benefits are mainly supplied by approved pharmacists – pharmacists who comply with certain conditions. These pharmacists are approved to dispense pharmaceutical benefits from a particular pharmacy.

Other suppliers include approved doctors (usually practising in isolated areas), Friendly Society pharmacies, and approved hospitals. All suppliers are issued with approval numbers by Medicare Australia. They should follow the procedures in these Explanatory Notes.

Unapproved pharmacists *cannot* supply pharmaceutical benefits.

### ***Approval conditions for pharmacists***

A pharmacist approved to supply medicines under the PBS:

- can only supply benefits from the pharmacy that he/she is operating;
- will not supply to anyone any pharmaceutical benefit that attracts a Commonwealth contribution for free, or for a price that is less than the relevant patient contribution;
- will clearly advertise that any offer for free or cut-price medicines does not include pharmaceutical benefits which have a Commonwealth contribution;
- will not pay rebates or refunds of patient contributions;
- will publicly display a notice setting out the pharmacy's normal trading hours;
- is obliged to supply pharmaceutical benefits at the pharmacy at any hour if a PBS prescription is marked 'urgent' and initialled by the prescriber;
- will keep adequate stocks for the supply of pharmaceutical benefits;
- may be called on by Medicare Australia to provide details of stocks of pharmaceutical benefits or preparations for pharmaceutical benefits; and
- must keep the duplicates of all old format PBS prescriptions, and the patient/pharmacist copies of all new format PBS prescriptions, with a Commonwealth contribution for at least one year from the date of supply. This includes PBS prescriptions ordering repeats when it is the final supply, and order forms for emergency drug supplies. Please note that some State/Territory laws require these copies to be kept for longer periods.

### **Before supplying pharmaceutical benefits**

Several steps must be taken before a pharmaceutical benefit is supplied.

Firstly, a pharmacist must endorse the PBS prescription and duplicate with his/her name and approved supplier number.

Secondly, a PBS prescription identifying number must be given to the PBS prescription item on both the PBS prescription and duplicate. Any recognised series of numbers may be used.

If more than one item is on a PBS prescription, a separate identifying number should be allocated to each item.

In the case of a repeat authorisation, the same PBS prescription identifying number(s) must be carried through for each item. A pharmacist must also allocate his/her own identifying number on the repeat authorisation. It must be written alongside the date and place of supply.

### **Supplying pharmaceutical benefits**

#### ***Do's and Don'ts***

Except in urgent cases (see details under '2. Prescribing Medicines ... Urgent cases'), pharmacists are authorised to supply pharmaceutical benefits only after they receive:

- the pharmacist/patient and Medicare Australia or DVA copies of a valid PBS prescription which is not more than 12 months old; or
- the pharmacist/patient and Medicare Australia or DVA copies of an approved authority PBS prescription or an authority to prescribe which is not more than 12 months old; or
- a repeat authorisation attached to a patient/pharmacist PBS prescription not more than 12 months after the date of the original PBS prescription.

A pharmacist must not supply an Authority required (STREAMLINED) item unless the prescriber has written the four digit streamlined authority code on an authority PBS/RPBS prescription.

A pharmaceutical benefit cannot be supplied more times than specified in the PBS prescription.

A pharmacist cannot add to, delete from, or alter a PBS prescription in any other way. However, there may be circumstances where after contacting a prescriber, the pharmacist can clarify the prescriber's intentions and endorse the PBS prescription accordingly.

Once a pharmaceutical benefit has been supplied to a patient, it may not be supplied to that patient again:

- on the same day or within the next 20 days, if it is a benefit (other than an eye preparation) that has five or more repeats allowed in the Schedule; or
- on the same day or within the next four days (e.g., if a pharmaceutical benefit is supplied on a Monday, it cannot be supplied again to that patient until the next Saturday) in the case of other benefits.

Exceptions to this are:

- when a PBS prescription is endorsed with the words 'Regulation 24' or 'hardship conditions apply' (see below under 'Regulation 24'); and

- If a pharmacist believes a repeat supply is needed without delay for the treatment of the person, or a previous supply has been destroyed, lost or stolen. In this case, the pharmacist can provide another supply but must write 'immediate supply necessary' and sign the PBS prescription.

A pharmacist can supply an alternative pharmaceutical benefit without reference to the prescriber, provided that:

- the PBS prescription does not indicate that only the pharmaceutical benefit prescribed is to be supplied (ie substitution is not permitted); and
- the Schedule states that the prescribed benefit and the substitute benefits are equivalent; and
- supply of the substitute benefit does not contravene relevant State/Territory law; and
- the substitute benefit is a listed brand in the Schedule.

Pharmacists must heed State/Territory laws when supplying drugs listed as narcotic, specified or restricted in legislation of the particular State or Territory.

### ***What to do if the Schedule changes***

If an item or brand is deleted from the Schedule, it *cannot* be supplied as a pharmaceutical benefit from the date the deletion takes effect – regardless of whether the PBS prescription was written before this date. This includes repeat authorisations. (Special conditions applying to RPBS prescriptions are detailed in the RPBS Explanatory Notes.)

However, if restrictions on the prescribing of a pharmaceutical benefit change, or the maximum quantity or number of repeats is altered in the Schedule, valid PBS prescriptions written before the date of effect of the change *may* still be supplied as pharmaceutical benefits, under the conditions applying at the date of prescribing.

### **Suspected forgery**

Pharmacists should take all reasonable steps to satisfy themselves that all items on a PBS prescription were written by a medical practitioner, a dentist, an optometrist, a midwife or a nurse practitioner.

### **Regulation 24**

This regulation allows pharmacists to supply a pharmaceutical benefit and all of its repeats at the one time.

The PBS prescription must be endorsed by the medical practitioner, midwife or nurse practitioner with the words 'Regulation 24' if it is an item under the PBS, or 'hardship conditions apply' if it is being supplied under the RPBS. (For more information see under '2. Prescribing Medicines ... Regulation 24'). Regulation 24 does not apply for supply of pharmaceutical benefits on optometrist prescriptions.

### **Repeat authorisations**

When a PBS prescription calls for repeat supplies, the pharmacist shall prepare a Repeat Authorisation Form, except when the PBS prescription is marked 'Regulation 24'.

The repeat may be requested on a standard PBS prescription, an authority PBS prescription or an Authority to Prescribe Form, or on an earlier repeat authorisation. In the latter case, it must come with the duplicate PBS prescription, or in the new format, the "patient/pharmacist copy".

### ***Preparing Repeat Authorisation Forms***

A Repeat Authorisation Form must show:

- the category of benefit (concession or general) – by placing a cross (x) in the relevant box;
- the patient's name and full address;
- in the case of repeats authorised on authority PBS prescriptions, the authority prescription number;
- details of the original PBS prescription stating the item, form, strength, quantity and directions;
- if substitution has occurred, the name of the brand actually supplied;
- for the first supply, the pharmacy name, address and approval number, the date of the original PBS prescription and the allotted PBS prescription identifying number;
- for subsequent supplies, the pharmacy approval number, and the date and PBS prescription number of the original prescription;
- the number of times the item is to be repeated and the number of times it has been supplied;
- the name and pharmacy approval number of the pharmacist issuing the repeat authorisation; and
- the date of supply.

When a repeat authorisation is prepared for any further repeats or deferred supply, a pharmacist must attach the duplicate copy of an old format PBS prescription, or the patient/pharmacist copy of a new format PBS prescription, and give both to the patient at the time of supply.

### ***Repeat authorisations for injectables and solvents***

Where an injectable pharmaceutical benefit requires a solvent, both items should be treated as one pharmaceutical benefit. If repeats are needed, only one repeat authorisation is to be prepared. Details of the injectable and the solvent should appear in the space provided for the 'original prescription transcription'.

### ***Repeat authorisations for deferred supply***

When a PBS prescription orders a number of pharmaceutical benefit items, but the patient does not need all of the items at the same time, a separate repeat authorisation for each deferred item must be prepared. The words 'original supply deferred' should be indicated across the relevant item on the original PBS prescription, its duplicate, and on the repeat authorisation.

Deferred items must not be claimed on the original PBS prescription.

The Repeat Authorisation Form when it is used for a deferred supply, is issued in the same way as normal repeat authorisations except that:

- '0' is to be inserted in the space for 'no. of times already dispensed'; and
- if no repeats are ordered, '0' is to be inserted in the space for 'no. of repeats authorised'.

Supplying a benefit on a deferred supply repeat authorisation is to be treated as if it is the first time of supply. If repeats are directed, the normal procedure for repeat authorisations applies. Details of the pharmacy at which the deferred supply was authorised are to be written onto subsequent repeat authorisations.

### **Authority PBS prescriptions**

If a pharmacist is presented with an authority PBS prescription and is not sure if it has been approved, he or she should contact Medicare Australia. Please note that Medicare Australia will not provide clinical information.

If the authority PBS/RPBS prescription is for an Authority required (STREAMLINED) item the pharmacist should ensure that the prescriber has written the four digit streamlined authority code on the prescription, this enables the pharmacist to supply the item as a PBS benefit.

### **Urgent cases**

In urgent cases and where State/Territory law allows, pharmacists can supply a pharmaceutical benefit to a person without a PBS prescription, provided details of the prescription are given by the prescriber via telephone or other means. The prescriber must then forward the written PBS prescription and duplicate to the pharmacist within **seven days of the date of supply**.

Where a pharmaceutical benefit needs prior approval from Medicare Australia or the DVA, the prescriber must obtain approval and then advise the pharmacist of the PBS prescription and approval details. Only an original supply can be provided in this manner, not repeats.

### **Receipts**

A person receiving a pharmaceutical benefit item must sign and date a receipt for it. If the person is not the patient, that person must also endorse the PBS prescription or repeat authorisation with his/her address. A receipt cannot be obtained until supply of the benefit has been made.

If a pharmaceutical benefit has to be sent through the post, by rail, or by other means, and a receipt is not practical, the pharmacist must certify on the PBS prescription or repeat authorisation that the benefit has been supplied, and write the date of supply and details of how it was sent. For example, if a pharmaceutical benefit is mailed to a patient on 1 April 2008, the pharmacist should write: "Certified supplied – mailed to patient 1 April 2008 (name of pharmacist) (signature of pharmacist) (date of certification)".

If an item is supplied in an urgent case, or to a person who cannot read or write, the pharmacist should sign and date a statement on the PBS prescription or repeat authorisation, stating the item has been supplied and the date on which it was supplied, and explaining why there is no receipt. For example, if a pharmaceutical benefit is supplied to a patient with a broken arm on 1 May 2008, the pharmacist should write: "Certified supplied 1 May 2008 – patient has a broken arm and is unable to sign (name of pharmacist) (signature of pharmacist) (date of certification)".

Only the pharmacist approved to supply pharmaceutical benefits can certify supply.

### **Emergency drug supplies**

Pharmacists may supply certain pharmaceutical benefit items free of charge to medical practitioners or other authorised prescribers for emergencies if they receive an Emergency Drug Supply Order Form in duplicate, signed by the medical practitioners or other authorised prescriber.

Pharmacists must be satisfied the form was completed by a medical practitioner or other authorised prescribers and includes the medical practitioner's or other authorised prescriber's name and address. If a pharmacist does not know the medical practitioner or other authorised prescriber, he/she should confirm the medical practitioner's or other authorised prescriber's registration and endorse this on the back of the form.

For more information about emergency supplies see under 2. Prescribing Medicines ... Emergency drug supplies'.

## 4. Patient Charges

### Type of patient

There are two types of PBS beneficiaries, general patients, who hold a Medicare card and concessional patients who hold a Medicare card and one of the following:

- Pensioner Concession Card
- Commonwealth Seniors Health Card
- Health Care Card
- Repatriation Health Card for All Conditions (gold) — concessional patients under RPBS
- Repatriation Health Card for Specific Conditions (white) — only regarded as concessional patients for RPBS prescriptions unless they hold a separate entitlement from Centrelink, otherwise they are general patients
- Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Card (orange) — concessional patients under RPBS
- Safety Net Concession Card or Safety Net Entitlement Card — issued by Medicare Australia.

Concessional patients are recognised by public hospitals in all States and Territories apart from South Australia (where DVA beneficiaries are treated as general patients) and New South Wales (where holders of a white DVA card are treated as general patients).

Under the Reciprocal Health Care Agreements, visitors from participating countries (see the introduction of this section for the list of countries) are treated as general patients and do not have concessional entitlements. To receive pharmaceutical benefits these visitors may need to present a temporary Medicare card or their passport. Pharmacists should contact Medicare Australia if they have enquiries about these arrangements.

### Establishing entitlement

PBS prescription forms supplied by Medicare Australia have spaces provided for details of a patient's entitlement status. Anyone can enter this information, which must include:

- a cross (x) in the appropriate box to indicate the level of patient contribution;
- the complete Medicare number (including individual reference number) or complete Veteran file number on the card; and
- if applicable, the complete concession number on the card.

The person who signs the receipt for pharmaceutical benefits also accepts responsibility for the validity of the entitlement information on the PBS prescription.

All PBS prescriptions must have a Medicare or Veteran file number. All concessional PBS prescriptions must have a concession number. However, it is not necessary for the Medicare (Veteran file) or the concession number to be endorsed on the PBS prescription if it is included in the electronic prescription details supplied by a pharmacist who is using the Claims Transmission System.

### What to charge

#### *Patient contribution*

Under the PBS, the maximum cost for a pharmaceutical benefit item at a pharmacy is \$34.20 for general patients and \$5.60 for concessional patients, plus any applicable special patient contribution, brand premium or therapeutic group premium. General patients who have reached the safety net threshold (see details under '5. The Safety Net Scheme') may receive pharmaceutical benefits at the concessional rate, plus any applicable special patient contribution, brand premium or therapeutic group premium.

Patients who have a Safety Net Entitlement Card (see details under '5. The Safety Net Scheme') may receive PBS items free of charge, except for any applicable special patient contribution, brand premium or therapeutic group premium.

The contribution rate for general patients as outpatients at public hospitals in most of Australia is \$27.40. The exceptions are in Queensland and in hospitals participating in the pharmaceutical reforms where they pay the safety net value of an item listed in the Schedule (see details under '5. The Safety Net Scheme'), or up to the general co-payment amount for items not listed in the Schedule. The public hospital pharmaceutical reforms enable participating public hospitals to prescribe and supply pharmaceutical medication from the PBS to outpatients and patients upon discharge. A range of chemotherapy drugs is also available for day-admitted and non-admitted chemotherapy patients.

The contribution rate for concessional patients in all public hospitals is equal to the concessional co-payment amount.

The supply of a pharmaceutical benefit or a Repatriation pharmaceutical benefit to a patient is GST-free. Goods and services tax must not be included in the price charged to a patient for the supply of a PBS or RPBS script.

It is the patient's responsibility to pay any charge lawfully imposed by an approved pharmacist or supply may be refused.

The patient contribution rates are adjusted on 1 January each year in line with inflation.

#### *Patient contributions for early supply of some PBS medicines*

Prescriptions for some PBS and RPBS pharmaceutical benefits are not eligible for safety net benefits if re-supplied within 20 days of a supply of the same pharmaceutical benefit for the same person. This is known as the 'Safety Net 20 day rule' and came into effect on 1 January 2006.

Where a prescription is subject to the Safety Net 20 day rules:

- the patient contribution does not count towards the Safety Net, and
- after the Safety Net threshold is reached, the usual patient co-payment amount for the corresponding entitlement level (not the Safety Net amount) applies.

For example: The payment for such a prescription for a patient with a Safety Net Entitlement Card would be the concessional co-payment amount — not free. For a general patient with a Safety Net Concession Card, the usual general co-payment amount would apply — not the concessional amount.

The Safety Net 20 day rule does not apply to PBS/RPBS prescriptions originating from hospitals or day hospital facilities.

### ***Special patient contributions, brand premiums and therapeutic group premiums***

A special patient contribution is payable for a pharmaceutical benefit when a supplier will not supply it at the benchmark price. Any extra charge for a higher priced benefit is paid by the patient, together with their usual patient contribution. Other than for bleomycin sulfate, exemptions on medical grounds are available, but must be granted by Medicare Australia. For RPBS special patient contribution arrangements see the RPBS Explanatory Notes.

Under the brand premium arrangements, reimbursement to pharmacists is based on the lowest-priced brand. Any extra charge for a higher priced brand is paid by the patient, together with their usual patient contribution.

Under the therapeutic group premium arrangements, reimbursement to pharmacists is based on the lowest priced benefit items within identified therapeutic groups. Any extra charge for a higher priced benefit is paid by the patient, together with their usual patient contribution. Exemptions on medical grounds are available, but must be granted by Medicare Australia.

Special patient contributions, brand premiums and therapeutic group premiums apply to maximum quantities. When a quantity is less than, or — on an authority or 'Regulation 24' PBS prescription — more than, the maximum, the contributions or premiums will be a factor of the maximum quantity, using standard pricing rules.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in certain public hospitals. To obtain pharmaceutical benefits under these arrangements a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment in a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia and the Northern Territory have these arrangements.

### ***Solvents***

Where a solvent is prescribed as a part of a pharmaceutical benefit, only one patient contribution is charged.

### ***Increased quantities***

Where a prescriber has written an authority PBS prescription for a quantity greater than the maximum, the patient contribution should be made for each supply of the increased maximum quantity.

### ***Regulation 24***

For 'Regulation 24' PBS prescriptions, a pharmacist should charge the usual patient contribution for the original and for each repeat quantity needed to make up the total supply (plus any applicable special patient contribution, brand premium or therapeutic group premium, for the original and each repeat quantity in the total supply).

### ***After hours***

A pharmacist may charge an extra fee if supplying a PBS item outside normal trading hours. This charge is paid by the patient and does not count towards the safety net.

### ***Delivery***

A charge can be added for delivering pharmaceutical benefits from the pharmacy. This charge does not count towards the safety net. For RPBS delivery arrangements refer to the RPBS Explanatory Notes.

## **5. The Safety Net Scheme**

The PBS safety net protects patients and their families requiring a large number of PBS or RPBS items. For the purposes of the scheme, the family includes the person:

- the partner or de facto partner;
- children under the age of 16 who are in the care and control of the person; or
- dependent full-time students under the age of 25.

The scheme requires pharmacists, on request by patients, to record the supply of PBS and RPBS items on prescription record forms. When a patient reaches the Safety Net threshold within a calendar year, they qualify to receive PBS or RPBS items at a cheaper price or free of charge for the rest of that year. Any applicable special patient contributions, brand premiums or therapeutic group premiums must still be met by the patient.

The safety net threshold is reached by accumulating eligible patient contributions for PBS prescriptions supplied through community pharmacies and private hospitals and for out-patient medication supplied by public hospitals.

Pharmaceutical benefits (including authority items) can only be counted towards the safety net threshold when prescribed and supplied according to PBS conditions. A medicine supplied by a pharmacist not approved to supply pharmaceutical benefits cannot count towards the safety net.

Prescriptions for some pharmaceutical benefits are not eligible for safety net arrangements if re-supplied within 20 days of supply of the same item for the same person and the patient contribution cannot count towards the safety net (see also details under '4. Patient Charges' and '7. How Pharmacists Claim Reimbursement'). This does not apply to out-patient medications in public hospitals or to any prescriptions originating from a hospital or day hospital facility.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in certain public hospitals. To obtain pharmaceutical benefits under these arrangements a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment in a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia and the Northern Territory have these arrangements.

## **Safety net thresholds**

There are two safety net thresholds. The general patient safety net threshold is currently \$1317.20. When a person and/or their family's total applicable co-payments reach this amount, they may apply for a safety net concession card and pay the concessional co-payment amount of \$5.60 plus any applicable premium for pharmaceutical benefits for the rest of that calendar year.

The concessional safety net threshold is \$336.00 (this also applies to gold, white or orange card holders under the RPBS). When a patient and/or their family's total applicable co-payments reach this amount, they may apply for a safety net entitlement card and may receive pharmaceutical benefits free of charge (except for any applicable premium) for the rest of that calendar year.

Brand premiums, therapeutic group premiums and special patient contributions do not count towards the safety net thresholds.

The safety net thresholds are adjusted on 1 January each year in line with inflation.

### ***Safety net cross-over arrangements***

Some patients and/or members of their families will change between general patient and concessional patient status during a calendar year. Patients should apply for the safety net card appropriate to their status at the time they apply.

Concessional patients who were previously general patients can apply for a safety net entitlement card when they reach the concessional safety net threshold. In this case, any pharmaceutical benefits previously supplied at the general co-payment rate in that calendar year will be counted at the concessional rate per item.

General patients who were previously concessional patients can apply for a safety net concession card when they reach the general safety net threshold. In this case, any pharmaceutical benefits previously supplied at the concessional rate in that calendar year will be counted at the concessional rate per item.

In the case of families where one parent holds a concession card and other family members are general patients, the family can choose to apply for either a safety net entitlement card or a safety net concession card.

To receive a safety net entitlement card, all pharmaceutical benefits (including general pharmaceutical benefits) are counted at the concessional rate per item until the concessional threshold is reached. To receive a safety net concession card, general pharmaceutical benefits are counted at the general co-payment rate per item and concessional pharmaceutical benefits at the concessional rate per item, until the general safety net threshold is reached.

White DVA card holders may either be general or concessional patients (depending on their Centrelink entitlements). If they are receiving treatment for a specific disability accepted by the DVA, they are also supplied with specified items under the RPBS at the concessional rate per item. Therefore, these patients are encouraged to maintain a concessional prescription record form, plus a general prescription record form for items not covered under the RPBS.

White card holders may choose at any time to count contributions made at the general level towards the concessional safety net threshold and receive credits equal to the concessional co-payment amount for each pharmaceutical benefit purchased. Alternatively, white card holders can count contributions at the concessional level towards the general safety net, and receive credits equal to the concessional co-payment amount for each pharmaceutical benefit purchased.

Gold or orange DVA card holders may receive all of their prescription items under the RPBS, and only pay the concessional co-payment amount for each item.

Dependants of white, gold or orange card holders are treated separately and may be either general patients or concessional patients. Their prescriptions may be included in the cross-over arrangements.

## **Recording PBS prescriptions**

There are two types of prescription record forms to record PBS prescription items. A blue form, used for items obtained at community pharmacies and available from community pharmacies, Medicare offices and Medicare Australia; and a grey form, used by out-patients who pay for items at public hospital pharmacies and available from hospital out-patient departments or Medicare Australia.

Patients should record their general or concessional status on the prescription record form, enter their Centrelink, DVA and/or Safety Net Concession/Entitlement Card number, and list family members covered. General patients must also record their Medicare number when applying for a safety net concession card.

Details to be entered on the form by the pharmacist are:

- date of supply;
- PBS/RPBS code number of the item (for community pharmacies only);
- the safety net value of the item (for community pharmacies only);
- pharmacist's approval number (for community pharmacies only);
- item identification — medicine code, name of medicine or abbreviation (for public hospitals only);
- hospital charge (for public hospitals only);
- hospital safety net number (for public hospitals only); and
- signature of the authorised person making the entry.

Community pharmacists should record in the 'safety net value' column:

- the patient contribution when it is less than the PBS dispensed price; or
- the safety net value shown in the Schedule, or any lesser amount charged, if the PBS dispensed price is less than or equal to the patient contribution. The pharmacist may discount the price for these items.

Some computer software suppliers provide a special label to record this information on the prescription record forms. Some suppliers also provide a computer printout as a prescription record form.

The patient is responsible for maintenance and storage of their prescription record form. However, it may be kept in the pharmacy. A person (or family) may have more than one prescription record form.

### **Hospital prescription record forms**

Items to be recorded on hospital prescription record forms must be approved by the hospital's pharmaceutical advisory committee and may be listed on a hospital's formulary (a list of pharmaceutical items approved by the committee for the treatment of particular illnesses), or authorised on a patient-by-patient basis.

### **Multi-item prescription forms**

If a patient submits a multi-item PBS prescription form, which would take the total co-payments past the safety net threshold, any items in excess are treated as entitled items once a safety net entitlement/concession card is issued.

Excess items should be treated as 'deferred supply' items.

For example, if a family has a new PBS prescription for three items and the first takes the family up to the threshold, then this item should be supplied at the general rate. If the second item takes the family over the threshold, the pharmacist should then issue a safety net concession card and supply both this and the third item at the concessional rate. This involves the deferral of two items, recording the safety net concession card number, and the subsequent supply of these items.

### **Qualifying PBS prescriptions**

A PBS prescription should be supplied at the concessional rate or free of charge plus any applicable premium, when the safety net value or hospital charge for that PBS prescription takes the total co-payments over the qualifying amount for a safety net entitlement/concession card.

### **Lost prescription record forms**

If a prescription record form has been lost, stolen or destroyed, a pharmacist may prepare a duplicate copy, but is under no obligation to do so.

### **Retrospective entitlement and patient refunds**

Responsibility for claiming entitlements rests with the patient. If items recorded on a prescription record form have exceeded the safety net threshold, the cost of those items in excess of the limit cannot be refunded by a pharmacist.

However, if the patient failed to apply for a safety net entitlement/concession card on reaching the safety net threshold they should write to Medicare Australia and provide copies of pharmacy accounts or a signed statement from the pharmacist giving the date of supply, description and cost of items supplied and paid for. A copy of the relevant prescription record form should also be provided. If these are not available, the patient should give the name of the pharmacy where the card was issued and the number on the card so that Medicare Australia can locate the prescription record form in its records. Cash refunds are not available. Medicare Australia contact details are provided in the 'Addresses — Medicare Australia' part of the Schedule.

If the patient cannot satisfy a pharmacist that they have a current entitlement and is charged the general patient price, the pharmacist should issue the patient with a receipt and a claim form (provided by Medicare Australia). The patient can then obtain a refund via Medicare offices or PBS processing centres. RPBS prescription refunds are paid at DVA State offices.

Medicare Australia can only pay refunds for PBS items supplied through approved pharmacies. Refunds for hospital supplied items should be referred to the relevant hospital or health department. Refunds cannot be made where the patient was charged the general or concessional amount instead of the safety net concessional or safety net entitlement amount as a result of the safety net 20 day rule. Receipts for prescriptions where the safety net 20 day rule has applied must include 'SN20DR' to indicate the reason for the amount charged.

There are separate arrangements for PBS prescriptions in some public hospitals. To obtain pharmaceutical benefits under these arrangements a patient must attend a participating public hospital and be a discharge patient or non-admitted patient. Only a medical practitioner providing medical treatment or a midwife providing midwifery treatment or a nurse practitioner providing nurse practitioner treatment in a participating public hospital may prescribe PBS subsidised medication. Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia and the Northern Territory have these arrangements.

### **Applying for a Safety Net Entitlement/Concession Card**

Once the safety net threshold has been reached, the person covered by a prescription record form may complete the application and declaration to get a safety net entitlement/concession card. Please note that software packages that produce computer generated applications must be approved by Medicare Australia.

If the card is issued to a dependent child or student, it should be in the name of a parent.

When issuing entitlement/concession cards, pharmacists do not have to check all prescription record form details. However, they should ensure each entry has been signed and that the prescription record form total qualifies the patient for the relevant safety net card.

When appropriate the pharmacist should check that the patient's Medicare card number is on the prescription record form.

### **Issuing a Safety Net Entitlement/Concession Card**

When satisfied that the individual or family is entitled, the pharmacist should issue the next blank safety net entitlement/concession card with the following details:

- the names of family members covered. If there are more than eight family members, a second card should be issued listing the card holder and family members not listed on the first card. The prescription record form has space to record that two cards have been issued, and
- the two-character code to indicate the relationship to the card holder. Applicable codes are:
  - SP - partner;
  - DC - child under 16 years; and
  - DS - dependent full-time student under 25 years.

The pharmacist should be satisfied that only family members are listed on the card. The unused space on the card should be ruled through to prevent extra names being added. The sticky label from the safety net entitlement/concession card, pre-printed with the card number, should be attached to the prescription record form. The pharmacist should sign and stamp each prescription record form with the pharmacy stamp and enter the card issue details on a safety net — claim for payment form.

### **Issuing supplementary cards**

A pharmacist may give a card holder a supplementary card for a partner or dependant only at the time the original card is issued. The duplicate card should be recorded in the additional box on the prescription record form.

Later requests for supplementary cards and requests to add a new family member to the original card are to be referred to Medicare Australia.

### **Notification to Medicare Australia and claim for payment**

Payment for issuing a safety net entitlement/concession card is made after the safety net — claim for payment form is sent to Medicare Australia, no later than one month after a card is issued.

Each form must be accompanied by all supporting documentation (prescription record form and cancelled or void safety net entitlement/concession cards).

Payment will not be made for void cards.

### **Lost Safety Net Entitlement/Concession Cards**

When a card has been lost, damaged, stolen or destroyed, a pharmacist cannot re-issue a person with a replacement card. The original card holder (or partner) must apply to Medicare Australia.

### **Pharmacy record of issued cards**

A record of all cards issued must be kept at the pharmacy from which the pharmacist is approved to supply pharmaceutical benefits. The duplicate ('bookfast') copy in the safety net — claim for payment book is provided for this purpose.

## 6. Medicare Australia Entitlement Checks

### *General Patients*

Medicare Australia validates a patient's entitlement to pharmaceutical benefits by checking Medicare and/or Veteran file numbers in pharmacist's claims. If a number is not recorded correctly, a patient cannot be identified against Medicare Australia's Pharmaceutical Benefits Entitlement File and entitlement cannot be established.

If the Medicare or Veteran file number provided in the pharmacists' claims is incorrect or the number and the name supplied do not match Medicare Australia records to enable patient identification, an appropriate warning or rejection code will be returned to the pharmacy. These notifications of missing or incorrect Medicare or Veteran file numbers are provided to pharmacists in their reconciliation statement produced after the claim period has been paid by Medicare Australia.

Special numbers are available for use in certain circumstances for eligible people who are unable to provide a Medicare number.

### *Concessional Patients*

Medicare Australia routinely validates a patient's entitlement to free or concessional benefits by checking concessional numbers in pharmacists' claims. If a number is not recorded correctly, a patient cannot be identified against Medicare Australia's Pharmaceutical Benefits Entitlement File and entitlement cannot be established.

When a number is found to be from a card which was incorrect, expired at the time of supply or entitlement was withdrawn, warning or rejection codes will be returned to the pharmacy to assist with validation of concessional entitlement in relation to future claims from the same patient.

## Entitlement checking procedures

### *General Patients*

Once a pharmacist has been notified by Medicare Australia of an incorrect Medicare or Veteran file number he/she should correct the number for future claims by:

- updating his/her system to reflect the correct number provided by Medicare Australia (if patient consent to do so has been obtained); or
- speaking to the patient; or
- obtaining patient consent and calling Medicare Australia on the Improved Monitoring of Entitlements (IME) (132 290 — select option 1).

If the patient presents a Medicare card that appears correct, but according to Medicare Australia is not a valid number, or not a valid number for that person, a pharmacist may use a special number. A photocopy of the card, or a form must accompany the use of this number. The form is available on Medicare Australia's website or by calling 132 290.

### *Concessional Patients*

Once a pharmacist has been notified by Medicare Australia of an incorrect concessional entitlement number, he/she should view the entitlement card to confirm the entitlement number, and start and end dates, when the patient next presents a PBS prescription.

### *Step by step*

Pharmacists should take the following steps where concession entitlement does not appear to be valid or current:

- Re-confirm entitlement with the cardholder/customer;
- Contact Medicare Australia on 132 290, with consent, to confirm the cardholder/customer concession status;
- If Medicare Australia advises that the cardholder/customer is concessionally entitled to receive the PBS medicines on that day, supply the prescription as a concessional entitlement;
- If Medicare Australia advises that the cardholder/customer is not concessionally entitled to receive the PBS medicines on that day, supply as a general prescription. Provide the customer with the information sheet "Your entitlement card" which explains entitlement checking to the customer and the steps they can follow if they are concessionally entitled.

## 7. How Pharmacists Claim Reimbursement: Information Required

Medicare Australia uses a computerised system for pricing PBS prescriptions, repeat authorisations and emergency drug supply orders, and for calculating claims.

The payment system is designed to pay pharmacists correctly for the pharmaceutical benefits they supply. It is essential instructions are followed carefully and that each document includes all relevant information. Accurate and complete data ensures claim payment is not delayed.

### **PBS Prescription identification**

Pharmacists must include certain information on each PBS prescription sent in for claim, as specified below. It is important that this information is entered correctly and in the right place on the PBS prescription. This information will be included in a sticker produced by pharmacy software.

The sticker should be placed on the extreme left front of a PBS prescription, opposite each item being claimed. It must not obscure any details written by the prescriber. Most prescribers use PBS prescriptions, which have space for the sticker. If a sticker is not used, a PBS prescription identification stamp can be used or the information can be written in the same place, and in the same order.

Pharmacists should avoid writing over, or placing the sticker over, the prescriber number pre-printed on PBS/RPBS prescriptions, or the prescriber number box on PBS dental and optometrist, midwife and nurse practitioner prescriptions.

The sticker is not necessary for current repeat authorisation, emergency drug supplies, or for old style authority PBS prescription and authority to prescribe forms, as they have printed spaces for the necessary details. However, it is required for the new format authority PBS prescription forms.

The following information should be entered next to the appropriate letter on the sticker or stamp:

- 'S' — the serial number for the claim
- 'A' —
  - a. the price claimed for pricing elected PBS prescriptions, exceptional PBS prescriptions and RPBS non-scheduled prescriptions (see under 'Extemporaneously-prepared pharmaceutical benefits not listed in the Standard Formulae List' for explanations of pricing elected PBS prescriptions and exceptional PBS prescriptions); and/or
  - b. confirmation that the PBS prescription is endorsed 'Regulation 24' or the RPBS prescription is endorsed 'hardship conditions apply'; and/or
  - c. a claim for a glass dropper bottle where applicable; and/or
  - d. any clarification of the prescription which will assist Medicare Australia payment processing.
- 'No.' — the PBS prescription identifying number.

### Serial numbers

PBS prescription, repeat authorisation, authority PBS prescription, and emergency drug supplies forms submitted in each claim must bear consecutive serial numbers starting with:

- 1 – for emergency drug supplies;
- 1 – for general benefits;
- C1 – for concessional and Safety Net Concession Card benefits;
- E1 – for Safety Net Entitlement Card benefits; and
- R1 – for RPBS benefits.

Each serial number should also be noted on any document kept by the pharmacist for record purposes.

Each emergency drug supply item should be given a serial number, e.g., if there are five items on the first form in the claim, the first item on the second form in the claim will start with the serial number 6.

For prescriptions subject to the Safety Net 20 day rule, the serial number corresponds to the resulting payment category for the pharmaceutical benefit as supplied, not the patient's entitlement category.

### ***Repeat authorisations for authority PBS prescriptions***

When a benefit is supplied on a repeat authorisation which needed an authority PBS prescription, the serial number must be prefixed with the letter 'A' for a general benefit; 'AC' for a concessional benefit or a benefit supplied to a Safety Net Concession Card holder; 'AE' for a Safety Net Entitlement Card holder; or 'AR' for a RPBS benefit.

### ***Repeat authorisations for deferred supply***

When a benefit is supplied on a repeat authorisation prepared for deferred supply, the serial number must be prefixed with the letter 'D' for a general benefit; 'DC' for a concessional benefit or a benefit supplied to a Safety Net Concession Card holder; 'DE' for a Safety Net Entitlement Card holder; or 'DR' for a RPBS benefit.

### ***Injectable item ordered with a solvent***

When both an injectable item and a solvent are to be supplied, only one serial number is used. This number should be placed on the left hand side of the prescription, opposite the injectable item.

### **Dropper containers**

Dispensed prices for extemporaneously-prepared eye drops, ear drops and nasal instillations include the price of a polythene dropper container. However, if a glass dropper container is supplied, payment should be claimed by writing 'glass bottle' in box 'A' of the stamp.

## Extemporaneously-prepared pharmaceutical benefits not listed in the Standard Formulae List

When a formula is not listed on the Standard Formulae List, the PBS prescription is paid at an average of 10 g/mL rate for the type of preparation, unless the pharmacist elects otherwise. A pharmacist may price an exceptional PBS prescription, or elect to price all non-pre-priced extemporaneous PBS prescriptions.

### *PBS prescriptions paid on an average price basis*

If the PBS prescription is to be claimed as an exceptional PBS prescription, the pharmacist should write details of the formula supplied on the PBS prescription or repeat authorisation form; price the PBS prescription in accordance with the pricing principles (as detailed in '9. Pricing PBS Prescriptions'); and enter the calculated price on the sticker.

An exceptional PBS prescription is for an extemporaneously-prepared pharmaceutical benefit that is not included in the Standard Formulae List and for which the price of the ingredients (based on basic pricing rules) is twice or more than the recovery price of the ingredients calculated on an average price basis. Further information on pricing PBS prescriptions can be accessed from the book let titled *Explanation of Current Pricing* on the Medicare Australia's website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) (PBS publications for Health Care Providers).

### *Pricing non-pre-priced extemporaneous preparations*

Pharmacists should notify Medicare Australia when they elect to price non-pre-priced extemporaneous preparations. Each PBS prescription should be priced in accordance with the pricing principles and that price entered on the sticker.

## RPBS prescriptions for items not included in either the PBS or RPBS Schedule

When a prescription for a RPBS patient is for an item not included in either the PBS or the RPBS Schedule, the price claimed should be entered on the sticker. Full details on pricing and availability of such items under the RPBS are set out in the RPBS Explanatory Notes.

## Payment to Pharmacists for Dispensing Premium-free Substitutable Medicines

Premium Free Dispensing Incentive payments will commence for eligible PBS listed products dispensed from 1 August 2008. Premium Free Dispensing Incentive payments will be available to approved suppliers to dispense a substitutable, premium-free medicine. The payment will be available only for PBS items which attract a Government subsidy. This includes PBS items supplied to DVA entitled consumers.

A number of conditions and criteria apply to receive this payment. Scripts will be assessed for validity and the Premium Free Dispensing Incentive payment will be paid by Medicare Australia. Further information on this payment can be found on the Medicare Australia website at: <http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au/provider/pbs/pharmacists/reforms.shtml#dispensing>

## 8. How Pharmacists Claim Reimbursement: Documents to be Submitted

A claim for pharmaceutical benefits consists of:

- the original and duplicate of a completed Claim for Payment Form;
- the original orders for emergency drug supplies in a separate bundle;
- the originals of all old format PBS prescriptions and authority PBS prescriptions, the Medicare Australia/DVA copies of new format PBS prescriptions and authority PBS prescriptions, and all repeat authorisations, separated into four bundles for benefits supplied to the general public; concessional beneficiaries/Safety Net Concession Card holders; Safety Net Entitlement Card holders and RPBS patients.

PBS prescriptions in each bundle should be in serial number order, with serial number 1 at the top of the bundle.

PBS prescriptions subject to the Safety Net 20 day rule are bundled according to the resulting payment category. For prescription forms with multiple PBS items, where the Safety Net 20 day rule would result in different payment categories for different items, dispensing via 'deferred supply' should be used where necessary to allow all items to be included in the correct bundles.

PBS prescriptions in the wrong bundle may be returned to the pharmacist for clarification. If appropriate, they can be resubmitted in the correct bundle in the next claim period.

### Completing the claim form

The claimant's name, address of the pharmacy from which the pharmacist is approved to supply pharmaceutical benefits, approval number, and claim period number should be entered on the Claim for Payment Form. These details should match the latest written information held by Medicare Australia, or payments can be delayed while clarification is sought.

The claim period number should state how many claims have been submitted so far in a calendar year, e.g., the sixth claim submitted by an approved pharmacist in 2005 should have a claim period number of 0506.

The first and last serial numbers given to items in each bundle are to be entered on the Claim for Payment Form.

A total claim amount is not required – this will be calculated by Medicare Australia after the PBS prescriptions have been individually priced.

The declaration must be signed by the pharmacist approved to supply pharmaceutical benefits, unless he/she has made arrangements through Medicare Australia for another pharmacist to sign it.

## Lodging claims

A claim may be lodged at any time during the month at the relevant Medicare Australia State office. Unless other arrangements have been made with Medicare Australia, the following conditions apply:

- only one claim period can exist and only one claim can be lodged per month;
- the claim period shall cover pharmaceutical benefits supplied during one month; and
- the claim shall be sent within 30 days from when the benefits were supplied.

Claims for pharmaceutical benefits supplied over 18 months earlier may not be accepted for computer processing. Pharmacists with such claims should contact Medicare Australia.

## Reconciliation statements

As mentioned earlier, a pharmacist will receive a PBS reconciliation statement after a claim period has been processed. It provides details of each prescription for each brand of each pharmaceutical benefit item supplied in that claim period.

Reasons for non-payment of any item are coded, with the code numbers explained in the statement.

PBS prescriptions and repeat authorisations not accepted for payment will be returned, with the exception of PBS prescriptions with a dispensed price equal to or less than the patient contribution. Any other items on those PBS prescriptions that have been paid will have been cancelled.

If a PBS prescription was not accepted and can be re-submitted, it must be given a new serial number and included in a subsequent claim period.

If a PBS prescription is finally rejected for payment and a pharmacist is not satisfied with the decision, he/she may apply to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal for a review of that decision.

## 9. Pricing PBS Prescriptions

### Pricing principles

The same pricing principles apply to all PBS prescriptions.

For ready-prepared pharmaceutical benefits, payment is made on the basis of the lowest-priced brand.

For a pharmaceutical benefit not listed as a ready-prepared item, and where a formulation title is stated but no formulary specified, payment is made on the basis of precedence given to formularies by State/Territory legislation.

Prices published in the Schedule do not include any component for goods and services tax (GST).

Further information on pricing PBS prescriptions can be accessed from the booklet titled *Explanation of Current Pricing* on the Medicare Australia's website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) (PBS publications for Health Care Providers).

### Pricing dates

Ready-prepared pharmaceutical benefits are priced on the first day of April, August and December for items supplied as from each of those days respectively.

Extemporaneously-prepared pharmaceutical benefits and containers are priced on the first day of May each year for items supplied as from the first day of August that year.

### Pricing ready-prepared items

#### *For maximum quantities*

The price payable for a pharmaceutical benefit is shown in the Schedule against the item. The price is for the maximum quantity available.

If the prescription is for an injectable item and solvent, the price of each is added together, but only one dispensing fee is payable.

The maximum quantity of some pharmaceutical benefits, such as eye drops and oral suspensions, has been determined as a single pack corresponding to the manufacturer's pack. These packs cannot be broken, so if a PBS prescription calls for less, the maximum quantity should be supplied and claimed from Medicare Australia. Packs not to be broken are indicated by a double dagger (‡) in the Schedule.

#### *For lesser quantities*

For items where the standard pack is the same as the maximum quantity, and the pack can be broken, the price payable for a lesser quantity is established as follows:

- an amount equal to the dispensing fee, and if applicable the dangerous drug fee, is deducted from the benefit price as shown in the Schedule;
- to this new amount, a wastage percentage is applied, determined from the Wastage Factor Table;
- then the amount equal to the dispensing fee, dangerous drug fee (if applicable), and appropriate container fee, is added.

In no case shall the price for a broken quantity be more than the dispensed price of the Schedule's maximum quantity.

When a standard pack is not the same as the maximum quantity, the price of the pharmaceutical benefit concerned has an asterisk next to it and the standard pack rate is set out in Section 3 of the Schedule. The price payable for the quantity supplied is established by:

- applying the appropriate wastage table percentage to the standard pack rate;
- then adding an amount equivalent to the dispensing fee, the dangerous drug fee where applicable, and the appropriate container fee.

In no case shall the supply of a broken quantity, which is less than the item's maximum quantity, cost more than the dispensed price for the maximum quantity.

No container fee is payable when the quantity of pharmaceutical benefit supplied is more than the quantity contained in the standard pack.

### ***Wastage table percentage***

The following Wastage Factor Table is used to calculate the price payable for quantities supplied from the standard pack.

Wastage Factor Table

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| Column A - | 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55,<br>60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100  |
| Column B - | 10, 18, 26, 32, 38, 44, 50, 54, 58, 62,<br>66, 70, 74, 78, 82, 86, 90, 94, 98, 100 |

The appropriate wastage table percentage is as follows:

- the percentage of the amount supplied from the amount in the standard pack is determined; and
- where this percentage is the same as a percentage listed in Column A of the table, the percentage used is the figure shown in Column B; or
- where the percentage is not the same as a percentage in Column A, then the nearest upward percentage in Column A applies, and the percentage used is the figure in Column B.

For example, 24 tablets are supplied from a standard pack of 100. Thus 24 per cent of the number contained in the standard pack is supplied. As this percentage does not appear in Column A, the next higher (i.e., 25 per cent) is used. Reading down from 25 per cent to Column B, the wastage table percentage is found to be 38 per cent.

## **Pricing extemporaneously-prepared items**

### ***General***

The price payable for supplying the maximum quantity of standard formula preparations is shown in the Standard Formulae List.

The following principles apply in determining prices of all pre-priced extemporaneous formulae on the list.

They also apply when a pharmacist elects to price extemporaneous PBS prescriptions outside the list, including exceptional PBS prescriptions.

The amount payable is the sum of:

- the recovery price of each ingredient as shown in the Drug Tariff;
- the price of the appropriate container as shown in the price section; and
- a dispensing fee as shown in the price section.

### ***Pricing of ingredients***

When the quantity dispensed is not specified in the Drug Tariff, the recovery price is as follows:

1. determine the basic pricing unit relative to the quantity dispensed by referring to the following table:

| <b>Quantity</b>                         | <b>Basic Pricing Unit</b> |
|---|---------------------------|
| Up to and including 700 mg              | 100 mg price rate         |
| Over 700 mg and up to and including 1 g | price as if 1 g           |
| Over 1 g and up to and including 7 g    | 1 g price rate            |
| Over 7 g and up to and including 10 g   | price as if 10 g          |
| Over 10 g and up to and including 80 g  | 10 g price rate           |
| Over 80 g and up to and                 | price as if 80 g          |

| Quantity | Basic Pricing Unit |
|----------|--------------------|
|----------|--------------------|

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| including 90 g |  |
|----------------|--|

|           |                  |
|-----------|------------------|
| Over 90 g | 100 g price rate |
|-----------|------------------|

2. find the recovery price of the basic pricing unit by applying the following quantity divisors to the recovery price shown for the ingredient in the Drug Tariff:
  - 100 g price is 500 g price divided by 5, or 1 kg price divided by 10
  - 10 g price is 100 g price plus 12.5 per cent divided by 10
  - 1 g price is 10 g price plus 25 per cent divided by 10
  - 100 mg price is 1 g price plus 25 per cent divided by 10
1. find the recovery price by multiplying the price of the basic pricing unit – as established in 2 – by the fraction that the quantity dispensed bears to the basic pricing unit.

For pricing purposes the quantity is to be taken to the next upward 50 milligrams or 0.05 millilitres.

The minimum recovery price for any ingredient is one cent. In other cases where a fraction of a cent occurs, the price is to be taken to the nearest cent (a half cent being taken up to the next cent).

In no case shall the recovery price for a quantity of an ingredient exceed the recovery price for a greater quantity of that ingredient.

Where liquids are purchased by weight, the recovery price includes the 'Specific Gravity Factor'.

Special pricing provisions apply to drugs marked '(a)' or '(b)' in the Drug Tariff.

For drugs marked '(a)', the pricing rules shown above apply to quantities up to the quantity listed in the Drug Tariff. Greater quantities are priced on a linear basis: the recovery price is ascertained by multiplying the fraction that the quantity dispensed bears to the quantity listed in the Drug Tariff by the price shown for the quantity listed.

Drugs marked '(b)' are packed sterile or are unstable, and all quantities are priced as if whole pack(s) were required. The recovery price is ascertained by multiplying the fraction that the quantity dispensed bears to the quantity listed in the Drug Tariff, taken to the next whole number, by the price shown for the quantity listed.

#### ***Pricing PBS prescriptions where extra ingredients are added to a formula***

Where the vehicle is liquid and one or more solid ingredients are added, displacement of the liquid by the solid ingredients is disregarded for pricing purposes.

#### ***Containers***

When a quantity is for more than the container sizes listed in this Schedule, payment will be made as if that quantity had been supplied in the minimum number of containers necessary to supply that quantity.

A double size container is allowed for bulk powders.

#### ***Special provisions for extemporaneous PBS prescriptions outside the Standard Formulae List***

If a pharmacist elects to price extemporaneous PBS prescriptions outside the Standard Formulae List, there can be no variation for three months. This applies to all extemporaneously-prepared formulae not on the list, and includes both PBS and RPBS prescriptions.

If a pharmacist does not elect to price out these PBS prescriptions, he/she will be paid at an average reimbursement rate.

Under this system, payment is made on the basis of an average 10 g/mL rate applied to the category of preparation concerned, i.e., the price will be determined by multiplying the appropriate 10 g/mL rate by the number of 10 g/mL units supplied and adding container and dispensing fees. For example, an 80 mL mixture would be priced at eight times the average 10 mL rate for mixtures, with container and dispensing fee added.

The average 10 g/mL rate for each type of preparation is calculated monthly. It applies to PBS prescriptions supplied in the following month.

PBS prescriptions ordering a combination of standard formula preparations fall outside the scope of the Standard Formulae List and therefore are subject to this section.

Any variant to a formula included in the list (adding or deleting an ingredient or varying the dose) takes the formula dispensed outside the list.

When an ingredient is added to a standard formula and the recovery price for the standard formula plus additive under the average price system is less than for the standard formula alone, the pharmacist may have the PBS prescription priced as a basic standard formula item.

## **10. Miscellaneous**

### **References**

This Schedule identifies monographs of the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex, and the Australian Pharmaceutical Formulary and Handbook by the letters BP, BPC and APF respectively. References to all editions of the BPC and to earlier editions of the BP and APF also include the year of publication or the number of the edition.

## Standards

Pharmacists can only supply under the PBS medicines which, or whose ingredients, conform to the standards of composition or purity prescribed. These standards are those specified in the *Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*.

## Legislation

Copies of the *National Health Act 1953* and the *National Health (Pharmaceutical Benefits) Regulations 1960* are available from Government AusInfo shops in each capital city. The Act and the Regulations may also be accessed through the Attorney-General's Department website at [www.comlaw.gov.au](http://www.comlaw.gov.au).

# Nurse practitioner PBS prescribing

## MEDICINES WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY AUTHORISED NURSE PRACTITIONERS

From 1 September 2010, nurse practitioners endorsed to prescribe under state or territory legislation can apply for approval as PBS prescribers (*authorised nurse practitioners*). Information for nurse practitioners to become authorised PBS prescribers is available from Medicare Australia.

The medicines listed for prescribing by authorised nurse practitioners are identified by 'NP' in the PBS Schedule. Nurse practitioners must not write PBS prescriptions for other medicines.

PBS prescribing is limited by a nurse practitioner's scope of practice, and state and territory prescribing rights. Prescribing of PBS medicines is also contingent on a prescriber being an *authorised nurse practitioner* and having collaborative arrangements in place, as required by amendments to the *National Health Act 1953*.

The Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory Committee (PBAC) is responsible for making recommendations to the Minister for Health and Ageing regarding medicines for prescribing by authorised nurse practitioners.

Further to prescribing within collaborative arrangements, certain medicines also have additional conditions for prescribing by nurse practitioners, as recommended by the PBAC. These medicines are identified by the codes 'CTO' for continuation therapy only or 'SCM' for prescribing within a shared care model, as outlined below:

- *Continuing therapy only model*

Where the patient's treatment and prescribing of a medicine has been initiated by a medical practitioner, but prescribing is continued by a nurse practitioner. (This is similar to existing arrangements between specialists and medical practitioners for prescribing certain medicines.)

- *Shared care model*

Where care is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed plan to manage the patient, in a patientcentred model of care. The details surrounding shared care arrangements will depend on the practitioners involved, patient needs and the healthcare context.

Some medicines are included in more than one section of the Schedule, and for more than one prescriber type. For a prescription to be eligible for subsidy, prescribers must ensure that they prescribe under the PBS only those medicines, and in accordance with the restrictions, listed for their prescriber type. Listing details for the same product may differ between sections and different PBS item codes apply for each prescriber type.

Nurse practitioner PBS prescriptions are identifiable by colour, and include the indicator 'NP' on personalised forms and a tick box on non-personalised (blank) forms.

Prescriptions must include the nurse practitioner's PBS prescriber number. For unrestricted and restricted PBS medicines, midwives/nurse practitioners can use the personalised or non-personalised PBS prescriber forms. For authority required and authority required (streamlined) PBS medicines, midwives/nurse practitioners can use the authority personalised or non-personalised PBS prescriber forms. Nurse practitioner PBS prescriptions may include repeats.

Regulation 24 applies for nurse practitioner prescribing. A nurse practitioner can direct that original and repeat supplies of pharmaceutical benefits be supplied at the one time, if certain conditions are satisfied.

Authority prescriptions: Authority prescriptions for authority required items, or for increased quantities or repeats, require prior approval from Medicare Australia for each prescription. (Refer to Prescribing Medicines — Information for PBS prescribers and Supplying medicines — What Pharmacists Need to Know, for more information on authority prescriptions.)

State and territory requirements: Nurse practitioners may prescribe medicines as private prescriptions according to their state/territory prescribing accreditation. The medicines which can be prescribed differ between states and territories. It is the nurse practitioner's responsibility to ensure adherence to State/Territory law for all prescriptions (PBS and private) and additionally to all PBS requirements for PBS prescriptions.

## Midwife PBS prescribing

### MEDICINES WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY AUTHORISED MIDWIVES

From 1 September 2010, midwives endorsed to prescribe under state or territory legislation can apply for approval as PBS prescribers (*authorised midwives*). Information for midwives to become authorised PBS prescribers is available from Medicare Australia.

The medicines listed for prescribing by authorised midwives are identified by 'MW' in the PBS Schedule. Midwives must not write PBS prescriptions for other medicines.

PBS prescribing by midwives is limited by state and territory prescribing rights. It is also contingent on a prescriber being an *authorised midwife* and having collaborative arrangements in place, as required by amendments to the *National Health Act 1953*.

The Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory Committee (PBAC) is responsible for making recommendations to the Minister for Health and Ageing regarding medicines for prescribing by authorised midwives.

Some medicines are included in more than one section of the Schedule, and for more than one prescriber type. For a prescription to be eligible for subsidy, prescribers must ensure that they prescribe under the PBS only those medicines, and in accordance with the restrictions, listed for their prescriber type. Listing details for the same product may differ between sections and different PBS item codes apply for each prescriber type.

Midwife PBS prescriptions are identifiable by colour, and include the indicator 'MW' on personalised forms and a tick box on non-personalised (blank) forms. Prescriptions must include the midwife's PBS prescriber number. For unrestricted and restricted PBS medicines, midwives/nurse practitioners can use the personalised or non-personalised PBS prescriber forms. For authority required and authority required (streamlined) PBS medicines, midwives/nurse practitioners can use the authority personalised or non-personalised PBS prescriber forms. Midwife PBS prescriptions may include repeats.

Regulation 24 applies for midwife prescribing. A midwife can direct that original and repeat supplies of pharmaceutical benefits be supplied at the one time, if certain conditions are satisfied.

**Authority prescriptions:** Authority prescriptions for authority required items, or for increased quantities or repeats, require prior approval from Medicare Australia for each prescription. (Refer to Prescribing Medicines—Information for PBS prescribers and Supplying Medicines — What Pharmacists Need to Know, for more information on authority prescriptions.)

**State and Territory requirements:** Midwives may prescribe medicines as private prescriptions according to their state/territory prescribing accreditation. The medicines which can be prescribed differ between states and territories. It is the midwife's responsibility to ensure adherence to state/territory law for all prescriptions (PBS and private) and additionally to all PBS requirements for PBS prescriptions.

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## **Section 2**

**Emergency Drug Supplies**

**Special Pharmaceutical Benefits**

**General Pharmaceutical Benefits**

**Pharmaceutical Benefits for Palliative Care**

**Pharmaceutical Benefits for Dental Use**

**Pharmaceutical Benefits for Optometrical Use**

**Items Available Under Special Arrangements (s.100)**

## SYMBOLS USED IN THE SCHEDULE

An asterisk ( \* ) against the dispensed price of a benefit indicates that the manufacturer's pack does not coincide with the maximum quantity.

A double dagger ( † ) in the maximum quantity column indicates an item for which the maximum quantity has been specially determined to correspond to the manufacturer's pack and the manufacturer's standard pack should be prescribed and supplied. For any item where a maximum quantity greater than 1 is marked with a double dagger ( † ), that maximum quantity should be prescribed and supplied.

A gauge sign ( # ) against the dispensed price of a benefit indicates that the product is not preconstituted and that an extemporaneously-prepared dispensing fee is included in the dispensed price and, where appropriate, an amount for purified water.

Where a STATE is indicated after a manufacturer's code, that brand may be available only in the State indicated. NSW-(N); Vic-(V); Qld-(Q); SA-(S); WA-(W); Tas-(T).

## RESTRICTED BENEFITS

All restricted items have separate headings for authority and non-authority items. In each case these items may be prescribed as pharmaceutical benefits only for use for one of the specified indications. Where more than one indication is specified for an Authority required or Restricted pharmaceutical benefit, each indication is separated from the preceding indication by a semi-colon and commences on the next line. In the case of Authority required (STREAMLINED) items, each indication will also include a four digit streamlined authority code. The drug may be prescribed as a pharmaceutical benefit for a patient who qualifies under any of the specified indications.

A straight line is drawn between entries for different forms and strengths of an item to indicate clearly the different restrictions which apply to these various forms and strengths.

The maximum quantity and/or number of repeats in respect of an item shown in the Schedule may be varied by the Chief Executive Officer of Medicare Australia when approving an Authority Prescription or an Authority to Prescribe. The quantity and number of repeats shown on the authority shall be supplied. (See Explanatory Notes). Payment will be made on the basis of the price shown for that item in the Schedule.

## CODES FOR INJECTABLE ITEMS WITH ALLOWABLE SOLVENTS

The entry in this schedule of those pharmaceutical benefit injectable items which require a solvent includes the codes of the items with the relevant solvents. For each such item the code is for the injectable with 10mL sodium chloride injection 9 mg per mL (0.9%).

## BRAND EQUIVALENCE

'a' located immediately before brand names of a particular strength of an item indicates that the sponsors of these brands have submitted evidence that they have been demonstrated to be bioequivalent or therapeutically equivalent, or that justification for not needing bioequivalence or therapeutic equivalence data has been provided to and accepted by the Therapeutic Goods Administration. It would thus be expected that these brands may be interchanged without differences in clinical effect.

For other brands of an item, i.e., those not indicated as above, it is unknown whether or not they are equivalent. There may be several reasons for this, such as bioequivalence data not being considered necessary when the products were approved for marketing, or that advice or data have not been forthcoming from sponsors. This does not necessarily suggest a lack of safety or efficacy, but in these circumstances caution should be taken if brands are interchanged.

'b' attached to brand names indicates that these brands are also equivalent, but that it is not known if there is equivalence between brands marked 'a' and brands marked 'b'.

## BRAND PREMIUM POLICY

The Brand Premium Policy was introduced on 1 December 1990 to increase price competition by allowing pharmaceutical manufacturers to set their own price on multi-branded items listed on the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme and to encourage the development of the generic pharmaceutical industry in Australia. The policy does this by increasing prescribers' and patients' consciousness about the price of drugs. In effect, it makes both groups question whether it is necessary for the patient to pay more for the drugs when a cheaper brand is available. The policy also allows companies to establish prices taking into account competition and consumer acceptance.

The policy operates where there is more than one brand of a particular drug available through the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme and where the brands are therapeutically interchangeable. Due to this, the policy mainly applies to out of patent drugs.

Basically the policy operates by:

- the Australian Government subsidising a drug to the level of the lowest priced brand (except in those instances where the lowest priced brand has, as part of its price, a therapeutic group premium);
- suppliers of other brands of that drug being able to set a price above the price charged by the supplier(s) of the lowest priced brand(s); and
- the patient paying the brand premium which is the price difference between the lowest price brand and the brand prescribed.

If a prescription is written generically or for the lowest priced brand, and the lowest priced brand is supplied, there is no brand premium payable.

'B' located immediately before an amount in the premium column indicates a brand premium which applies to that particular brand of the item.

If a brand of a drug which is subject to a therapeutic group premium also has a brand premium, there will be two amounts shown on separate lines in the premium column, prefixed by 'T' and 'B' respectively.

If a brand of a drug which is subject to a special patient contribution also has a brand premium, there will be two amounts shown on separate lines in the premium column, prefixed by 'S' and 'B' respectively.

## **THERAPEUTIC GROUP PREMIUM POLICY**

The Therapeutic Group Premium Policy was introduced on 1 February 1998 as an extension of the Brand Premium Policy to encourage greater competition between manufacturers of drugs and to make doctors and patients more aware of the costs of medicines.

The Therapeutic Group Premium policy applies within narrowly defined therapeutic sub-groups where the drugs concerned are of similar safety, efficacy and health outcomes.

Basically the policy operates by:

- the Australian Government subsidising drugs within a defined therapeutic sub-group to the level of the lowest priced drug in the sub-group;
- suppliers of other drugs within that sub-group being able to set prices above the price charged by the supplier(s) of the lowest priced drug; and
- the patient paying the therapeutic group premium which is the price difference between the lowest price drug and the drug prescribed.

'T' located immediately before an amount in the premium column indicates a therapeutic group premium which applies to that particular item.

If a brand of a drug which is subject to a therapeutic group premium also has a brand premium, there will be two amounts shown on separate lines in the premium column, prefixed by 'T' and 'B' respectively.

The success of the Government in controlling prices of products supplied through the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme has often been criticised by the pharmaceutical industry. Under both the Brand Premium Policy and the Therapeutic Group Premium Policy, suppliers of multi-branded items and therapeutically similar drugs are able to set their own prices at a level that they think the market will bear. At the same time, the prescriber and the patient can decide whether it is necessary to pay more for a particular brand or drug when a cheaper one is available and is therapeutically interchangeable.

The brand premium or therapeutic group premium does not count toward the patient's safety net.

It should be noted that the brand premium or therapeutic group premium is not a Government charge or revenue. The premium arises from the manufacturer's price and the majority goes to the manufacturer with wholesalers and pharmacists receiving a small percentage.

## Emergency Drug Supplies

## EMERGENCY DRUG SUPPLIES

| Code        | Name, Manner of Administration and Form   | Max. Qty | Dispensed Price for Max. Qty \$ | Proprietary Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|----------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|
| 3451P<br>NP | ADRENALINE<br>Injection 1 mg in 1 mL (1 in 1,000)   | 5        | 20.34                           | AstraZeneca Pty Ltd               | AP |
| 3457Y<br>NP | BENZTROPINE MESYLATE<br>Injection 2 mg in 2 mL  | 5        | 103.59                          | Cogentin                          | FK |
| 3486L<br>NP | BENZYLPENICILLIN<br>Powder for injection 600 mg   | 10       | *42.92                          | BenPen                            | CS |
| OR          | OR  |          |                                 |                                   |    |
| 3485K<br>NP | PROCAINE PENICILLIN<br>Injection 1.5 g  | 5        | 92.22                           | Cilicaine                         | SI |
| 3487M<br>NP | BENZYLPENICILLIN<br>Powder for injection 3 g  | 1        | 12.75                           | BenPen                            | CS |
| 3455W<br>NP | CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 50 mg in 2 mL   | 10       | 20.48                           | Largactil                         | SW |
| OR          | OR  |          |                                 |                                   |    |
| 3456X<br>NP | HALOPERIDOL<br>Injection 5 mg in 1 mL   | 10       | 22.28                           | Serenace                          | SI |
| 3478C<br>NP | CLONAZEPAM<br>Oral liquid 2.5 mg per mL, 10 mL  | 1        | 10.73                           | Rivotril                          | RO |
| 3472R<br>NP | DEXAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE<br>Injection equivalent to 4 mg dexamethasone phosphate in 1 mL            | 5        | 18.08                           | Hospira Pty Limited               | HH |
| OR          | OR  |          |                                 |                                   |    |
| 3470P<br>NP | HYDROCORTISONE SODIUM SUCCINATE<br>Injection equivalent to 100 mg hydrocortisone with 2 mL solvent        | 2        | *16.52                          | Solu-Cortef                       | PF |
| OR          | OR  |          |                                 |                                   |    |
| 3471Q<br>NP | HYDROCORTISONE SODIUM SUCCINATE<br>Injection equivalent to 250 mg hydrocortisone with 2 mL solvent        | 1        | 15.54                           | Solu-Cortef                       | PF |
| 3458B<br>NP | DIAZEPAM<br>Injection 10 mg in 2 mL   | 5        | 12.29                           | Hospira Pty Limited               | HH |
| 3460D<br>NP | DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE<br>Injection 1 mg in 1 mL  | 5        | 17.06                           | Dihydergot                        | NV |
| 3463G<br>NP | DIPHTHERIA and TETANUS VACCINE, ADSORBED, DILUTED FOR ADULT USE<br>Injection 0.5 mL in pre-filled syringe | 20       | *275.02                         | ADT Booster                       | CS |
| 3466K<br>NP | FRUSEMIDE<br>Injection 20 mg in 2 mL  | 5        | 10.27                           | <sup>a</sup> Frusemide Sandoz     | SZ |
|             |   |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Lasix                | SW |
|             |   |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Frusemide-Clarix     | AE |
| 3467L<br>NP | GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection set containing 1 mg (1 i.u.) and 1 mL solvent in disposable syringe   | 1        | 45.63                           | GlucaGen Hypokit                  | NO |
| 3475X<br>NP | GLYCERYL TRINITRATE<br>Sublingual spray (pump pack) 400 micrograms per dose (200 doses)                   | 1        | 20.13                           | Nitrolingual Pumpspray            | SW |
| 3473T<br>NP | HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE<br>Injection 20 mg in 1 mL  | 5        | 24.21                           | Buscopan                          | BY |
| 3474W<br>NP | LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 100 mg in 5 mL  | 5        | 37.33                           | Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd          | PF |
| 3489P       | METHOXYFLURANE  | 1        | 44.78                           | Penthrox                          | NQ |

## EMERGENCY DRUG SUPPLIES

| Code              | Name, Manner of Administration and Form  | Max. Qty | Dispensed Price for Max. Qty \$ | Proprietary Name and Manufacturer     |    |
|-------------------|--|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----|
|                   | Liquid for inhalation 999.9 mg per g, 3 mL (with inhaler)  |          |                                 |                                       |    |
| 3476Y<br>NP<br>OR | METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 10 mg in 2 mL<br>OR  | 10       | 12.99                           | Maxolon                               | VT |
| 3477B<br>NP       | PROCHLORPERAZINE<br>Injection containing prochlorperazine mesylate 12.5 mg in 1 mL                                       | 10       | 16.82                           | Stemetil                              | SW |
| 3479D<br>NP<br>OR | MORPHINE SULFATE<br>Injection 15 mg in 1 mL<br>OR  | 5        | 14.35                           | Hospira Pty Limited                   | HH |
| 3480E<br>NP       | MORPHINE SULFATE<br>Injection 30 mg in 1 mL  | 5        | 15.77                           | Hospira Pty Limited                   | HH |
| 3482G<br>NP       | NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 2 mg in 5 mL   | 2        | *78.08                          | Naloxone Min-I-Jet                    | CS |
| 3488N<br>NP       | PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 50 mg in 2 mL  | 10       | *22.32                          | Hospira Pty Limited                   | HH |
| 3495Y<br>NP       | SALBUTAMOL SULFATE<br>Oral pressurised inhalation 100 micrograms (base) per dose (200 doses), CFC-free formulation       | †1       | 10.82                           | <sup>a</sup> Asmol CFC-free           | AL |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Airomir                  | IA |
| 3495Y<br>NP<br>OR | SALBUTAMOL SULFATE<br>Oral pressurised inhalation 100 micrograms (base) per dose (200 doses), CFC-free formulation<br>OR | †1       | 11.41                           | <sup>a</sup> Ventolin CFC-free        | GK |
| 3496B<br>NP       | SALBUTAMOL SULFATE<br>Nebuliser solution single dose units 2.5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30                                   | †1       | 12.37                           | <sup>a</sup> Asmol 2.5 uni-dose       | AF |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Salbutamol         | GX |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Butamol 2.5              | SI |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor Salbutamol 2.5 | CR |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Salbutamol Sandoz        | SZ |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Salbutamol-GA            | GM |
| 3496B<br>NP       | SALBUTAMOL SULFATE<br>Nebuliser solution single dose units 2.5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30                                   | †1       | 13.07                           | <sup>a</sup> Ventolin Nebules         | GK |
| 3497C<br>NP       | SALBUTAMOL SULFATE<br>Nebuliser solution single dose units 5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30                                     | †1       | 12.70                           | <sup>a</sup> Asmol 5 uni-dose         | AF |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Salbutamol         | GX |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Butamol 5                | SI |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor Salbutamol 5   | CR |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Salbutamol Sandoz        | SZ |
|                   |  |          |                                 | <sup>a</sup> Salbutamol-GA            | GM |
| 3497C<br>NP       | SALBUTAMOL SULFATE<br>Nebuliser solution single dose units 5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30                                     | †1       | 13.39                           | <sup>a</sup> Ventolin Nebules         | GK |
| 3491R<br>NP       | TERBUTALINE SULFATE<br>Injection 500 micrograms in 1 mL  | 5        | 30.59                           | Bricanyl                              | AP |

## EMERGENCY DRUG SUPPLIES

| Code               | Name, Manner of Administration and Form            | Max.<br>Qty | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |              | Proprietary Name and<br>Manufacturer |    |
|--------------------|--|-------------|--|--------------|--------------------------------------|----|
| 3484J<br><i>NP</i> | TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 100 mg in 2 mL | 5           | 13.91                                    | <sup>a</sup> | Tramal 100                           | CS |
|                    |  |             |  | <sup>a</sup> | Tramahexal                           | SZ |
| 3494X<br><i>NP</i> | VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 5 mg in 2 mL  | 5           | 12.38                                    |              | Isoptin                              | AB |

## Special Pharmaceutical Benefits

## SPECIAL PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS

The special patient contribution is payable by all patients in addition to the relevant patient contribution for concessional and general patients. Other than for bleomycin sulfate, exemptions on medical grounds are available. For eligible veterans under RPBS provisions, see RPBS EXPLANATORY NOTES, paragraph 32.

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium | Reimbursement<br>Price<br>for Max. Qty<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

### GENERAL PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS

|             |  |    |   |       |        |        |       |        |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 1888J<br>NP | <b>AMOXYCILLIN</b><br>Powder for paediatric oral drops<br>100 mg per mL, 20 mL | ‡1 | 1 | §0.61 | #13.18 | #13.79 | 14.59 | Amoxil | GK |
|-------------|--|----|---|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|----|

#### AMOXYCILLIN

##### Authority required

Treatment of infections suspected or proven to be due to a susceptible organism in patients who require a liquid formulation and in whom the syrup formulations are unsuitable.

|             |  |    |   |    |        |        |       |        |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|--------|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 9714G<br>NP | Powder for paediatric oral drops<br>100 mg per mL, 20 mL | ‡1 | 1 | .. | #13.79 | #13.79 | 15.20 | Amoxil | GK |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|--------|--------|-------|--------|----|

#### BLEOMYCIN SULFATE

##### Restricted benefit

Germ cell neoplasms;

Lymphoma.

|       |   |    |    |         |         |         |                    |                     |    |
|-------|---|----|----|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|----|
| 2315W | Powder for injection 15,000 i.u.<br>(solvent required)<br>(code 6896Y applies to above item<br>with approved solvent) | 10 | .. | §411.00 | *464.02 | *875.02 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|       |   |    |    | §410.89 | 464.05  | 874.94  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Blenamax            | SI |

#### NARATRIPTAN

##### Caution

Naratriptan is contraindicated in patients with known or suspected coronary artery disease. The drug should not be used within 24 hours of ergotamine or dihydroergotamine use.

##### Authority required

Migraine attack in a patient where attacks in the past have usually failed to respond to analgesics.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                  |   |   |       |        |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|-------|--------|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 8298R<br>NP | Tablet 2.5 mg (as hydrochloride) | 4 | 5 | §2.78 | *25.90 | *28.68 | 26.97 | Naramig | GK |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|-------|--------|--------|-------|---------|----|

#### NARATRIPTAN

##### Caution

Naratriptan is contraindicated in patients with known or suspected coronary artery disease. The drug should not be used within 24 hours of ergotamine or dihydroergotamine use.

##### Authority required

Migraine attack in a patient where attacks in the past have usually failed to respond to analgesics, and where:

- (a) adverse events have occurred with other suitable PBS-listed drugs; or
- (b) drug interactions have occurred with other suitable PBS-listed drugs; or
- (c) drug interactions are expected to occur with other suitable PBS-listed drugs; or
- (d) transfer to another suitable PBS-listed drug would cause patient confusion resulting in problems with compliance; or
- (e) transfer to another suitable PBS-listed drug is likely to result in adverse clinical consequences.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

## SPECIAL PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS

The special patient contribution is payable by all patients in addition to the relevant patient contribution for concessional and general patients. Other than for bleomycin sulfate, exemptions on medical grounds are available. For eligible veterans under RPBS provisions, see RPBS EXPLANATORY NOTES, paragraph 32.

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium | Reimbursement<br>Price<br>for Max. Qty<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |                |         |  |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |                |         |  |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |                |         |  |  |  |                             |    |
| 9734H<br>NP  | Tablet 2.5 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 4           | 5              | ..      | *28.68                                       | *28.68                                   | 29.75  | Naramig                     | GK |

### ZOLMITRIPTAN

#### Caution

Zolmitriptan is contraindicated in patients with known or suspected coronary artery disease. The drug should not be used within 24 hours of ergotamine or dihydroergotamine use.

#### Authority required

Migraine attack in a patient where attacks in the past have usually failed to respond to analgesics.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |   |   |        |        |        |       |       |    |
|-------------|---------------|---|---|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----|
| 8266C<br>NP | Tablet 2.5 mg | 4 | 5 | \$2.76 | *25.84 | *28.60 | 26.91 | Zomig | AP |
|-------------|---------------|---|---|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----|

### ZOLMITRIPTAN

#### Caution

Zolmitriptan is contraindicated in patients with known or suspected coronary artery disease. The drug should not be used within 24 hours of ergotamine or dihydroergotamine use.

#### Authority required

Migraine attack in a patient where attacks in the past have usually failed to respond to analgesics, and where:

- (a) adverse events have occurred with other suitable PBS-listed drugs; or
- (b) drug interactions have occurred with other suitable PBS-listed drugs; or
- (c) drug interactions are expected to occur with other suitable PBS-listed drugs; or
- (d) transfer to another suitable PBS-listed drug would cause patient confusion resulting in problems with compliance; or
- (e) transfer to another suitable PBS-listed drug is likely to result in adverse clinical consequences.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |   |   |    |        |        |       |       |    |
|-------------|---------------|---|---|----|--------|--------|-------|-------|----|
| 9736K<br>NP | Tablet 2.5 mg | 4 | 5 | .. | *28.60 | *28.60 | 29.67 | Zomig | AP |
|-------------|---------------|---|---|----|--------|--------|-------|-------|----|

## PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS FOR DENTAL USE

|       |  |    |    |        |        |        |       |        |    |
|-------|--|----|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 3310F | <b>AMOXYCILLIN</b><br>Powder for paediatric oral drops<br>100 mg per mL, 20 mL | 11 | .. | \$0.61 | #13.18 | #13.79 | 14.59 | Amoxil | GK |
|-------|--|----|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|----|

## General Pharmaceutical Benefits

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Alimentary tract and metabolism

### Stomatological preparations

#### Stomatological preparations

##### *Antiinfectives and antiseptics for local oral treatment*

|                    |  |    |   |    |       |       |                       |          |
|--------------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----------|
| 2931G<br><i>NP</i> | <b>AMPHOTERICIN</b><br>Lozenge 10 mg                           | 20 | 1 | .. | 12.03 | 13.10 | Fungilin              | SI       |
| 3033P<br><i>NP</i> | <b>NYSTATIN</b><br>Oral suspension 100,000 units per mL, 24 mL | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 10.85 | 11.92 | Mycostatin<br>Nilstat | FM<br>SI |

##### *Other agents for local oral treatment*

#### **BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### Restricted benefit

Radiation induced mucositis.

|                    |   |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|--------------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1121B<br><i>NP</i> | Mouth and throat rinse 22.5 mg per 15 mL,<br>500 mL | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 22.26 | 23.33 | Difflam | IA |
|--------------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

### Drugs for acid related disorders

#### Antacids

##### *Combinations and complexes of aluminium, calcium and magnesium compounds*

|                    |   |   |   |    |        |       |           |    |
|--------------------|---|---|---|----|--------|-------|-----------|----|
| 2157M<br><i>NP</i> | <b>ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE with MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE</b><br>Oral suspension 200 mg-200 mg per 5 mL,<br>500 mL                                  | 2 | 5 | .. | *15.52 | 16.59 | Mylanta P | JT |
| 2159P<br><i>NP</i> | <b>ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE with MAGNESIUM TRISILICATE and MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE</b><br>Oral suspension 250 mg-120 mg-120 mg per<br>5 mL, 500 mL | 2 | 5 | .. | *17.70 | 18.77 | Gastrogel | FM |

### Drugs for peptic ulcer and gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (GORD)

#### *H<sub>2</sub>-receptor antagonists*

##### Note

The base-priced drugs in this therapeutic group are cimetidine, famotidine, nizatidine and ranitidine hydrochloride (except ranitidine hydrochloride effervescent tablet 150 mg (base) and syrup 150 mg (base) per 10 mL, 300 mL).

#### **CIMETIDINE**

##### Note

Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered prior to commencing initial treatment of peptic ulcer with this drug.

|                    |               |     |   |    |       |                    |                                 |          |
|--------------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| 1157X<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 200 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | 18.48 | 19.55              | Magicul 200                     | AF       |
| 1158Y<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 400 mg | 60  | 5 | .. | 18.48 | 19.55 <sup>a</sup> | GenRx Cimetidine<br>Magicul 400 | GX<br>AF |
| 1159B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 800 mg | 30  | 5 | .. | 18.48 | 19.55 <sup>a</sup> | GenRx Cimetidine<br>Magicul 800 | GX<br>AF |

#### **FAMOTIDINE**

##### Note

Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered prior to commencing initial treatment of peptic ulcer with this drug.

|       |              |    |   |    |       |                    |           |    |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|--------------------|-----------|----|
| 2487X | Tablet 20 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 16.86 | 17.93 <sup>a</sup> | Ausfam 20 | SI |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|--------------------|-----------|----|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer          |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Famotidine                           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Famotidine Sandoz SZ    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Famotidine GX     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pamacid 20 AF           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pepzan GM               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Famotidine                           |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.71 | 21.57                                    | 17.93  | <sup>a</sup> Pepcidine M MK          |
| 2488Y  | Tablet 40 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 16.86                                    | 17.93  | <sup>a</sup> Ausfam 40 SI            |
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Famotidine                           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Famotidine Sandoz SZ    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Famotidine GX     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pamacid 40 AF           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pepzan GM               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Famotidine                           |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.14 | 22.00                                    | 17.93  | <sup>a</sup> Pepcidine MK            |
| <b>NIZATIDINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered prior to commencing initial treatment of peptic ulcer with this drug. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 1504E  | Capsule 300 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 18.43                                    | 19.50  | <sup>a</sup> Nizac LN                |
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tacidine AF             |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.32 | 23.75                                    | 19.50  | <sup>a</sup> Tazac AS                |
| 1505F  | Capsule 150 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..                | 18.43                                    | 19.50  | <sup>a</sup> Nizac LN                |
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tacidine AF             |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.32 | 23.75                                    | 19.50  | <sup>a</sup> Tazac AS                |
| <b>RANITIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered prior to commencing initial treatment of peptic ulcer with this drug. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 1937Y  | Effervescent tablet 150 mg (base)                       | 60          | 5           | <sup>T</sup> 3.10 | *20.42                                   | 18.39  | Zantac GK                            |
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 1977C  | Tablet 300 mg (base)                                    | 30          | 5           | ..                | 17.30                                    | 18.37  | <sup>a</sup> Ausran SI               |
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Ranitidine                           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Ranitidine GX     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rani 2 AF               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranitidine Sandoz SZ    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Ranitidine                           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ulcaid RA               |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.62 | 18.92                                    | 18.37  | <sup>a</sup> Zantac GK               |
| 1978D  | Tablet 150 mg (base)                                    | 60          | 5           | ..                | 17.30                                    | 18.37  | <sup>a</sup> Ausran SI               |
| <i>NP,MW</i>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Ranitidine                           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Ranitidine GX     |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                        |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rani 2 AF                             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranitidine Sandoz SZ                  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranoxyl GM                            |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists<br>Ranitidine TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.62 | 18.92                                    | 18.37  | <sup>a</sup> Ulcaid RA                             |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>T</sup> 2.20 | *23.92                                   | 22.79  | <sup>a</sup> Zantac GK                             |
| 8162N<br>NP | Syrup 150 mg (base) per 10 mL, 300 mL                   | 2           | 5           |                   |  |  | Zantac Syrup GK                                    |

### RANITIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Note

Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered prior to commencing initial treatment of peptic ulcer with this drug.

#### Authority required

Adverse effects occurring with all of the base-priced drugs;

Drug interactions occurring with all of the base-priced drugs;

Drug interactions expected to occur with all of the base-priced drugs;

Transfer to a base-priced drug would cause patient confusion resulting in problems with compliance.

|             |                                       |    |   |    |        |       |              |    |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|----|
| 8903N<br>NP | Effervescent tablet 150 mg (base)     | 60 | 5 | .. | *20.42 | 21.49 | Zantac       | GK |
| 8905Q<br>NP | Syrup 150 mg (base) per 10 mL, 300 mL | 2  | 5 | .. | *23.92 | 24.99 | Zantac Syrup | GK |

### Prostaglandins

#### MISOPROSTOL

#### Caution

Misoprostol is a prostaglandin analogue. It should not be used in pregnant women.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 2630

Reduction in the incidence of gastrointestinal complications in patients who have a history of peptic ulcer disease and where NSAID therapy is essential;

##### 2631

Duodenal ulcer (including pyloric and stomal ulcers), proven by current or prior x-ray, endoscopy or surgery. The date and the method by which the ulcer was proven must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated;

##### 2632

Gastric ulcer, proven by x-ray, endoscopy or surgery within the previous 2 years. The date and the method by which the ulcer was proven must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

|       |                       |     |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------|-----------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1648R | Tablet 200 micrograms | 120 | 2 | .. | 52.12 | 34.20 | Cytotec | PF |
|-------|-----------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

### Proton pump inhibitors

#### ESOMEPRAZOLE MAGNESIUM TRIHYDRATE

#### Restricted benefit

Initial treatment of gastric ulcer.

#### Note

Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |  |    |   |    |       |       |        |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------|----|
| 8886Q<br>NP | Tablet (enteric coated), equivalent to 20 mg<br>esomeprazole | 30 | 1 | .. | 32.11 | 33.18 | Nexium | AP |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------|----|

#### ESOMEPRAZOLE MAGNESIUM TRIHYDRATE

#### Restricted benefit

Healing of gastro-oesophageal reflux disease.

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer   |    |
|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------|----|
|             | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 8601Q<br>NP | Tablet (enteric coated), equivalent to 40 mg<br>esomeprazole   | 30          | 1           | ..      | 48.95                                    | 34.20  | Nexium                        | AP |
|             | <b>ESOMEPRAZOLE MAGNESIUM TRIHYDRATE</b><br><b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Maintenance of healed gastro-oesophageal reflux disease;<br>Scleroderma oesophagus;<br>Pathological hypersecretory conditions including Zollinger-Ellison syndrome and idiopathic hypersecretion.   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
|             | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities will be authorised.  |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 8600P<br>NP | Tablet (enteric coated), equivalent to 20 mg<br>esomeprazole   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 32.11                                    | 33.18  | Nexium                        | AP |
|             | <b>ESOMEPRAZOLE MAGNESIUM TRIHYDRATE</b><br><b>Authority required</b><br>Pathological hypersecretory conditions including Zollinger-Ellison syndrome and idiopathic hypersecretion.  |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
|             | <b>Note</b><br><b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 3401B<br>NP | Tablet (enteric coated), equivalent to 40 mg<br>esomeprazole   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 48.95                                    | 34.20  | Nexium                        | AP |
|             | <b>LANSOPRAZOLE</b><br><b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Initial treatment of peptic ulcer.   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
|             | <b>Note</b><br>Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered.   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
|             | No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.  |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
|             | <b>Note</b><br>Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between lansoprazole capsule 30 mg and lansoprazole tablet 30 mg (orally disintegrating).  |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 2240X<br>NP | Capsule 30 mg  | 28          | 1           | ..      | 28.39                                    | 29.46  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lansoprazole | TX |
|             |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lanzopran        | RA |
|             |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zopral           | AF |
| 9477T<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg (orally disintegrating)   | 28          | 1           | ..      | 28.39                                    | 29.46  | <sup>a</sup> Zoton FasTabs    | WX |
|             | <b>LANSOPRAZOLE</b><br><b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease;<br>Scleroderma oesophagus.  |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 8198L<br>NP | Capsule 15 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 19.58                                    | 20.65  | Zopral                        | AF |
| 9331D<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg (orally disintegrating)   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 18.69                                    | 19.76  | Zoton FasTabs                 | WX |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>LANSOPRAZOLE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Scleroderma oesophagus.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between lansoprazole capsule 30 mg and lansoprazole tablet 30 mg (orally disintegrating). |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 2241Y<br>NP  | Capsule 30 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..                | 28.39                                    | 29.46  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lansoprazole TX             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lanzopran RA                    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zopral AF                       |
| 9478W<br>NP  | Tablet 30 mg (orally disintegrating)                    | 28          | 5           | ..                | 28.39                                    | 29.46  | <sup>a</sup> Zoton FasTabs WX                |
| <b>OMEPRAZOLE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Initial treatment of peptic ulcer.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between omeprazole tablet 20 mg and omeprazole tablet 20 mg (as magnesium).               |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 8331L<br>NP  | Tablet 20 mg  | 30          | 1           | ..                | 28.19                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Omeprazole TX               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole GX                   |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Omeprazole SZ             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meprazol GM                     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole-GA GQ                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole generichealth RA     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole Ranbaxy WA           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole Winthrop ZP          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozmep TW                        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Omeprazole |
| 9109K<br>NP  | Tablet 20 mg (as magnesium)                             | 30          | 1           | ..                | 28.19                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Acimax Tablets AL               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omepral PM                      |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.56 | 31.75                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Losec Tablets AP                |
| <b>OMEPRAZOLE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Initial treatment of peptic ulcer.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1326T<br>NP  | Capsule 20 mg   | 30          | 1           | ..                | 28.19                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Omepro-GA GM                    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pemzo SI                        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR                    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole 20 SZ                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Probitor                        |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| <b>OMEPRAZOLE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Scleroderma oesophagus;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Zollinger-Ellison syndrome.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between omeprazole tablet 20 mg and omeprazole tablet 20 mg (as magnesium). |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| 8333N<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 20 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 28.19                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Omeprazole TX   |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Omeprazole GX |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meprazol SZ         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole-GA GM    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole GQ       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole RA       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranbaxy             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole WA       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Winthrop            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozmepr ZP           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole          |
| 9110L<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 20 mg (as magnesium)                               | 30          | 5           | ..                | 28.19                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Acimax Tablets AL   |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprial PM         |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.56 | 31.75                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Losec Tablets AP    |
| <b>OMEPRAZOLE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Scleroderma oesophagus;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Zollinger-Ellison syndrome.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| 1327W<br><i>NP</i>   | Capsule 20 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 28.19                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Omepro-GA GM        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pemzo SI            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Omeprazole 20       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Probitor SZ         |
| 8332M<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 10 mg (as magnesium)                               | 30          | 5           | ..                | 21.77                                    | 22.84  | Losec Tablets AP                 |
| <b>PANTOPRAZOLE SODIUM SESQUIHYDRATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Initial treatment of peptic ulcer.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                  |
| 8007K<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet (enteric coated), equivalent to 40 mg pantoprazole | 30          | 2           | ..                | 30.71                                    | 31.78  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Pantoprazole TX |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozpan RA            |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code                                     | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form      | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                             |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Panto NZ                                   |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantofast 40 RZ                            |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoloc NH                                |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole-GA GM                         |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole<br>generichealth GQ           |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole<br>Sandoz SZ                  |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Salpraz AF                                 |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Somac NQ                                   |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sozol SI                                   |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Pantoprazole TW |
| 9423Y<br>NP                              | Sachet containing granules 40 mg                             | 30          | 2           | ..      | 30.71                                    | 31.78  | <sup>a</sup> Somac NQ                                   |
| <hr/>                                    |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>PANTOPRAZOLE SODIUM SESQUIHYDRATE</b> |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>         |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease.       |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 8399C<br>NP                              | Tablet (enteric coated), equivalent to 20 mg<br>pantoprazole | 30          | 5           | ..      | 18.27                                    | 19.34  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Pantoprazole TX                        |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Pantoprazole CH               |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozpan RA                                   |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Panto NZ                                   |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantofast 20 RZ                            |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoloc NH                                |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole-GA GM                         |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole<br>generichealth GQ           |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole<br>Sandoz SZ                  |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Salpraz AF                                 |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Somac NQ                                   |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Pantoprazole TW |
| <hr/>                                    |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>PANTOPRAZOLE SODIUM SESQUIHYDRATE</b> |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>         |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease.       |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>         |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Scleroderma oesophagus;                  |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Zollinger-Ellison syndrome.              |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 8008L<br>NP                              | Tablet (enteric coated), equivalent to 40 mg<br>pantoprazole | 30          | 5           | ..      | 30.71                                    | 31.78  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Pantoprazole TX                        |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Pantoprazole CH               |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozpan RA                                   |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Panto NZ                                   |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantofast 40 RZ                            |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoloc NH                                |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole-GA GM                         |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole GQ                            |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer          |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | generichealth                        |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pantoprazole Sandoz SZ  |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Salpraz AF              |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Somac NQ                |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sozol SI                |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
| 9424B<br>NP | Sachet containing granules 40 mg                        | 30          | 5           | ..      | 30.71                                    | 31.78  | Pantoprazole Somac NQ                |

### RABEPRAZOLE SODIUM

#### Restricted benefit

Initial treatment of peptic ulcer.

#### Note

Helicobacter pylori eradication therapy should be considered.

#### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|             |                               |    |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|-------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 8509W<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg (enteric coated) | 30 | 2 | .. | 36.53 | 34.20 | Pariet JC |
|-------------|-------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|

### RABEPRAZOLE SODIUM

#### Restricted benefit

Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease;

Scleroderma oesophagus.

|             |                               |    |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|-------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 8507R<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (enteric coated) | 28 | 5 | .. | 36.53 | 34.20 | Pariet JC |
| 8508T<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg (enteric coated) | 30 | 5 | .. | 36.53 | 34.20 | Pariet JC |

### *Combinations for eradication of Helicobacter pylori*

#### ESOMEPRAZOLE MAGNESIUM TRIHYDRATE and CLARITHROMYCIN and AMOXYCILLIN

#### Restricted benefit

Eradication of Helicobacter pylori associated with peptic ulcer disease.

|             |   |    |    |    |       |       |               |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------------|
| 8738X<br>NP | Pack containing 14 tablets (enteric coated) equivalent to 20 mg esomeprazole, 14 tablets clarithromycin 500 mg and 28 capsules amoxicillin 500 mg | ‡1 | .. | .. | 77.61 | 34.20 | Nexium Hp7 AP |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------------|

#### OMEPRAZOLE and CLARITHROMYCIN and AMOXYCILLIN

#### Restricted benefit

Eradication of Helicobacter pylori associated with peptic ulcer disease.

|             |   |    |    |    |       |       |                 |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------|
| 8272J<br>NP | Pack containing 14 capsules omeprazole 20 mg, 14 tablets clarithromycin 500 mg and 28 capsules amoxicillin 500 mg | ‡1 | .. | .. | 65.71 | 34.20 | Probitor Hp7 SZ |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------|

### *Other drugs for peptic ulcer and gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (GORD)*

#### SODIUM ALGINATE with CALCIUM CARBONATE and SODIUM BICARBONATE

|             |  |   |   |    |        |       |               |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|---------------|
| 2014B<br>NP | Oral liquid 1 g-320 mg-534 mg in 20 mL, 500 mL | 2 | 5 | .. | *14.68 | 15.75 | Gaviscon P RC |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|---------------|

#### SUCRALFATE

|             |   |     |   |                   |       |       |                          |
|-------------|---|-----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| 2055E<br>NP | Tablet equivalent to 1 g anhydrous sucralfate | 120 | 2 | ..                | 23.35 | 24.42 | <sup>a</sup> Ulcyte AF   |
|             |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.06 | 25.41 | 24.42 | <sup>a</sup> Carafate AS |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Drugs for functional gastrointestinal disorders</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

### Propulsives

#### *Propulsives*

|                        |  |    |    |                   |       |       |          |    |
|------------------------|--|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 1347X<br><i>NP</i>     | <b>DOMPERIDONE</b><br>Tablet 10 mg                             | 25 | .. | ..                | 8.89  | 9.96  | Motilium | JC |
| 1206L<br><i>NP, MW</i> | <b>METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE</b><br>Injection 10 mg in 2 mL | 10 | .. | ..                | 12.99 | 14.06 | Maxolon  | VT |
| 1207M<br><i>NP, MW</i> | Tablet 10 mg   | 25 | .. | ..                | 8.20  | 9.27  | Pramin   | AF |
|                        |  |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.02 | 11.22 | 9.27  | Maxolon  | VT |

### Antiemetics and anti-nauseants

#### Antiemetics and anti-nauseants

#### *Serotonin (5HT<sub>3</sub>) antagonists*

##### **DOLASETRON MESYLATE**

##### Restricted benefit

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat malignancy which occurs within 48 hours of chemotherapy administration.

Increased maximum quantities will be limited to a maximum of 7 days per chemotherapy cycle.

|                    |                               |   |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 8191D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 200 mg                 | 2 | .. | .. | 50.72 | 34.20 | Anzemet | SW |
| 8192E<br><i>NP</i> | I.V. injection 100 mg in 5 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 29.29 | 30.36 | Anzemet | SW |

##### **GRANISETRON HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### Restricted benefit

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat malignancy which occurs within 48 hours of chemotherapy administration.

Increased maximum quantities will be limited to a maximum of 7 days per chemotherapy cycle.

|                    |  |   |    |    |        |       |                               |    |
|--------------------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------------------------------|----|
| 8728J<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 2 mg (base)                         | 2 | .. | .. | *58.98 | 34.20 | Kytril                        | HH |
| 8729K<br><i>NP</i> | Concentrated injection 3 mg (base) in 3 mL | 1 | .. | .. | *37.85 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Granisetron Kabi | PK |
|                    |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Kytril           | HH |

##### **GRANISETRON HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

**3611**

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with radiotherapy being used to treat malignancy.

|                    |  |   |    |    |        |       |                               |    |
|--------------------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------------------------------|----|
| 8730L<br><i>NP</i> | Concentrated injection 3 mg (base) in 3 mL | 1 | .. | .. | *37.85 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Granisetron Kabi | PK |
|                    |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Kytril           | HH |
| 8873B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 2 mg (base)                         | 5 | 1  | .. | 137.84 | 34.20 | Kytril                        | HH |

##### **ONDANSETRON**

##### Restricted benefit

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat malignancy which occurs within 48 hours of chemotherapy administration.

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form     | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer          |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| Increased maximum quantities will be limited to a maximum of 7 days per chemotherapy cycle. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                      |
| 8224W<br>NP   | Tablet 4 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate)                    | 4           | ..          | ..      | 38.78                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ondansetron TX      |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-DRLA RZ     |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz SZ                |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Onsetron 4 ZP           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zofran GK               |
| 8225X<br>NP   | Tablet 8 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate)                    | 4           | ..          | ..      | 54.99                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ondansetron TX      |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-DRLA RZ     |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz SZ                |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Onsetron 8 ZP           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zofran GK               |
| 8226Y<br>NP   | I.V. injection 4 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate)<br>in 2 mL | 1           | ..          | ..      | 19.93                                    | 21.00  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-Claris AE   |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz SZ                |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Onsetron ZP             |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty PF |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zofran GK               |
| 8227B<br>NP   | I.V. injection 8 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate)<br>in 4 mL | 1           | ..          | ..      | 27.90                                    | 28.97  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-Claris AE   |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz SZ                |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Onsetron ZP             |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty PF |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zofran GK               |
| 9441X<br>NP   | Syrup 4 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate) per<br>5 mL, 50 mL  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 85.38                                    | 34.20  | Zofran syrup 50 mL GK                |

### ONDANSETRON

#### Restricted benefit

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat malignancy which occurs within 48 hours of chemotherapy administration.

Increased maximum quantities will be limited to a maximum of 7 days per chemotherapy cycle.

#### Note

Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between the orally disintegrating tablets and wafers.

|             |                                     |   |    |    |       |       |                                      |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 5470X<br>NP | Tablet (orally disintegrating) 4 mg | 4 | .. | .. | 38.78 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron ODT-DRLA RZ |
| 5471Y<br>NP | Tablet (orally disintegrating) 8 mg | 4 | .. | .. | 54.99 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron ODT-DRLA RZ |
| 8410P<br>NP | Wafer 4 mg                          | 4 | .. | .. | 38.78 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz Zydis SZ          |
|             |                                     |   |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Zofran Zydis GK         |
| 8411Q<br>NP | Wafer 8 mg                          | 4 | .. | .. | 54.99 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz Zydis SZ          |
|             |                                     |   |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Zofran Zydis GK         |

### ONDANSETRON

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3611

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with radiotherapy being used to treat malignancy.

|             |  |    |   |    |       |       |                                 |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------------------|
| 1594X<br>NP | Tablet 4 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate) | 10 | 1 | .. | 83.79 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ondansetron TX |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------------------|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code               | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form     | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer              |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| 1595Y<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 8 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate)                    | 10          | 1           | ..      | 127.64                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-DRLA RZ         |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz SZ                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Onsetron 4 ZP               |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zofran GK                   |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ondansetron TX          |
| 1596B<br><i>NP</i> | I.V. injection 4 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate)<br>in 2 mL | 1           | ..          | ..      | 19.93                                    | 21.00  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-DRLA RZ         |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz SZ                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Onsetron 8 ZP               |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zofran GK                   |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-Claris AE       |
| 1597C<br><i>NP</i> | I.V. injection 8 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate)<br>in 4 mL | 1           | ..          | ..      | 27.90                                    | 28.97  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-Claris AE       |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz SZ                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Onsetron ZP                 |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd PF |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zofran GK                   |
| 8233H<br><i>NP</i> | Syrup 4 mg (as hydrochloride dihydrate) per<br>5 mL, 50 mL  | 1           | 1           | ..      | 85.38                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron-Claris AE       |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz SZ                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Onsetron ZP                 |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd PF |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zofran GK                   |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | Zofran syrup 50 mL GK                    |

### ONDANSETRON

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3611

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with radiotherapy being used to treat malignancy.

#### Note

Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between the orally disintegrating tablets and wafers.

|                    |                                     |    |   |    |        |       |                                      |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 5472B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet (orally disintegrating) 4 mg | 10 | 1 | .. | 83.79  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron ODT-DRLA RZ |
| 5473C<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet (orally disintegrating) 8 mg | 10 | 1 | .. | 127.64 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ondansetron ODT-DRLA RZ |
| 8412R<br><i>NP</i> | Wafer 4 mg                          | 10 | 1 | .. | 83.79  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz Zydis SZ          |
|                    |                                     |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Zofran Zydis GK         |
| 8413T<br><i>NP</i> | Wafer 8 mg                          | 10 | 1 | .. | 127.64 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ondaz Zydis SZ          |
|                    |                                     |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Zofran Zydis GK         |

### PALONOSETRON

#### Restricted benefit

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat malignancy which occurs within 48 hours of chemotherapy administration.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities will be authorised. Palonosetron is not PBS-subsidised for administration with oral 5-HT<sub>3</sub> antagonists.

|                    |  |   |    |    |       |       |          |
|--------------------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|----------|
| 5295Q<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 250 micrograms (as hydrochloride) in<br>5 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 47.86 | 34.20 | Aloxi TS |
|--------------------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|----------|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>TROPISETRON HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Management of nausea and vomiting associated with cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat malignancy which occurs within 48 hours of chemotherapy administration. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Increased maximum quantities will be limited to a maximum of 7 days per chemotherapy cycle.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2745L<br>NP  | Capsule 5 mg (base)                                     | 2           | ..          | ..      | 50.72                                    | 34.20  | Navoban NV                  |
| 2746M<br>NP  | I.V. injection 5 mg (base) in 5 mL                      | 1           | ..          | ..      | 29.29                                    | 30.36  | Navoban NV                  |

### Other antiemetics

#### APREPITANT

##### Note

Aprepitant is not PBS-subsidised for nausea and vomiting associated with radiotherapy being used to treat malignancy.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

###### 3619

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat malignancy, in combination with a 5HT3 antagonist and dexamethasone, where any 1 of the following chemotherapy agents are to be administered:

- (a) altretamine;
- (b) carmustine;
- (c) cisplatin when a single dose constitutes a cycle of chemotherapy;
- (d) cyclophosphamide at a dose of 1500 mg per square metre per day or greater;
- (e) dacarbazine;
- (f) procarbazine when a single dose constitutes a cycle of chemotherapy;
- (g) streptozocin.

No more than 1 pack containing 1 x 125 mg capsule and 2 x 80 mg capsules will be authorised per cycle of cytotoxic chemotherapy;

###### 3620

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat breast cancer, in combination with a 5HT3 antagonist and dexamethasone, where cyclophosphamide and an anthracycline are to be co-administered.

No more than 1 pack containing 1 x 125 mg capsule and 2 x 80 mg capsules will be authorised per cycle of cytotoxic chemotherapy;

###### 3621

Management of nausea and vomiting associated with moderately emetogenic cytotoxic chemotherapy being used to treat malignancy, in combination with a 5HT3 antagonist and dexamethasone on day 1, where the patient has had a prior episode of chemotherapy induced nausea or vomiting where any 1 of the following intravenous chemotherapy agents is to be administered:

- (a) arsenic trioxide;
- (b) azacitidine;
- (c) carboplatin;
- (d) cyclophosphamide at a dose of less than 1500 mg per square metre per day;
- (e) cytarabine at a dose of greater than 1 g per square metre per day;
- (f) dactinomycin;
- (g) daunorubicin;
- (h) doxorubicin;
- (i) epirubicin;
- (j) fotemustine;
- (k) idarubicin;
- (l) ifosfamide;
- (m) irinotecan;
- (n) melphalan;
- (o) methotrexate at a dose of 250 mg to 1 g per square metre;
- (p) oxaliplatin;
- (q) raltitrexed.

No more than one pack containing 1 x 125 mg capsule and 2 x 80 mg capsules will be authorised per cycle of cytotoxic chemotherapy. Concomitant use of a 5HT3 antagonist should not occur with aprepitant on days 2 and 3 of any chemotherapy cycle.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities will be authorised. Prescribers should advise Medicare Australia of the number of cycles planned when requesting approval for repeats.

|             |   |   |    |    |        |       |          |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|----------|
| 8808N<br>NP | Pack containing 1 capsule 125 mg and 2 capsules 80 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 138.89 | 34.20 | Emend MK |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|----------|

#### PROCHLORPERAZINE

##### Caution

Prochlorperazine may be associated with parkinsonism and tardive dyskinesia and should be used for short-term treatment only.

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer           |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                       |    |
| As prochlorperazine may be associated with parkinsonism and tardive dyskinesia it should be used for short-term treatment only. However, authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats of prochlorperazine tablets will be granted for the treatment of emesis associated with malignant disease. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                       |    |
| 2369Q<br>NP   | Injection containing prochlorperazine mesylate<br>12.5 mg in 1 mL                               | 10          | ..          | ..                | 16.82                                    | 17.89  | Stemetil                              | SW |
| 2893G<br>NP   | Tablet containing prochlorperazine maleate<br>5 mg  | 25          | ..          | ..                | 9.46                                     | 10.53  | <sup>a</sup> APO-<br>Prochlorperazine | TX |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> ProCalm                  | SI |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Prochlorperazine-<br>GA  | GM |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Stemzine                 | AV |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.38 | 12.84                                    | 10.53  | <sup>a</sup> Stemetil                 | SW |
| 2895J<br>NP   | Suppositories containing prochlorperazine<br>equivalent to 25 mg prochlorperazine maleate,<br>5 | 1           | 2           | ..                | 19.93                                    | 21.00  | Stemetil                              | SW |

### Bile and liver Therapy

#### Bile therapy

##### *Bile acid preparations*

#### URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1700

Primary biliary cirrhosis.

##### Note

Not for use in the treatment of sclerosing cholangitis or cholelithiasis.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                |     |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------------|----------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 8448P<br>NP | Capsule 250 mg | 200 | 2 | .. | *372.60 | 34.20 | Ursofalk | OA |
|-------------|----------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

### Laxatives

#### Laxatives

##### *Contact laxatives*

#### BISACODYL

##### Restricted benefit

Paraplegic and quadriplegic patients and others with severe neurogenic impairment of bowel function;

Patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities;

For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult;

Patients receiving palliative care;

Terminal malignant neoplasia;

Anorectal congenital abnormalities;

Megacolon.

|             |                         |     |   |                   |        |       |  |    |
|-------------|-------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|--|----|
| 1258F<br>NP | Suppositories 10 mg, 12 | 3   | 4 | ..                | *18.33 | 19.40 | Petrus Bisacodyl<br>Suppositories              | PP |
| 1259G<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg             | 200 | 2 | ..                | 14.11  | 15.18 | Bisalax  | AS |
|             |                         |     |   |                   |        |       | Lax-Tab  | AE |
| 1260H<br>NP | Suppositories 10 mg, 10 | 3   | 5 | ..                | *20.94 | 22.01 | <sup>a</sup> Petrus Bisacodyl<br>Suppositories | PP |
|             |                         |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.11 | *22.05 | 22.01 | <sup>a</sup> Dulcolax                          | BY |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form               | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer         |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Bulk producers</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>STERCULIA with FRANGULA BARK</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Paraplegic and quadriplegic patients and others with severe neurogenic impairment of bowel function;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities; |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult;                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Patients receiving palliative care;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Terminal malignant neoplasia;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Anorectal congenital abnormalities;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Megacolon.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| 1104D<br>NP  | Granules 620 mg-80 mg per g (62%-8%), 500 g                           | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | 24.95                                    | 26.02  | Normacol Plus NE                    |
| <b>Osmotically acting laxatives</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>LACTULOSE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Hepatic coma or precoma (chronic porto-systemic encephalopathy);   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Constipation in patients with malignant neoplasia.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| 3064G<br>NP  | Mixture 3.34 g per 5 mL, 500 mL                                       | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 13.84                                    | 14.91  | <sup>a</sup> Actilax AF             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Genlac SI              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lactulose GX     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lac-Dol GM             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lactocur SZ            |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.58 | 15.42                                    | 14.91  | <sup>a</sup> Duphalac SM            |
| <b>MACROGOL 3350</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Constipation in patients with malignant neoplasia;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Chronic constipation or faecal impaction not adequately controlled with first line interventions such as bulk-forming agents;                            |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Paraplegic and quadriplegic patients and others with severe neurogenic impairment of bowel function not responding to other oral therapies;              |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Patients receiving palliative care.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| 3416T<br>NP  | Powder for oral solution 510 g  | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 20.55                                    | 21.62  | <sup>a</sup> MediHealth ClearLax ON |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> OsmoLax KY             |
| 8612G<br>NP  | Sachets containing powder for solution 13.125 g with electrolytes, 30 | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 20.55                                    | 21.62  | Movicol NE                          |
| <b>Enemas</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>BISACODYL</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Paraplegic and quadriplegic patients and others with severe neurogenic impairment of bowel function;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities; |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult;                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Patients receiving palliative care;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Terminal malignant neoplasia;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Anorectal congenital abnormalities;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Megacolon.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| 1263L<br>NP  | Enemas 10 mg in 5 mL, 25  | ‡1          | 2           | ..                | 37.94                                    | 34.20  | Bisalax AS                          |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                         |              |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|--------------|
| <b>SORBITOL with SODIUM CITRATE and SODIUM LAURYL SULFOACETATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| Paraplegic and quadriplegic patients and others with severe neurogenic impairment of bowel function;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| Patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities; |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult;                    |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| Patients receiving palliative care;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| Terminal malignant neoplasia;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| Anorectal congenital abnormalities;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| Megacolon.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |              |
| 2091C<br>NP  | Enemas 3.125 g-450 mg-45 mg in 5 mL, 12                 | 2           | 2           | ..      | *32.28                                   | 33.35  | <sup>a</sup> Micolette<br><br><sup>a</sup> Microlax | AE<br><br>JT |

### Other laxatives

#### GLYCEROL

##### Restricted benefit

Paraplegic and quadriplegic patients and others with severe neurogenic impairment of bowel function;

Patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities;

For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult;

Patients receiving palliative care;

Terminal malignant neoplasia;

Anorectal congenital abnormalities;

Megacolon.

|             |  |   |   |    |        |       |                                      |    |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------------------------------------|----|
| 2555L<br>NP | Suppositories 700 mg (for infants), 12 | 3 | 5 | .. | *18.84 | 19.91 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |
| 2556M<br>NP | Suppositories 1.4 g (for children), 12 | 3 | 5 | .. | *19.26 | 20.33 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |
| 2557N<br>NP | Suppositories 2.8 g (for adults), 12   | 3 | 5 | .. | *19.74 | 20.81 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |

## Antidiarrheals, intestinal antiinflammatory/ antiinfective agents

### Intestinal antiinfectives

#### *Antibiotics*

##### NEOMYCIN SULFATE

|             |               |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 2325J<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg | 25 | 1 | .. | 15.05 | 16.12 | Neosulf | AF |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

##### NYSTATIN

|             |                       |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|-----------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1696G<br>NP | Tablet 500,000 units  | 50 | .. | .. | 17.98 | 19.05 | Nilstat | SI |
| 1699K<br>NP | Capsule 500,000 units | 50 | .. | .. | 17.98 | 19.05 | Nilstat | SI |

##### VANCOMYCIN

##### Authority required

Antibiotic associated pseudomembranous colitis due to Clostridium difficile which is unresponsive to metronidazole;

Antibiotic associated pseudomembranous colitis due to Clostridium difficile where there is intolerance to metronidazole.

##### Note

Metronidazole has similar efficacy to vancomycin but may have less selective pressure to vancomycin resistant enterococci and is therefore the preferred treatment.

|       |   |    |    |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------|---|----|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 3113W | Capsule 125 mg (125,000 i.u.) vancomycin activity | 40 | .. | .. | *232.26 | 34.20 | Vancocin | AS |
|-------|---|----|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 3114X | Capsule 250 mg (250,000 i.u.) vancomycin activity       | 40          | ..          | ..      | *440.06                                  | 34.20  | Vancocin AS                 |

### Electrolytes with carbohydrates

#### *Oral rehydration salt formulations*

##### ELECTROLYTE REPLACEMENT (ORAL)

##### Note

Each sachet contains sodium chloride 470 mg, potassium chloride 300 mg, sodium acid citrate 530 mg and glucose 3.56 g.

|             |  |   |    |    |       |                    |                             |
|-------------|--|---|----|----|-------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3196F<br>NP | Sachets containing powder for oral solution<br>4.9 g, 10 | 1 | .. | .. | 12.92 | 13.99 <sup>a</sup> | O.R.S. AS                   |
|             |  |   |    |    |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Repalyte New Formulation SW |
|             |  |   |    |    |       | <sup>a</sup>       | restore O.R.S. GM           |

### Antipropulsives

#### *Antipropulsives*

##### DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE with ATROPINE SULFATE

|             |                             |    |    |                   |       |                   |              |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------------------|--------------|
| 2501P<br>NP | Tablet 2.5 mg-25 micrograms | 20 | .. | ..                | 8.48  | 9.55 <sup>a</sup> | Lofenoxal HC |
|             |                             |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.72 | 10.20 | 9.55 <sup>a</sup> | Lomotil BI   |

##### LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

|             |              |    |    |                   |      |                   |                           |
|-------------|--------------|----|----|-------------------|------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 1571Q<br>NP | Capsule 2 mg | 12 | .. | ..                | 8.46 | 9.53 <sup>a</sup> | Gastro-Stop Loperamide AS |
|             |              |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 0.89 | 9.35 | 9.53 <sup>a</sup> | Imodium JT                |

### Intestinal antiinflammatory agents

#### *Corticosteroids acting locally*

##### HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

##### Restricted benefit

Proctitis;

Ulcerative colitis.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |   |   |    |        |       |             |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|-------------|
| 1502C<br>NP | Rectal foam 90 mg per applicatorful, 14 applications, aerosol 21.1 g | 2 | 3 | .. | *37.08 | 34.20 | Colifoam AS |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|-------------|

##### PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |    |   |    |         |       |            |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|---------|-------|------------|
| 1920C<br>NP | Retention enema equivalent to 20 mg prednisolone in 100 mL | 28 | 3 | .. | *211.34 | 34.20 | Predsol SI |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|---------|-------|------------|

##### PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE

##### Restricted benefit

Proctitis;

Ulcerative colitis.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 2554K<br>NP | Suppositories equivalent to 5 mg prednisolone,<br>10    | 3           | 3           | ..      | *41.70                                   | 34.20  | Predsol                     | SI |

### *Aminosalicylic acid and similar agents*

#### **BALSALAZIDE SODIUM**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**1708**

Ulcerative colitis where hypersensitivity to sulfonamides exists;

**1709**

Ulcerative colitis where intolerance to sulfasalazine exists.

##### **Note**

Not for the treatment of Crohn disease.

##### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                |     |   |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|----------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 8845M<br>NP | Capsule 750 mg | 180 | 5 | .. | 124.85 | 34.20 | Colazide | PK |
|-------------|----------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|

#### **MESALAZINE**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**1708**

Ulcerative colitis where hypersensitivity to sulfonamides exists;

**1709**

Ulcerative colitis where intolerance to sulfasalazine exists;

**2268**

Crohn disease where hypersensitivity to sulfonamides exists;

**2269**

Crohn disease where intolerance to sulfasalazine exists.

##### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |     |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------------|---|-----|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 1611T<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg (enteric coated)                                  | 100 | 5 | .. | 93.43   | 34.20 | Mesasal  | GK |
| 2214M<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg (prolonged release)                               | 200 | 5 | .. | *297.44 | 34.20 | Pentasa  | FP |
| 2234N<br>NP | Sachet containing prolonged release granules,<br>1 g per sachet | 120 | 5 | .. | 330.67  | 34.20 | Pentasa  | FP |
| 2287J<br>NP | Sachet containing prolonged release granules,<br>2 g per sachet | 60  | 5 | .. | 312.30  | 34.20 | Pentasa  | FP |
| 3413P<br>NP | Tablet 1 g (prolonged release)                                  | 120 | 5 | .. | *330.68 | 34.20 | Pentasa  | FP |
| 8731M<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg (enteric coated)                                  | 200 | 5 | .. | *297.44 | 34.20 | Salofalk | OA |

#### **MESALAZINE**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**1708**

Ulcerative colitis where hypersensitivity to sulfonamides exists;

**1709**

Ulcerative colitis where intolerance to sulfasalazine exists.

##### **Note**

Not for the treatment of Crohn disease.

##### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 8598M<br>NP | Sachet containing granules, 500 mg per sachet           | 200         | 5           | ..      | *297.44                                  | 34.20  | Salofalk                    | OA |
| 8599N<br>NP | Sachet containing granules, 1 g per sachet              | 100         | 5           | ..      | 279.63                                   | 34.20  | Salofalk                    | OA |
| 9206M<br>NP | Sachet containing granules, 1.5 g per sachet            | 60          | 5           | ..      | 244.92                                   | 34.20  | Salofalk                    | OA |
| 9353G<br>NP | Tablet 1.2 g (prolonged release)                        | 60          | 5           | ..      | 220.99                                   | 34.20  | Mezavant                    | ZI |

### MESALAZINE

#### **Restricted benefit**

Acute episode of mild to moderate ulcerative proctitis.

#### **Note**

Not for the treatment of Crohn disease.

#### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

#### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |                           |    |   |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|---------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 5461K<br>NP | Suppository (moulded) 1 g | 30 | 1 | .. | 136.39 | 34.20 | Salofalk | OA |
| 8752P<br>NP | Suppository 1 g           | 28 | 1 | .. | 127.72 | 34.20 | Pentasa  | FP |

### MESALAZINE

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1707

Acute episode of mild to moderate ulcerative colitis.

#### **Note**

Not for the treatment of Crohn disease.

#### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

#### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |  |   |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 8616L<br>NP | Enemas 2 g in 60 mL, 7   | 4 | 1 | .. | *336.22 | 34.20 | Salofalk | OA |
| 8617M<br>NP | Enemas 4 g in 60 mL, 7   | 4 | 1 | .. | *445.90 | 34.20 | Salofalk | OA |
| 8753Q<br>NP | Enemas 1 g in 100 mL, 7  | 4 | 1 | .. | *336.22 | 34.20 | Pentasa  | FP |
| 8768L<br>NP | Rectal foam 1 g per applicatorful, 14 applications, aerosol 80 g | 4 | 1 | .. | *336.22 | 34.20 | Salofalk | OA |

### OLSALAZINE SODIUM

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1708

Ulcerative colitis where hypersensitivity to sulfonamides exists;

1709

Ulcerative colitis where intolerance to sulfasalazine exists.

#### **Note**

Not for the treatment of Crohn disease.

#### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 1728Y<br>NP | Capsule 250 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..      | 61.41                                    | 34.20  | Dipentum                    | UC |
| 8086N<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 103.29                                   | 34.20  | Dipentum                    | UC |

### SULFASALAZINE

#### Note

#### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                |     |   |                   |        |                    |                |    |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|--------|--------------------|----------------|----|
| 2093E<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg                  | 200 | 5 | ..                | *50.28 | 34.20              | Salazopyrin    | PF |
| 2096H<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg (enteric coated) | 200 | 5 | ..                | *54.24 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Pyralin EN     | KR |
|             |                                |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.84 | *56.08 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Salazopyrin-EN | PF |

### SULFASALAZINE

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                                |     |    |                   |        |                    |                |    |
|-------|--------------------------------|-----|----|-------------------|--------|--------------------|----------------|----|
| 9208P | Tablet 500 mg                  | 200 | 11 | ..                | *50.28 | 34.20              | Salazopyrin    | PF |
| 9209Q | Tablet 500 mg (enteric coated) | 200 | 11 | ..                | *54.24 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Pyralin EN     | KR |
|       |                                |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.84 | *56.08 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Salazopyrin-EN | PF |

## Digestives, incl. enzymes

### Digestives, incl. enzymes

#### *Enzyme preparations*

### PANCREATIC EXTRACT

#### Note

#### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |     |    |    |         |       |              |    |
|-------------|---|-----|----|----|---------|-------|--------------|----|
| 8020D<br>NP | Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 10,000 BP units of lipase activity | 500 | 10 | .. | *170.77 | 34.20 | Creon 10,000 | SM |
| 8021E<br>NP | Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 25,000 BP units of lipase activity | 200 | 10 | .. | *137.90 | 34.20 | Creon 25,000 | SM |
| 8556H<br>NP | Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 5,000 BP units of lipase activity  | 500 | 10 | .. | *119.22 | 34.20 | Creon 5000   | SM |
| 9412J<br>NP | Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 40,000 BP units of lipase activity | 200 | 10 | .. | *215.62 | 34.20 | Creon 40,000 | SM |

### PANCREATIC EXTRACT

|       |  |   |    |    |         |       |             |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|-------|-------------|----|
| 5453B | Granules (enteric coated) providing not less than 5,000 BP units of lipase activity per 100 mg, 20 g | 3 | 10 | .. | *141.78 | 34.20 | Creon Micro | SM |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|-------|-------------|----|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>PANCREATIC EXTRACT</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For use in patients with cystic fibrosis, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5454C   | Granules (enteric coated) providing not less than 5,000 BP units of lipase activity per 100 mg, 20 g            | 3           | 21          | ..      | *141.78                                  | 34.20  | Creon Micro                 | SM |
| 9225M   | Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 5,000 BP units of lipase activity  | 500         | 21          | ..      | *119.22                                  | 34.20  | Creon 5000                  | SM |
| 9226N   | Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 10,000 BP units of lipase activity | 500         | 21          | ..      | *170.77                                  | 34.20  | Creon 10,000                | SM |
| 9227P   | Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 25,000 BP units of lipase activity | 200         | 21          | ..      | *137.90                                  | 34.20  | Creon 25,000                | SM |
| 9413K   | Capsule (containing enteric coated minimicrospheres) providing not less than 40,000 BP units of lipase activity | 200         | 21          | ..      | *215.62                                  | 34.20  | Creon 40,000                | SM |

### PANCRELIPASE

#### Note

#### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |     |    |    |         |       |                 |    |
|-------------|---|-----|----|----|---------|-------|-----------------|----|
| 8366H<br>NP | Capsule (containing enteric coated microtablets) providing not less than 25,000 BP units of lipase activity | 200 | 10 | .. | *137.90 | 34.20 | Panzytrat 25000 | TM |
|-------------|---|-----|----|----|---------|-------|-----------------|----|

### PANCRELIPASE

#### **Restricted benefit**

For use in patients with cystic fibrosis, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |   |     |    |    |         |       |                 |    |
|-------|---|-----|----|----|---------|-------|-----------------|----|
| 9229R | Capsule (containing enteric coated microtablets) providing not less than 25,000 BP units of lipase activity | 200 | 21 | .. | *137.90 | 34.20 | Panzytrat 25000 | TM |
|-------|---|-----|----|----|---------|-------|-----------------|----|

## Drugs used in diabetes

### Insulins and analogues

#### *Insulins and analogues for injection, fast-acting*

|                          |   |   |   |    |         |       |                           |    |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|---------------------------|----|
| <b>INSULIN ASPART</b>    |   |   |   |    |         |       |                           |    |
| 8435Y<br>NP              | Injections (human analogue) 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5 | 5 | 1 | .. | *264.22 | 34.20 | NovoRapid FlexPen         | NF |
|                          |   |   |   |    |         |       | NovoRapid Penfill<br>3 mL | NO |
| 8571D<br>NP              | Injection (human analogue) 100 units per mL, 10 mL    | 5 | 2 | .. | *159.27 | 34.20 | NovoRapid                 | NO |
| <b>INSULIN GLULISINE</b> |   |   |   |    |         |       |                           |    |
| 1921D<br>NP              | Injections (human analogue) 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5 | 5 | 1 | .. | *264.22 | 34.20 | Apidra                    | AV |
|                          |   |   |   |    |         |       | Apidra SoloStar           | SW |
| 9224L<br>NP              | Injection (human analogue) 100 units per mL, 10 mL    | 5 | 2 | .. | *159.27 | 34.20 | Apidra                    | SW |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code                   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>INSULIN LISPRO</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8084L<br>NP            | Injection (human analogue) 100 units per mL,<br>10 mL    | 5           | 2           | ..      | *159.27                                  | 34.20  | Humalog                     | LY |
| 8212F<br>NP            | Injections (human analogue) 100 units per mL,<br>3 mL, 5 | 5           | 1           | ..      | *264.22                                  | 34.20  | Humalog                     | LY |
|                        |  |             |             |         |  |  | Humalog KwikPen             | KP |
| <b>INSULIN NEUTRAL</b> |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1531N<br>NP            | Injection (human) 100 units per mL, 10 mL                | 5           | 2           | ..      | *133.82                                  | 34.20  | Actrapid                    | NO |
|                        |  |             |             |         |  |  | Humulin R                   | LY |
| 1713E<br>NP            | Injection (bovine) 100 units per mL, 10 mL               | 5           | 2           | ..      | *172.02                                  | 34.20  | Hypurin Neutral             | AS |
| 1762R<br>NP            | Injections (human) 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5             | 5           | 1           | ..      | *224.32                                  | 34.20  | Actrapid Penfill<br>3 mL    | NO |
|                        |  |             |             |         |  |  | Humulin R                   | LY |

### *Insulins and analogues for injection, intermediate-acting*

|                                  |  |   |   |    |         |       |                            |    |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------------------------|----|
| <b>INSULIN ISOPHANE (N.P.H.)</b> |  |   |   |    |         |       |                            |    |
| 1533Q<br>NP                      | Injection (human) 100 units per mL, 10 mL    | 5 | 2 | .. | *133.82 | 34.20 | Humulin NPH                | LY |
|                                  |  |   |   |    |         |       | Protaphane                 | NO |
| 1711C<br>NP                      | Injection (bovine) 100 units per mL, 10 mL   | 5 | 2 | .. | *172.02 | 34.20 | Hypurin Isophane           | AS |
| 1761Q<br>NP                      | Injections (human) 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5 | 5 | 1 | .. | *224.32 | 34.20 | Humulin NPH                | LY |
|                                  |  |   |   |    |         |       | Protaphane                 | NI |
|                                  |  |   |   |    |         |       | InnoLet                    | NL |
|                                  |  |   |   |    |         |       | Protaphane<br>NovoLet 3 mL | NO |
|                                  |  |   |   |    |         |       | Protaphane Penfill<br>3 mL | NO |

### *Insulins and analogues for injection, intermediate-acting combined with fast-acting*

|   |   |   |   |    |         |       |                               |    |
|---|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|-------------------------------|----|
| <b>INSULIN ASPART—INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE SUSPENSION</b>                     |   |   |   |    |         |       |                               |    |
| 8609D<br>NP   | Injections (human analogue) 100 units (30 units-<br>70 units) per mL, 3 mL, 5 | 5 | 1 | .. | *264.22 | 34.20 | NovoMix 30<br>FlexPen         | NF |
|   |   |   |   |    |         |       | NovoMix 30 Penfill<br>3 mL    | NO |
| <b>INSULIN LISPRO—INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE SUSPENSION</b>                     |   |   |   |    |         |       |                               |    |
| 8390N<br>NP   | Injections (human analogue) 100 units (25 units-<br>75 units) per mL, 3 mL, 5 | 5 | 1 | .. | *264.22 | 34.20 | Humalog Mix25                 | LY |
|   |   |   |   |    |         |       | Humalog Mix25<br>KwikPen      | KP |
| 8874C<br>NP   | Injections (human analogue) 100 units (50 units-<br>50 units) per mL, 3 mL, 5 | 5 | 1 | .. | *264.22 | 34.20 | Humalog Mix50                 | LY |
|   |   |   |   |    |         |       | Humalog Mix50<br>KwikPen      | KP |
| <b>INSULIN NEUTRAL—INSULIN ISOPHANE (N.P.H.), (MIXED) (Biphasic Isophane)</b> |   |   |   |    |         |       |                               |    |
| 1426C<br>NP   | Injection (human) 100 units (30 units-70 units)<br>per mL, 10 mL              | 5 | 2 | .. | *133.82 | 34.20 | Humulin 30/70                 | LY |
| 1763T<br>NP   | Injections (human) 100 units (30 units-70 units)<br>per mL, 3 mL, 5           | 5 | 1 | .. | *224.32 | 34.20 | Humulin 30/70                 | LY |
|   |   |   |   |    |         |       | Mixtard 30/70<br>InnoLet      | NI |
|   |   |   |   |    |         |       | Mixtard 30/70<br>Penfill 3 mL | NO |
| 2062M<br>NP   | Injections (human) 100 units (50 units-50 units)<br>per mL, 3 mL, 5           | 5 | 1 | .. | *224.32 | 34.20 | Mixtard 50/50<br>Penfill 3 mL | NO |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b><i>Insulins and analogues for injection, long-acting</i></b> |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>INSULIN DETEMIR</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>                                |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Type 1 diabetes.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 9040T<br>NP   | Injections (human analogue) 100 units per mL,<br>3 mL, 5 | 5           | 1           | ..                | *432.72                                  | 34.20  | Levemir FlexPen NF<br>Levemir Penfill NO   |
| <b>INSULIN GLARGINE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 9039R<br>NP   | Injections (human analogue) 100 units per mL,<br>3 mL, 5 | 5           | 1           | ..                | *432.72                                  | 34.20  | Lantus SW<br>Lantus SoloStar AV  |
| <b>Blood glucose lowering drugs, excl. insulins</b>             |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><i>Biguanides</i></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE</b>                                  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1801T<br>NP   | Tablet 850 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..                | 12.76                                    | 13.83  | <sup>a</sup> Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited GN<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart Metformin CH<br><sup>a</sup> Diaformin 850 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Formet 850 SI<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Metformin GX<br><sup>a</sup> Glucohexal HX<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin 850 CR<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin-GA GM<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin generichealth GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin Ranbaxy RA<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Metformin TW<br><sup>a</sup> Glucophage MQ |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.04 | 13.80                                    | 13.83  | <sup>a</sup> Glucophage MQ   |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.70 | 14.46                                    | 13.83  | <sup>a</sup> Diabex 850 AL   |
| 2430X<br>NP   | Tablet 500 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 12.76                                    | 13.83  | <sup>a</sup> Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited GN<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart Metformin CH<br><sup>a</sup> Diaformin AF<br><sup>a</sup> Formet 500 SI<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Metformin GX<br><sup>a</sup> Glucohexal HX<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin 500 CR<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin-GA GM<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin generichealth GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin Ranbaxy RA<br><sup>a</sup> Metformin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Metformin TW<br><sup>a</sup> Glucophage MQ     |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.04 | 13.80                                    | 13.83  | <sup>a</sup> Glucophage MQ   |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                         |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.70 | 14.46                                    | 13.83  | <sup>a</sup> Diabex AL                              |
| 3439B<br>NP | Tablet 1 g (extended release)                           | 60          | 5           | ..                | 16.56                                    | 17.63  | Diabex XR 1000 AL                                   |
| 8607B<br>NP | Tablet 1 g  | 90          | 5           | ..                | 17.46                                    | 18.53  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Metformin 1000 TX                  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Metformin 1000 CH            |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Diaformin 1000 AF                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Formet 1000 SI                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Glucohexal HX                          |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metformin-GA GM                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metformin generichealth 1000 GQ        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metformin Ranbaxy 1000 RA              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metformin Sandoz SZ                    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor Metformin 1000 CR            |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Metformin 1000 TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.71 | 19.17                                    | 18.53  | <sup>a</sup> Diabex 1000 AL                         |
| 9435N<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg (extended release)                        | 120         | 5           | ..                | 16.56                                    | 17.63  | <sup>a</sup> Diabex XR AL                           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Diaformin XR AF                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metex XR SI                            |

### Sulfonamides, urea derivatives

#### GLIBENCLAMIDE

##### Caution

Sulfonylureas may cause hypoglycaemia, particularly in the elderly.

|             |             |     |   |                   |       |       |                        |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|------------------------|
| 2939Q<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg | 100 | 5 | ..                | 11.39 | 12.46 | <sup>a</sup> Glimel AF |
|             |             |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.41 | 12.80 | 12.46 | <sup>a</sup> Daonil SW |

#### GLICLAZIDE

##### Caution

Sulfonylureas may cause hypoglycaemia, particularly in the elderly.

|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       |  |
|-------------|---------------------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--|
| 2449X<br>NP | Tablet 80 mg                    | 100 | 5 | .. | 13.16 | 14.23 | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Gliclazide CH               |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Gliclazide GX                   |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Glyade AF                             |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Mellihexal SZ                         |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Nidem SI                              |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Gliclazide TW    |
| 8535F<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg (modified release) | 100 | 5 | .. | 13.35 | 14.42 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Gliclazide MR TX                  |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Gliclazide MR CH            |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Glyade MR AF                          |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Oziclide MR RA                        |
|             |                                 |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Gliclazide MR TW |
| 9302N<br>NP | Tablet 60 mg (modified release) | 60  | 5 | .. | 14.75 | 15.82 | Diamicron 60mg MR SE                               |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
| <b>GLIMEPIRIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| Sulfonylureas may cause hypoglycaemia, particularly in the elderly. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| 8450R<br>NP   | Tablet 1 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 8.96                                     | 10.03  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Glimepiride TX    |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Aylide 1 AF           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Diaprige 1 SI         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dimirel AV            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Glimepiride Sandoz SZ |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.67 | 11.63                                    | 10.03  | <sup>a</sup> Amaryl SW             |
| 8451T<br>NP   | Tablet 2 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 11.30                                    | 12.37  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Glimepiride TX    |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Aylide 2 AF           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Diaprige 2 SI         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dimirel AV            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Glimepiride Sandoz SZ |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.66 | 13.96                                    | 12.37  | <sup>a</sup> Amaryl SW             |
| 8452W<br>NP   | Tablet 4 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 14.06                                    | 15.13  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Glimepiride TX    |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Aylide 4 AF           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Diaprige 4 SI         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dimirel AV            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Glimepiride Sandoz SZ |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.66 | 16.72                                    | 15.13  | <sup>a</sup> Amaryl SW             |
| 8533D<br>NP   | Tablet 3 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 12.66                                    | 13.73  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Glimepiride TX    |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Aylide 3 AF           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Diaprige 3 SI         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dimirel AV            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Glimepiride Sandoz SZ |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.67 | 15.33                                    | 13.73  | <sup>a</sup> Amaryl SW             |
| <b>GLIPIZIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| Sulfonylureas may cause hypoglycaemia, particularly in the elderly. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| 2440K<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 11.48                                    | 12.55  | <sup>a</sup> Melizide AF           |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.83 | 15.31                                    | 12.55  | <sup>a</sup> Minidiab PF           |

### Combinations of oral blood glucose lowering drugs

#### METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE with GLIBENCLAMIDE

##### Caution

Sulfonylureas may cause hypoglycaemia, particularly in the elderly.

|             |                       |    |   |    |       |       |                            |    |
|-------------|-----------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|----------------------------|----|
| 8810Q<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg-2.5 mg  | 90 | 5 | .. | 15.48 | 16.55 | Glucovance<br>500mg/2.5mg  | AL |
| 8811R<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg-5 mg    | 90 | 5 | .. | 16.60 | 17.67 | Glucovance<br>500mg/5mg    | AL |
| 8838E<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg-1.25 mg | 90 | 5 | .. | 13.22 | 14.29 | Glucovance<br>250mg/1.25mg | AL |

#### ROSIGLITAZONE with METFORMIN

##### Note

Rosiglitazone with metformin fixed dose combination tablet is not PBS-subsidised when used in combination with a sulfonylurea (triple oral therapy) or an insulin or a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin) or a glucagon-like peptide-1.

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                               | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3544</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Type 2 diabetes in a patient whose HbA1c is greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite treatment with metformin and where a sulfonylurea is contraindicated or not tolerated.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The date and level of the qualifying HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Blood glucose monitoring may be used as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels in the following circumstances:<br>(a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or<br>(b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.<br>A patient in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical records. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9059T<br>NP  | Tablet containing 2 mg rosiglitazone (as maleate) with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride | 56          | 5           | ..      | 64.92                                    | 34.20  | Avandamet GK                |
| 9060W<br>NP  | Tablet containing 2 mg rosiglitazone (as maleate) with 1 g metformin hydrochloride    | 56          | 5           | ..      | 68.09                                    | 34.20  | Avandamet GK                |
| 9061X<br>NP  | Tablet containing 4 mg rosiglitazone (as maleate) with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride | 56          | 5           | ..      | 94.59                                    | 34.20  | Avandamet GK                |
| 9062Y<br>NP  | Tablet containing 4 mg rosiglitazone (as maleate) with 1 g metformin hydrochloride    | 56          | 5           | ..      | 97.75                                    | 34.20  | Avandamet GK                |

### SITAGLIPTIN with METFORMIN

#### Note

Sitagliptin with metformin fixed dose combination tablet is not PBS-subsidised for use in combination with a sulfonylurea (triple oral therapy), as initial therapy or in combination with a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3543

Type 2 diabetes in a patient whose HbA1c is greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite treatment with metformin and where a combination of metformin and a sulfonylurea is contraindicated or not tolerated.

The date and level of the qualifying HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.

Blood glucose monitoring may be used as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels in the following circumstances:

- (a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or  
(b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.

A patient in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical records.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3149

Continuation of therapy in type 2 diabetes mellitus in a patient who has previously received and been stabilised on a PBS-subsidised regimen of oral diabetic medicines which includes metformin and sitagliptin.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 9449H<br>NP | Tablet containing 50 mg sitagliptin (as phosphate monohydrate) with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride  | 56 | 5 | .. | 94.64 | 34.20 | Janumet MK |
| 9450J<br>NP | Tablet containing 50 mg sitagliptin (as phosphate monohydrate) with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride  | 56 | 5 | .. | 96.97 | 34.20 | Janumet MK |
| 9451K<br>NP | Tablet containing 50 mg sitagliptin (as phosphate monohydrate) with 1000 mg metformin hydrochloride | 56 | 5 | .. | 97.57 | 34.20 | Janumet MK |

### Alpha glucosidase inhibitors

#### ACARBOSE

|             |              |    |   |    |       |       |                |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|----------------|
| 8188Y<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg | 90 | 5 | .. | 30.90 | 31.97 | Glucobay 50 BN |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|----------------|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|
|             |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |    |
| 8189B<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg   | 90          | 5           | ..      | 40.92                 | 34.20                                       | Glucobay 100                | BN |

### Thiazolidinediones

#### PIOGLITAZONE

##### Note

Pioglitazone hydrochloride is not PBS-subsidised as monotherapy or in combination with a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin) or a glucagon-like peptide-1.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

###### 3540

Dual oral combination therapy with metformin or a sulfonylurea

Type 2 diabetes, in combination with either metformin or a sulfonylurea, in a patient whose HbA1c is greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite treatment with either metformin or a sulfonylurea and where a combination of metformin and a sulfonylurea is contraindicated or not tolerated.

The date and level of the qualifying HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.

Blood glucose monitoring may be used as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels in the following circumstances:

- (a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or
- (b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.

A patient in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical records.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

###### 3541

Combination therapy with insulin

Type 2 diabetes, in combination with insulin, in a patient whose HbA1c is greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite treatment with insulin and oral anti-diabetic agents, or insulin alone where metformin is contraindicated.

The date and level of the qualifying HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.

Blood glucose monitoring may be used as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels in the following circumstances:

- (a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or
- (b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.

A patient in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical records.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

###### 3542

Triple oral combination therapy with metformin and a sulfonylurea

Type 2 diabetes, in combination with metformin and a sulfonylurea, in a patient whose HbA1c is greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite treatment with maximally tolerated doses of metformin and a sulfonylurea.

The date and level of the qualifying HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.

Blood glucose monitoring may be used as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels in the following circumstances:

- (a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or
- (b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.

A patient in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical records.

|             |                                 |    |   |    |        |       |       |    |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|-------|----|
| 8694N<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg (as hydrochloride) | 28 | 5 | .. | 61.52  | 34.20 | Actos | LY |
| 8695P<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride) | 28 | 5 | .. | 91.19  | 34.20 | Actos | LY |
| 8696Q<br>NP | Tablet 45 mg (as hydrochloride) | 28 | 5 | .. | 116.64 | 34.20 | Actos | LY |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|  |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
| <b>ROSIGLITAZONE</b>   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| Rosiglitazone maleate is not PBS-subsidised as monotherapy or in combination with metformin and a sulfonylurea (triple oral therapy) or an insulin or a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin) or a glucagon-like peptide-1.   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| <b>3540</b>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| Dual oral combination therapy with metformin or a sulfonylurea   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| Type 2 diabetes, in combination with either metformin or a sulfonylurea, in a patient whose HbA1c is greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite treatment with either metformin or a sulfonylurea and where a combination of metformin and a sulfonylurea is contraindicated or not tolerated.                                    |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| The date and level of the qualifying HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| Blood glucose monitoring may be used as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels in the following circumstances:  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| (a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| (b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| A patient in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical records. |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| 8689H  | Tablet 4 mg (as maleate)                                | 28          | 5           | ..      | 61.52                 | 34.20                                       | Avandia GK                  |
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| 8690J  | Tablet 8 mg (as maleate)                                | 28          | 5           | ..      | 91.19                 | 34.20                                       | Avandia GK                  |
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |

### *Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 (DPP-4) inhibitors*

#### SITAGLIPTIN

##### **Note**

Sitagliptin is not PBS-subsidised for use in combination with metformin and a sulfonylurea (triple oral therapy), as monotherapy or in combination with a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1.

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

###### **3540**

Dual oral combination therapy with metformin or a sulfonylurea

Type 2 diabetes, in combination with either metformin or a sulfonylurea, in a patient whose HbA1c is greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite treatment with either metformin or a sulfonylurea and where a combination of metformin and a sulfonylurea is contraindicated or not tolerated.

The date and level of the qualifying HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.

Blood glucose monitoring may be used as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels in the following circumstances:

(a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or

(b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.

A patient in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical records.

|           |  |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-----------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 9180E     | Tablet 25 mg (as phosphate monohydrate)  | 28 | 5 | .. | 91.19 | 34.20 | Januvia MK |
| <i>NP</i> |  |    |   |    |       |       |            |
| 9181F     | Tablet 50 mg (as phosphate monohydrate)  | 28 | 5 | .. | 91.19 | 34.20 | Januvia MK |
| <i>NP</i> |  |    |   |    |       |       |            |
| 9182G     | Tablet 100 mg (as phosphate monohydrate) | 28 | 5 | .. | 91.19 | 34.20 | Januvia MK |
| <i>NP</i> |  |    |   |    |       |       |            |

#### VILDAGLIPTIN

##### **Note**

Vildagliptin is not PBS-subsidised for use in combination with metformin and a sulfonylurea (triple oral therapy), as monotherapy or in combination with a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1.

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

###### **3540**

Dual oral combination therapy with metformin or a sulfonylurea

Type 2 diabetes, in combination with either metformin or a sulfonylurea, in a patient whose HbA1c is greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite treatment with either metformin or a

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|
|             |  |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |    |
|             | sulfonylurea and where a combination of metformin and a sulfonylurea is contraindicated or not tolerated.  |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
|             | The date and level of the qualifying HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
|             | Blood glucose monitoring may be used as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels in the following circumstances:<br>(a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or<br>(b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.<br>A patient in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical records. |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
| 3415R<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 97.24                 | 34.20                                       | Galvus                      | NV |

### Other blood glucose lowering drugs, excl. insulins

#### EXENATIDE

##### Note

Exenatide is not PBS-subsidised as monotherapy or in combination with an insulin, a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin).

##### Authority required

Dual combination therapy with metformin or a sulfonylurea

Initiation of therapy, in combination with either metformin or a sulfonylurea, in a patient with type 2 diabetes who has an HbA1c greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 and in whom a combination of metformin and a sulfonylurea is contraindicated or not tolerated.

The date and level of the HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time therapy with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.

Blood glucose monitoring as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels will be accepted in the following circumstances:

- (a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or
- (b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.

Patients in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical record;

Continuation of therapy, in combination with either metformin or a sulfonylurea, in a patient with type 2 diabetes where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for exenatide.

##### Authority required

Triple combination therapy with metformin and a sulfonylurea

Initiation of therapy, in combination with metformin and a sulfonylurea, in a patient with type 2 diabetes who has an HbA1c greater than 7% prior to initiation of a dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor (gliptin), a thiazolidinedione (glitazone) or a glucagon-like peptide-1 despite maximally tolerated doses of metformin and a sulfonylurea.

The date and level of the HbA1c must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time therapy with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated. The HbA1c must be no more than 4 months old at the time treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1 is initiated.

Blood glucose monitoring as an alternative assessment to HbA1c levels will be accepted in the following circumstances:

- (a) clinical conditions with reduced red blood cell survival, including haemolytic anaemias and haemoglobinopathies; and/or
- (b) red cell transfusion within the previous 3 months.

Patients in these circumstances will be eligible for treatment where blood glucose monitoring over a 2 week period shows blood glucose levels greater than 10 mmol per L in more than 20% of tests. The results of this blood glucose monitoring, which must be no more than 4 months old at the time of initiation of treatment with a gliptin, a glitazone or a glucagon-like peptide-1, must be documented in the patient's medical record;

Continuation of therapy, in combination with metformin and a sulfonylurea, in a patient with type 2 diabetes where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for exenatide.

##### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|             |   |   |   |    |        |       |                        |    |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------------------|----|
| 3423E<br>NP | Injection solution 5 micrograms per dose in pre-filled pen, 60 doses  | 1 | 5 | .. | 176.39 | 34.20 | Byetta<br>5 microgram  | LY |
| 3424F<br>NP | Injection solution 10 micrograms per dose in pre-filled pen, 60 doses | 1 | 5 | .. | 176.39 | 34.20 | Byetta<br>10 microgram | LY |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code            | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Vitamins</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

### Vitamin A and D, incl. combinations of the two *Vitamin D and analogues*

#### CALCITRIOL

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

**1165**

Hypocalcaemia due to renal disease;

**1166**

Hypoparathyroidism;

**1167**

Hypophosphataemic rickets;

**1467**

Vitamin D-resistant rickets;

**2636**

Treatment for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

|                    |                        |     |   |    |       |       |              |                   |    |
|--------------------|------------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|-------------------|----|
| 2502Q<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 0.25 microgram | 100 | 3 | .. | 41.63 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | Calcitriol-DP     | GN |
|                    |                        |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Calcitriol-GA     | GM |
|                    |                        |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Calcitriol Sandoz | SZ |
|                    |                        |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | GenRx Calcitriol  | GX |
|                    |                        |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Kosteo            | SI |
|                    |                        |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Rocaltrol         | RO |
|                    |                        |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Sical             | AF |

### Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>, plain and in combination with vitamin B<sub>6</sub> and vitamin B<sub>12</sub> *Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>, plain*

#### THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

**2384**

Prophylaxis of thiamine deficiency in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person.

|                    |               |     |   |    |       |       |  |         |    |
|--------------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--|---------|----|
| 1070H<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 100 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 10.82 | 11.89 |  | Betamin | SW |
|--------------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--|---------|----|

## Mineral supplements

### Calcium

#### *Calcium*

#### CALCIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

**2212**

Hyperphosphataemia associated with chronic renal failure.

|                    |   |     |   |    |        |       |  |               |    |
|--------------------|---|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--|---------------|----|
| 3116B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet (chewable) 500 mg (as carbonate) | 240 | 1 | .. | *30.46 | 31.53 |  | Cal-Sup       | IA |
| 3117C<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 600 mg (as carbonate)            | 240 | 1 | .. | 22.20  | 23.27 |  | Calci-Tab 600 | AE |

### Potassium

#### *Potassium*

#### POTASSIUM CHLORIDE

|                    |                                   |     |   |    |        |       |              |        |    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|--------|----|
| 2642C<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 600 mg (sustained release) | 200 | 1 | .. | *12.88 | 13.95 | <sup>a</sup> | Duro-K | NM |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|--------|----|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form      | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ <sup>a</sup> | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|
|  |  |             |             | 2.68 <sup>b</sup> | *15.56                                   | 13.95   | Slow-K<br>NV                |
|  |  |             |             | ..                | 12.89                                    | 13.96   | Span-K<br>AS                |
| <b>POTASSIUM CHLORIDE with POTASSIUM BICARBONATE</b> |  |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |
| 3012M<br>NP  | Effervescent tablet 14 mmol potassium and<br>8 mmol chloride | 60          | 1           | ..                | 15.14                                    | 16.21   | Chlorvescent<br>AS          |

### Anabolic agents for systemic use

#### Anabolic steroids

##### *Estren derivatives*

#### NANDROLONE DECANOATE

##### Authority required

Monotherapy for osteoporosis, where other treatment has failed and where specialist advice confirms that this is the only suitable treatment option for the patient. Specialist advice need only be obtained for the first authority approval;

Monotherapy for osteoporosis, where other treatment is not tolerated and where specialist advice confirms that this is the only suitable treatment option for the patient. Specialist advice need only be obtained for the first authority approval;

Monotherapy for osteoporosis, where other treatment is contraindicated and where specialist advice confirms that this is the only suitable treatment option for the patient. Specialist advice need only be obtained for the first authority approval;

Patients receiving PBS-subsidised therapy with this drug for osteoporosis prior to 1 February 2004;

Patients on long-term treatment with corticosteroids.

##### Note

Monotherapy for the treatment of osteoporosis does not exclude calcium supplementation.

|       |   |   |   |    |       |       |                      |
|-------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------------------|
| 1671Y | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL, disposable syringe | 1 | 7 | .. | 21.20 | 22.27 | Deca-Durabolin<br>SH |
|-------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------------------|

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Blood and blood forming organs

### Antithrombotic agents

#### Antithrombotic agents

##### *Vitamin K antagonists*

###### WARFARIN SODIUM

###### Caution

The listed brands have NOT been shown to be bioequivalent and should not be interchanged.

|                    |             |    |   |    |       |       |                     |          |
|--------------------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------|----------|
| 2209G<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 2 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 12.77 | 13.84 | Coumadin            | SI       |
| 2211J<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 5 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 14.03 | 15.10 | Coumadin            | SI       |
| 2843P<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 1 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 12.42 | 13.49 | Marevan<br>Coumadin | FM<br>SI |
| 2844Q<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 3 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 12.69 | 13.76 | Marevan             | FM       |

##### *Heparin group*

###### DALTEPARIN SODIUM (Low Molecular Weight Heparin Sodium—porcine mucous)

|                    |   |    |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|--------------------|---|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 2816F<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 5,000 units (anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL single dose pre-filled syringe  | 10 | 1 | .. | 57.65  | 34.20 | Fragmin | PF |
| 8269F<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 10,000 units (anti-Xa) in 1 mL single dose pre-filled syringe   | 10 | 1 | .. | 109.38 | 34.20 | Fragmin | PF |
| 8271H<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 7,500 units (anti-Xa) in 0.75 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 10 | 1 | .. | 83.65  | 34.20 | Fragmin | PF |
| 8603T<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 2,500 units (anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL single dose pre-filled syringe  | 10 | 1 | .. | 55.61  | 34.20 | Fragmin | PF |

###### DALTEPARIN SODIUM (Low Molecular Weight Heparin Sodium—porcine mucous)

###### Restricted benefit

Haemodialysis.

|                    |   |    |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|--------------------|---|----|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 8641T<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 2,500 units (anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL single dose pre-filled syringe  | 20 | 3 | .. | *104.74 | 34.20 | Fragmin | PF |
| 8642W<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 5,000 units (anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL single dose pre-filled syringe  | 20 | 3 | .. | *108.88 | 34.20 | Fragmin | PF |
| 8643X<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 7,500 units (anti-Xa) in 0.75 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 20 | 3 | .. | *160.88 | 34.20 | Fragmin | PF |

###### ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

|                    |   |    |    |    |         |       |         |    |
|--------------------|---|----|----|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 8262W<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 60 mg (6,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe | 10 | 1  | .. | 79.68   | 34.20 | Clexane | SW |
| 8263X<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 80 mg (8,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 10 | 1  | .. | 90.70   | 34.20 | Clexane | SW |
| 8264Y<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 100 mg (10,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 1 mL pre-filled syringe | 10 | 1  | .. | 109.08  | 34.20 | Clexane | SW |
| 8510X<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 40 mg (4,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe | 20 | .. | .. | *108.88 | 34.20 | Clexane | SW |
| 8558K<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 20 mg (2,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL pre-filled syringe | 20 | .. | .. | *104.74 | 34.20 | Clexane | SW |
| 9195Y<br><i>NP</i> | Solution for injection 40 mg (4,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.4 mL       | 20 | .. | .. | *108.88 | 34.20 | Clexane | SW |

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code                             | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form           | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>ENOXAPARIN SODIUM</b>         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Haemodialysis.                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8639Q<br>NP                      | Injection 40 mg (4,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe | 20          | 3           | ..      | *108.88                                  | 34.20  | Clexane                     | SW |
| 8640R<br>NP                      | Injection 60 mg (6,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe | 20          | 3           | ..      | *152.94                                  | 34.20  | Clexane                     | SW |
| 8716R<br>NP                      | Injection 20 mg (2,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL pre-filled syringe | 20          | 3           | ..      | *104.74                                  | 34.20  | Clexane                     | SW |
| 9196B<br>NP                      | Solution for injection 40 mg (4,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.4 mL       | 20          | 3           | ..      | *108.88                                  | 34.20  | Clexane                     | SW |
| <b>HEPARIN SODIUM</b>            |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1076P<br>NP                      | Injection 35,000 units in 35 mL                                   | 12          | 5           | ..      | *278.58                                  | 34.20  | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
| 1463B<br>NP                      | Injection (preservative-free) 5,000 units in 5 mL                 | 50          | 5           | ..      | 66.93                                    | 34.20  | Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd    | PF |
| 1466E<br>NP                      | Injection 5,000 units in 0.2 mL                                   | 5           | 5           | ..      | 15.48                                    | 16.55  | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |

### *Platelet aggregation inhibitors excl. heparin*

#### **ABCIXIMAB**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1716

Patients undergoing percutaneous coronary balloon angioplasty;

1717

Patients undergoing percutaneous coronary atherectomy;

1718

Patients undergoing percutaneous coronary stent placement.

|       |                              |   |    |    |          |       |        |    |
|-------|------------------------------|---|----|----|----------|-------|--------|----|
| 8048N | I.V. injection 10 mg in 5 mL | 3 | .. | .. | *1453.11 | 34.20 | ReoPro | LY |
|-------|------------------------------|---|----|----|----------|-------|--------|----|

#### **ASPIRIN**

|             |                             |     |   |                   |      |                   |                                   |    |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----|
| 1010E<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg (dispersible) | 96  | 1 | ..                | 8.50 | 9.57              | Solprin                           | RC |
| 8202Q<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg               | 112 | 1 | ..                | 8.03 | 9.10 <sup>a</sup> | DBL Aspirin 100 mg                | GY |
|             |                             |     |   |                   |      |                   | <sup>a</sup> Mayne Pharma Aspirin | YT |
|             |                             |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.29 | 9.32 | 9.10 <sup>a</sup> | Astrix                            | YN |

#### **CLOPIDOGREL**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1719

Prevention of recurrence of ischaemic stroke or transient cerebral ischaemic events in patients with a history of symptomatic cerebrovascular ischaemic episodes while on therapy with low-dose aspirin;

1720

Prevention of recurrence of ischaemic stroke or transient cerebral ischaemic events in patients where low-dose aspirin poses an unacceptable risk of gastrointestinal bleeding;

1721

Prevention of recurrence of ischaemic stroke or transient cerebral ischaemic events in patients where there is a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria or asthma within 4 hours of ingestion of aspirin, other salicylates, or NSAIDs;

1722

Prevention of recurrence of myocardial infarction or unstable angina in patients with a history of symptomatic cardiac ischaemic events while on therapy with low-dose aspirin;

1723

Prevention of recurrence of myocardial infarction or unstable angina in patients where low-dose aspirin poses an unacceptable risk of gastrointestinal bleeding;

1724

Prevention of recurrence of myocardial infarction or unstable angina in patients where there is a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria or asthma within 4 hours of ingestion of aspirin, other salicylates, or NSAIDs.

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                      |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| <b>Note</b><br>Not for prophylaxis of DVT or peripheral arterial disease.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Note</b><br><b>Shared Care Model:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Note</b><br>Clopidogrel (as besilate) 75 mg tablets have been established to be bioequivalent to clopidogrel (as hydrogen sulfate) 75 mg tablets.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 8358X<br>NP   | Tablet 75 mg (as hydrogen sulfate)                      | 28          | 5           | ..      | 70.30                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Clopidogrel TX                  |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                        |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Clopidogrel Sandoz SZ               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Clopidogrel Winthrop WA             |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Iscover BQ                          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Piax AF                             |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Plavix SW                           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Clopidogrel TW |
| 9354H<br>NP   | Tablet 75 mg (as besilate)                              | 28          | 5           | ..      | 70.30                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Clopidogrel Actavis GQ              |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Clopidogrel-GA GM                   |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Clovix 75 SI                        |

### CLOPIDOGREL

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3245**

Treatment of acute coronary syndromes (myocardial infarction or unstable angina) in combination with aspirin;

**3146**

Treatment in combination with aspirin following cardiac stent insertion.

#### **Note**

Not for prophylaxis of DVT or peripheral arterial disease.

#### **Note**

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                    |    |   |    |       |       |                                      |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 9317J<br>NP | Tablet 75 mg (as hydrogen sulfate) | 28 | 5 | .. | 70.30 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Clopidogrel Winthrop WA |
|             |                                    |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Iscover BQ              |
|             |                                    |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Plavix SW               |

### CLOPIDOGREL with ASPIRIN

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3246**

Treatment of acute coronary syndromes (myocardial infarction or unstable angina);

**3219**

Treatment following cardiac stent insertion;

**1722**

Prevention of recurrence of myocardial infarction or unstable angina in patients with a history of symptomatic cardiac ischaemic events while on therapy with low-dose aspirin.

#### **Note**

Not for prophylaxis of DVT or peripheral arterial disease.

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9296G<br>NP   | Tablet 75 mg (as hydrogen sulfate)-100 mg               | 30          | 5           | ..      | 74.87                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | CoPlavix SW                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | DuoCover BQ                 |
| <b>DIPYRIDAMOLE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Prevention of recurrence of ischaemic stroke or transient cerebral ischaemic events:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (1) as adjunctive therapy with low-dose aspirin; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (2) where low-dose aspirin poses an unacceptable risk of gastrointestinal bleeding; or  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (3) where there is a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria or asthma within 4 hours of ingestion of aspirin, other salicylates, or NSAIDs.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8335Q<br>NP   | Capsule 200 mg (sustained release)                      | 60          | 5           | ..      | 36.96                                    | 34.20  | Persantin SR BY             |
| <b>DIPYRIDAMOLE with ASPIRIN</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Prevention of recurrence of ischaemic stroke or transient cerebral ischaemic events.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8382E<br>NP   | Capsule 200 mg (sustained release)-25 mg                | 60          | 5           | ..      | 37.19                                    | 34.20  | Asasantin SR BY             |
| <b>EPTIFIBATIDE ACETATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <i>1884</i>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Patients undergoing non-urgent percutaneous intervention with intracoronary stenting.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8683B   | Solution for I.V. injection 20 mg (base) in 10 mL       | 2           | ..          | ..      | *262.54                                  | 34.20  | Integrilin SH               |
| 8684C   | Solution for I.V. infusion 75 mg (base) in 100 mL       | 3           | ..          | ..      | *1020.36                                 | 34.20  | Integrilin SH               |
| <b>PRASUGREL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <i>3208</i>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of acute coronary syndrome (myocardial infarction or unstable angina) managed by percutaneous coronary intervention in combination with aspirin.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9495R<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg (as hydrochloride)                          | 28          | 5           | ..      | 96.43                                    | 34.20  | Effient LY                  |
| 9496T<br>NP   | Tablet 10 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 28          | 5           | ..      | 106.43                                   | 34.20  | Effient LY                  |
| <b>TICLOPIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe neutropenia is common in the early months of therapy. Haematological monitoring should be undertaken at commencement and every two weeks in the first four months of therapy.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>1719</b><br>Prevention of recurrence of ischaemic stroke or transient cerebral ischaemic events in patients with a history of symptomatic cerebrovascular ischaemic episodes while on therapy with low-dose aspirin;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>1720</b><br>Prevention of recurrence of ischaemic stroke or transient cerebral ischaemic events in patients where low-dose aspirin poses an unacceptable risk of gastrointestinal bleeding;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>1721</b><br>Prevention of recurrence of ischaemic stroke or transient cerebral ischaemic events in patients where there is a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria or asthma within 4 hours of ingestion of aspirin, other salicylates, or NSAIDs;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>1260</b><br>Patients established on this drug as a pharmaceutical benefit prior to 1 November 1999.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br><b>Shared Care Model:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2095G<br>NP  | Tablet 250 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 138.23                                   | 34.20  | Tilodene AF                 |

### TIROFIBAN HYDROCHLORIDE

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**1729**

Patients with high risk unstable angina who have new transient or persistent ST-T ischaemic changes and anginal pain lasting longer than 20 minutes;

**1730**

Patients with high risk unstable angina who have new transient or persistent ST-T ischaemic changes and repetitive episodes of angina at rest or during minimal exercise in the previous 12 hours;

**1275**

Patients with non-Q-wave myocardial infarction.

#### **Note**

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |   |   |    |        |       |              |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|
| 8350L<br>NP | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 12.5 mg (base) in 50 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 363.11 | 34.20 | Aggrastat AS |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|

## Enzymes

### DROTRECOGIN ALFA (ACTIVATED)

#### **Authority required**

Adult patients with severe sepsis who have a high risk of death as determined by acute dysfunction in at least 2 organs or modified Apache II score of at least 25.

Acute organ dysfunction is defined as follows:

- (1) For cardiovascular-system dysfunction, an arterial systolic blood pressure of less than or equal to 90 mmHg or mean arterial pressure of less than or equal to 70 mmHg for at least 1 hour despite adequate fluid resuscitation, adequate intravascular volume status or the use of vasopressors in an attempt to maintain a systolic blood pressure of greater than or equal to 90 mmHg or a mean arterial pressure of greater than or equal to 70 mmHg;
- (2) For kidney dysfunction, urine output of less than 0.5 mL per kg of body weight per hour for 1 hour despite adequate fluid resuscitation;
- (3) For respiratory-system dysfunction, a ratio of PaO<sub>2</sub> to FiO<sub>2</sub> of less than or equal to 250;
- (4) For haematologic dysfunction, a platelet count of less than 80,000 per cubic millimetre or which has decreased by 50 percent in the previous 3 days;
- (5) In the case of unexplained metabolic acidosis, a pH of less than or equal to 7.30 or a base deficit of greater than or equal to 5.0 mmol per L in association with a plasma lactate level of greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of the normal value for the reporting laboratory.

#### **Note**

Medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials at the time of the authority application, according to the weight of the patient, to achieve a dose of 24 micrograms per kg per hour over a maximum of 96 hours.

|       |                               |   |    |    |        |       |           |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|-------|-----------|
| 8614J | Powder for I.V. infusion 5 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 467.14 | 34.20 | Xigris LY |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|-------|-----------|

### RETEPLASE (Recombinant plasminogen activator)

#### **Restricted benefit**

Treatment of acute myocardial infarction within 6 hours of onset of attack.

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8253J<br>NP   | Pack containing 2 vials powder for injection<br>10 units, 2 single use pre-filled syringes with<br>solvent, 2 reconstitution spikes and 2 needles | 1           | ..          | ..      | 2066.96                                  | 34.20  | Rapilysin 10 U              | TA |

### TENECTEPLASE

#### Restricted benefit

Treatment of acute myocardial infarction within 12 hours of onset of attack.

#### Note

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |   |    |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 8526R<br>NP | Powder for injection 40 mg with solvent | 1 | .. | .. | 1960.76 | 34.20 | Metalyse | BY |
| 8527T<br>NP | Powder for injection 50 mg with solvent | 1 | .. | .. | 2057.06 | 34.20 | Metalyse | BY |

### *Direct thrombin inhibitors*

#### BIVALIRUDIN TRIFLUOROACETATE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3075

A patient undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention.

|       |   |   |    |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 8844L | Powder for I.V. injection 250 mg (base) | 1 | .. | .. | 671.75 | 34.20 | Angiomax | CS |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|----------|----|

#### DABIGATRAN ETEXILATE

#### Authority required

Prevention of venous thromboembolism in a patient undergoing total hip replacement.

#### Note

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                              |    |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 9318K<br>NP | Capsule 75 mg (as mesilate)  | 20 | 1 | .. | *81.16 | 34.20 | Pradaxa | BY |
| 9319L<br>NP | Capsule 110 mg (as mesilate) | 20 | 1 | .. | *81.16 | 34.20 | Pradaxa | BY |

#### DABIGATRAN ETEXILATE

#### Authority required

Prevention of venous thromboembolism in a patient undergoing total hip replacement.

#### Note

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised for the pack of 60 capsules.

|             |                                   |   |    |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 9320M<br>NP | Capsules 75 mg (as mesilate), 60  | 1 | .. | .. | 228.21 | 34.20 | Pradaxa | BY |
| 9321N<br>NP | Capsules 110 mg (as mesilate), 60 | 1 | .. | .. | 228.21 | 34.20 | Pradaxa | BY |

#### DABIGATRAN ETEXILATE

#### Authority required

Prevention of venous thromboembolism in a patient undergoing total knee replacement.

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9322P<br>NP   | Capsule 75 mg (as mesilate)                             | 20          | ..          | ..      | *81.16                                   | 34.20  | Pradaxa                     | BY |
| 9323Q<br>NP   | Capsule 110 mg (as mesilate)                            | 20          | ..          | ..      | *81.16                                   | 34.20  | Pradaxa                     | BY |

### Other antithrombotic agents

#### FONDAPARINUX SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

###### 2005

Prevention of venous thromboembolic events in patients undergoing major hip surgery;

###### 2006

Prevention of venous thromboembolic events in patients undergoing total knee replacement.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

##### Note

###### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |   |    |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 8775W<br>NP | Injection 2.5 mg in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 7 | .. | .. | 140.54 | 34.20 | Arixtra | GK |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|

#### RIVAROXABAN

##### Authority required

Prevention of venous thromboembolism in a patient undergoing total hip replacement.

##### Note

###### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                   |    |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|-------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 9465E<br>NP | Tablets 10 mg, 10 | 1  | 1 | .. | 101.14 | 34.20 | Xarelto | BN |
| 9466F<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg      | 15 | 1 | .. | 148.66 | 34.20 | Xarelto | BN |

#### RIVAROXABAN

##### Authority required

Prevention of venous thromboembolism in a patient undergoing total hip replacement.

##### Note

###### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised for the 30 tablet pack.

|             |                   |   |    |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|-------------------|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 9467G<br>NP | Tablets 10 mg, 30 | 1 | .. | .. | 279.89 | 34.20 | Xarelto | BN |
|-------------|-------------------|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|

#### RIVAROXABAN

##### Authority required

Prevention of venous thromboembolism in a patient undergoing total knee replacement.

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9468H<br>NP   | Tablets 10 mg, 10                                       | 1           | ..          | ..      | 101.14                                   | 34.20  | Xarelto                     | BN |
| 9469J<br>NP   | Tablet 10 mg  | 15          | ..          | ..      | 148.66                                   | 34.20  | Xarelto                     | BN |

### Antihemorrhagics

#### Antifibrinolytics

##### *Amino acids*

##### TRANEXAMIC ACID

##### Note

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |             |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|----|
| 2180R<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 51.68 | 34.20 | Cyklokapron | PF |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|----|

### Antianemic preparations

#### Iron preparations

##### *Iron bivalent, oral preparations*

##### FERROUS SULFATE

|             |                                  |   |   |    |       |       |              |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|----|
| 8815Y<br>NP | Oral liquid 30 mg per mL, 250 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 19.35 | 20.42 | Ferro-Liquid | AE |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|----|

##### *Iron trivalent, parenteral preparations*

##### IRON POLYMALTOSE COMPLEX

|             |                                 |   |    |    |       |       |                       |    |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----|
| 2593L<br>NP | Injection 100 mg (iron) in 2 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 49.57 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Ferrosig | SI |
|             |                                 |   |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Ferrum H | AS |

##### IRON SUCROSE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 2070

Iron deficiency anaemia, in combination with either epoetin alfa or darbepoetin alfa, in patients undergoing chronic haemodialysis who have had a documented hypersensitivity reaction to iron polymaltose and in whom continued intravenous iron therapy is appropriate.

|             |   |   |    |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 8807M<br>NP | Concentrate for solution for infusion 2.7 g (equivalent to 100 mg iron (III)) in 5 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 139.48 | 34.20 | Venofer | AS |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|

##### *Iron in combination with folic acid*

##### FERROUS FUMARATE with FOLIC ACID

|             |  |    |   |    |       |       |             |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|----|
| 9011G<br>NP | Tablet 310 mg (equivalent to 100 mg iron)-350 micrograms | 60 | 1 | .. | 12.79 | 13.86 | Ferro-f-tab | AE |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|----|

#### Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> and folic acid

##### *Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> (cyanocobalamin and derivatives)*

##### HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

##### Restricted benefit

Pernicious anaemia;

Other proven vitamin B<sub>12</sub> deficiencies;

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code                              | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|------------------------------|
|                                   | Prophylaxis after gastrectomy.   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
|                                   | <b>Note</b><br>One injection of hydroxocobalamin 1 mg every three months provides appropriate maintenance therapy in vitamin B <sub>12</sub> deficiencies. |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 9048F<br>NP                       | Injection 1 mg (as chloride) in 1 mL   | 3           | ..          | ..      | 15.87                                    | 16.94 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Hydroxo-B12 AS<br>Neo-B12 HH |
| <b>Folic acid and derivatives</b> |  |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
|                                   | <b>FOLIC ACID</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 2958Q<br>NP                       | Tablet 500 micrograms  | 200         | ..          | ..      | *13.78                                   | 14.85  | Megafol 0.5 AF               |
|                                   | <b>FOLIC ACID</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
|                                   | <b>Note</b><br>The 5 mg strength tablet should be used in malabsorption states only.   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 1437P<br>NP                       | Tablet 5 mg  | 200         | 1           | ..      | *14.02                                   | 15.09  | Megafol 5 AF                 |

## Blood substitutes and perfusion solutions

### Blood and related products

#### *Blood substitutes and plasma protein fractions*

|             |  |   |    |    |        |       |               |
|-------------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------------|
|             | <b>GELATIN - SUCCINYLATED</b>                                    |   |    |    |        |       |               |
| 8444K<br>NP | I.V. infusion 20 g per 500 mL, 500 mL                            | 3 | .. | .. | *45.75 | 34.20 | Gelofusine BR |
|             | <b>HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4</b>                               |   |    |    |        |       |               |
| 9487H<br>NP | I.V. infusion 30 g per 500 mL, 500 mL                            | 3 | .. | .. | *45.75 | 34.20 | Voluven 6% PK |
|             | <b>POLYGELINE</b>  |   |    |    |        |       |               |
| 2334W<br>NP | I.V. infusion 17.5 g per 500 mL (3.5%) with electrolytes, 500 mL | 3 | .. | .. | *45.75 | 34.20 | Haemacel AE   |

### I.V. solutions

#### *Solutions for parenteral nutrition*

|             |   |   |   |    |        |                    |  |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|--------|--------------------|--|
|             | <b>GLUCOSE</b>  |   |   |    |        |                    |  |
| 2245E<br>NP | I.V. infusion 278 mmol (anhydrous) per L (5%), 1 L          | 5 | 1 | .. | *22.82 | 23.89 <sup>a</sup> | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd BR<br>Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX<br>Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited PK |
| 9444C<br>NP | I.V. infusion 139 mmol (anhydrous) per 500 mL (5%), 500 mL  | 5 | 1 | .. | *17.87 | 18.94 <sup>a</sup> | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd BR<br>Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited PK                                 |
| 9445D<br>NP | I.V. infusion 278 mmol (anhydrous) per 500 mL (10%), 500 mL | 5 | 1 | .. | *17.87 | 18.94              | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited PK  |
| 9474P<br>NP | I.V. infusion 69.5 mmol (anhydrous) per 250 mL (5%), 250 mL | 5 | 1 | .. | *23.67 | 24.74 <sup>a</sup> | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd BR<br>Glucose 5% Freeflex PK  |

## Blood and blood forming organs

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|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| <b><i>Solutions affecting the electrolyte balance</i></b> |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>ELECTROLYTE REPLACEMENT SOLUTION</b>                   |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 3199J<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 1 L  | 2           | 1           | ..      | *21.96                                   | 23.03  | Plasma-Lyte 148 BX                      |
| <b>SODIUM CHLORIDE</b>                                    |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 2260Y<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 513 mmol per L (3%), 1 L                                       | 2           | 1           | ..      | *16.34                                   | 17.41  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX            |
| 2264E<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 154 mmol per L (0.9%), 1 L                                     | 5           | 1           | ..      | *22.82                                   | 23.89 <sup>a</sup>                                     | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd BR           |
|   |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX            |
|   |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited PK |
| 9392H<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 77 mmol per 500 mL (0.9%), 500 mL                              | 5           | 1           | ..      | *17.87                                   | 18.94 <sup>a</sup>                                     | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd BR           |
|   |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited PK |
| 9473N<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 38.5 mmol per 250 mL (0.9%), 250 mL                            | 5           | 1           | ..      | *23.67                                   | 24.74 <sup>a</sup>                                     | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd BR           |
|   |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Sodium Chloride 0.9% Freeflex PK        |
| <b>SODIUM CHLORIDE COMPOUND</b>                           |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 2266G<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 1 L  | 4           | 1           | ..      | *30.02                                   | 31.09  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX            |
| <b>SODIUM CHLORIDE with GLUCOSE</b>                       |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 2278X<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 39 mmol-69 mmol (anhydrous) per 500 mL (0.45%-2.5%), 500 mL    | 5           | 1           | ..      | *28.77                                   | 29.84  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX            |
| 2279Y<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 19 mmol-104 mmol (anhydrous) per 500 mL (0.225%-3.75%), 500 mL | 5           | 1           | ..      | *28.77                                   | 29.84  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX            |
| 2281C<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 31 mmol-222 mmol (anhydrous) per L (0.18%-4%), 1 L             | 5           | 1           | ..      | *23.52                                   | 24.59  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX            |
| <b>SODIUM LACTATE COMPOUND</b>                            |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 2286H<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 1 L  | 5           | 1           | ..      | *22.82                                   | 23.89 <sup>a</sup>                                     | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd BR           |
|   |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX            |
|   |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited PK |
| 9416N<br>NP   | I.V. infusion 500 mL   | 5           | 1           | ..      | *17.87                                   | 18.94 <sup>a</sup>                                     | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd BR           |
|   |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited PK |

## Cardiovascular system

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Cardiovascular system

### Cardiac therapy

#### Cardiac glycosides

##### *Digitalis glycosides*

#### DIGOXIN

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |   |     |   |                   |        |                    |               |    |
|--------------------|---|-----|---|-------------------|--------|--------------------|---------------|----|
| 1322N<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 250 micrograms                                     | 100 | 1 | ..                | 10.71  | 11.78 <sup>a</sup> | Sigmamaxin    | FM |
|                    |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.94 | 13.65  | 11.78 <sup>a</sup> | Lanoxin       | SI |
| 2605D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 62.5 micrograms                                    | 200 | 1 | ..                | 10.42  | 11.49 <sup>a</sup> | Sigmamaxin-PG | FM |
|                    |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.95 | 13.37  | 11.49 <sup>a</sup> | Lanoxin-PG    | SI |
| 3164M<br><i>NP</i> | Oral solution for children 50 micrograms per mL,<br>60 mL | 2   | 3 | ..                | *28.68 | 29.75              | Lanoxin       | SI |

#### Antiarrhythmics, class I and III

##### *Antiarrhythmics, class IA*

#### DISOPYRAMIDE

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |                |     |   |    |       |       |           |    |
|--------------------|----------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 2923W<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 100 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 29.13 | 30.20 | Rythmodan | SW |
| 2924X<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 150 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 46.51 | 34.20 | Rythmodan | SW |

##### *Antiarrhythmics, class IB*

#### LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |                          |    |    |    |       |       |                             |    |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------------|----|
| 2875H<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 100 mg in 5 mL | 5  | .. | .. | 37.33 | 34.20 | Pfizer Australia Pty<br>Ltd | PF |
| 2876J<br><i>NP</i> | Infusion 500 mg in 5 mL  | 10 | .. | .. | 29.59 | 30.66 | Xylocard 500                | AP |

##### *Antiarrhythmics, class IC*

#### FLECAINIDE ACETATE

##### Caution

Flecainide acetate should be avoided in patients with poor cardiac function.

##### Restricted benefit

Serious supra-ventricular cardiac arrhythmias;

Serious ventricular cardiac arrhythmias where treatment is initiated in a hospital (in-patient or out-patient).

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |               |    |   |    |       |                    |          |    |
|--------------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|--------------------|----------|----|
| 1088G<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 50 mg  | 60 | 5 | .. | 37.75 | 34.20              | Tambocor | IA |
| 1090J<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 100 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 44.69 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Flecatab | AF |

## Cardiovascular system

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Tambacor IA                 |

### Antiarrhythmics, class III

#### AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

Amiodarone hydrochloride has been reported to cause frequent and potentially serious toxicity. Regular monitoring of hepatic and thyroid function is recommended.

##### Restricted benefit

Severe cardiac arrhythmias.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |    |   |    |       |       |                                      |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 2343H<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 20.96 | 22.03 | <sup>a</sup> Aratac 200 AF           |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Cardinorm SZ            |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Cordarone X 200 SW      |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Amiodarone GX     |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Rithmik 200 SI          |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | Amiodarone                           |
| 2344J<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 14.60 | 15.67 | <sup>a</sup> Aratac 100 AF           |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Cardinorm SZ            |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Cordarone X 100 SW      |
|             |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Rithmik 100 SI          |

#### SOTALOL HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Severe cardiac arrhythmias.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |    |   |    |                   |       |                                      |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 2043M<br>NP | Tablet 160 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 25.50             | 26.57 | <sup>a</sup> Cardol AF               |
|             |               |    |   |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Sotalol CH    |
|             |               |    |   |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Sotalol GX        |
|             |               |    |   |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup> Solavert SI             |
|             |               |    |   |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup> Sotalol Sandoz SZ       |
|             |               |    |   |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|             |               |    |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 4.75 | 30.25 | <sup>a</sup> Sotacor FM              |
| 8398B<br>NP | Tablet 80 mg  | 60 | 5 | .. | 15.31             | 16.38 | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Sotalol GX        |
|             |               |    |   |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup> Solavert SI             |
|             |               |    |   |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup> Sotalol Sandoz SZ       |
|             |               |    |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 4.76 | 20.07 | <sup>a</sup> Sotacor FM              |

### Cardiac stimulants excl. cardiac glycosides Adrenergic and dopaminergic agents

#### ADRENALINE

|             |                                     |   |   |    |       |       |                        |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|------------------------|
| 1016L<br>NP | Injection 1 mg in 1 mL (1 in 1,000) | 5 | 1 | .. | 20.34 | 21.41 | AstraZeneca Pty Ltd AP |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|------------------------|

## Cardiovascular system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>ADRENALINE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial sole PBS-subsidised supply for anticipated emergency treatment of acute allergic reactions with anaphylaxis in a patient who:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (a) has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylaxis by, or in consultation with, a clinical immunologist, allergist, paediatrician or respiratory physician. The name of the specialist consulted must be provided at the time of application for initial supply; or  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (b) has been discharged from hospital or an emergency department after treatment with adrenaline for acute allergic reaction with anaphylaxis;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing sole PBS-subsidised supply for anticipated emergency treatment of acute allergic reactions with anaphylaxis, where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The auto-injector should be provided in the framework of a comprehensive anaphylaxis prevention program and an emergency action plan including training in recognition of the symptoms of anaphylaxis and the use of the auto-injector device. (For further information see the Australasian Society of Clinical Immunology and Allergy website at <a href="http://www.allergy.org.au">www.allergy.org.au</a> .) |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Authority approvals will be limited to a maximum quantity of 2 auto-injectors (Anapen or EpiPen) at any one time.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No repeats will be issued.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Caution</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| EpiPen and Anapen products have different administration techniques and should not be prescribed to the same patient without training in their use.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 3408J<br>NP  | I.M. injection 150 micrograms in 0.3 mL single dose syringe auto-injector | 1           | ..          | ..      | 106.00                                   | 34.20  | Anapen Junior LM            |
| 3409K<br>NP  | I.M. injection 300 micrograms in 0.3 mL single dose syringe auto-injector | 1           | ..          | ..      | 106.00                                   | 34.20  | Anapen LM                   |
| 8697R<br>NP  | I.M. injection 150 micrograms in 0.3 mL single dose syringe auto-injector | 1           | ..          | ..      | 106.00                                   | 34.20  | EpiPen Jr. AL               |
| 8698T<br>NP  | I.M. injection 300 micrograms in 0.3 mL single dose syringe auto-injector | 1           | ..          | ..      | 106.00                                   | 34.20  | EpiPen AL                   |

### Vasodilators used in cardiac diseases

#### *Organic nitrates*

| <b>GLYCERYL TRINITRATE</b> |  |    |   |                   |       |                    |                        |
|----------------------------|--|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|------------------------|
| 1459T<br>NP                | Tablets 600 micrograms, 100                                  | ‡1 | 5 | ..                | 14.83 | 15.90 <sup>a</sup> | Lycinate FM            |
|                            |  |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.94 | 17.77 | 15.90 <sup>a</sup> | Anginine Stabilised SI |
| 1515R<br>NP                | Transdermal patch releasing approximately 5 mg per 24 hours  | 30 | 5 | ..                | 27.32 | 28.39              | Transiderm-Nitro 25 NV |
| 1516T<br>NP                | Transdermal patch releasing approximately 10 mg per 24 hours | 30 | 5 | ..                | 33.81 | 34.20              | Transiderm-Nitro 50 NV |
| 8010N<br>NP                | Transdermal patch releasing approximately 5 mg per 24 hours  | 30 | 5 | ..                | 27.32 | 28.39              | Nitro-Dur 5 SH         |
| 8011P<br>NP                | Transdermal patch releasing approximately 10 mg per 24 hours | 30 | 5 | ..                | 33.81 | 34.20              | Nitro-Dur 10 SH        |
| 8026K<br>NP                | Transdermal patch releasing approximately 15 mg per 24 hours | 30 | 5 | ..                | 33.81 | 34.20              | Nitro-Dur 15 SH        |
| 8027L<br>NP                | Transdermal patch releasing approximately 5 mg per 24 hours  | 30 | 5 | ..                | 27.32 | 28.39              | Minitran 5 IA          |
| 8028M<br>NP                | Transdermal patch releasing approximately 10 mg per 24 hours | 30 | 5 | ..                | 33.81 | 34.20              | Minitran 10 IA         |
| 8119H<br>NP                | Transdermal patch releasing approximately 15 mg per 24 hours | 30 | 5 | ..                | 33.81 | 34.20              | Minitran 15 IA         |

#### **GLYCERYL TRINITRATE**

##### **Note**

The spray should not be inhaled.

|             |  |    |   |    |       |       |                           |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------------|
| 8171C<br>NP | Sublingual spray (pump pack) 400 micrograms per dose (200 doses) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 20.13 | 21.20 | Nitrolingual Pumpspray SW |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------------|

## Cardiovascular system

| Code                          | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 2587E<br>NP                   | Tablet 10 mg  | 200         | 2           | ..                | *13.68                                   | 14.75  | Sorbidin AF  |
| 2588F<br>NP                   | Sublingual tablet 5 mg                                  | 200         | 2           | ..                | *14.56                                   | 15.63  | Isordil Sublingual SI  |
| <b>ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE</b> |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1558B<br>NP                   | Tablet 60 mg (sustained release)                        | 30          | 5           | ..                | 12.56                                    | 13.63 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Chem mart<br>Isosorbide<br>Mononitrate CH                            |
|                               |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Duride AF   |
|                               |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Isosorbide<br>Mononitrate GX                      |
|                               |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Imtrate 60 mg GM  |
|                               |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Isomonit SZ   |
|                               |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Monodur 60 mg PM  |
|                               |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Isosorbide<br>Mononitrate TW |
|                               |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.70 | 15.26                                    | 13.63 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Imdur Durule AP  |
| 8273K<br>NP                   | Tablet 120 mg (sustained release)                       | 30          | 5           | ..                | 20.97                                    | 22.04 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Monodur 120 mg PM  |
|                               |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.85 | 23.82                                    | 22.04 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Imdur 120 mg AP  |

### Other vasodilators used in cardiac diseases

#### NICORANDIL

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                   |   |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|-------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 8228C<br>NP | Tablets 10 mg, 60 | 1 | 5 | .. | 24.14 | 25.21 | Ikorel SW |
| 8229D<br>NP | Tablets 20 mg, 60 | 1 | 5 | .. | 31.26 | 32.33 | Ikorel SW |

#### PERHEXILINE MALEATE

##### Caution

Regular monitoring of drug serum levels is recommended.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 7023

Angina not responding to other therapy.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 1822X<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 62.62 | 34.20 | Pexsig SI |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|

## Antihypertensives

### Antiadrenergic agents, centrally acting

#### *Methyldopa*

|             |                             |     |   |                   |       |                    |            |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|------------|
| 1629R<br>NP | METHYLDOPA<br>Tablet 250 mg | 100 | 5 | ..                | 13.30 | 14.37 <sup>a</sup> | Hydopa AF  |
|             |                             |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.50 | 15.80 | 14.37 <sup>a</sup> | Aldomet AS |

## Cardiovascular system

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| <b>Imidazoline receptor agonists</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>CLONIDINE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3141H<br>NP  | Tablet 150 micrograms                                   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 37.44                                    | 34.20  | Catapres BY   |
| 3145M<br>NP  | Tablet 100 micrograms                                   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 28.88                                    | 29.95  | Catapres 100 BY   |
| <b>MOXONIDINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Hypertension in patients receiving concurrent antihypertensive therapy.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 9019Q<br>NP  | Tablet 200 micrograms                                   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 19.53                                    | 20.60  | Physiotens SM   |
| 9020R<br>NP  | Tablet 400 micrograms                                   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 28.78                                    | 29.85  | Physiotens SM   |
| <b>Antiadrenergic agents, peripherally acting</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Alpha-adrenoceptor antagonists</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>PRAZOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1478T<br>NP  | Tablet 5 mg (base)                                      | 100         | 5           | ..                | 20.13                                    | 21.20  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Prazosin GX<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Prazosin TW<br>Terry White Chemists Prazosin                              |
| 1479W<br>NP  | Tablet 1 mg (base)                                      | 100         | 5           | ..                | 12.31                                    | 13.38  | <sup>a</sup> Minipress PF<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Prazosin GX<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Prazosin TW<br>Terry White Chemists Prazosin |
| 1480X<br>NP  | Tablet 2 mg (base)                                      | 100         | 5           | ..                | 14.50                                    | 15.57  | <sup>a</sup> Minipress PF<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Prazosin GX<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Prazosin TW<br>Terry White Chemists Prazosin |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.13 | 23.26                                    | 21.20  | <sup>a</sup> Minipress PF   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.80 | 15.11                                    | 13.38  | <sup>a</sup> Minipress PF   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.89 | 17.39                                    | 15.57  | <sup>a</sup> Minipress PF   |
| <b>Arteriolar smooth muscle, agents acting on</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Hydrazinophthalazine derivatives</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1639G<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg  | 200         | 2           | ..                | *17.42                                   | 18.49  | Alphapress 50 AF  |
| 1640H<br>NP  | Tablet 25 mg  | 200         | 2           | ..                | *15.50                                   | 16.57  | Alphapress 25 AF  |
| <b>Pyrimidine derivatives</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>MINOXIDIL</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2759   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Severe refractory hypertension. Treatment must be initiated by a consultant physician.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2313R<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 52.83                                    | 34.20  | Loniten PF  |

## Cardiovascular system

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>Diuretics</b>                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Low-ceiling diuretics, thiazides</b>       |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <i>Thiazides, plain</i>                       |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
|   | <b>HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE</b>                              |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1484D<br>NP                                   | Tablet 25 mg  | 100         | 1           | ..                | 21.24                                    | 22.31  | Dithiazide PL  |
| <b>Low-ceiling diuretics, excl. thiazides</b> |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <i>Sulfonamides, plain</i>                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
|   | <b>CHLORTHALIDONE</b>                                   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1585K<br>NP                                   | Tablet 25 mg  | 100         | 1           | ..                | *13.64                                   | 14.71  | Hygroton 25 LM   |
|   | <b>INDAPAMIDE HEMIHYDRATE</b>                           |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 2436F<br>NP                                   | Tablet 2.5 mg   | 90          | 1           | ..                | 16.93                                    | 18.00  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Indapamide<br><sup>a</sup> Dapa-Tabs AF<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Indapamide GX<br><sup>a</sup> Indapamide-GA GM<br><sup>a</sup> Indapamide Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Insig SI<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Indapamide |
| 8532C<br>NP                                   | Tablet 1.5 mg (sustained release)                       | 90          | 1           | ..                | <sup>B</sup> 2.43<br>19.36<br>18.67      | 18.00<br>19.74   | <sup>a</sup> Natrilix SE<br>Natrilix SR SE   |
| <b>High-ceiling diuretics</b>                 |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <i>Sulfonamides, plain</i>                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
|   | <b>FRUSEMIDE</b>  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 2411X<br>NP                                   | Oral solution 10 mg per mL, 30 mL                       | 1           | 3           | ..                | 17.06                                    | 18.13  | Lasix SW   |
| 2412Y<br>NP                                   | Tablet 40 mg  | 100         | 1           | ..                | 8.67                                     | 9.74   | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Frusemide<br><sup>a</sup> Frusemide Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Frusid GM<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Frusemide GX<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Frusemide<br><sup>a</sup> Uremide AF<br>Urex FM                            |
| 2413B<br>NP                                   | Injection 20 mg in 2 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..                | <sup>B</sup> 2.28<br>10.95<br>10.27      | 9.74<br>11.34  | <sup>a</sup> Lasix SW<br><sup>a</sup> Frusemide-Clarix AE<br><sup>a</sup> Frusemide Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Lasix SW   |
| 2414C<br>NP                                   | Tablet 20 mg  | 100         | 1           | ..                | *8.88                                    | 9.95   | Urex-M FM  |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.82 | *10.70                                   | 9.95   | <sup>a</sup> Lasix-M SW  |
|   |   |             |             | ..                | 8.90                                     | 9.97   | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Frusemide<br><sup>a</sup> Frusid GM<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Frusemide GX<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW   |

## Cardiovascular system

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------------|----|
| 2415D<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg   | 50          | 3           | ..      | 18.12                                    | 19.19  | Chemists<br>Frusemide<br>Urex-Forte | FM |

### *Aryloxyacetic acid derivatives*

#### ETHACRYNIC ACID

##### Restricted benefit

Patients hypersensitive to other oral diuretics.

|             |              |     |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 8748K<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg | 200 | 1 | .. | *197.30 | 34.20 | Edecrin | FK |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|

### Potassium-sparing agents *Aldosterone antagonists*

#### EPLERENONE

##### Caution

Serum electrolytes should be checked regularly.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2637

Heart failure with a left ventricular ejection fraction of 40% or less occurring within 3 to 14 days following an acute myocardial infarction. Treatment with eplerenone must be commenced within 14 days of an acute myocardial infarction.

The date of the acute myocardial infarction and the date of initiation of eplerenone treatment must be documented in the patient's medical records when PBS-subsidised treatment is initiated.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |    |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 8879H<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 112.77 | 34.20 | Inspira | PF |
| 8880J<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 112.77 | 34.20 | Inspira | PF |

#### SPIRONOLACTONE

##### Caution

Appropriate contraceptive measures should be taken by women of child-bearing age in whom spironolactone therapy has been initiated.

##### Caution

Serum electrolytes should be checked regularly.

|             |               |     |   |                   |       |                    |               |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------|----|
| 2339D<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg  | 100 | 5 | ..                | 12.19 | 13.26 <sup>a</sup> | Spiractin 25  | AF |
|             |               |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.75 | 13.94 | 13.26 <sup>a</sup> | Aldactone     | PF |
| 2340E<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg | 100 | 5 | ..                | 29.12 | 30.19 <sup>a</sup> | Spiractin 100 | AF |
|             |               |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.40 | 31.52 | 30.19 <sup>a</sup> | Aldactone     | PF |

### *Other potassium-sparing agents*

#### AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

Serum electrolytes should be checked regularly.

|             |             |     |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 3109P<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg | 100 | 1 | .. | *10.98 | 12.05 | Kaluril | AF |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|

### Diuretics and potassium-sparing agents in combination *Low-ceiling diuretics and potassium-sparing agents*

#### HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE with AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

Serum electrolytes should be checked regularly.

|             |                   |     |   |    |        |       |           |    |
|-------------|-------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------|----|
| 1486F<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg-5 mg | 100 | 1 | .. | *13.50 | 14.57 | Moduretic | AS |
|-------------|-------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------|----|

## Cardiovascular system

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE with TRIAMTERENE</b>     |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Caution</b>                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Serum electrolytes should be checked regularly. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1280J<br>NP                                     | Tablet 25 mg-50 mg                                      | 100         | 1           | ..      | 12.89                                    | 13.96  | Hydrene 25/50               | AF |

### Peripheral vasodilators

#### Peripheral vasodilators

##### *Other peripheral vasodilators*

#### PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### **Restricted benefit**

Phaeochromocytoma;

Neurogenic urinary retention.

##### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                     |     |   |    |         |       |             |    |
|-------------|---------------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|-------------|----|
| 1166J<br>NP | Capsules 10 mg, 30  | 3   | 5 | .. | *204.90 | 34.20 | Dibenzyline | GH |
| 1862B<br>NP | Capsule 10 mg       | 100 | 5 | .. | 67.36   | 34.20 | Dibenzyline | GH |
| 9286R<br>NP | Capsules 10 mg, 100 | 1   | 5 | .. | 1164.47 | 34.20 | Dibenzyline | GH |

### Beta blocking agents

#### Beta blocking agents

##### *Beta blocking agents, non-selective*

#### OXPRENOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE

|             |              |     |   |    |       |       |             |    |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|----|
| 2942W<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 10.00 | 11.07 | Corbeton 20 | AF |
| 2961W<br>NP | Tablet 40 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 11.78 | 12.85 | Corbeton 40 | AF |

#### PINDOLOL

|             |              |     |   |                   |       |                    |            |    |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|------------|----|
| 3062E<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg  | 100 | 5 | ..                | 11.23 | 12.30              | Barbloc 5  | AF |
| 3065H<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg | 50  | 5 | ..                | 13.34 | 14.41 <sup>a</sup> | Barbloc 15 | AF |
|             |              |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.57 | 15.91 | 14.41 <sup>a</sup> | Visken 15  | NV |

#### PROPRANOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE

|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       |             |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|-------------|----|
| 2565B<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg  | 100 | 5 | ..                | 10.19 | 11.26 | Deralin 10  | AF |
|             |               |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.14 | 13.33 | 11.26 | Inderal     | AP |
| 2566C<br>NP | Tablet 40 mg  | 100 | 5 | ..                | 10.56 | 11.63 | Deralin 40  | AF |
|             |               |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.14 | 13.70 | 11.63 | Inderal     | AP |
| 2899N<br>NP | Tablet 160 mg | 50  | 5 | ..                | 11.01 | 12.08 | Deralin 160 | AF |

#### SOTALOL HYDROCHLORIDE

##### **Restricted benefit**

Severe cardiac arrhythmias.

## Cardiovascular system

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2043M<br>NP   | Tablet 160 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..                | 25.50                                    | 26.57  | <sup>a</sup> Cardol AF                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Sotalol CH             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Sotalol GX                 |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Solavert SI                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sotalol Sandoz SZ                |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Sotalol TW  |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.75 | 30.25                                    | 26.57  | <sup>a</sup> Sotacor FM                       |
| 8398B<br>NP   | Tablet 80 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..                | 15.31                                    | 16.38  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Sotalol GX                 |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Solavert SI                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sotalol Sandoz SZ                |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.76 | 20.07                                    | 16.38  | <sup>a</sup> Sotacor FM                       |
| <b>Beta blocking agents, selective</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>ATENOLOL</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1081X<br>NP   | Tablet 50 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 10.08                                    | 11.15  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Atenolol TX                  |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Atenolol-GA GN                   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Atenolol Sandoz SZ               |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Atenolol CH            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Noten AF                         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tensig SI                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Atenolol TW |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.37 | 13.45                                    | 11.15  | <sup>a</sup> Tenormin AP                      |
| <b>BISOPROLOL FUMARATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>3234</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Moderate to severe heart failure in a patient stabilised on conventional therapy which must include an ACE inhibitor or Angiotensin II antagonist, if tolerated.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.        |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 8604W<br>NP   | Tablet 2.5 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..                | 48.40                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Bicard 2.5 SI                    |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bicolor AL                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bisoprolol Sandoz SZ             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bispro 2.5 AF                    |
| 8605X<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..                | 57.94                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Bicard 5 SI                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bicolor AL                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bisoprolol Sandoz SZ             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bispro 5 AF                      |
| 8606Y<br>NP   | Tablet 10 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..                | 70.83                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Bicard 10 SI                     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bicolor AL                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bisoprolol Sandoz SZ             |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer<br><sup>a</sup><br>Bispro 10 | AF |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|----|
| <b>METOPROLOL SUCCINATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |    |
| <b>3234</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |    |
| Moderate to severe heart failure in a patient stabilised on conventional therapy which must include an ACE inhibitor or Angiotensin II antagonist, if tolerated.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |    |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |    |
| 8732N<br>NP  | Tablet 23.75 mg (controlled release)                    | 15          | ..          | ..                | 21.04                                    | 22.11  | Toprol-XL 23.75  | AP |
| 8733P<br>NP  | Tablet 47.5 mg (controlled release)                     | 30          | 5           | ..                | 72.46                                    | 34.20  | Toprol-XL 47.5   | AP |
| 8734Q<br>NP  | Tablet 95 mg (controlled release)                       | 30          | 5           | ..                | 88.96                                    | 34.20  | Toprol-XL 95   | AP |
| 8735R<br>NP  | Tablet 190 mg (controlled release)                      | 30          | 5           | ..                | 109.60                                   | 34.20  | Toprol-XL 190  | AP |
| <b>METOPROLOL TARTRATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |    |
| 1324Q<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 10.62                                    | 11.69  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Metoprolol                     | CH |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Metoprolol                            | GX |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metohexal                                   | SZ |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metrol 50                                   | SI |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Minax 50                                    | AF |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Metoprolol       | TW |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.24 | 12.86                                    | 11.69  | Lopresor 50  | NV |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.09 | 13.71                                    | 11.69  | <sup>a</sup> Betaloc                                     | AP |
| 1325R<br>NP  | Tablet 100 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..                | 11.76                                    | 12.83  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Metoprolol                     | CH |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Metoprolol                            | GX |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metohexal                                   | SZ |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metrol 100                                  | SI |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Minax 100                                   | AF |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Metoprolol       | TW |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.22 | 13.98                                    | 12.83  | Lopresor 100   | NV |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.08 | 14.84                                    | 12.83  | <sup>a</sup> Betaloc                                     | AP |

### NEBIVOLOL

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3234**

Moderate to severe heart failure in a patient stabilised on conventional therapy which must include an ACE inhibitor or Angiotensin II antagonist, if tolerated.

#### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                       |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 9310B<br>NP | Tablet 1.25 mg (as hydrochloride), 28 | 1  | 5 | .. | 29.25 | 30.32 | Nebilet | CS |
| 9311C<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (as hydrochloride)        | 28 | 5 | .. | 60.94 | 34.20 | Nebilet | CS |
| 9312D<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (as hydrochloride)       | 28 | 5 | .. | 68.02 | 34.20 | Nebilet | CS |

## Cardiovascular system

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 9316H<br>NP | Tablet 1.25 mg (as hydrochloride)                       | 56          | 5           | ..      | *50.62                                   | 34.20  | Nebilet<br>CS               |

### Alpha and beta blocking agents

#### CARVEDILOL

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3234

Moderate to severe heart failure in a patient stabilised on conventional therapy which must include an ACE inhibitor or Angiotensin II antagonist, if tolerated;

1735

Patients receiving this drug as a pharmaceutical benefit prior to 1 August 2002.

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                 |    |    |    |       |       |   |
|-------------|-----------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|
| 8255L<br>NP | Tablet 3.125 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 15.53 | 16.60 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Carvedilol TX<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Carvedilol<br>3.125 mg<br><sup>a</sup> Dilasig 3.125 FM<br><sup>a</sup> Dilatrend 3.125 RO<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Carvedilol GX<br><sup>a</sup> GN-Carvedilol GM<br><sup>a</sup> Kredex MD<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Carvedilol<br>3.125 mg<br><sup>a</sup> Vedilol 3.125 SI  |
| 8256M<br>NP | Tablet 6.25 mg  | 60 | 5  | .. | 48.40 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Carvedilol TX<br><sup>a</sup> Carvedilol GQ<br>generichealth<br><sup>a</sup> Carvedilol Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Carvedilol<br>6.25 mg<br><sup>a</sup> Dicarz AF<br><sup>a</sup> Dilasig 6.25 FM<br><sup>a</sup> Dilatrend 6.25 RO<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Carvedilol GX<br><sup>a</sup> GN-Carvedilol GM<br><sup>a</sup> Kredex MD<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Carvedilol<br>6.25 mg<br><sup>a</sup> Vedilol 6.25 SI |
| 8257N<br>NP | Tablet 12.5 mg  | 60 | 5  | .. | 57.97 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Carvedilol TX<br><sup>a</sup> Carvedilol GQ<br>generichealth<br><sup>a</sup> Carvedilol Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Carvedilol<br>12.5 mg<br><sup>a</sup> Dicarz AF<br><sup>a</sup> Dilasig 12.5 FM<br><sup>a</sup> Dilatrend 12.5 RO  |

## Cardiovascular system

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Carvedilol GX   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GN-Carvedilol GM  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kredex MD   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Carvedilol<br>12.5 mg<br>Vedilol 12.5 TW |
| 8258P<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..                | 70.85                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Carvedilol TX   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Carvedilol<br>generichealth GQ                                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Carvedilol Sandoz SZ  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Carvedilol 25 mg CH                                    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dicarz AF   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dilasig 25 FM   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dilatrend 25 RO   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Carvedilol GX   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GN-Carvedilol GM  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kredex MD   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Carvedilol 25 mg TW                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Vedilol 25 SI   |
|             | <b>LABETALOL HYDROCHLORIDE</b>                          |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1566K<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 15.28                                    | 16.35  | <sup>a</sup> Presolol 100 AF   |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.13 | 18.41                                    | 16.35  | <sup>a</sup> Trandate SI   |
| 1567L<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 21.00                                    | 22.07  | <sup>a</sup> Presolol 200 AF   |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.14 | 24.14                                    | 22.07  | <sup>a</sup> Trandate SI   |

### Calcium channel blockers

#### Selective calcium channel blockers with mainly vascular effects

##### *Dihydropyridine derivatives*

###### Note

The base-priced drugs in this therapeutic group are amlodipine, felodipine, lercanidipine hydrochloride and nifedipine (except nifedipine controlled release tablet 20 mg).

###### **AMLODIPINE**

###### Note

Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between the tablet containing 5 mg amlodipine (as besylate) and the tablet containing 5 mg amlodipine (as maleate).

|             |                           |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|-------------|---------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---|
| 1343Q<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (as maleate)  | 30 | 5 | .. | 16.16 | 17.23 | <sup>a</sup> Amlo 5 ZP                      |
| 2751T<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (as besylate) | 30 | 5 | .. | 16.16 | 17.23 | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine-DRLA RZ             |
|             |                           |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine-GA GM               |
|             |                           |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine<br>generichealth GQ |
|             |                           |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine Sandoz SZ           |
|             |                           |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> APO-Amlodipine TX              |
|             |                           |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Amlodipine CH     |
|             |                           |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Nordip AF                      |
|             |                           |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Norvapine GN                   |

## Cardiovascular system

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozlodip RA                                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Perivasc AL                                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR                               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine 5<br>Terry White<br>Chemists TW |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.72 | 19.88                                    | 17.23  | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine<br>Norvasc PF                   |
| <hr/>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>AMLODIPINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between the tablet containing 10 mg amlodipine (as besylate) and the tablet containing 10 mg amlodipine (as maleate). |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1345T<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg (as maleate)                               | 30          | 5           | ..                | 23.50                                    | 24.57  | <sup>a</sup> Amlo 10 ZP                                 |
| 2752W<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg (as besylate)                              | 30          | 5           | ..                | 23.50                                    | 24.57  | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine-DRLA RZ                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine-GA GM                           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine<br>generichealth GQ             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine Sandoz SZ                       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Amlodipine TX                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Amlodipine CH                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Nordip AF                                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Norvapine GN                               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozlodip RA                                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Perivasc AL                                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Amlodipine 10 CR              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists TW                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amlodipine<br>Norvasc PF                   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.39 | 28.89                                    | 24.57  |   |
| <b>FELODIPINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2361G<br>NP  | Tablet 2.5 mg (extended release)                        | 30          | 5           | ..                | 12.78                                    | 13.85  | <sup>a</sup> Felodur ER 2.5 mg AL                       |
|  |   |             |             |                   | <sup>B</sup> 4.74                        | 17.52  | <sup>a</sup> Plendil ER AP                              |
| 2366M<br>NP  | Tablet 5 mg (extended release)                          | 30          | 5           | ..                | 15.49                                    | 16.56  | <sup>a</sup> Felodil XR 5 SI                            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Felodur ER 5 mg AL                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   | <sup>B</sup> 4.76                        | 20.25  | <sup>a</sup> Plendil ER AP                              |
| 2367N<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg (extended release)                         | 30          | 5           | ..                | 22.70                                    | 23.77  | <sup>a</sup> Felodil XR 10 SI                           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Felodur ER 10 mg AL                        |
|  |   |             |             |                   | <sup>B</sup> 4.77                        | 27.47  | <sup>a</sup> Plendil ER AP                              |
| <b>LERCANIDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 8534E<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..                | 15.70                                    | 16.77  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lercanidipine TX                       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Lercanidipine CH              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lercadip GM                                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lercan SI                                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lercanidipine<br>Sandoz SZ                 |

## Cardiovascular system

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|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| 8679T<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..                      | 21.92                                    | 22.99  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Lercanidipine TW |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zircol AF                             |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>B</sup> 1.84 17.54 <sup>a</sup> Zanidip SM    |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lercanidipine TX                  |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Lercanidipine CH            |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lercadip GM                           |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lercan SI                             |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lercanidipine Sandoz SZ               |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Lercanidipine TW |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zircol AF                             |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.27 25.19 | 22.99                                    | <sup>a</sup> Zanidip SM                                |  |
| <b>NIFEDIPINE</b>  |   |             |             |                         |  |  |  |
| 1694E<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..                      | 15.39                                    | 16.46  | <sup>a</sup> Adefin 10 AF                          |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.12 16.51 | 16.46                                    | <sup>a</sup> Adalat 10 BN                              |  |
| 1695F<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..                      | 17.59                                    | 18.66  | <sup>a</sup> Adefin 20 AF                          |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Nifedipine GX                       |  |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  | <sup>a</sup> Nifehexal SZ                              |  |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.09 19.68 | 18.66                                    | <sup>a</sup> Adalat 20 BN                              |  |
| 1906H<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 30 mg (controlled release)                       | 30          | 5           | ..                      | 18.44                                    | 19.51  | <sup>a</sup> Addos XR 30 SI                        |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  | <sup>a</sup> Adefin XL 30 AF                           |  |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Nifedipine XR TX                      |  |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.41 20.85 | 19.51                                    | <sup>a</sup> Adalat Oros 30 BN                         |  |
| 1907J<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 60 mg (controlled release)                       | 30          | 5           | ..                      | 21.52                                    | 22.59  | <sup>a</sup> Addos XR 60 SI                        |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  | <sup>a</sup> Adefin XL 60 AF                           |  |
|                    |   |             |             |                         |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Nifedipine XR TX                      |  |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.67 24.19 | 22.59                                    | <sup>a</sup> Adalat Oros 60 BN                         |  |
| 8610E<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg (controlled release)                       | 30          | 5           | <sup>T</sup> 2.15 19.70 | 19.70                                    | 18.62  | Adalat Oros 20mg BN                                |

### NIFEDIPINE

#### Authority required

Adverse effects occurring with all of the base-priced drugs;

Drug interactions occurring with all of the base-priced drugs;

Drug interactions expected to occur with all of the base-priced drugs;

Transfer to a base-priced drug would cause patient confusion resulting in problems with compliance.

|                    |                                   |    |   |    |       |       |                     |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------|
| 8938K<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg (controlled release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 19.70 | 20.77 | Adalat Oros 20mg BN |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------|

## Selective calcium channel blockers with direct cardiac effects

### *Phenylalkylamine derivatives*

#### VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Caution

The myocardial depressant effects of this drug and of beta-blocking drugs are additive.

|       |                        |   |    |    |       |       |            |
|-------|------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 1060T | Injection 5 mg in 2 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 12.38 | 13.45 | Isoptin AB |
|-------|------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------|

## Cardiovascular system

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| NP<br>1241H | Tablet 240 mg (sustained release)                       | 30          | 5           | ..                | 15.67                                    | 16.74 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Cordilox SR KN              |
| NP          |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.15 | 17.82                                    | 16.74 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Isoptin SR AB               |
| NP<br>1248Q | Tablet 40 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 11.26                                    | 12.33 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Anpec 40 AF                 |
| NP          |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.73 | 11.99                                    | 12.33 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Isoptin AB                  |
| NP<br>1250T | Tablet 80 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 15.01                                    | 16.08 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Anpec 80 AF                 |
| NP          |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.71 | 15.72                                    | 16.08 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Isoptin AB                  |
| NP<br>1253Y | Tablet 160 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..                | 17.84                                    | 18.91  | Isoptin AB                  |
| NP<br>1254B | Tablet 120 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 18.86                                    | 19.93  | Isoptin AB                  |
| NP<br>2206D | Capsule 160 mg (sustained release)                      | 30          | 5           | ..                | 12.15                                    | 13.22  | Veracaps SR SI              |
| NP<br>2207E | Capsule 240 mg (sustained release)                      | 30          | 5           | ..                | 15.75                                    | 16.82  | Veracaps SR SI              |
| NP<br>2208F | Tablet 180 mg (sustained release)                       | 30          | 5           | ..                | 13.35                                    | 14.42 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Cordilox 180 SR KN          |
| NP          |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.16 | 15.51                                    | 14.42 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Isoptin 180 SR AB           |

### *Benzothiazepine derivatives*

#### **DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### **Caution**

The myocardial depressant effects of this drug and of beta-blocking drugs are additive.

|             |                                      |    |   |    |       |                                      |                |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| NP<br>1312C | Capsule 180 mg (controlled delivery) | 30 | 5 | .. | 16.72 | 17.79 <sup>a</sup>                   | Cardizem CD SW |
| NP          |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltiazem CD CH         |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltahexal CD SZ        |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Dilzem CD GM            |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Diltiazem CD GX   |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltiazem CD TW         |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Vasocardol CD AV        |                |
| NP<br>1313D | Capsule 240 mg (controlled delivery) | 30 | 5 | .. | 20.34 | 21.41 <sup>a</sup>                   | Cardizem CD SW |
| NP          |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltiazem CD CH         |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltahexal CD SZ        |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Dilzem CD GM            |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Diltiazem CD GX   |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltiazem CD TW         |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Vasocardol CD AV        |                |
| NP<br>1335G | Tablet 60 mg                         | 90 | 5 | .. | 15.71 | 16.78 <sup>a</sup>                   | Cardizem SW    |
| NP          |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltiazem CH            |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Coras AF                |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltiazem Sandoz SZ     |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Dilzem 60 mg GM         |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Diltiazem GX      |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Diltiazem TW            |                |
|             |                                      |    |   |    |       | <sup>a</sup> Vasocardol AV           |                |

## Cardiovascular system

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| 8480H<br>NP | Capsule 360 mg (controlled delivery)                    | 30          | 5           | ..      | 24.67                                    | 25.74 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Cardizem CD<br>SW                |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Diltahexal CD<br>SZ |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Vasocardol CD<br>AV |

### Agents acting on the renin-angiotensin system

#### ACE inhibitors, plain

#### ACE inhibitors, plain

##### Caution

Use of ACE inhibitors during pregnancy is contraindicated since these drugs have been associated with foetal death in utero.

##### **CAPTOPRIL**

|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    |                                     |
|-------------|----------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1147J<br>NP | Tablet 12.5 mg | 90 | 5 | ..                | 16.16 | 17.23 <sup>a</sup> | Captopril Sandoz<br>SZ              |
|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Captopril<br>GX  |
|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Zedace<br>AF           |
| 1148K<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg   | 90 | 5 | ..                | 20.52 | 21.59 <sup>a</sup> | Ascent Pharma Pty<br>Ltd<br>GM      |
|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Captopril Sandoz<br>SZ |
|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Captopril<br>GX  |
|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Zedace<br>AF           |
|             |                |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 4.76 | 25.28 | 21.59 <sup>a</sup> | <sup>a</sup> Capoten<br>SI          |
| 1149L<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg   | 90 | 5 | ..                | 34.24 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Ascent Pharma Pty<br>Ltd<br>GM      |
|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Captopril Sandoz<br>SZ |
|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Captopril<br>GX  |
|             |                |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Zedace<br>AF           |
|             |                |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 4.75 | 38.99 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | <sup>a</sup> Capoten<br>SI          |

##### **CAPTOPRIL**

##### Restricted benefit

For patients unable to take a solid dose form of an ACE inhibitor.

|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    |   |
|-------------|---|----|---|-------------------|--------|--------------------|---|
| 8760C<br>NP | Oral solution 5 mg per mL, 95 mL          | 1  | 5 | ..                | 111.82 | 34.20              | Capoten<br>SI   |
| 1368B<br>NP | Tablet containing enalapril maleate 10 mg | 30 | 5 | ..                | 16.90  | 17.97 <sup>a</sup> | Acetec<br>AL  |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Alphapril<br>AF                            |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Auspril<br>SI                              |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Enalapril<br>CH               |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril-DP 10mg<br>GN                    |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril-GA<br>GM                         |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril<br>generichealth<br>GQ           |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril Sandoz<br>SZ                     |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril Winthrop<br>WA                   |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Enalapril<br>GX                      |
|             |   |    |   |                   |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Enalapril<br>TW |
|             |   |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 4.65 | 21.55  | 17.97 <sup>a</sup> | <sup>a</sup> Renitec<br>MK                              |
| 1369C<br>NP | Tablet containing enalapril maleate 20 mg | 30 | 5 | ..                | 19.76  | 20.83 <sup>a</sup> | <sup>a</sup> Acetec<br>AL                               |

## Cardiovascular system

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|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alphapril AF                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Auspril SI                        |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril GN                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril-DP 20mg GN              |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril-GA GM                   |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril GQ                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth Enalapril Sandoz SZ |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Enalapril GX                |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Enalapril TW |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.66 | 24.42                                    | 20.83  | <sup>a</sup> Renitec 20 MK                     |
| 1370D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet containing enalapril maleate 5 mg                | 30          | 5           | ..                | 12.80                                    | 13.87  | <sup>a</sup> Acetec AL                         |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alphapril AF                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Auspril SI                        |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril GN                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril-DP 5mg GN               |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril-GA GM                   |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril GQ                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth Enalapril Sandoz SZ |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril Winthrop WA             |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Enalapril GX                |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Enalapril TW |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.66 | 17.46                                    | 13.87  | <sup>a</sup> Renitec M MK                      |
|                    | <b>FOSINOPRIL SODIUM</b>                                |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1182F<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 15.19                                    | 16.26  | <sup>a</sup> Fosinopril Sandoz SZ              |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Fosipril 10 SI                    |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Fosinopril GX               |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Monace 10 AF                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Monopril BQ                       |
| 1183G<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 19.56                                    | 20.63  | <sup>a</sup> Fosinopril Sandoz SZ              |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Fosipril 20 SI                    |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Fosinopril GX               |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Monace 20 AF                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Monopril BQ                       |
|                    | <b>LISINOPRIL</b>                                       |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 2456G<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 5 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 13.75                                    | 14.82  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lisinopril TX                 |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                      |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril SI                     |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Fibsol 5 SI                       |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lisinopril GX               |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Liprace GM                        |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril 5 CR                   |
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril-DRLA RZ                |

## Cardiovascular system

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril-GA GN                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril<br>generichealth GQ           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Ranbaxy RA                    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Sandoz SZ                     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Winthrop WA                   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisodur AF                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Lisinopril TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.96 | 15.71                                    | 14.82  | <sup>a</sup> Zestril AP                               |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.74 | 17.49                                    | 14.82  | <sup>a</sup> Prinivil 5 MK                            |
| 2457H<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 17.41                                    | 18.48  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lisinopril TX                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Lisinopril CH               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Fibsol 10 SI                             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lisinopril GX                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Liprace GM                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril 10 CR                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril-DRLA RZ                       |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril-GA GN                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril<br>generichealth GQ           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Hexal HX                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Ranbaxy RA                    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Sandoz SZ                     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Winthrop WA                   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisodur AF                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Lisinopril TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.98 | 19.39                                    | 18.48  | <sup>a</sup> Zestril AP                               |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.76 | 21.17                                    | 18.48  | <sup>a</sup> Prinivil 10 MK                           |
| 2458J<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 20.27                                    | 21.34  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lisinopril TX                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Lisinopril CH               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Fibsol 20 SI                             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lisinopril GX                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Liprace GM                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril 20 CR                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril-DRLA RZ                       |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril-GA GN                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril<br>generichealth GQ           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Ranbaxy RA                    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Sandoz SZ                     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisinopril Winthrop WA                   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lisodur AF                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Lisinopril TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.97 | 22.24                                    | 21.34  | <sup>a</sup> Zestril AP                               |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.75 | 24.02                                    | 21.34  | <sup>a</sup> Prinivil 20 MK                           |

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| <b>PERINDOPRIL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between perindopril erbumine 2 mg and perindopril arginine 2.5 mg. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| 3050M<br>NP   | Tablet containing 2 mg perindopril erbumine             | 30          | 5           | ..      | 12.27                                    | 13.34  | a | APO-Perindopril TX          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Chem mart CH                |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | GenRx Perindopril GX        |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Indopril 2 SI               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Ozapace RA                  |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindo AF                  |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril 2 CR            |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril-DP GN           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril-GA GM           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Terry White Chemists TW     |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril                 |
| 9006B<br>NP   | Tablet containing 2.5 mg perindopril arginine           | 30          | 5           | ..      | 12.27                                    | 13.34  | a | Coversyl 2.5mg SE           |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>PERINDOPRIL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between perindopril erbumine 4 mg and perindopril arginine 5 mg.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| 3051N<br>NP   | Tablet containing 4 mg perindopril erbumine             | 30          | 5           | ..      | 17.37                                    | 18.44  | a | APO-Perindopril TX          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Chem mart CH                |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | GenRx Perindopril GX        |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Indopril 4 SI               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Ozapace RA                  |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindo AF                  |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril 4 CR            |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril-DP GN           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril-GA GM           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Terry White Chemists TW     |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril                 |
| 9007C<br>NP   | Tablet containing 5 mg perindopril arginine             | 30          | 5           | ..      | 17.37                                    | 18.44  | a | Coversyl 5mg SE             |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>PERINDOPRIL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between perindopril erbumine 8 mg and perindopril arginine 10 mg.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| 8704D<br>NP   | Tablet containing 8 mg perindopril erbumine             | 30          | 5           | ..      | 23.19                                    | 24.26  | a | APO-Perindopril TX          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Chem mart CH                |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | GenRx Perindopril GX        |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Indopril 8 SI               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Ozapace RA                  |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindo AF                  |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril 8 CR            |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril-DP GN           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Perindopril-GA GM           |

## Cardiovascular system

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|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Perindopril<br>Coversyl 10mg<br>TW<br>SE  |
| 9008D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet containing 10 mg perindopril arginine                            | 30          | 5           | ..                | 23.19                                    | 24.26  | <sup>a</sup>  |
|                    | <b>QUINAPRIL</b>  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1968N<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 5 mg (as hydrochloride)  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 13.58                                    | 14.65  | <sup>a</sup> Acquin 5<br>SI<br><br><sup>a</sup> APO-Quinapril<br>TX<br><sup>a</sup> Filpril<br>AL<br><sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Quinapril 5<br>CR<br><sup>a</sup> Qpril 5<br>AF<br><sup>a</sup> Quinapril-DP<br>GN<br><sup>a</sup> Quinapril<br>generichealth<br>GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Quinapril Sandoz<br>SZ                                   |
| 1969P<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg (as hydrochloride)   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 16.62                                    | 17.69  | <sup>a</sup> Accupril<br>PF<br><sup>a</sup> Acquin 10<br>SI<br><br><sup>a</sup> APO-Quinapril<br>TX<br><sup>a</sup> Filpril<br>AL<br><sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Quinapril 10<br>CR<br><sup>a</sup> Qpril 10<br>AF<br><sup>a</sup> Quinapril-DP<br>GN<br><sup>a</sup> Quinapril<br>generichealth<br>GQ  |
| 1970Q<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg (as hydrochloride)   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 19.06                                    | 20.13  | <sup>a</sup> Accupril<br>PF<br><sup>a</sup> Acquin 20<br>SI<br><br><sup>a</sup> APO-Quinapril<br>TX<br><sup>a</sup> Filpril<br>AL<br><sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Quinapril 20<br>CR<br><sup>a</sup> Qpril 20<br>AF<br><sup>a</sup> Quinapril-GA<br>GM<br><sup>a</sup> Quinapril<br>generichealth<br>GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Quinapril Sandoz<br>SZ |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.46 | 14.04                                    | 14.65  | <sup>a</sup> Accupril<br>PF   |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.62 | 17.24                                    | 17.69  | <sup>a</sup> Accupril<br>PF   |
|                    |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.95 | 20.01                                    | 20.13  | <sup>a</sup> Accupril<br>PF   |
|                    | <b>RAMIPRIL</b>   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
|                    | <b>Note</b><br>Ramipril 1.25 mg tablets and capsules are bioequivalent. |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1944H<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 1.25 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 11.34                                    | 12.41  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ramipril<br>TX<br><br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Ramipril<br>CH<br><sup>a</sup> Prilace 1.25<br>SI<br><sup>a</sup> Ramace 1.25 mg<br>AV<br><sup>a</sup> Ramipril Sandoz<br>SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Ramipril Winthrop<br>WA<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Ramipril<br>TW<br><sup>a</sup> Tritace 1.25 mg<br>SW       |

## Cardiovascular system

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| 9120B<br><i>NP</i>                                      | Capsule 1.25 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 11.34                                    | 12.41  | <sup>a</sup> Tryzan Tabs 1.25 AF          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril 1.25                |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril-DP GN               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril-GA GM               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril<br>generichealth GQ |
| <sup>a</sup> Tryzan Caps 1.25 AF                        |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>RAMIPRIL</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Ramipril 2.5 mg tablets and capsules are bioequivalent. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 1945J<br><i>NP</i>                                      | Tablet 2.5 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 13.62                                    | 14.69  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ramipril TX              |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril                     |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Prilace 2.5 SI               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramace 2.5 mg AV             |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril Sandoz SZ           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril Winthrop WA         |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists TW   |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril                     |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tritace 2.5 mg SW            |
| 9121C<br><i>NP</i>                                      | Capsule 2.5 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 13.62                                    | 14.69  | <sup>a</sup> Tryzan Tabs 2.5 AF           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril 2.5                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril-DP GN               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril-GA GM               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril<br>generichealth GQ |
| <sup>a</sup> Tryzan Caps 2.5 AF                         |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>RAMIPRIL</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Ramipril 5 mg tablets and capsules are bioequivalent.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 1946K<br><i>NP</i>                                      | Tablet 5 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 15.46                                    | 16.53  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ramipril TX              |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril                     |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Prilace 5 SI                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramace 5 mg AV               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril Sandoz SZ           |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril Winthrop WA         |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists TW   |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril                     |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tritace 5 mg SW              |
| 9122D<br><i>NP</i>                                      | Capsule 5 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 15.46                                    | 16.53  | <sup>a</sup> Tryzan Tabs 5 AF             |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR                 |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril 5                   |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril-DP GN               |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril<br>generichealth GQ |
|   |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tryzan Caps 5 AF             |

## Cardiovascular system

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| <b>RAMIPRIL</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Ramipril 10 mg tablets and capsules are bioequivalent. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1316G<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 22.39                                    | 23.46  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ramipril TX                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril Sandoz SZ               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Ramipril TW |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tritace SW                       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tryzan Tabs 10 AF                |
| 8470T<br>NP  | Capsule 10 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 22.39                                    | 23.46  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Ramipril GX                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor Ramipril 10 CR         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Prilace 10 SI                    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramace 10 mg AV                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril-DP GN                   |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril-GA GM                   |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril generichealth GQ        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril Sandoz SZ               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ramipril Winthrop WA             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tritace 10 mg SW                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tryzan Caps 10 AF                |
| <b>RAMIPRIL</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 8668F<br>NP  | Pack containing 7 tablets 2.5 mg, 21 tablets 5 mg and 10 capsules 10 mg | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | 21.24                                    | 22.31  | Tritace Titration Pack SW                     |
| <b>TRANDOLAPRIL</b>                                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2791X<br>NP  | Capsule 500 micrograms  | 28          | 5           | ..                | 9.15                                     | 10.22  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Trandolapril TX              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dolapril 0.5 SI                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tranalpha AF                     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Trandolapril-DP GN               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Trandolapril generichealth GQ    |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.76 | 10.91                                    | 10.22  | <sup>a</sup> Gopten AB                        |
| 2792Y<br>NP  | Capsule 1 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..                | 13.62                                    | 14.69  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Trandolapril TX              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dolapril 1 SI                    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tranalpha AF                     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Trandolapril-DP GN               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Trandolapril generichealth GQ    |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.78 | 15.40                                    | 14.69  | <sup>a</sup> Gopten AB                        |
| 2793B<br>NP  | Capsule 2 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..                | 15.11                                    | 16.18  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Trandolapril TX              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dolapril 2 SI                    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tranalpha AF                     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Trandolapril-DP GN               |

## Cardiovascular system

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Trandolapril<br>generichealth GQ |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.78 | 16.89                                    | 16.18  | <sup>a</sup> Gopten AB                        |
| 8758Y<br>NP | Capsule 4 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..                | 22.74                                    | 23.81  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Trandolapril TX              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dolapril 4 SI                    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tranalpha AF                     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Trandolapril-DP GN               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Trandolapril<br>generichealth GQ |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.78 | 24.52                                    | 23.81  | <sup>a</sup> Gopten AB                        |

### ACE inhibitors, combinations *ACE inhibitors and diuretics*

#### Caution

Use of ACE inhibitors during pregnancy is contraindicated since these drugs have been associated with foetal death in utero.

#### ENALAPRIL MALEATE with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.

|             |                   |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|-------------|-------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---|
| 8477E<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg-6 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 27.60 | 28.67 | <sup>a</sup> Enalapril/HCT<br>Sandoz SZ |
|             |                   |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Renitec Plus 20/6 MK       |

#### FOSINOPRIL SODIUM with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.

|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|-------------|----------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---|
| 8400D<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg-12.5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 21.32 | 22.39 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Fosinopril<br>HCTZ 10/12.5 TX          |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Fosinopril/HCT<br>Sandoz<br>10mg/12.5mg SZ |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Fosinopril/HCTZ-GA<br>10/12.5 GM           |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Hyforil RA                                 |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Monoplus 10/12.5 BQ                        |
| 8401E<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg-12.5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 28.30 | 29.37 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Fosinopril<br>HCTZ 20/12.5 TX          |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Fosetic 20/12.5 ZP                         |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Fosinopril/HCT<br>Sandoz<br>20mg/12.5mg SZ |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Fosinopril/HCTZ-GA<br>20/12.5 GM           |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Hyforil RA                                 |
|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Monoplus 20/12.5 BQ                        |

#### PERINDOPRIL with INDAPAMIDE HEMIHYDRATE

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |                                      |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 2190G<br>NP | Tablet containing 2.5 mg perindopril arginine-<br>0.625 mg indapamide hemihydrate | 30 | 5 | .. | 16.13 | 17.20 | Coversyl Plus LD<br>2.5mg/0.625mg SE |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------------------------|

#### PERINDOPRIL with INDAPAMIDE HEMIHYDRATE

##### Restricted benefit

Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.

##### Note

Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between perindopril erbumine/indapamide hemihydrate tablet 4 mg-1.25 mg and perindopril arginine/indapamide hemihydrate tablet 5 mg-1.25 mg.

|       |  |    |   |    |       |       |                               |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------------------------|
| 2845R | Tablet containing 5 mg perindopril arginine- | 30 | 5 | .. | 28.22 | 29.29 | <sup>a</sup> Coversyl Plus SE |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------------------------|



## Cardiovascular system

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>TRANDOLAPRIL with VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The myocardial depressant effects of verapamil hydrochloride and of beta-blocking drugs are additive.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2857J<br>NP   | Tablet 4 mg-240 mg (sustained release)                  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 31.38                                    | 32.45  | Tarka 4/240 AB              |
| 9387C<br>NP   | Tablet 2 mg-180 mg (sustained release)                  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 21.61                                    | 22.68  | Tarka 2/180 AB              |
| <b>Angiotensin II antagonists, plain</b><br><i>Angiotensin II antagonists, plain</i>                    |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8295N<br>NP   | Tablet 4 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 19.25                                    | 20.32  | Atacand AP                  |
| 8296P<br>NP   | Tablet 8 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 22.75                                    | 23.82  | Atacand AP                  |
| 8297Q<br>NP   | Tablet 16 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 28.91                                    | 29.98  | Atacand AP                  |
| 8889W<br>NP   | Tablet 32 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 46.62                                    | 34.20  | Atacand AP                  |
| <b>EPROSARTAN MESYLATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8397Y<br>NP   | Tablet 400 mg (base)                                    | 56          | 5           | T2.00   | *31.08                                   | 30.15  | Teveten SM                  |
| 8447N<br>NP   | Tablet 600 mg (base)                                    | 28          | 5           | ..      | 30.03                                    | 31.10  | Teveten SM                  |
| <b>EPROSARTAN MESYLATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Adverse effects occurring with all of the base-priced drugs;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Drug interactions occurring with all of the base-priced drugs;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Drug interactions expected to occur with all of the base-priced drugs;                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Transfer to a base-priced drug would cause patient confusion resulting in problems with compliance.     |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8951D<br>NP   | Tablet 400 mg (base)                                    | 56          | 5           | ..      | *31.08                                   | 32.15  | Teveten SM                  |
| <b>IRBESARTAN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8246B<br>NP   | Tablet 75 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 21.11                                    | 22.18 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Avapro BQ<br>Karvea SW      |
| 8247C<br>NP   | Tablet 150 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 25.15                                    | 26.22 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Avapro BQ<br>Karvea SW      |
| 8248D<br>NP   | Tablet 300 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 30.24                                    | 31.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Avapro BQ<br>Karvea SW      |
| <b>OLMESARTAN MEDOXOMIL</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2147B<br>NP   | Tablet 20 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 25.15                                    | 26.22  | Olmotec SH                  |
| 2148C<br>NP   | Tablet 40 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 30.24                                    | 31.31  | Olmotec SH                  |
| <b>TELMISARTAN</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8355R<br>NP   | Tablet 40 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 21.66                                    | 22.73  | Micardis BY                 |

## Cardiovascular system

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|------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 8356T<br>NP      | Tablet 80 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 28.91                                    | 29.98  | Micardis BY                 |
| <b>VALSARTAN</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9368C<br>NP      | Tablet 40 mg  | 28          | ..          | ..      | 16.01                                    | 17.08  | Diovan NV                   |
| 9369D<br>NP      | Tablet 80 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 20.13                                    | 21.20  | Diovan NV                   |
| 9370E<br>NP      | Tablet 160 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 23.90                                    | 24.97  | Diovan NV                   |

### VALSARTAN

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised for the 320 mg tablet.

|             |               |    |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 9371F<br>NP | Tablet 320 mg | 28 | 5 | .. | 28.65 | 29.72 | Diovan NV |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|

## Angiotensin II antagonists, combinations *Angiotensin II antagonists and diuretics*

### CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

#### Restricted benefit

Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.

|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       |                         |    |
|-------------|----------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------------------|----|
| 8504N<br>NP | Tablet 16 mg-12.5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 31.13 | 32.20 | Atacand Plus<br>16/12.5 | AP |
| 9314F<br>NP | Tablet 32 mg-12.5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 48.55 | 34.20 | Atacand Plus<br>32/12.5 | AP |
| 9315G<br>NP | Tablet 32 mg-25 mg   | 30 | 5 | .. | 50.49 | 34.20 | Atacand Plus 32/25      | AP |

### EPROSARTAN MESYLATE with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

#### Restricted benefit

Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.

|             |                              |    |   |    |       |       |                          |    |
|-------------|------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------------|----|
| 8624X<br>NP | Tablet 600 mg (base)-12.5 mg | 28 | 5 | .. | 32.11 | 33.18 | Teveten Plus<br>600/12.5 | SM |
|-------------|------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------------|----|

### IRBESARTAN with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

#### Restricted benefit

Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.

|             |                       |    |   |    |       |       |  |          |
|-------------|-----------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|----------|
| 2136K<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg-25 mg   | 30 | 5 | .. | 34.69 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Avapro HCT 300/25<br><sup>a</sup> Karvezide 300/25        | BQ<br>SW |
| 8404H<br>NP | Tablet 150 mg-12.5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 27.37 | 28.44 | <sup>a</sup> Avapro HCT<br>150/12.5<br><sup>a</sup> Karvezide 150/12.5 | BQ<br>SW |
| 8405J<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg-12.5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 32.46 | 33.53 | <sup>a</sup> Avapro HCT<br>300/12.5<br><sup>a</sup> Karvezide 300/12.5 | BQ<br>SW |

### OLMESARTAN MEDOXOMIL with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

#### Restricted benefit

Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.

|             |                      |    |   |    |       |       |              |    |
|-------------|----------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|----|
| 2161R<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg-12.5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 27.36 | 28.43 | Olmotec Plus | SH |
| 2166B<br>NP | Tablet 40 mg-12.5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 32.44 | 33.51 | Olmotec Plus | SH |
| 2170F<br>NP | Tablet 40 mg-25 mg   | 30 | 5 | .. | 34.69 | 34.20 | Olmotec Plus | SH |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                             | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>TELMISARTAN with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.                         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8622T<br>NP   | Tablet 40 mg-12.5 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 23.73                                    | 24.80  | Micardis Plus<br>40/12.5 mg | BY |
| 8623W<br>NP   | Tablet 80 mg-12.5 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 30.98                                    | 32.05  | Micardis Plus<br>80/12.5 mg | BY |
| 9381R<br>NP   | Tablet 80 mg-25 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 33.07                                    | 34.14  | Micardis Plus<br>80/25 mg   | BY |
| <b>VALSARTAN with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.                         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9372G<br>NP   | Tablet 80 mg-12.5 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 22.21                                    | 23.28  | Co-Diovan 80/12.5           | NV |
| 9373H<br>NP   | Tablet 160 mg-12.5 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 25.98                                    | 27.05  | Co-Diovan<br>160/12.5       | NV |
| 9374J<br>NP   | Tablet 160 mg-25 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 28.06                                    | 29.13  | Co-Diovan 160/25            | NV |
| <b>VALSARTAN with HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.                         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised for the tablets containing 320 mg valsartan. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9481B<br>NP   | Tablet 320 mg-12.5 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 30.73                                    | 31.80  | Co-Diovan<br>320/12.5       | NV |
| 9482C<br>NP   | Tablet 320 mg-25 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 32.80                                    | 33.87  | Co-Diovan 320/25            | NV |
| <b><i>Angiotensin II antagonists and calcium channel blockers</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>AMLODIPINE with VALSARTAN</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.                         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5459H<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg (as besylate)-320 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 37.73                                    | 34.20  | Exforge 5/320               | NV |
| 5460J<br>NP   | Tablet 10 mg (as besylate)-320 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 44.11                                    | 34.20  | Exforge 10/320              | NV |
| 9375K<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg (as besylate)-80 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 29.22                                    | 30.29  | Exforge 5/80                | NV |
| 9376L<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg (as besylate)-160 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 33.00                                    | 34.07  | Exforge 5/160               | NV |
| 9377M<br>NP   | Tablet 10 mg (as besylate)-160 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 39.85                                    | 34.20  | Exforge 10/160              | NV |
| <b>OLMESARTAN with AMLODIPINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either of the drugs in the combination.                         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5292M   | Tablet containing olmesartan medoxomil 20 mg<br>with amlodipine 5 mg (as besylate)  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 34.89                                    | 34.20  | Sevikar 20/5                | SH |
| 5293N   | Tablet containing olmesartan medoxomil 40 mg<br>with amlodipine 5 mg (as besylate)  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 39.98                                    | 34.20  | Sevikar 40/5                | SH |
| 5294P   | Tablet containing olmesartan medoxomil 40 mg<br>with amlodipine 10 mg (as besylate) | 30          | 5           | ..      | 46.48                                    | 34.20  | Sevikar 40/10               | SH |
| <b><i>Angiotensin II antagonists, other combinations</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>AMLODIPINE with VALSARTAN and HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hypertension in a patient who is not adequately controlled with any two of the drugs in the combination.                        |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer      |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| 5285E | Tablet 5 mg (as besylate)-160 mg-12.5 mg                | 28          | 5           | ..      | 35.07                                    | 34.20  | Exforge HCT<br>5/160/12.5<br>NV  |
| 5286F | Tablet 5 mg (as besylate)-160 mg-25 mg                  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 37.14                                    | 34.20  | Exforge HCT<br>5/160/25<br>NV    |
| 5287G | Tablet 10 mg (as besylate)-160 mg-12.5 mg               | 28          | 5           | ..      | 41.79                                    | 34.20  | Exforge HCT<br>10/160/12.5<br>NV |
| 5288H | Tablet 10 mg (as besylate)-160 mg-25 mg                 | 28          | 5           | ..      | 43.59                                    | 34.20  | Exforge HCT<br>10/160/25<br>NV   |
| 5289J | Tablet 10 mg (as besylate)-320 mg-25 mg                 | 28          | 5           | ..      | 47.72                                    | 34.20  | Exforge HCT<br>10/320/25<br>NV   |

## GENERAL STATEMENT FOR LIPID-LOWERING DRUGS PRESCRIBED AS PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS

Use the following criteria to determine patient eligibility for subsidisation under the PBS for the following drugs:

- atorvastatin calcium
- fluvastatin sodium
- pravastatin sodium
- rosuvastatin calcium
- simvastatin
- fenofibrate
- gemfibrozil

By writing a PBS prescription, the prescriber is certifying the patient satisfies the qualifying criteria set out below and the use is in accordance with the registered indications which differ between agents in this class - refer to the current Product Information for details. Note also that patients already established on a particular lipid-lowering drug, where use satisfies the PBS qualifying criteria, but is outside the registered indications for that drug, are not required to switch to another drug in the class to retain PBS eligibility.

Patients in very high risk categories (see below) may commence drug therapy with statins or fibrates immediately (ie simultaneously with an appropriate diet). For all other patients, dietary therapy should be trialled prior to initiation of drug therapy.

Dietary therapy should be continued concurrently with pharmacological therapy and should be reviewed on at least an annual basis.

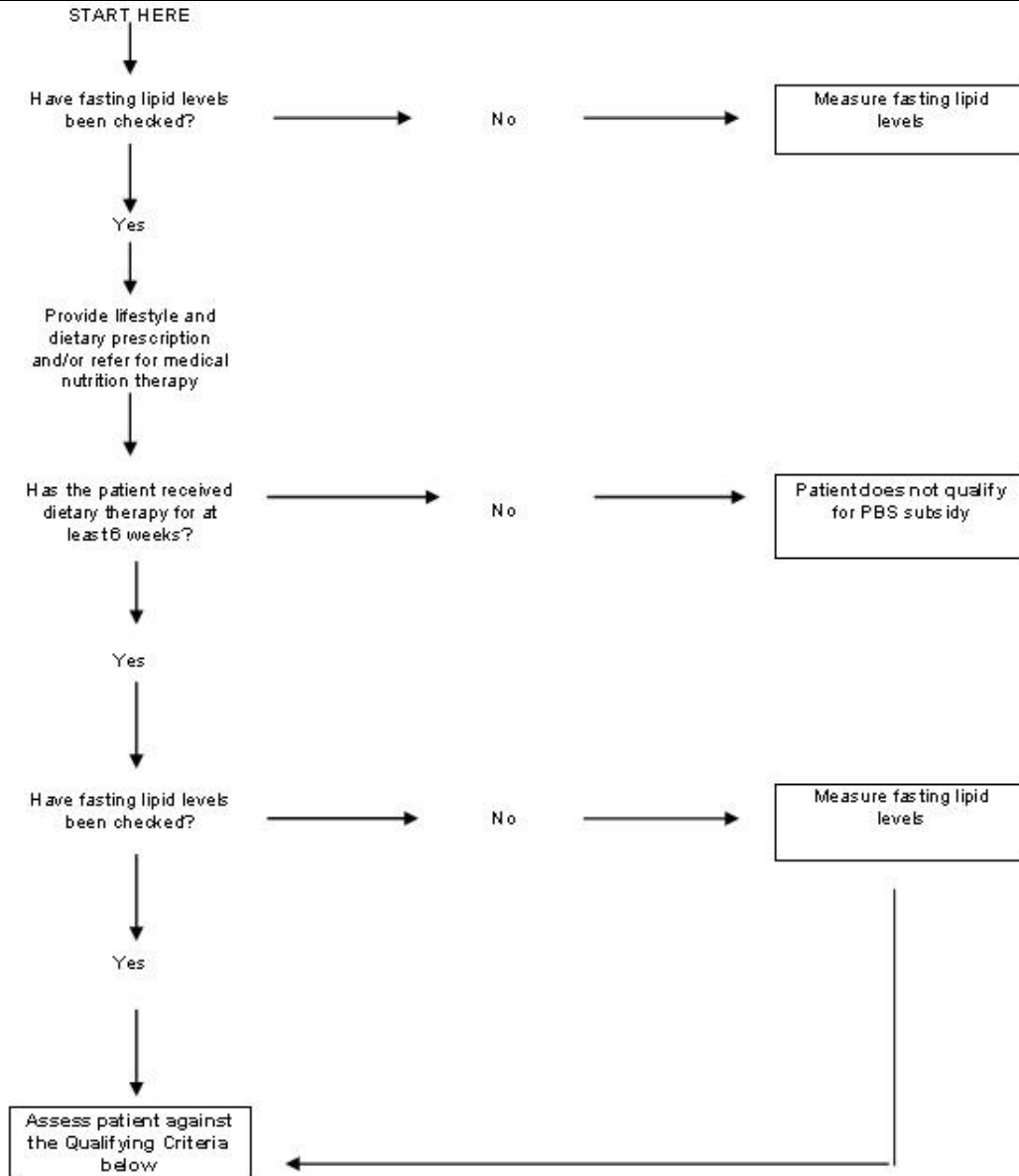
Patients identified as being in one of the following very high risk categories may commence drug therapy with statins or fibrates at any cholesterol level:

- coronary heart disease which has become symptomatic
- cerebrovascular disease which has become symptomatic
- peripheral vascular disease which has become symptomatic
- diabetes mellitus with microalbuminuria (defined as urinary albumin excretion rate of >20mcg/min or urinary albumin to creatinine ratio of > 2.5 for males, > 3.5 for females)
- diabetes mellitus in Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander patients
- diabetes mellitus in patients aged 60 years or more
- family history of coronary heart disease which has become symptomatic before the age of 55 years in two or more first degree relatives
- family history of coronary heart disease which has become symptomatic before the age of 45 years in one or more first degree relatives

If your patient is not identified as being in any of the above very high risk categories, then use the flow-chart and table below to determine whether your patient satisfies the following criteria for subsidisation under the PBS. Document how the patient meets each of these steps in the patient record. Lipid levels must be measured at an accredited laboratory.

### Cardiovascular system

| Code | Name, Restriction, Manner of Administration and Form | Max. Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price for Max. Qty \$ | Maximum Recordable Value for Safety Net \$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|--|----------|-------------|---------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|--|----------|-------------|---------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|



## Cardiovascular system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### POST-DIETARY QUALIFYING CRITERIA

Dietary therapy should be continued concurrently with pharmacological therapy and should be reviewed on at least an annual basis.

#### PATIENT CATEGORY

#### LIPID LEVELS FOR PBS SUBSIDY

Patients with diabetes mellitus not otherwise included    total cholesterol > 5.5 mmol/L

Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander patients    total cholesterol > 6.5 mmol/L  
Patients with hypertension    or  
total cholesterol > 5.5 mmol/L and  
HDL cholesterol < 1 mmol/L

Patients with HDL cholesterol < 1 mmol/L    total cholesterol > 6.5 mmol/L

Patients with familial hypercholesterolaemia identified by:

- DNA mutation; or
- tendon xanthomas in the patient or their first or second degree relative

If aged 18 years or less at  
treatment initiation:  
LDL cholesterol > 4 mmol/L

If aged more than 18 years at  
treatment initiation:  
LDL cholesterol > 5 mmol/L  
or  
total cholesterol > 6.5 mmol/L  
or  
total cholesterol > 5.5 mmol/L and  
HDL cholesterol < 1 mmol/L

Patients with:

- family history of coronary heart disease which has become symptomatic before the age of 60 years in one or more first degree relatives; or
- family history of coronary heart disease which has become symptomatic before the age of 50 years in one or more second degree relatives

Patients not eligible under the above:

total cholesterol > 7.5 mmol/L  
or  
triglyceride > 4 mmol/L

- men aged 35 to 75 years
- post-menopausal women aged up to 75 years

Patients not otherwise included    total cholesterol > 9 mmol/L  
or  
triglyceride > 8 mmol/L

### Lipid modifying agents

#### Lipid modifying agents, plain *HMG CoA reductase inhibitors*

##### ATORVASTATIN

##### Restricted benefit

For use in patients that meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs.

|           |                           |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-----------|---------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 8213G     | Tablet 10 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 5 | .. | 42.70 | 34.20 | Lipitor | PF |
| <i>NP</i> |                           |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
| 8214H     | Tablet 20 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 5 | .. | 58.00 | 34.20 | Lipitor | PF |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code               | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <i>NP</i><br>8215J | Tablet 40 mg (as calcium)                               | 30          | 5           | ..      | 79.05                                    | 34.20  | Lipitor                     | PF |
| <i>NP</i><br>8521L | Tablet 80 mg (as calcium)                               | 30          | 5           | ..      | 110.25                                   | 34.20  | Lipitor                     | PF |

### ATORVASTATIN

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                           |    |    |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------|---------------------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 9230T | Tablet 10 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 11 | .. | 42.70  | 34.20 | Lipitor | PF |
| 9231W | Tablet 20 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 11 | .. | 58.00  | 34.20 | Lipitor | PF |
| 9232X | Tablet 40 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 11 | .. | 79.05  | 34.20 | Lipitor | PF |
| 9233Y | Tablet 80 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 11 | .. | 110.25 | 34.20 | Lipitor | PF |

### FLUVASTATIN

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients that meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs.

|                    |  |    |   |                   |       |                    |           |    |
|--------------------|--|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------|----|
| 2863Q<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet (prolonged release) 80 mg (as sodium) | 28 | 5 | ..                | 45.42 | 34.20              | Lescol XL | NV |
| 8023G<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 20 mg (as sodium)                    | 28 | 5 | ..                | 25.46 | 26.53 <sup>a</sup> | Lescol    | NV |
|                    |  |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.09 | 28.55 | 26.53 <sup>a</sup> | Vastin    | NM |
| 8024H<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 40 mg (as sodium)                    | 28 | 5 | ..                | 29.77 | 30.84 <sup>a</sup> | Lescol    | NV |
|                    |  |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.36 | 33.13 | 30.84 <sup>a</sup> | Vastin    | NM |

### FLUVASTATIN

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |  |    |    |                   |       |                    |           |    |
|-------|--|----|----|-------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------|----|
| 9234B | Capsule 20 mg (as sodium)                    | 28 | 11 | ..                | 25.46 | 26.53 <sup>a</sup> | Lescol    | NV |
|       |  |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.09 | 28.55 | 26.53 <sup>a</sup> | Vastin    | NM |
| 9235C | Capsule 40 mg (as sodium)                    | 28 | 11 | ..                | 29.77 | 30.84 <sup>a</sup> | Lescol    | NV |
|       |  |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.36 | 33.13 | 30.84 <sup>a</sup> | Vastin    | NM |
| 9236D | Tablet (prolonged release) 80 mg (as sodium) | 28 | 11 | ..                | 45.42 | 34.20              | Lescol XL | NV |

### PRAVASTATIN

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients that meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs.

|                    |  |    |   |    |       |                    |                                |    |
|--------------------|--|----|---|----|-------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----|
| 2833D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 10 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 20.80 | 21.87 <sup>a</sup> | APO-Pravastatin                | TX |
|                    |  |    |   |    |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart         | CH |
|                    |  |    |   |    |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin       |    |
|                    |  |    |   |    |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Cholstat 10       | AF |
|                    |  |    |   |    |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Pravastatin | GX |
|                    |  |    |   |    |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Lipostat 10       | SI |
|                    |  |    |   |    |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin 10    | CR |

## Cardiovascular system

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin-GA 10 GM  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin GQ        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin Sandoz SZ |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin WA        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Winthrop              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists              |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.79 | 24.59                                    | 21.87  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin           |
|             |   |             |             | ..                | 29.29                                    | 30.36  | <sup>a</sup> Pravachol FM          |
| 2834E<br>NP | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 20 mg              | 30          | 5           | ..                | 29.29                                    | 30.36  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Pravastatin TX    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH          |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cholstat 20 AF        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Pravastatin GX  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lipostat 20 SI        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin 20 CR     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin-GA 20 GM  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin GQ        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin Sandoz SZ |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin WA        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Winthrop              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Vastoran RA           |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.81 | 33.10                                    | 30.36  | <sup>a</sup> Pravachol FM          |
| 8197K<br>NP | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 40 mg              | 30          | 5           | ..                | 41.87                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Pravastatin TX    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH          |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cholstat 40 AF        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Pravastatin GX  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lipostat 40 SI        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin 40 CR     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin-GA 40 GM  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin GQ        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin Sandoz SZ |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin WA        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Winthrop              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Vastoran RA           |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.80 | 45.67                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Pravachol FM          |
| 8829Q<br>NP | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 80 mg              | 30          | 5           | ..                | 58.76                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Pravastatin TX    |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH          |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lipostat 80 SI        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin-GA 80 GM  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin GQ        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin Sandoz SZ |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin WA        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Winthrop              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin           |



## Cardiovascular system

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|----|
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Pravastatin | TW |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.80 | 45.67                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Vastoran                               | RA |
| 9240H | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 80 mg              | 30          | 11          | ..                | 58.76                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Pravachol                              | FM |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Pravastatin                        | TX |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Pravastatin               | CH |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lipostat 80                            | SI |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin-GA 80                      | GM |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin<br>generichealth           | GQ |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pravastatin Sandoz                     | SZ |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Pravastatin | TW |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.79 | 62.55                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Pravachol                              | FM |

### ROSUVASTATIN

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients that meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs.

|                    |                           |    |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|--------------------|---------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 9042X<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 5 mg (as calcium)  | 30 | 5 | .. | 45.75  | 34.20 | Crestor | AP |
| 9043Y<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 5 | .. | 62.50  | 34.20 | Crestor | AP |
| 9044B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 5 | .. | 86.21  | 34.20 | Crestor | AP |
| 9045C<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 40 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 5 | .. | 120.19 | 34.20 | Crestor | AP |

### ROSUVASTATIN

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                           |    |    |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------|---------------------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 3402C | Tablet 5 mg (as calcium)  | 30 | 11 | .. | 45.75  | 34.20 | Crestor | AP |
| 3403D | Tablet 10 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 11 | .. | 62.50  | 34.20 | Crestor | AP |
| 3404E | Tablet 20 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 11 | .. | 86.21  | 34.20 | Crestor | AP |
| 3405F | Tablet 40 mg (as calcium) | 30 | 11 | .. | 120.19 | 34.20 | Crestor | AP |

### SIMVASTATIN

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients that meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs.

|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       |  |    |
|--------------------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|----|
| 2011W<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 24.11 | 25.18 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Simvastatin             | TX |
|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Simvastatin    | CH |
|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Simvastatin           | GX |
|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Simvastatin 10 | MI |
|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Ransim                      | RA |
|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal                  | SZ |
|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Simvar 10                   | SI |
|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-DP              | GM |
|                    |              |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-GA 10           | GN |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                            |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>generichealth GQ           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-Spirit<br>10 ZP               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>Winthrop WA                |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Simvastatin TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.33 | 27.44                                    | 25.18  | <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF                                |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lipex 10 FR                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK                                  |
| 2012X<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 31.87                                    | 32.94  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Simvastatin TX                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Simvastatin CH               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Simvastatin GX                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Simvastatin 20 MI            |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ransim RA                                 |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ                             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvar 20 SI                              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-DP GM                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-GA 20 GN                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>generichealth GQ           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-Spirit<br>20 ZP               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>Winthrop WA                |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Simvastatin TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.31 | 35.18                                    | 32.94  | <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF                                |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lipex 20 FR                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK                                  |
| 2013Y<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 19.21                                    | 20.28  | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ                             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF                                |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.33 | 22.54                                    | 20.28  | <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK                                  |
| 8173E<br>NP | Tablet 40 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 42.77                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Simvastatin TX                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Simvastatin CH               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Simvastatin GX                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Simvastatin 40 MI            |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ransim RA                                 |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ                             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvar 40 SI                              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-DP GM                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-GA 40 GN                      |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>generichealth GQ           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-Spirit<br>40 ZP               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin WA                            |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code                              | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts              | Premium                           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer       |       |       |                          |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| 8313M<br>NP                       | Tablet 80 mg  | 30          | 5                        | ..                                | 56.77                                    | 34.20  | Winthrop                          |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR          |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin          |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF           |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>B</sup> 3.33                 | 46.10 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Lipex 40 FR |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK             |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Simvastatin TX   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart            |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin          |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Simvastatin    |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor            |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin 80       |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> Ransim RA            |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ        |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> Simvar 80 SI         |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-DP GM    |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-GA 80 GN |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin          |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
|                                   |   |             |                          | <sup>a</sup> generichealth        |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-Spirit   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> 80                   |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin          |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> Winthrop             |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR          |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin          |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF           |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>B</sup> 3.32                 | 60.09   | 34.20       | <sup>a</sup> Lipex 80 FR |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |
| <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK             |   |             |                          |                                   |  |  |                                   |       |       |                          |

### SIMVASTATIN

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|                                   |              |    |    |                             |       |       |                                |       |       |                                 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----|----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|---------------------------------|
| 9241J                             | Tablet 5 mg  | 30 | 11 | ..                          | 19.21 | 20.28 | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ     |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    |                             |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR       |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    |                             |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF        |       |       |                                 |
| 9242K                             | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | 11 | ..                          | 24.11 | 25.18 | <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK          |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    |                             |       |       | <sup>B</sup> 3.33              | 22.54 | 20.28 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Simvastatin TX |
|                                   |              |    |    |                             |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart         |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    |                             |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin       |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    |                             |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Simvastatin |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor      |       |       |                                |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin 10 |       |       |                                |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    | <sup>a</sup> Ransim RA      |       |       |                                |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ  |       |       |                                |       |       |                                 |
|                                   |              |    |    | <sup>a</sup> Simvar 10 SI   |       |       |                                |       |       |                                 |
| <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-DP GM    |              |    |    |                             |       |       |                                |       |       |                                 |
| <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-GA 10 GN |              |    |    |                             |       |       |                                |       |       |                                 |

**Cardiovascular system**

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                            |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| 9243L  | Tablet 20 mg  | 30          | 11          | ..      | 31.87                                    | 32.94  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>generichealth GQ           |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-Spirit<br>10 ZP               |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>Winthrop WA                |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR                               |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Simvastatin TW |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF                                |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>B</sup> 3.33 27.44 25.18 <sup>a</sup> Lipex 10 FR |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK                                  |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Simvastatin TX                        |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Simvastatin CH               |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Simvastatin GX                      |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Simvastatin 20 MI            |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ransim RA                                 |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ                             |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvar 20 SI                              |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-DP GM                         |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-GA 20 GN                      |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>generichealth GQ           |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-Spirit<br>20 ZP               |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>Winthrop WA                |
| <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR                               |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Simvastatin TW |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF                                |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <sup>B</sup> 3.31 35.18 32.94 <sup>a</sup> Lipex 20 FR |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 9244M  | Tablet 40 mg  | 30          | 11          | ..      | 42.77                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Simvastatin TX                        |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Simvastatin CH               |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Simvastatin GX                      |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor<br>Simvastatin 40 MI            |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ransim RA                                 |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ                             |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvar 40 SI                              |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-DP GM                         |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-GA 40 GN                      |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>generichealth GQ           |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-Spirit<br>40 ZP               |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin<br>Winthrop WA                |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR                               |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Simvastatin TW |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF                                |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>B</sup> 3.33 46.10 34.20 <sup>a</sup> Lipex 40 FR |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer        |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK              |
| 9245N | Tablet 80 mg  | 30          | 11          | ..                | 56.77                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Simvastatin TX    |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH          |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Simvastatin                        |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Simvastatin GX  |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor MI          |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Simvastatin 80                     |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ransim RA             |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvahexal SZ         |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvar 80 SI          |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-DP GM     |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-GA 80 GN  |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin GQ        |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | generichealth                      |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin-Spirit ZP |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | 80                                 |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvastatin WA        |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Winthrop                           |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Simvasyn CR           |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW        |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Chemists                           |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Simvastatin                        |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zimstat AF            |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.32 | 60.09                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Lipex 80 FR           |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zocor MK              |

### Fibrates

#### FENOFIBRATE

##### Note

The risk of serious muscle toxicity is increased if fenofibrate is used concomitantly with HMG CoA reductase inhibitors or other fibrates. Such combination therapy should be used with caution in patients with severe combined dyslipidaemia and high cardiovascular risk without any history of muscular disease and patients monitored closely for chronic signs of muscle toxicity.

##### Restricted benefit

For use in patients that meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs.

|             |               |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 9022W<br>NP | Tablet 48 mg  | 60 | 5 | .. | 30.05 | 31.12 | Lipidil | SM |
| 9023X<br>NP | Tablet 145 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 41.75 | 34.20 | Lipidil | SM |

#### FENOFIBRATE

##### Note

The risk of serious muscle toxicity is increased if fenofibrate is used concomitantly with HMG CoA reductase inhibitors or other fibrates. Such combination therapy should be used with caution in patients with severe combined dyslipidaemia and high cardiovascular risk without any history of muscular disease and patients monitored closely for chronic signs of muscle toxicity.

##### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |               |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 9246P | Tablet 48 mg  | 60 | 11 | .. | 30.05 | 31.12 | Lipidil | SM |
| 9247Q | Tablet 145 mg | 30 | 11 | .. | 41.75 | 34.20 | Lipidil | SM |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>GEMFIBROZIL</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| The risk of serious muscle toxicity is increased if gemfibrozil is used concomitantly with HMG CoA reductase inhibitors or other fibrates. Such combination therapy should be used with caution in patients with severe combined dyslipidaemia and high cardiovascular risk without any history of muscular disease and patients monitored closely for chronic signs of muscle toxicity. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| For use in patients that meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1453L<br>NP  | Tablet 600 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..                | 28.53                                    | 29.60  | <sup>a</sup> Ausgem SI<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Gemfibrozil<br><sup>a</sup> Gemhexal SZ<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Gemfibrozil GX<br><sup>a</sup> Jezil GN<br><sup>a</sup> Lipazil 600 mg GM<br><sup>a</sup> Lipigem AF<br><sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR<br><sup>a</sup> Gemfibrozil 600<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br><sup>a</sup> Chemists<br><sup>a</sup> Gemfibrozil<br><sup>a</sup> Lopid PF |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.81 | 31.34                                    | 29.60  |  |

### GEMFIBROZIL

#### Note

The risk of serious muscle toxicity is increased if gemfibrozil is used concomitantly with HMG CoA reductase inhibitors or other fibrates. Such combination therapy should be used with caution in patients with severe combined dyslipidaemia and high cardiovascular risk without any history of muscular disease and patients monitored closely for chronic signs of muscle toxicity.

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |               |    |    |                   |       |       |  |
|-------|---------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|--|
| 9248R | Tablet 600 mg | 60 | 11 | ..                | 28.53 | 29.60 | <sup>a</sup> Ausgem SI<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Gemfibrozil<br><sup>a</sup> Gemhexal SZ<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Gemfibrozil GX<br><sup>a</sup> Jezil GN<br><sup>a</sup> Lipazil 600 mg GM<br><sup>a</sup> Lipigem AF<br><sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR<br><sup>a</sup> Gemfibrozil 600<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br><sup>a</sup> Chemists<br><sup>a</sup> Gemfibrozil<br><sup>a</sup> Lopid PF |
|       |               |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.81 | 31.34 | 29.60 |  |

### *Bile acid sequestrants*

### CHOLESTYRAMINE

|             |   |   |   |    |        |       |                  |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------------|
| 2967E<br>NP | Sachets 4.7 g (equivalent to 4 g cholestyramine),<br>50 | 2 | 5 | .. | *71.94 | 34.20 | Questran Lite SI |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------------|

## Cardiovascular system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>CHOLESTYRAMINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For use in patients who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9249T   | Sachets 4.7 g (equivalent to 4 g cholestyramine),<br>50 | 2           | 11          | ..      | *71.94                                   | 34.20  | Questran Lite SI            |
| <b>COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1224K<br>NP   | Sachets 5 g, 120  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 85.04                                    | 34.20  | Colestid PF                 |
| <b>COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For use in patients who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9250W   | Sachets 5 g, 120  | 1           | 11          | ..      | 85.04                                    | 34.20  | Colestid PF                 |

### Other lipid modifying agents

#### EZETIMIBE

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

Treatment, in conjunction with dietary therapy and exercise, for co-administration with an HMG CoA reductase inhibitor (statin) in patients whose cholesterol levels are inadequately controlled with a statin and who have:

##### **2649**

(a) coronary heart disease; or

##### **2650**

(b) diabetes mellitus; or

##### **2651**

(c) peripheral vascular disease; or

##### **2652**

(d) heterozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia; or

##### **2653**

(e) symptomatic cerebrovascular disease; or

##### **2667**

(f) family history of coronary heart disease; or

##### **2668**

(g) hypertension.

Inadequate control with a statin is defined as follows:

(1) where the patient falls into a category for which the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs includes an initial cholesterol threshold for PBS-subsidy (i.e. a patient not in a very high risk category), a cholesterol level in excess of that threshold after at least 3 months of treatment at a daily dose of 40 mg or greater of a statin, in conjunction with dietary therapy and exercise. The dose and duration of statin treatment and the cholesterol level which shows inadequate control must be documented in the patient's medical records when ezetimibe is initiated. The cholesterol level which shows inadequate control must be no more than 2 months old when ezetimibe is initiated; or

(2) where the patient falls into a category for which the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs allows PBS-subsidised treatment with a statin at any cholesterol level (i.e. a very high risk category patient), a cholesterol level in excess of 4 mmol per L after at least 3 months of treatment at a daily dose of 40 mg or greater of a statin, in conjunction with dietary therapy and exercise. The dose and duration of statin treatment and the cholesterol level which shows inadequate control must be documented in the patient's medical records when ezetimibe is initiated. The cholesterol level which shows inadequate control must be no more than 2 months old when ezetimibe is initiated.

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

##### **1989**

Patients eligible for PBS-subsidised lipid-lowering medication (according to the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs) where treatment with an HMG CoA reductase inhibitor (statin) is contraindicated;

##### **2669**

Patients eligible for PBS-subsidised lipid-lowering medication (according to the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs) where treatment with an HMG CoA reductase inhibitor (statin) must be discontinued or reduced to a dose of 20 mg or less per day, because the patient developed a clinically important product-related adverse event during treatment with a statin.

## Cardiovascular system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | A clinically important product-related adverse event is defined as follows:<br>(i) Severe myalgia (muscle symptoms without creatine kinase elevation) which is proven to be temporally associated with statin treatment; or<br>(ii) Myositis (clinically important creatine kinase elevation, with or without muscle symptoms) demonstrated by results twice the upper limit of normal on a single reading or a rising pattern on consecutive measurements and which is unexplained by other causes; or<br>(iii) Unexplained, persistent elevations of serum transaminases (greater than 3 times the upper limit of normal) during treatment with a statin. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>1991</b><br>Homozygous sitosterolaemia;  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>2438</b><br>Patients with homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia who are eligible for PBS-subsidised lipid-lowering medication (according to the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs), in combination with an HMG CoA reductase inhibitor (statin).  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b><br><b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8757X<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 70.97                                    | 34.20  | Ezetrol MK                  |

### Lipid modifying agents, combinations

#### *HMG CoA reductase inhibitors in combination with other lipid modifying agents*

##### **EZETIMIBE with SIMVASTATIN**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**2431**

Patients with homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia who are eligible for PBS-subsidised lipid-lowering medication (according to the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs);

**3194**

Patients eligible for PBS-subsidised lipid-lowering medication (according to the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs) where treatment with an HMG CoA reductase inhibitor (statin) must be reduced to a dose of 20 mg or less per day, because the patient developed a clinically important product-related adverse event during treatment with a statin.

A clinically important product-related adverse event is defined as follows:

- (i) Severe myalgia (muscle symptoms without creatine kinase elevation) which is proven to be temporally associated with statin treatment; or
- (ii) Myositis (clinically important creatine kinase elevation, with or without muscle symptoms) demonstrated by results twice the upper limit of normal on a single reading or a rising pattern on consecutive measurements and which is unexplained by other causes; or
- (iii) Unexplained, persistent elevations of serum transaminases (greater than 3 times the upper limit of normal) during treatment with a statin.

##### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                    |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------------|--------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 9483D<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg-10 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 88.79 | 34.20 | Vytorin MK |
| 9484E<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg-20 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 96.59 | 34.20 | Vytorin MK |

##### **EZETIMIBE with SIMVASTATIN**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

Treatment, in conjunction with dietary therapy and exercise, in patients whose cholesterol levels are inadequately controlled with an HMG CoA reductase inhibitor (statin) and who have:

**2654**

(a) coronary heart disease; or

**2655**

(b) diabetes mellitus; or

**2656**

(c) peripheral vascular disease; or

**2657**

(d) heterozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia; or

**2658**

(e) cerebrovascular disease which has become symptomatic; or

**2678**

(f) family history of coronary heart disease; or

## Cardiovascular system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>2679</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (g) hypertension;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Inadequate control with a statin is defined as follows:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (1) where the patient falls into a category for which the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs includes an initial cholesterol threshold for PBS-subsidy (i.e. a patient not in a very high risk category), a cholesterol level in excess of that threshold after at least 3 months of treatment at a daily dose of 40 mg or greater of a statin, in conjunction with dietary therapy and exercise. The dose and duration of statin treatment and the cholesterol level which shows inadequate control must be documented in the patient's medical records when the ezetimibe component is initiated. The cholesterol level which shows inadequate control must be no more than 2 months old when the ezetimibe component is initiated; or |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (2) where the patient falls into a category for which the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs allows PBS-subsidised treatment with a statin at any cholesterol level (i.e. a very high risk category patient), a cholesterol level in excess of 4 mmol per L after at least 3 months of treatment at a daily dose of 40 mg or greater of a statin, in conjunction with dietary therapy and exercise. The dose and duration of statin treatment and the cholesterol level which shows inadequate control must be documented in the patient's medical records when the ezetimibe component is initiated. The cholesterol level which shows inadequate control must be no more than 2 months old when the ezetimibe component is initiated.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>2431</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Patients with homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia who are eligible for PBS-subsidised lipid-lowering medication (according to the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs).   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8881K<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg-40 mg                                      | 30          | 5           | ..      | 106.00                                   | 34.20  | Vytorin                     | MK |
| 8882L<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg-80 mg                                      | 30          | 5           | ..      | 121.32                                   | 34.20  | Vytorin                     | MK |

### *HMG CoA reductase inhibitors, other combinations*

#### **AMLODIPINE BESYLATE with ATORVASTATIN CALCIUM**

##### **Restricted benefit**

For use in patients who have hypertension and/or angina and who meet the criteria set out in the General Statement for Lipid-Lowering Drugs, and:

- (a) who are currently receiving treatment with a dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker; OR
- (b) whose blood pressure and/or angina is inadequately controlled with other classes of antihypertensive and/or anti-anginal agent, and in whom adjunctive therapy with a dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker would be appropriate; OR
- (c) who are intolerant of the side effects of other classes of antihypertensive and/or anti-anginal agent, and in whom replacement therapy with a dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker would be appropriate.

|             |                                  |    |   |    |        |       |              |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|----|
| 9049G<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (base)-10 mg (base)  | 30 | 5 | .. | 51.17  | 34.20 | Caduet 5/10  | PF |
| 9050H<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (base)-20 mg (base)  | 30 | 5 | .. | 67.32  | 34.20 | Caduet 5/20  | PF |
| 9051J<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (base)-40 mg (base)  | 30 | 5 | .. | 88.37  | 34.20 | Caduet 5/40  | PF |
| 9052K<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (base)-80 mg (base)  | 30 | 5 | .. | 119.57 | 34.20 | Caduet 5/80  | PF |
| 9053L<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (base)-10 mg (base) | 30 | 5 | .. | 57.71  | 34.20 | Caduet 10/10 | PF |
| 9054M<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (base)-20 mg (base) | 30 | 5 | .. | 74.33  | 34.20 | Caduet 10/20 | PF |
| 9055N<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (base)-40 mg (base) | 30 | 5 | .. | 95.39  | 34.20 | Caduet 10/40 | PF |
| 9056P<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (base)-80 mg (base) | 30 | 5 | .. | 126.58 | 34.20 | Caduet 10/80 | PF |

## Dermatologicals

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Dermatologicals

### Antifungals for dermatological use

#### Antifungals for topical use

##### *Antibiotics*

###### NYSTATIN

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2354

Treatment of a fungal or a yeast infection in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person.

|             |                                 |   |   |    |        |       |            |    |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------|----|
| 1698J<br>NP | Cream 100,000 units per g, 15 g | 2 | 3 | .. | *18.56 | 19.63 | Mycostatin | FM |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------|----|

##### *Imidazole and triazole derivatives*

###### CLOTRIMAZOLE

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2354

Treatment of a fungal or a yeast infection in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person.

|             |                              |   |   |    |        |       |        |    |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 1017M<br>NP | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 20 g | 2 | 3 | .. | *11.26 | 12.33 | Clonea | AF |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------|----|

###### KETOCONAZOLE

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2354

Treatment of a fungal or a yeast infection in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person.

|             |                                  |   |   |    |       |       |                  |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|----|
| 1574W<br>NP | Shampoo 20 mg per g (2%), 60 mL  | 1 | 1 | .. | 18.31 | 19.38 | Nizoral 2%       | JT |
| 9024Y<br>NP | Cream 20 mg per g (2%), 30 g     | 1 | 2 | .. | 23.12 | 24.19 | Nizoral 2% Cream | JT |
| 9025B<br>NP | Shampoo 10 mg per g (1%), 100 mL | 1 | 1 | .. | 17.60 | 18.67 | Nizoral 1%       | JT |

###### MICONAZOLE

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2354

Treatment of a fungal or a yeast infection in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person.

|             |                                   |   |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 9031H<br>NP | Tincture 20 mg per mL (2%), 30 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 19.47 | 20.54 | Daktarin | JT |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|

###### MICONAZOLE NITRATE

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2354

Treatment of a fungal or a yeast infection in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person.

|             |                                |   |   |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 9026C<br>NP | Cream 20 mg per g (2%), 15 g   | 2 | 3 | .. | *15.90 | 16.97 | Daktarin | JT |
| 9027D<br>NP | Cream 20 mg per g (2%), 30 g   | 1 | 2 | .. | 14.79  | 15.86 | Daktarin | JT |
| 9028E<br>NP | Cream 20 mg per g (2%), 70 g   | 1 | 1 | .. | 16.79  | 17.86 | Daktarin | JT |
| 9029F<br>NP | Powder 20 mg per g (2%), 30 g  | 1 | 2 | .. | 15.56  | 16.63 | Daktarin | JT |
| 9030G<br>NP | Lotion 20 mg per mL (2%), 30 g | 1 | 2 | .. | 16.72  | 17.79 | Daktarin | JT |

## Dermatologicals

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|--|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| <b><i>Other antifungals for topical use</i></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b>TERBINAFINE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b>2354</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| Treatment of a fungal or a yeast infection in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person;  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b>3243</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| Treatment of a fungal or a yeast infection in a patient aged up to 18 years inclusive.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| 9160D<br>NP  | Cream containing terbinafine hydrochloride<br>10 mg per g (1%), 15 g | 2           | 3           | ..                | *37.36                                   | 34.20  | Lamisil NC                        |
| <b>Antifungals for systemic use</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b><i>Antifungals for systemic use</i></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b>GRISEOFULVIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| 1460W<br>NP  | Tablet 125 mg  | 100         | 2           | ..                | 25.87                                    | 26.94  | Grisovin SI                       |
| 2982Y<br>NP  | Tablet 500 mg  | 28          | 2           | ..                | 26.99                                    | 28.06  | Grisovin 500 SI                   |
| <b>TERBINAFINE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| Treatment of a dermatophyte infection in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person where topical treatment has failed;  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| Treatment of a dermatophyte infection in a patient aged up to 18 years inclusive where topical treatment and griseofulvin have failed.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| 2285G<br>NP  | Tablet 250 mg (as hydrochloride)                                     | 42          | ..          | ..                | 98.01                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Terbinafine GX |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sebifin 250 RA       |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tamsil SI            |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbihexal SZ        |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbinafine 250 CR   |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbinafine-DRLA RZ  |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbinafine-GA GM    |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbix 250 MI        |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zabel AF             |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.37 | 99.38                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Lamisil NV           |
| <hr/>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b>TERBINAFINE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| Proximal or extensive (greater than 80% nail involvement) onychomycosis due to dermatophyte infection where topical treatment has failed. This infection must be proven by microscopy or culture and confirmed by an Approved Pathology Authority. The date of the pathology report must be provided at the time of application and must not be more than 12 months old. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| 2804N<br>NP  | Tablet 250 mg (as hydrochloride)                                     | 42          | 1           | ..                | 98.01                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Terbinafine GX |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sebifin 250 RA       |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tamsil SI            |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbihexal SZ        |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbinafine 250 CR   |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbinafine-DRLA RZ  |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbinafine-GA GM    |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbix 250 MI        |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zabel AF             |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.37 | 99.38                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Lamisil NV           |

## Dermatologicals

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                    | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Antipsoriatics</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Antipsoriatics for topical use</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Tars</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8864M<br>NP  | <b>COAL TAR - PREPARED</b><br>Gel 10 mg per g (1%), 100 mL                 | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 33.08                                    | 34.15  | Exorex GM                   |
| <b>Other antipsoriatics for topical use</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>CALCIPOTRIOL</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chronic stable plaque type psoriasis vulgaris.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2080L<br>NP  | Cream 50 micrograms per g (0.005%), 30 g                                   | ‡1          | 1           | ..      | 28.06                                    | 29.13  | Daivonex CS                 |
| <hr/>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>CALCIPOTRIOL</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chronic stable plaque type psoriasis vulgaris of the scalp.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9163G<br>NP  | Scalp solution 50 micrograms per mL (0.005%),<br>30 mL                     | ‡1          | 1           | ..      | 28.06                                    | 29.13  | Daivonex CS                 |
| <b>CALCIPOTRIOL with BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chronic stable plaque type psoriasis vulgaris in a patient who is not adequately controlled with either calcipotriol or potent topical corticosteroid monotherapy.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9494Q<br>NP  | Ointment 50 micrograms-500 micrograms (base)<br>per g (0.005%-0.05%), 30 g | ‡1          | 1           | ..      | 41.89                                    | 34.20  | Daivobet CS                 |
| <b>Antipsoriatics for systemic use</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Retinoids for treatment of psoriasis</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>ACITRETIN</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| This drug is a potent teratogen—pregnancy should be avoided for at least two years after cessation of therapy.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Care must be taken to comply with the provisions of State/Territory law when prescribing acitretin.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>1366</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe intractable psoriasis;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>1363</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe forms of disorders of keratinisation.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2019G  | Capsule 10 mg  | 100         | 2           | ..      | 205.77                                   | 34.20  | Neotigason TA               |
| 2020H  | Capsule 25 mg  | 100         | 2           | ..      | 393.21                                   | 34.20  | Neotigason TA               |

## Dermatologicals

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Antibiotics and chemotherapeutics for dermatological use</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

### Chemotherapeutics for topical use

#### *Sulfonamides*

##### SILVER SULFADIAZINE

##### Restricted benefit

Prevention and treatment of infection in partial or full skin thickness loss due to burns;

Prevention and treatment of infection in partial or full skin thickness loss due to epidermolysis bullosa;

Stasis ulcers.

|             |                              |     |    |    |       |       |           |    |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 9479X<br>NP | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 50 g | \$1 | .. | .. | 19.15 | 20.22 | Flamazine | SN |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|

### Corticosteroids, dermatological preparations

#### Corticosteroids, plain

#### *Corticosteroids, weak (group I)*

##### HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

##### Restricted benefit

Treatment of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

|             |   |     |   |                   |       |      |                           |    |
|-------------|---|-----|---|-------------------|-------|------|---------------------------|----|
| 2881P<br>NP | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 50 g            | \$1 | 1 | ..                | 8.56  | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> Cortic-DS 1% | FM |
|             |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 0.08 | 8.64  | 9.63 | Cortef                    | VT |
|             |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.70 | 11.26 | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> Sigmacort    | SI |
| 2882Q<br>NP | Topical ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 50 g | \$1 | 1 | ..                | 8.56  | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> Cortic-DS 1% | FM |
|             |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.70 | 11.26 | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> Sigmacort    | SI |
| 2887Y<br>NP | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 30 g            | \$1 | 1 | ..                | 8.89  | 9.96 | <sup>a</sup> Cortic-DS 1% | FM |
|             |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.69 | 11.58 | 9.96 | <sup>a</sup> Sigmacort    | SI |
| 2888B<br>NP | Topical ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 30 g | \$1 | 1 | ..                | 8.89  | 9.96 | <sup>a</sup> Cortic-DS 1% | FM |
|             |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.69 | 11.58 | 9.96 | <sup>a</sup> Sigmacort    | SI |

#### *Corticosteroids, moderately potent (group II)*

##### TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Treatment of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

|             |  |   |    |                   |        |       |                               |    |
|-------------|--|---|----|-------------------|--------|-------|-------------------------------|----|
| 2117K<br>NP | Cream 200 micrograms per g (0.02%), 100 g    | 2 | .. | ..                | *14.40 | 15.47 | <sup>a</sup> Tricortone       | FM |
|             |  |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.78 | *18.18 | 15.47 | <sup>a</sup> Aristocort 0.02% | SI |
| 2118L<br>NP | Ointment 200 micrograms per g (0.02%), 100 g | 2 | .. | ..                | *14.40 | 15.47 | <sup>a</sup> Tricortone       | FM |
|             |  |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.78 | *18.18 | 15.47 | <sup>a</sup> Aristocort 0.02% | SI |

#### *Corticosteroids, potent (group III)*

##### BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

##### Restricted benefit

Treatment of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |     |   |                   |       |       |                        |    |
|-------------|---|-----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|------------------------|----|
| 1115Q<br>NP | Cream 500 micrograms (base) per g (0.05%),<br>15 g    | \$1 | 1 | ..                | 13.14 | 14.21 | <sup>a</sup> Eleuphrat | EX |
|             |   |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.45 | 15.59 | 14.21 | <sup>a</sup> Diprosone | SH |
| 1119X<br>NP | Ointment 500 micrograms (base) per g (0.05%),<br>15 g | \$1 | 1 | ..                | 13.14 | 14.21 | <sup>a</sup> Eleuphrat | EX |

## Dermatologicals

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.45 | 15.59                                    | 14.21  |   | Diprosone SH                |

### BETAMETHASONE VALERATE

#### Restricted benefit

Treatment of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

|                    |  |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                |                  |
|--------------------|--|---|----|----|-------------------|--------|-------|----------------|------------------|
| 2812B<br><i>NP</i> | Cream 200 micrograms (base) per g (0.02%),<br>100 g    | 2 | .. | .. | *24.22            | 25.29  | a     | Antroquoril EX |                  |
|                    |  |   |    |    |                   |        |       | b              | Cortival 1/5 FM  |
|                    |  |   |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.46 | *26.68 | 25.29 | a              | Celestone-M SH   |
| 2820K<br><i>NP</i> | Ointment 200 micrograms (base) per g (0.02%),<br>100 g | 2 | .. | .. | *24.22            | 25.29  | a     | Antroquoril EX |                  |
|                    |  |   |    |    |                   |        |       | b              | Betnovate 1/5 SI |
|                    |  |   |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.46 | *26.68 | 25.29 | a              | Celestone-M SH   |

### BETAMETHASONE VALERATE

#### Restricted benefit

Treatment of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |   |    |   |    |                   |       |      |                 |
|--------------------|---|----|---|----|-------------------|-------|------|-----------------|
| 2813C<br><i>NP</i> | Cream 500 micrograms (base) per g (0.05%),<br>15 g    | †1 | 1 | .. | 8.41              | 9.48  | b    | Cortival 1/2 FM |
|                    |   |    |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.94 | 11.35 | 9.48 | b               |
| 2815E<br><i>NP</i> | Ointment 500 micrograms (base) per g (0.05%),<br>15 g | †1 | 1 | .. | 8.41              | 9.48  | b    | Cortival 1/2 FM |
|                    |   |    |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.94 | 11.35 | 9.48 | b               |

### METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE

#### Restricted benefit

Treatment of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |  |    |    |    |       |       |  |             |
|--------------------|--|----|----|----|-------|-------|--|-------------|
| 8054X<br><i>NP</i> | Cream 1 mg per g (0.1%), 15 g          | †1 | .. | .. | 13.98 | 15.05 |  | Advantan CS |
| 8055Y<br><i>NP</i> | Ointment 1 mg per g (0.1%), 15 g       | †1 | .. | .. | 13.98 | 15.05 |  | Advantan CS |
| 8128T<br><i>NP</i> | Fatty ointment 1 mg per g (0.1%), 15 g | †1 | .. | .. | 13.98 | 15.05 |  | Advantan CS |

### METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE

#### Restricted benefit

Eczema.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |                                |    |    |    |       |       |  |             |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--|-------------|
| 8618N<br><i>NP</i> | Lotion 1 mg per g (0.1%), 20 g | †1 | .. | .. | 14.65 | 15.72 |  | Advantan CS |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--|-------------|

### MOMETASONE FUROATE

#### Restricted benefit

Treatment of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

## Dermatologicals

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |              |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |              |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |              |                             |
| 1913Q<br>NP  | Cream 1 mg per g (0.1%), 15 g                           | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | 13.92                                    | 14.99  | <sup>a</sup> | Novasone EX                 |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.45 | 16.37                                    | 14.99  | <sup>a</sup> | Elocon SH                   |
| 1915T<br>NP  | Ointment 1 mg per g (0.1%), 15 g                        | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | 13.92                                    | 14.99  | <sup>a</sup> | Novasone EX                 |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.45 | 16.37                                    | 14.99  | <sup>a</sup> | Elocon SH                   |
| 8043H<br>NP  | Lotion 1 mg per g (0.1% w/w), 30 mL                     | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | 18.23                                    | 19.30  | <sup>a</sup> | Novasone EX                 |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.45 | 20.68                                    | 19.30  | <sup>a</sup> | Elocon SH                   |

### Anti-acne preparations

#### Anti-acne preparations for systemic use *Retinoids for treatment of acne*

##### ISOTRETINOIN

##### Caution

This drug causes birth defects. Isotretinoin has been reported to cause other frequent and potentially serious toxicity.

##### Note

Care must be taken to comply with the provisions of State/Territory law when prescribing isotretinoin.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 1354

Severe cystic acne not responsive to other therapy.

|       |               |    |   |                   |        |       |              |                    |    |
|-------|---------------|----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|--------------|--------------------|----|
| 2549E | Capsule 40 mg | 30 | 3 | ..                | 123.11 | 34.20 |              | Oratane            | GM |
| 2591J | Capsule 10 mg | 60 | 3 | ..                | 89.37  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | Oratane            | GM |
|       |               |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Roaccutane         | RO |
| 2592K | Capsule 20 mg | 60 | 3 | ..                | 135.70 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | GenRx Isotretinoin | GX |
|       |               |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Oratane            | GM |
|       |               |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.25 | 137.95 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | Roaccutane         | RO |

### Other dermatological preparations

#### Other dermatological preparations

#### *Agents for atopic dermatitis, excluding corticosteroids*

##### PIMECROLIMUS

##### Authority required

Treatment of facial or eyelid atopic dermatitis in patients aged at least 3 months with 1 or more of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids:

- (i) perioral dermatitis;
- (ii) periorbital dermatitis;
- (iii) rosacea;
- (iv) epidermal atrophy;
- (v) dermal atrophy;
- (vi) allergy to topical corticosteroids;
- (vii) cataracts;
- (viii) glaucoma;
- (ix) raised intraocular pressure.

##### Authority required

Short-term (up to 3 weeks) intermittent treatment of atopic dermatitis of the face or eyelids in patients aged at least 3 months who fail to achieve satisfactory disease control with intermittent topical corticosteroid therapy, and where more than 3 months have passed since the initial diagnosis of atopic dermatitis.

Failure to achieve satisfactory disease control with intermittent topical corticosteroid therapy is manifest by:

- (i) failure of the facial skin to clear despite at least 2 weeks of topical hydrocortisone 1% applied every day; or
- (ii) failure of the facial skin to clear despite at least 1 week of a moderate or potent topical corticosteroid applied every day; or
- (iii) clearing of the facial skin with at least 2 weeks of topical hydrocortisone 1% applied every day, but almost immediate and significant flare in

## Dermatologicals

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|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|       | facial disease (within 48 hours) upon stopping topical corticosteroids, occurring on at least 2 consecutive occasions; or (iv) clearing of the facial skin with at least 1 week of a moderate or potent topical corticosteroid applied every day, but almost immediate and significant flare in facial disease (within 48 hours) upon stopping topical corticosteroids, occurring on at least 2 consecutive occasions. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. Only 1 authority application per 6 months, per patient, will be authorised.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8802G | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 15 g   | 1           | 1           | ..      | 33.79                                    | 34.20  | Elidel                      | NV |

### Other dermatologicals

#### DAPSONE

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |        |       |                                  |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------------------------------|----|
| 1272Y<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg | 100 | 1 | .. | 113.84 | 34.20 | Link Medical<br>Products Pty Ltd | LM |
| 8801F<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg  | 100 | 1 | .. | 100.58 | 34.20 | Link Medical<br>Products Pty Ltd | LM |

#### IMIQUIMOD

##### Authority required

Treatment of biopsy confirmed primary (previously untreated) superficial basal cell carcinoma (sBCC) in patients with normal immune function for whom surgical excision, cryotherapy, or curettage with diathermy are inappropriate and topical drug therapy is required.

The date of the pathology report and name of the Approved Pathology Authority must be provided at the time of application.

##### Note

The patient or carer must be able to understand and administer the imiquimod dosing regimen.

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

Treatment of recurrent (previously treated) lesions will not be authorised.

|       |   |   |   |    |        |       |        |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 2546B | Cream 50 mg per g (5%), 250 mg single use sachets, 12 | 1 | 1 | .. | 159.95 | 34.20 | Aldara | IA |
|-------|---|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------|----|

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Genito urinary system and sex hormones

### Other gynecologicals

#### Contraceptives for topical use

##### *Intrauterine contraceptives*

#### LEVONORGESTREL

##### Restricted benefit

Contraception;

Idiopathic menorrhagia where oral treatments are ineffective;

Idiopathic menorrhagia where oral treatments are contraindicated.

|                    |  |   |    |    |        |       |        |    |
|--------------------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 8633J<br><i>NP</i> | Intrauterine drug delivery system 52 mg<br>(releasing approximately 20 micrograms per 24<br>hours) | 1 | .. | .. | 246.41 | 34.20 | Mirena | SC |
|--------------------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|--------|----|

#### Other gynecologicals

##### *Prolactine inhibitors*

#### BROMOCRIPTINE MESYLATE

##### Restricted benefit

Prevention of the onset of lactation in the puerperium for medical reasons.

|                    |                      |    |    |                   |       |                    |             |    |
|--------------------|----------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|--------------------|-------------|----|
| 1444B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 2.5 mg (base) | 30 | .. | ..                | 18.92 | 19.99 <sup>a</sup> | Kripton 2.5 | AF |
|                    |                      |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.69 | 21.61 | 19.99 <sup>a</sup> | Parlodel    | NV |

#### BROMOCRIPTINE MESYLATE

##### Restricted benefit

Acromegaly;

Parkinson's disease;

Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where surgery is not indicated;

Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where surgery has already been used with incomplete resolution;

Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where radiotherapy is not indicated;

Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where radiotherapy has already been used with incomplete resolution.

##### Note

Care should be taken when treating patients with advanced age and significant cognitive impairment with dopamine agonists.

|       |                      |     |   |                   |        |                    |             |    |
|-------|----------------------|-----|---|-------------------|--------|--------------------|-------------|----|
| 1443Y | Tablet 2.5 mg (base) | 60  | 5 | ..                | 31.42  | 32.49 <sup>a</sup> | Kripton 2.5 | AF |
|       |                      |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.77 | 34.19  | 32.49 <sup>a</sup> | Parlodel    | NV |
| 1445C | Capsule 10 mg (base) | 100 | 5 | ..                | 148.46 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Kripton 10  | AF |
|       |                      |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.93 | 151.39 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Parlodel    | NV |
| 1446D | Capsule 5 mg (base)  | 60  | 5 | ..                | 48.28  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Kripton 5   | AF |
|       |                      |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.77 | 51.05  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Parlodel    | NV |

#### CABERGOLINE

##### Restricted benefit

Prevention of the onset of lactation in the puerperium for medical reasons.

|                    |                       |   |    |    |       |                    |          |    |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|----|----|-------|--------------------|----------|----|
| 8115D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 500 micrograms | 2 | .. | .. | 23.72 | 24.79 <sup>a</sup> | Dostan   | GM |
|                    |                       |   |    |    |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Dostinex | PF |

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                           | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                 |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| <b>CABERGOLINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>2659</b><br>Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where surgery is not indicated;                                      |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>2660</b><br>Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where surgery has already been used with incomplete resolution;      |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>2661</b><br>Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where radiotherapy is not indicated;                                 |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>2662</b><br>Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where radiotherapy has already been used with incomplete resolution. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 8114C  | Tablet 500 micrograms   | 8           | 5           | ..      | 65.07                                    | 34.20  | a Dostan GM<br>a Dostinex PF<br>a Tinexa SI |
| <b>QUINAGOLIDE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>2659</b><br>Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where surgery is not indicated;                                      |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>2660</b><br>Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where surgery has already been used with incomplete resolution;      |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>2661</b><br>Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where radiotherapy is not indicated;                                 |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>2662</b><br>Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where radiotherapy has already been used with incomplete resolution. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 8822H  | Tablet 75 micrograms (base)   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 54.79                                    | 34.20  | Norprolac FP                                |
| 8860H  | Pack containing 3 tablets 25 micrograms (base) and 3 tablets 50 micrograms (base) | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 11.47                                    | 12.54  | Norprolac FP                                |

### Sex hormones and modulators of the genital system

#### Hormonal contraceptives for systemic use

##### *Progestogens and estrogens, fixed combinations*

|   |   |   |   |                      |        |       |   |
|---|---|---|---|----------------------|--------|-------|---|
| <b>LEVONORGESTREL with ETHINYLOESTRADIOL</b>  |   |   |   |                      |        |       |   |
| 1394J<br>NP   | Pack containing 21 tablets 150 micrograms-30 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4 | 2 | ..                   | 16.99  | 18.06 | b Monofeme 28 WX<br>a Levlen ED SY<br>b Nordette 28 WY<br>a Microgynon 30 ED SC |
|   |   |   |   | B <sup>1</sup> 13.55 | 30.54  | 18.06 |   |
|   |   |   |   | B <sup>2</sup> 13.59 | 30.58  | 18.06 |   |
| 1456P<br>NP   | Pack containing 21 tablets 125 micrograms-50 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4 | 2 | ..                   | 16.99  | 18.06 | Microgynon 50 ED SC   |
| <b>NORETHISTERONE with ETHINYLOESTRADIOL</b>  |   |   |   |                      |        |       |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>This product may be interchanged with the products in item 2774B. |   |   |   |                      |        |       |   |
| 2772X<br>NP   | Tablets 500 micrograms-35 micrograms, 21                                    | 4 | 2 | B <sup>7</sup> 7.44  | *23.90 | 17.53 | a Brevinor PF   |
| <b>NORETHISTERONE with ETHINYLOESTRADIOL</b>  |   |   |   |                      |        |       |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>These products may also be interchanged with item 2772X.          |   |   |   |                      |        |       |   |
| 2774B<br>NP   | Pack containing 21 tablets 500 micrograms-35 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4 | 2 | ..                   | *16.46 | 17.53 | a Norimin 28 Day KR   |
|   |   |   |   | B <sup>7</sup> 7.68  | *24.14 | 17.53 | a Brevinor PF   |

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium            | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |              | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--|--|--------------|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>NORETHISTERONE with ETHINYLOESTRADIOL</b>                      |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| This product may be interchanged with the products in item 2775C. |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 2773Y<br>NP   | Tablets 1 mg-35 micrograms, 21  | 4           | 2           | <sup>B</sup> 7.44  | *23.90                                   | 17.53  | <sup>a</sup> | Brevinor-1                  | PF |
| <b>NORETHISTERONE with ETHINYLOESTRADIOL</b>                      |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| These products may also be interchanged with item 2773Y.          |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 2775C<br>NP   | Pack containing 21 tablets 1 mg-35 micrograms<br>and 7 inert tablets  | 4           | 2           | ..                 | *16.46                                   | 17.53  | <sup>a</sup> | Norimin-1 28 Day            | KR |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 7.68  | *24.14                                   | 17.53  | <sup>a</sup> | Brevinor-1                  | PF |
| <b>NORETHISTERONE with MESTRANOL</b>                              |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 3176E<br>NP   | Tablets 1 mg-50 micrograms, 21  | 4           | 2           | ..                 | *16.46                                   | 17.53  |              | Norinyl-1                   | PF |
| 3179H<br>NP   | Pack containing 21 tablets 1 mg-50 micrograms<br>and 7 inert tablets  | 4           | 2           | ..                 | *16.46                                   | 17.53  |              | Norinyl-1/28                | PF |
| <b>Progestogens and estrogens, sequential preparations</b>        |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| <b>LEVONORGESTREL with ETHINYLOESTRADIOL</b>                      |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 1392G<br>NP   | Pack containing 6 tablets 50 micrograms-<br>30 micrograms, 5 tablets 75 micrograms-<br>40 micrograms, 10 tablets 125 micrograms-<br>30 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4           | 2           | ..                 | 16.99                                    | 18.06  | <sup>b</sup> | Trifeme 28                  | WX |
|   |   |             |             |                    |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Logynon ED                  | SY |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 13.55 | 30.54                                    | 18.06  | <sup>b</sup> | Triphasil 28                | WY |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 13.59 | 30.58                                    | 18.06  | <sup>a</sup> | Triquilar ED                | SC |
| <b>NORETHISTERONE with ETHINYLOESTRADIOL</b>                      |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 2776D<br>NP   | Pack containing 12 tablets 500 micrograms-<br>35 micrograms, 9 tablets 1 mg-35 micrograms<br>and 7 inert tablets  | 4           | 2           | ..                 | *16.46                                   | 17.53  | <sup>a</sup> | Improvil 28 Day             | KR |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 7.68  | *24.14                                   | 17.53  | <sup>a</sup> | Synphasic                   | PF |
| <b>Progestogens</b>   |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| <b>ETONOGESTREL</b>   |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 8487Q<br>NP   | Subcutaneous implant 68 mg  | 1           | ..          | ..                 | 215.92                                   | 34.20  |              | Implanon                    | SH |
| <b>LEVONORGESTREL</b>   |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 2913H<br>NP,MW  | Tablets 30 micrograms, 28   | 4           | 2           | ..                 | 17.32                                    | 18.39  |              | Microlut 28                 | SC |
| <b>MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE</b>                                |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 3118D<br>NP   | Injection 150 mg in 1 mL  | 1           | 1           | ..                 | 21.29                                    | 22.36  | <sup>a</sup> | Depo-Ralovera               | KR |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.20  | 24.49                                    | 22.36  | <sup>a</sup> | Depo-Provera                | PF |
| <b>NORETHISTERONE</b>   |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              |                             |    |
| 1967M<br>NP   | Tablets 350 micrograms, 28  | 4           | 2           | ..                 | *16.46                                   | 17.53  | <sup>a</sup> | Locilan 28 Day              | KR |
|   |   |             |             |                    |  |  |              | Micronor                    | JC |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.88  | *20.34                                   | 17.53  | <sup>a</sup> | Noriday 28 Day              | PF |

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| <b>Androgens</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b><i>3-oxoandrosten (4) derivatives</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>TESTOSTERONE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Androgen deficiency in males with established pituitary or testicular disorders;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Androgen deficiency in males 40 years and older who do not have established pituitary or testicular disorders other than aging, confirmed by at least 2 morning blood samples taken on different mornings. Androgen deficiency is confirmed by testosterone less than 8 nmol per L, or 8-15 nmol per L with high LH (greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of the eugonadal reference range for young men); |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Micropenis, pubertal induction, or constitutional delay of growth or puberty, in males under 18 years of age.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 8098F  | Subcutaneous implant 100 mg   | 6           | ..          | ..      | *209.58                                  | 34.20  | Schering-Plough Pty Limited SH |
| 8099G  | Subcutaneous implant 200 mg   | 3           | ..          | ..      | *209.55                                  | 34.20  | Schering-Plough Pty Limited SH |
| 8460G  | Transdermal patches 12.2 mg (releasing approximately 2.5 mg per 24 hours), 60 | ‡1          | 5           | ..      | 95.84                                    | 34.20  | Androderm HH                   |
| 8619P  | Transdermal patches 24.3 mg (releasing approximately 5 mg per 24 hours), 30   | ‡1          | 5           | ..      | 95.84                                    | 34.20  | Androderm HH                   |
| 8830R  | Transdermal gel 50 mg in 5 g sachet, 30                                       | ‡1          | 5           | ..      | 95.12                                    | 34.20  | Testogel SC                    |
| <b>TESTOSTERONE ENANTHATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Androgen deficiency in males with established pituitary or testicular disorders;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Androgen deficiency in males 40 years and older who do not have established pituitary or testicular disorders other than aging, confirmed by at least 2 morning blood samples taken on different mornings. Androgen deficiency is confirmed by testosterone less than 8 nmol per L, or 8-15 nmol per L with high LH (greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of the eugonadal reference range for young men); |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Micropenis, pubertal induction, or constitutional delay of growth or puberty, in males under 18 years of age.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 2114G  | Injection 250 mg in 1 mL  | 3           | 3           | ..      | 33.48                                    | 34.20  | Primoteston Depot SC           |
| <b>TESTOSTERONE ESTERS</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Androgen deficiency in males with established pituitary or testicular disorders;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Androgen deficiency in males 40 years and older who do not have established pituitary or testicular disorders other than aging, confirmed by at least 2 morning blood samples taken on different mornings. Androgen deficiency is confirmed by testosterone less than 8 nmol per L, or 8-15 nmol per L with high LH (greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of the eugonadal reference range for young men); |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Micropenis, pubertal induction, or constitutional delay of growth or puberty, in males under 18 years of age.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 2101N  | Injection 250 mg  | 3           | 3           | ..      | *33.48                                   | 34.20  | Sustanon 250 SH                |
| <b>TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Androgen deficiency in males with established pituitary or testicular disorders;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Androgen deficiency in males 40 years and older who do not have established pituitary or testicular disorders other than aging, confirmed by at least 2 morning blood samples taken on different mornings. Androgen deficiency is confirmed by testosterone less than 8 nmol per L, or 8-15 nmol per L with high LH (greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of the eugonadal reference range for young men); |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Micropenis, pubertal induction, or constitutional delay of growth or puberty, in males under 18 years of age.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 2115H  | Capsule 40 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 37.53                                    | 34.20  | Andriol Testocaps SH           |
| 9004X  | I.M. injection 1,000 mg in 4 mL   | 1           | 1           | ..      | 147.41                                   | 34.20  | Reandron 1000 SC               |

## Estrogens

### *Natural and semisynthetic estrogens, plain*

#### OESTRADIOL

##### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                                      | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Oestradiol should be used in conjunction with an oral progestogen in women with an intact uterus. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1743R<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 2 mg (releasing approximately 25 micrograms per 24 hours), 8             | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Estraderm 25 NV             |
| 1745W<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 8 mg (releasing approximately 100 micrograms per 24 hours), 8            | 1           | 5           | ..      | 19.13                                    | 20.20  | Estraderm 100 NV            |
| 8125P<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 3.8 mg (releasing approximately 50 micrograms per 24 hours), 4           | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Climara 50 SC               |
| 8126Q<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 7.6 mg (releasing approximately 100 micrograms per 24 hours), 4          | 1           | 5           | ..      | 19.13                                    | 20.20  | Climara 100 SC              |
| 8140K<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 1.5 mg (releasing approximately 50 micrograms per 24 hours), 8           | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Estraderm MX 50 NV          |
| 8286D<br>NP   | Transdermal gel 1 mg in 1 g sachet, 28   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Sandrena SH                 |
| 8311K<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 750 micrograms (releasing approximately 25 micrograms per 24 hours), 8   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Estraderm MX 25 NV          |
| 8312L<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 3 mg (releasing approximately 100 micrograms per 24 hours), 8            | 1           | 5           | ..      | 19.13                                    | 20.20  | Estraderm MX 100 NV         |
| 8485N<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 2 mg (releasing approximately 25 micrograms per 24 hours), 4             | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Climara 25 SC               |
| 8486P<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 5.7 mg (releasing approximately 75 micrograms per 24 hours), 4           | 1           | 5           | ..      | 19.13                                    | 20.20  | Climara 75 SC               |
| 8761D<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 390 micrograms (releasing approximately 25 micrograms per 24 hours), 8   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Estradot 25 NV              |
| 8762E<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 585 micrograms (releasing approximately 37.5 micrograms per 24 hours), 8 | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Estradot 37.5 NV            |
| 8763F<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 780 micrograms (releasing approximately 50 micrograms per 24 hours), 8   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 17.09                                    | 18.16  | Estradot 50 NV              |
| 8764G<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 1.17 mg (releasing approximately 75 micrograms per 24 hours), 8          | 1           | 5           | ..      | 19.13                                    | 20.20  | Estradot 75 NV              |
| 8765H<br>NP   | Transdermal patches 1.56 mg (releasing approximately 100 micrograms per 24 hours), 8         | 1           | 5           | ..      | 19.13                                    | 20.20  | Estradot 100 NV             |

### OESTRADIOL

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                   |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 1742Q<br>NP | Vaginal tablets 25 micrograms, 15 | 1  | 2 | .. | 23.24 | 24.31 | Vagifem NO |
| 8274L<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg                       | 56 | 2 | .. | 13.55 | 14.62 | Zumenon SM |

### OESTRADIOL VALERATE

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |             |    |   |    |       |       |              |
|-------------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|
| 1663M<br>NP | Tablet 1 mg | 56 | 2 | .. | 11.68 | 12.75 | Progynova SC |
| 1664N<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg | 56 | 2 | .. | 13.90 | 14.97 | Progynova SC |

### OESTRIOL

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 1771F<br>NP | Pessaries 500 micrograms, 15                            | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 21.26                                    | 22.33  | Ovestin Ovula SH            |
| 1781R<br>NP | Vaginal cream 1 mg per g (0.1%), 15 g                   | ‡1          | 1           | ..      | 19.09                                    | 20.16  | Ovestin SH                  |

### Progestogens

#### *Pregnen (4) derivatives*

##### MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

###### Note

###### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |    |   |                   |       |                    |                          |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 2321E<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | 2 | ..                | 15.30 | 16.37 <sup>a</sup> | Medroxyhexal SZ          |
|             |              |    |   |                   |       |                    | <sup>a</sup> Ralovera KR |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.64 | 16.94 | 16.37 <sup>a</sup> | Provera PF               |
| 2323G<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg  | 56 | 2 | ..                | 14.69 | 15.76 <sup>a</sup> | Ralovera KR              |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.64 | 16.33 | 15.76 <sup>a</sup> | Provera PF               |

##### MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

###### Restricted benefit

Endometriosis.

|       |              |     |   |                   |       |                    |             |
|-------|--------------|-----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| 2722G | Tablet 10 mg | 100 | 2 | ..                | 30.70 | 31.77 <sup>a</sup> | Ralovera KR |
|       |              |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.53 | 32.23 | 31.77 <sup>a</sup> | Provera PF  |

#### *Pregnadien derivatives*

##### DYDROGESTERONE

###### Note

###### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |    |   |    |       |       |              |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|
| 1350C<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg | 28 | 2 | .. | 16.62 | 17.69 | Duphaston SM |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|

#### *Estren derivatives*

##### NORETHISTERONE

###### Note

###### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |             |    |   |    |       |       |               |
|-------------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|
| 2993M<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg | 30 | 2 | .. | 31.96 | 33.03 | Primolut N SC |
|-------------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|

### Progestogens and estrogens in combination

#### *Progestogens and estrogens, combinations*

##### OESTRADIOL with NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

###### Note

###### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |                                 |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------------------|
| 8427M<br>NP | Transdermal patches 620 micrograms-2.7 mg<br>(releasing approximately 50 micrograms-<br>140 micrograms per 24 hours), 8 | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 19.13 | 20.20 | Estalis continuous<br>50/140 NV |
| 8428N<br>NP | Transdermal patches 510 micrograms-4.8 mg<br>(releasing approximately 50 micrograms-<br>250 micrograms per 24 hours), 8 | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 19.13 | 20.20 | Estalis continuous<br>50/250 NV |

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### *Progestogens and estrogens, sequential preparations*

#### OESTRADIOL and OESTRADIOL with DYDROGESTERONE

##### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |   |   |    |       |       |               |    |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|
| 8244X<br>NP | Pack containing 14 tablets oestradiol 2 mg and<br>14 tablets oestradiol 2 mg with<br>dydrogesterone 10 mg | 1 | 5 | .. | 18.76 | 19.83 | Femoston 2/10 | SM |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|

#### OESTRADIOL and OESTRADIOL with NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

##### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |   |   |    |       |       |                         |    |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|-------|-------|-------------------------|----|
| 8425K<br>NP | Pack containing 4 transdermal patches<br>oestradiol 780 micrograms (releasing<br>approximately 50 micrograms per 24 hours)<br>and 4 transdermal patches oestradiol with<br>norethisterone acetate 620 micrograms-<br>2.7 mg (releasing approximately<br>50 micrograms-140 micrograms per 24 hours) | 1 | 5 | .. | 19.13 | 20.20 | Estalis sequi<br>50/140 | NV |
| 8426L<br>NP | Pack containing 4 transdermal patches<br>oestradiol 780 micrograms (releasing<br>approximately 50 micrograms per 24 hours)<br>and 4 transdermal patches oestradiol with<br>norethisterone acetate 510 micrograms-<br>4.8 mg (releasing approximately<br>50 micrograms-250 micrograms per 24 hours) | 1 | 5 | .. | 19.13 | 20.20 | Estalis sequi<br>50/250 | NV |

## Gonadotropins and other ovulation stimulants

### *Gonadotropins*

#### FOLLITROPIN ALFA

##### Restricted benefit

Anovulatory infertility.

##### Note

Except in cases of hypopituitarism or primary amenorrhoea, the patient should have been adequately treated with clomiphene citrate and/or gonadorelin and failed to have conceived.

Women who have had apparent ovulation induced by other agents and have failed to conceive should have laparoscopic evidence that there is no other impediment to conception.

Oligomenorrhoea should have been present for at least twelve months or amenorrhoea for at least six months prior to treatment.

Patients with hyperprolactinaemia should have had appropriate surgical or medical treatment prior to treatment.

##### Restricted benefit

For the treatment of infertility in males due to hypogonadotrophic hypogonadism, following failure of 6 months' treatment with human chorionic gonadotrophin to achieve adequate spermatogenesis. Combined treatment with HCG must be given.

|       |  |   |   |    |          |       |             |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|----------|-------|-------------|----|
| 8713N | Injection 300 i.u. in 0.5 mL multi-dose cartridge  | 3 | 5 | .. | *563.43  | 34.20 | Gonal-f Pen | SG |
| 8714P | Injection 450 i.u. in 0.75 mL multi-dose cartridge | 3 | 5 | .. | *841.92  | 34.20 | Gonal-f Pen | SG |
| 8715Q | Injection 900 i.u. in 1.5 mL multi-dose cartridge  | 2 | 5 | .. | *1115.24 | 34.20 | Gonal-f Pen | SG |

#### FOLLITROPIN BETA

##### Restricted benefit

Anovulatory infertility.

##### Note

Except in cases of hypopituitarism or primary amenorrhoea, the patient should have been adequately treated with clomiphene citrate and/or gonadorelin and failed to have conceived.

Women who have had apparent ovulation induced by other agents and have failed to conceive should have laparoscopic evidence that there is no

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|       | other impediment to conception.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Oligomenorrhoea should have been present for at least twelve months or amenorrhoea for at least six months prior to treatment.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Patients with hyperprolactinaemia should have had appropriate surgical or medical treatment prior to treatment.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>For the treatment of infertility in males due to hypogonadotrophic hypogonadism, following failure of 6 months' treatment with human chorionic gonadotrophin to achieve adequate spermatogenesis. Combined treatment with HCG must be given. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8565T | Solution for injection 300 i.u. in 0.36 mL multi-dose cartridge   | 3           | 5           | ..      | *563.43                                  | 34.20  | Puregon<br>300 IU/0.36 mL   | SH |
| 8566W | Solution for injection 600 i.u. in 0.72 mL multi-dose cartridge   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *749.08                                  | 34.20  | Puregon<br>600 IU/0.72 mL   | SH |
| 8871X | Solution for injection 900 i.u. in 1.08 mL multi-dose cartridge   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *1115.22                                 | 34.20  | Puregon<br>900 IU/1.08 mL   | SH |

### HUMAN CHORIONIC GONADOTROPHIN

#### **Restricted benefit**

Anovulatory infertility.

#### **Note**

Except in cases of hypopituitarism or primary amenorrhoea, the patient should have been adequately treated with clomiphene citrate and/or gonadorelin and failed to have conceived.

Women who have had apparent ovulation induced by other agents and have failed to conceive should have laparoscopic evidence that there is no other impediment to conception.

Oligomenorrhoea should have been present for at least twelve months or amenorrhoea for at least six months prior to treatment.

Patients with hyperprolactinaemia should have had appropriate surgical or medical treatment prior to treatment.

#### **Restricted benefit**

For the treatment of infertility in males due to hypogonadotrophic hypogonadism;

For the treatment of infertility in males associated with isolated luteinising hormone deficiency;

For the treatment of males who have combined deficiency of human growth hormone and gonadotrophins and in whom the absence of secondary sexual characteristics indicates a lag in maturation.

#### **Restricted benefit**

For the treatment of boys over the age of 16 years who show clinical evidence of hypogonadism or delayed puberty. Treatment must not extend beyond 6 months.

|       |  |   |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1581F | Injection set containing 3 ampoules powder for injection 1,500 units and 3 ampoules solvent 1 mL | 1 | 5 | .. | 53.47 | 34.20 | Pregnyl | SH |
|-------|--|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

### *Ovulation stimulants, synthetic*

#### CLOMIPHENE CITRATE

#### **Note**

Care must be taken to comply with the provisions of State/Territory law when prescribing clomiphene citrate.

#### **Restricted benefit**

Anovulatory infertility;

Patients undergoing in-vitro fertilisation.

|       |              |    |   |    |       |       |   |          |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---|----------|
| 1211R | Tablet 50 mg | 10 | 5 | .. | 34.51 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Clomid<br><sup>a</sup> Serophene | SW<br>SG |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---|----------|

### Antiandrogens

#### *Antiandrogens, plain preparations*

#### CYPROTERONE ACETATE

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1230

Moderate to severe androgenisation in non-pregnant women (acne alone is not a sufficient indication of androgenisation).

#### **Caution**

This drug should not be used during pregnancy as it may result in feminisation of the male foetus.

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer   |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| 1269T  | Tablet 50 mg  | 20          | 5           | ..      | 50.65                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Cyprohexal SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Cyprone AF<br><sup>a</sup> Cyprostat SY<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cyproterone Acetate GX<br><sup>a</sup> Procur GM<br><sup>B</sup> 2.97 53.62 34.20 <sup>a</sup> Androcur SC   |
| <b>CYPROTERONE ACETATE</b>                     |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>1014</b>                                    |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Advanced carcinoma of the prostate;            |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>1404</b>                                    |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| To reduce drive in sexual deviations in males. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 1270W  | Tablet 50 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..      | *197.98                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Cyprohexal SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Cyprone AF<br><sup>a</sup> Cyprostat SY<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cyproterone Acetate GX<br><sup>a</sup> Procur GM<br><sup>B</sup> 3.12 *201.10 34.20 <sup>a</sup> Androcur SC |
| 8019C  | Tablet 100 mg   | 50          | 5           | ..      | 161.60                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Cyprohexal SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Cyprostat-100 SY<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cyproterone Acetate GX<br><sup>a</sup> Procur 100 GM<br><sup>B</sup> 1.56 163.16 34.20 <sup>a</sup> Androcur-100 SC                 |

## Other sex hormones and modulators of the genital system

### *Antigonadotropins and similar agents*

#### DANAZOL

##### Caution

Pregnancy must be excluded prior to administration of this drug.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

###### 1090

Endometriosis, visually proven;

###### 1151

Hereditary angio-oedema;

###### 2639

Short-term treatment (up to 6 months) of intractable primary menorrhagia (Treatment of this indication is limited to 6 months. See Australian Product Information);

###### 2640

Short-term treatment (up to 6 months) of severe benign (fibrocystic) breast disease or mastalgia associated with severe symptomatic benign breast disease in patients refractory to other treatments (Treatment of this indication is limited to 6 months. See Australian Product Information).

|       |                |     |   |    |       |       |             |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 1285P | Capsule 100 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 58.58 | 34.20 | Azol 100 AF |
| 1287R | Capsule 200 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 86.97 | 34.20 | Azol 200 AF |

#### GESTRINONE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

###### 3652

Short-term treatment (up to 6 months) of visually proven endometriosis (only 1 course of not more than 6 months' therapy may be prescribed).

|       |                |   |   |    |       |       |               |
|-------|----------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|
| 8015W | Capsule 2.5 mg | 8 | 5 | .. | 81.81 | 34.20 | Dimetriose SW |
|-------|----------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b><i>Selective estrogen receptor modulators</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>RALOXIFENE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>2647</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established post-menopausal osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8363E<br>NP  | Tablet 60 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 57.87                                    | 34.20  | Evista                      | LY |

### Urologicals

#### Other urologicals, incl. antispasmodics

##### *Urinary antispasmodics*

#### OXYBUTYNIN

##### Restricted benefit

Detrusor overactivity in a patient who cannot tolerate oral oxybutynin, or who cannot swallow oral oxybutynin.

|             |  |   |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 9454N<br>NP | Transdermal patches 36 mg (releasing approximately 3.9 mg per 24 hours), 8 | 1 | 5 | .. | 35.23 | 34.20 | Oxytrol | HH |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

#### OXYBUTYNIN HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Detrusor overactivity.

|             |             |     |   |    |       |       |                                  |    |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|----------------------------------|----|
| 8039D<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 15.40 | 16.47 | <sup>a</sup> Ditropan            | SW |
|             |             |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Oxybutynin Sandoz   | SZ |
|             |             |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Oxybutynin Winthrop | WA |

#### PROPANTHELINE BROMIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Detrusor overactivity.

|             |              |     |   |    |        |       |              |    |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|----|
| 1953T<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg | 200 | 5 | .. | *26.46 | 27.53 | Pro-Banthine | SI |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|----|

##### *Other urologicals*

#### PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Phaeochromocytoma;

Neurogenic urinary retention.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                     |     |   |    |         |       |             |    |
|-------------|---------------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|-------------|----|
| 1166J<br>NP | Capsules 10 mg, 30  | 3   | 5 | .. | *204.90 | 34.20 | Dibenzyline | GH |
| 1862B<br>NP | Capsule 10 mg       | 100 | 5 | .. | 67.36   | 34.20 | Dibenzyline | GH |
| 9286R<br>NP | Capsules 10 mg, 100 | 1   | 5 | .. | 1164.47 | 34.20 | Dibenzyline | GH |

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

| Code                      | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>SODIUM BICARBONATE</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9470K<br>NP               | Capsule 840 mg  | 100         | 2           | ..      | 14.00                                    | 15.07  | Sodibic AS                  |

### Drugs used in benign prostatic hypertrophy *Testosterone-5-alpha reductase inhibitors*

#### DUTASTERIDE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3667

Treatment, in combination with an alpha-antagonist, of lower urinary tract symptoms due to benign prostatic hyperplasia where treatment is initiated by a urologist.

|       |                        |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------|------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 5468T | Capsule 500 micrograms | 30 | 5 | .. | 30.43 | 31.50 | Avodart GK |
|-------|------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

### Pituitary and hypothalamic hormones and analogues

#### Anterior pituitary lobe hormones and analogues

##### *ACTH*

|       |  |   |   |    |        |       |                              |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------------------------|----|
| 2832C | TETRACOSACTRIN<br>Injection 1 mg in 1 mL | 5 | 5 | .. | *71.27 | 34.20 | Synacthen Depot<br>1 mg/1 mL | NV |
|-------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------------------------|----|

##### *Thyrotropin*

##### THYROTROPIN ALFA

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3193

Ablation of thyroid remnant tissue, in combination with radioactive iodine, in a post thyroidectomy patient without known metastatic disease.

|       |                                |   |    |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 2700D | Powder for injection 0.9 mg, 2 | 1 | .. | .. | 1901.42 | 34.20 | Thyrogen | GZ |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

#### Posterior pituitary lobe hormones

##### *Vasopressin and analogues*

##### DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1678

Cranial diabetes insipidus.

|       |   |    |   |    |         |       |                     |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|-------|---------------------|----|
| 2129C | Intranasal solution 100 micrograms per mL,<br>2.5 mL                        | 5  | 5 | .. | *161.17 | 34.20 | Minirin             | FP |
| 8662X | Tablet 200 micrograms   | 90 | 5 | .. | *179.91 | 34.20 | Minirin             | FP |
| 8711L | Nasal spray (pump pack) 10 micrograms per<br>actuation, 60 actuations, 6 mL | 2  | 5 | .. | *161.04 | 34.20 | Minirin Nasal Spray | FP |

##### DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2641

Primary nocturnal enuresis in patients aged 6 years or older who are refractory to an enuresis alarm;

2642

Primary nocturnal enuresis in patients aged 6 years or older for whom an enuresis alarm is contraindicated. The reason that an alarm is contraindicated must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

##### Note

Not to be used in preference to enuresis alarms.

Desmopressin nasal spray may be associated with an increased risk of hyponatraemia compared to the oral formulations.

##### Note

Only one application per six months with no more than twice the maximum quantity will be authorised for the tablets.

|             |                       |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|-----------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 8663Y<br>NP | Tablet 200 micrograms | 30 | 5 | .. | 64.25 | 34.20 | Minirin | FP |
|-------------|-----------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

##### DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2641

Primary nocturnal enuresis in patients aged 6 years or older who are refractory to an enuresis alarm;

2642

Primary nocturnal enuresis in patients aged 6 years or older for whom an enuresis alarm is contraindicated. The reason that an alarm is contraindicated must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|  | <b>Note</b><br>Not to be used in preference to enuresis alarms.<br>Desmopressin nasal spray may be associated with an increased risk of hyponatraemia compared to the oral formulations. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|  | <b>Note</b><br>Only one application per 6 months with no more than twice the maximum quantity will be authorised for the wafers.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9398P<br>NP  | Wafer 120 micrograms (base)  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 70.85                                    | 34.20  | Minirin Melt                | FP |
| <b>DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 2641<br>Primary nocturnal enuresis in patients aged 6 years or older who are refractory to an enuresis alarm;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 2642<br>Primary nocturnal enuresis in patients aged 6 years or older for whom an enuresis alarm is contraindicated. The reason that an alarm is contraindicated must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|  | <b>Note</b><br>Not to be used in preference to enuresis alarms.<br>Desmopressin nasal spray may be associated with an increased risk of hyponatraemia compared to the oral formulations. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8712M<br>NP  | Nasal spray (pump pack) 10 micrograms per actuation, 60 actuations, 6 mL   | ‡1          | 5           | ..      | 83.73                                    | 34.20  | Minirin Nasal Spray         | FP |

### Hypothalamic hormones

#### *Gonadotropin-releasing hormones*

##### NAFARELIN ACETATE

###### **Authority required**

Initial treatment (up to 6 months) of visually proven endometriosis;

Subsequent treatment (up to 6 months) of visually proven endometriosis, where 2 years or more have elapsed since the end of the previous course and where a recent bone density assessment has been made. The date of the assessment must be provided.

|       |   |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 2962X | Nasal spray (pump pack) 200 micrograms (base) per dose (60 doses) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 95.51 | 34.20 | Synarel | PF |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

### Corticosteroids for systemic use

#### Corticosteroids for systemic use, plain

##### *Mineralocorticoids*

##### FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE

###### **Note**

Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                       |     |   |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 1433K<br>NP | Tablet 100 micrograms | 200 | 1 | .. | *46.50 | 34.20 | Florinef | SI |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|

##### *Glucocorticoids*

##### BETAMETHASONE ACETATE with BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE

###### **Restricted benefit**

Alopecia areata;

For local intra-articular or peri-articular infiltration;

Granulomata, dermal;

Keloid;

Lichen planus hypertrophic;

Lichen simplex chronicus;

Lupus erythematosus, chronic discoid;

Necrobiosis lipoidica;

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|             | Uveitis.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 2694T<br>NP | Injection 3 mg-3.9 mg (equivalent to 5.7 mg betamethasone) in 1 mL  | 5           | ..          | ..      | 25.00                                    | 26.07  | Celestone<br>Chronodose     | SH |
|             | <b>CORTISONE ACETATE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.        |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1246N<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg   | 50          | 4           | ..      | 15.30                                    | 16.37  | Cortate                     | AS |
| 1247P<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg  | 60          | 4           | ..      | 17.74                                    | 18.81  | Cortate                     | AS |
|             | <b>DEXAMETHASONE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1292B<br>NP | Tablet 500 micrograms   | 30          | 4           | ..      | 8.84                                     | 9.91   | Dexamethsone                | AS |
| 2507Y<br>NP | Tablet 4 mg   | 30          | 4           | ..      | 12.40                                    | 13.47  | Dexamethsone                | AS |
|             | <b>DEXAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1291Y<br>NP | Injection equivalent to 8 mg dexamethasone phosphate in 2 mL  | 5           | 1           | ..      | 27.58                                    | 28.65  | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
| 2509C<br>NP | Injection equivalent to 4 mg dexamethasone phosphate in 1 mL  | 5           | ..          | ..      | 18.08                                    | 19.15  | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
|             | <b>HYDROCORTISONE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.        |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1499X<br>NP | Tablet 4 mg   | 50          | 4           | ..      | 10.92                                    | 11.99  | Hysone 4                    | AF |
| 1500Y<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg  | 60          | 4           | ..      | 14.33                                    | 15.40  | Hysone 20                   | AF |
|             | <b>HYDROCORTISONE SODIUM SUCCINATE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1501B<br>NP | Injection equivalent to 100 mg hydrocortisone with 2 mL solvent   | 2           | ..          | ..      | *16.52                                   | 17.59  | Solu-Cortef                 | PF |
| 3096Y<br>NP | Injection equivalent to 250 mg hydrocortisone with 2 mL solvent   | 1           | ..          | ..      | 15.54                                    | 16.61  | Solu-Cortef                 | PF |
|             | <b>HYDROCORTISONE SODIUM SUCCINATE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | For use in a hospital.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1510L<br>NP | Injection equivalent to 100 mg hydrocortisone with 2 mL solvent   | 6           | ..          | ..      | *36.72                                   | 34.20  | Solu-Cortef                 | PF |

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                     | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 1511M<br>NP   | Injection equivalent to 250 mg hydrocortisone<br>with 2 mL solvent          | 6           | ..          | ..                | *58.74                                   | 34.20  | Solu-Cortef PF              |
| <b>METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE</b>                         |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>                                 |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For local intra-articular or peri-articular infiltration. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 1928L<br>NP   | Injection 40 mg in 1 mL   | 5           | ..          | ..                | 24.23                                    | 25.30 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Depo-Nisolone KR            |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.72 | 24.95                                    | 25.30 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Depo-Medrol PF              |
| <b>METHYLPREDNISOLONE SODIUM SUCCINATE</b>                |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2981X<br>NP   | Powder for injection equivalent to 40 mg<br>methylprednisolone with diluent | 5           | ..          | ..                | 35.04                                    | 34.20  | Solu-Medrol PF              |
| 8834Y<br>NP   | Powder for injection equivalent to 1 g<br>methylprednisolone with diluent   | 1           | ..          | ..                | 93.65                                    | 34.20  | Solu-Medrol PF              |
| <b>PREDNISOLONE</b>                                       |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 1916W<br>NP   | Tablet 25 mg  | 30          | 4           | ..                | 10.13                                    | 11.20  | Panafcortelone AS           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Solone FM                   |
| 1917X<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg   | 60          | 4           | ..                | 8.48                                     | 9.55   | Panafcortelone AS           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Solone FM                   |
| 3152X<br>NP   | Tablet 1 mg   | 100         | 4           | ..                | 8.33                                     | 9.40 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Predsolone LN               |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.44 | 8.77                                     | 9.40 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Panafcortelone AS           |
| <b>PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE</b>                      |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8285C<br>NP   | Oral solution equivalent to 5 mg prednisolone<br>per mL, 30 mL              | †1          | 5           | ..                | 14.70                                    | 15.77 <sup>a</sup>                                     | PredMix LN                  |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.77 | 16.47                                    | 15.77 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Redipred AS                 |
| <b>PREDNISONE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 1934T<br>NP   | Tablet 1 mg   | 100         | 4           | ..                | 8.86                                     | 9.93 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Predstone LN                |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.61 | 9.47                                     | 9.93 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Panafcort AS                |
| 1935W<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg   | 60          | 4           | ..                | 9.18                                     | 10.25  | Panafcort AS                |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Sone FM                     |
| 1936X<br>NP   | Tablet 25 mg  | 30          | 4           | ..                | 11.41                                    | 12.48  | Panafcort AS                |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Sone FM                     |
| <b>TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE</b>                            |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>                                 |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Alopecia areata;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For local intra-articular or peri-articular infiltration; |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Granulomata, dermal;                                      |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Keloid;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Lichen planus hypertrophic;                               |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Lichen simplex chronicus;                                 |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Lupus erythematosus, chronic discoid;                     |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Necrobiosis lipoidica;                                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Psoriasis.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2990J<br>NP | Injection 10 mg in 1 mL   | 5           | ..          | ..      | 25.00                                    | 26.07  | Kenacort-A10 SI             |

### Thyroid therapy

#### Thyroid preparations Thyroid hormones

##### LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1219

Management of patients with thyroid cancer;

1858

Replacement therapy for hypothyroid patients who have documented intolerance to thyroxine sodium;

1859

Replacement therapy for hypothyroid patients who have documented resistance to thyroxine sodium;

1182

Initiation of thyroid therapy in severely hypothyroid patients.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                      |     |   |    |       |       |              |
|-------------|----------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|
| 2318B<br>NP | Tablet 20 micrograms | 100 | 2 | .. | 83.53 | 34.20 | Tertroxin SI |
|-------------|----------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|

##### THYROXINE SODIUM

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |     |   |                   |       |                    |             |
|-------------|--|-----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| 2173J<br>NP | Tablet equivalent to 200 micrograms anhydrous thyroxine sodium | 200 | 1 | ..                | 27.01 | 28.08 <sup>a</sup> | Eutroxig FM |
|             |  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.21 | 29.22 | 28.08 <sup>a</sup> | Oroxine SI  |
| 2174K<br>NP | Tablet equivalent to 50 micrograms anhydrous thyroxine sodium  | 200 | 1 | ..                | 23.37 | 24.44 <sup>a</sup> | Eutroxig FM |
|             |  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.21 | 25.58 | 24.44 <sup>a</sup> | Oroxine SI  |
| 2175L<br>NP | Tablet equivalent to 100 micrograms anhydrous thyroxine sodium | 200 | 1 | ..                | 23.98 | 25.05 <sup>a</sup> | Eutroxig FM |
|             |  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.21 | 26.19 | 25.05 <sup>a</sup> | Oroxine SI  |
| 9287T<br>NP | Tablet equivalent to 75 micrograms anhydrous thyroxine sodium  | 200 | 1 | ..                | 24.02 | 25.09 <sup>a</sup> | Eutroxig FM |
|             |  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.27 | 26.29 | 25.09 <sup>a</sup> | Oroxine SI  |

#### Antithyroid preparations Thiouracils

##### PROPYLTHIOURACIL

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |     |   |    |        |       |        |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------|
| 1955X<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg | 200 | 2 | .. | *49.64 | 34.20 | PTU PL |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------|

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b><i>Sulfur-containing imidazole derivatives</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>CARBIMAZOLE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1153Q<br>NP  | Tablet 5 mg   | 200         | 2           | ..      | *31.04                                   | 32.11  | Neo-Mercazole LM            |

### Pancreatic hormones

#### Glycogenolytic hormones *Glycogenolytic hormones*

|                               |   |   |   |    |       |       |                     |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------|
| <b>GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE</b> |   |   |   |    |       |       |                     |
| 1449G<br>NP                   | Injection set containing 1 mg (1 i.u.) and 1 mL solvent in disposable syringe | 1 | 1 | .. | 45.63 | 34.20 | GlucaGen Hypokit NO |

### Calcium homeostasis

#### Parathyroid hormones and analogues *Parathyroid hormones and analogues*

##### TERIPARATIDE

##### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe teriparatide may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe teriparatide should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

Further prescribing information is on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

##### **Authority required**

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised agent, by a specialist or consultant physician, for severe, established osteoporosis in a patient with a very high risk of fracture who:

- (a) has a bone mineral density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less; and
- (b) has had 2 or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- (c) has experienced at least 1 symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months continuous therapy with an anti-resorptive agent at adequate doses.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

If treatment with anti-resorptive therapy is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, details of the contraindication must be provided at the time of application.

If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the relevant period of use of one anti-resorptive agent, alternate anti-resorptive agents must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months continuous therapy. Details of accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) and must be provided at the time of application.

Anti-resorptive therapies for osteoporosis and their adequate doses which will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction are alendronate sodium 10 mg per day or 70 mg once weekly, risedronate sodium 5 mg per day or 35 mg once weekly or 150 mg once monthly, raloxifene hydrochloride 60 mg per day (women only), denosumab 60 mg once every 6 months, disodium etidronate 200 mg with calcium carbonate 1.25 g per day, strontium ranelate 2 g per day and zoledronic acid 5 mg per annum.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | Details of prior anti-resorptive therapy, fracture history including the date(s), site(s), the symptoms associated with the fracture(s) which developed during the course of anti-resorptive therapy and the score of the qualifying BMD measurement.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b><br>Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised agent, by a specialist or consultant physician, for severe, established osteoporosis in a patient with a very high risk of fracture who was receiving treatment with teriparatide prior to 1 May 2009.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | The authority application must be made in writing and the commencement date of treatment and the number of doses the patient has received of teriparatide must be provided with the application. The patient is eligible to receive a maximum of 18 months therapy of combined PBS-subsidised and non-PBS-subsidised therapy. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b><br>Continuing treatment for severe established osteoporosis where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Teriparatide must only be used for a lifetime maximum of 18 months therapy (18 pens). Up to a maximum of 18 pens will be reimbursed through the PBS.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9411H | Injection 250 micrograms per mL, 2.4 mL in multi-dose pre-filled pen  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 438.37                                   | 34.20  | Forteo LY                   |

### Anti-parathyroid agents *Calcitonin preparations*

#### SALCATONIN

##### **Note**

The maximum quantities for salcatonin shown represent the number of individual ampoules and NOT multiples of the manufacturer's packs. The pack size for both strengths is five ampoules.

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3256**

Symptomatic Paget disease of bone;

**1412**

Treatment initiated in a hospital (in-patient or out-patient) of hypercalcaemia.

##### **Note**

**Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                            |    |   |    |         |       |               |    |
|-------------|----------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|---------------|----|
| 2995P<br>NP | Injection 50 i.u. in 1 mL  | 30 | 5 | .. | *207.66 | 34.20 | Miacalcic 50  | NV |
| 2997R<br>NP | Injection 100 i.u. in 1 mL | 15 | 5 | .. | *161.13 | 34.20 | Miacalcic 100 | NV |

### *Other anti-parathyroid agents*

#### CINACALCET

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3673**

Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with cinacalcet, of a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis who has a decrease of at least 30% in iPTH concentrations after 6 months treatment;

**3672**

Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with cinacalcet, of a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis who has iPTH greater than 15 pmol per L and an (adjusted) serum calcium concentration of less than 2.6 mmol per L after 6 months treatment.

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| During the titration phase, intact PTH should be monitored 4 weekly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose titrated until an appropriate iPTH concentration is achieved. During the titration phase, approval will be limited to sufficient supply for 4 weeks treatment at a time, with doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability.                |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| During the maintenance phase, approval will be limited to provide sufficient quantity for 4 weeks treatment up to a maximum of 6 months supply for doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability. Intact PTH should be monitored quarterly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose adjusted as necessary to maintain an appropriate iPTH concentration. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9157Y<br>NP  | Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 28          | 5           | ..      | 343.60                                   | 34.20  | Sensipar                    | AN |
| 9158B<br>NP  | Tablet 60 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 28          | 5           | ..      | 670.32                                   | 34.20  | Sensipar                    | AN |
| 9159C<br>NP  | Tablet 90 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 28          | 5           | ..      | 1002.27                                  | 34.20  | Sensipar                    | AN |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Antiinfectives for systemic use

### Antibacterials for systemic use

#### Tetracyclines

##### *Tetracyclines*

#### DOXYCYCLINE

##### Note

Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between doxycycline tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride) and doxycycline tablet 100 mg (as monohydrate).

|                    |                                  |   |   |                   |      |      |   |    |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|------|------|---|----|
| 2709N<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride) | 7 | 1 | ..                | 8.36 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Doxsig                                 | SI |
|                    |                                  |   |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> Doxy-100                               | GM |
|                    |                                  |   |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> Doxylin 100                            | AF |
|                    |                                  |   |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.14 | 9.50 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Vibramycin                             | PF |
| 9105F<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 100 mg (as monohydrate)   | 7 | 1 | ..                | 8.36 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart                              | CH |
|                    |                                  |   |   |                   |      |      | Doxycycline   |    |
|                    |                                  |   |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> Doxyhexal                              | SZ |
|                    |                                  |   |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Doxycycline                      | GX |
|                    |                                  |   |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Doxycycline | TW |

#### DOXYCYCLINE

|                    |                                   |   |   |    |      |      |  |    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|----|------|------|--|----|
| 2708M<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 100 mg (as hydrochloride) | 7 | 1 | .. | 8.36 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Mayne Pharma<br>Doxycycline | YT |
|                    |                                   |   |   |    |      |      | <sup>a</sup> Doryx                       | YN |

#### DOXYCYCLINE

##### Restricted benefit

Bronchiectasis in patients aged 8 years or older;

Chronic bronchitis in patients aged 8 years or older;

Severe acne.

##### Note

Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between doxycycline tablet 50 mg (as hydrochloride) and doxycycline tablet 50 mg (as monohydrate).

|                    |                                 |    |   |                   |       |       |   |    |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|---|----|
| 2711Q<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 50 mg (as hydrochloride) | 25 | 5 | ..                | 9.88  | 10.95 | <sup>a</sup> Doxy-50                                | GM |
|                    |                                 |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Doxylin 50                             | AF |
|                    |                                 |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.20 | 11.08 | 10.95 | <sup>a</sup> Vibra-Tabs                             | PF |
| 9106G<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 50 mg (as monohydrate)   | 25 | 5 | ..                | 9.88  | 10.95 | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart                              | CH |
|                    |                                 |    |   |                   |       |       | Doxycycline   |    |
|                    |                                 |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Doxyhexal                              | SZ |
|                    |                                 |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Frakas                                 | SI |
|                    |                                 |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Doxycycline                      | GX |
|                    |                                 |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Doxycycline | TW |

#### DOXYCYCLINE

##### Restricted benefit

Bronchiectasis in patients aged 8 years or older;

Chronic bronchitis in patients aged 8 years or older;

Severe acne.

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                               |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| 2707L<br>NP   | Capsule 50 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 25          | 5           | ..                | 9.88                                     | 10.95 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Mayne Pharma<br>Doxycycline<br>YT                         |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.24 | 11.12                                    | 10.95 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Doryx<br>YN   |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>DOXYCYCLINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Pelvic inflammatory disease.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between doxycycline tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride) and doxycycline tablet 100 mg (as monohydrate). |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2702F<br>NP   | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 28          | ..          | ..                | *14.18                                   | 15.25 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Doxsig<br>SI  |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Doxy-100<br>GM                               |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Doxilin 100<br>AF                            |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.56 | *18.74                                   | 15.25 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Vibramycin<br>PF  |
| 9107H<br>NP   | Tablet 100 mg (as monohydrate)                          | 28          | ..          | ..                | *14.18                                   | 15.25 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Chem mart<br>Doxycycline<br>CH                            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Doxyhexal<br>SZ                              |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Doxycycline<br>GX                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Doxycycline<br>TW |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>DOXYCYCLINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Pelvic inflammatory disease.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2703G<br>NP   | Capsule 100 mg (as hydrochloride)                       | 28          | ..          | ..                | *14.18                                   | 15.25 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Mayne Pharma<br>Doxycycline<br>YT                         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Doryx<br>YN                                  |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>DOXYCYCLINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Urethritis.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between doxycycline tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride) and doxycycline tablet 100 mg (as monohydrate). |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2714W<br>NP   | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 21          | ..          | ..                | *12.24                                   | 13.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Doxsig<br>SI  |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Doxy-100<br>GM                               |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Doxilin 100<br>AF                            |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.42 | *15.66                                   | 13.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Vibramycin<br>PF  |
| 9108J<br>NP   | Tablet 100 mg (as monohydrate)                          | 21          | ..          | ..                | *12.24                                   | 13.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Chem mart<br>Doxycycline<br>CH                            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Doxyhexal<br>SZ                              |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Doxycycline<br>TW |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Doxycycline<br>GX                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   | 12.25                                    | 13.32 <sup>a</sup>                                     |   |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>DOXYCYCLINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Urethritis.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2715X<br>NP   | Capsule 100 mg (as hydrochloride)                       | 21          | ..          | ..                | 12.22                                    | 13.29 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Mayne Pharma<br>Doxycycline<br>YT                         |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.97 | 14.19                                    | 13.29 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Doryx<br>YN                 |

### MINOCYCLINE

#### Caution

There are concerns about the incidence of benign intracranial hypertension associated with this drug.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |                |    |    |    |      |       |                  |
|-------------|----------------|----|----|----|------|-------|------------------|
| 3037W<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg | 11 | .. | .. | 9.49 | 10.56 | Akamin 100<br>AF |
|-------------|----------------|----|----|----|------|-------|------------------|

### MINOCYCLINE

#### Caution

There are concerns about the incidence of benign intracranial hypertension associated with this drug.

#### Restricted benefit

Severe acne not responding to other tetracyclines.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |              |    |   |                   |       |                    |                    |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1616C<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg | 60 | 5 | ..                | 15.05 | 16.12 <sup>a</sup> | Akamin 50<br>AF    |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.89 | 16.94 | 16.12 <sup>a</sup> | Minomycin-50<br>SI |

## Beta-lactam antibacterials, penicillins

### *Penicillins with extended spectrum*

### AMOXYCILLIN

|                 |  |    |    |    |                             |                             |  |
|-----------------|--|----|----|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 1878W<br>NP     | Sachet containing oral powder 3 g        | 1  | .. | .. | 8.97                        | 10.04                       | Amoxil<br>GK                                   |
| 1884E<br>NP, MW | Capsule 250 mg                           | 20 | 1  | .. | 8.44                        | 9.51 <sup>a</sup>           | Alphamox 250<br>AF                             |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Amoxycillin-GA<br>GM                           |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Amoxycillin<br>RA                              |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Ranbaxy<br>Ranbaxy<br>Amoxycillin Sandoz<br>SZ |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | APO-Amoxycillin<br>TX                          |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Chem mart<br>Amoxycillin<br>CH                 |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Cilamox<br>SI                                  |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | GenRx Amoxycillin<br>GX                        |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Amoxycillin<br>TW   |
| 1886G<br>NP     | Powder for syrup 125 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1 | 1  | .. | <sup>B</sup> 0.75<br>#10.76 | 9.19<br>12.17 <sup>a</sup>  | Amoxil<br>Alphamox 125<br>AF                   |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Amoxycillin Sandoz<br>SZ                       |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Bgramin<br>GM                                  |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Chem mart<br>Amoxycillin<br>CH                 |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | GenRx Amoxycillin<br>GX                        |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Ranmoxy<br>RA                                  |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Amoxycillin<br>TW   |
| 1887H<br>NP     | Powder for syrup 250 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1 | 1  | .. | <sup>B</sup> 0.90<br>#11.55 | 11.66<br>12.96 <sup>a</sup> | Amoxil<br>Alphamox 250<br>AF                   |
|                 |  |    |    |    |                             | <sup>a</sup>                | Amoxycillin Sandoz<br>SZ                       |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form     | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer          |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bgramin GM              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cilamox SI              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Amoxycillin GX    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranmoxy RA              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.76 | #12.31                                   | 12.96  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxil Forte GK         |
| 1889K<br>NP,MW                                     | Capsule 500 mg  | 20          | 1           | ..                | 10.45                                    | 11.52  | <sup>a</sup> Alphamox 500 AF         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin-GA GM       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin RA          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranbaxy                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin Sandoz SZ   |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Amoxycillin TX      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cilamox SI              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Amoxycillin GX    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.74 | 11.19                                    | 11.52  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxil GK               |
| 8705E<br>NP  | Powder for oral suspension 500 mg per 5 mL,<br>100 mL       | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | #14.41                                   | 15.82  | Maxamox SZ                           |
| <b>AMOXYCILLIN</b>                                 |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>                   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| Acute exacerbations of chronic bronchitis.         |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 8581P<br>NP  | Tablet 1 g  | 14          | 1           | ..                | 10.57                                    | 11.64  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin Sandoz BG   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.12 | 11.69                                    | 11.64  | <sup>a</sup> Maxamox SZ              |
| <b>AMPICILLIN</b>                                  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 2390T<br>NP  | Powder for injection 500 mg                                 | 5           | 1           | ..                | 10.85                                    | 11.92  | <sup>a</sup> Austrapen LN            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ibimicyn TS             |
| 2977Q<br>NP  | Powder for injection 1 g                                    | 5           | 1           | ..                | 13.69                                    | 14.76  | <sup>a</sup> Aspen Ampicyn AS        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Austrapen LN            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ibimicyn TS             |
| <b><i>Beta-lactamase sensitive penicillins</i></b> |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| <b>BENZATHINE BENZYL PENICILLIN</b>                |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 2267H<br>NP  | Injection 900 mg in 2.3 mL single use pre-filled<br>syringe | 10          | ..          | ..                | 293.11                                   | 34.20  | Bicillin L-A AS                      |
| <b>BENZYL PENICILLIN</b>                           |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 1775K<br>NP,MW                                     | Powder for injection 600 mg                                 | 10          | 1           | ..                | *42.92                                   | 34.20  | BenPen CS                            |
| 2647H<br>NP  | Powder for injection 3 g                                    | 10          | ..          | ..                | *66.92                                   | 34.20  | BenPen CS                            |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form    | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer            |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1787C<br>NP   | Tablet 250 mg  | 50          | ..          | ..                | *11.32                                   | 12.39  | Abocillin-VK<br>Filmstab<br>SI         |
| 1789E<br>NP   | Capsule 250 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 11.16                                    | 12.23 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Cilicaine VK<br>FM                     |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cilopen VK<br>GM          |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | LPV<br>AS                              |
| 2965C<br>NP   | Capsule 500 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 13.47                                    | 14.54 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Cilicaine VK<br>FM                     |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cilopen VK<br>GM          |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | LPV<br>AS                              |
| 3028J<br>NP   | Tablet 500 mg  | 50          | ..          | ..                | *13.66                                   | 14.73  | Abocillin-VK<br>Filmstab<br>SI         |
| 9143F<br>NP   | Oral suspension 150 mg (as benzathine) per<br>5 mL, 100 mL | 2           | 1           | ..                | *21.60                                   | 22.67 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Cilicaine V<br>FM                      |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.90 | *23.50                                   | 22.67 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Abocillin-V<br>SI                      |
| <b>PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Prophylaxis of recurrent streptococcal infections (including rheumatic fever).  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1703P<br>NP   | Tablet 250 mg  | 50          | 5           | ..                | *11.32                                   | 12.39  | Abocillin-VK<br>Filmstab<br>SI         |
| 1705R<br>NP   | Capsule 250 mg   | 50          | 5           | ..                | 11.16                                    | 12.23 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Cilicaine VK<br>FM                     |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cilopen VK<br>GM          |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | LPV<br>AS                              |
| <b>PROCAINE PENICILLIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1794K<br>NP   | Injection 1.5 g  | 5           | ..          | ..                | 92.22                                    | 34.20  | Cilicaine<br>SI                        |
| <b>Beta-lactamase resistant penicillins</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>DICLOXACILLIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Serious staphylococcal infections.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 8121K<br>NP,MW  | Capsule 250 mg   | 24          | ..          | ..                | 11.19                                    | 12.26 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Dicloxsig<br>SI                        |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Distaph 250<br>AF         |
| 8122L<br>NP,MW  | Capsule 500 mg   | 24          | ..          | ..                | 16.41                                    | 17.48 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Diclocil<br>BQ                         |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dicloxsig<br>SI           |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Distaph 500<br>AF         |
| <b>FLUCLOXACILLIN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Caution</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Severe cholestatic hepatitis has been reported with this drug. Significant risk factors are age, particularly greater than 55 years, and duration of treatment longer than 14 days. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1524F<br>NP   | Powder for injection 500 mg                                | 5           | ..          | ..                | 15.05                                    | 16.12 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Flubiclox<br>TS                        |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Flucil<br>AS              |
| 1525G<br>NP   | Powder for injection 1 g                                   | 5           | 1           | ..                | 19.94                                    | 21.01 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Flubiclox<br>TS                        |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Flucil<br>AS              |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited<br>HH |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form    | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer              |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| <b>FLUCLOXACILLIN</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Caution</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Severe cholestatic hepatitis has been reported with this drug. Significant risk factors are age, particularly greater than 55 years, and duration of treatment longer than 14 days. |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Serious staphylococcal infections.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 1526H<br>NP,MW  | Capsule 250 mg (as sodium)                                 | 24          | ..          | ..      | 11.19                                    | 12.26  | <sup>a</sup> Flopen AS                   |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Staphylex 250 AF            |
| 1527J<br>NP,MW  | Capsule 500 mg (as sodium)                                 | 24          | ..          | ..      | 16.41                                    | 17.48  | <sup>a</sup> Flopen AS                   |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Staphylex 500 AF            |
| 9149M<br>NP   | Powder for oral liquid 125 mg (as sodium) per 5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | #16.00                                   | 17.41  | Aspen Pharmcare Australia Pty Limited LN |
| 9150N<br>NP   | Powder for oral liquid 250 mg (as sodium) per 5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | #19.53                                   | 20.94  | Aspen Pharmcare Australia Pty Limited LN |

### Combinations of penicillins, incl. beta-lactamase inhibitors

#### AMOXYCILLIN with CLAVULANIC ACID

##### Caution

Hepatotoxicity has been reported with this drug.

##### Restricted benefit

Infections where resistance to amoxicillin is suspected;

Infections where resistance to amoxicillin is proven.

|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       |   |
|----------------|--|----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|---|
| 1891M<br>NP,MW | Tablet 500 mg-125 mg                             | 10 | 1 | ..                | 11.87  | 12.94 | <sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin/<br>Clavulanic Acid<br>500/125<br>generichealth GQ |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> APO-Amoxicillin/<br>Clavulanic Acid<br>500/125 TX              |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Clamoxyl Duo AL  |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Curam Duo<br>500/125 SZ  |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GA-Amclav<br>500/125 GM  |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Moxiclav Duo<br>500/125 SI                                     |
|                |  |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.47 | 13.34  | 12.94 | <sup>a</sup> Augmentin Duo GK   |
| 1892N<br>NP    | Powder for syrup 125 mg-31.25 mg per 5 mL, 75 mL | ‡1 | 1 | ..                | #12.31 | 13.72 | <sup>a</sup> Clamoxyl AL  |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Curam SZ   |
|                |  |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.42 | #13.73 | 13.72 | <sup>a</sup> Augmentin GK   |
| 8254K<br>NP    | Tablet 875 mg-125 mg                             | 10 | 1 | ..                | 14.18  | 15.25 | <sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin/<br>Clavulanic Acid<br>875/125<br>generichealth GQ |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Amoxicillin and<br>Clavulanic Acid CH             |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Clamoxyl Duo forte AL  |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Clavycillin 875/125 CR   |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Curam Duo Forte<br>875/125 SZ                                  |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GA-Amclav Forte<br>875/125 GM                                  |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Amoxicillin<br>and Clavulanic<br>Acid GX                 |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Moxiclav Duo Forte SI  |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

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|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | 875/125  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists<br>Amoxicillin and Clavulanic Acid |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.96 | 16.14                                    | 15.25  | <sup>a</sup> Augmentin Duo forte                                     |
| 8319W<br>NP | Powder for syrup 400 mg-57 mg per 5 mL, 60 mL           | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | #13.73                                   | 15.14  | <sup>a</sup> Clamoxyl Duo 400  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Curam Duo   |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.46 | #15.19                                   | 15.14  | <sup>a</sup> Augmentin Duo 400                                       |

### TICARCILLIN with CLAVULANIC ACID

#### Restricted benefit

Infections where positive bacteriological evidence confirms that this antibiotic is an appropriate therapeutic agent;

Septicaemia, suspected;

Septicaemia, proven.

#### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |    |    |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|--|----|----|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 2179Q<br>NP | Powder for injection 3 g-100 mg (solvent required)<br>(code 6884H applies to above item with approved solvent) | 10 | .. | .. | 163.32 | 34.20 | Timentin | GK |
|-------------|--|----|----|----|--------|-------|----------|----|

## Other beta-lactam antibacterials

### *First-generation cephalosporins*

|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       |  |    |
|----------------|--|----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|--|----|
|                | <b>CEFALOTIN</b>                           |    |   |                   |        |       |  |    |
| 2964B<br>NP    | Powder for injection 1 g                   | 10 | 1 | ..                | 26.25  | 27.32 | <sup>a</sup> Cefalotin Sandoz                | SZ |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited             | HH |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Keflin Neutral                  | AS |
|                | <b>CEPHALEXIN</b>                          |    |   |                   |        |       |  |    |
| 3058Y<br>NP,MW | Capsule 250 mg                             | 20 | 1 | ..                | 8.72   | 9.79  | <sup>a</sup> Cefalexin Sandoz                | SZ |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cephalixin generichealth        | GQ |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cephatrust 250                  | MI |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Cephalixin            | CH |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cilex                           | GM |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cephalixin                | GX |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ialex                           | LN |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ibilex 250                      | AF |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Rancef                          | RA |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Cephalixin | TW |
|                |  |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.14 | 11.86  | 9.79  | <sup>a</sup> Keflex                          | AS |
| 3094W<br>NP    | Granules for syrup 125 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1 | 1 | ..                | #11.69 | 13.10 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Cephalixin                  | TX |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefalexin Sandoz                | SZ |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Cephalixin            | CH |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cilex                           | GM |
|                |  |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cephalixin                | GX |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code           | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                           |
|----------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ialex LN                                 |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ibilex 125 AF                            |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Cephalexin TW |
| 3095X<br>NP    | Granules for syrup 250 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL              | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | #13.02                                   | 14.43  | <sup>a</sup> Keflex AS                                |
|                |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.38 | #15.07                                   | 13.10  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Cephalexin TX                        |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cefalexin Sandoz SZ                      |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Cephalexin CH               |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cilex GM                                 |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cephalexin GX                      |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ialex LN                                 |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ibilex 250 AF                            |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Cephalexin TW |
| 3119E<br>NP,MW | Capsule 500 mg  | 20          | 1           | ..                | 10.55                                    | 11.62  | <sup>a</sup> Keflex AS                                |
|                |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.16 | #17.18                                   | 14.43  | <sup>a</sup> Cefalexin Sandoz SZ                      |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cephabell BF                             |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cephalexin<br>generichealth GQ           |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cephatrust 500 MI                        |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Cephalexin CH               |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cilex GM                                 |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cephalexin GX                      |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ialex LN                                 |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ibilex 500 AF                            |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rancef RA                                |
|                |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Cephalexin TW |
|                |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.20 | 14.75                                    | 11.62  | <sup>a</sup> Keflex AS                                |

### CEPHAZOLIN

#### Restricted benefit

Infections where positive bacteriological evidence confirms that this antibiotic is an appropriate therapeutic agent;

Septicaemia, suspected;

Septicaemia, proven.

#### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                             |    |    |    |         |       |  |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----|----|----|---------|-------|--|
| 1256D<br>NP | Powder for injection 500 mg | 10 | .. | .. | *39.88  | 34.20 | Hospira Pty Limited HH                   |
| 1257E<br>NP | Powder for injection 1 g    | 10 | .. | .. | *56.92  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH      |
|             |                             |    |    | .. | 56.93   | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Cefazolin Sandoz SZ         |
|             |                             |    |    |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> Cephalozin<br>Alphapharm AF |
|             |                             |    |    |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> Kefzol AS                   |
| 9326W<br>NP | Powder for injection 2 g    | 10 | .. | .. | *104.22 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Cefazolin Sandoz SZ         |
|             |                             |    |    |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> Cephalozin<br>Alphapharm AF |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code                             | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer         |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b>CEPHAZOLIN</b>                |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| Cellulitis.                      |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| 5477G<br>NP                      | Powder for injection 500 mg                             | 10          | ..          | ..      | *39.88                                   | 34.20  | Hospira Pty Limited HH              |
| 5478H<br>NP                      | Powder for injection 1 g                                | 10          | ..          | ..      | *56.92                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH |
|                                  |   |             |             | ..      | 56.93                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Cefazolin Sandoz SZ    |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cephalozin AF          |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alphapharm             |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kefzol AS              |
| 5479J<br>NP                      | Powder for injection 2 g                                | 10          | ..          | ..      | *104.22                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Cefazolin Sandoz SZ    |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cephalozin AF          |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alphapharm             |

### *Second-generation cephalosporins*

#### CEFACTOR

#### **Caution**

Serum sickness-like reactions have been reported with this drug, especially in children.

|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       |                                   |
|-------|---|----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 1169M | Tablet 375 mg (sustained release)                     | 10 | 1 | ..                | 12.57  | 13.64 | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor-GA GN       |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor CD          |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Douglas Cefaclor- GM |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> CD                   |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cefaclor CD GX |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Karlor CD LN         |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Keflor CD AF         |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ozcef RA             |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW       |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chemists             |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor CD          |
|       |   |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 4.94 | 17.51  | 13.64 | <sup>a</sup> Ceclor CD AS         |
| 2460L | Powder for oral suspension 125 mg per 5 mL,<br>100 mL | ‡1 | 1 | ..                | #13.27 | 14.68 | <sup>a</sup> Aclor 125 SI         |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor Sandoz SZ   |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor             |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cefaclor GX    |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Keflor AF            |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ozcef RA             |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW       |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chemists             |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor             |
|       |   |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.97 | #17.24 | 14.68 | <sup>a</sup> Ceclor AS            |
| 2461M | Powder for oral suspension 250 mg per 5 mL,<br>75 mL  | ‡1 | 1 | ..                | #13.58 | 14.99 | <sup>a</sup> Aclor 250 SI         |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor Sandoz SZ   |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor             |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cefaclor GX    |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Keflor AF            |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ozcef RA             |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW       |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chemists             |
|       |   |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor             |
|       |   |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 4.16 | #17.74 | 14.99 | <sup>a</sup> Ceclor AS            |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 8292K | <b>CEFUROXIME AXETIL</b><br>Tablet 250 mg (base)        | 14          | 1           | ..      | 18.62                                    | 19.69  | Zinnat                      | GK |

### *Third-generation cephalosporins*

#### CEFOTAXIME

##### Restricted benefit

Infections where positive bacteriological evidence confirms that this antibiotic is an appropriate therapeutic agent;

Septicaemia, suspected;

Septicaemia, proven.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |                          |    |    |    |        |                    |                     |    |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----|----|----|--------|--------------------|---------------------|----|
| 1085D<br><i>NP</i> | Powder for injection 1 g | 10 | .. | .. | *26.32 | 27.39 <sup>a</sup> | Cefotaxime Sandoz   | SZ |
|                    |                          |    |    | .. | 26.44  | 27.51 <sup>a</sup> | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
| 1086E<br><i>NP</i> | Powder for injection 2 g | 10 | .. | .. | *42.92 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Cefotaxime Sandoz   | SZ |
|                    |                          |    |    | .. | 43.02  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |

#### CEFTRIAZONE

##### Restricted benefit

Gonorrhoea.

|                    |                             |   |    |    |       |       |                 |    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------|----|
| 9058R<br><i>NP</i> | Powder for injection 500 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 10.25 | 11.32 | Ceftriazone ICP | PP |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------|----|

#### CEFTRIAZONE

##### Restricted benefit

Infections where positive bacteriological evidence confirms that this antibiotic is an appropriate therapeutic agent;

Septicaemia, suspected;

Septicaemia, proven.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |                             |   |    |    |        |                    |                                 |    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|--------|--------------------|---------------------------------|----|
| 1783W<br><i>NP</i> | Powder for injection 500 mg | 5 | .. | .. | *25.57 | 26.64              | Ceftriazone ICP                 | PP |
| 1784X<br><i>NP</i> | Powder for injection 1 g    | 5 | .. | .. | *36.32 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Ceftriazone ICP                 | PP |
|                    |                             |   |    |    |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Ceftriazone Sandoz | SZ |
|                    |                             |   |    |    |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> DBL Ceftriazone    | HH |
|                    |                             |   |    |    |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Rocephin           | RO |
|                    |                             |   |    | .. | 36.35  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Max Pharma Pty Ltd              | XF |
| 1785Y<br><i>NP</i> | Powder for injection 2 g    | 5 | .. | .. | *59.52 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Ceftriazone ICP                 | PP |
|                    |                             |   |    |    |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Ceftriazone Sandoz | SZ |
|                    |                             |   |    |    |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> DBL Ceftriazone    | HH |
|                    |                             |   |    |    |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Rocephin           | RO |

### *Fourth-generation cephalosporins*

#### CEFEPIME

##### Authority required

Treatment of febrile neutropenia.

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |              | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |              |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |              |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |  |             |             |         |  |  |              |                             |
| 8315P<br>NP   | Powder for injection 1 g (as hydrochloride)<br>(solvent required)<br>(code 7079N applies to above item with<br>approved solvent) | 10          | ..          | ..      | *161.62                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> | DBL Cefepime HH             |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Maxipime BQ                 |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Omegapharm Pty<br>Ltd OE    |
| 8316Q<br>NP   | Powder for injection 2 g (as hydrochloride)<br>(solvent required)<br>(code 7085X applies to above item with<br>approved solvent) | 10          | ..          | ..      | *293.22                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> | DBL Cefepime HH             |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Maxipime BQ                 |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Omegapharm Pty<br>Ltd OE    |

### Sulfonamides and trimethoprim *Trimethoprim and derivatives*

#### TRIMETHOPRIM

|             |               |   |   |                   |       |      |              |            |
|-------------|---------------|---|---|-------------------|-------|------|--------------|------------|
| 2922T<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg | 7 | 1 | ..                | 8.38  | 9.45 | <sup>a</sup> | Alprim AF  |
|             |               |   |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.89 | 10.27 | 9.45 | <sup>a</sup> | Triprim SI |

### *Combinations of sulfonamides and trimethoprim, incl. derivatives*

#### TRIMETHOPRIM with SULFAMETHOXAZOLE

##### Caution

There is an increased risk of severe adverse reactions with this combination in the elderly.

|             |   |    |   |                   |       |       |              |                  |
|-------------|---|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|--------------|------------------|
| 2949F<br>NP | Tablet 80 mg-400 mg                           | 10 | 1 | ..                | 8.56  | 9.63  |              | Resprim AF       |
| 2951H<br>NP | Tablet 160 mg-800 mg                          | 10 | 1 | ..                | 9.24  | 10.31 | <sup>a</sup> | Bactrim DS RO    |
|             |   |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Resprim Forte AF |
|             |   |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.46 | 10.70 | 10.31 | <sup>a</sup> | Septin Forte SI  |
| 3103H<br>NP | Oral suspension 40 mg-200 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1 | 1 | ..                | 8.93  | 10.00 |              | Bactrim RO       |
|             |   |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.79 | 10.72 | 10.00 |              | Septin SI        |

### Macrolides, lincosamides and streptogramins

#### *Macrolides*

#### AZITHROMYCIN

##### Restricted benefit

Uncomplicated urethritis due to Chlamydia trachomatis;

Uncomplicated cervicitis due to Chlamydia trachomatis.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |                              |   |    |    |       |       |              |                           |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|---------------------------|
| 8200N<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg (as dihydrate) | 2 | .. | .. | 21.09 | 22.16 | <sup>a</sup> | Azithromycin<br>Sandoz SZ |
|             |                              |   |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Zithromax PF              |
|             |                              |   |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Zitrocin GM               |

#### AZITHROMYCIN

##### Restricted benefit

Trachoma.

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form          | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 8201P<br>NP   | Powder for oral suspension 200 mg (as dihydrate) per 5 mL, 15 mL | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #21.09                                   | 22.50  | Zithromax PF   |
| 8336R<br>NP   | Tablet 500 mg (as dihydrate)                                     | 2           | 2           | ..                | 21.09                                    | 22.16  | <sup>a</sup> Azithromycin Sandoz<br><sup>a</sup> Zithromax PF<br><sup>a</sup> Zitrocin GM  |
| <b>CLARITHROMYCIN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 8318T<br>NP   | Tablet 250 mg  | 14          | 1           | ..                | 12.37                                    | 13.44  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Clarithromycin TX<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Clarac GM<br><sup>a</sup> Clarihexal SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Clarithro 250 SI<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx GX<br><sup>a</sup> Clarithromycin Kalixocin AF<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Clarithromycin TW |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.86 | 14.23                                    | 13.44  | <sup>a</sup> Klacid AB   |
| <b>CLARITHROMYCIN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Bordetella pertussis;   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Atypical mycobacterial infections.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 9192T<br>NP   | Powder for oral liquid 250 mg per 5 mL, 50 mL                    | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #35.81                                   | 34.20  | Klacid AB  |
| <b>ERYTHROMYCIN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1404X<br>NP   | Capsule 250 mg   | 25          | 1           | ..                | 9.28                                     | 10.35  | <sup>a</sup> Mayne Pharma Erythromycin YT<br><sup>a</sup> Eryc YN  |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.28 | 10.56                                    | 10.35  |  |
| <b>ERYTHROMYCIN ETHYL SUCCINATE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 2424N<br>NP   | Powder for oral liquid 200 mg (base) per 5 mL, 100 mL            | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | #12.15                                   | 13.56  | <sup>a</sup> E-Mycin 200 AF  |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.72 | #14.87                                   | 13.56  | <sup>a</sup> E.E.S. 200 LM   |
| 2428T<br>NP   | Powder for oral liquid 400 mg (base) per 5 mL, 100 mL            | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | #13.18                                   | 14.59  | <sup>a</sup> E-Mycin 400 AF  |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.74 | #15.92                                   | 14.59  | <sup>a</sup> E.E.S. Granules LM  |
| 2750R<br>NP   | Tablet 400 mg (base)   | 25          | 1           | ..                | 10.69                                    | 11.76  | <sup>a</sup> E-Mycin AF  |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.66 | 13.35                                    | 11.76  | <sup>a</sup> E.E.S. 400 Filmtab LM   |
| <b>ERYTHROMYCIN LACTOBIONATE</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1397M<br>NP   | Powder for I.V. infusion 1 g (base)                              | 5           | ..          | ..                | *88.92                                   | 34.20  | Erythrocin-I.V. LM   |
| <b>ROXITHROMYCIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1760P<br>NP   | Tablet 150 mg  | 10          | 1           | ..                | 11.49                                    | 12.56  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Roxithromycin TX<br><sup>a</sup> Biaxsig AV   |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                 |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                   |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | Roxithromycin                               |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxar 150 SI                   |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxide SZ                      |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roximycin AF                   |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxithromycin-GA GM            |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW                 |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | Chemists<br>Roxithromycin                   |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.47 | 13.96                                    | 12.56  | <sup>a</sup> Rulide SW                      |
| 8016X<br>NP   | Tablet 300 mg  | 5           | 1           | ..                | 11.49                                    | 12.56  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Roxithromycin TX           |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Biaxig AV                      |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                   |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | Roxithromycin                               |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxar 300 SI                   |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxide SZ                      |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roximycin AF                   |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxithromycin-GA GM            |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW                 |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | Chemists<br>Roxithromycin                   |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.47 | 13.96                                    | 12.56  | <sup>a</sup> Rulide SW                      |
| 8129W<br>NP   | Tablet for oral suspension 50 mg   | 10          | 1           | ..                | 12.89                                    | 13.96  | Rulide D SW                                 |
| <b>Lincosamides</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>CLINDAMYCIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Gram-positive coccal infections where these cannot be safely and effectively treated with a penicillin. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3138E<br>NP,MW  | Capsule 150 mg   | 24          | ..          | ..                | 19.75                                    | 20.82  | <sup>a</sup> Cleocin KR                     |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.37 | 21.12                                    | 20.82  | <sup>a</sup> Dalacin C PF                   |
| 2530E<br>NP,MW  | <b>LINCOMYCIN</b><br>Injection 600 mg in 2 mL  | 5           | ..          | ..                | 33.74                                    | 34.20  | Lincocin PF                                 |
| <b>Aminoglycoside antibacterials</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Other aminoglycosides</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2824P<br>NP   | <b>GENTAMICIN SULFATE</b><br>Injection 80 mg (base) in 2 mL  | 10          | 1           | ..                | *19.66                                   | 20.73  | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH         |
|   |  |             |             | ..                | 19.67                                    | 20.74  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty PF<br>Ltd |
| 1356J<br>NP   | <b>TOBRAMYCIN SULFATE</b><br><b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Infections where positive bacteriological evidence confirms that this antibiotic is an appropriate therapeutic agent;<br>Septicaemia, suspected;<br>Septicaemia, proven. | 10          | 1           | ..                | *65.02                                   | 34.20  | Hospira Pty Limited HH                      |
| 8872Y<br>NP   | Injection 80 mg (base) in 2 mL (without preservative)  | 10          | 1           | ..                | *65.02                                   | 34.20  | Pfizer Australia Pty PF<br>Ltd              |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>TOBRAMYCIN SULFATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Systemic treatment of Pseudomonas aeruginosa infection in a patient with cystic fibrosis.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 9480Y<br>NP   | Injection 500 mg (base) in 5 mL (without preservative)  | 10          | 1           | ..                | 357.37                                   | 34.20  | Tobra-Day PL                                   |
| <b>Quinolone antibacterials</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><i>Fluoroquinolones</i></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>CIPROFLOXACIN</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Respiratory tract infection proven or suspected to be caused by Pseudomonas aeruginosa in severely immunocompromised patients;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Bacterial gastroenteritis in severely immunocompromised patients;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Treatment of infections proven to be due to Pseudomonas aeruginosa or other gram-negative bacteria resistant to all other oral antimicrobials;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Treatment of joint and bone infections, epididymo-orchitis, prostatitis or perichondritis of the pinna, suspected or proven to be caused by gram-negative bacteria or gram-positive bacteria resistant to all other appropriate antimicrobials; |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Gonorrhoea;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| For use in skin or soft tissue infections (wound management) where other antimicrobial agents are ineffective or inappropriate.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1208N<br>NP   | Tablet 250 mg   | 14          | ..          | ..                | 25.33                                    | 26.40  | <sup>a</sup> C-Flox 250 AL                     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cifran RA                         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin-DRLA RZ             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin Sandoz SZ           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprol 250 SI                     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Ciprofloxacin GX            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Profloxin HX                      |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.38 | 26.71                                    | 26.40  | <sup>a</sup> Ciproxin 250 BN                   |
| <b>CIPROFLOXACIN</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Respiratory tract infection proven or suspected to be caused by Pseudomonas aeruginosa in severely immunocompromised patients;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Bacterial gastroenteritis in severely immunocompromised patients;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Treatment of infections proven to be due to Pseudomonas aeruginosa or other gram-negative bacteria resistant to all other oral antimicrobials;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Treatment of joint and bone infections, epididymo-orchitis, prostatitis or perichondritis of the pinna, suspected or proven to be caused by gram-negative bacteria or gram-positive bacteria resistant to all other appropriate antimicrobials; |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| For use in skin or soft tissue infections (wound management) where other antimicrobial agents are ineffective or inappropriate.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1209P<br>NP   | Tablet 500 mg   | 14          | ..          | ..                | 43.06                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited GN |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> C-Flox 500 AL                     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cifran RA                         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin 500 CR              |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin-BW BF               |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin-DRLA RZ             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin-GA GM               |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin Sandoz SZ           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprol 500 SI                     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Ciprofloxacin GX            |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.20 | 44.26                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Ciproxin 500 BN                   |
| 1210Q<br>NP   | Tablet 750 mg   | 14          | ..          | ..                | 59.69                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited GN |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                   |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> C-Flox 750 AL                    |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cifran RA                        |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin 750 CR             |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin-BW BF              |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin-DRLA RZ            |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin-GA GM              |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin<br>Sandoz SZ       |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprol 750 SI                    |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx GX                         |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ciprofloxacin<br>Ciproxin 750 BN |
|      |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.31 | 61.00                                    | 34.20  |   |

### NORFLOXACIN

#### Authority required

Acute bacterial enterocolitis;

Complicated urinary tract infection.

|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       |   |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|---|
| 3010K<br>NP | Tablet 400 mg | 14 | 1 | ..                | 17.16 | 18.23 | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH               |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Norfloxacin                |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Norfloxacin GX       |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Norflohexal SZ             |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Norfloxacin-GA GM          |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Nufloxib AF                |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Roxin SI                   |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists TW |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Norfloxacin                |
|             |               |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.91 | 21.07 | 18.23 | <sup>a</sup> Noroxin MK                 |

### Other antibacterials

#### *Glycopeptide antibacterials*

### VANCOMYCIN

#### Restricted benefit

Prophylaxis of endocarditis in patients hypersensitive to penicillin.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |       |  |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|--|
| 2269K | Powder for injection 1 g (as hydrochloride)<br>(1,000,000 i.u. vancomycin activity)  | 1 | .. | .. | 17.95  | 19.02 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH      |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin<br>Alphapharm AF |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin<br>Sandoz SZ     |
| 3130R | Powder for injection 500 mg (as hydrochloride)<br>(500,000 i.u. vancomycin activity) | 2 | .. | .. | *17.96 | 19.03 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH      |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancocin CP AS              |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin<br>Alphapharm AF |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin<br>Sandoz SZ     |

### VANCOMYCIN

#### Restricted benefit

Endophthalmitis;

Use initiated in a hospital for infections where vancomycin is an appropriate antibiotic.

|       |   |   |    |    |        |       |  |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|--|
| 2270L | Powder for injection 1 g (as hydrochloride)<br>(1,000,000 i.u. vancomycin activity) | 3 | .. | .. | *41.01 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH      |
|       |   |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin<br>Alphapharm AF |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                              | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |                          |    |
|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----|
|       |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Vancomycin<br>Sandoz     | SZ |
| 3131T | Powder for injection 500 mg (as hydrochloride)<br>(500,000 i.u. vancomycin activity) | 5           | ..          | ..      | *35.27                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup>                | Hospira Pty Limited      | HH |
|       |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Vancozin CP              | AS |
|       |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Vancomycin<br>Alphapharm | AF |
|       |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Vancomycin<br>Sandoz     | SZ |

### *Steroid antibacterials*

#### FUSIDIC ACID

##### Restricted benefit

For use in combination with another antibiotic in the treatment of proven serious staphylococcal infections.

|       |                             |    |   |    |       |       |  |         |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|---------|----|
| 2312Q | Tablet (sodium salt) 250 mg | 36 | 1 | .. | 90.89 | 34.20 |  | Fucidin | CS |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|---------|----|

### *Imidazole derivatives*

#### METRONIDAZOLE

|             |                          |    |    |                   |       |       |              |               |    |
|-------------|--------------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|--------------|---------------|----|
| 1626N<br>NP | Tablet 400 mg            | 5  | 2  | ..                | 7.81  | 8.88  |              | Metrogyl 400  | AF |
| 1636D<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg            | 21 | 1  | ..                | 7.88  | 8.95  | <sup>a</sup> | Metrogyl 200  | AF |
|             |                          |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Metronide 200 | AV |
|             |                          |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.19 | 10.07 | 8.95  | <sup>a</sup> | Flagyl        | SW |
| 1642K<br>NP | Suppositories 500 mg, 10 | ‡1 | .. | ..                | 23.16 | 24.23 |              | Flagyl        | SW |

#### METRONIDAZOLE

##### Restricted benefit

Treatment of anaerobic infections.

|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       |              |               |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|--------------|---------------|----|
| 1621H<br>NP | Tablet 400 mg | 21 | 1 | ..                | 9.85  | 10.92 | <sup>a</sup> | Metrogyl 400  | AF |
|             |               |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Metronide 400 | AV |
|             |               |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.18 | 12.03 | 10.92 | <sup>a</sup> | Flagyl        | SW |

#### METRONIDAZOLE

##### Restricted benefit

Prophylaxis in large bowel surgery;

Treatment, in a hospital, of acute anaerobic sepsis.

|             |                                |   |   |    |        |       |              |  |    |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|--|----|
| 1638F<br>NP | I.V. infusion 500 mg in 100 mL | 5 | 1 | .. | *30.67 | 31.74 | <sup>a</sup> | Baxter Healthcare<br>Pty Ltd                 | BX |
|             |                                |   |   | .. | *30.76 | 31.83 | <sup>a</sup> | DBL Metronidazole<br>Intravenous<br>Infusion | HH |
|             |                                |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Metronidazole<br>Sandoz                      | SZ |

#### METRONIDAZOLE BENZOATE

|             |   |    |    |    |       |       |  |          |    |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|--|----------|----|
| 1630T<br>NP | Oral suspension 320 mg per 5 mL (equivalent to<br>200 mg metronidazole in 5 mL), 100 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 18.82 | 19.89 |  | Flagyl S | SW |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|--|----------|----|

#### TINIDAZOLE

|             |               |   |    |                   |       |       |              |           |    |
|-------------|---------------|---|----|-------------------|-------|-------|--------------|-----------|----|
| 1465D<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg | 4 | .. | ..                | 10.79 | 11.86 | <sup>a</sup> | Simplotan | GP |
|             |               |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.42 | 13.21 | 11.86 | <sup>a</sup> | Fasigyn   | PF |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b><i>Nitrofurantoin derivatives</i></b>                                     |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>NITROFURANTOIN</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Caution</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Nitrofurantoin may cause peripheral neuritis and severe pulmonary reactions. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1692C<br>NP, MW  | Capsule 50 mg   | 30          | 1           | ..      | 20.38                                    | 21.45  | Macrochantin                | PF |
| 1693D<br>NP, MW  | Capsule 100 mg  | 30          | 1           | ..      | 26.26                                    | 27.33  | Macrochantin                | PF |
| <b><i>Other antibacterials</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>HEXAMINE HIPPURATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3124K<br>NP  | Tablet 1 g  | 100         | 5           | ..      | 42.38                                    | 34.20  | Hiprex                      | IA |

## Antimycotics for systemic use

### Antimycotics for systemic use

#### *Imidazole derivatives*

##### KETOCONAZOLE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3606

Symptomatic genital candidiasis recurring after treatment of at least 2 episodes with topical therapy.

##### Caution

Hepatotoxicity has been reported with ketoconazole.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1573T<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 10 | .. | .. | 19.79 | 20.86 | Nizoral | JC |
|-------------|---------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

##### KETOCONAZOLE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3604

Oral candidiasis in severely immunocompromised persons where topical therapy has failed;

3605

Systemic or deep mycoses where other forms of therapy have failed.

##### Caution

Hepatotoxicity has been reported with ketoconazole.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1572R<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 42.17 | 34.20 | Nizoral | JC |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

#### *Triazole derivatives*

##### FLUCONAZOLE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3615

Treatment of cryptococcal meningitis;

3616

Maintenance therapy in patients with cryptococcal meningitis and immunosuppression;

3613

Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis in immunosuppressed patients;

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
|             | <b>3614</b><br>Treatment of oesophageal candidiasis in immunosuppressed patients;   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
|             | <b>3617</b><br>Prophylaxis of oropharyngeal candidiasis in immunosuppressed patients;   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
|             | <b>3618</b><br>Treatment of serious and life-threatening candida infections.  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
|             | <b>Note</b><br><b>Shared Care Model:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 1471K<br>NP | Capsule 50 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 70.56                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> DBL Fluconazole HH<br><sup>a</sup> Diflucan PF<br><sup>a</sup> Dizole 50 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Fluzole 50 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Ozole RA                                      |
| 1472L<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 131.36                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> DBL Fluconazole HH<br><sup>a</sup> Diflucan PF<br><sup>a</sup> Dizole 100 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole Winthrop WA<br><sup>a</sup> Ozole RA                           |
| 1473M<br>NP | Solution for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 50 mL  | 7           | ..          | ..      | *156.29                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Diflucan PF<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole-Claris AE<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole Hexal HX<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole Sandoz SZ  |
| 1474N<br>NP | Solution for I.V. infusion 200 mg in 100 mL   | 7           | ..          | ..      | *280.68                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX<br><sup>a</sup> Diflucan PF<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole-Claris AE<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole Hexal HX<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole Sandoz SZ                                     |
| 1475P<br>NP | Capsule 200 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 245.69                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Fluconazole TX<br><sup>a</sup> DBL Fluconazole HH<br><sup>a</sup> Diflucan PF<br><sup>a</sup> Dizole 200 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Fluconazole Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Fluzole 200 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Ozole RA |
| 1757L<br>NP | Solution for I.V. infusion 400 mg in 200 mL   | 1           | ..          | ..      | 69.79                                    | 34.20  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX   |

### ITRACONAZOLE

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

##### **3607**

Systemic aspergillosis;

##### **3608**

Systemic sporotrichosis;

##### **3609**

Systemic histoplasmosis;

##### **3610**

Treatment and maintenance therapy in patients with AIDS who have disseminated pulmonary histoplasmosis infection;

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | <b>3612</b><br>Treatment and maintenance therapy in patients with AIDS who have chronic pulmonary histoplasmosis infection;   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>3613</b><br>Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis in immunosuppressed patients;   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>3614</b><br>Treatment of oesophageal candidiasis in immunosuppressed patients.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b><br><b>Shared Care Model:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8196J<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..      | 246.79                                   | 34.20  | Sporanox JC                 |
|             | <b>POSACONAZOLE</b><br><b>Authority required</b><br>Treatment of invasive aspergillosis in patients intolerant to, or with disease refractory to, alternative therapy;<br><br>Treatment of fusariosis, zygomycosis, coccidioidomycosis, chromoblastomycosis and mycetoma in patients intolerant to, or with disease refractory to, alternative therapy.<br><b>Authority required</b><br>Prophylaxis of invasive fungal infections, including both yeasts and moulds, in a patient who is at high risk of developing these infections, defined as follows:<br><br>(1) Neutropenia<br>Patients with anticipated neutropenia (an absolute neutrophil count of less than 500 cells per cubic millimetre) for at least 10 days, who are receiving chemotherapy for acute myelogenous leukaemia or myelodysplastic syndrome.<br>Treatment should continue until recovery of the neutrophil count to at least 500 cells per cubic millimetre.<br>Patients who have had a previous invasive fungal infection should have secondary prophylaxis during subsequent episodes of neutropenia.<br><br>(2) Graft versus host disease (GVHD)<br>Patients with acute GVHD grades II to IV or extensive chronic GVHD, who are receiving intensive immunosuppressive therapy after allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplant.<br>No more than 6 months therapy per episode will be PBS-subsidised.<br><b>Note</b><br><b>Shared Care Model:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.<br><b>Note</b><br>Application for an increased maximum quantity to allow for up to 1 month's treatment and repeats sufficient for up to 6 months' treatment may be authorised. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9360P<br>NP | Oral suspension 40 mg per mL, 105 mL  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 733.26                                   | 34.20  | Noxafil SH                  |
|             | <b>VORICONAZOLE</b><br><b>Authority required</b><br>For the treatment and maintenance therapy of definite or probable invasive aspergillosis in immunocompromised patients;<br>For the treatment and maintenance therapy of serious fungal infections caused by <i>Scedosporium</i> species or <i>Fusarium</i> species;<br>For the treatment and maintenance therapy of serious <i>Candida</i> infections where:<br>(a) the causative species is not susceptible to fluconazole; or<br>(b) treatment with fluconazole has failed; or<br>(c) treatment with fluconazole is not tolerated;<br>For the treatment and maintenance therapy of other serious invasive mycosis.<br><b>Note</b><br><b>Shared Care Model:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9363T<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg  | 56          | 2           | ..      | 700.87                                   | 34.20  | Vfend PF                    |
| 9364W<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg   | 56          | 2           | ..      | 2631.08                                  | 34.20  | Vfend PF                    |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>VORICONAZOLE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For the treatment and maintenance therapy of definite or probable invasive aspergillosis in immunocompromised patients;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For the treatment and maintenance therapy of serious fungal infections caused by <i>Scedosporium</i> species or <i>Fusarium</i> species;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For the treatment and maintenance therapy of serious <i>Candida</i> infections where:   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (a) the causative species is not susceptible to fluconazole; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (b) treatment with fluconazole has failed; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (c) treatment with fluconazole is not tolerated;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For the treatment and maintenance therapy of other serious invasive mycosis.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Application for an increased maximum quantity to allow for up to 1 month's treatment and repeats sufficient for up to 6 months' treatment may be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9452L<br>NP   | Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per mL, 70 mL          | 1           | ..          | ..      | #703.40                                  | 34.20  | Vfend PF                    |

### Antimycobacterials

#### Drugs for treatment of tuberculosis

##### *Hydrazides*

##### ISONIAZID

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |   |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|---|----|
| 1554T<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 11.86 | 12.93 | Fawns and McAllan<br>Proprietary<br>Limited | FM |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|---|----|

#### Drugs for treatment of lepra

##### *Drugs for treatment of lepra*

##### DAPSONE

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |        |       |                                  |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------------------------------|----|
| 1272Y<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg | 100 | 1 | .. | 113.84 | 34.20 | Link Medical<br>Products Pty Ltd | LM |
| 8801F<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg  | 100 | 1 | .. | 100.58 | 34.20 | Link Medical<br>Products Pty Ltd | LM |

##### RIFAMPICIN

##### Authority required

Leprosy in adults.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                |     |    |    |       |       |             |    |
|-------------|----------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|----|
| 1982H<br>NP | Capsule 150 mg | 100 | .. | .. | 37.01 | 34.20 | Rimycin 150 | AF |
| 1983J<br>NP | Capsule 300 mg | 100 | .. | .. | 64.94 | 34.20 | Rimycin 300 | AF |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>RIFAMPICIN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Prophylaxis of meningococcal disease in close contacts and carriers;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Prophylactic treatment of contacts of patients with Haemophilus influenzae type B.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1981G<br>NP   | Capsule 150 mg  | 10          | ..          | ..      | 11.96                                    | 13.03  | Rimycin 150 AF              |
| 1984K<br>NP   | Capsule 300 mg  | 10          | ..          | ..      | 13.55                                    | 14.62  | Rimycin 300 AF              |
| 8025J<br>NP   | Syrup 100 mg per 5 mL, 60 mL                            | 1           | ..          | ..      | 28.57                                    | 29.64  | Rifadin SW                  |

### Antivirals for systemic use

#### Direct acting antivirals

#### *Nucleosides and nucleotides excl. reverse transcriptase inhibitors*

##### ACICLOVIR

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3632

Moderate to severe initial genital herpes. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is desirable but need not delay treatment.

##### Note

Aciclovir 200 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox, herpes zoster or herpes simplex infections other than genital herpes.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |               |    |    |                   |        |                     |                    |
|-------------|---------------|----|----|-------------------|--------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1003T<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 50 | .. | ..                | 66.38  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>  | GenRx Aciclovir GX |
|             |               |    |    |                   | ..     | *66.40 <sup>a</sup> | Acihexal SZ        |
|             |               |    |    |                   |        | <sup>a</sup>        | Acyclo-V 200 AF    |
|             |               |    |    |                   |        | <sup>a</sup>        | Lovir GM           |
|             |               |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 4.10 | *70.50 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>  | Zovirax 200 mg GK  |

##### ACICLOVIR

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3633

Episodic treatment or suppressive therapy of moderate to severe recurrent genital herpes. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is required but need not delay treatment.

##### Note

Aciclovir 200 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox, herpes zoster or herpes simplex infections other than genital herpes.

|             |               |    |   |    |        |                    |   |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|--------|--------------------|---|
| 1007B<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 90 | 5 | .. | 116.12 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Aciclovir 200 CR                        |
|             |               |    |   |    |        | <sup>a</sup>       | Acihexal SZ                             |
|             |               |    |   |    |        | <sup>a</sup>       | Acyclo-V 200 AF                         |
|             |               |    |   |    |        | <sup>a</sup>       | Chem mart CH                            |
|             |               |    |   |    |        | <sup>a</sup>       | Aciclovir<br>GenRx Aciclovir GX         |
|             |               |    |   |    |        | <sup>a</sup>       | Lovir GM                                |
|             |               |    |   |    |        | <sup>a</sup>       | Ozvir RA                                |
|             |               |    |   |    |        | <sup>a</sup>       | Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Aciclovir TW |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | a | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.06 | 119.18                                   | 34.20  | a | Zovirax 200 mg<br>GK        |
| <hr/>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>ACICLOVIR</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| 3622   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| Treatment of patients with herpes zoster within 72 hours of the onset of the rash;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| 3631   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| Herpes zoster ophthalmicus.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| Aciclovir is effective only if commenced within 72 hours of onset of rash.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| Aciclovir 800 mg is not PBS-subsidised for herpes simplex or chickenpox.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| No applications for repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| 1052J<br>NP  | Tablet 800 mg   | 35          | ..          | ..                | 139.32                                   | 34.20  | a | Aciclovir 800<br>CR         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Acihexal<br>SZ              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Acyclo-V 800<br>AF          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | GenRx Aciclovir<br>GX       |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.49 | 140.81                                   | 34.20  | a | Zovirax 800 mg<br>GK        |
| <hr/>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>ACICLOVIR</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| 3630   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| Patients with advanced HIV disease (CD4 cell counts of less than 150 million per litre).   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| 8234J<br>NP  | Tablet 800 mg   | 120         | 5           | ..                | 425.23                                   | 34.20  | a | Acihexal<br>SZ              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Acyclo-V 800<br>AF          |
| <hr/>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>FAMCICLOVIR</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| 3624   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| Episodic treatment of moderate to severe recurrent genital herpes. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is required but need not delay treatment. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| Famciclovir 250 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox or herpes simplex infections other than genital herpes.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| 2274Q<br>NP  | Tablet 250 mg   | 20          | 1           | ..                | 131.88                                   | 34.20  | a | APO-Famciclovir<br>TX       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Ezovir<br>AF                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Famciclovir Sandoz<br>SZ    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Famvir<br>NV                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Favic 250<br>SI             |
| 8092X<br>NP  | Tablet 125 mg   | 40          | 1           | ..                | 131.88                                   | 34.20  | a | APO-Famciclovir<br>TX       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Ezovir<br>AF                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Famvir<br>NV                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | a | Favic 125<br>SI             |
| <hr/>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>FAMCICLOVIR</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| 3622   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |
| Treatment of patients with herpes zoster within 72 hours of the onset of the rash.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |                             |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

**Note**

Famciclovir is effective only if commenced within 72 hours of onset of rash.

Famciclovir 250 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox or herpes simplex infections other than genital herpes.

**Note**

No applications for repeats will be authorised.

|             |               |    |    |    |        |       |                                 |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|---------------------------------|----|
| 8002E<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg | 21 | .. | .. | 138.16 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Famciclovir    | TX |
|             |               |    |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ezovir             | AF |
|             |               |    |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Famciclovir Sandoz | SZ |
|             |               |    |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Famvir             | NV |
|             |               |    |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Favic 250          | SI |

**FAMCICLOVIR****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3623

Suppressive therapy of moderate to severe recurrent genital herpes. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is required but need not delay treatment.

**Note**

Famciclovir 250 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox or herpes simplex infections other than genital herpes.

|             |               |    |   |    |        |       |                                 |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------------------------------|----|
| 8217L<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg | 56 | 5 | .. | 343.76 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Famciclovir    | TX |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ezovir             | AF |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Famciclovir Sandoz | SZ |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Famvir             | NV |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Favic 250          | SI |

**FAMCICLOVIR****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3625

Treatment of immunocompromised patients with herpes zoster within 72 hours of the onset of the rash.

**Note**

Famciclovir is effective only if commenced within 72 hours of onset of rash.

Famciclovir 500 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox.

Famciclovir 500 mg is not PBS-subsidised for herpes zoster, genital herpes or other herpes simplex infections in immunocompetent patients.

**Note**

No applications for repeats will be authorised.

|             |               |    |    |    |        |       |                        |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|------------------------|----|
| 8897G<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 194.60 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Famvir    | NV |
|             |               |    |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Favic 500 | SI |

**FAMCICLOVIR****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3626

Episodic treatment or suppressive therapy of moderate to severe recurrent genital herpes in immunocompromised patients. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is required but need not delay treatment.

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3627

Episodic treatment of moderate to severe recurrent oral or labial herpes in a patient with HIV infection and a CD4 cell count of less than 500 million per litre. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is required but need not delay treatment.

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | a | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>3628</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Suppressive therapy of moderate to severe recurrent oral or labial herpes in a patient with HIV infection and a CD4 cell count of less than 150 million per litre. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is required but need not delay treatment;     |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>3629</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Suppressive therapy of moderate to severe recurrent oral or labial herpes in a patient with HIV infection and other opportunistic infections or AIDS defining tumours. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is required but need not delay treatment. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Famciclovir 500 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Famciclovir 500 mg is not PBS-subsidised for herpes zoster, genital herpes or other herpes simplex infections in immunocompetent patients.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| 8896F<br>NP  | Tablet 500 mg   | 56          | 5           | ..      | 343.76                                   | 34.20  | a | Ezovir AF                   |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Famvir NV                   |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Favic 500 SI                |
| <b>VALACICLOVIR</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>3632</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Moderate to severe initial genital herpes. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is desirable but need not delay treatment.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Valaciclovir 500 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox or herpes simplex infections other than genital herpes.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| 8133C<br>NP  | Tablet 500 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 20          | ..          | ..      | *105.78                                  | 34.20  | a | Valtrex GK                  |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Zelitrex RE                 |
| <b>VALACICLOVIR</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>3633</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Episodic treatment or suppressive therapy of moderate to severe recurrent genital herpes. Microbiological confirmation of diagnosis (viral culture, antigen detection or nucleic acid amplification by PCR) is required but need not delay treatment.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Valaciclovir 500 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox or herpes simplex infections other than genital herpes.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| 8134D<br>NP  | Tablet 500 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 30          | 5           | ..      | 155.43                                   | 34.20  | a | Valtrex GK                  |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Zelitrex RE                 |
| <b>VALACICLOVIR</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>3622</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Treatment of patients with herpes zoster within 72 hours of the onset of the rash;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>3631</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Herpes zoster ophthalmicus.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Valaciclovir is effective only if commenced within 72 hours of onset of rash.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| Valaciclovir 500 mg is not PBS-subsidised for chickenpox or herpes simplex infections other than genital herpes.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| No applications for repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |                             |
| 8064K<br>NP  | Tablet 500 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 42          | ..          | ..      | 214.06                                   | 34.20  | a | Valtrex GK                  |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | a | Zelitrex RE                 |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Vaccines</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Bacterial vaccines</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <i>Pneumococcal vaccines</i>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| PNEUMOCOCCAL VACCINE, POLYVALENT   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <u>Restricted benefit</u>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Splenectomised persons over 2 years of age;                                    |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Persons with Hodgkin's disease;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Persons at high risk of pneumococcal infections.                               |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1903E<br>NP  | Injection 0.5 mL (23 valent)                            | 1           | ..          | ..      | 46.13                                    | 34.20  | Pneumovax 23 CS             |
| <b>Tetanus vaccines</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| DIPHTHERIA and TETANUS VACCINE, ADSORBED, DILUTED FOR ADULT USE                |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <u>Note</u>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For immunisation of adults and children aged greater than or equal to 8 years. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8783G<br>NP  | Injection 0.5 mL in pre-filled syringe                  | 5           | ..          | ..      | 75.34                                    | 34.20  | ADT Booster CS              |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

### Antineoplastic agents

#### Alkylating agents

##### *Nitrogen mustard analogues*

|       |   |     |    |    |         |       |              |    |
|-------|---|-----|----|----|---------|-------|--------------|----|
| 1163F | <b>CHLORAMBUCIL</b><br>Tablet 2 mg  | 100 | 2  | .. | *137.98 | 34.20 | Leukeran     | AS |
| 1031G | <b>CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE</b><br>Powder for injection 2 g (solvent required)<br>(code 7055H applies to above item with<br>approved solvent) | 1   | .. | .. | 56.60   | 34.20 | Endoxan      | BX |
| 1079T | Powder for injection 500 mg (solvent required)<br>(code 6704W applies to above item with<br>approved solvent)                         | 2   | .. | .. | *40.70  | 34.20 | Endoxan      | BX |
| 1080W | Powder for injection 1 g (solvent required)<br>(code 6710E applies to above item with<br>approved solvent)                            | 1   | .. | .. | 32.65   | 33.72 | Endoxan      | BX |
| 1266P | Tablet 50 mg  | 50  | 2  | .. | 31.29   | 32.36 | Cycloblastin | PF |

#### **IFOSFAMIDE**

##### Restricted benefit

Relapsed or refractory germ cell tumours following first-line chemotherapy;

Relapsed or refractory sarcomas following first-line chemotherapy.

|       |                               |   |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 8076C | Powder for I.V. injection 1 g | 5 | 5 | .. | *342.42 | 34.20 | Holoxan | BX |
| 8077D | Powder for I.V. injection 2 g | 5 | 5 | .. | *668.37 | 34.20 | Holoxan | BX |

#### **MELPHALAN**

|       |             |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 2547C | Tablet 2 mg | 25 | 1 | .. | 50.88 | 34.20 | Alkeran | AS |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

#### *Alkyl sulphonates*

#### **BUSULFAN**

|       |             |     |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------|-------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1128J | Tablet 2 mg | 100 | .. | .. | 86.26 | 34.20 | Myleran | AS |
|-------|-------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

#### *Ethylene imines*

#### **THIOTEPA**

|       |                            |   |   |    |         |       |  |    |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|--|----|
| 2345K | Powder for injection 15 mg | 2 | 1 | .. | *155.66 | 34.20 | Sigma<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>(Australia) Pty<br>Ltd | SI |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|--|----|

#### *Nitrosoureas*

#### **CARMUSTINE**

##### Restricted benefit

Glioblastoma multiforme, suspected or confirmed, at the time of initial surgery.

##### Note

Carmustine is not PBS-subsidised for use in conjunction with PBS-subsidised temozolomide.

|       |                    |   |    |    |          |       |         |    |
|-------|--------------------|---|----|----|----------|-------|---------|----|
| 8898H | Implants 7.7 mg, 8 | 1 | .. | .. | 17539.32 | 34.20 | Gliadel | OA |
|-------|--------------------|---|----|----|----------|-------|---------|----|

#### **FOTEMUSTINE**

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3181

Metastatic malignant melanoma.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 8786K | Powder for injection 208 mg with solvent                | 1           | 4           | ..      | 1206.86                                  | 34.20  | Muphoran SE                 |

### Other alkylating agents

#### TEMOZOLOMIDE

##### Authority required

Glioblastoma multiforme concomitantly with radiotherapy.

##### Note

Temozolomide is not PBS-subsidised for use in conjunction with PBS-subsidised carmustine.

##### Note

Applications for doses above 150 mg per day will not be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|       |                |    |   |    |          |       |            |
|-------|----------------|----|---|----|----------|-------|------------|
| 8819E | Capsule 5 mg   | 15 | 2 | .. | *208.05  | 34.20 | Temodal SH |
| 8820F | Capsule 20 mg  | 15 | 2 | .. | *567.93  | 34.20 | Temodal SH |
| 8821G | Capsule 100 mg | 15 | 2 | .. | *2389.29 | 34.20 | Temodal SH |
| 9361Q | Capsule 140 mg | 15 | 2 | .. | *3266.10 | 34.20 | Temodal SH |

#### TEMOZOLOMIDE

##### Authority required

Recurrence of anaplastic astrocytoma following standard therapy;

Recurrence of glioblastoma multiforme following standard therapy;

Glioblastoma multiforme following radiotherapy.

|       |                |   |   |    |         |       |            |
|-------|----------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|------------|
| 8378Y | Capsule 5 mg   | 5 | 5 | .. | 73.75   | 34.20 | Temodal SH |
| 8379B | Capsule 20 mg  | 5 | 5 | .. | 204.39  | 34.20 | Temodal SH |
| 8380C | Capsule 100 mg | 5 | 5 | .. | 808.22  | 34.20 | Temodal SH |
| 8381D | Capsule 250 mg | 5 | 5 | .. | 1863.31 | 34.20 | Temodal SH |
| 9362R | Capsule 140 mg | 5 | 5 | .. | 1112.18 | 34.20 | Temodal SH |

### Antimetabolites

#### *Folic acid analogues*

#### METHOTREXATE

|       |   |    |    |    |        |                    |  |          |
|-------|---|----|----|----|--------|--------------------|--|----------|
| 1622J | Tablet 2.5 mg   | 30 | 5  | .. | 13.12  | 14.19 <sup>a</sup> | Hospira Pty Limited<br>Methoblastin                | HH<br>PF |
| 2272N | Tablet 10 mg  | 15 | 1  | .. | 21.84  | 22.91              | Methoblastin                                       | PF       |
| 2395C | Injection 50 mg in 2 mL                                 | 5  | .. | .. | 35.53  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Hospira Pty Limited<br>Pfizer Australia Pty<br>Ltd | HH<br>PF |
| 2396D | Injection 5 mg in 2 mL                                  | 5  | .. | .. | 36.21  | 34.20              | Hospira Pty Limited                                | HH       |
| 8851W | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 1000 mg in 10 mL | 1  | .. | .. | 117.84 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Hospira Pty Limited<br>Methotrexate<br>Ebewe       | HH<br>IT |
| 8852X | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 5000 mg in 50 mL | 1  | .. | .. | 533.15 | 34.20              | Methotrexate<br>Ebewe                              | IT       |
| 8863L | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 500 mg in 20 mL  | 1  | .. | .. | 62.14  | 34.20              | Hospira Pty Limited                                | HH       |

#### METHOTREXATE

##### Restricted benefit

For patients requiring doses greater than 20 mg per week.

|       |              |    |   |    |       |       |              |    |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|----|
| 1623K | Tablet 10 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 45.28 | 34.20 | Methoblastin | PF |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|----|

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>PEMETREXED DISODIUM</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer, after prior platinum-based chemotherapy.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Doses greater than 500 mg per metre squared body surface area (BSA) will not be approved for PBS subsidy. The patient's BSA must be provided at the time of the authority approval.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Mesothelioma in combination with cisplatin.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Doses greater than 500 mg per metre squared body surface area (BSA) will not be approved for PBS subsidy. The patient's BSA must be provided at the time of the authority approval.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities for the 500 mg vial will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9130M   | Powder for I.V. infusion 500 mg (base)                  | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1701.41                                  | 34.20  | Alimta LY                   |
| 9131N   | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg (base)                  | 1           | 3           | ..      | 359.85                                   | 34.20  | Alimta LY                   |
| <b>RALTITREXED</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3185</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For use as a single agent in the treatment of advanced colorectal cancer.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8284B   | Powder for I.V. infusion 2 mg                           | 3           | 2           | ..      | *856.29                                  | 34.20  | Tomudex HH                  |
| <b><i>Purine analogues</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>CLADRIBINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3180</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Hairy cell leukaemia.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1811H   | Solution for I.V. infusion 10 mg in 10 mL               | 7           | ..          | ..      | *4629.57                                 | 34.20  | Leustatin JC                |
| 8800E   | Injection 10 mg in 5 mL                                 | 7           | ..          | ..      | *4629.57                                 | 34.20  | Litak OA                    |
| <b>FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukaemia in combination with cyclophosphamide where the patient has advanced disease (Binet Stage B or C) or evidence of progressive Stage A disease.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Stage A progressive disease is defined by at least one of the following: persistent rise in lymphocyte count with doubling time less than 12 months; a downward trend in haemoglobin or platelets, or both; more than 50% increase in the size of liver, spleen, or lymph nodes, or appearance of these signs if not previously present; constitutional symptoms attributable to disease. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The diagnosis of chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) must have been established based on:   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (a) a lymphocytosis, with more than 5,000 million lymphocytes per L in the peripheral blood; and  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (b) a clonal population of B-cells (CD5/CD19) documented by flow cytometry.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9184J   | Tablet 10 mg  | 20          | 5           | ..      | 936.70                                   | 34.20  | Fludara GZ                  |
| <b>FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukaemia in combination with cyclophosphamide where the patient has advanced disease (Binet Stage B or C) or evidence of progressive Stage A disease.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Stage A progressive disease is defined by at least one of the following: persistent rise in lymphocyte count with doubling time less than 12 months; a downward trend in haemoglobin or platelets, or both; more than 50% increase in the size of liver, spleen, or lymph nodes, or appearance of these signs if not previously present; constitutional symptoms attributable to disease. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The diagnosis of chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) must have been established based on:   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (a) a lymphocytosis, with more than 5,000 million lymphocytes per L in the peripheral blood; and  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (b) a clonal population of B-cells (CD5/CD19) documented by flow cytometry.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The solution for I.V. injection and powder for I.V. injection (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code                    | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |  |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|--|
| 9185K                   | Powder for I.V. injection 50 mg                         | 5           | 3           | ..      | 1505.23                                  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Fludara                     | GZ |  |
|                         |   |             |             | ..      | *1505.27                                 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Farine                      | WQ |  |
|                         |   |             |             |         |  |  | Fludarabine Actavis         | GQ |  |
| 9207N                   | Solution for I.V. injection 50 mg in 2 mL               | 5           | 3           | ..      | 1505.23                                  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Fludarabine Ebewe           | IT |  |
| <b>MERCAPTOPYRIMINE</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |  |
| 1598D                   | Tablet 50 mg  | 100         | 2           | ..      | *251.94                                  | 34.20  | Purinethol                  | AS |  |
| <b>THIOGUANINE</b>      |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |  |
| 1233X                   | Tablet 40 mg  | 25          | 1           | ..      | 198.66                                   | 34.20  | Lanvis                      | AS |  |

### *Pyrimidine analogues*

#### **CAPECITABINE**

##### **Authority required**

Advanced breast cancer after failure of prior therapy which includes a taxane and an anthracycline;

Advanced breast cancer where therapy with a taxane and/or an anthracycline is contraindicated;

Advanced breast cancer in combination with docetaxel after failure of prior anthracycline-containing chemotherapy;

Treatment of advanced or metastatic colorectal cancer;

Adjuvant treatment of stage III (Dukes C) colon cancer, following complete resection of the primary tumour;

Advanced (Stage III or IV) oesophago-gastric cancer, previously untreated, in combination with a cisplatin-based regimen, in a patient with a WHO performance status of 2 or less.

##### **Note**

In the adjuvant setting, the recommended treatment duration is 24 weeks.

Capecitabine is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with stage II (Dukes B) colon cancer.

Capecitabine is not PBS-subsidised for the adjuvant treatment of patients with rectal cancer.

|       |               |     |   |    |        |       |        |    |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 8361C | Tablet 150 mg | 60  | 2 | .. | 123.93 | 34.20 | Xeloda | RO |
| 8362D | Tablet 500 mg | 120 | 2 | .. | 695.17 | 34.20 | Xeloda | RO |

#### **CYTARABINE**

|       |                          |    |   |    |         |       |                          |    |
|-------|--------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|--------------------------|----|
| 2884T | Injection 100 mg in 5 mL | 10 | 1 | .. | *125.78 | 34.20 | Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd | PF |
|-------|--------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|--------------------------|----|

#### **FLUOROURACIL**

|       |                            |    |    |    |        |                    |                     |    |
|-------|----------------------------|----|----|----|--------|--------------------|---------------------|----|
| 2528C | Injection 500 mg in 10 mL  | 10 | .. | .. | *54.80 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Fluorouracil Ebewe  | IT |
|       |                            |    |    |    |        |                    | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
| 9005Y | Injection 1000 mg in 20 mL | 5  | .. | .. | *48.22 | 34.20              | Fluorouracil Ebewe  | IT |

#### **GEMCITABINE**

##### **Authority required**

Advanced breast cancer in combination with paclitaxel after failure of prior therapy which includes an anthracycline;

Advanced epithelial ovarian cancer, in combination with carboplatin, in patients who relapse more than 6 months after platinum-based therapy;

Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer;

Locally advanced or metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas;

Locally advanced or metastatic bladder cancer, in combination with cisplatin.

##### **Note**

The powder for I.V. infusion 200 mg (as hydrochloride) (after reconstitution) and the solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 200 mg (as hydrochloride) are bioequivalent.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |                    |                               |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----|
| 8049P | Powder for I.V. infusion 200 mg (as hydrochloride) | 4 | 2 | .. | *201.90 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | DBL Gemcitabine for Injection | HH |
|       |  |   |   |    |         |                    | Gemcitabine Actavis           | GQ |
|       |  |   |   |    |         |                    | Gemcitabine Ebewe             | IT |
|       |  |   |   |    |         |                    | Gemcitabine Kabi              | PK |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|----|
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Gemcitabine Sun      | ZF |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Gemcite              | ZP |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Gemplan              | WQ |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Gemzar               | LY |
| 9401T | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 200 mg (as hydrochloride) in 20 mL | 4           | 2           | ..      | *201.90                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup>                | Gemcitabine<br>Ebewe | IT |

### GEMCITABINE

#### Authority required

Advanced breast cancer in combination with paclitaxel after failure of prior therapy which includes an anthracycline;

Advanced epithelial ovarian cancer, in combination with carboplatin, in patients who relapse more than 6 months after platinum-based therapy;

Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer;

Locally advanced or metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas;

Locally advanced or metastatic bladder cancer, in combination with cisplatin.

#### Note

The powder for I.V. infusion 1 g (as hydrochloride) (after reconstitution) and the solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 1000 mg (as hydrochloride) are bioequivalent.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |              |                                  |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------------|----------------------------------|----|
| 8050Q | Powder for I.V. infusion 1 g (as hydrochloride)                             | 2 | 2 | .. | *463.28 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | DBL Gemcitabine<br>for Injection | HH |
|       |   |   |   |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Gemcitabine<br>Actavis           | GQ |
|       |   |   |   |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Gemcitabine<br>Ebewe             | IT |
|       |   |   |   |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Gemcitabine Kabi                 | PK |
|       |   |   |   |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Gemcitabine Sun                  | ZF |
|       |   |   |   |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Gemcite                          | ZP |
|       |   |   |   |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Gemplan                          | WQ |
|       |   |   |   |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Gemzar                           | LY |
| 9402W | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 1000 mg (as hydrochloride) in 100 mL | 2 | 2 | .. | *463.28 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | Gemcitabine<br>Ebewe             | IT |

### GEMCITABINE

#### Authority required

Advanced breast cancer in combination with paclitaxel after failure of prior therapy which includes an anthracycline;

Advanced epithelial ovarian cancer, in combination with carboplatin, in patients who relapse more than 6 months after platinum-based therapy;

Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer;

Locally advanced or metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas;

Locally advanced or metastatic bladder cancer, in combination with cisplatin.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |              |                                  |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------------|----------------------------------|----|
| 9414L | Powder for I.V. infusion 2 g (as hydrochloride)                           | 1 | 2 | .. | 464.28  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | DBL Gemcitabine<br>for Injection | HH |
|       |   |   |   |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Gemcitabine Kabi                 | PK |
| 9463C | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 500 mg (as hydrochloride) in 50 mL | 4 | 2 | .. | *463.30 | 34.20 |              | Gemcitabine<br>Ebewe             | IT |

## Plant alkaloids and other natural products

### *Vinca alkaloids and analogues*

|       |  |    |    |    |         |       |              |                             |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|---------|-------|--------------|-----------------------------|----|
|       | <b>VINBLASTINE SULFATE</b>                 |    |    |    |         |       |              |                             |    |
| 2199R | Solution for I.V. injection 10 mg in 10 mL | 5  | .. | .. | 169.78  | 34.20 |              | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
|       | <b>VINCRISTINE SULFATE</b>                 |    |    |    |         |       |              |                             |    |
| 2374Y | I.V. injection 1 mg in 1 mL                | 10 | .. | .. | *152.24 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
|       |  |    |    |    |         |       | <sup>a</sup> | Pfizer Australia Pty<br>Ltd | PF |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>VINORELBINE TARTRATE</b>                                |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9009E  | Capsule 20 mg (base)                                    | 20          | 2           | ..      | *1973.02                                 | 34.20  | Navelbine                   | FB |
| 9010F  | Capsule 30 mg (base)                                    | 16          | 2           | ..      | *2340.02                                 | 34.20  | Navelbine                   | FB |

### VINORELBINE TARTRATE

#### Authority required

Advanced breast cancer after failure of prior therapy which includes an anthracycline;

Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer.

|       |   |    |   |    |          |       |  |          |
|-------|---|----|---|----|----------|-------|--|----------|
| 8280T | Solution for I.V. infusion 10 mg (base) in 1 mL | 16 | 2 | .. | *1114.42 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited<br><sup>a</sup> Navelbine | HH<br>FB |
|       |   |    |   |    |          |       | <sup>a</sup> Vinorelbine Ebewe                             | IT       |
|       |   |    |   |    |          |       | <sup>a</sup> Vinorelbine Link                              | PK       |
| 8281W | Solution for I.V. infusion 50 mg (base) in 5 mL | 4  | 2 | .. | *1162.46 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited<br><sup>a</sup> Navelbine | HH<br>FB |
|       |   |    |   |    |          |       | <sup>a</sup> Vinorelbine Ebewe                             | IT       |
|       |   |    |   |    |          |       | <sup>a</sup> Vinorelbine Link                              | PK       |

### Podophyllotoxin derivatives

#### ETOPOSIDE

|       |  |    |    |    |         |       |                                  |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|---------|-------|----------------------------------|----|
| 1389D | Capsule 100 mg                                 | 10 | .. | .. | 390.73  | 34.20 | Vepesid                          | BQ |
| 1390E | Solution for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 5 mL      | 5  | .. | .. | 163.49  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Etoposide Ebewe     | IT |
|       |  |    |    |    | *163.52 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
| 1396L | Capsule 50 mg                                  | 20 | .. | .. | 444.94  | 34.20 | Vepesid                          | BQ |
| 8120J | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg (as phosphate) | 5  | .. | .. | *163.52 | 34.20 | Etopophos                        | BQ |
| 8515E | Powder for I.V. infusion 1 g (as phosphate)    | 1  | .. | .. | 309.93  | 34.20 | Etopophos                        | BQ |

### Taxanes

#### DOCETAXEL

#### Authority required

Neoadjuvant treatment of a patient with a WHO performance status of 1 or less, with inoperable Stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell carcinoma of the oral cavity, larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx, in combination with cisplatin and fluorouracil.

#### Note

The carcinoma can be considered inoperable for technical or organ preservation reasons.

#### Note

The solution concentrates for I.V. infusion and solution for I.V. infusion (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.

|       |   |   |    |    |        |       |   |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|---|----|
| 5462L | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 1 mL  | 1 | .. | .. | 334.39 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Taxotere                             | SW |
| 5485Q | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 2 mL  | 1 | .. | .. | 334.39 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> DBL Docetaxel Concentrated Injection | HH |
|       |   |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Docetaxel Ebewe                      | IT |
| 9291B | Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg (anhydrous) in 0.5 mL with solvent | 1 | .. | .. | 334.39 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Taxotere                             | SW |

#### DOCETAXEL

#### Authority required

Adjuvant treatment of node-positive breast cancer in combination with an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide;

Advanced breast cancer after failure of prior therapy;

Advanced metastatic ovarian cancer after failure of prior therapy which includes a platinum compound;

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | a | Brand Name and Manufacturer                                |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|--|
|       | Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer;<br>Treatment of HER2 positive early breast cancer in combination with trastuzumab.   |             |             |         |  |  |   |  |
|       | <b>Authority required</b><br>Treatment of androgen independent (hormone refractory) metastatic carcinoma of the prostate in a patient with a Karnofsky performance-status score of at least 60%. Docetaxel must be used as first-line chemotherapy and administered in three weekly cycles. |             |             |         |  |  |   |  |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>A maximum of 10 cycles of treatment with docetaxel will be authorised under this restriction.  |             |             |         |  |  |   |  |
|       | <b>Authority required</b><br>Adjuvant treatment of operable breast cancer in combination with cyclophosphamide.   |             |             |         |  |  |   |  |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>A maximum of four cycles of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.   |             |             |         |  |  |   |  |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>The solution concentrates for I.V. infusion and solution for I.V. infusion (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.   |             |             |         |  |  |   |  |
| 5463M | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 1 mL  | 2           | ..          | ..      | *651.16                                  | 34.20  | a | Taxotere SW  |
| 5486R | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 2 mL  | 2           | ..          | ..      | *651.16                                  | 34.20  | a | DBL Docetaxel Concentrated Injection<br>Docetaxel Ebewe IT |
| 8071T | Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 20 mg (anhydrous) in 0.5 mL with solvent   | 2           | ..          | ..      | *651.16                                  | 34.20  | a | Taxotere SW  |

### DOCETAXEL

#### **Authority required**

Neoadjuvant treatment of a patient with a WHO performance status of 1 or less, with inoperable Stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell carcinoma of the oral cavity, larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx, in combination with cisplatin and fluorouracil.

#### **Note**

The carcinoma can be considered inoperable for technical or organ preservation reasons.

#### **Authority required**

Adjuvant treatment of node-positive breast cancer in combination with an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide;

Advanced breast cancer after failure of prior therapy;

Advanced metastatic ovarian cancer after failure of prior therapy which includes a platinum compound;

Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer;

Treatment of HER2 positive early breast cancer in combination with trastuzumab.

#### **Authority required**

Treatment of androgen independent (hormone refractory) metastatic carcinoma of the prostate in a patient with a Karnofsky performance-status score of at least 60%. Docetaxel must be used as first-line chemotherapy and administered in three weekly cycles.

#### **Note**

A maximum of 10 cycles of treatment with docetaxel will be authorised under this restriction.

#### **Authority required**

Adjuvant treatment of operable breast cancer in combination with cyclophosphamide.

#### **Note**

A maximum of four cycles of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

#### **Note**

The solution concentrates for I.V. infusion and solution for I.V. infusion (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.

|       |   |   |    |    |         |       |   |  |
|-------|---|---|----|----|---------|-------|---|--|
| 5464N | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 80 mg in 4 mL  | 1 | .. | .. | 1280.83 | 34.20 | a | Taxotere SW  |
| 5487T | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 80 mg in 8 mL  | 1 | .. | .. | 1280.83 | 34.20 | a | DBL Docetaxel Concentrated Injection<br>Docetaxel Ebewe IT |
| 8074Y | Injection set containing 1 single use vial concentrate for I.V. infusion 80 mg (anhydrous) in 2 mL with solvent | 1 | .. | .. | 1280.83 | 34.20 | a | Taxotere SW  |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| <b>NAB PACLITAXEL</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Metastatic breast cancer after failure of prior therapy.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 9415M   | Powder for I.V. injection 100 mg (base)                  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 456.09                                   | 34.20  | Abraxane TS   |
| <b>PACLITAXEL</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Adjuvant treatment of node-positive breast cancer administered sequentially to an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide; |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Advanced breast cancer after failure of prior therapy;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Advanced metastatic ovarian cancer after failure of prior therapy which includes a platinum compound;                 |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Primary treatment of ovarian cancer in combination with a platinum compound;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Treatment of HER2 positive early breast cancer in combination with trastuzumab.                                       |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 3017T   | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 150 mg in 25 mL   | 2           | ..          | ..      | *1760.52                                 | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Anzatax HH<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Actavis GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Ebewe IT<br><sup>a</sup> Plaxel WQ   |
| 3026G   | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 30 mg in 5 mL     | 5           | ..          | ..      | 913.41                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Ebewe IT  |
|   |  |             |             | ..      | *913.42                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Anzatax HH<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Actavis GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Kabi PK<br><sup>a</sup> Plaxel WQ<br><sup>a</sup> Taxol BQ                                     |
| 8018B   | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 16.7 mL | 2           | ..          | ..      | *1209.80                                 | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Anzatax HH<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Actavis GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Ebewe IT<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Kabi PK<br><sup>a</sup> Plaxel WQ<br><sup>a</sup> Taxol BQ |
| 8360B   | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 300 mg in 50 mL   | 1           | ..          | ..      | 1777.55                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Anzatax HH<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Actavis GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Ebewe IT<br><sup>a</sup> Paclitaxel Kabi PK<br><sup>a</sup> Plaxel WQ<br><sup>a</sup> Taxol BQ |

### Cytotoxic antibiotics and related substances

#### *Anthracyclines and related substances*

|                                  |  |   |    |    |         |       |  |
|----------------------------------|--|---|----|----|---------|-------|--|
| <b>DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE</b> |  |   |    |    |         |       |  |
| 1336H                            | Solution for I.V. injection or intravesical administration 10 mg in 5 mL   | 4 | .. | .. | *40.46  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Adriamycin PF<br>Solution IT<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH |
| 1340M                            | Solution for I.V. injection or intravesical administration 20 mg in 10 mL  | 4 | .. | .. | *64.58  | 34.20 | Adriamycin PF<br>Solution  |
| 1342P                            | Solution for I.V. injection or intravesical administration 50 mg in 25 mL  | 3 | .. | .. | *109.59 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Adriamycin PF<br>Solution IT<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH |
| 8827N                            | Solution for I.V. injection or intravesical administration 100 mg in 50 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 75.18   | 34.20 | Doxorubicin Ebewe IT   |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| 8828P  | Solution for I.V. injection or intravesical administration 200 mg in 100 mL | 1           | ..          | ..      | 143.93                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Adriamycin PF<br><br><sup>a</sup> Doxorubicin Ebewe IT  |
| <b>DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE, PEGYLATED LIPOSOMAL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Advanced epithelial ovarian cancer in women who have failed a first-line platinum-based chemotherapy regimen;      |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Metastatic breast cancer, as monotherapy, after failure of prior therapy which includes capecitabine and a taxane; |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Metastatic breast cancer, as monotherapy, where therapy with capecitabine and/or a taxane is contraindicated.      |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 8569B  | Suspension for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 10 mL                                 | 1           | ..          | ..      | 703.05                                   | 34.20  | Caelyx JC   |
| 8570C  | Suspension for I.V. infusion 50 mg in 25 mL                                 | 1           | ..          | ..      | 1621.79                                  | 34.20  | Caelyx JC   |
| <b>EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 1375J  | Solution for injection 10 mg in 5 mL  | 4           | ..          | ..      | *208.26                                  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Epirubicin Ebewe IT<br><sup>a</sup> Pharmorubicin PF<br>Solution  |
| 1376K  | Solution for injection 20 mg in 10 mL                                       | 4           | ..          | ..      | *379.30                                  | 34.20  | Pharmorubicin PF<br>Solution  |
| 1377L  | Solution for injection 50 mg in 25 mL                                       | 4           | ..          | ..      | *919.10                                  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Epirubicin Ebewe IT<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH<br><sup>a</sup> Pharmorubicin PF<br>Solution                                     |
| 8817C  | Solution for injection 100 mg in 50 mL                                      | 2           | ..          | ..      | *906.84                                  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Epirubicin Ebewe IT<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH  |
| 8858F  | Solution for injection 200 mg in 100 mL                                     | 1           | ..          | ..      | 893.34                                   | 34.20  | Epirubicin Ebewe IT   |
| <b>IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Acute myelogenous leukaemia.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 2446R  | Capsule 5 mg  | 3           | ..          | ..      | *247.11                                  | 34.20  | Zavedos PF  |
| 2448W  | Capsule 10 mg   | 3           | ..          | ..      | *451.62                                  | 34.20  | Zavedos PF  |
| 8530Y  | Solution for I.V. injection 5 mg in 5 mL                                    | 3           | ..          | ..      | 568.88                                   | 34.20  | Zavedos Solution PF   |
| 8531B  | Solution for I.V. injection 10 mg in 10 mL                                  | 6           | ..          | ..      | 2104.80                                  | 34.20  | Zavedos Solution PF   |
| <b>MITOZANTRONE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 1929M  | Injection 20 mg (base) in 10 mL   | 1           | ..          | ..      | 179.10                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Hospira Pty Limited HH<br><sup>a</sup> Mitozantrone IT<br>Ebewe<br><sup>a</sup> Onkotrone BX<br><sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty PF<br>Ltd |
| 1930N  | Injection 25 mg (base) in 12.5 mL   | 1           | ..          | ..      | 220.54                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Onkotrone BX<br><sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty PF<br>Ltd   |
| 1932Q  | Injection 10 mg (base) in 5 mL  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 92.76                                    | 34.20  | Pfizer Australia Pty PF<br>Ltd  |
| <b>Other antineoplastic agents</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Platinum compounds</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>CARBOPLATIN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 1160C  | Solution for I.V. injection 50 mg in 5 mL                                   | 2           | ..          | ..      | *64.68                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Carboplatin Ebewe IT<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH<br><sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty PF<br>Ltd                                  |
| 1161D  | Solution for I.V. injection 150 mg in 15 mL                                 | 6           | ..          | ..      | *408.00                                  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Carboplatin Ebewe IT<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH   |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---------------------------------------|----|--|
| 1162E            | Solution for I.V. injection 450 mg in 45 mL             | 2           | ..          | ..      | *265.32                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd | PF |  |
|                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Carboplatin Ebewe        | IT |  |
|                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited      | HH |  |
|                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd | PF |  |
| <b>CISPLATIN</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                       |    |  |
| 2578Q            | I.V. injection 10 mg in 10 mL                           | 1           | ..          | ..      | 14.36                                    | 15.43  | Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd              | PF |  |
| 2579R            | I.V. injection 50 mg in 50 mL                           | 1           | ..          | ..      | 27.70                                    | 28.77  | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited      | HH |  |
|                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd | PF |  |
| 2580T            | I.V. injection 100 mg in 100 mL                         | 1           | ..          | ..      | 57.71                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Cisplatin Ebewe          | IT |  |
|                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited      | HH |  |
|                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd | PF |  |

### OXALIPLATIN

#### Authority required

Metastatic colorectal cancer in a patient with a WHO performance status of 2 or less, to be used in combination with:

(a) capecitabine; or

(b) 5-fluorouracil and folinic acid;

Adjuvant treatment of stage III (Dukes C) colon cancer, in combination with 5-fluorouracil and folinic acid, following complete resection of the primary tumour.

#### Note

Oxaliplatin is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with stage II (Dukes B) colon cancer.

Oxaliplatin is not PBS-subsidised for the adjuvant treatment of patients with rectal cancer.

#### Note

The solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 50 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 50 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.

|       |   |   |   |    |        |       |  |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|--------|-------|--|----|
| 8539K | Powder for I.V. infusion 50 mg                        | 1 | 2 | .. | 350.31 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
|       |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Oxalatin                    | ZP |
|       |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Actavis         | GQ |
|       |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Alphapharm      | AF |
|       |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Ebewe           | IT |
|       |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Link            | PK |
|       |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Xalox                       | WQ |
| 8847P | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 50 mg in 10 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 350.31 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> DBL Oxaliplatin Concentrate | HH |
|       |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Eloxatin                    | SW |
|       |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Kabi            | PK |

### OXALIPLATIN

#### Authority required

Metastatic colorectal cancer in a patient with a WHO performance status of 2 or less, to be used in combination with:

(a) capecitabine; or

(b) 5-fluorouracil and folinic acid;

Adjuvant treatment of stage III (Dukes C) colon cancer, in combination with 5-fluorouracil and folinic acid, following complete resection of the primary tumour.

#### Note

Oxaliplatin is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with stage II (Dukes B) colon cancer.

Oxaliplatin is not PBS-subsidised for the adjuvant treatment of patients with rectal cancer.

#### Note

The solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 100 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.

|       |                                 |   |   |    |        |       |                                  |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|----------------------------------|----|
| 8540L | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | 2 | .. | 661.11 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|----------------------------------|----|

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Oxalatin ZP                    |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Actavis GQ         |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Alphapharm AF      |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Ebewe IT           |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Link PK            |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Winthrop WA                    |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Xalox WA           |
| 8848Q | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 20 mL  | 1           | 2           | ..      | 661.11                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> DBL Oxaliplatin Concentrate HH |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Eloxatin SW                    |
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Oxaliplatin Kabi PK            |

### OXALIPLATIN

#### Authority required

Metastatic colorectal cancer in a patient with a WHO performance status of 2 or less, to be used in combination with:

(a) capecitabine; or

(b) 5-fluorouracil and folinic acid;

Adjuvant treatment of stage III (Dukes C) colon cancer, in combination with 5-fluorouracil and folinic acid, following complete resection of the primary tumour.

#### Note

Oxaliplatin is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with stage II (Dukes B) colon cancer.

Oxaliplatin is not PBS-subsidised for the adjuvant treatment of patients with rectal cancer.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 2310N | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 200 mg in 40 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 1291.34 | 34.20 | Eloxatin | SW |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

## Monoclonal antibodies

### BEVACIZUMAB

#### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, in combination with first-line chemotherapy, of a patient with previously untreated metastatic colorectal cancer with a WHO performance status of 0 or 1.

The maximum dose that will be approved is 5 mg per kg every 2 weeks or 7.5 mg per kg every 3 weeks.

#### Note

Not for use as monotherapy.

#### Authority required

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, in combination with first-line chemotherapy, of a patient with metastatic colorectal cancer who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for bevacizumab and who does not have progressive disease and who remains on first-line chemotherapy.

The maximum dose that will be approved is 5 mg per kg every 2 weeks or 7.5 mg per kg every 3 weeks.

#### Note

Not for use as monotherapy.

#### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |    |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 9442Y | Solution for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 4 mL  | 1 | .. | .. | 534.77  | 34.20 | Avastin | RO |
| 9443B | Solution for I.V. infusion 400 mg in 16 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 1866.36 | 34.20 | Avastin | RO |

### CETUXIMAB

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell cancer of the larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx for the week prior to radiotherapy, where cisplatin is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved Product Information;

Initial treatment of stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell cancer of the larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx, in combination with radiotherapy, where cisplatin is not tolerated.

#### Note

No applications for repeats will be authorised.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |       |       |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------|----|
| 9136W | Solution for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 20 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 391.06 | 34.20 | Erbix | SG |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------|----|

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |    |
|       |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |    |
| 9137X | Solution for I.V. infusion 500 mg in 100 mL             | 1           | ..          | ..      | 1851.36         | 34.20                                 | Erbixux                     | SG |

### CETUXIMAB

#### Authority required

Continuing treatment of stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell cancer of the larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx, in combination with radiotherapy, where cisplatin is either contraindicated or not tolerated.

#### Note

A maximum lifetime supply for this indication is limited to a maximum of 8 treatments per site and to 10 treatments per site for patients in whom radiotherapy is interrupted.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 9138Y | Solution for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 20 mL  | 1 | 6 | .. | 391.06  | 34.20 | Erbixux | SG |
| 9139B | Solution for I.V. infusion 500 mg in 100 mL | 1 | 6 | .. | 1851.36 | 34.20 | Erbixux | SG |

### RITUXIMAB

#### Authority required

Relapsed or refractory low-grade B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma;

Relapsed or refractory follicular B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 8293L | Solution for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 10 mL | 2 | 3 | .. | 948.07  | 34.20 | Mabthera | RO |
| 8294M | Solution for I.V. infusion 500 mg in 50 mL | 1 | 3 | .. | 2339.99 | 34.20 | Mabthera | RO |

### RITUXIMAB

#### Authority required

Treatment of previously untreated, CD20 positive, diffuse large B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, in combination with chemotherapy;

Treatment of symptomatic patients with previously untreated, CD20 positive, Stage III or IV, follicular, B-cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, in combination with chemotherapy.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 8665C | Solution for I.V. infusion 100 mg in 10 mL | 2 | 7 | .. | 948.07  | 34.20 | Mabthera | RO |
| 8666D | Solution for I.V. infusion 500 mg in 50 mL | 1 | 7 | .. | 2339.99 | 34.20 | Mabthera | RO |

## Protein kinase inhibitors

### DASATINIB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe dasatinib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Any queries concerning patients who are enrolled on the Dasatinib Compassionate Program may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe dasatinib should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

#### Authority required

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of a patient with chronic myeloid leukaemia in any disease phase bearing the Philadelphia chromosome or expressing the transcript, BCR-ABL, who has active leukaemia (as defined by presence on current pathology assessments of either the Philadelphia chromosome on cytogenetic or FISH analysis, or the presence of the transcript BCR-ABL greater than 1% on the international scale) and who has failed an adequate trial of imatinib.

Failure of an adequate trial of imatinib is defined as:

(i) Lack of response to initial imatinib therapy, defined as either:

- failure to achieve a haematological response after a minimum of 3 months therapy with imatinib for patients initially treated in chronic phase; or
- failure to achieve any cytogenetic response after a minimum of 6 months therapy with imatinib for patients initially treated in chronic phase as

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|       | demonstrated on bone marrow biopsy by presence of greater than 95% Philadelphia chromosome positive cells; or<br>— failure to achieve a major cytogenetic response or a peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% after a minimum of 12 months therapy with imatinib; OR  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (ii) Loss of a previously documented major cytogenetic response (demonstrated by the presence of greater than 35% Ph positive cells on bone marrow biopsy), during ongoing imatinib therapy; OR  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (iii) Loss of a previously demonstrated molecular response (demonstrated by peripheral blood BCR-ABL levels increasing in value by at least 5 fold to a level of greater than 1% confirmed on a subsequent test), during ongoing imatinib therapy; OR  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (iv) Development of accelerated phase or blast crisis in a patient previously prescribed imatinib for any phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Accelerated phase is defined by the presence of 1 or more of the following:  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (1) Percentage of blasts in the peripheral blood or bone marrow greater than or equal to 15% but less than 30%; or   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (2) Percentage of blasts plus promyelocytes in the peripheral blood or bone marrow greater than or equal to 30%; or  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (3) Peripheral basophils greater than or equal to 20%; or  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (4) Progressive splenomegaly to a size greater than or equal to 10 cm below the left costal margin to be confirmed on 2 occasions at least 4 weeks apart, or a greater than or equal to 50% increase in size below the left costal margin over 4 weeks; or   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (5) Karyotypic evolution (chromosomal abnormalities in addition to a single Philadelphia chromosome).  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Blast crisis is defined as either:   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (1) Percentage of blasts in the peripheral blood or bone marrow greater than or equal to 30%; or   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (2) Extramedullary involvement other than spleen and liver; OR   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (v) Disease progression (defined as a greater than or equal to 50% increase in peripheral white blood cell count, blast count, basophils or platelets) during first-line imatinib therapy in patients with accelerated phase or blast crisis chronic myeloid leukaemia; OR   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (vi) Grade 3 or 4 non-haematological toxicity that is imatinib related and necessitates permanent cessation of imatinib. For patients with imatinib related toxicities, leukaemia activity does not need to be demonstrated.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (a) a completed authority prescription form; and   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (b) a completed Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia Dasatinib/Nilotinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (c) a signed patient acknowledgement; and  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (d) a bone marrow biopsy pathology report demonstrating the patient has active chronic myeloid leukaemia, either manifest as cytogenetic evidence of the Philadelphia chromosome, or RT-PCR level of BCR-ABL transcript greater than 1% on the international scale. (The date of the relevant pathology report needs to be provided); and                    |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (e) where there has been a loss of response to imatinib, a copy of the current confirming pathology report(s) from an Approved Pathology Authority or details of the dates of assessment in the case of progressive splenomegaly or extramedullary involvement; or   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (f) details of Grade 3 or 4 non-haematological toxicity.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | <b>Note</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Dasatinib will only be subsidised for patients with chronic myeloid leukaemia who are not receiving concomitant PBS-subsidised imatinib mesylate, nilotinib or interferon alfa therapy.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Patients should be commenced on a dose of dasatinib of at least 100 mg (base) daily. Continuing therapy is dependent on patients demonstrating a major cytogenetic response to dasatinib therapy or a peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% at 18 months and thereafter at 12 monthly intervals, irrespective of the daily dasatinib dose received. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | From 1 November 2008, under the PBS, a patient will be able to trial either dasatinib and/or nilotinib within the initial 18 month treatment period, providing the patient's CML is not resistant to the first second-line agent.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Dasatinib is not PBS-subsidised for patients with CML that is resistant to nilotinib.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9282M | Tablet 20 mg   | 60          | 2           | ..      | 3246.36                                  | 34.20  | Sprycel                     | BQ |
| 9283N | Tablet 50 mg   | 60          | 2           | ..      | 5250.68                                  | 34.20  | Sprycel                     | BQ |
| 9284P | Tablet 70 mg   | 60          | 2           | ..      | 6465.01                                  | 34.20  | Sprycel                     | BQ |
| 9341P | Tablet 100 mg  | 30          | 2           | ..      | 5250.68                                  | 34.20  | Sprycel                     | BQ |

### DASATINIB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe dasatinib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

Any queries concerning patients who are enrolled on the Dasatinib Compassionate Program may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe dasatinib should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of a patient who has received initial treatment with dasatinib as a pharmaceutical benefit for chronic myeloid leukaemia, and who has demonstrated either a major cytogenetic response, or less than 1% BCR-ABL level in the blood, to dasatinib in the preceding 18 months and thereafter at 12 monthly intervals.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia Dasatinib/Nilotinib Authority Application Form for continuing treatment; and
- (3) demonstration of continued response to treatment as evidenced by either:
  - (a) major cytogenetic response [see Note explaining definitions of response]. Where this has been supplied within the previous 12 months (or 18 months for the initial supply), only the date of the relevant pathology report needs to be provided; or
  - (b) a peripheral blood level of BCR-ABL of less than 1% on the international scale [see Note explaining definitions of response]. Where this has been supplied within the previous 12 months (or 18 months for the initial supply), only the date of the relevant pathology report needs to be provided.

### **Note**

Definitions of response.

A major cytogenetic response is defined as less than 35% Philadelphia positive bone marrow cells.

A bone marrow or peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% on the international scale (Blood 108: 28-37, 2006) also indicates a response, at least the biological equivalent of a major cytogenetic response.

Authority approval requirements.

For the purposes of assessing response to PBS-subsidised treatment with dasatinib, either cytogenetic analysis indicating the number of Philadelphia positive [t (9;22)] cells in the bone marrow measured by standard karyotyping, or quantitative PCR indicating the relative level of BCR-ABL transcript in the peripheral blood using the international scale, must be submitted. For bone marrow analyses, where the standard karyotyping is not informative for technical reasons, a cytogenetic analysis performed on the bone marrow by the use of fluorescence in situ hybridisation (FISH) with BCR-ABL specific probe must be submitted. The cytogenetic or peripheral blood quantitative PCR analyses must be submitted as follows:

- (i) between 10 and 18 months of the commencement of treatment with dasatinib, at which time patients in whom a major cytogenetic response or peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% has been demonstrated may receive authorisation for a further 12 months of treatment; and
- (ii) at no greater than 12 month intervals thereafter, to demonstrate that the major cytogenetic response or peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% has been sustained.

For each authority application where eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment is to be demonstrated, a copy of the cytogenetic analysis indicating the number of Philadelphia positive [t (9;22)] cells in the bone marrow measured by standard karyotyping, or a copy of the quantitative PCR indicating the relative level of BCR-ABL transcript in the peripheral blood using the international scale, must be submitted as described in (i) and (ii) above. For bone marrow analyses, where the standard karyotyping conducted at the time of application is not informative, a copy of a cytogenetic analysis conducted on the bone marrow using FISH with BCR-ABL specific probe must be submitted with the authority application. A copy of the non-informative standard karyotype analysis must be included with the authority application.

Where a patient has previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with dasatinib, no approval will be granted for PBS-subsidised re-treatment where that patient has at any time failed to meet the criteria for continuing treatment.

|       |               |    |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------|---------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 2478K | Tablet 20 mg  | 60 | 5 | .. | 3246.36 | 34.20 | Sprycel | BQ |
| 2482P | Tablet 50 mg  | 60 | 5 | .. | 5250.68 | 34.20 | Sprycel | BQ |
| 2485T | Tablet 70 mg  | 60 | 5 | .. | 6465.01 | 34.20 | Sprycel | BQ |
| 9342Q | Tablet 100 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 5250.68 | 34.20 | Sprycel | BQ |

### **DASATINIB**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe dasatinib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Any queries concerning patients who are enrolled on the Dasatinib Compassionate Program may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe dasatinib should be forwarded to:

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

### **Authority required**

Initial treatment, as monotherapy, of a patient with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL) bearing the Philadelphia chromosome or expressing the transcript, BCR-ABL, who has failed treatment with chemotherapy AND imatinib and where appropriate, allogeneic haemopoietic stem cell transplantation.

Failure of treatment is defined as either:

- (i) Failure to achieve a complete morphological and cytogenetic remission after a minimum of 2 months treatment with intensive chemotherapy and imatinib;
- (ii) Morphological or cytogenetic relapse of leukaemia after achieving a complete remission induced by chemotherapy and imatinib;
- (iii) Morphological or cytogenetic relapse or persistence of leukaemia after allogeneic haemopoietic stem cell transplantation.

Patients must have active leukaemia, as defined by presence on current pathology assessments of either morphological infiltration of the bone marrow (greater than 5% lymphoblasts) or cerebrospinal fluid or other sites; OR the presence of cells bearing the Philadelphia chromosome on cytogenetic or FISH analysis in the bone marrow of patients in morphological remission.

The first authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Acute Lymphoblastic Leukaemia Dasatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a signed patient acknowledgement; and
- (d) a pathology report demonstrating that the patient has active acute lymphoblastic leukaemia, either manifest as cytogenetic evidence of the Philadelphia chromosome, or morphological evidence of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia plus qualitative RT-PCR evidence of BCR-ABL transcript. The date of the relevant pathology report(s) need(s) to be provided.

### **Authority required**

Initial treatment, as monotherapy, of a patient with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia bearing the Philadelphia chromosome or expressing the transcript, BCR-ABL, who has been treated prior to 1 December 2007 and has failed treatment with chemotherapy and where appropriate, allogeneic haemopoietic stem cell transplantation.

Patients must have active leukaemia, as defined by presence on current pathology assessments of either morphological infiltration of the bone marrow (greater than 5% lymphoblasts) or cerebrospinal fluid or other sites; OR the presence of cells bearing the Philadelphia chromosome on cytogenetic or FISH analysis in the bone marrow of patients in morphological remission.

The first authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Acute Lymphoblastic Leukaemia Dasatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a signed patient acknowledgement; and
- (d) a pathology report demonstrating that the patient has active acute lymphoblastic leukaemia, either manifest as cytogenetic evidence of the Philadelphia chromosome, or morphological evidence of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia plus qualitative RT-PCR evidence of BCR-ABL transcript. The date of the relevant pathology report(s) need(s) to be provided.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment, as monotherapy, of a patient with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia bearing the Philadelphia chromosome or expressing the transcript, BCR-ABL, where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for dasatinib and does not have progressive disease.

Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Note**

Dasatinib will only be subsidised for patients with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia who are not receiving concomitant PBS-subsidised imatinib mesylate and who are not appropriate for an allogeneic haemopoietic stem cell transplant.

### **Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|       |               |    |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------|---------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 9125G | Tablet 20 mg  | 60 | 2 | .. | 3246.36 | 34.20 | Sprycel | BQ |
| 9126H | Tablet 50 mg  | 60 | 2 | .. | 5250.68 | 34.20 | Sprycel | BQ |
| 9127J | Tablet 70 mg  | 60 | 2 | .. | 6465.01 | 34.20 | Sprycel | BQ |
| 9343R | Tablet 100 mg | 30 | 2 | .. | 5250.68 | 34.20 | Sprycel | BQ |

## **ERLOTINIB**

### **Authority required**

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy, in a patient with locally advanced or metastatic (stage IIIB or IV) non-small cell lung cancer with a WHO performance status of 3 or less, after prior treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy, where:

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|       |  |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
|       | (1) (a) disease progression has occurred following treatment with docetaxel or pemetrexed; or<br>(b) treatment with docetaxel and pemetrexed is either contraindicated or cannot be tolerated; and<br>(2) further cytotoxic chemotherapy is not appropriate.               |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b>  |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy, in a patient with locally advanced or metastatic (stage IIIB or IV) non-small cell lung cancer who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug and who does not have progressive disease. |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b>  |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| 9166K | Tablet 25 mg (as hydrochloride)  | 30          | 3           | ..      | 794.19                | 34.20                                       | Tarceva RO                  |
| 9167L | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride)   | 30          | 3           | ..      | 2703.34               | 34.20                                       | Tarceva RO                  |
| 9168M | Tablet 150 mg (as hydrochloride)   | 30          | 3           | ..      | 3309.66               | 34.20                                       | Tarceva RO                  |

### GEFITINIB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe gefitinib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

Written applications for authority to prescribe gefitinib should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

#### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy, of locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer in patients with a WHO performance status of 2 or less, where:

- (1) disease progression has occurred following treatment with at least 1 chemotherapy agent; and
- (2) there is evidence that the patient has an activating mutation(s) of the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) gene in tumour material.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Gefitinib (Iressa) PBS Authority Application for Use in the Treatment of Locally Advanced or Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) details of the prior chemotherapy including the name(s) of drug(s) and date of the most recent treatment cycle; and
- (4) details of the patient's WHO performance status; and
- (5) a copy of the pathology report providing evidence of the presence of activating mutation(s) of the EGFR gene from an Approved Pathology Authority.

#### Authority required

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy, of locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer in patients with a WHO performance status of 2 or less, where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for gefitinib.

Applications for continuing treatment may be made in writing or on the telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |               |    |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|---------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 8769M | Tablet 250 mg | 30 | 1 | .. | 3851.36 | 34.20 | Iressa | AP |
|-------|---------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|

### IMATINIB

#### Note

Imatinib mesylate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.

#### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, for up to 3 months, of adult patients with a metastatic or unresectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour which has been histologically confirmed by the detection of CD117 on immunohistochemical staining.

Patients must commence treatment at a dose not exceeding 400 mg per day for at least 3 months. Authority prescriptions for a higher dose will not be approved during this initial 3 month treatment period.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Imatinib Mesylate (Glivec) PBS Authority Application for Use in the Treatment of Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) a copy of a pathology report from an Approved Pathology Authority supporting the diagnosis of a gastrointestinal stromal tumour and confirming

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|       |  |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
|       | the presence of CD117 on immunohistochemical staining; and<br>(ii) a copy of the most recent (within 2 months of the application) computed tomography (CT) scan, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound assessment of the tumour(s), including whether or not there is evidence of metastatic disease; and<br>(iii) where the application for authority to prescribe is being sought on the basis of an unresectable tumour, written evidence in support of that claim must be provided.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b><br>Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, at a dose of up to 600 mg per day, of adult patients with a metastatic or unresectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour who have previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug.<br><br>Applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone (1800 700 270, hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).<br><br>Patients who have failed to respond or are intolerant to imatinib are no longer eligible to receive PBS-subsidised imatinib.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>Patients who achieve a response to treatment at an imatinib dose of 400 mg per day should be continued at this dose and assessed for response at regular intervals. Patients who fail to achieve a response to 400 mg per day may have their dose increased to 600 mg per day. Authority applications for doses higher than 600 mg per day will not be approved.<br><br>A response to treatment is defined as a decrease from baseline in the sum of the products of the perpendicular diameters of all measurable lesions of 50% or greater. (Response definition based on the Southwest Oncology Group standard criteria, see Demetri et al. N Engl J Med 2002; 347: 472-80.) |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| 9111M | Tablet 100 mg (as mesylate)  | 60          | 2           | ..      | 2032.53               | 34.20                                       | Glivec NV                   |
| 9112N | Tablet 400 mg (as mesylate)  | 30          | 2           | ..      | 3918.69               | 34.20                                       | Glivec NV                   |

### IMATINIB

#### Note

Imatinib mesylate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe imatinib mesylate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe imatinib mesylate should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

For the following diseases, written authority is required at initiation and for continuation:

Chronic myeloid leukaemia (chronic phase);  
Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans;  
Hypereosinophilic syndrome;  
Chronic eosinophilic leukaemia;  
Myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder;  
Aggressive systemic mastocytosis with eosinophilia.

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of patients in the chronic phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia expressing the Philadelphia chromosome or the transcript, bcr-abl tyrosine kinase, and who have a primary diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia.

Applications under this restriction will be limited to provide patients with a maximum of 18 months of therapy from the date the first application for initial treatment was approved.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Imatinib Mesylate (Glivec) PBS Authority Application for Use in the Treatment of Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia - Supporting Information form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a pathology cytogenetic report conducted on peripheral blood or bone marrow supporting the diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia to confirm eligibility for treatment, or a qualitative PCR report documenting the presence of the bcr-abl transcript in either peripheral blood or bone marrow; and

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | <p>(4) a copy of a signed patient acknowledgement form indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with imatinib mesylate for the chronic phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia will cease if subsequent testing demonstrates that:</p> <p>(i) the patient has failed to achieve a major cytogenetic response within the initial 18 months of treatment [see Note defining major cytogenetic response]; or</p> <p>(ii) the patient has failed to sustain a major cytogenetic response for 12 months from the date of the last pathology report that indicated that a major cytogenetic response had been achieved [see Note defining major cytogenetic response].</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Imatinib mesylate in the chronic phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia will only be subsidised for patients who are not receiving concomitant PBS-subsidised interferon alfa therapy.</p> <p>Patients should be commenced on a dose of imatinib mesylate of 400 mg (base) daily and maintained on a minimum dose of imatinib mesylate of 400 mg (base) daily. Prescribing of lower doses should be carefully considered. Continuing therapy is dependent on patients demonstrating a response to imatinib mesylate therapy following the initial 18 months of treatment and at 12 monthly intervals thereafter, irrespective of the daily imatinib mesylate dose received.</p> <p><b>Authority required</b><br/>Continuing treatment of patients who have received initial treatment with imatinib mesylate as a pharmaceutical benefit for the chronic phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia and who have demonstrated either a major cytogenetic response or less than 1% bcr-abl level in the blood in the preceding 12 months.</p> <p>Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:</p> <p>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and</p> <p>(2) demonstration of continued response to treatment as evidenced by either:</p> <p>(a) major cytogenetic response [see Note explaining requirements]. Where this has been supplied within the previous 12 months, only the date of the relevant pathology report need be provided; or</p> <p>(b) a peripheral blood level of bcr-abl of less than 1% on the international scale [see Note explaining requirements]. Where this has been supplied within the previous 12 months, only the date of the relevant pathology report need be provided.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Definitions of response.<br/>A major cytogenetic response is defined as less than 35% Philadelphia positive bone marrow cells.<br/>A peripheral blood bcr-abl level of less than 1% on the international scale (Blood 108: 28-37, 2006) also indicates a response, at least the biological equivalent of a major cytogenetic response.</p> <p>Authority approval requirements.<br/>For the purposes of assessing response to PBS-subsidised treatment with imatinib mesylate, either cytogenetic analysis indicating the number of Philadelphia positive [t (9;22)] cells in the bone marrow measured by standard karyotyping, or quantitative PCR indicating the relative level of bcr-abl transcript in the peripheral blood using the international scale, must be submitted. For bone marrow analyses, where the standard karyotyping is not informative for technical reasons, a cytogenetic analysis performed on the bone marrow by the use of fluorescence in situ hybridisation (FISH) with bcr-abl specific probe must be submitted. The cytogenetic or peripheral blood quantitative PCR analyses must be submitted as follows:</p> <p>(i) between 10 and 12 months of the commencement of treatment with imatinib mesylate, at which time patients in whom a major cytogenetic response or peripheral blood bcr-abl level of less than 1% has been demonstrated may receive authorisation for a further 12 months of treatment; and</p> <p>(ii) within 18 months of the commencement of treatment with imatinib mesylate, in patients who have failed to demonstrate a major cytogenetic response or peripheral blood bcr-abl level of less than 1% at between 10 and 12 months (patients in whom a major cytogenetic response or peripheral blood bcr-abl level of less than 1% is demonstrable by 18 months may also receive authorisation for a further 12 months of treatment); and</p> <p>(iii) at no greater than 12 month intervals thereafter, to demonstrate that the major cytogenetic response or peripheral blood bcr-abl level of less than 1% has been sustained.</p> <p>For each authority application where eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment is to be demonstrated, a copy of the cytogenetic analysis indicating the number of Philadelphia positive [t (9;22)] cells in the bone marrow measured by standard karyotyping, or a copy of the quantitative PCR indicating the relative level of bcr-abl transcript in the peripheral blood using the international scale, must be submitted as described in (i) to (iii) above. For bone marrow analyses, where the standard karyotyping conducted at the time of application is not informative, a copy of a cytogenetic analysis conducted on the bone marrow using FISH with bcr-abl specific probe must be submitted with the authority application. A copy of the non-informative standard karyotype analysis must be included with the authority application.</p> <p>Where a patient has previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with imatinib mesylate, no approval will be granted for PBS-subsidised re-treatment in the chronic phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia, where that patient has at any time failed to meet the criteria for continuing treatment.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.</p> |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9113P | Tablet 100 mg (as mesylate)   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 2032.53                                  | 34.20  | Glivec NV                   |
| 9114Q | Tablet 400 mg (as mesylate)   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 3918.69                                  | 34.20  | Glivec NV                   |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>IMATINIB</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Imatinib mesylate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe imatinib mesylate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> .  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Written applications for authority to prescribe imatinib mesylate should be forwarded to:   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Medicare Australia<br>Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs<br>Reply Paid 9826<br>GPO Box 9826<br>HOBART TAS 7001   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For the following diseases, written authority is required at initiation and for continuation:<br>Chronic myeloid leukaemia (chronic phase);<br>Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans;<br>Hypereosinophilic syndrome;<br>Chronic eosinophilic leukaemia;<br>Myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder;<br>Aggressive systemic mastocytosis with eosinophilia. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of patients in the accelerated phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia expressing the Philadelphia chromosome or the transcript, bcr-abl tyrosine kinase, and who have a primary diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia. Progress to the accelerated phase is defined by the presence of 1 or more of the following:                                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (1) Percentage of blasts in the peripheral blood or bone marrow greater than or equal to 15% but less than 30%; or  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (2) Percentage of blasts plus promyelocytes in the peripheral blood or bone marrow greater than or equal to 30%; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (3) Peripheral basophils greater than or equal to 20%; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (4) Progressive splenomegaly to a size greater than or equal to 10 cm below the left costal margin to be confirmed on 2 occasions at least 4 weeks apart, or a greater than or equal to 50% increase in size below the left costal margin over 4 weeks; or  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (5) Karyotypic evolution (chromosomal abnormalities in addition to a single Philadelphia chromosome).   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (b) a completed Imatinib Mesylate (Glivec) PBS Authority Application for Use in the Treatment of Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia - Supporting Information form, stating which of the above criteria are satisfied by the patient; and   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (c) a copy of the confirming pathology report from an Approved Pathology Authority in the case of criteria (1), (2), (3) and (5) above, or details of the dates of assessments in the case of progressive splenomegaly.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of patients in the blast phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia expressing the Philadelphia chromosome or the transcript, bcr-abl tyrosine kinase, and who have a primary diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia. Progress to myeloid blast crisis is defined as either:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (1) Percentage of blasts in the peripheral blood or bone marrow greater than or equal to 30%; or  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (2) Extramedullary involvement other than spleen and liver.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (b) a completed Imatinib Mesylate (Glivec) PBS Authority Application for Use in the Treatment of Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia - Supporting Information form, stating which of the above criteria are satisfied by the patient; and   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (c) a copy of the confirming pathology report from an Approved Pathology Authority in the case of criterion (1) above, or details of the date of assessment in the case of extramedullary involvement.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment of patients with chronic myeloid leukaemia expressing the Philadelphia chromosome or the transcript, bcr-abl tyrosine kinase, where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with imatinib mesylate of:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (i) the accelerated phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia; or  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (ii) the blast phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9115R   | Tablet 100 mg (as mesylate)                             | 60          | 2           | ..      | 2032.53                                  | 34.20  | Glivec NV                   |
| 9116T   | Tablet 400 mg (as mesylate)                             | 30          | 2           | ..      | 3918.69                                  | 34.20  | Glivec NV                   |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### IMATINIB

#### Note

Imatinib mesylate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe imatinib mesylate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe imatinib mesylate should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

For the following diseases, written authority is required at initiation and for continuation:

Chronic myeloid leukaemia (chronic phase);  
Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans;  
Hypereosinophilic syndrome;  
Chronic eosinophilic leukaemia;  
Myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder;  
Aggressive systemic mastocytosis with eosinophilia.

#### Authority required

Initial treatment in combination with chemotherapy as induction or consolidation of a newly diagnosed patient with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL) bearing the Philadelphia chromosome or expressing the transcript, BCR-ABL.

The first authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Acute Lymphoblastic Leukaemia Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a pathology cytogenetic report conducted on peripheral blood or bone marrow supporting the diagnosis of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia to confirm eligibility for treatment, with either cytogenetic evidence of the Philadelphia chromosome, or a qualitative PCR report documenting the presence of the BCR-ABL transcript in either peripheral blood or bone marrow. (The date of the relevant pathology report needs to be provided); and
- (d) a signed patient acknowledgement.

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of a patient with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia bearing the Philadelphia chromosome or expressing the transcript BCR-ABL who was previously treated with imatinib mesylate under the Imatinib Compassionate Program and who meets all the PBS criteria.

The first authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Acute Lymphoblastic Leukaemia Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a pathology cytogenetic report conducted on peripheral blood or bone marrow supporting the diagnosis of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia to confirm eligibility for treatment, with either cytogenetic evidence of the Philadelphia chromosome, or a qualitative PCR report documenting the presence of the BCR-ABL transcript in either peripheral blood or bone marrow. (The date of the relevant pathology report needs to be provided); and
- (d) a signed patient acknowledgement.

#### Authority required

Continuing treatment in combination with chemotherapy as maintenance of first complete remission of patients with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia bearing the Philadelphia chromosome or expressing the transcript, BCR-ABL.

Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Imatinib mesylate is available with a lifetime maximum of 24 months for continuing treatment with imatinib mesylate therapy for patients with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia reimbursed through the PBS.

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe imatinib mesylate beyond 24 months may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

#### Note

Allogeneic stem cell transplantation is the preferred therapy for eligible patients achieving a complete remission of Philadelphia positive acute lymphoblastic leukaemia.

#### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 9123E | Tablet 100 mg (as mesylate)                             | 60          | 2           | ..      | 2032.53                                  | 34.20  | Glivec NV                   |
| 9124F | Tablet 400 mg (as mesylate)                             | 30          | 2           | ..      | 3918.69                                  | 34.20  | Glivec NV                   |

### IMATINIB

#### Note

Imatinib mesylate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe imatinib mesylate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe imatinib mesylate should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

For the following diseases, written authority is required at initiation and for continuation:

Chronic myeloid leukaemia (chronic phase);  
Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans;  
Hypereosinophilic syndrome;  
Chronic eosinophilic leukaemia;  
Myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder;  
Aggressive systemic mastocytosis with eosinophilia.

#### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with unresectable, locally recurrent or metastatic dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans.

Maximum dose: 800 mg per day.

- (1) Where the application for authority to prescribe is being sought on the basis of unresectable tumour, written evidence in support of that claim must be provided; and
- (2) Where the application for authority to prescribe is being sought on the basis of locally recurrent disease, the site of the local recurrence must be specified; and
- (3) Where the application for authority to prescribe is being sought on the basis of metastatic disease, the site(s) of metastatic disease must be provided.

Applications for authorisation for initial treatment must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Rare Diseases Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a signed patient acknowledgement.

#### Authority required

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with unresectable, locally recurrent or metastatic dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for imatinib and who has demonstrated a response, but whose disease remains unresectable.

Maximum dose: 800 mg per day.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Rare Diseases Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a statement that the disease has not progressed on imatinib therapy.

#### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|       |                             |    |   |    |         |       |           |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|
| 9172R | Tablet 100 mg (as mesylate) | 60 | 2 | .. | 2032.53 | 34.20 | Glivec NV |
| 9173T | Tablet 400 mg (as mesylate) | 30 | 2 | .. | 3918.69 | 34.20 | Glivec NV |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>IMATINIB</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Imatinib mesylate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe imatinib mesylate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> .  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Written applications for authority to prescribe imatinib mesylate should be forwarded to:   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Medicare Australia<br>Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs<br>Reply Paid 9826<br>GPO Box 9826<br>HOBART TAS 7001   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For the following diseases, written authority is required at initiation and for continuation:<br>Chronic myeloid leukaemia (chronic phase);<br>Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans;<br>Hypereosinophilic syndrome;<br>Chronic eosinophilic leukaemia;<br>Myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder;<br>Aggressive systemic mastocytosis with eosinophilia. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with hypereosinophilic syndrome or chronic eosinophilic leukaemia requiring treatment and confirmed to carry the FIP1L1-PDGFR fusion gene.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Maximum dose: 400 mg per day.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Applications for authorisation for initial treatment must be made in writing and must include:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (b) a completed Rare Diseases Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (c) a copy of the pathology report confirming the presence of the FIP1L1-PDGFR fusion gene; and   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (d) a copy of the full blood examination report confirming the presence of hypereosinophilic syndrome or chronic eosinophilic leukaemia; and  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (e) details of organ involvement requiring treatment, including a copy of the radiology, nuclear medicine, respiratory function or anatomical pathology reports as appropriate; and   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (f) a signed patient acknowledgement.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with hypereosinophilic syndrome or chronic eosinophilic leukaemia who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for imatinib and who has achieved and maintained a complete haematological response.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Maximum dose: 400 mg per day.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (b) a completed Rare Diseases Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (c) a copy of the full blood examination report which demonstrates a complete haematological response, with a normal eosinophil count; and  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (d) a statement that the disease has not progressed on imatinib therapy.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9174W   | Tablet 100 mg (as mesylate)                             | 60          | 2           | ..      | 2032.53                                  | 34.20  | Glivec                      | NV |
| 9175X   | Tablet 400 mg (as mesylate)                             | 30          | 2           | ..      | 3918.69                                  | 34.20  | Glivec                      | NV |

### IMATINIB

#### **Note**

Imatinib mesylate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe imatinib mesylate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Written applications for authority to prescribe imatinib mesylate should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

For the following diseases, written authority is required at initiation and for continuation:

Chronic myeloid leukaemia (chronic phase);  
Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans;  
Hypereosinophilic syndrome;  
Chronic eosinophilic leukaemia;  
Myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder;  
Aggressive systemic mastocytosis with eosinophilia.

### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with a myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder where:

- (1) there is confirmed evidence of a platelet-derived growth factor receptor (PDGFR) gene re-arrangement either by standard karyotyping, or FISH or PDGFRB fusion gene transcript; and
- (2) the patient has previously failed an adequate trial of one or more of the following conventional therapies:
  - cytarabine;
  - etoposide;
  - hydroxyurea.

Maximum dose: 400 mg per day.

Applications for authorisation for initial treatment must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Rare Diseases Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a copy of the pathology report confirming the platelet-derived growth factor receptor (PDGFR) gene re-arrangement; and
- (d) a copy of the bone marrow biopsy report which demonstrates the presence of a myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder; and
- (e) details of the prior therapy trialed and the response; and
- (f) a signed patient acknowledgement.

### Authority required

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with a PDGFRB fusion gene-positive myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for imatinib and who has demonstrated a complete haematological response.

Maximum dose: 400 mg per day.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Rare Diseases Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a copy of the full blood examination report which demonstrates a complete haematological response; and
- (d) a statement that the disease has not progressed on imatinib therapy.

### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|       |                             |    |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 9176Y | Tablet 100 mg (as mesylate) | 60 | 2 | .. | 2032.53 | 34.20 | Glivec | NV |
| 9177B | Tablet 400 mg (as mesylate) | 30 | 2 | .. | 3918.69 | 34.20 | Glivec | NV |

## IMATINIB

### Note

Imatinib mesylate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.

### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe imatinib mesylate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe imatinib mesylate should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | GPO Box 9826<br>HOBART TAS 7001   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <p>For the following diseases, written authority is required at initiation and for continuation:</p> <p>Chronic myeloid leukaemia (chronic phase);<br/>           Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans;<br/>           Hypereosinophilic syndrome;<br/>           Chronic eosinophilic leukaemia;<br/>           Myelodysplastic or myeloproliferative disorder;<br/>           Aggressive systemic mastocytosis with eosinophilia.</p> <p><b>Authority required</b><br/>           Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with aggressive systemic mastocytosis with eosinophilia where:<br/>           (1) there is confirmed evidence of the FIP1L1-PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> fusion gene; and<br/>           (2) the patient has previously failed an adequate trial of one or more of the following conventional therapies:<br/>           — corticosteroids;<br/>           — hydroxyurea.</p> <p>Maximum dose: 400 mg per day.</p> <p>Applications for authorisation for initial treatment must be made in writing and must include:<br/>           (a) a completed authority prescription form; and<br/>           (b) a completed Rare Diseases Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and<br/>           (c) a copy of the pathology report confirming the presence of the FIP1L1-PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> fusion gene; and<br/>           (d) a copy of the bone marrow biopsy report and/or other tissue biopsy report confirming the diagnosis of aggressive systemic mastocytosis and a copy of the full blood examination report demonstrating eosinophilia; and<br/>           (e) details of symptomatic organ involvement requiring treatment, including a copy of the radiology, nuclear medicine, respiratory function or anatomical pathology reports as appropriate; and<br/>           (f) details of prior treatment trialled and the response; and<br/>           (g) a signed patient acknowledgement.</p> <p><b>Authority required</b><br/>           Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with aggressive systemic mastocytosis confirmed to carry the FIP1L1-PDGFR<math>\alpha</math> fusion gene, who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for imatinib and who has demonstrated a complete haematological response.</p> <p>Maximum dose: 400 mg per day.</p> <p>Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:<br/>           (a) a completed authority prescription form; and<br/>           (b) a completed Rare Diseases Imatinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and<br/>           (c) a copy of the full blood examination report which demonstrates a complete haematological response; and<br/>           (d) a statement that the disease has not progressed on imatinib therapy.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>           No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.</p> |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9178C | Tablet 100 mg (as mesylate)   | 60          | 2           | ..      | 2032.53                                  | 34.20  | Glivec NV                   |
| 9179D | Tablet 400 mg (as mesylate)   | 30          | 2           | ..      | 3918.69                                  | 34.20  | Glivec NV                   |

### LAPATINIB

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe lapatinib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Lapatinib should not be used in patients with a left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than 45% or with symptomatic heart failure. Cardiac function must be tested by a suitable method including, for example, ECHO or MUGA, prior to seeking the initial authority approval and then at 3 monthly intervals during treatment.

Lapatinib is not PBS-subsidised when used in combination with Commonwealth-subsidised trastuzumab.

If disease progression occurs, the prescribing doctor must contact Medicare Australia within one week on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) and lapatinib treatment must be ceased immediately.

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment, in combination with capecitabine, of a patient with HER2 positive metastatic breast cancer (equivalent to Stage IIIC or Stage IV) who has received prior therapy with a taxane, for at least 3 cycles, and whose disease has progressed despite treatment with trastuzumab for metastatic disease.

Authority applications for initial treatment must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form;

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | (b) a pathology report demonstrating HER2 positivity has been demonstrated by in situ hybridisation (ISH);<br>(c) date of last treatment with a taxane and total number of cycles;<br>(d) a signed patient acknowledgment;<br>(e) dates of treatment with trastuzumab; and<br>(f) date of demonstration of progression whilst on treatment with trastuzumab.          |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>Treatment with trastuzumab for metastatic disease is defined as trastuzumab administered alone or in combination with chemotherapy for at least 6 weeks at standard doses.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | If treatment with a taxane is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities, including severity, can be found on the Medicare Australia website [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au]. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b><br>Continuing treatment, in combination with capecitabine, of a patient with HER2 positive metastatic breast cancer who has previously received treatment with PBS-subsidised lapatinib and who does not have progressive disease.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:<br>(a) a completed authority prescription form; and<br>(b) a statement from the prescribing doctor that the disease has not progressed.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9148L | Tablet 250 mg (as ditosylate monohydrate)   | 140         | 2           | ..      | *3387.46                                 | 34.20  | Tykerb GK                   |

### NILOTINIB

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe nilotinib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Any queries concerning patients who are enrolled on the Nilotinib Compassionate Program may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Applications for authority to prescribe nilotinib should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001.

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of a patient with chronic myeloid leukaemia in chronic or accelerated phase bearing the Philadelphia chromosome or expressing the transcript, BCR-ABL, who has active leukaemia (as defined by presence on current pathology assessments of either the Philadelphia chromosome on cytogenetic or FISH analysis, or the presence of the transcript BCR-ABL greater than 1% on the international scale) and who has failed an adequate trial of imatinib.

Failure of an adequate trial of imatinib is defined as:

(i) Lack of response to initial imatinib therapy, defined as either:

— failure to achieve a haematological response after a minimum of 3 months therapy with imatinib for patients initially treated in chronic phase; or  
 — failure to achieve any cytogenetic response after a minimum of 6 months therapy with imatinib for patients initially treated in chronic phase as demonstrated on bone marrow biopsy by presence of greater than 95% Philadelphia chromosome positive cells; or  
 — failure to achieve a major cytogenetic response or a peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% after a minimum of 12 months therapy with imatinib; OR

(ii) Loss of a previously documented major cytogenetic response (demonstrated by the presence of greater than 35% Ph positive cells on bone marrow biopsy), during ongoing imatinib therapy; OR

(iii) Loss of a previously demonstrated molecular response (demonstrated by peripheral blood BCR-ABL levels increasing in value by at least 5 fold to a level of greater than 1% confirmed on a subsequent test), during ongoing imatinib therapy; OR

(iv) Development of accelerated phase in a patient previously prescribed imatinib for the chronic phase of chronic myeloid leukaemia.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Accelerated phase is defined by the presence of 1 or more of the following:

- (1) Percentage of blasts in the peripheral blood or bone marrow greater than or equal to 15% but less than 30%; or
- (2) Percentage of blasts plus promyelocytes in the peripheral blood or bone marrow greater than or equal to 30%, provided that blast count is less than 30%; or
- (3) Peripheral basophils greater than or equal to 20%; or
- (4) Progressive splenomegaly to a size greater than or equal to 10 cm below the left costal margin to be confirmed on 2 occasions at least 4 weeks apart, or a greater than or equal to 50% increase in size below the left costal margin over 4 weeks; or
- (5) Karyotypic evolution (chromosomal abnormalities in addition to a single Philadelphia chromosome); OR

(v) Disease progression (defined as a greater than or equal to 50% increase in peripheral white blood cell count, blast count, basophils or platelets) during first-line imatinib therapy in patients with accelerated phase chronic myeloid leukaemia, provided that blast crisis has been excluded on bone marrow biopsy; OR

(vi) Grade 3 or 4 non-haematological toxicity that is imatinib related and necessitates permanent cessation of imatinib. For patients with imatinib related toxicities, leukaemia activity does not need to be demonstrated.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia Dasatinib/Nilotinib PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a signed patient acknowledgement; and
- (d) a bone marrow biopsy pathology report demonstrating the patient has active chronic myeloid leukaemia, either manifest as cytogenetic evidence of the Philadelphia chromosome, or RT-PCR level of BCR-ABL transcript greater than 1% on the international scale. (The date of the relevant pathology report needs to be provided); and
- (e) where there has been a loss of response to imatinib, a copy of the current confirming pathology report(s) from an Approved Pathology Authority; or
- (f) details of Grade 3 or 4 non-haematological imatinib related toxicity.

### **Note**

Nilotinib will only be subsidised for patients with chronic myeloid leukaemia who are not receiving concomitant PBS-subsidised imatinib mesylate, dasatinib or interferon alfa therapy.

Patients should be commenced on a dose of nilotinib of 400 mg twice daily. Continuing therapy is dependent on patients demonstrating a major cytogenetic response to nilotinib therapy or a peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% at 18 months and thereafter at 12 monthly intervals, irrespective of the daily nilotinib dose received.

Nilotinib is not PBS-subsidised for patients with CML that is resistant to dasatinib.

Nilotinib is not TGA-registered and not PBS-subsidised for patients with CML in blast crisis.

Requests for doses of greater than nilotinib 400 mg twice daily will not be approved.

From 1 November 2008, under the PBS, a patient will be able to trial either dasatinib and/or nilotinib within the initial 18 month treatment period, providing the patient's CML is not resistant to the first second-line agent.

|       |   |     |   |    |          |       |         |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|-------|---------|----|
| 9285Q | Capsule 200 mg (as hydrochloride monohydrate) | 112 | 2 | .. | *5490.42 | 34.20 | Tasigna | NV |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|-------|---------|----|

### **NILOTINIB**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe nilotinib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Any queries concerning patients who are enrolled on the Nilotinib Compassionate Program may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Applications for authority to prescribe nilotinib should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001.

#### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of a patient who has received initial treatment with nilotinib as a pharmaceutical benefit for chronic myeloid leukaemia, and who has demonstrated either a major cytogenetic response, or less than 1% BCR-ABL level in the blood, to nilotinib in the preceding 18 months and thereafter at 12 monthly intervals.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <p>Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:</p> <p>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and</p> <p>(2) a completed Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia Dasatinib/Nilotinib Authority Application Form for continuing treatment; and</p> <p>(3) demonstration of continued response to treatment as evidenced by either:</p> <p>(a) major cytogenetic response [see Note explaining definitions of response]. Where this has been supplied within the previous 12 months (or 18 months for the initial supply), only the date of the relevant pathology report needs to be provided; or</p> <p>(b) a peripheral blood level of BCR-ABL of less than 1% on the international scale [see Note explaining definitions of response]. Where this has been supplied within the previous 12 months (or 18 months for the initial supply), only the date of the relevant pathology report needs to be provided.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Definitions of response.<br/>A major cytogenetic response is defined as less than 35% Philadelphia positive bone marrow cells.<br/>A bone marrow or peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% on the international scale (Blood 108: 28-37, 2006) also indicates a response, at least the biological equivalent of a major cytogenetic response.</p> <p>Authority approval requirements.<br/>For the purposes of assessing response to PBS-subsidised treatment with nilotinib, either cytogenetic analysis indicating the number of Philadelphia positive [t (9;22)] cells in the bone marrow measured by standard karyotyping, or quantitative PCR indicating the relative level of BCR-ABL transcript in the peripheral blood using the international scale, must be submitted. For bone marrow analyses, where the standard karyotyping is not informative for technical reasons, a cytogenetic analysis performed on the bone marrow by the use of fluorescence in situ hybridisation (FISH) with BCR-ABL specific probe must be submitted. The cytogenetic or peripheral blood quantitative PCR analyses must be submitted as follows:</p> <p>(i) between 10 and 18 months of the commencement of treatment with nilotinib, at which time patients in whom a major cytogenetic response or peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% has been demonstrated may receive authorisation for a further 12 months of treatment; and</p> <p>(ii) at no greater than 12 month intervals thereafter, to demonstrate that the major cytogenetic response or peripheral blood BCR-ABL level of less than 1% has been sustained.</p> <p>For each authority application where eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment is to be demonstrated, a copy of the cytogenetic analysis indicating the number of Philadelphia positive [t (9;22)] cells in the bone marrow measured by standard karyotyping, or a copy of the quantitative PCR indicating the relative level of BCR-ABL transcript in the peripheral blood using the international scale, must be submitted as described in (i) and (ii) above. For bone marrow analyses, where the standard karyotyping conducted at the time of application is not informative, a copy of a cytogenetic analysis conducted on the bone marrow using FISH with BCR-ABL specific probe must be submitted with the authority application. A copy of the non-informative standard karyotype analysis must be included with the authority application. Where a patient has previously received PBS-subsidised treatment with nilotinib, no approval will be granted for PBS-subsidised re-treatment where that patient has at any time failed to meet the criteria for continuing treatment.</p> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9171Q  | Capsule 200 mg (as hydrochloride monohydrate)           | 112         | 5           | ..      | *5490.42                                 | 34.20  | Tasigna NV                  |
| <p><b>SORAFENIB</b><br/><b>Authority required</b><br/>Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised agent, of advanced (BCLC Stage C) hepatocellular carcinoma in a patient with a WHO performance status of 2 or less and Child Pugh class A;<br/>Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised agent, of advanced hepatocellular carcinoma in a patient who has previously been treated with PBS-subsidised sorafenib and who does not have progressive disease.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Sorafenib is not PBS-subsidised for adjunctive treatment after resection, ablation or chemoembolization.<br/>Sorafenib is not PBS-subsidised for maintenance therapy after disease progression.</p> <p>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.</p>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9380Q  | Tablet 200 mg (as tosylate)                             | 120         | 2           | ..      | *6457.08                                 | 34.20  | Nexavar BN                  |
| <p><b>SUNITINIB</b><br/><b>Authority required</b><br/>Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of Stage IV clear cell variant renal cell carcinoma (RCC) in a patient who meets the Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Centre (MSKCC) low to intermediate risk group and has a WHO performance status of 2 or less.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.</p>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9417P  | Capsule 12.5 mg (as malate)                             | 28          | 1           | ..      | 1834.20                                  | 34.20  | Sutent PF                   |
| 9418Q  | Capsule 25 mg (as malate)                               | 28          | 1           | ..      | 3521.76                                  | 34.20  | Sutent PF                   |
| 9419R  | Capsule 50 mg (as malate)                               | 28          | 1           | ..      | 6897.44                                  | 34.20  | Sutent PF                   |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>SUNITINIB</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment beyond 3 months, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of Stage IV clear cell variant renal cell carcinoma (RCC) in a patient who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for sunitinib and who has stable or responding disease according to RECIST criteria.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| RECIST Criteria is defined as follows:<br>Complete response (CR) is disappearance of all target lesions.<br>Partial response (PR) is a 30% decrease in the sum of the longest diameter of target lesions.<br>Progressive disease (PD) is a 20% increase in the sum of the longest diameter of target lesions.<br>Stable disease (SD) is small changes that do not meet above criteria. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of Stage IV clear cell variant renal cell carcinoma (RCC) in a patient who was receiving treatment with sunitinib prior to 1 May 2009.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9420T  | Capsule 12.5 mg (as malate)                             | 28          | 3           | ..      | 1834.20                                  | 34.20  | Sutent                      | PF |
| 9421W  | Capsule 25 mg (as malate)                               | 28          | 3           | ..      | 3521.76                                  | 34.20  | Sutent                      | PF |
| 9422X  | Capsule 50 mg (as malate)                               | 28          | 3           | ..      | 6897.44                                  | 34.20  | Sutent                      | PF |

### SUNITINIB

#### **Authority required**

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment as monotherapy of a patient with WHO performance status of 2 or less with a metastatic or unresectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour after failure of imatinib mesylate treatment due to resistance or intolerance.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Sunitinib Malate (Sutent) PBS Authority Application for Use in the Treatment of Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

Patients who have failed to respond or are intolerant to imatinib are no longer eligible to receive PBS-subsidised imatinib.

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe sunitinib malate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Any queries concerning patients who are enrolled on the Sunitinib Compassionate Program may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe sunitinib malate should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

Sunitinib malate is not PBS-subsidised for the treatment of patients with resectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumours.

#### **Authority required**

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as monotherapy of a patient with WHO performance status of 2 or less with a metastatic or unresectable malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for sunitinib and who does not have progressive disease.

Applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone (1800 700 270, hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients who have failed to respond or who are intolerant to imatinib are no longer eligible to receive PBS-subsidised imatinib.

Patients who have progressive disease on sunitinib are no longer eligible for PBS-subsidised sunitinib.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9488J   | Capsule 12.5 mg (as malate)                             | 28          | 1           | ..      | 1834.20                                  | 34.20  | Sutent                      | PF |
| 9489K   | Capsule 25 mg (as malate)                               | 28          | 1           | ..      | 3521.76                                  | 34.20  | Sutent                      | PF |
| 9490L   | Capsule 50 mg (as malate)                               | 28          | 1           | ..      | 6897.44                                  | 34.20  | Sutent                      | PF |

### Other antineoplastic agents

#### ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

##### Authority required

Induction and consolidation treatment of relapsed acute promyelocytic leukaemia (characterised by the presence of the t(15:17) translocation or PML/RAR-alpha fusion gene transcript) in a patient who is arsenic naive at induction.

|       |                                      |    |   |    |               |       |          |    |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----|---|----|---------------|-------|----------|----|
| 9453M | Injection concentrate 10 mg in 10 mL | 60 | 2 | .. | *24196.0<br>8 | 34.20 | Phenasen | PL |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----|---|----|---------------|-------|----------|----|

#### BORTEZOMIB

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe bortezomib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Applications for authority to prescribe bortezomib should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

##### Authority required

Initial treatment with PBS-subsidised bortezomib.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy or in combination with a corticosteroid and/or cyclophosphamide, of a patient with a histological diagnosis of multiple myeloma who has progressive disease after at least 1 prior therapy and who has undergone or is ineligible for a primary stem cell transplant. The patient must have experienced treatment failure after a trial of at least four (4) weeks of thalidomide at a dose of at least 100 mg daily or have failed to achieve at least a minimal response after eight (8) or more weeks of thalidomide-based therapy for progressive disease.

If the dosing requirement for thalidomide cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:

- (a) at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- (b) at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or
- (c) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase of the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or
- (d) at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or
- (e) an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or
- (f) at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or
- (g) development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).

Oligo-secretory and non-secretory patients are defined as having active disease with less than 10 g per L serum M protein and less than 200 mg per 24 hour Bence-Jones proteinuria.

Thalidomide treatment failure is defined as:

- (1) confirmed disease progression during thalidomide treatment or within 6 months of discontinuing thalidomide treatment; or
- (2) severe intolerance or toxicity unresponsive to clinically appropriate dose adjustment.

Severe intolerance due to thalidomide is defined as unacceptable somnolence or sedation interfering with activities of daily living.

Toxicity from thalidomide is defined as peripheral neuropathy (Grade 2 or greater, interfering with function), drug-related seizures, serious Grade 3 or Grade 4 drug-related dermatological reactions, such as Stevens-Johnson Syndrome, or other Grade 3 or 4 toxicity.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Any queries concerning additional details about treatment failure may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Failure to achieve at least a minimal response after 8 or more weeks of thalidomide-based therapy for progressive disease is defined as:

- (1) less than a 25% reduction in serum or urine M protein; or
- (2) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, less than a 25% reduction in the difference between involved and uninvolved serum free light chain levels.

Bortezomib will only be subsidised for patients with multiple myeloma who are not receiving concomitant PBS-subsidised lenalidomide.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Multiple Myeloma Authority Application - Supporting Information Form, which includes details of the histological diagnosis of multiple myeloma, prior treatments including name(s) of drug(s) and date of most recent treatment cycle and record of prior stem cell transplant or ineligibility for prior stem cell transplant; details of thalidomide treatment failure; details of the basis of the diagnosis of progressive disease or failure to respond; and nomination of which disease activity parameters will be used to assess response.

To enable confirmation by Medicare Australia, current diagnostic reports of at least one of the following are required:

- (a) the level of serum monoclonal protein; or
- (b) Bence-Jones proteinuria — the results of 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion; or
- (c) the serum level of free kappa and lambda light chains; or
- (d) bone marrow aspirate or trephine; or
- (e) if present, the size and location of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or
- (f) if present, the size and location of all soft tissue plasmacytomas by clinical or radiographic examination i.e. MRI or CT-scan; or
- (g) if present, the level of hypercalcaemia, corrected for albumin concentration.

As these parameters will be used to determine response, results for either (a) or (b) or (c) should be provided for all patients. Where the patient has oligo-secretory or non-secretory multiple myeloma, either (c) or (d) or if relevant (e), (f) or (g) should be provided. Where the prescriber plans to assess response in patients with oligo-secretory or non-secretory multiple myeloma with free light chain assays, evidence of the oligo-secretory or non-secretory nature of the multiple myeloma (either previous or current serum M protein less than 10 g per L and urinary Bence-Jones protein undetectable or less than 200 mg per 24 hours) must be provided; and

- (3) duration of thalidomide and daily dose prescribed; and
- (4) a signed patient acknowledgment.

### **Authority required**

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy or in combination with a corticosteroid and/or cyclophosphamide, of multiple myeloma in a patient who has previously received 4 treatment cycles of bortezomib and who, at the time of application, has demonstrated at least a partial response to bortezomib.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are measurable, partial response (PR) compared with baseline (prior to treatment with bortezomib) is defined as:

- (a) at least a 50% reduction in the level of serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- (b) at least a 90% reduction in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion or to less than 200 mg per 24 hours.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are unmeasurable as in non-secretory/oligo-secretory multiple myeloma, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:

- (c) at least a 50% reduction in the difference between involved and uninvolved serum free light chain (FLC) levels.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein and serum FLC are unmeasurable/unavailable, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:

- (d) at least a 50% reduction in bone marrow plasma cells; or
- (e) no increase in size or number of lytic bone lesions (development of compression fracture does not exclude response); or
- (f) at least a 50% reduction in the size of soft tissue plasmacytoma (by clinical or applicable radiographic examination, i.e. MRI or CT-Scan); or
- (g) normalisation of corrected serum calcium to less than or equal to 2.65 mmol per L.

For the purpose of assessing eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised bortezomib treatment beyond 4 cycles, the patient must have achieved at least a partial response at the completion of cycle 4. The results of the response assessment must be included in a written application to Medicare Australia for further treatment. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia prior to cycle 5, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with bortezomib. Continuing PBS-subsidised supply will not be approved if there is a gap of more than 6 months between the initial application and subsequent applications.

The same parameters provided for the diagnosis of progressive disease are to be used to demonstrate at least a partial response to treatment.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Multiple Myeloma Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (3) diagnostic reports demonstrating the patient has achieved at least a partial response.

Diagnostic reports must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | Patients who fail to demonstrate at least a partial response after 8 cycles will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with bortezomib.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | No more than 2 cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved will be authorised. Confirmation requires 2 determinations a minimum of 6 weeks apart. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9117W | Powder for injection 3.5 mg (solvent required)<br>(code 7086Y applies to above item with<br>approved solvent)  | 4           | 3           | ..      | *7002.38                                 | 34.20  | Velcade JC                  |

### **BORTEZOMIB**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe bortezomib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Applications for authority to prescribe bortezomib should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

#### **Authority required**

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy or in combination with a corticosteroid and/or cyclophosphamide, of multiple myeloma in a patient who has previously received 8 treatment cycles with bortezomib and who, at the time of application, has demonstrated at least a partial response to bortezomib but who has not received 2 treatment cycles after first achieving a confirmed complete response.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are measurable, partial response (PR) compared with baseline (prior to treatment with bortezomib) is defined as:

- (a) at least a 50% reduction in the level of serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- (b) at least a 90% reduction in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion or to less than 200 mg per 24 hours.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are unmeasurable as in non-secretory/oligo-secretory multiple myeloma, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:

- (c) the difference between involved and uninvolved serum free light chain (FLC) levels, with at least a 50% reduction in this value.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels and serum FLC are unmeasurable/unavailable, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:

- (d) at least a 50% reduction in bone marrow plasma cells; or
- (e) no increase in size or number of lytic bone lesions (development of compression fracture does not exclude response); or
- (f) at least a 50% reduction in the size of soft tissue plasmacytoma (by clinical or applicable radiographic examination, i.e. MRI or CT-Scan); or
- (g) normalisation of corrected serum calcium to less than or equal to 2.65 mmol per L.

The same parameters provided for the diagnosis of progressive disease are to be used to demonstrate at least a partial response to treatment.

Diagnostic reports must be within 1 month of the date of application.

For the purpose of assessing eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised bortezomib treatment beyond 8 cycles, the patient must have achieved at least a partial response at the completion of cycle 8. The results of the response assessment must be included in a written application to Medicare Australia for further treatment. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia prior to cycle 9, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with bortezomib. Continuing PBS-subsidised supply will not be approved if there is a gap of more than 10 months between the initial application and an application following completion of 8 treatment cycles.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Multiple Myeloma Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (3) diagnostic reports demonstrating the patient has achieved at least a partial response.

No more than 2 cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which the complete response was first achieved will be authorised. Confirmation requires 2 determinations a minimum of 6 weeks apart.

Applications for PBS-subsidised treatment with bortezomib that extends beyond 11 cycles per treatment course will not be approved.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| 9118X | Powder for injection 3.5 mg (solvent required)<br>(code 7087B applies to above item with<br>approved solvent) | 4           | 2           | ..      | *7002.38              | 34.20                                       | Velcade JC                  |

### BORTEZOMIB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe bortezomib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Applications for authority to prescribe bortezomib should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

#### Authority required

Retreatment of a patient who has been previously treated with PBS-subsidised bortezomib.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy or in combination with a corticosteroid and/or cyclophosphamide, of a patient with multiple myeloma who has progressive disease and who has been previously treated with PBS-subsidised bortezomib. The patient must have experienced at least a partial response to the most recent course of PBS-subsidised bortezomib therapy.

Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:

- (a) at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- (b) at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or
- (c) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase of the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or
- (d) at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or
- (e) an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or
- (f) at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or
- (g) development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).

Oligo-secretory and non-secretory patients are defined as having active disease with less than 10 g per L serum M protein and less than 200 mg per 24 hour Bence-Jones proteinuria.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are measurable, partial response (PR) compared with baseline (prior to re-treatment with bortezomib) is defined as:

- (a) at least a 50% reduction in the level of serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- (b) at least a 90% reduction in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion or to less than 200 mg per 24 hours.

If serum M protein and Bence-Jones protein levels are unmeasurable as in non-secretory/oligo-secretory multiple myeloma, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:

- (c) the difference between involved and uninvolved serum free light chain (FLC) levels, with at least a 50% reduction in this value.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels and serum FLC are unmeasurable/unavailable, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:

- (d) at least a 50% reduction in bone marrow plasma cells; or
- (e) no increase in size or number of lytic bone lesions (development of compression fracture does not exclude response); or
- (f) at least a 50% reduction in the size of soft tissue plasmacytoma (by clinical or applicable radiographic examination, i.e. MRI or CT-scan); or
- (g) normalization of corrected serum calcium to less than or equal to 2.65 mmol per L.

The same parameters provided for the diagnosis of progressive disease are to be used to demonstrate at least a partial response to treatment.

Bortezomib will only be subsidised for patients with multiple myeloma who are not receiving concomitant PBS-subsidised lenalidomide.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Multiple Myeloma Authority Application - Supporting Information Form which includes details of the basis of the current diagnosis of progressive disease and nomination of which disease activity parameters will be used to assess response; and
- (3) diagnostic reports demonstrating the patient has achieved at least a partial response to the most recent course of PBS-subsidised bortezomib, if

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

not previously provided to Medicare Australia.

To enable confirmation by Medicare Australia, current diagnostic reports of at least one of the following are required:

- (a) the level of serum monoclonal protein; or
- (b) Bence-Jones proteinuria — the results of 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion; or
- (c) the serum level of free kappa and lambda light chains; or
- (d) bone marrow aspirate or trephine; or
- (e) if present, the size and location of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or
- (f) if present, the size and location of all soft tissue plasmacytomas by clinical or radiographic examination i.e. MRI or CT-scan; or
- (g) if present, the level of hypercalcaemia, corrected for albumin concentration.

As these parameters will be used to determine response, results for either (a) or (b) or (c) should be provided for all patients. Where the patient has oligo-secretory or non-secretory multiple myeloma, either (c) or (d) or if relevant (e), (f) or (g) should be provided. Where the prescriber plans to assess response in patients with oligo-secretory or non-secretory multiple myeloma with free light chain assays, evidence of the oligo-secretory or non-secretory nature of the multiple myeloma (either previous or current serum M protein less than 10 g per L and urinary Bence-Jones protein undetectable or less than 200 mg per 24 hours) must be provided; and

(4) a signed patient acknowledgment.

### **Authority required**

Continuing retreatment of a patient who has been previously treated with PBS-subsidised bortezomib.

Continuing PBS-subsidised retreatment, as monotherapy or in combination with a corticosteroid and/or cyclophosphamide, of multiple myeloma in a patient who has received 4 treatment cycles of bortezomib in the current treatment course and who, at the time of application, has demonstrated at least a partial response to bortezomib.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are measurable, partial response (PR) compared with baseline (prior to treatment with bortezomib) is defined as:

- (a) at least a 50% reduction in the level of serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- (b) at least a 90% reduction in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion or to less than 200 mg per 24 hours.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are unmeasurable as in non-secretory/oligo-secretory multiple myeloma, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:

- (c) at least a 50% reduction in the difference between involved and uninvolved serum free light chain (FLC) levels.

If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein and serum FLC are unmeasurable/unavailable, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:

- (d) at least a 50% reduction in bone marrow plasma cells; or
- (e) no increase in size or number of lytic bone lesions (development of compression fracture does not exclude response); or
- (f) at least a 50% reduction in the size of soft tissue plasmacytoma (by clinical or applicable radiographic examination, i.e. MRI or CT-Scan); or
- (g) normalisation of corrected serum calcium to less than or equal to 2.65 mmol per L.

For the purpose of assessing eligibility for continuing the current course of PBS-subsidised bortezomib treatment beyond 4 cycles, the patient must have achieved at least a partial response at the completion of cycle 4. The results of the response assessment must be included in a written application to Medicare Australia for further treatment. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia prior to cycle 5, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with bortezomib. Continuing PBS-subsidised supply will not be approved if there is a gap of more than 6 months between the initial application and subsequent applications.

The same parameters provided for the diagnosis of progressive disease are to be used to demonstrate at least a partial response to treatment.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Multiple Myeloma Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (3) diagnostic reports demonstrating the patient has achieved at least a partial response.

Diagnostic reports must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Patients who fail to demonstrate at least a partial response after 8 cycles will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with bortezomib.

No more than 2 cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved will be authorised. Confirmation requires 2 determinations a minimum of 6 weeks apart.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |   |    |          |       |         |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|----------|-------|---------|----|
| 5488W | Powder for injection 3.5 mg (solvent required)<br>(code 7088C applies to above item with approved solvent) | 4 | 3 | .. | *7002.38 | 34.20 | Velcade | JC |
|-------|--|---|---|----|----------|-------|---------|----|

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>BORTEZOMIB</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe bortezomib may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> .   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Applications for authority to prescribe bortezomib should be forwarded to:   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Medicare Australia<br>Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs<br>Reply Paid 9826<br>GPO Box 9826<br>HOBART TAS 7001.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing retreatment of a patient who has been previously treated with PBS-subsidised bortezomib.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing PBS-subsidised retreatment, as monotherapy or in combination with a corticosteroid and/or cyclophosphamide, of multiple myeloma in a patient who has received 8 treatment cycles with bortezomib in the current treatment course and who, at the time of application, has demonstrated at least a partial response to bortezomib but who has not received 2 treatment cycles after first achieving a confirmed complete response.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are measurable, partial response (PR) compared with baseline (prior to treatment with bortezomib) is defined as:   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (a) at least a 50% reduction in the level of serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (b) at least a 90% reduction in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion or to less than 200 mg per 24 hours.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels are unmeasurable as in non-secretory/oligo-secretory multiple myeloma, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (c) the difference between involved and uninvolved serum free light chain (FLC) levels, with at least a 50% reduction in this value.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| If serum M protein and urine Bence-Jones protein levels and serum FLC are unmeasurable/unavailable, partial response compared with baseline is defined as:   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (d) at least a 50% reduction in bone marrow plasma cells; or   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (e) no increase in size or number of lytic bone lesions (development of compression fracture does not exclude response); or  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (f) at least a 50% reduction in the size of soft tissue plasmacytoma (by clinical or applicable radiographic examination, i.e. MRI or CT-Scan); or   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (g) normalisation of corrected serum calcium to less than or equal to 2.65 mmol per L.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| The same parameters provided for the diagnosis of progressive disease are to be used to demonstrate at least a partial response to treatment.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Diagnostic reports must be within 1 month of the date of application.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For the purpose of assessing eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised bortezomib treatment beyond 8 cycles, the patient must have achieved at least a partial response at the completion of cycle 8. The results of the response assessment must be included in a written application to Medicare Australia for further treatment. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia prior to cycle 9, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with bortezomib. Continuing PBS-subsidised supply will not be approved if there is a gap of more than 10 months between the initial application and an application following completion of 8 treatment cycles. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| The authority application must be made in writing and must include:  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (1) a completed authority prescription form; and   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (2) a completed Multiple Myeloma Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (3) diagnostic reports demonstrating the patient has achieved at least a partial response.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No more than 2 cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which the complete response was first achieved will be authorised. Confirmation requires 2 determinations a minimum of 6 weeks apart.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Applications for PBS-subsidised treatment with bortezomib that extends beyond 11 cycles per treatment course will not be approved.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5489X  | Powder for injection 3.5 mg (solvent required)<br>(code 7089D applies to above item with approved solvent) | 4           | 2           | ..      | *7002.38                                 | 34.20  | Velcade                     | JC |
| <b>HYDROXYUREA</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3093T  | Capsule 500 mg   | 100         | ..          | ..      | 76.46                                    | 34.20  | Hydrea                      | BQ |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| <b>IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE TRIHYDRATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>3184</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Metastatic colorectal cancer in patients with a WHO performance status of 2 or less.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| In first-line usage, effectiveness and tolerance may be improved when irinotecan is combined with an infusional 5-fluorouracil regimen. |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 8414W   | I.V. injection 40 mg in 2 mL                            | 1           | 3           | ..      | 135.29                                   | 34.20  | a Camptosar PF<br>a Hospira Pty Limited HH<br>a Irinotecan Actavis GQ<br>a Irinotecan AF<br>Alphapharm<br>a Irinotecan Ebewe IT<br>a Irinotecan Sandoz SZ<br>a Omegapharm OE<br>Irinotecan<br>a Tecan WQ |
| 8415X   | I.V. injection 100 mg in 5 mL                           | 2           | 3           | ..      | *615.58                                  | 34.20  | a Camptosar PF<br>a Hospira Pty Limited HH<br>a Irinotecan Actavis GQ<br>a Irinotecan AF<br>Alphapharm<br>a Irinotecan Ebewe IT<br>a Irinotecan Sandoz SZ<br>a Omegapharm OE<br>Irinotecan<br>a Tecan WQ |
| 9119Y   | I.V. injection 500 mg in 25 mL                          | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1529.26                                  | 34.20  | a Hospira Pty Limited HH<br>a Irinotecan Ebewe IT  |
| 9410G   | I.V. injection 300 mg in 15 mL                          | 1           | 3           | ..      | 919.38                                   | 34.20  | a Camptosar PF<br>a Irinotecan Ebewe IT  |

### TOPOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3186**

Advanced metastatic ovarian cancer after failure of prior therapy which includes a platinum compound.

|       |                                      |   |   |    |         |       |             |
|-------|--------------------------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|-------------|
| 8199M | Powder for I.V. infusion 4 mg (base) | 5 | 1 | .. | 2126.36 | 34.20 | Hycamtin GK |
|-------|--------------------------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|-------------|

## Endocrine therapy

### Hormones and related agents

#### *Progestogens*

#### MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

##### **Restricted benefit**

Hormone-dependent advanced breast cancer.

|       |               |    |   |    |        |       |            |
|-------|---------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|
| 2728N | Tablet 500 mg | 30 | 2 | .. | 125.87 | 34.20 | Provera PF |
|-------|---------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|

#### MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

##### **Restricted benefit**

Hormone-dependent breast cancer;

Endometrial cancer.

|       |               |     |   |    |        |       |            |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|
| 2316X | Tablet 200 mg | 60  | 2 | .. | 101.79 | 34.20 | Provera PF |
| 2725K | Tablet 100 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 90.38  | 34.20 | Provera PF |
| 2727M | Tablet 250 mg | 60  | 2 | .. | 125.65 | 34.20 | Provera PF |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>MEGESTROL ACETATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hormone-dependent advanced breast cancer.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 2734X  | Tablet 160 mg  | 30          | 2           | ..      | 83.39                                    | 34.20  | Megace                      | SI |
| <b><i>Gonadotropin releasing hormone analogues</i></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>GOSERELIN ACETATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Locally advanced (equivalent to stage C) or metastatic (equivalent to stage D) carcinoma of the prostate;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hormone-dependent locally advanced (equivalent to stage III) or metastatic (equivalent to stage IV) breast cancer in pre-menopausal women;           |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Short-term treatment (up to 6 months) of visually proven endometriosis (only 1 course of not more than 6 months' therapy will be authorised);        |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hormone-dependent breast cancer as an alternative to adjuvant chemotherapy in peri- or pre-menopausal women.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1454M  | Subcutaneous implant 3.6 mg (base) in pre-filled injection syringe   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 333.00                                   | 34.20  | Zoladex Implant             | AP |
| <b>GOSERELIN ACETATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>3229</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Locally advanced (equivalent to stage C) or metastatic (equivalent to stage D) carcinoma of the prostate.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8093Y  | Subcutaneous implant (long acting) 10.8 mg (base) in pre-filled injection syringe  | 1           | 1           | ..      | 1108.76                                  | 34.20  | Zoladex 10.8 Implant        | AP |
| <b>GOSERELIN ACETATE and BICALUTAMIDE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>3239</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Metastatic (equivalent to stage D) prostatic carcinoma in patients for whom a combination of an antiandrogen and a GnRH (LH-RH) agonist is required. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9064C  | Pack containing 1 subcutaneous implant goserelin 3.6 mg in pre-filled injection syringe and 28 tablets bicalutamide 50 mg  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 477.37                                   | 34.20  | ZolaCos CP 3.6/50           | AP |
| 9065D  | Pack containing 1 subcutaneous implant goserelin 10.8 mg in pre-filled injection syringe and 28 tablets bicalutamide 50 mg | 1           | ..          | ..      | 1248.29                                  | 34.20  | ZolaCos CP 10.8/50(28)      | AP |
| 9066E  | Pack containing 1 subcutaneous implant goserelin 10.8 mg in pre-filled injection syringe and 84 tablets bicalutamide 50 mg | 1           | 1           | ..      | 1527.37                                  | 34.20  | ZolaCos CP 10.8/50(84)      | AP |
| <b>LEUPRORELIN ACETATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>3229</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Locally advanced (equivalent to stage C) or metastatic (equivalent to stage D) carcinoma of the prostate.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8707G  | Suspension for subcutaneous injection (modified release), 7.5 mg injection set   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 420.20                                   | 34.20  | Eligard 1 month             | HH |
| 8708H  | Suspension for subcutaneous injection (modified release), 22.5 mg injection set  | 1           | 1           | ..      | 1108.76                                  | 34.20  | Eligard 3 month             | HH |
| 8709J  | Suspension for subcutaneous injection (modified release), 30 mg injection set  | 1           | 1           | ..      | 1451.33                                  | 34.20  | Eligard 4 month             | HH |
| 8859G  | Suspension for subcutaneous injection (modified release), 45 mg injection set  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 2123.98                                  | 34.20  | Eligard 6 month             | HH |
| 8875D  | I.M. injection (modified release), powder for injection 7.5 mg with diluent in pre-filled dual-chamber syringe             | 1           | 5           | ..      | 420.20                                   | 34.20  | Lucrin Depot 7.5mg PDS      | AB |
| 8876E  | I.M. injection (modified release), powder for injection 22.5 mg with diluent in pre-filled dual-chamber syringe            | 1           | 1           | ..      | 1108.76                                  | 34.20  | Lucrin Depot 3 Month PDS    | AB |
| 8877F  | I.M. injection (modified release), powder for injection 30 mg with diluent in pre-filled dual-                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 1451.33                                  | 34.20  | Lucrin Depot 4 Month PDS    | AB |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|   | chamber syringe  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>TRIPTORELIN</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>3229</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Locally advanced (equivalent to stage C) or metastatic (equivalent to stage D) carcinoma of the prostate. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5297T   | Powder for I.M. injection (prolonged release)<br>22.5 mg (as embonate) with solvent, syringe<br>and needles  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 2123.98                                  | 34.20  | Diphereline                 | IS |
| 9378N   | Powder for I.M. injection (prolonged release)<br>3.75 mg (as embonate) with solvent, syringe<br>and needles  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 420.20                                   | 34.20  | Diphereline                 | IS |
| 9379P   | Powder for I.M. injection (prolonged release)<br>11.25 mg (as embonate) with solvent, syringe<br>and needles | 1           | 1           | ..      | 1108.76                                  | 34.20  | Diphereline                 | IS |

### Hormone antagonists and related agents

#### *Anti-estrogens*

##### TAMOXIFEN CITRATE

##### **Restricted benefit**

Treatment of hormone-dependent breast cancer.

##### **Note**

This drug is not PBS-subsidised for primary prevention of breast cancer.

##### **Note**

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |                     |    |   |                   |        |       |                               |    |
|--------------------|---------------------|----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|-------------------------------|----|
| 2109B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg (base) | 60 | 5 | ..                | 37.26  | 34.20 | Genox 10                      | AF |
| 2110C<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg (base) | 60 | 5 | ..                | 57.55  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Genox 20         | AF |
|                    |                     |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Tamoxifen  | GX |
|                    |                     |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Tamosin          | SI |
|                    |                     |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Tamoxen 20 mg    | GM |
|                    |                     |    |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Tamoxifen Sandoz | SZ |
|                    |                     |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.62 | *61.20 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Nolvadex-D       | AP |

##### TOREMIFENE CITRATE

##### **Restricted benefit**

Treatment of hormone-dependent metastatic breast cancer in post-menopausal patients.

##### **Note**

This drug is not PBS-subsidised for primary prevention of breast cancer.

|       |                     |    |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------|---------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 8216K | Tablet 60 mg (base) | 30 | 5 | .. | 73.74 | 34.20 | Fareston | SH |
|-------|---------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|

#### *Anti-androgens*

##### BICALUTAMIDE

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3674**

Metastatic (equivalent to stage D) prostatic carcinoma in combination with GnRH (LH-RH) analogue therapy.

##### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

##### **Note**

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |              |    |   |    |        |       |                               |    |
|--------------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|-------------------------------|----|
| 8094B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 50 mg | 28 | 5 | .. | 165.11 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Bicalutamide | TX |
|--------------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|-------------------------------|----|

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer               |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bicalutamide-GA GM           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Bicalutamide RA              |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranbaxy                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Calutex SI                   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cosamide AF                  |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cosudex AP                   |
| <b>CYPROTERONE ACETATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>1014</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Advanced carcinoma of the prostate;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>1404</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| To reduce drive in sexual deviations in males.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1270W   | Tablet 50 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | *197.98                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Cyprohexal SZ                |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cyprone AF                   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cyprostat SY                 |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cyproterone Acetate GX |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Procur GM                    |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.12 | *201.10                                  | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Androcur SC                  |
| 8019C   | Tablet 100 mg   | 50          | 5           | ..                | 161.60                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Cyprohexal SZ                |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cyprostat-100 SY             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Cyproterone Acetate GX |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Procur 100 GM                |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.56 | 163.16                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Androcur-100 SC              |
| <b>FLUTAMIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>3674</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Metastatic (equivalent to stage D) prostatic carcinoma in combination with GnRH (LH-RH) analogue therapy.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1417N   | Tablet 250 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 201.69                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Eulexin SH                   |
| <i>NP</i>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Flutamin AF                  |
| <b>NILUTAMIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>3675</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Locally advanced (equivalent to stage C) or metastatic (equivalent to stage D) prostatic carcinoma, in combination with GnRH (LH-RH) analogue therapy;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>3300</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Locally advanced (equivalent to stage C) or metastatic (equivalent to stage D) prostatic carcinoma, in conjunction with surgical orchidectomy.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 8131Y   | Tablet 150 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 236.56                                   | 34.20  | Anandron SW                               |
| <i>NP</i>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b><i>Enzyme inhibitors</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>ANASTROZOLE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of hormone-dependent breast cancer in post-menopausal women.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| This drug is not PBS-subsidised for primary prevention of breast cancer.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| This drug is not PBS-subsidised for adjuvant hormonal treatment of early breast cancer extended beyond 5 years.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8179L<br>NP   | Tablet 1 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 180.18                                   | 34.20  | Arimidex AP                 |
| <b>EXEMESTANE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of hormone-dependent advanced breast cancer in post-menopausal women with disease progression following treatment with tamoxifen citrate;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of hormone-dependent early breast cancer in post-menopausal women following a minimum of 2 years' treatment with tamoxifen citrate.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| This drug is not PBS-subsidised for primary prevention of breast cancer.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| This drug is not PBS-subsidised for adjuvant hormonal treatment of early breast cancer extended beyond 5 years, i.e. a patient who has received 2 years of tamoxifen therapy may only receive 3 years of PBS-subsidised treatment with exemestane.                            |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8506Q<br>NP   | Tablet 25 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 180.18                                   | 34.20  | Aromasin PF                 |
| <b>LETROZOLE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of hormone-dependent advanced breast cancer in post-menopausal women;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of hormone-dependent early breast cancer in post-menopausal women;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Extended adjuvant treatment of hormone-dependent early breast cancer in post-menopausal women commencing within 6 months of ceasing treatment with tamoxifen citrate.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| This drug is not PBS-subsidised for primary prevention of breast cancer.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| This drug is not PBS-subsidised for adjuvant hormonal treatment of early breast cancer extended beyond 5 years.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| This drug is not PBS-subsidised for extended adjuvant early breast cancer treatment where the total duration of letrozole (or any other aromatase inhibitor) treatment extends beyond 5 years.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8245Y<br>NP   | Tablet 2.5 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 180.18                                   | 34.20  | Femara 2.5 mg NV            |
| <b><i>Other hormone antagonists and related agents</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>DEGARELIX</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3229</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Locally advanced (equivalent to stage C) or metastatic (equivalent to stage D) carcinoma of the prostate.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 5455D   | Powder for injection 80 mg (as acetate) with solvent, syringe and needles | 1           | 5           | ..      | 420.20                                   | 34.20  | Firmagon 80mg FP            |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|       | <b>DEGARELIX</b><br><b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b><br><b>3229</b><br>Locally advanced (equivalent to stage C) or metastatic (equivalent to stage D) carcinoma of the prostate. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised for the 120 mg powder for injection.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5456E | Powder for injection 120 mg (as acetate) with solvent, syringe and needles, 2   | 1           | ..          | ..      | 438.72                                   | 34.20  | Firmagon 120mg              | FP |

### Immunostimulants

#### Immunostimulants *Interferons*

##### INTERFERON ALFA-2a

###### Caution

Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

###### Authority required

Hairy cell leukaemia;

Myeloproliferative disease with excessive thrombocytosis.

|       |   |    |   |    |         |       |           |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|----|
| 8180M | Injection 3,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 15 | 4 | .. | *506.22 | 34.20 | Roferon-A | RO |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|----|

##### INTERFERON ALFA-2a

###### Caution

Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

###### Authority required

Myeloproliferative disease with excessive thrombocytosis.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |           |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|----|
| 8551C | Injection 4,500,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 5 | 4 | .. | *264.72 | 34.20 | Roferon-A | RO |
| 8552D | Injection 6,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 5 | 4 | .. | *344.72 | 34.20 | Roferon-A | RO |
| 8553E | Injection 9,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 5 | 4 | .. | *506.12 | 34.20 | Roferon-A | RO |

##### INTERFERON ALFA-2a

###### Caution

Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

###### Authority required

Low grade non-Hodgkin's lymphoma with clinical features suggestive of a poor prognosis, in combination with anthracycline-based chemotherapy.

|       |   |    |   |    |         |       |           |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|----|
| 8181N | Injection 3,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 15 | 5 | .. | *506.22 | 34.20 | Roferon-A | RO |
| 8182P | Injection 4,500,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 5  | 5 | .. | *264.72 | 34.20 | Roferon-A | RO |
| 8183Q | Injection 6,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 5  | 5 | .. | *344.72 | 34.20 | Roferon-A | RO |
| 8184R | Injection 9,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 5  | 5 | .. | *506.12 | 34.20 | Roferon-A | RO |

##### INTERFERON ALFA-2b

###### Caution

Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

### Authority required

Hairy cell leukaemia.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |                  |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|------------------|----|
| 8572E | Solution for injection 18,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 3 | 4 | .. | *606.03 | 34.20 | Intron A Redipen | SH |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|------------------|----|

### INTERFERON ALFA-2b

#### Caution

Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### Authority required

Maintenance treatment of multiple myeloma once remission has been achieved with chemotherapy;

Low grade non-Hodgkin's lymphoma with clinical features suggestive of a poor prognosis, in combination with anthracycline-based chemotherapy.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |       |                  |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|-------|------------------|----|
| 8348J | Solution for injection 18,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 3 | 5 | .. | *606.03  | 34.20 | Intron A Redipen | SH |
| 8476D | Solution for injection 30,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 3 | 5 | .. | *1005.75 | 34.20 | Intron A Redipen | SH |

### INTERFERON BETA-1a

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in ambulatory (without assistance or support) patients who have experienced at least 2 documented attacks of neurological dysfunction, believed to be due to the multiple sclerosis, in the preceding 2 years. The diagnosis must be confirmed by magnetic resonance imaging of the brain and/or spinal cord and the date of the scan included in the authority application, unless the authority application is accompanied by written certification provided by a radiologist that an MRI scan is contraindicated because of the risk of physical (not psychological) injury to the patient. The authority will be limited to the maximum quantity and number of repeats indicated in the schedule;

Continuing treatment of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in patients previously issued with an authority prescription for this drug who do not show continuing progression of disability while on treatment with this drug and who have demonstrated compliance with, and an ability to tolerate, this therapy. Authorities will be limited to the maximum quantity and number of repeats indicated in the schedule.

|       |  |    |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 8289G | Injection set comprising 1 vial powder for injection 30 micrograms (6,000,000 i.u.) with diluent | 4  | 5 | .. | 1056.77 | 34.20 | Avonex   | BD |
| 8403G | Injection 44 micrograms (12,000,000 i.u.) in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe               | 12 | 5 | .. | 1056.77 | 34.20 | Rebif 44 | SG |
| 8805K | Injection 30 micrograms (6,000,000 i.u.) in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe                | 4  | 5 | .. | 1056.77 | 34.20 | Avonex   | BD |
| 9332E | Solution for injection 132 micrograms in 1.5 mL multidose cartridge                              | 4  | 5 | .. | 1056.77 | 34.20 | Rebif 44 | SG |

### INTERFERON BETA-1b

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in ambulatory (without assistance or support) patients who have experienced at least 2 documented attacks of neurological dysfunction, believed to be due to the multiple sclerosis, in the preceding 2 years. The diagnosis must be confirmed by magnetic resonance imaging of the brain and/or spinal cord and the date of the scan included in the authority application, unless the authority application is accompanied by written certification provided by a radiologist that an MRI scan is contraindicated because of the risk of physical (not psychological) injury to the patient. The authority will be limited to the maximum quantity and number of repeats indicated in the schedule;

Continuing treatment of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in patients previously issued with an authority prescription for this drug who do not show continuing progression of disability while on treatment with this drug and who have demonstrated compliance with, and an ability to tolerate, this therapy. Authorities will be limited to the maximum quantity and number of repeats indicated in the schedule.

|       |   |    |   |    |         |       |           |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|----|
| 8101J | Injection set including 1 vial powder for injection 8,000,000 i.u. (250 micrograms) and solvent | 15 | 5 | .. | 1180.16 | 34.20 | Betaferon | SC |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|----|

## *Other immunostimulants*

### BCG IMMUNOTHERAPEUTIC (Bacillus Calmette-Guérin/ Connaught strain)

#### Restricted benefit

Treatment of carcinoma in situ of the urinary bladder.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 1140B | Powder for intravesical administration containing 6.6 to 19.2 x 10 <sup>8</sup> CFU | 3 | 1 | .. | *459.87 | 34.20 | ImmuCyst | SW |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                                      | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>BCG-TICE (Bacillus Calmette-Guérin/ Tice strain)</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Primary and relapsing superficial urothelial carcinoma of the bladder.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1131M   | Vial containing powder for intravesical administration approximately 5 x 10 <sup>8</sup> CFU | 3           | 1           | ..      | 556.39                                   | 34.20  | OncoTICE                    | SH |
| <b>GLATIRAMER ACETATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in ambulatory (without assistance or support) patients who have experienced at least 2 documented attacks of neurological dysfunction, believed to be due to the multiple sclerosis, in the preceding 2 years. The diagnosis must be confirmed by magnetic resonance imaging of the brain and/or spinal cord and the date of the scan included in the authority application, unless the authority application is accompanied by written certification provided by a radiologist that an MRI scan is contraindicated because of the risk of physical (not psychological) injury to the patient. The authority will be limited to the maximum quantity and number of repeats indicated in the schedule; |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in patients previously issued with an authority prescription for this drug who do not show continuing progression of disability while on treatment with this drug and who have demonstrated compliance with, and an ability to tolerate, this therapy. Authorities will be limited to the maximum quantity and number of repeats indicated in the schedule.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8726G   | Injection 20 mg in 1 mL single dose pre-filled syringe                                       | 28          | 5           | ..      | 1092.65                                  | 34.20  | Copaxone                    | SW |

## Immunosuppressants

### Immunosuppressants

#### *Selective immunosuppressants*

##### EVEROLIMUS

##### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

##### Authority required

Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with everolimus and where therapy remains under the supervision and direction of the transplant unit reviewing that patient, of patients with:

(a) renal transplants. The name of the specialised transplant unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review at the specialised transplant unit must be included in the authority application;

(b) cardiac transplants. The name of the specialised transplant unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review at the specialised transplant unit must be included in the authority application.

|       |                |     |   |    |          |       |          |    |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|----------|-------|----------|----|
| 8840G | Tablet 0.25 mg | 60  | 3 | .. | 282.79   | 34.20 | Certican | NV |
| 8841H | Tablet 0.5 mg  | 60  | 3 | .. | 543.83   | 34.20 | Certican | NV |
| 8842J | Tablet 0.75 mg | 120 | 3 | .. | *1578.62 | 34.20 | Certican | NV |
| 9352F | Tablet 1 mg    | 120 | 3 | .. | *2068.76 | 34.20 | Certican | NV |

##### LEFLUNOMIDE

##### Caution

Leflunomide is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy should be avoided for two years after cessation of therapy, unless special wash-out procedures are carried out.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### *2643*

Initial treatment of severe active rheumatoid arthritis where other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (including methotrexate) are ineffective and/or inappropriate. Treatment must be initiated by a physician;

##### *2681*

Initial treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis where other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (including methotrexate) are ineffective and/or inappropriate. Treatment must be initiated by a physician.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |   |   |    |    |        |       |       |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------|----|
| 8373Q | Pack containing 3 tablets leflunomide 100 mg and 30 tablets leflunomide 20 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 207.57 | 34.20 | Arava | SW |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------|----|

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|----------|
| <b>LEFLUNOMIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Leflunomide is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy should be avoided for two years after cessation of therapy, unless special wash-out procedures are carried out.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>2644</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Treatment of severe active rheumatoid arthritis where other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (including methotrexate) are ineffective and/or inappropriate. Treatment must be initiated by a physician;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>2682</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis where other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (including methotrexate) are ineffective and/or inappropriate. Treatment must be initiated by a physician.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| 8374R   | Tablet 10 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 90.21                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Arabloc<br><sup>a</sup> Arava | AV<br>SW |
| 8375T   | Tablet 20 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 133.99                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Arabloc<br><sup>a</sup> Arava | AV<br>SW |
| <b>MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with mycophenolate mofetil and where therapy remains under the supervision and direction of the transplant unit reviewing that patient, of patients with:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| (a) renal transplants. The name of the specialised transplant unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review at the specialised transplant unit must be included in the authority application;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| (b) cardiac transplants. The name of the specialised transplant unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review at the specialised transplant unit must be included in the authority application.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| 8649F   | Capsule 250 mg  | 300         | 3           | ..      | *627.81                                  | 34.20  | CellCept                                   | RO       |
| 8650G   | Tablet 500 mg   | 150         | 3           | ..      | *627.81                                  | 34.20  | CellCept                                   | RO       |
| 8651H   | Powder for oral suspension 1 g per 5 mL, 165 mL         | ‡1          | 3           | ..      | #289.85                                  | 34.20  | CellCept                                   | RO       |
| <b>MYCOPHENOLATE SODIUM</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with mycophenolate sodium and where therapy remains under the supervision and direction of the transplant unit reviewing that patient, of patients with renal transplants. The name of the specialised transplant unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review at the specialised transplant unit must be included in the authority application. |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| 8652J   | Tablet (enteric coated) 180 mg (mycophenolic acid)      | 120         | 3           | ..      | 263.42                                   | 34.20  | Myfortic                                   | NV       |
| 8653K   | Tablet (enteric coated) 360 mg (mycophenolic acid)      | 120         | 3           | ..      | 503.53                                   | 34.20  | Myfortic                                   | NV       |
| <b>SIROLIMUS</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with sirolimus and where therapy remains under the supervision and direction of the transplant unit reviewing that patient, of patients with renal transplants. The name of the specialised transplant unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review at the specialised transplant unit must be included in the authority application.            |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |          |
| 8724E   | Tablet 1 mg   | 100         | 3           | ..      | 815.25                                   | 34.20  | Rapamune                                   | WX       |
| 8725F   | Oral solution 1 mg per mL, 60 mL                        | ‡1          | 3           | ..      | 529.74                                   | 34.20  | Rapamune                                   | WX       |
| 8833X   | Tablet 2 mg   | 100         | 3           | ..      | 1583.69                                  | 34.20  | Rapamune                                   | WX       |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### *Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-alpha) inhibitors*

#### **ADALIMUMAB**

##### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

##### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### **Note**

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|      | combinations of DMARDs.                                 |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

(i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or

(ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:

— elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

— shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and

(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and

(3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

Applications for treatment with adalimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 40 mg per fortnight will not be approved.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

(a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and

(b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and

(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).                                    |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Applications for treatment with adalimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 40 mg per fortnight will not be approved.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8737W  | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe            | 2           | 3           | ..      | 1774.36                                  | 34.20  | Humira AB                   |
| 9099X  | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen                | 2           | 3           | ..      | 1774.36                                  | 34.20  | Humira AB                   |

### ADALIMUMAB

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with adalimumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

— shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with adalimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. Applications for treatment with adalimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 40 mg per fortnight will not be approved.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 8741C | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |
| 9100Y | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen     | 2 | 5 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |

## **ADALIMUMAB**

### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

(4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (3) have failed to achieve an adequate response to:
  - (a) methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly for a minimum period of 3 months; and
  - (b) sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day for a minimum period of 3 months; or
  - (c) leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily for a minimum period of 3 months.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities, including severity, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be satisfied.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle and are eligible to receive further biological therapy; and
- (3) have not failed treatment with adalimumab during the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug within this same Cycle, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised biological therapy), patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

Applications for treatment with adalimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 40 mg per fortnight will not be approved.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 9033K | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 3 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |
| 9101B | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen     | 2 | 3 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |

### **ADALIMUMAB**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes,

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialled it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

### (4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

### (5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

#### **Authority required**

##### Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults:

- (1) who have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological agent for this condition in the current Treatment Cycle was with adalimumab; and
- (3) who, at the time of application, demonstrate an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab.

An adequate response to treatment with adalimumab is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <p>All applications for continuing treatment with adalimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with the initial treatment course.</p> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed since the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.<br/>Applications for treatment with adalimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 40 mg per fortnight will not be approved.</p> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9034L  | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe            | 2           | 5           | ..      | 1774.36                                  | 34.20  | Humira AB                   |
| 9102C  | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen                | 2           | 5           | ..      | 1774.36                                  | 34.20  | Humira AB                   |

### ADALIMUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab for adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 4 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 March 2007, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonists without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 March 2007 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 March 2007.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than once. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2007, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for ankylosing spondylitis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2007.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2010.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### (a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab, etanercept and golimumab and 18 weeks of treatment for infliximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the BASDAI), or the prior NSAID therapy and exercise program requirements.

A patient may trial an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

For a new patient, the BASDAI used to determine the baseline must be measured while the patient is receiving NSAID therapy and completing their exercise program.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with at least 1 NSAID, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP levels are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with golimumab for active ankylosing spondylitis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with golimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

#### Initial 1 (new patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with active ankylosing spondylitis who has radiographically (plain X-ray) confirmed Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis and who has not received any PBS-subsidised treatment with either adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab or infliximab in this treatment cycle; AND

(a) who has at least 2 of the following:

(i) low back pain and stiffness for 3 or more months that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; or

(ii) limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by a score of at least 1 on each of the lumbar flexion and lumbar side flexion measurements of the Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) [for further information on the BASMI please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; or

(iii) limitation of chest expansion relative to normal values for age and gender [for chest expansion normal values please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; AND

(b) who has failed to achieve an adequate response following treatment with at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), whilst completing an appropriate exercise program, for a total period of 3 months.

The application must include details of the NSAIDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment. If the NSAID dose is less than the maximum recommended dose in the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must include the reason a higher dose cannot be used.

If treatment with NSAIDs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must provide details of the contraindication.

If intolerance to NSAID treatment develops during the relevant period of use which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, the application must provide details of the nature and severity of this intolerance. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

For details on the appropriate minimum exercise program that will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction, please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated at the time of the initial application:

(a) a Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 4 on a 0-10 scale; AND

(b) an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 10 mg per L.

The BASDAI must be determined at the completion of the 3 month NSAID and exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI must be no more than 1 month old at the time of initial application.

Both ESR and CRP measures should be provided with the initial treatment application and both must be no more than 1 month old. If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

(a) a completed authority prescription form; and

(b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which must include the following:

(i) a copy of the radiological report confirming Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis; and

(ii) a completed BASDAI Assessment Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and

(iii) a completed Exercise Program Self Certification Form included in the supporting information form; and

(iv) a signed patient acknowledgment form.

The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be approved under this criterion.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who, in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment for this condition and is eligible to receive further TNF-alfa antagonist therapy, and has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab in the current treatment cycle.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy) the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. These assessments must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date the course was ceased. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be approved under this criterion.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

Applications for treatment with adalimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 40 mg per fortnight will not be approved.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 9077R | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 3 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |
| 9103D | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen     | 2 | 3 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |

## **ADALIMUMAB**

### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab for adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 4 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

From 1 March 2007, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonists without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 March 2007 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 March 2007.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than once. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2007, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for ankylosing spondylitis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2007.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab, etanercept and golimumab and 18 weeks of treatment for infliximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the BASDAI), or the prior NSAID therapy and exercise program requirements.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

A patient may trial an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

For a new patient, the BASDAI used to determine the baseline must be measured while the patient is receiving NSAID therapy and completing their exercise program.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with at least 1 NSAID, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP levels are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with golimumab for active ankylosing spondylitis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with golimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment for all patients

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who:

- (a) has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy in this treatment cycle was with adalimumab.

An adequate response is defined as an improvement from baseline of at least 2 of the BASDAI and 1 of the following:

- (a) an ESR measurement no greater than 25 mm per hour; or
- (b) a CRP measurement no greater than 10 mg per L; or
- (c) an ESR or CRP measurement reduced by at least 20% from baseline.

Where only 1 acute phase reactant measurement is supplied in the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment, that same marker must be measured and supplied in all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

All measurements provided must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <p>All applications for continuing treatment with adalimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment following an initial treatment course it must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with adalimumab. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.</p> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with adalimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.<br/>Applications for treatment with adalimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 40 mg per fortnight will not be approved.</p> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9078T   | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe            | 2           | 5           | ..      | 1774.36                                  | 34.20  | Humira AB                   |
| 9104E   | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen                | 2           | 5           | ..      | 1774.36                                  | 34.20  | Humira AB                   |

### ADALIMUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE REFRACTORY CROHN DISEASE

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and infliximab for adult patients with severe refractory Crohn disease. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 August 2008, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial each PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 August 2008 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 August 2008.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than twice.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2008.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### (a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and 14 weeks of therapy for infliximab.

From 1 August 2008, a patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Adalimumab only: Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats.

(b) Continuing treatment. Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap if eligible to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score, evidence of intestinal inflammation), or the prior corticosteroid therapy and immunosuppressive therapy.

A patient may trial the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug two times within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the CDAI or evidence of intestinal inflammation submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with a corticosteroid and at least 1 immunosuppressive agent, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the CDAI score or the indices of intestinal inflammation are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or infliximab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe refractory Crohn disease prior to 9 November 2007 or infliximab prior to 7 March 2007 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patients)

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with severe refractory Crohn disease who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (c) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic therapy including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and
  - (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:
    - azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) have a severity of disease activity which results in a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score greater than or equal to 300 as assessed.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

The most recent CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) two completed authority prescription forms; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) calculation sheet including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks treatment will be authorised under this criterion.

Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats. Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

treatment with adalimumab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

A CDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks therapy so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2

Change or re-commencement of treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab or adalimumab for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

To demonstrate a response to treatment the application must be accompanied by the results of the most recent course of TNF-alfa antagonist therapy within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under an initial treatment restriction, the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

If the response assessment to the previous course of TNF-alfa antagonist treatment is not submitted as detailed above, the patient will be deemed to have failed therapy with that particular course of TNF-alfa antagonist.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) two completed authority prescription forms; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) details of prior TNF alfa antagonist treatment including details of date and duration of treatment.

Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats. Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

A CDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks therapy so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome or an ostomy patient.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist, or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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- (b) has diagnostic imaging or surgical evidence of short gut syndrome or has an ileostomy or colostomy; and  
 (c) has evidence of intestinal inflammation; and  
 (d) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and  
 (e) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic drug therapy including:  
 (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and  
 (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:  
 — azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or  
 — 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or  
 — methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) have evidence of intestinal inflammation, including:  
 (i) blood: higher than normal platelet count, or, an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour, or, a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR  
 (ii) faeces: higher than normal lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR  
 (iii) diagnostic imaging: demonstration of increased uptake of intravenous contrast with thickening of the bowel wall or mesenteric lymphadenopathy or fat streaking in the mesentery;  
 AND/OR  
 (b) be assessed clinically as being in a high faecal output state;  
 AND/OR  
 (c) be assessed clinically as requiring surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN) as the next therapeutic option, in the absence of adalimumab.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Any one of the baseline criteria may be used to determine response to an initial course of treatment and eligibility for continued therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction. However, the same criterion must be used for any subsequent determination of response to treatment, for the purpose of eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised therapy.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) two completed authority prescription forms; and  
 (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:  
 (i) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and  
 (ii) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criterion, if relevant; and  
 (iii) date of the most recent clinical assessment; and  
 (iv) the signed patient acknowledgement.

All assessments, pathology tests and diagnostic imaging studies must be made within 1 month of the date of application.

A maximum of 16 weeks treatment will be authorised under this criterion.

Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats. Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks therapy so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2

Change or re-commencement of treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome, an ostomy patient or a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab or adalimumab for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

To demonstrate a response to treatment the application must be accompanied by the results of the most recent course of TNF-alfa antagonist therapy within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under an initial treatment restriction, the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

If the response assessment to the previous course of TNF-alfa antagonist treatment is not submitted as detailed above, the patient will be deemed to have failed therapy with that particular course of TNF-alfa antagonist.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) two completed authority prescription forms; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criteria, if relevant; and
  - (ii) details of prior TNF alfa antagonist treatment including details of date and duration of treatment.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be approved under this criterion.

Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats. Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with severe refractory Crohn disease who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has extensive small intestinal disease with radiological evidence of intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic therapy including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and
  - (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:
    - azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

(a) have severity of disease activity which results in a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score greater than or equal to 220;

AND/OR

(b) have evidence of active intestinal inflammation, including:

(i) blood: higher than normal platelet count, or, an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour, or, a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR

(ii) faeces: higher than normal lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR

(iii) diagnostic imaging: demonstration of increased uptake of intravenous contrast with thickening of the bowel wall or mesenteric lymphadenopathy or fat streaking in the mesentery;

AND/OR

(c) be assessed clinically as being in a high faecal output state;

AND/OR

(d) be assessed clinically as requiring surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN) as the next therapeutic option, in the absence of adalimumab.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Any one of the baseline criteria may be used to determine response to an initial course of treatment and eligibility for continued therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction. However, the same criterion must be used for any subsequent determination of response to treatment, for the purpose of eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised therapy.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

(a) two completed authority prescription forms; and

(b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:

(i) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and

(ii) (1) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criterion, if relevant; or

(2) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) calculation sheet including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition, if relevant; and

(iii) date of the most recent clinical assessment; and

(iv) the signed patient acknowledgement.

All assessments, pathology tests and diagnostic imaging studies must be made within 1 month of the date of application.

A maximum of 16 weeks treatment of adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats. Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy after the first dose so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |   |   |    |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 9186L | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe, 6 | 1 | .. | .. | 5036.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |
| 9187M | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen, 6     | 1 | .. | .. | 5036.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |    |
|       |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |    |
| 9188N | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe            | 2           | 2           | ..      | 1774.36         | 34.20                                 | Humira                      | AB |
| 9190Q | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen                | 2           | 2           | ..      | 1774.36         | 34.20                                 | Humira                      | AB |

### ADALIMUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE REFRACTORY CROHN DISEASE

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and infliximab for adult patients with severe refractory Crohn disease. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 August 2008, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial each PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 August 2008 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 August 2008.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than twice.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2008.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and 14 weeks of therapy for infliximab.

From 1 August 2008, a patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Adalimumab only: Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats.

(b) Continuing treatment. Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap if eligible to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score, evidence of intestinal inflammation), or the prior corticosteroid therapy and immunosuppressive therapy.

A patient may trial the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug two times within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the CDAI or evidence of intestinal inflammation submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with a corticosteroid and at least 1 immunosuppressive agent, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the CDAI score or the indices of intestinal inflammation are measured.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or infliximab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe refractory Crohn disease prior to 9 November 2007 or infliximab prior to 7 March 2007 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 (grandfather)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab.

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with adalimumab prior to 9 November 2007; and
- (b) had a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score of greater than or equal to 300 prior to commencing treatment with adalimumab. Where a baseline CDAI assessment is not available, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab. For advice please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to adalimumab treatment is defined as a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and baseline Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

The current CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. The baseline CDAI assessment must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with adalimumab.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with adalimumab.

A maximum of 24 weeks treatment will be approved under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to adalimumab treatment is defined as a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to a level no greater than 150.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

(i) the completed Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, a CDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with adalimumab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing adalimumab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

A maximum of 24 weeks treatment will be authorised under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome or an ostomy patient.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease with intestinal inflammation and with short gut syndrome or with an ileostomy or colostomy; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to adalimumab treatment is defined as:

- (a) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
- (b) reversal of high faecal output state; or
- (c) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) used to assess response to therapy or the date of clinical assessment.

The patient's assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, an assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy after the first dose so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with adalimumab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing adalimumab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist, or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease with extensive intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to adalimumab treatment is defined as:

- (a) a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150; or
- (b) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
- (c) reversal of high faecal output state; or
- (d) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; or
  - (ii) the reports and dates of the pathology test or diagnostic imaging test(s) used to assess response to therapy; or
  - (iii) the date of clinical assessment.

All assessments must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, an assessment of the patient's response must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with adalimumab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing adalimumab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

A maximum of 24 weeks treatment will be authorised under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial 3

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome, an ostomy patient, or a patient with extensive small intestine disease, who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab.

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with adalimumab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with adalimumab prior to 9 November 2007; and
- (b) (1) has a history of extensive small intestinal disease with radiological evidence of intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
- (2) has diagnostic imaging or surgical evidence of short gut syndrome or has an ileostomy or colostomy with a documented history of intestinal inflammation; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab according to the criteria included in the relevant continuation restriction. For advice please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

The same criteria used to determine an inadequate response to prior treatment at baseline must be used to determine response to treatment and eligibility for continuing therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction.

An adequate response to adalimumab treatment is defined as:

- (a) a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150; or
- (b) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
- (c) reversal of high faecal output state; or
- (d) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) (1) the completed current and baseline Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet, where relevant, including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; or
  - (2) the reports and dates of the current and baseline pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) in order to assess response to therapy; or
  - (3) the date of clinical assessment(s); and
  - (ii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

The patient's assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. The baseline CDAI assessments must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with adalimumab. Where a baseline assessment is not available, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with adalimumab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing adalimumab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients who fail to demonstrate or sustain a response to treatment with adalimumab for Crohn disease as specified in the criteria for continuing treatment with adalimumab, will not be eligible to recommence PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

A maximum of 24 weeks treatment will be authorised under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of this application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 9189P | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |
| 9191R | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen     | 2 | 5 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |

## **ADALIMUMAB**

### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001;

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC PLAQUE PSORIASIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab, for adult patients with severe chronic plaque psoriasis. Therefore, where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab.

From 1 March 2010, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab without having to meet the initial treatment criteria, that is they will not need to experience a disease flare when swapping to an alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis prior to 1 March 2010 is considered to be in their first Cycle as of 1 March 2010.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 biological agent at any 1 time.

Within the same Treatment Cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for a PBS-subsidised biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2010, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2010.

Patients must be assessed for response to each course of continuing treatment according to the criteria included in the relevant continuing treatment restriction.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a Treatment Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological agent therapy before they are eligible to commence the next Cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Treatment Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years duration has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe chronic plaque psoriasis after 1 March 2010.

There are separate restrictions for both the initial and continuing treatment for psoriasis affecting the whole body, versus psoriasis affecting the face, hands and feet.

(1) Application for approval for initial treatment.

Applications for a course of initial treatment should be made in the following situations:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under '(4) Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) patients who wish to re-commence treatment following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment in the case of adalimumab and etanercept, 22 weeks of treatment in the case of infliximab and 28 weeks of treatment in the case of ustekinumab.

(2) Assessment of response to initial treatment.

When prescribing initial treatment with a biological agent, a PASI assessment must be conducted after at least 12 weeks of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of the completion of this initial treatment course. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

(3) Application for continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course of a biological agent to which an adequate response has been demonstrated, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that biological agent. Patients are eligible to continue to receive continuous

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
|      | treatment with 24 week courses providing they continue to sustain a response. |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to sustain a response to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

#### (4) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate agent within the same Treatment Cycle without having to requalify with respect to disease severity (i.e. a PASI score of greater than 15), or prior treatment requirements.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

Patients may trial an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy with a biological agent at the time of the application or not. However, they cannot swap to a particular agent if they have failed to respond to treatment with that particular agent within the same Cycle.

Patients who commenced treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 June 2009 or ustekinumab prior to 1 March 2010 access these interchangeability arrangements in the same way as patients who have not.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the agent being ceased.

#### (5) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated, based on the baseline PASI assessment submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a Treatment Cycle and subsequent response will be assessed according to this revised PASI score.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same body area assessed at the baseline PASI assessment must be assessed for demonstration of response to treatment for the purposes of all continuing treatment applications.

#### (6) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent Biological Treatment Cycle, following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment according to the criteria of the relevant restriction and index of disease severity. Patients must have had at least 1 prior treatment, as listed in the criteria, for a minimum of 6 weeks, and must have a PASI assessment conducted preferably whilst still on treatment, but no later than 1 month following cessation of treatment. The PASI assessment must be no older than 1 month at the time of application.

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Whole body (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (whole body); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) A current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- (c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 4 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 16 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Whole body (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence adalimumab treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 4 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 16 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### Authority required

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Face, hand, foot (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (face, hand, foot); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) Chronic plaque psoriasis classified as severe due to a plaque or plaques on the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot where:
  - (i) at least 2 of the 3 Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; or
  - (ii) the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- (c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 4 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 16 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Face, hand, foot (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence adalimumab treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 4 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 16 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 9425C | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 4 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |
| 9426D | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen     | 2 | 4 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |

## **ADALIMUMAB**

### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001;

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC PLAQUE PSORIASIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab, for adult patients with severe chronic plaque psoriasis. Therefore, where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab.

From 1 March 2010, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab without having to meet the initial treatment criteria, that is they will not need to experience a disease flare when swapping to an alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis prior to 1 March 2010 is considered to be in their first Cycle as of 1 March 2010.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 biological agent at any 1 time.

Within the same Treatment Cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for a PBS-subsidised biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2010, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2010.

Patients must be assessed for response to each course of continuing treatment according to the criteria included in the relevant continuing treatment restriction.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a Treatment Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological agent therapy before they are eligible to commence the next Cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Treatment Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years duration has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe chronic plaque psoriasis after 1 March 2010.

There are separate restrictions for both the initial and continuing treatment for psoriasis affecting the whole body, versus psoriasis affecting the face, hands and feet.

(1) Application for approval for initial treatment.

Applications for a course of initial treatment should be made in the following situations:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under '(4) Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) patients who wish to re-commence treatment following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment in the case of adalimumab and etanercept, 22 weeks of treatment in the case of infliximab and 28 weeks of treatment in the case of ustekinumab.

(2) Assessment of response to initial treatment.

When prescribing initial treatment with a biological agent, a PASI assessment must be conducted after at least 12 weeks of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of the completion of this initial treatment course. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

(3) Application for continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course of a biological agent to which an adequate response has been demonstrated, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that biological agent. Patients are eligible to continue to receive continuous

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
|      | treatment with 24 week courses providing they continue to sustain a response. |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to sustain a response to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

#### (4) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate agent within the same Treatment Cycle without having to requalify with respect to disease severity (i.e. a PASI score of greater than 15), or prior treatment requirements.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

Patients may trial an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy with a biological agent at the time of the application or not. However, they cannot swap to a particular agent if they have failed to respond to treatment with that particular agent within the same Cycle.

Patients who commenced treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 June 2009 or ustekinumab prior to 1 March 2010 access these interchangeability arrangements in the same way as patients who have not.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the agent being ceased.

#### (5) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated, based on the baseline PASI assessment submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a Treatment Cycle and subsequent response will be assessed according to this revised PASI score.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same body area assessed at the baseline PASI assessment must be assessed for demonstration of response to treatment for the purposes of all continuing treatment applications.

#### (6) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent Biological Treatment Cycle, following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment according to the criteria of the relevant restriction and index of disease severity. Patients must have had at least 1 prior treatment, as listed in the criteria, for a minimum of 6 weeks, and must have a PASI assessment conducted preferably whilst still on treatment, but no later than 1 month following cessation of treatment. The PASI assessment must be no older than 1 month at the time of application.

#### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Whole body)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with adalimumab; and
- (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to their most recent course of treatment with adalimumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-biological treatment baseline value for this Treatment Cycle.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Approval will be based on the PASI assessment of response to the most recent course of treatment with adalimumab.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for further continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Face, hand, foot)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with adalimumab; and
- (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab.

An adequate response to adalimumab treatment is defined as the plaque or plaques assessed prior to biological treatment showing:

- (i) a reduction in the Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline values; or
- (ii) a reduction by 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline value.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet and face, hand, foot area diagrams along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for further continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area assessed at baseline.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|  |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
| the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle. |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| 9427E  | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe            | 2           | 5           | ..      | 1774.36               | 34.20                                       | Humira AB                   |
| 9428F  | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen                | 2           | 5           | ..      | 1774.36               | 34.20                                       | Humira AB                   |

### ADALIMUMAB

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH A HISTORY OF JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient over 18 years who has a history of juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any one time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5 year break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle. The length of the break in therapy is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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(iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment.

A patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count and ESR/CRP) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient recommencing after a break of more than 12 months).

Initial treatment, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of a patient aged 18 years or older who:

- (a) has a documented history of juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years; AND
- (b) has received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) has failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg per day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialed, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|       | determine response.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <p>The authority application must be made in writing and must include:</p> <p>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and</p> <p>(2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)]; and</p> <p>(3) a signed patient acknowledgement.</p> <p>A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment.</p> <p>Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.</p> <p>If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.</p> <p><b>Authority required</b></p> <p>Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months).</p> <p>Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of a patient aged 18 years or older who:</p> <p>(a) has a documented history of juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years; AND</p> <p>(b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition; and</p> <p>(c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.</p> <p>The authority application must be made in writing and must include:</p> <p>(a) a completed authority prescription form; and</p> <p>(b) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)].</p> <p>Applications for a patient who has received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab in this treatment cycle and who wishes to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.</p> <p>A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, the patient must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.</p> <p>Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, the patient must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.</p> <p>Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to that particular course of bDMARD.</p> <p>If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.</p> |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 5281Y | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe   | 2           | 3           | ..      | 1774.36                                  | 34.20  | Humira AB                   |
| 5282B | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen   | 2           | 3           | ..      | 1774.36                                  | 34.20  | Humira AB                   |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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### ADALIMUMAB

#### Note

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#### Note

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH A HISTORY OF JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient over 18 years who has a history of juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any one time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5 year break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle. The length of the break in therapy is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment.

A patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count and ESR/CRP) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 ('grandfather' patients).

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of a patient aged 18 years or older who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years; and
- (b) was receiving treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 March 2010; and
- (c) has demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with adalimumab at the time of application.

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The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be approved under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

The same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with a bDMARD must be used for assessment of all continuing applications.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

A patient may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of a patient aged 18 years or older:

- (a) who has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years; and
- (b) who has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with adalimumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;

AND either of the following:

- (i) an active joint count of fewer than 10 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline; or
- (iii) a reduction in the number of the following active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with adalimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 5283C | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |
| 5284D | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen     | 2 | 5 | .. | 1774.36 | 34.20 | Humira | AB |

### **CERTOLIZUMAB PEGOL**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe certolizumab pegol may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Further prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe certolizumab pegol should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

### **Note**

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code                      | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|                           |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
| Australia within 4 weeks. |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L;  
AND either

(i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or

(ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:

— elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

— shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and

(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and

(3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 18 to 20 weeks of treatment depending on the dosage regimen will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 18 or 20 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with certolizumab pegol.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with certolizumab pegol under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

(a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and

(b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and

(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised certolizumab pegol treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 18 to 20 weeks of treatment depending on the dosage regimen will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 18 or 20 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised certolizumab pegol treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised certolizumab pegol treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with certolizumab pegol under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 ('grandfather' patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with certolizumab pegol, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of an adult who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) was receiving treatment with certolizumab pegol prior to 1 March 2010; and
- (c) has demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with certolizumab pegol at the time of application.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

The same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with a bDMARD must be used for assessment of all continuing applications.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol will be approved under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with certolizumab pegol under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with certolizumab pegol; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with certolizumab pegol.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;  
AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with certolizumab pegol must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with certolizumab pegol, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
| 3425G | Injection 200 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringe  | 2           | 5           | ..      | 1708.64               | 34.20                                       | Cimzia UC                   |

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with certolizumab pegol under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

### **ETANERCEPT**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or

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(iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course

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|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### Note

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### Authority required

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment, within the timeframes

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specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |   |    |          |       |        |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|----------|-------|--------|----|
| 8637N | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL | 2 | 3 | .. | *1829.00 | 34.20 | Enbrel | WX |
| 9089J | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4   | 1 | 3 | .. | 1774.37  | 34.20 | Enbrel | WX |
| 9459W | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4  | 1 | 3 | .. | 1774.37  | 34.20 | Enbrel | WX |

## **ETANERCEPT**

### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

### **Note**

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

— a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,

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— a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and  
 — once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

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(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### Note

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### Authority required

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with etanercept; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with etanercept.

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| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | <p>An adequate response to treatment is defined as:<br/>           an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;<br/>           AND either of the following:<br/>           (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or<br/>           (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:<br/>           — elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or<br/>           — shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).</p> <p>The authority application must be made in writing and must include:<br/>           (1) a completed authority prescription form; and<br/>           (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)].</p> <p>A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>All applications for continuing treatment with etanercept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.</p> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>           No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>           Special Pricing Arrangements apply.</p> |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8638P | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL  | 2           | 5           | ..      | *1829.00                                 | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |
| 9090K | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |
| 9460X | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |

### ETANERCEPT

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001

#### **Note**

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle,

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

(4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

### **Authority required**

#### **Initial 1**

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (3) have failed to achieve an adequate response to:
  - (a) methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly for a minimum period of 3 months; and
  - (b) sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day for a minimum period of 3 months; or
  - (c) leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily for a minimum period of 3 months.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities, including severity, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be satisfied.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <p>A maximum of 16 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.</p> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.</p> <p><b>Authority required</b><br/>Initial 2<br/>Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and</li> <li>(2) have received prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle and are eligible to receive further biological therapy; and</li> <li>(3) have not failed treatment with etanercept during the current Treatment Cycle.</li> </ol> <p>Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug within this same Cycle, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment, within the timeframes specified below.</p> <p>A maximum of 16 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised biological therapy), patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.</p> <p>Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.</p> <p>The authority application must be made in writing and must include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and</li> <li>(2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)].</li> </ol> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.</p> |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <p><b>Note</b><br/>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.</p>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9035M  | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL | 2           | 3           | ..      | *1829.00                                 | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 9087G  | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4   | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 9457R  | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4  | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |

### ETANERCEPT

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

#### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |  |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
|      | same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent. |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

### (4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

### (5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

### **Authority required**

#### Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults:

- (1) who have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological agent for this condition in the current Treatment Cycle was with etanercept; and
- (3) who, at the time of application, demonstrate an adequate response to treatment with etanercept.

An adequate response to treatment with etanercept is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with etanercept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with the initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |  |   |   |    |          |       |        |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|----------|-------|--------|----|
| 9036N | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL | 2 | 5 | .. | *1829.00 | 34.20 | Enbrel | WX |
| 9088H | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4   | 1 | 5 | .. | 1774.37  | 34.20 | Enbrel | WX |
| 9458T | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4  | 1 | 5 | .. | 1774.37  | 34.20 | Enbrel | WX |

### **ETANERCEPT**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### **Note**

##### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab for adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 4 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 March 2007, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonists without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 March 2007 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 March 2007.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than once. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2007, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for ankylosing spondylitis with the same

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|      | agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2007. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab, etanercept and golimumab and 18 weeks of treatment for infliximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the BASDAI), or the prior NSAID therapy and exercise program requirements.

A patient may trial an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

For a new patient, the BASDAI used to determine the baseline must be measured while the patient is receiving NSAID therapy and completing their exercise program.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with at least 1 NSAID, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP levels are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with golimumab for active ankylosing spondylitis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with golimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

#### **Initial 1 (new patients)**

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with active ankylosing spondylitis who has radiographically (plain X-ray) confirmed Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis and who has not received any PBS-subsidised treatment with either adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab or infliximab in this treatment cycle; AND

(a) who has at least 2 of the following:

(i) low back pain and stiffness for 3 or more months that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; or

(ii) limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by a score of at least 1 on each of the lumbar flexion and lumbar side flexion measurements of the Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) [for further information on the BASMI please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; or

(iii) limitation of chest expansion relative to normal values for age and gender [for chest expansion normal values please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; AND

(b) who has failed to achieve an adequate response following treatment with at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), whilst completing an appropriate exercise program, for a total period of 3 months.

The application must include details of the NSAIDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment. If the NSAID dose is less than the maximum recommended dose in the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must include the reason a higher dose cannot be used.

If treatment with NSAIDs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must provide details of the contraindication.

If intolerance to NSAID treatment develops during the relevant period of use which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, the application must provide details of the nature and severity of this intolerance. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

For details on the appropriate minimum exercise program that will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction, please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated at the time of the initial application:

(a) a Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 4 on a 0-10 scale; AND

(b) an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 10 mg per L.

The BASDAI must be determined at the completion of the 3 month NSAID and exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI must be no more than 1 month old at the time of initial application.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|       | Both ESR and CRP measures should be provided with the initial treatment application and both must be no more than 1 month old. If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [ <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> ] which must include the following:   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (i) a copy of the radiological report confirming Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis; and  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (ii) a completed BASDAI Assessment Form [ <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> ]; and   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (iii) a completed Exercise Program Self Certification Form included in the supporting information form; and   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (iv) a signed patient acknowledgment form.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be approved under this criterion.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | <b>Authority required</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Initial 2 (change or re-commencement for all patients)  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who, in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment for this condition and is eligible to receive further TNF-alfa antagonist therapy, and has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with etanercept in the current treatment cycle.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy) the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. These assessments must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date the course was ceased. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [ <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> ].  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be approved under this criterion.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|       | No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8778B | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL  | 2           | 3           | ..      | *1829.00                                 | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 9085E | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4  | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 9455P | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4   | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### ETANERCEPT

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab for adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 4 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 March 2007, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonists without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 March 2007 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 March 2007.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than once. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2007, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for ankylosing spondylitis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2007.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab, etanercept and golimumab and 18 weeks of treatment for infliximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the BASDAI), or the prior NSAID therapy and exercise program requirements.

A patient may trial an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

For a new patient, the BASDAI used to determine the baseline must be measured while the patient is receiving NSAID therapy and completing their exercise program.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with at least 1 NSAID, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP levels are measured.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with golimumab for active ankylosing spondylitis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with golimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment for all patients  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who:  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (a) has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with etanercept; and  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy in this treatment cycle was with etanercept.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| An adequate response is defined as an improvement from baseline of at least 2 of the BASDAI and 1 of the following:  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (a) an ESR measurement no greater than 25 mm per hour; or  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (b) a CRP measurement no greater than 10 mg per L; or  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (c) an ESR or CRP measurement reduced by at least 20% from baseline.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Where only 1 acute phase reactant measurement is supplied in the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment, that same marker must be measured and supplied in all subsequent continuing treatment applications.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (a) a completed authority prescription form; and   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [ <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> ].   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| All measurements provided must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be authorised under this criterion.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| All applications for continuing treatment with etanercept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment following an initial treatment course it must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with etanercept. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with etanercept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8779C  | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL | 2           | 5           | ..      | *1829.00                                 | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 9086F  | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 9456Q  | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |

### ETANERCEPT

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC PLAQUE PSORIASIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab, for adult patients with severe chronic plaque psoriasis. Therefore, where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

From 1 March 2010, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab without having to meet the initial treatment criteria, that is they will not need to experience a disease flare when swapping to an alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis prior to 1 March 2010 is considered to be in their first Cycle as of 1 March 2010.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 biological agent at any 1 time.

Within the same Treatment Cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for a PBS-subsidised biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2010, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2010.

Patients must be assessed for response to each course of continuing treatment according to the criteria included in the relevant continuing treatment restriction.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a Treatment Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological agent therapy before they are eligible to commence the next Cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Treatment Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years duration has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe chronic plaque psoriasis after 1 March 2010.

There are separate restrictions for both the initial and continuing treatment for psoriasis affecting the whole body, versus psoriasis affecting the face, hands and feet.

### (1) Application for approval for initial treatment.

Applications for a course of initial treatment should be made in the following situations:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under '(4) Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) patients who wish to re-commence treatment following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment in the case of adalimumab and etanercept, 22 weeks of treatment in the case of infliximab and 28 weeks of treatment in the case of ustekinumab.

### (2) Assessment of response to initial treatment.

When prescribing initial treatment with a biological agent, a PASI assessment must be conducted after at least 12 weeks of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of the completion of this initial treatment course. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

### (3) Application for continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course of a biological agent to which an adequate response has been demonstrated, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that biological agent. Patients are eligible to continue to receive continuous treatment with 24 week courses providing they continue to sustain a response.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to sustain a

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

response to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

#### (4) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate agent within the same Treatment Cycle without having to requalify with respect to disease severity (i.e. a PASI score of greater than 15), or prior treatment requirements.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

Patients may trial an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy with a biological agent at the time of the application or not. However, they cannot swap to a particular agent if they have failed to respond to treatment with that particular agent within the same Cycle.

Patients who commenced treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 June 2009 or ustekinumab prior to 1 March 2010 access these interchangeability arrangements in the same way as patients who have not.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the agent being ceased.

#### (5) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated, based on the baseline PASI assessment submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a Treatment Cycle and subsequent response will be assessed according to this revised PASI score.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same body area assessed at the baseline PASI assessment must be assessed for demonstration of response to treatment for the purposes of all continuing treatment applications.

#### (6) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent Biological Treatment Cycle, following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment according to the criteria of the relevant restriction and index of disease severity. Patients must have had at least 1 prior treatment, as listed in the criteria, for a minimum of 6 weeks, and must have a PASI assessment conducted preferably whilst still on treatment, but no later than 1 month following cessation of treatment. The PASI assessment must be no older than 1 month at the time of application.

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Whole body (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (whole body); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) A current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

(c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 16 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment.

### Authority required

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Whole body (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with etanercept for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence etanercept treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 16 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Face, hand, foot (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (face, hand, foot); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) Chronic plaque psoriasis classified as severe due to a plaque or plaques on the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot where:
  - (i) at least 2 of the 3 Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; or
  - (ii) the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- (c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 16 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Face, hand, foot (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with etanercept for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <p>Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:</p> <p>(a) a completed authority prescription form; and</p> <p>(b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)] which includes the following:</p> <p>(i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)]; and</p> <p>(ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.</p> <p>Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence etanercept treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.</p> <p>A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 16 weeks.</p> <p>A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.</p> <p>It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment.</p> <p>The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.</p> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.</p> |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9037P  | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL | 2           | 3           | ..      | *1829.00                                 | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |
| 9091L  | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4   | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |
| 9461Y  | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4  | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |

### ETANERCEPT

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC PLAQUE PSORIASIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab, for adult patients with severe chronic plaque psoriasis. Therefore, where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab.

From 1 March 2010, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab without having to meet the initial treatment criteria, that is they will not need to experience a disease flare when swapping to an alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis prior to 1 March 2010 is considered to be in their first Cycle as of 1 March 2010.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 biological agent at any 1 time.

Within the same Treatment Cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for a PBS-subsidised biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2010, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2010.

Patients must be assessed for response to each course of continuing treatment according to the criteria included in the relevant continuing treatment restriction.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a Treatment Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological agent therapy before they are eligible to commence the next Cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Treatment Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years duration has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe chronic plaque psoriasis after 1 March 2010.

There are separate restrictions for both the initial and continuing treatment for psoriasis affecting the whole body, versus psoriasis affecting the face, hands and feet.

(1) Application for approval for initial treatment.

Applications for a course of initial treatment should be made in the following situations:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under '(4) Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) patients who wish to re-commence treatment following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment in the case of adalimumab and etanercept, 22 weeks of treatment in the case of infliximab and 28 weeks of treatment in the case of ustekinumab.

(2) Assessment of response to initial treatment.

When prescribing initial treatment with a biological agent, a PASI assessment must be conducted after at least 12 weeks of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of the completion of this initial treatment course. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

(3) Application for continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course of a biological agent to which an adequate response has been demonstrated, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that biological agent. Patients are eligible to continue to receive continuous

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
|      | treatment with 24 week courses providing they continue to sustain a response. |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to sustain a response to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

#### (4) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate agent within the same Treatment Cycle without having to requalify with respect to disease severity (i.e. a PASI score of greater than 15), or prior treatment requirements.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

Patients may trial an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy with a biological agent at the time of the application or not. However, they cannot swap to a particular agent if they have failed to respond to treatment with that particular agent within the same Cycle.

Patients who commenced treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 June 2009 or ustekinumab prior to 1 March 2010 access these interchangeability arrangements in the same way as patients who have not.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the agent being ceased.

#### (5) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated, based on the baseline PASI assessment submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a Treatment Cycle and subsequent response will be assessed according to this revised PASI score.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same body area assessed at the baseline PASI assessment must be assessed for demonstration of response to treatment for the purposes of all continuing treatment applications.

#### (6) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent Biological Treatment Cycle, following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment according to the criteria of the relevant restriction and index of disease severity. Patients must have had at least 1 prior treatment, as listed in the criteria, for a minimum of 6 weeks, and must have a PASI assessment conducted preferably whilst still on treatment, but no later than 1 month following cessation of treatment. The PASI assessment must be no older than 1 month at the time of application.

#### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Whole body)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with etanercept; and
- (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to their most recent course of treatment with etanercept.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-biological treatment baseline value for this Treatment Cycle.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
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The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Approval will be based on the PASI assessment of response to the most recent course of treatment with etanercept.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Face, hand, foot)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with etanercept; and
- (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with etanercept.

An adequate response to etanercept treatment is defined as the plaque or plaques assessed prior to biological treatment showing:

- (i) a reduction in the Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline values; or
- (ii) a reduction by 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline value.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet and face, hand, foot area diagrams along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with etanercept will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area assessed at baseline.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9429G | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *1829.00                                 | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |
| 9431J | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |
| 9462B | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel WX                   |

### ETANERCEPT

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH A HISTORY OF JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient over 18 years who has a history of juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any one time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5 year break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle. The length of the break in therapy is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment.

A patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count and ESR/CRP) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient recommencing after a break of more than 12 months).

Initial treatment, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of a patient aged 18 years or older who:

- (a) has a documented history of juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years; AND
- (b) has received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) has failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg per day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialed, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | satisfied.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <p>Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.</p> <p>The authority application must be made in writing and must include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and</li> <li>(2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)]; and</li> <li>(3) a signed patient acknowledgement.</li> </ol> <p>A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment.</p> <p>Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept.</p> <p>If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.</p> <p><b>Authority required</b></p> <p>Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months).</p> <p>Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of a patient aged 18 years or older who:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) has a documented history of juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years; AND</li> <li>(b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition; and</li> <li>(c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with etanercept for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.</li> </ol> <p>The authority application must be made in writing and must include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a completed authority prescription form; and</li> <li>(b) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)].</li> </ol> <p>Applications for a patient who has received PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept in this treatment cycle and who wishes to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment, within the timeframes specified below.</p> <p>A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial authority application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, the patient must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.</p> <p>Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, the patient must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.</p> <p>Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to that particular course of bDMARD.</p> <p>If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.</p> |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 3445H | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes   | 2           | 3           | ..      | *1829.00                                 | 34.20  | Enbrel<br>WX                |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |    |
| 3446J | solvent 1 mL<br>Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled<br>syringes, 4 | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1774.37               | 34.20                                       | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 3447K | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector,<br>4                        | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1774.37               | 34.20                                       | Enbrel                      | WX |

### ETANERCEPT

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH A HISTORY OF JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient over 18 years who has a history of juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any one time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5 year break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle. The length of the break in therapy is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment.

A patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count and ESR/CRP) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of a patient aged 18 years or older:   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (a) who has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis with onset prior to the age of 18 years; and   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (b) who has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with etanercept; and  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with etanercept.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| An adequate response to treatment is defined as:   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| AND either of the following:   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (i) an active joint count of fewer than 10 active (swollen and tender) joints; or  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (ii) a reduction in the active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline; or  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (iii) a reduction in the number of the following active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| — elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| — shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| The authority application must be made in writing and must include:  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (1) a completed authority prescription form; and   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ( <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> )].  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| All applications for continuing treatment with etanercept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in the last treatment cycle and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.                       |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3448L  | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL | 2           | 5           | ..      | *1829.00                                 | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 3449M  | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |
| 3450N  | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1774.37                                  | 34.20  | Enbrel                      | WX |

### GOLIMUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe golimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe golimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### Authority required

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <p>The authority application must be made in writing and must include:</p> <p>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and</p> <p>(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)]; and</p> <p>(3) a signed patient acknowledgement.</p> <p>A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with golimumab.</p> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.</p> <p><b>Authority required</b><br/>Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)</p> <p>Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:</p> <p>(a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and</p> <p>(b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.</p> <p>The authority application must be made in writing and must include:</p> <p>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and</p> <p>(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (<a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a>)].</p> <p>Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised golimumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.</p> <p>A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p>Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised golimumab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.</p> <p>Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised golimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.</p> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.</p> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3426H  | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1777.29                                  | 34.20  | Simponi                     | SH |
| 3427J  | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled pen     | 1           | 3           | ..      | 1777.29                                  | 34.20  | Simponi                     | SH |

### GOLIMUMAB

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe golimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe golimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### Note

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 ('grandfather' patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with golimumab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of an adult who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) was receiving treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010; and
- (c) has demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with golimumab at the time of application.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

The same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with a bDMARD must be used for assessment of all continuing applications.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be approved under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with golimumab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with golimumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with golimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with golimumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 3428K | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 1 | 5 | .. | 1777.29 | 34.20 | Simponi | SH |
| 3429L | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled pen     | 1 | 5 | .. | 1777.29 | 34.20 | Simponi | SH |

### **GOLIMUMAB**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe golimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe golimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

(4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (3) have failed to achieve an adequate response to:
  - (a) methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly for a minimum period of 3 months; and
  - (b) sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day for a minimum period of 3 months; or
  - (c) leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily for a minimum period of 3 months.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities, including severity, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be satisfied.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial golimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle and are eligible to receive further biological therapy; and
- (3) have not failed treatment with golimumab during the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug within this same Cycle, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised golimumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised golimumab treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised biological therapy), patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised golimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial golimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. Applications for treatment with golimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 50 mg every 4 weeks will not be approved.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 3430M | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 1 | 3 | .. | 1777.29 | 34.20 | Simponi | SH |
| 3431N | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled pen     | 1 | 3 | .. | 1777.29 | 34.20 | Simponi | SH |

### **GOLIMUMAB**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe golimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe golimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

### (4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

### (5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

#### **Authority required**

Initial 3 — grandfather golimumab patients

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with golimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) were receiving treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010; and
- (3) have demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab; and
- (4) are receiving treatment with golimumab at the time of application.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial golimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

#### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
|       | arthritis, of adults:<br>(1) who have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and<br>(2) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological agent for this condition in the current Treatment Cycle was with golimumab; and<br>(3) who, at the time of application, demonstrate an adequate response to treatment with golimumab.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | An adequate response to treatment with golimumab is defined as:<br>an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND<br>either of the following:<br>(i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or<br>(ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:<br>— elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or<br>— shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth). |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | The authority application must be made in writing and must include:<br>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and<br>(2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ( <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> )].  |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | All applications for continuing treatment with golimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with golimumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with the initial treatment course.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial golimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. Applications for treatment with golimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 50 mg every 4 weeks will not be approved.   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| 3432P | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1777.29               | 34.20                                       | Simponi SH                  |
| 3433Q | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled pen   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1777.29               | 34.20                                       | Simponi SH                  |

### GOLIMUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe golimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe golimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

##### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab for adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 4 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 March 2007, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

antagonists without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 March 2007 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 March 2007.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than once. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2007, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for ankylosing spondylitis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2007.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab, etanercept and golimumab and 18 weeks of treatment for infliximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the BASDAI), or the prior NSAID therapy and exercise program requirements.

A patient may trial an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

For a new patient, the BASDAI used to determine the baseline must be measured while the patient is receiving NSAID therapy and completing their exercise program.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with at least 1 NSAID, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP levels are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with golimumab for active ankylosing spondylitis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with golimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with active ankylosing spondylitis who has radiographically (plain X-ray) confirmed Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis and who has not received any PBS-subsidised treatment with either adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab or infliximab in this treatment cycle; AND

(a) who has at least 2 of the following:

- (i) low back pain and stiffness for 3 or more months that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; or
- (ii) limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by a score of at least 1 on each of the lumbar flexion and lumbar side flexion measurements of the Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) [for further information on the BASMI please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; or
- (iii) limitation of chest expansion relative to normal values for age and gender [for chest expansion normal values please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; AND

(b) who has failed to achieve an adequate response following treatment with at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), whilst completing an appropriate exercise program, for a total period of 3 months.

The application must include details of the NSAIDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment. If the NSAID dose is less than the maximum recommended dose in the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must include the reason a higher dose cannot be used.

If treatment with NSAIDs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must provide details of the contraindication.

If intolerance to NSAID treatment develops during the relevant period of use which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, the application must provide details of the nature and severity of this intolerance. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

For details on the appropriate minimum exercise program that will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction, please refer to the

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|      | Medicare Australia website at <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> . |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated at the time of the initial application:

- (a) a Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 4 on a 0-10 scale; AND
- (b) an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 10 mg per L.

The BASDAI must be determined at the completion of the 3 month NSAID and exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI must be no more than 1 month old at the time of initial application.

Both ESR and CRP measures should be provided with the initial treatment application and both must be no more than 1 month old. If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which must include the following:
  - (i) a copy of the radiological report confirming Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis; and
  - (ii) a completed BASDAI Assessment Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
  - (iii) a completed Exercise Program Self Certification Form included in the supporting information form; and
  - (iv) a signed patient acknowledgment form.

The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be approved under this criterion.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial golimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who, in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment for this condition and is eligible to receive further TNF-alfa antagonist therapy, and has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with golimumab in the current treatment cycle.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy) the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. These assessments must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date the course was ceased. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised golimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be approved under this criterion.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial golimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. Applications for treatment with golimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 50 mg every 4 weeks will not be approved.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|---------|----|
| 3434R | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 1 | 3 | .. | 1777.29 | 34.20 | Simponi | SH |
| 3435T | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled pen     | 1 | 3 | .. | 1777.29 | 34.20 | Simponi | SH |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
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### GOLIMUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe golimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe golimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab for adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 4 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 March 2007, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonists without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 March 2007 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 March 2007.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than once. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2007, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for ankylosing spondylitis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2007.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab, etanercept and golimumab and 18 weeks of treatment for infliximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the BASDAI), or the prior NSAID therapy and exercise program requirements.

A patient may trial an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

For a new patient, the BASDAI used to determine the baseline must be measured while the patient is receiving NSAID therapy and completing their exercise program.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with at least 1 NSAID, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP levels are measured.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with golimumab for active ankylosing spondylitis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with golimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial ('grandfather' patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with golimumab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who has radiographically (plain X-ray) confirmed Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis and who was receiving treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010; and

- (a) has demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab; and
- (b) is receiving treatment with golimumab at the time of application.

The BASDAI assessment and ESR and/or CRP measurements provided must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. Where only 1 acute phase reactant measurement is supplied in the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment, that same marker must be measured and supplied in all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes the following:
  - (i) a copy of the radiological report confirming Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis; and
  - (ii) a completed BASDAI Assessment Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
  - (iii) a signed patient acknowledgment form.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of the course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is due in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criteria. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

A patient ceasing treatment or swapping to an alternate agent and wishing to demonstrate a response to treatment, must be assessed no earlier than 12 weeks from the commencement of PBS-subsidised treatment. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial golimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

Patients may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment for all patients

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who:

- (a) has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with golimumab; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy in this treatment cycle was with golimumab.

An adequate response is defined as an improvement from baseline of at least 2 of the BASDAI and 1 of the following:

- (a) an ESR measurement no greater than 25 mm per hour; or
- (b) a CRP measurement no greater than 10 mg per L; or
- (c) an ESR or CRP measurement reduced by at least 20% from baseline.

Where only 1 acute phase reactant measurement is supplied in the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment, that same marker must be measured and supplied in all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

All measurements provided must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

All applications for continuing treatment with golimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |    |
|       |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |    |
|       | must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment following an initial treatment course it must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with golimumab. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.          |             |             |         |                 |                                       |                             |    |
|       | Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with golimumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial golimumab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle. |             |             |         |                 |                                       |                             |    |
|       | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |                 |                                       |                             |    |
|       | No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. Applications for treatment with golimumab where the dosing frequency exceeds 50 mg every 4 weeks will not be approved.  |             |             |         |                 |                                       |                             |    |
| 3436W | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1777.29         | 34.20                                 | Simponi                     | SH |
| 3437X | Injection 50 mg in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled pen   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 1777.29         | 34.20                                 | Simponi                     | SH |

### *Interleukin inhibitors*

#### **USTEKINUMAB**

##### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe ustekinumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe ustekinumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

##### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC PLAQUE PSORIASIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab, for adult patients with severe chronic plaque psoriasis. Therefore, where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab.

From 1 March 2010, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab without having to meet the initial treatment criteria, that is they will not need to experience a disease flare when swapping to an alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis prior to 1 March 2010 is considered to be in their first Cycle as of 1 March 2010.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 biological agent at any 1 time.

Within the same Treatment Cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for a PBS-subsidised biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2010, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2010.

Patients must be assessed for response to each course of continuing treatment according to the criteria included in the relevant continuing treatment restriction.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a Treatment Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological agent therapy before they are eligible to commence the next Cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Treatment Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years duration has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe chronic plaque psoriasis after 1 March 2010.

There are separate restrictions for both the initial and continuing treatment for psoriasis affecting the whole body, versus psoriasis affecting the face, hands and feet.

(1) Application for approval for initial treatment.

Applications for a course of initial treatment should be made in the following situations:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under '(4) Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) patients who wish to re-commence treatment following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment in the case of adalimumab and etanercept, 22 weeks of treatment in the case of infliximab and 28 weeks of treatment in the case of ustekinumab.

(2) Assessment of response to initial treatment.

When prescribing initial treatment with a biological agent, a PASI assessment must be conducted after at least 12 weeks of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of the completion of this initial treatment course. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

(3) Application for continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course of a biological agent to which an adequate response has been demonstrated, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that biological agent. Patients are eligible to continue to receive continuous treatment with 24 week courses providing they continue to sustain a response.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to sustain a response to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

(4) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate agent within the same Treatment Cycle without having to requalify with respect to disease severity (i.e. a PASI score of greater than 15), or prior treatment requirements.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

Patients may trial an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy with a biological agent at the time of the application or not. However, they cannot swap to a particular agent if they have failed to respond to treatment with that particular agent within the same Cycle.

Patients who commenced treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 June 2009 or ustekinumab prior to 1 March 2010 access these interchangeability arrangements in the same way as patients who have not.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the agent being ceased.

(5) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated, based on the baseline PASI assessment submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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treatment authority is submitted within a Treatment Cycle and subsequent response will be assessed according to this revised PASI score.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same body area assessed at the baseline PASI assessment must be assessed for demonstration of response to treatment for the purposes of all continuing treatment applications.

(6) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent Biological Treatment Cycle, following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment according to the criteria of the relevant restriction and index of disease severity. Patients must have had at least 1 prior treatment, as listed in the criteria, for a minimum of 6 weeks, and must have a PASI assessment conducted preferably whilst still on treatment, but no later than 1 month following cessation of treatment. The PASI assessment must be no older than 1 month at the time of application.

### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Whole body (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (whole body); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) A current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- (c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 28 weeks of treatment with ustekinumab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single injection. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 28 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 28 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with ustekinumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment.

### **Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Whole body (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with ustekinumab for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence ustekinumab treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

A maximum of 28 weeks of treatment with ustekinumab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single injection. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 28 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 28 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with ustekinumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Face, hand, foot (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (face, hand, foot); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) Chronic plaque psoriasis classified as severe due to a plaque or plaques on the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot where:
- (i) at least 2 of the 3 Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; or
  - (ii) the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- (c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 28 weeks of treatment with ustekinumab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single injection. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 28 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 28 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with ustekinumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

### **Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Face, hand, foot (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with ustekinumab for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence ustekinumab treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | <p>A maximum of 28 weeks of treatment with ustekinumab will be authorised under this restriction.</p> <p>At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single injection. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised.</p> <p>Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 28 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 28 weeks.</p> <p>A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with ustekinumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.</p> <p>It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment.</p> <p>The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.</p> <p>Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.</p> |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9304Q | Injection 45 mg in 0.5 mL  | 1           | 2           | ..      | 4601.42                                  | 34.20  | Stelara<br>JC               |

### USTEKINUMAB

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe ustekinumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe ustekinumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC PLAQUE PSORIASIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab, for adult patients with severe chronic plaque psoriasis. Therefore, where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab.

From 1 March 2010, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab without having to meet the initial treatment criteria, that is they will not need to experience a disease flare when swapping to an alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis prior to 1 March 2010 is considered to be in their first Cycle as of 1 March 2010.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 biological agent at any 1 time.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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Within the same Treatment Cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for a PBS-subsidised biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2010, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2010.

Patients must be assessed for response to each course of continuing treatment according to the criteria included in the relevant continuing treatment restriction.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a Treatment Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological agent therapy before they are eligible to commence the next Cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Treatment Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years duration has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe chronic plaque psoriasis after 1 March 2010.

There are separate restrictions for both the initial and continuing treatment for psoriasis affecting the whole body, versus psoriasis affecting the face, hands and feet.

(1) Application for approval for initial treatment.

Applications for a course of initial treatment should be made in the following situations:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under '(4) Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) patients who wish to re-commence treatment following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment in the case of adalimumab and etanercept, 22 weeks of treatment in the case of infliximab and 28 weeks of treatment in the case of ustekinumab.

(2) Assessment of response to initial treatment.

When prescribing initial treatment with a biological agent, a PASI assessment must be conducted after at least 12 weeks of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of the completion of this initial treatment course. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

(3) Application for continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course of a biological agent to which an adequate response has been demonstrated, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that biological agent. Patients are eligible to continue to receive continuous treatment with 24 week courses providing they continue to sustain a response.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to sustain a response to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

(4) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate agent within the same Treatment Cycle without having to requalify with respect to disease severity (i.e. a PASI score of greater than 15), or prior treatment requirements.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

agent.

Patients may trial an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy with a biological agent at the time of the application or not. However, they cannot swap to a particular agent if they have failed to respond to treatment with that particular agent within the same Cycle.

Patients who commenced treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 June 2009 or ustekinumab prior to 1 March 2010 access these interchangeability arrangements in the same way as patients who have not.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the agent being ceased.

(5) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated, based on the baseline PASI assessment submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a Treatment Cycle and subsequent response will be assessed according to this revised PASI score.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same body area assessed at the baseline PASI assessment must be assessed for demonstration of response to treatment for the purposes of all continuing treatment applications.

(6) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent Biological Treatment Cycle, following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment according to the criteria of the relevant restriction and index of disease severity. Patients must have had at least 1 prior treatment, as listed in the criteria, for a minimum of 6 weeks, and must have a PASI assessment conducted preferably whilst still on treatment, but no later than 1 month following cessation of treatment. The PASI assessment must be no older than 1 month at the time of application.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Whole body)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with ustekinumab; and
- (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to their most recent course of treatment with ustekinumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-biological treatment baseline value for this Treatment Cycle.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with ustekinumab, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Approval will be based on the PASI assessment of response to the most recent course of treatment with ustekinumab.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with ustekinumab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single injection. Up to a maximum of 1 repeat will be authorised.

Where fewer than 1 repeat is requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for further continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with ustekinumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Face, hand, foot)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with ustekinumab; and
- (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with ustekinumab.

An adequate response to ustekinumab treatment is defined as the plaque or plaques assessed prior to biological treatment showing:

- (i) a reduction in the Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline values; or
- (ii) a reduction by 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline value.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with ustekinumab, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet and face, hand, foot area diagrams along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with ustekinumab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single injection. Up to a maximum of 1 repeat will be authorised.

Where fewer than 1 repeat is requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for further continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with ustekinumab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised ustekinumab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area assessed at baseline.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |    |
| 9305R | Injection 45 mg in 0.5 mL                               | 1           | 1           | ..      | 4601.42               | 34.20                                       | Stelara                     | JC |

### Calcineurin inhibitors

#### CYCLOSPORIN

##### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

##### Authority required

Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with cyclosporin, of:

- (a) patients with organ or tissue transplants. Therapy must remain under the supervision and direction of the transplant unit reviewing the patient. The name of the specialised transplant unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review at the specialised transplant unit must be included in the authority application;
- (b) patients with severe atopic dermatitis for whom other systemic therapies are ineffective or inappropriate. Therapy must remain under the supervision and direction of a dermatologist, clinical immunologist or specialised unit reviewing the patient. The name of the dermatologist, clinical immunologist or specialised unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review must be included in the authority application;
- (c) patients with severe psoriasis for whom other systemic therapies are ineffective or inappropriate and in whom the disease has caused significant interference with quality of life. Therapy must remain under the supervision and direction of a dermatologist or specialised unit reviewing the patient. The name of the dermatologist or specialised unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review must be included in the authority application;
- (d) patients with nephrotic syndrome in whom steroids and cytostatic drugs have failed or are not tolerated or are considered inappropriate and in whom renal function is unimpaired. Therapy must remain under the supervision and direction of a nephrologist or specialised unit reviewing the patient. The name of the nephrologist or specialised unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review must be included in the authority application;
- (e) patients with severe active rheumatoid arthritis for whom classical slow-acting anti-rheumatic agents (including methotrexate) are ineffective or inappropriate. Therapy must remain under the supervision and direction of a rheumatologist, clinical immunologist or specialised unit reviewing the patient. The name of the rheumatologist, clinical immunologist or specialised unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review must be included in the authority application;

Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by dermatologists or clinical immunologists of patients with severe atopic dermatitis for whom other systemic therapies are ineffective or inappropriate;

Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by dermatologists of patients with severe psoriasis for whom other systemic therapies are ineffective or inappropriate and in whom the disease has caused significant interference with quality of life;

Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by rheumatologists or clinical immunologists of patients with severe active rheumatoid arthritis for whom classical slow-acting anti-rheumatic agents (including methotrexate) are ineffective or inappropriate.

|       |                                  |     |   |                   |         |       |                         |    |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|----|
| 8657P | Capsule 10 mg                    | 120 | 3 | ..                | *94.42  | 34.20 | Neoral 10               | NV |
| 8658Q | Capsule 25 mg                    | 60  | 3 | ..                | *97.24  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Cicloral   | SZ |
|       |                                  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.16 | *99.40  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Neoral 25  | NV |
| 8659R | Capsule 50 mg                    | 60  | 3 | ..                | *195.38 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Cicloral   | SZ |
|       |                                  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.34 | *197.72 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Neoral 50  | NV |
| 8660T | Capsule 100 mg                   | 60  | 3 | ..                | *374.44 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Cicloral   | SZ |
|       |                                  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.12 | *376.56 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Neoral 100 | NV |
| 8661W | Oral liquid 100 mg per mL, 50 mL | 2   | 3 | ..                | *712.66 | 34.20 | Neoral                  | NV |

#### TACROLIMUS

##### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

##### Authority required

Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with tacrolimus, of patients with organ or tissue transplants. Therapy must remain under the supervision and direction of the transplant unit reviewing the patient. The name of the specialised transplant unit reviewing treatment and the date of the latest review at the specialised transplant unit must be included in the authority application.

|       |   |     |   |    |        |       |                                |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------------------------|----|
| 5299X | Capsule 0.5 mg (once daily prolonged release) | 30  | 3 | .. | 64.59  | 34.20 | Prograf XL                     | JC |
| 5300Y | Capsule 1 mg (once daily prolonged release)   | 60  | 3 | .. | 235.91 | 34.20 | Prograf XL                     | JC |
| 5451X | Capsule 5 mg (once daily prolonged release)   | 30  | 3 | .. | 556.32 | 34.20 | Prograf XL                     | JC |
| 8646C | Capsule 500 micrograms                        | 100 | 3 | .. | 200.30 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Prograf           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Tacrolimus Sandoz | SZ |
| 8647D | Capsule 1 mg                                  | 100 | 3 | .. | 376.91 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Prograf           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Tacrolimus Sandoz | SZ |
| 8648E | Capsule 5 mg                                  | 50  | 3 | .. | 922.44 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Prograf           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Tacrolimus Sandoz | SZ |

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| <b><i>Other immunosuppressants</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>AZATHIOPRINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 2687K<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 50 mg  | 100         | 2           | ..      | 54.17                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Azamun GM<br><sup>a</sup> Azapin SI<br><sup>a</sup> Azathioprine Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Azathioprine GX<br><sup>a</sup> Imuran AS<br><sup>a</sup> Thioprine AF |
| 2688L<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 25 mg  | 100         | 2           | ..      | 35.64                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Azathioprine Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Imuran AS  |
| <b>METHOTREXATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 1622J   | Tablet 2.5 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 13.12                                    | 14.19  | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH<br><sup>a</sup> Methoblastin PF  |
| 2272N   | Tablet 10 mg  | 15          | 1           | ..      | 21.84                                    | 22.91  | Methoblastin PF  |
| <b>METHOTREXATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| For patients requiring doses greater than 20 mg per week.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 1623K   | Tablet 10 mg  | 50          | 2           | ..      | 45.28                                    | 34.20  | Methoblastin PF  |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Musculo-skeletal system

### Antiinflammatory and antirheumatic products

#### Antiinflammatory and antirheumatic products, non-steroids

##### *Acetic acid derivatives and related substances*

|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       |                                      |                      |    |
|--|---|-----|---|----|--------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----|
| 1302M<br>NP,MW   | DICLOFENAC SODIUM<br>Suppository 100 mg | 40  | 3 | .. | *24.92                               | 25.99 | Voltaren 100                         | NV                   |    |
| <hr/>  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       |                                      |                      |    |
| <b>DICLOFENAC SODIUM</b><br><u>Restricted benefit</u><br>Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;<br>Bone pain due to malignant disease. |   |     |   |    |                                      |       |                                      |                      |    |
| 1299J<br>NP  | Tablet 25 mg (enteric coated)           | 100 | 3 | .. | *12.74                               | 13.81 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Diclofenac          | TX                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart               | CH                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac              |                      |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Clonac 25               | SI                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac-GA           | GM                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac Sandoz       | SZ                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Fenac 25                | AF                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists | TW                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac              |                      |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Voltaren 25             | NV                   |    |
| 1300K<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg (enteric coated)           | 50  | 3 | .. | <sup>B</sup> 1.84<br>*14.58<br>10.82 | 13.81 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Diclofenac          | TX                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart               | CH                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac              |                      |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Clonac 50               | SI                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac-GA           | GM                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac Sandoz       | SZ                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Fenac                   | AF                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists | TW                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac              |                      |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>a</sup> Voltaren 50             | NV                   |    |
| 2757D<br>NP  | INDOMETHACIN<br>Suppository 100 mg      | 40  | 3 | .. | *22.50                               | 23.57 | Indocid                              | AS                   |    |
| <hr/>  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       |                                      |                      |    |
| <b>INDOMETHACIN</b><br><u>Restricted benefit</u><br>Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;<br>Bone pain due to malignant disease.      |   |     |   |    |                                      |       |                                      |                      |    |
| 2454E<br>NP  | Capsule 25 mg                           | 100 | 3 | .. | *11.80                               | 12.87 | <sup>a</sup> Arthrexin               | AF                   |    |
|  |   |     |   |    |                                      |       | <sup>B</sup> 2.04<br>*13.84          | <sup>a</sup> Indocid | AS |
| <b>SULINDAC</b><br><u>Restricted benefit</u><br>Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;   |   |     |   |    |                                      |       |                                      |                      |    |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                      |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|   | Bone pain due to malignant disease.                     |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 2047R<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 100 mg   | 100         | 3           | ..                | *16.34                                   | 17.41  | Aclin AF   |
| 2048T<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 200 mg   | 50          | 3           | ..                | 15.28                                    | 16.35  | Aclin 200 AF                                     |
| <b>Oxicams</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>MELOXICAM</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| The use of meloxicam for the treatment of the following conditions is not subsidised through the PBS: |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| (a) acute pain;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| (b) soft tissue injury;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| (c) arthrosis without an inflammatory component.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Symptomatic treatment of osteoarthritis;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Symptomatic treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 8561N<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 7.5 mg   | 30          | 3           | ..                | 19.02                                    | 20.09  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Meloxicam<br>7.5 mg |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Meloxicam GX                  |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam BF                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam-GA GM                     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam RA                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranbaxy                             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam Sandoz SZ                 |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam WA                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Winthrop                            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Movalis 7.5 SI                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Moxicam 7.5 AF                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam 7.5                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Chemists<br>Meloxicam<br>7.5 mg                  |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.30 | 20.32                                    | 20.09  | <sup>a</sup> Mobic BY                            |
| 8562P<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 15 mg  | 30          | 3           | ..                | 24.81                                    | 25.88  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Meloxicam<br>15 mg  |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Meloxicam GX                  |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam BF                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam-GA GM                     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam RA                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranbaxy                             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam Sandoz SZ                 |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam WA                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Winthrop                            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Movalis 15 SI                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Moxicam 15 AF                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Meloxicam 15                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Chemists<br>Meloxicam<br>15 mg                   |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.30 | 26.11                                    | 25.88  | <sup>a</sup> Mobic BY                            |
| 8887R<br><i>NP</i>  | Capsule 7.5 mg  | 30          | 3           | ..                | 19.02                                    | 20.09  | <sup>a</sup> Mobic BY                            |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Movalis 7.5 SI                      |
| 8888T   | Capsule 15 mg   | 30          | 3           | ..                | 24.81                                    | 25.88  | <sup>a</sup> Mobic BY                            |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <i>NP</i>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Movalis 15 SI   |
| <b>PIROXICAM</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 1895R<br><i>NP</i>   | Dispersible tablet 10 mg                                | 50          | 3           | ..                | 12.20                                    | 13.27  | Mobilis D-10 AF  |
| 1896T<br><i>NP</i>   | Dispersible tablet 20 mg                                | 25          | 3           | ..                | 11.92                                    | 12.99  | <sup>a</sup> Mobilis D-20 AF   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.49 | 14.41                                    | 12.99  | <sup>a</sup> Feldene-D PF  |
| 1897W<br><i>NP</i>   | Capsule 10 mg   | 50          | 3           | ..                | 12.20                                    | 13.27  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Piroxicam GX<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Piroxicam AF<br><sup>a</sup> Mobilis 10 TW<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Piroxicam PF                            |
| 1898X<br><i>NP</i>   | Capsule 20 mg   | 25          | 3           | ..                | 11.92                                    | 12.99  | <sup>a</sup> Feldene CH<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart GX<br><sup>a</sup> Piroxicam AF<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Piroxicam TW<br><sup>a</sup> Mobilis 20 TW<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Piroxicam PF |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.49 | 14.41                                    | 12.99  | <sup>a</sup> Feldene PF  |

### *Propionic acid derivatives*

|   |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
|---|---|----|----|-------------------|--------|-------|-------------------------------|
| 3192B<br><i>NP, MW</i>  | <b>IBUPROFEN</b><br>Tablet 400 mg       | 30 | .. | ..                | 9.19   | 10.26 | Brufen AB                     |
| <hr/>   |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| <b>IBUPROFEN</b>  |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;<br>Bone pain due to malignant disease. |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| 3190X<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 400 mg                           | 90 | 3  | ..                | *14.73 | 15.80 | Brufen AB                     |
| <hr/>   |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| 1588N<br><i>NP</i>  | <b>KETOPROFEN</b><br>Suppository 100 mg | 40 | 3  | ..                | *25.30 | 26.37 | Orudis SW                     |
| <hr/>   |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| <b>KETOPROFEN</b>   |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component.  |   |    |    |                   |        |       |                               |
| 1590Q<br><i>NP</i>  | Capsule 200 mg (sustained release)      | 28 | 3  | ..                | 19.10  | 20.17 | <sup>a</sup> Oruvail SR AV    |
|   |   |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.18 | 21.28  | 20.17 | <sup>a</sup> Orudis SR 200 SW |

### **NAPROXEN**

#### **Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;  
Bone pain due to malignant disease.

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 1614Y<br>NP | Tablet 750 mg (sustained release)                       | 28          | 3           | ..                | 12.08                                    | 13.15 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Proxen SR 750 MD            |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.22 | 13.30                                    | 13.15 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Naprosyn SR750 RO           |
| 1615B<br>NP | Tablet 1 g (sustained release)                          | 28          | 3           | ..                | 13.96                                    | 15.03 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Proxen SR 1000 MD           |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.29 | 15.25                                    | 15.03 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Naprosyn SR1000 RO          |
| 1659H<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg   | 50          | 3           | ..                | 12.58                                    | 13.65 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Inza 500 AF                 |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.30 | 13.88                                    | 13.65 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Naprosyn RO                 |
| 1674D<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg   | 100         | 3           | ..                | *13.34                                   | 14.41 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Inza 250 AF                 |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.24 | *15.58                                   | 14.41 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Naprosyn RO                 |

### NAPROXEN

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 2270

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component in patients unable to take a solid dose form of a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent;

##### 2271

Bone pain due to malignant disease in patients unable to take a solid dose form of a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |             |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 1658G<br>NP | Oral suspension 125 mg per 5 mL, 474 mL | †1 | 3 | .. | 78.17 | 34.20 | Naprosyn RO |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|

### NAPROXEN SODIUM

#### Restricted benefit

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;

Bone pain due to malignant disease.

#### Note

Naproxen sodium 550 mg is approximately equivalent to 500 mg of naproxen acid.

|             |               |    |   |                   |       |                    |                |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|----------------|
| 1795L<br>NP | Tablet 550 mg | 50 | 3 | ..                | 12.77 | 13.84 <sup>a</sup> | Crysanal MD    |
|             |               |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.17 | 14.94 | 13.84 <sup>a</sup> | Anaprox 550 RO |

### TIAPROFENIC ACID

#### Caution

Cystitis and other urinary disorders have been reported with this drug.

#### Note

The recommended maximum dose is 600 mg per day.

#### Restricted benefit

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component.

|             |               |    |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 2103Q<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg | 60 | 3 | .. | 17.58 | 18.65 | Surgam SW |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|

## Fenamates

### MEFENAMIC ACID

#### Restricted benefit

Dysmenorrhoea;

Menorrhagia.

|             |                |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------------|----------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 1824B<br>NP | Capsule 250 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 18.16 | 19.23 | Ponstan PD |
|-------------|----------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|

## Coxibs

### CELECOXIB

#### Note

The use of celecoxib for the treatment of the following conditions is not subsidised through the PBS:

(a) acute pain;

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | (b) soft tissue injury;<br>(c) arthrosis without an inflammatory component.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Symptomatic treatment of osteoarthritis;<br>Symptomatic treatment of rheumatoid arthritis. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8439E<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg  | 60          | 3           | ..      | 32.31                                    | 33.38  | Celebrex PF                 |
| 8440F<br>NP | Capsule 200 mg  | 30          | 3           | ..      | 32.31                                    | 33.38  | Celebrex PF                 |

### Specific antirheumatic agents

#### Quinolines

##### HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE SULFATE

###### Note

###### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |              |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|
| 1512N<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 100 | 1 | .. | 37.59 | 34.20 | Plaquenil SW |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|

#### Gold preparations

##### AURANOFIN

###### Caution

Regular blood and urine checks are essential.

###### Note

###### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |             |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 1095P<br>NP | Tablet 3 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 63.55 | 34.20 | Ridaura GH |
|-------------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|

##### SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE

###### Caution

Regular blood and urine checks are essential.

###### Note

###### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                 |    |    |    |        |       |              |
|-------------|-----------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|--------------|
| 2016D<br>NP | Injection 10 mg | 10 | .. | .. | 67.03  | 34.20 | Myocrisin SW |
| 2017E<br>NP | Injection 20 mg | 10 | 1  | .. | 102.67 | 34.20 | Myocrisin SW |
| 2018F<br>NP | Injection 50 mg | 10 | 1  | .. | 152.47 | 34.20 | Myocrisin SW |

#### Penicillamine and similar agents

##### PENICILLAMINE

###### Caution

Regular blood and urine checks are essential.

###### Note

###### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |               |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|
| 2721F<br>NP | Tablet 125 mg | 100 | 1 | .. | 31.63 | 32.70 | D-Penamine AL |
| 2838J<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg | 100 | 1 | .. | 43.51 | 34.20 | D-Penamine AL |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b><i>Other specific antirheumatic agents</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>LEFLUNOMIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Leflunomide is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy should be avoided for two years after cessation of therapy, unless special wash-out procedures are carried out.                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>2643</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial treatment of severe active rheumatoid arthritis where other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (including methotrexate) are ineffective and/or inappropriate. Treatment must be initiated by a physician; |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>2681</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis where other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (including methotrexate) are ineffective and/or inappropriate. Treatment must be initiated by a physician.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8373Q   | Pack containing 3 tablets leflunomide 100 mg and 30 tablets leflunomide 20 mg | 1           | ..          | ..      | 207.57                                   | 34.20  | Arava SW                    |

### LEFLUNOMIDE

#### Caution

Leflunomide is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy should be avoided for two years after cessation of therapy, unless special wash-out procedures are carried out.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 2644

Treatment of severe active rheumatoid arthritis where other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (including methotrexate) are ineffective and/or inappropriate. Treatment must be initiated by a physician;

##### 2682

Treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis where other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (including methotrexate) are ineffective and/or inappropriate. Treatment must be initiated by a physician.

|       |              |    |   |    |        |       |  |          |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--|----------|
| 8374R | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 90.21  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Arabloc<br><sup>a</sup> Arava | AV<br>SW |
| 8375T | Tablet 20 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 133.99 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Arabloc<br><sup>a</sup> Arava | AV<br>SW |

## Muscle relaxants

### Muscle relaxants, centrally acting agents

#### *Other centrally acting agents*

|                 |              |     |   |                   |       |       |   |                                |
|-----------------|--------------|-----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|---|--------------------------------|
| <b>BACLOFEN</b> |              |     |   |                   |       |       |   |                                |
| 2729P<br>NP     | Tablet 10 mg | 100 | 5 | ..                | 30.79 | 31.86 | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Baclufen<br><sup>a</sup> Clofen 10<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Baclofen<br><sup>a</sup> Stelax 10<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Baclufen | CH<br><br>AF<br>GX<br>SI<br>TW |
|                 |              |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.16 | 32.95 | 31.86 | <sup>a</sup> Lioresal 10  | NV                             |
| 2730Q<br>NP     | Tablet 25 mg | 100 | 5 | ..                | 57.41 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Baclufen<br><sup>a</sup> Clofen 25<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Baclofen<br><sup>a</sup> Stelax 25<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Baclufen | CH<br><br>AF<br>GX<br>SI<br>TW |
|                 |              |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.06 | 59.47 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Lioresal 25  | NV                             |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### Muscle relaxants, directly acting agents

#### *Dantrolene and derivatives*

##### DANTROLENE SODIUM

##### Restricted benefit

Treatment of chronic spasticity.

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 1779P<br>NP | Capsule 25 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 72.04 | 34.20 | Dantrium | PF |
| 1780Q<br>NP | Capsule 50 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 81.81 | 34.20 | Dantrium | PF |

### Antigout preparations

#### Antigout preparations

#### *Preparations inhibiting uric acid production*

##### ALLOPURINOL

##### Note

The dose should be adjusted in accordance with renal function.

|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       |                                 |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|---------------------------------|----|
| 2600W<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg | 200 | 2 | ..                | 12.86 | 13.93 | <sup>a</sup> Allopurinol Sandoz | SZ |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Allosig            | FM |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart          | CH |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Allopurinol        |    |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Allopurinol  | GX |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Progout 100        | AF |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White        | TW |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | Chemists                        |    |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | Allopurinol                     |    |
|             |               |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.85 | 15.71 | 13.93 | <sup>a</sup> Zyloprim           | SI |
| 2604C<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg | 60  | 2 | ..                | 10.23 | 11.30 | <sup>a</sup> Allopurinol Sandoz | SZ |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Allosig            | FM |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart          | CH |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Allopurinol        |    |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Allopurinol  | GX |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Progout 300        | AF |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White        | TW |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | Chemists                        |    |
|             |               |     |   |                   |       |       | Allopurinol                     |    |
|             |               |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.85 | 13.08 | 11.30 | <sup>a</sup> Zyloprim           | SI |

#### *Preparations increasing uric acid excretion*

##### PROBENECID

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1940D<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 75.69 | 34.20 | Pro-Cid | PL |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

#### *Preparations with no effect on uric acid metabolism*

##### COLCHICINE

|             |                       |    |   |                   |       |       |                      |    |
|-------------|-----------------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|----------------------|----|
| 3410L<br>NP | Tablet 500 micrograms | 30 | 2 | ..                | 11.00 | 12.07 | <sup>a</sup> Lengout | LN |
|             |                       |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Colgout | AS |
|             |                       |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 0.85 | 11.85 | 12.07 |                      |    |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Drugs for treatment of bone diseases</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

### Drugs affecting bone structure and mineralization

#### *Bisphosphonates*

##### ALENDRONATE SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3070

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for corticosteroid-induced osteoporosis in a patient currently on long-term (at least 3 months), high-dose (at least 7.5 mg per day prednisolone or equivalent) corticosteroid therapy with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -1.5 or less.

The duration and dose of corticosteroid therapy together with the date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2645

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a patient aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.

The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2646

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

##### Note

Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.

|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       |   |    |
|-------------|--|---|---|-------------------|-------|-------|---|----|
| 8511Y<br>NP | Tablet equivalent to 70 mg alendronic acid | 4 | 5 | ..                | 45.16 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Adronat  | AF |
|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Alendrobell 70mg                               | BF |
|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Alendronate-GA                                 | GM |
|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Alendronate<br>Sandoz                          | SZ |
|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Alendro Once<br>Weekly                         | SI |
|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> APO-Alendronate                                | TX |
|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Alendronate<br>70mg               | CH |
|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Ossmax 70mg                                    | RA |
|             |  |   |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Alendronate<br>70mg | TW |
|             |  |   |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.96 | 47.12 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Fosamax Once<br>Weekly                         | MK |

##### ALENDRONATE SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3256

Symptomatic Paget disease of bone.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |    |   |    |        |       |               |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------------|----|
| 8090T<br>NP | Tablet equivalent to 40 mg alendronic acid | 30 | 5 | .. | 130.81 | 34.20 | Fosamax 40 mg | MK |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------------|----|

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                                      | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>DISODIUM ETIDRONATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3257</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Symptomatic Paget disease of bone when calcitonin has been found to be unsatisfactory due to lack of efficacy;   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3258</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Symptomatic Paget disease of bone when calcitonin has been found to be unsatisfactory due to unacceptable side effects;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>1153</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Heterotopic ossification.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2920Q<br>NP  | Tablet 200 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..      | 115.17                                   | 34.20  | Didronel PF                 |
| <b>DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3256</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Symptomatic Paget disease of bone.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The concentrated injection 15 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 15 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8208B<br>NP  | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for I.V. infusion 15 mg and 4 ampoules solvent 5 mL  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 250.10                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Aredia 15 mg NV             |
| 8461H<br>NP  | Concentrated injection 15 mg in 5 mL   | 4           | ..          | ..      | *250.14                                  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Pamisol HH                  |
| <b>DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3256</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Symptomatic Paget disease of bone.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The concentrated injection 30 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 30 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8209C<br>NP  | Injection set containing 2 vials powder for I.V. infusion 30 mg and 2 ampoules solvent 10 mL | 1           | ..          | ..      | 250.10                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Aredia 30 mg NV             |
| 8462J<br>NP  | Concentrated injection 30 mg in 10 mL  | 2           | ..          | ..      | *250.12                                  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Pamisol HH                  |
| <b>DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3256</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Symptomatic Paget disease of bone.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8463K<br>NP  | Concentrated injection 60 mg in 10 mL  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 250.10                                   | 34.20  | Pamisol HH                  |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>IBANDRONIC ACID</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Bone metastases from breast cancer.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9357L<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg (as ibandronate sodium monohydrate)        | 28          | 2           | ..      | 342.34                                   | 34.20  | Bondronat HH                |
| <b>RISEDRONATE SODIUM</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3070</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for corticosteroid-induced osteoporosis in a patient currently on long-term (at least 3 months), high-dose (at least 7.5 mg per day prednisolone or equivalent) corticosteroid therapy with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -1.5 or less.                         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The duration and dose of corticosteroid therapy together with the date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>2645</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a patient aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>2646</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.                          |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8481J<br>NP  | Tablet 5 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 53.34                                    | 34.20  | Actonel SW                  |
| 8621R<br>NP  | Tablet 35 mg  | 4           | 5           | ..      | 53.34                                    | 34.20  | Actonel Once-a-Week SW      |
| 9391G<br>NP  | Tablet 150 mg   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 56.98                                    | 34.20  | Actonel Once-a-Month SW     |
| <b>RISEDRONATE SODIUM</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>3256</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Symptomatic Paget disease of bone.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8482K<br>NP  | Tablet 30 mg  | 28          | 1           | ..      | 304.62                                   | 34.20  | Actonel SW                  |
| <b>SODIUM CLODRONATE TETRAHYDRATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Maintenance treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Multiple myeloma;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Bone metastases from breast cancer.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form    | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.                                       |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8132B<br>NP  | Capsule equivalent to 400 mg sodium clodronate             | 100         | 2           | ..      | 334.08                                   | 34.20  | Bonefos SC                  |
| 8265B<br>NP  | Tablet equivalent to 800 mg sodium clodronate              | 60          | 2           | ..      | 391.44                                   | 34.20  | Bonefos 800 mg SC           |
| <b>TILUDRONATE DISODIUM</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 3256   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Symptomatic Paget disease of bone.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.                                       |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8267D<br>NP  | Tablet equivalent to 200 mg tiludronic acid                | 56          | 2           | ..      | 304.62                                   | 34.20  | Skelid SW                   |
| <b>ZOLEDRONIC ACID</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for corticosteroid-induced osteoporosis in a patient currently on long-term (at least 3 months), high-dose (at least 7.5 mg per day prednisolone or equivalent) corticosteroid therapy with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -1.5 or less. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The duration and dose of corticosteroid therapy together with the date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Only 1 treatment each year for 3 years per patient in a lifetime will be PBS-subsidised.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a patient aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Only 1 treatment each year for 3 years per patient in a lifetime will be PBS-subsidised.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in a patient with fracture due to minimal trauma.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| In all cases, the fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Only 1 treatment each year for 3 years per patient in a lifetime will be PBS-subsidised.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9288W  | Solution for I.V. infusion 5 mg (as monohydrate) in 100 mL | 1           | ..          | ..      | 589.17                                   | 34.20  | Aclasta NV                  |
| <b>ZOLEDRONIC ACID</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Symptomatic Paget disease of bone.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Only 1 treatment each year per patient will be PBS-subsidised.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9350D  | Solution for I.V. infusion 5 mg (as monohydrate) in 100 mL | 1           | ..          | ..      | 589.17                                   | 34.20  | Aclasta NV                  |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                          | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                                    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| <b><i>Bisphosphonates, combinations</i></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>ALENDRONATE SODIUM with COLECALCIFEROL</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>3070</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for corticosteroid-induced osteoporosis in a patient currently on long-term (at least 3 months), high-dose (at least 7.5 mg per day prednisolone or equivalent) corticosteroid therapy with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -1.5 or less.                         |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| The duration and dose of corticosteroid therapy together with the date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>2645</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a patient aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>2646</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated. |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.                          |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Fosamax Plus provides a supplemental intake of vitamin D. The amount of colecalciferol present in Fosamax Plus is not sufficient to use as the sole treatment for correction of vitamin D deficiency.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 9012H<br>NP  | Tablet equivalent to 70 mg alendronic acid with<br>70 micrograms colecalciferol  | 4           | 5           | ..      | 45.16                                    | 34.20  | Fosamax Plus MK  |
| <b>ALENDRONATE SODIUM with COLECALCIFEROL</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>3070</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for corticosteroid-induced osteoporosis in a patient currently on long-term (at least 3 months), high-dose (at least 7.5 mg per day prednisolone or equivalent) corticosteroid therapy with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -1.5 or less.                         |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| The duration and dose of corticosteroid therapy together with the date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>2645</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a patient aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>2646</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated. |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.                          |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 9183H<br>NP  | Tablet equivalent to 70 mg alendronic acid with<br>140 micrograms colecalciferol | 4           | 5           | ..      | 45.16                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Dronalen Plus GM<br><sup>a</sup> Fosamax Plus 70 mg/140 mcg MK |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer      |    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|----------------------------------|----|
| <b>ALENDRONATE SODIUM with COLECALCIFEROL and CALCIUM CARBONATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b>3070</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for corticosteroid-induced osteoporosis in a patient currently on long-term (at least 3 months), high-dose (at least 7.5 mg per day prednisolone or equivalent) corticosteroid therapy with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -1.5 or less.                         |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| The duration and dose of corticosteroid therapy together with the date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b>2645</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a patient aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b>2646</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.                          |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| 9351E<br>NP  | Pack containing 4 tablets containing the equivalent of 70 mg alendronic acid with 140 micrograms colecalciferol and 48 tablets calcium carbonate 1.25 g (equivalent to 500 mg calcium) | 1           | 5           | ..      | 45.16                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Dronalen Plus D-Cal | FR |
|  |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Fosamax Plus D-Cal               | MK |
| <b>DISODIUM ETIDRONATE and CALCIUM CARBONATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b>2646</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.                          |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| 8056B<br>NP  | Pack containing 28 tablets disodium etidronate 200 mg and 76 tablets calcium carbonate 1.25 g (equivalent to 500 mg calcium)   | 1           | 1           | ..      | 70.69                                    | 34.20  | Didrocal                         | PF |
| <b>RISEDRONATE SODIUM and CALCIUM CARBONATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b>3070</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for corticosteroid-induced osteoporosis in a patient currently on long-term (at least 3 months), high-dose (at least 7.5 mg per day prednisolone or equivalent) corticosteroid therapy with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -1.5 or less.                         |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| The duration and dose of corticosteroid therapy together with the date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| <b>2645</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |
| Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a patient aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |    |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>2646</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.                          |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8899J<br>NP | Pack containing 4 tablets risedronate sodium 35 mg and 24 tablets calcium carbonate 1.25 g (equivalent to 500 mg calcium)  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 53.34                                    | 34.20  | Actonel Combi SW            |

### RISEDRONATE SODIUM and CALCIUM CARBONATE with COLECALCIFEROL

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3070**

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for corticosteroid-induced osteoporosis in a patient currently on long-term (at least 3 months), high-dose (at least 7.5 mg per day prednisolone or equivalent) corticosteroid therapy with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -1.5 or less.

The duration and dose of corticosteroid therapy together with the date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**2645**

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a patient aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.

The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**2646**

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

#### **Note**

Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.

|             |  |   |   |    |       |       |                    |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 9147K<br>NP | Pack containing 4 tablets risedronate sodium 35 mg and 24 sachets containing granules of calcium carbonate 2.5 g (equivalent to 1 g calcium) with colecalciferol 22 micrograms | 1 | 5 | .. | 53.34 | 34.20 | Actonel Combi D SW |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------|

### *Other drugs affecting bone structure and mineralization*

#### CALCITRIOL

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**1165**

Hypocalcaemia due to renal disease;

**1166**

Hypoparathyroidism;

**1167**

Hypophosphataemic rickets;

**1467**

Vitamin D-resistant rickets;

**2636**

Treatment for established osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer       |
|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
|             | height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body. |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |
| 2502Q<br>NP | Capsule 0.25 microgram   | 100         | 3           | ..      | 41.63                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Calcitriol-DP GN                  |
|             |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Calcitriol-GA GM     |
|             |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Calcitriol Sandoz SZ |
|             |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Calcitriol GX  |
|             |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kosteo SI            |
|             |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rocaltrol RO         |
|             |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sical AF             |

### DENOSUMAB

#### Authority required

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a woman aged 70 years of age or older with a Bone Mineral Density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.

The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated;

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established post-menopausal osteoporosis in a woman with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

#### Note

Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |       |           |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|-----------|
| 5457F | Injection 60 mg in 1 mL pre-filled syringe | 1 | .. | .. | 304.87 | 34.20 | Prolia AN |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|-----------|

### RALOXIFENE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2647

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established post-menopausal osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

#### Note

Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.

|             |              |    |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 8363E<br>NP | Tablet 60 mg | 28 | 5 | .. | 57.87 | 34.20 | Evista LY |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|

### STRONTIUM RANELATE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2758

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for osteoporosis in a woman aged 70 years or older with a bone mineral density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less.

The date, site (femoral neck or lumbar spine) and score of the qualifying BMD measurement must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2647

Treatment as the sole PBS-subsidised anti-resorptive agent for established post-menopausal osteoporosis in patients with fracture due to minimal trauma. The fracture must have been demonstrated radiologically and the year of plain x-ray or CT-scan or MRI scan must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|             |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
| 3036T<br>NP | Sachet containing granules for oral suspension<br>2 g   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 53.34                 | 34.20                                       | Protos 2 g SE               |

### Note

Anti-resorptive agents in established osteoporosis include alendronate sodium, risedronate sodium, denosumab, disodium etidronate, raloxifene hydrochloride, strontium ranelate and zoledronic acid.

### TERIPARATIDE

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe teriparatide may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe teriparatide should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

Further prescribing information is on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

#### Authority required

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised agent, by a specialist or consultant physician, for severe, established osteoporosis in a patient with a very high risk of fracture who:

- (a) has a bone mineral density (BMD) T-score of -3.0 or less; and
- (b) has had 2 or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- (c) has experienced at least 1 symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months continuous therapy with an anti-resorptive agent at adequate doses.

A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or, a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

If treatment with anti-resorptive therapy is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, details of the contraindication must be provided at the time of application.

If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the relevant period of use of one anti-resorptive agent, alternate anti-resorptive agents must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months continuous therapy. Details of accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) and must be provided at the time of application.

Anti-resorptive therapies for osteoporosis and their adequate doses which will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction are alendronate sodium 10 mg per day or 70 mg once weekly, risedronate sodium 5 mg per day or 35 mg once weekly or 150 mg once monthly, raloxifene hydrochloride 60 mg per day (women only), denosumab 60 mg once every 6 months, disodium etidronate 200 mg with calcium carbonate 1.25 g per day, strontium ranelate 2 g per day and zoledronic acid 5 mg per annum.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

Details of prior anti-resorptive therapy, fracture history including the date(s), site(s), the symptoms associated with the fracture(s) which developed during the course of anti-resorptive therapy and the score of the qualifying BMD measurement.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### Authority required

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised agent, by a specialist or consultant physician, for severe, established osteoporosis in a patient with a very high risk of fracture who was receiving treatment with teriparatide prior to 1 May 2009.

The authority application must be made in writing and the commencement date of treatment and the number of doses the patient has received of teriparatide must be provided with the application. The patient is eligible to receive a maximum of 18 months therapy of combined PBS-subsidised and non-PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### Authority required

Continuing treatment for severe established osteoporosis where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug.

Teriparatide must only be used for a lifetime maximum of 18 months therapy (18 pens). Up to a maximum of 18 pens will be reimbursed through

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form              | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|   | the PBS.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <p>Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.</p> |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9411H   | Injection 250 micrograms per mL, 2.4 mL in multi-dose pre-filled pen | 1           | 5           | ..      | 438.37                                   | 34.20  | Forteo LY                   |

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Nervous system

### Analgesics

#### Opioids

##### *Natural opium alkaloids*

|                    |                                   |    |    |    |       |       |   |    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|----|
| 1214X<br><i>NP</i> | CODEINE PHOSPHATE<br>Tablet 30 mg | 20 | .. | .. | 16.87 | 17.94 | Fawns and McAllan<br>Proprietary<br>Limited | FM |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|----|

#### CODEINE PHOSPHATE with PARACETAMOL

##### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will not be granted except as detailed under the 'Authority required' listing of codeine phosphate with paracetamol below.

|                    |                     |    |    |                   |       |      |   |    |
|--------------------|---------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|------|---|----|
| 1215Y<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 30 mg-500 mg | 20 | .. | ..                | 8.00  | 9.07 | <sup>a</sup> APO-<br>Paracetamol/Co<br>deine 500/30 | TX |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Codalgin Forte                         | FM |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Codapane Forte                         | AL |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Comfarol Forte                         | SZ |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Dolaforte                              | CO |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Prodeine Forte                         | AV |
|                    |                     |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.66 | 10.66 | 9.07 | <sup>a</sup> Panadeine Forte                        | SW |

#### CODEINE PHOSPHATE with PARACETAMOL

##### Authority required

Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### Note

Each authority approval will be limited to no more than 240 tablets per month for no more than 6 months.

|                    |                     |    |    |                   |        |       |   |    |
|--------------------|---------------------|----|----|-------------------|--------|-------|---|----|
| 8785J<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 30 mg-500 mg | 60 | .. | ..                | *11.16 | 12.23 | <sup>a</sup> APO-<br>Paracetamol/Co<br>deine 500/30 | TX |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Codalgin Forte                         | FM |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Codapane Forte                         | AL |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Comfarol Forte                         | SZ |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Dolaforte                              | CO |
|                    |                     |    |    |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Prodeine Forte                         | AV |
|                    |                     |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 7.98 | *19.14 | 12.23 | <sup>a</sup> Panadeine Forte                        | SW |

#### HYDROMORPHONE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

|                    |                           |   |    |    |       |       |             |    |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|----|
| 8420E<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 2 mg in 1 mL    | 5 | .. | .. | 22.84 | 23.91 | Dilaudid    | MF |
| 8421F<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 10 mg in 1 mL   | 5 | .. | .. | 28.97 | 30.04 | Dilaudid-HP | MF |
| 8422G<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 50 mg in 5 mL   | 5 | .. | .. | 52.00 | 34.20 | Dilaudid-HP | MF |
| 8423H<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 500 mg in 50 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 75.41 | 34.20 | Dilaudid-HP | MF |

## Nervous system

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>HYDROMORPHONE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b><br>The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b><br>Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:<br>(i) chronic severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or<br><br>(ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or<br><br>(iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or<br><br>(iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9299K<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 4 mg (modified release)                          | 14          | ..          | ..      | 30.95                                    | 32.02  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| 9406C<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 8 mg (modified release)                          | 14          | ..          | ..      | 36.41                                    | 34.20  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| 9407D<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 16 mg (modified release)                         | 14          | ..          | ..      | 52.82                                    | 34.20  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| 9408E<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 32 mg (modified release)                         | 14          | ..          | ..      | 88.70                                    | 34.20  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| 9409F<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 64 mg (modified release)                         | 14          | ..          | ..      | 149.38                                   | 34.20  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| <b>HYDROMORPHONE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b><br>The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b><br>Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:<br>(i) severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or<br><br>(ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or<br><br>(iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or<br><br>(iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8424J<br><i>NP</i>   | Oral liquid 1 mg per mL, 473 mL                         | 1           | ..          | ..      | 63.70                                    | 34.20  | Dilaudid                    | MF |
| 8541M<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 2 mg   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 17.10                                    | 18.17  | Dilaudid                    | MF |
| 8542N<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 4 mg   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 19.85                                    | 20.92  | Dilaudid                    | MF |
| 8543P<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 8 mg   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 30.03                                    | 31.10  | Dilaudid                    | MF |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b><br>The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b><br>Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:<br>(i) severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or<br><br>(ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or<br><br>(iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or<br><br>(iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2122Q<br><i>NP</i>   | Oral solution 2 mg per mL, 200 mL                       | 1           | ..          | ..      | 17.97                                    | 19.04  | Ordine 2 MF                 |
| 2123R<br><i>NP</i>   | Oral solution 5 mg per mL, 200 mL                       | 1           | ..          | ..      | 20.55                                    | 21.62  | Ordine 5 MF                 |
| 2124T<br><i>NP</i>   | Oral solution 10 mg per mL, 200 mL                      | 1           | ..          | ..      | 24.61                                    | 25.68  | Ordine 10 MF                |
| <b>MORPHINE SULFATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b><br>The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1644M<br><i>NP, MW</i>   | Injection 10 mg in 1 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..      | 13.99                                    | 15.06  | Hospira Pty Limited HH      |
| 1645N<br><i>NP, MW</i>   | Injection 15 mg in 1 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..      | 14.35                                    | 15.42  | Hospira Pty Limited HH      |
| 1647Q<br><i>NP</i>   | Injection 30 mg in 1 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..      | 15.77                                    | 16.84  | Hospira Pty Limited HH      |
| <b>MORPHINE SULFATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b><br>The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b><br>Severe disabling pain due to cancer not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8669G<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 10 mg  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 14.31                                    | 15.38  | Sevredol MF                 |
| 8670H<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 20 mg  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 15.26                                    | 16.33  | Sevredol MF                 |
| <b>MORPHINE SULFATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b><br>The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b><br>Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:<br>(i) severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or<br><br>(ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--------------------------------|
|  | (iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
|  | (iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 1646P<br>NP  | Tablet 30 mg   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 14.03                                    | 15.10  | Anamorph FM                    |
| <b>MORPHINE SULFATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>Caution</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| The risk of drug dependence is high.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| (i) chronic severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| (ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| (iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| (iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 1653B<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg (controlled release)  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 16.92                                    | 17.99 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Momex SR 10 SI                 |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> MS Contin MF      |
| 1654C<br>NP  | Tablet 30 mg (controlled release)  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 28.23                                    | 29.30 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Momex SR 30 SI                 |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> MS Contin MF      |
| 1655D<br>NP  | Tablet 60 mg (controlled release)  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 42.68                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Momex SR 60 SI                 |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> MS Contin MF      |
| 1656E<br>NP  | Tablet 100 mg (controlled release)   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 54.79                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Momex SR 100 SI                |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> MS Contin MF      |
| 2839K<br>NP  | Capsule 20 mg (containing sustained release pellets)   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 20.47                                    | 21.54  | Kapanol GK                     |
| 2840L<br>NP  | Capsule 50 mg (containing sustained release pellets)   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 33.54                                    | 34.20  | Kapanol GK                     |
| 2841M<br>NP  | Capsule 100 mg (containing sustained release pellets)  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 53.46                                    | 34.20  | Kapanol GK                     |
| 8035X<br>NP  | Tablet 5 mg (controlled release)   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 15.17                                    | 16.24  | MS Contin MF                   |
| 8146R<br>NP  | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 30 mg per sachet  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 48.01                                    | 34.20  | MS Contin Suspension 30 mg MF  |
| 8305D<br>NP  | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 60 mg per sachet  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 53.07                                    | 34.20  | MS Contin Suspension 60 mg MF  |
| 8306E<br>NP  | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 100 mg per sachet   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 64.30                                    | 34.20  | MS Contin Suspension 100 mg MF |
| 8349K<br>NP  | Capsule 10 mg (containing sustained release pellets)   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 16.92                                    | 17.99  | Kapanol GK                     |
| 8489T  | Tablet 15 mg (controlled release)  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 19.91                                    | 20.98  | MS Contin MF                   |

## Nervous system

| Code               | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                             | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer   |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------|
| 8490W<br><i>NP</i> | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 20 mg per sachet | 20          | ..          | ..      | 46.85                                    | 34.20  | MS Contin Suspension 20 mg MF |
| 8491X<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 30 mg (controlled release)  | 10          | ..          | ..      | 19.91                                    | 20.98  | MS Mono MF                    |
| 8492Y<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 60 mg (controlled release)  | 10          | ..          | ..      | 28.23                                    | 29.30  | MS Mono MF                    |
| 8493B<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 90 mg (controlled release)  | 10          | ..          | ..      | 32.20                                    | 33.27  | MS Mono MF                    |
| 8494C<br><i>NP</i> | Capsule 120 mg (controlled release)   | 10          | ..          | ..      | 42.68                                    | 34.20  | MS Mono MF                    |

### MORPHINE SULFATE

#### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

#### Authority required

Chronic severe disabling pain due to cancer.

|                    |  |    |    |    |        |       |                                |
|--------------------|--|----|----|----|--------|-------|--------------------------------|
| 8453X<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 200 mg (controlled release)   | 20 | .. | .. | 89.64  | 34.20 | MS Contin MF                   |
| 8454Y<br><i>NP</i> | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 200 mg per sachet | 20 | .. | .. | 119.56 | 34.20 | MS Contin Suspension 200 mg MF |

### MORPHINE TARTRATE

#### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

|                    |                            |   |    |    |       |       |                        |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------------------|
| 1607N<br><i>NP</i> | Injection 120 mg in 1.5 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 30.67 | 31.74 | Hospira Pty Limited HH |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------------------|

### OXYCODONE

#### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

#### Restricted benefit

Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

#### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:

(i) severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or

(ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or

(iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or

(iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.

|                    |                   |    |    |    |       |       |              |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|
| 2481N<br><i>NP</i> | Suppository 30 mg | 12 | .. | .. | 43.66 | 34.20 | Proladone PL |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|

### OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

#### Restricted benefit

Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|------------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| (i) severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| (ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| (iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| (iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 2622B<br>NP  | Tablet 5 mg   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 12.30                                    | 13.37  | Endone SI                    |
| 8464L<br>NP  | Capsule 5 mg  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 12.30                                    | 13.37  | OxyNorm MF                   |
| 8501K<br>NP  | Capsule 10 mg   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 15.42                                    | 16.49  | OxyNorm MF                   |
| 8502L<br>NP  | Capsule 20 mg   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 20.15                                    | 21.22  | OxyNorm MF                   |
| 8644Y<br>NP  | Oral solution 5 mg per 5 mL, 250 mL                     | 1           | ..          | ..      | 20.72                                    | 21.79  | OxyNorm Liquid<br>5mg/5mL MF |

### OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

#### Restricted benefit

Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

#### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:

(i) chronic severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or

(ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or

(iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or

(iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.

|             |                                   |    |    |    |       |       |              |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|
| 8385H<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (controlled release) | 20 | .. | .. | 21.95 | 23.02 | OxyContin MF |
| 8386J<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg (controlled release) | 20 | .. | .. | 31.87 | 32.94 | OxyContin MF |
| 8387K<br>NP | Tablet 40 mg (controlled release) | 20 | .. | .. | 48.35 | 34.20 | OxyContin MF |
| 8388L<br>NP | Tablet 80 mg (controlled release) | 20 | .. | .. | 71.70 | 34.20 | OxyContin MF |
| 8681X<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (controlled release)  | 20 | .. | .. | 21.18 | 22.25 | OxyContin MF |
| 9399Q<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg (controlled release) | 20 | .. | .. | 27.93 | 29.00 | OxyContin MF |
| 9400R<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg (controlled release) | 20 | .. | .. | 41.22 | 34.20 | OxyContin MF |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                     | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b><i>Phenylpiperidine derivatives</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>FENTANYL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b><br>The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b><br>Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (i) chronic severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Durogesic is not recommended in opioid naive patients with non-cancer pain, because of a high incidence of adverse events in these patients. Patients with cancer pain may be initiated on the lowest strength patch (12 micrograms per hour).   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8878G<br>NP  | Transdermal patch 2.1 mg (releasing approximately 12 micrograms per hour)   | 5           | ..          | ..      | 47.16                                    | 34.20  | Durogesic 12 JC             |
| 8891Y<br>NP  | Transdermal patch 4.2 mg (releasing approximately 25 micrograms per hour)   | 5           | ..          | ..      | 56.28                                    | 34.20  | Durogesic 25 JC             |
| 8892B<br>NP  | Transdermal patch 8.4 mg (releasing approximately 50 micrograms per hour)   | 5           | ..          | ..      | 95.38                                    | 34.20  | Durogesic 50 JC             |
| 8893C<br>NP  | Transdermal patch 12.6 mg (releasing approximately 75 micrograms per hour)  | 5           | ..          | ..      | 127.28                                   | 34.20  | Durogesic 75 JC             |
| 8894D<br>NP  | Transdermal patch 16.8 mg (releasing approximately 100 micrograms per hour) | 5           | ..          | ..      | 155.76                                   | 34.20  | Durogesic 100 JC            |
| <b><i>Diphenylpropylamine derivatives</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b><br>The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b><br>Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (i) severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| (iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br><b>Shared Care Model:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1606M<br>NP  | Injection 10 mg in 1 mL   | 5           | ..          | ..      | 49.31                                    | 34.20  | Physeptone SI               |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 1609Q<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 15.23                                    | 16.30  | Physeptone                  | SI |

### *Oripavine derivatives*

#### **BUPRENORPHINE**

##### **Restricted benefit**

Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### **Note**

Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for:

(i) chronic severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or

(ii) chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the total duration of narcotic analgesic treatment is less than 12 months; or

(iii) first application for treatment beyond 12 months of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where the patient's pain management has been reviewed through consultation by the patient with another medical practitioner, and the clinical need for continuing narcotic analgesic treatment has been confirmed. The date of the consultation must be no more than 3 months prior to the application for a PBS authority. The full name of the medical practitioner consulted and the date of consultation are to be provided at the time of application; or

(iv) subsequent application for treatment of chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics where a PBS authority prescription for treatment beyond 12 months has previously been issued for this patient.

##### **Note**

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

##### **Caution**

The risk of drug dependence is high.

|             |  |   |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 8865N<br>NP | Transdermal patch 5 mg (releasing approximately 5 micrograms per hour)   | 2 | .. | .. | 26.70 | 27.77 | Norspan | MF |
| 8866P<br>NP | Transdermal patch 10 mg (releasing approximately 10 micrograms per hour) | 2 | .. | .. | 40.77 | 34.20 | Norspan | MF |
| 8867Q<br>NP | Transdermal patch 20 mg (releasing approximately 20 micrograms per hour) | 2 | .. | .. | 56.08 | 34.20 | Norspan | MF |

### *Other opioids*

#### **TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### **Restricted benefit**

For acute pain where aspirin and/or paracetamol alone are inappropriate or have failed.

##### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       |  |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|--|----|
| 8455B<br>NP | Capsule 50 mg | 20 | .. | ..                | 9.02  | 10.09 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol                        | TX |
|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Tramadol               | CH |
|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GA Tramadol 50mg                    | GM |
|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Tramadol                      | GX |
|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Lodam 50                            | ZP |
|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Tramadol | TW |
|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol Sandoz                     | SZ |
|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Tramedo                             | AF |
|             |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Zydol                               | SI |
|             |               |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.31 | 11.33 | 10.09 | <sup>a</sup> Tramal                              | CS |

#### **TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### **Restricted benefit**

For dosage titration in chronic pain where aspirin and/or paracetamol alone are inappropriate or have failed.

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer       |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| 8611F<br>NP   | Capsule 50 mg   | 20          | 2           | ..                | 9.02                                     | 10.09  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol TX      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol GM          |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GA Tramadol 50mg     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Tramadol GX    |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lodam 50 ZP          |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol Sandoz SZ   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramedo AF           |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zydol SI             |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.31 | 11.33                                    | 10.09  | <sup>a</sup> Tramal CS            |
| <b>TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| For pain where aspirin and/or paracetamol alone are inappropriate or have failed.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                   |
| 2527B<br>NP   | Tablet 50 mg (twice daily sustained release)            | 20          | ..          | ..                | 11.37                                    | 12.44  | Tramal SR 50 CS                   |
| 8523N<br>NP   | Tablet 100 mg (twice daily sustained release)           | 20          | ..          | ..                | 13.49                                    | 14.56  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol SR TX   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR GM       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GA Tramadol SR 100mg |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lodam SR 100 ZP      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR SZ       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol Sandoz SR   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramedo SR 100 AF    |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zydol SR 100 SI      |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.28 | 17.77                                    | 14.56  | <sup>a</sup> Tramal SR 100 CS     |
| 8524P<br>NP   | Tablet 150 mg (twice daily sustained release)           | 20          | ..          | ..                | 15.94                                    | 17.01  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol SR TX   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR GM       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GA Tramadol SR 150mg |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lodam SR 150 ZP      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR SZ       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol Sandoz SR   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramedo SR 150 AF    |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zydol SR 150 SI      |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.11 | 21.05                                    | 17.01  | <sup>a</sup> Tramal SR 150 CS     |
| 8525Q<br>NP   | Tablet 200 mg (twice daily sustained release)           | 20          | ..          | ..                | 18.02                                    | 19.09  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol SR TX   |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR          |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|----|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | GA Tramadol SR<br>200mg                | GM |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Lodam SR 200                           | ZP |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Tramadol SR | TW |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Tramadol Sandoz<br>SR                  | SZ |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Tramedo SR 200                         | AF |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Zydol SR 200                           | SI |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.78 | 23.80                                    | 19.09  | <sup>a</sup>                | Tramal SR 200                          | CS |
| 8843K<br>NP | Oral drops 100 mg per mL, 10 mL                         | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | 13.71                                    | 14.78  |                             | Tramal                                 | CS |
| 9199E<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg (once a day extended release)             | 10          | ..          | ..                | 13.02                                    | 14.09  |                             | Durotram XR                            | IA |
| 9200F<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg (once a day extended release)             | 10          | ..          | ..                | 15.85                                    | 16.92  |                             | Durotram XR                            | IA |
| 9201G<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg (once a day extended release)             | 10          | ..          | ..                | 19.13                                    | 20.20  |                             | Durotram XR                            | IA |

### TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Restricted benefit

Short-term treatment of acute pain.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |                          |   |    |    |       |       |              |            |    |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|------------|----|
| 8582Q<br>NP | Injection 100 mg in 2 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 13.91 | 14.98 | <sup>a</sup> | Tramahexal | SZ |
|             |                          |   |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Tramal 100 | CS |

## Other analgesics and antipyretics

### *Salicylic acid and derivatives*

#### ASPIRIN

|             |                             |    |   |    |      |      |  |         |    |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|------|------|--|---------|----|
| 1010E<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg (dispersible) | 96 | 1 | .. | 8.50 | 9.57 |  | Solprin | RC |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|------|------|--|---------|----|

### *Anilides*

#### PARACETAMOL

|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       |              |  |    |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|--|----|
| 1746X<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg                       | 100 | 1 | .. | 8.32  | 9.39  | <sup>a</sup> | APO-Paracetamol                        | TX |
|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Chem mart<br>Paracetamol               | CH |
|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Febridol                               | GM |
|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Generic Health Pty<br>Ltd              | GQ |
|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Panamax                                | SW |
|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Paracetamol<br>Sandoz                  | SZ |
|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Paralgin                               | FM |
|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Pharmacy Choice<br>Paracetamol         | YM |
|             |                                     |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> | Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Paracetamol | TW |
| 1747Y<br>NP | Oral liquid 120 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1  | 2 | .. | 9.38  | 10.45 |              | Panamax                                | SW |
| 1770E<br>NP | Oral liquid 240 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL | ‡1  | 2 | .. | 10.68 | 11.75 |              | Panamax 240 Elixir                     | SW |

## Nervous system

| Code                             | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                      |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| <b>PARACETAMOL</b>               |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Chronic arthropathies.           |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 8784H<br>NP                      | Tablet 500 mg   | 300         | 4           | ..      | *12.12                                   | 13.19  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Paracetamol TX                  |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                        |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Paracetamol                         |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Febridol GM                         |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Generic Health Pty Ltd GQ           |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Panamax SW                          |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Paracetamol SZ                      |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sandoz                              |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Paralgin FM                         |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacy Choice Paracetamol YM      |
|                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Paracetamol TW |

### PARACETAMOL

#### **Restricted benefit**

Relief of persistent pain associated with osteoarthritis.

|             |                                  |     |   |    |        |       |                  |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|------------------|
| 8814X<br>NP | Tablet 665 mg (modified release) | 192 | 5 | .. | *16.64 | 17.71 | Panadol Osteo GC |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|------------------|

## Antimigraine preparations

### *Ergot alkaloids*

|       |   |   |    |    |       |       |              |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|
| 1323P | <b>DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE</b><br>Injection 1 mg in 1 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 17.06 | 18.13 | Dihyergot NV |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|

### METHYSERGIDE

#### **Note**

#### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |             |     |   |    |        |       |            |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|
| 2826R<br>NP | Tablet 1 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | *44.96 | 34.20 | Deseril LM |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|

## *Selective 5HT<sub>1</sub>-receptor agonists*

### ELETRIPTAN

#### **Caution**

Eletriptan is contraindicated in patients with known or suspected coronary artery disease. The drug should not be used within 24 hours of ergotamine or dihydroergotamine use.

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3233

Migraine attack in a patient where attacks in the past have usually failed to respond to analgesics.

#### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### **Note**

#### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                |   |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 5290K<br>NP | Tablet 40 mg (as hydrobromide) | 4 | 5 | .. | 24.75 | 25.82 | Relpax PF |
| 5291L<br>NP | Tablet 80 mg (as hydrobromide) | 4 | 5 | .. | 24.75 | 25.82 | Relpax PF |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer     |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>RIZATRIPTAN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Caution</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| Rizatriptan is contraindicated in patients with known or suspected coronary artery disease. The drug should not be used within 24 hours of ergotamine or dihydroergotamine use.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| 3233   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| Migraine attack in a patient where attacks in the past have usually failed to respond to analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| 9313E<br>NP  | Wafer 10 mg (as benzoate)                               | 4           | 5           | ..      | *25.12                                   | 26.19  | Maxalt MK                       |
| <b>SUMATRIPTAN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Caution</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| Sumatriptan is contraindicated in patients with known or suspected coronary artery disease. The drug should not be used within 24 hours of ergotamine or dihydroergotamine use.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| 3233   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| Migraine attack in a patient where attacks in the past have usually failed to respond to analgesics.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                 |
| 8144P<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg (as succinate)                             | 4           | 5           | ..      | *24.38                                   | 25.45  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Sumatriptan TX |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH       |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | Sumatriptan                     |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Imigran GK         |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR       |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | Sumatriptan 50                  |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sumagran 50 SI     |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sumatab AF         |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sumatriptan-GA GM  |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sumatriptan GQ     |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | generichealth                   |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW     |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | Chemists                        |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | Sumatriptan                     |
|  |   |             |             |         | 24.38                                    | *25.45   | <sup>a</sup> Sumatriptan GQ     |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | generichealth                   |
| 8341B<br>NP  | Nasal spray 20 mg in 0.1 mL single dose unit            | 2           | 5           | ..      | 19.25                                    | 20.32  | Imigran GK                      |
| 8885P<br>NP  | Tablet (fast disintegrating) 50 mg (as succinate)       | 4           | 5           | ..      | *24.38                                   | 25.45  | Imigran FDT GK                  |

### Other antimigraine preparations

#### CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### **Restricted benefit**

Prevention of migraine.

##### **Note**

Cyproheptadine hydrochloride is not PBS-subsidised for use in hay fever or atopy.

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | <b>Note</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1798P<br>NP | Tablet 4 mg  | 100         | 2           | ..      | 14.19                                    | 15.26  | Periactin AS                |
|             | <b>PIZOTIFEN MALATE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 3074T<br>NP | Tablet 500 micrograms (base)   | 100         | 2           | ..      | 21.75                                    | 22.82  | Sandomigran 0.5 NV          |

### Antiepileptics

#### Antiepileptics

##### *Barbiturates and derivatives*

###### PHENOBARBITONE

###### Restricted benefit

Epilepsy.

###### Note

###### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |     |   |    |       |       |  |    |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--|----|
| 1850J<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg | 200 | 4 | .. | 16.60 | 17.67 | Sigma<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>(Australia) Pty<br>Ltd | SI |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--|----|

###### PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM

###### Restricted benefit

Epilepsy.

###### Note

###### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                          |   |    |    |       |       |   |    |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|---|----|
| 1853M<br>NP | Injection 200 mg in 1 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 39.02 | 34.20 | Fawns and McAllan<br>Proprietary<br>Limited | FM |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|---|----|

###### PRIMIDONE

###### Note

###### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 1939C<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg | 200 | 2 | .. | 83.49 | 34.20 | Mysoline | LM |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|

##### *Hydantoin derivatives*

###### PHENYTOIN

###### Note

###### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |     |   |    |       |       |                   |    |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------------|----|
| 1249R<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg | 200 | 2 | .. | 38.16 | 34.20 | Dilantin Infatabs | PF |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------------|----|

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 2692Q<br>NP | Paediatric oral suspension 30 mg per 5 mL,<br>500 mL    | ‡1          | 3           | ..      | 26.40                                    | 27.47  | Dilantin PF                 |

### PHENYTOIN SODIUM

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                |     |   |    |       |       |                    |
|-------------|----------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 1873N<br>NP | Capsule 30 mg  | 200 | 2 | .. | 29.18 | 30.25 | Dilantin Sodium PF |
| 1874P<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg | 200 | 2 | .. | 30.12 | 31.19 | Dilantin Sodium PF |

### *Succinimide derivatives*

### ETHOSUXIMIDE

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |     |   |    |       |       |             |
|-------------|--|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 1413J<br>NP | Capsule 250 mg                           | 200 | 2 | .. | 54.10 | 34.20 | Zarontin PF |
| 1414K<br>NP | Paediatric syrup 250 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL | ‡1  | 5 | .. | 25.29 | 26.36 | Zarontin PF |

### *Benzodiazepine derivatives*

### CLONAZEPAM

#### Authority required

Neurologically proven epilepsy.

#### Caution

Abuse of clonazepam has been reported. Refer to the current product information.

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                  |     |    |                   |        |                    |              |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|----|-------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------|
| 1805B<br>NP | Tablet 500 micrograms            | 200 | 2  | ..                | *19.50 | 20.57 <sup>a</sup> | Paxam 0.5 AF |
|             |                                  |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.42 | *22.92 | 20.57 <sup>a</sup> | Rivotril RO  |
| 1806C<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg                      | 200 | 2  | ..                | *31.06 | 32.13 <sup>a</sup> | Paxam 2 AF   |
|             |                                  |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.86 | *34.92 | 32.13 <sup>a</sup> | Rivotril RO  |
| 1808E<br>NP | Oral liquid 2.5 mg per mL, 10 mL | 2   | .. | ..                | *15.04 | 16.11              | Rivotril RO  |

### CLONAZEPAM

#### Restricted benefit

Epilepsy.

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |   |    |    |       |       |             |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 1807D<br>NP | Injection 1 mg in 2 mL (set containing solution<br>1 mg in 1 mL and 1 mL diluent) | 5 | .. | .. | 18.58 | 19.65 | Rivotril RO |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|

### NITRAZEPAM

#### Authority required

Myoclonic epilepsy;

Malignant neoplasia (late stage);

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | For use by patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities and who have been demonstrated, within the past 6 months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal; |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
|             | For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult and who has been demonstrated, within the past 6 months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal.                                |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2732T<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg   | 50          | 5           | ..                | *9.22                                    | 10.29 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Alodorm AF                  |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.90 | *12.12                                   | 10.29 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Mogadon VT                  |

### Carboxamide derivatives

#### CARBAMAZEPINE

##### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |     |   |                   |        |                    |                         |
|-------------|---|-----|---|-------------------|--------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 2419H<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg                           | 200 | 2 | <sup>B</sup> 2.60 | *31.60 | 30.07 <sup>a</sup> | Tegretol 200 NV         |
|             |   |     |   | ..                | 29.02  | 30.09 <sup>a</sup> | Carbamazepine Sandoz SZ |
|             |   |     |   |                   |        | <sup>a</sup>       | Teril AF                |
| 2422L<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg                           | 200 | 2 | <sup>B</sup> 2.44 | *20.94 | 19.57 <sup>a</sup> | Tegretol 100 NV         |
|             |   |     |   | ..                | 18.51  | 19.58 <sup>a</sup> | Carbamazepine Sandoz SZ |
| 2426Q<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg (controlled release)      | 200 | 2 | ..                | 29.48  | 30.55              | Tegretol CR 200 NV      |
| 2427R<br>NP | Oral suspension 100 mg per 5 mL, 300 mL | 1   | 5 | ..                | 21.35  | 22.42              | Tegretol Liquid NV      |
| 2431Y<br>NP | Tablet 400 mg (controlled release)      | 200 | 2 | ..                | 49.02  | 34.20              | Tegretol CR 400 NV      |

#### OXCARBAZEPINE

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1587

Treatment of partial epileptic seizures and primary generalised tonic-clonic seizures, which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs.

##### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                      |     |   |    |         |       |              |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|--------------|
| 8584T<br>NP | Tablet 150 mg                        | 100 | 5 | .. | 72.27   | 34.20 | Trileptal NV |
| 8585W<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg                        | 100 | 5 | .. | 115.08  | 34.20 | Trileptal NV |
| 8586X<br>NP | Tablet 600 mg                        | 100 | 5 | .. | 187.98  | 34.20 | Trileptal NV |
| 8588B<br>NP | Oral suspension 60 mg per mL, 250 mL | 2   | 5 | .. | *138.12 | 34.20 | Trileptal NV |

### Fatty acid derivatives

#### SODIUM VALPROATE

##### Caution

There are reports of fatal hepatotoxicity, particularly in children.

There is increasing evidence of dose-related teratogenesis from this drug.

##### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|------------------------------|----|
| 2289L<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg (enteric coated)                          | 200         | 2           | ..                | *32.24                                   | 33.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Sodium Valproate<br>Sandoz   | SZ |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Valprease 200                | SI |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Valpro 200                   | AF |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Valproate<br>Winthrop EC 200 | WA |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.42 | *33.66                                   | 33.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Epilim EC                    | SW |
| 2290M<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg (enteric coated)                          | 200         | 2           | ..                | *55.40                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Sodium Valproate<br>Sandoz   | SZ |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Valprease 500                | SI |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Valpro 500                   | AF |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Valproate<br>Winthrop EC 500 | WA |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.32 | *56.72                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Epilim EC                    | SW |
| 2293Q<br>NP | Oral liquid 200 mg per 5 mL, 300 mL                     | 2           | 2           | ..                | *34.92                                   | 34.20  | Epilim Liquid                | SW |
| 2294R<br>NP | Crushable tablet 100 mg                                 | 200         | 2           | ..                | *32.00                                   | 33.07  | Epilim                       | SW |
| 2295T<br>NP | Syrup 200 mg per 5 mL, 300 mL                           | 2           | 2           | ..                | *34.92                                   | 34.20  | Epilim Syrup                 | SW |

### TIAGABINE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2664

Treatment of partial epileptic seizures which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                     |     |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------------|---------------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 8221Q<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg (base)  | 100 | 5 | .. | *72.64  | 34.20 | Gabitril | OA |
| 8222R<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (base) | 100 | 5 | .. | *138.84 | 34.20 | Gabitril | OA |
| 8223T<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg (base) | 100 | 5 | .. | *196.88 | 34.20 | Gabitril | OA |

### VIGABATRIN

#### Caution

Visual field defects have been reported with this drug.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1426

Treatment of epileptic seizures which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                            |     |   |    |        |       |        |    |
|-------------|----------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 2667J<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg              | 100 | 5 | .. | 100.93 | 34.20 | Sabril | SW |
| 2668K<br>NP | Oral powder, sachet 500 mg | 60  | 5 | .. | 67.70  | 34.20 | Sabril | SW |

## Other antiepileptics

### GABAPENTIN

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2664

Treatment of partial epileptic seizures which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer              |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| 1834M<br>NP | Capsule 300 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 59.23                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | DBL Gabapentin HH                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabapentin 300 CR           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabapentin-GA GM            |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabapentin Sandoz SZ        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabatine 300 SI             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gantin AW                   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Gabapentin GX         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Nupentin 300 AF             |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.95 | 60.18                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Neurontin PF                |
| 1835N<br>NP | Capsule 400 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 78.45                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | DBL Gabapentin HH                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Douglas Gabapentin 400mg GN |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabapentin 400 CR           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabapentin Sandoz SZ        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabatine 400 SI             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gantin AW                   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Gabapentin GX         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Nupentin 400 AF             |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.96 | 79.41                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Neurontin PF                |
| 8389M<br>NP | Tablet 800 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 158.84                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Gabaran RA                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabatine 800 SI             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gantin AW                   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Gabapentin GX         |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.94 | 159.78                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Neurontin PF                |
| 8505P<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 22.93                                    | 24.00 <sup>a</sup>                                     | APO-Gabapentin TX                        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> DBL Gabapentin HH           |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabatine 100 SI             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gantin AW                   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Nupentin 100 AF             |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.96 | 23.89                                    | 24.00 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Neurontin PF                |
| 8559L<br>NP | Tablet 600 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..                | 120.75                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Gabaran RA                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Gabatine 600 SI             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Gabapentin GX         |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.95 | 121.70                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Neurontin PF                |

### LACOSAMIDE

#### Authority required

Treatment, initiated by a neurologist, in combination with two or more anti-epileptic drugs which includes one second-line adjunctive agent, of partial epileptic seizures which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs in a patient aged 16 years or older with intractable epilepsy.

A patient must have trialed and failed to achieve satisfactory seizure control with:

- (i) at least one first-line anti-epileptic agent; and
- (ii) at least two second-line adjunctive anti-epileptic agents;

Continuing treatment, in combination with two or more anti-epileptic drugs which includes one second-line adjunctive agent, of partial epileptic seizures in a patient aged 16 years or older, who has previously been treated with PBS-subsidised lacosamide.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities will be authorised for the 56 tablet packs of the 150 mg and 200 mg strengths.

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer        |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| 9333F<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg  | 14          | 1           | ..                | 30.21                                    | 31.28  | Vimpat UC                          |
| 9334G<br>NP  | Tablets 100 mg, 14                                      | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | 52.29                                    | 34.20  | Vimpat UC                          |
| 9335H<br>NP  | Tablet 100 mg   | 56          | 5           | ..                | 188.45                                   | 34.20  | Vimpat UC                          |
| 9336J<br>NP  | Tablets 150 mg, 14                                      | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | 74.69                                    | 34.20  | Vimpat UC                          |
| 9337K<br>NP  | Tablet 150 mg   | 56          | 5           | ..                | 272.64                                   | 34.20  | Vimpat UC                          |
| 9338L<br>NP  | Tablet 200 mg   | 56          | 5           | ..                | 355.38                                   | 34.20  | Vimpat UC                          |
| <b>LAMOTRIGINE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| <b>1426</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| Treatment of epileptic seizures which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                    |
| 2848X<br>NP  | Tablet 25 mg  | 56          | 5           | ..                | 28.25                                    | 29.32  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lamotrigine TX    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lamotrigine GX  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamidus RA            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamogine AF           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine-DP GM     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine-GA GN     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine GQ        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine Sandoz SZ |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrust 25 MI       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Seaze 25 SI           |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.73 | 28.98                                    | 29.32  | <sup>a</sup> Lamictal GK           |
| 2849Y<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg  | 56          | 5           | ..                | 42.57                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lamotrigine TX    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lamotrigine GX  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamidus RA            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamogine AF           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine-DP GM     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine-GA GN     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine GQ        |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> generichealth         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine Sandoz SZ |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrust 50 MI       |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Seaze 50 SI           |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.63 | 43.20                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Lamictal GK           |
| 2850B<br>NP  | Tablet 100 mg   | 56          | 5           | ..                | 64.43                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lamotrigine TX    |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lamotrigine GX  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamidus RA            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamogine AF           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine-DP GM     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine-GA GN     |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                       |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| 2851C<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg   | 56          | 5           | ..      | 103.88                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine generichealth GQ         |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine Sandoz SZ                |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotruster 100 MI                   |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Seaze 100 SI                         |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>B</sup> 0.70 65.13 <sup>a</sup> Lamictal GK  |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Lamotrigine TX                   |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lamotrigine GX                 |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamidus RA                           |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamogine AF                          |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine-DP GM                    |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine-GA GN                    |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine generichealth GQ         |
| 8063J<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg   | 56          | 5           | ..      | 16.23                                    | 17.30  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotrigine Sandoz SZ                |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamotruster 200 MI                   |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Seaze 200 SI                         |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>B</sup> 0.68 104.56 <sup>a</sup> Lamictal GK |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lamogine AF                          |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Seaze 5 SI                           |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>B</sup> 0.72 16.95 <sup>a</sup> Lamictal GK  |

### LEVETIRACETAM

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2664

Treatment of partial epileptic seizures which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|   |               |    |   |    |       |       |  |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|---|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---|
| 8654L<br>NP                                 | Tablet 250 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 54.57 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Levetiracetam TX                  |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Levetiracetam CH            |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Kepcet GM                             |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Keppra UC                             |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Kevtam AF                             |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Levecetam 250 RZ                      |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Levetiracetam generichealth GQ        |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Levetiracetam SZ SZ                   |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Levitam 250 SI                        |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Levetiracetam TW |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       | 8655M<br>NP  | Tablet 500 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 86.49 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Levetiracetam TX       |
|   |               |    |   |    |       |       |  |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart Levetiracetam CH |
| <sup>a</sup> Kepcet GM                      |               |    |   |    |       |       |  |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
| <sup>a</sup> Keppra UC                      |               |    |   |    |       |       |  |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
| <sup>a</sup> Kevtam AF                      |               |    |   |    |       |       |  |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
| <sup>a</sup> Levecetam 500 RZ               |               |    |   |    |       |       |  |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |
| <sup>a</sup> Levetiracetam generichealth GQ |               |    |   |    |       |       |  |               |    |   |    |       |       |   |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                              |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Levetiracetam SZ SZ                         |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Levitam 500 SI                              |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists TW                  |
| 8656N<br>NP | Tablet 1 g  | 60          | 5           | ..      | 139.83                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Levetiracetam<br>APO-Levetiracetam TX       |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Levetiracetam CH               |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kepcet GM                                   |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Keppra UC                                   |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kevtam AF                                   |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Levecetam 1000 RZ                           |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Levetiracetam<br>generichealth GQ           |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Levetiracetam SZ SZ                         |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Levitam 1000 SI                             |
|             |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists TW<br>Levetiracetam |

### LEVETIRACETAM

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3291

Treatment of partial epileptic seizures, which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs in a patient unable to take a solid dose form of levetiracetam.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                     |    |   |    |        |       |           |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------|
| 9169N<br>NP | Oral solution 100 mg per mL, 300 mL | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 111.42 | 34.20 | Keppra UC |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------|

### SULTHIAME

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 2099L<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg  | 200 | 2 | .. | 46.12 | 34.20 | Ospolot PL |
| 2100M<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 200 | 2 | .. | 98.57 | 34.20 | Ospolot PL |

### TOPIRAMATE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2797

Treatment of partial epileptic seizures, primary generalised tonic-clonic epileptic seizures and seizures of the Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2799

Prophylaxis of migraine in a patient who has experienced an average of 3 or more migraines per month over a period of at least 6 months, and who:

- (a) has a contraindication to beta-blockers, as described in the relevant TGA-approved Product Information; OR
  - (b) has experienced intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent withdrawal during treatment with a beta-blocker;
- AND
- (c) has a contraindication to pizotifen because the weight gain associated with this drug poses an unacceptable risk; OR
  - (d) has experienced intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent withdrawal during treatment with pizotifen.

Details of the contraindication and/or intolerance(s) must be documented in the patient's medical records when treatment is initiated.

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer       |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |
| 8163P<br>NP  | Tablet 25 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..      | 40.41                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Topiramate TX    |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Epiramax 25 SI       |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> RBX Topiramate RA    |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tamate AF            |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Topamax JC           |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Topiramate-GA GM     |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Topiramate Sandoz SZ |
| 8164Q<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg  | 60          | 5           | ..      | 59.79                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Topiramate TX    |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Epiramax 50 SI       |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> RBX Topiramate RA    |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tamate AF            |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Topamax JC           |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Topiramate-GA GM     |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Topiramate Sandoz SZ |

### TOPIRAMATE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2797

Treatment of partial epileptic seizures, primary generalised tonic-clonic epileptic seizures and seizures of the Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs.

#### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |    |   |    |        |       |                                   |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 8165R<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 90.39  | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Topiramate TX    |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Epiramax 100 SI      |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> RBX Topiramate RA    |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Tamate AF            |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Topamax JC           |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Topiramate-GA GM     |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Topiramate Sandoz SZ |
| 8166T<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 147.48 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Topiramate TX    |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Epiramax 200 SI      |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> RBX Topiramate RA    |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Tamate AF            |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Topamax JC           |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Topiramate-GA GM     |
|             |               |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Topiramate Sandoz SZ |

### TOPIRAMATE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2798

Treatment of partial epileptic seizures, primary generalised tonic-clonic epileptic seizures and seizures of the Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, which are not controlled satisfactorily by other anti-epileptic drugs in patients unable to take a solid dose form of topiramate.

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8371N<br>NP  | Capsule 15 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 31.16                                    | 32.23  | Topamax Sprinkle            | JC |
| 8372P<br>NP  | Capsule 25 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 39.85                                    | 34.20  | Topamax Sprinkle            | JC |
| 8520K<br>NP  | Capsule 50 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 59.74                                    | 34.20  | Topamax Sprinkle            | JC |

### Anti-Parkinson drugs

#### Anticholinergic agents

##### *Tertiary amines*

##### BENZHEXOL HYDROCHLORIDE

|             |             |     |   |    |       |       |        |    |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--------|----|
| 1109J<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg | 200 | 2 | .. | 15.32 | 16.39 | Artane | SI |
| 1110K<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg | 200 | 1 | .. | 22.01 | 23.08 | Artane | SI |

##### BIPERIDEN HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |             |     |   |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 2544X<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg | 200 | 2 | .. | *20.88 | 21.95 | Akineton | LM |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|

##### *Ethers of tropine or tropine derivatives*

##### BENZTROPINE MESYLATE

|             |                        |    |    |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|------------------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 2362H<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg            | 60 | 2  | .. | 12.76  | 13.83 | Benztrop | PL |
| 3038X<br>NP | Injection 2 mg in 2 mL | 5  | .. | .. | 103.59 | 34.20 | Cogentin | FK |

#### Dopaminergic agents

##### *Dopa and dopa derivatives*

##### LEVODOPA with BENSERAZIDE

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |     |   |    |       |       |                       |    |
|-------------|--|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----|
| 2225D<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg-25 mg                     | 100 | 5 | .. | 38.92 | 34.20 | Madopar 125           | RO |
| 2226E<br>NP | Capsule 200 mg-50 mg                     | 100 | 5 | .. | 50.01 | 34.20 | Madopar               | RO |
| 2227F<br>NP | Capsule 50 mg-12.5 mg                    | 100 | 5 | .. | 23.00 | 24.07 | Madopar 62.5          | RO |
| 2228G<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg-50 mg                      | 100 | 5 | .. | 50.01 | 34.20 | Madopar               | RO |
| 2229H<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg-25 mg                      | 100 | 5 | .. | 38.92 | 34.20 | Madopar 125           | RO |
| 2231K<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg-25 mg (sustained release) | 100 | 5 | .. | 42.00 | 34.20 | Madopar HBS           | RO |
| 8218M<br>NP | Dispersible tablet 50 mg-12.5 mg         | 100 | 5 | .. | 23.00 | 24.07 | Madopar Rapid<br>62.5 | RO |
| 8219N<br>NP | Dispersible tablet 100 mg-25 mg          | 100 | 5 | .. | 38.92 | 34.20 | Madopar Rapid 125     | RO |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>LEVODOPA with CARBIDOPA</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 1242J<br>NP  | Tablet 100 mg-25 mg                                     | 100         | 5           | ..                | 38.29                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Kinson AF                   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.19 | 43.48                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Sinemet 100/25 MK           |
| 1245M<br>NP  | Tablet 250 mg-25 mg                                     | 100         | 5           | ..                | 45.09                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Levo/Carbidopa SZ           |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.92 | 48.01                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Sandoz<br>Sinemet MK        |
| <b>LEVODOPA with CARBIDOPA</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 1257   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Parkinson's disease where fluctuations in motor function are not adequately controlled by frequent dosing with conventional formulations of levodopa with decarboxylase inhibitor.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 1255C<br>NP  | Tablet 200 mg-50 mg (modified release)                  | 100         | 5           | ..                | 67.87                                    | 34.20  | Sinemet CR MK               |
| <b>LEVODOPA with CARBIDOPA and ENTACAPONE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 3305   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Parkinson disease in patients being treated with levodopa—decarboxylase inhibitor combinations who are experiencing fluctuations in motor function due to end-of-dose effect;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 3306   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Parkinson disease in patients stabilised on concomitant treatment with levodopa—decarboxylase inhibitor combinations and entacapone.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8797B<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg-12.5 mg-200 mg                             | 200         | 4           | ..                | *311.88                                  | 34.20  | Stalevo NV                  |
| 8798C<br>NP  | Tablet 100 mg-25 mg-200 mg                              | 200         | 4           | ..                | *341.92                                  | 34.20  | Stalevo NV                  |
| 8799D<br>NP  | Tablet 150 mg-37.5 mg-200 mg                            | 200         | 4           | ..                | *371.96                                  | 34.20  | Stalevo NV                  |
| 9292C<br>NP  | Tablet 200 mg-50 mg-200 mg                              | 200         | 4           | ..                | *399.62                                  | 34.20  | Stalevo NV                  |
| 9344T<br>NP  | Tablet 75 mg-18.75 mg-200 mg                            | 200         | 4           | ..                | *325.12                                  | 34.20  | Stalevo NV                  |
| 9345W<br>NP  | Tablet 125 mg-31.25 mg-200 mg                           | 200         | 4           | ..                | *353.96                                  | 34.20  | Stalevo NV                  |

### Adamantane derivatives

#### AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### **Restricted benefit**

Parkinson's disease which is not drug induced.

##### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                |     |   |    |       |       |                  |
|-------------|----------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|
| 3016R<br>NP | Capsule 100 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 44.30 | 34.20 | Symmetrel 100 NV |
|-------------|----------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Dopamine agonists</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>BROMOCRIPTINE MESYLATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Acromegaly;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Parkinson's disease;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where surgery is not indicated;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where surgery has already been used with incomplete resolution;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where radiotherapy is not indicated;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Pathological hyperprolactinaemia where radiotherapy has already been used with incomplete resolution.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Care should be taken when treating patients with advanced age and significant cognitive impairment with dopamine agonists.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 1443Y  | Tablet 2.5 mg (base)                                    | 60          | 5           | ..                | 31.42                                    | 32.49 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Kripton 2.5 AF              |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.77 | 34.19                                    | 32.49 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Parlodel NV                 |
| 1445C  | Capsule 10 mg (base)                                    | 100         | 5           | ..                | 148.46                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Kripton 10 AF               |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.93 | 151.39                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Parlodel NV                 |
| 1446D  | Capsule 5 mg (base)                                     | 60          | 5           | ..                | 48.28                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Kripton 5 AF                |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.77 | 51.05                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Parlodel NV                 |
| <b>CABERGOLINE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Parkinson's disease.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Care should be taken when treating patients with advanced age and significant cognitive impairment with dopamine agonists.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8393R<br>NP  | Tablet 1 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 59.78                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Bergoline 1 SI              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Cabaser PF                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Cobasol GM                  |
| 8394T<br>NP  | Tablet 2 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..                | 77.94                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Bergoline 2 SI              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Cabaser PF                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Cobasol GM                  |
| <b>PERGOLIDE MESYLATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Parkinson's disease as adjunctive therapy in patients being treated with levodopa—decarboxylase inhibitor combinations.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Care should be taken when treating patients with advanced age and significant cognitive impairment with dopamine agonists.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2808T<br>NP  | Tablet 50 micrograms (base)                             | 100         | ..          | ..                | 52.93                                    | 34.20  | Permax AS                   |
| 2809W<br>NP  | Tablet 250 micrograms (base)                            | 100         | 5           | ..                | 66.18                                    | 34.20  | Permax AS                   |
| 2810X<br>NP  | Tablet 1 mg (base)                                      | 100         | 5           | ..                | 241.69                                   | 34.20  | Permax AS                   |
| <b>PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Episodes of sudden onset of sleep without warning, during activity, have been reported with this drug.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Care should be taken when treating patients with advanced age and significant cognitive impairment with dopamine agonists.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Parkinson disease.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9151P<br>NP  | Tablet 125 micrograms                                   | 30          | ..          | ..      | 11.74                                    | 12.81  | Sifrol BY                   |
| 9152Q<br>NP  | Tablet 250 micrograms                                   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 41.27                                    | 34.20  | Sifrol BY                   |
| 9153R<br>NP  | Tablet 1 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 152.14                                   | 34.20  | Sifrol BY                   |

### PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### **Caution**

Episodes of sudden onset of sleep without warning, during activity, have been reported with this drug.

#### **Note**

Care should be taken when treating patients with advanced age and significant cognitive impairment with dopamine agonists.

#### **Restricted benefit**

Treatment of severe primary Restless Legs Syndrome in a patient who manifests all 4 diagnostic criteria below and whose baseline International Restless Legs Syndrome Rating Scale (IRLSRS) score is greater than or equal to 21 points prior to initiation of pramipexole.

The date and IRLSRS score must be documented in the patient's medical records at the time pramipexole treatment is initiated.

The diagnostic criteria for Restless Legs Syndrome are:

- (a) An urge to move the legs usually accompanied or caused by unpleasant sensations in the legs; and
- (b) The urge to move or unpleasant sensations begin or worsen during periods of rest or inactivity such as lying or sitting; and
- (c) The urge to move or unpleasant sensations are partially or totally relieved by movement, such as walking or stretching, at least as long as the activity continues; and
- (d) The urge to move or unpleasant sensations are worse in the evening or night than during the day or only occur during the evening or night.

Pramipexole is not PBS-subsidised for Restless Legs Syndrome secondary to other causes.

#### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                       |     |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 9393J<br>NP | Tablet 125 micrograms | 30  | 2 | .. | 11.74 | 12.81 | Sifrol BY |
| 9394K<br>NP | Tablet 250 micrograms | 100 | 2 | .. | 41.27 | 34.20 | Sifrol BY |

### PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### **Caution**

Episodes of sudden onset of sleep without warning, during activity, have been reported with this drug.

#### **Note**

Care should be taken when treating patients with advanced age and significant cognitive impairment with dopamine agonists.

#### **Restricted benefit**

Parkinson disease.

#### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

#### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be approved for extended release pramipexole formulations.

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 3418X<br>NP | Tablet 0.375 mg (extended release)                      | 30          | ..          | ..      | 22.39                                    | 23.46  | Sifrol ER                   | BY |
| 3419Y<br>NP | Tablet 0.75 mg (extended release)                       | 30          | 5           | ..      | 37.84                                    | 34.20  | Sifrol ER                   | BY |
| 3420B<br>NP | Tablet 1.5 mg (extended release)                        | 30          | 5           | ..      | 66.51                                    | 34.20  | Sifrol ER                   | BY |
| 3421C<br>NP | Tablet 3 mg (extended release)                          | 30          | 5           | ..      | 137.56                                   | 34.20  | Sifrol ER                   | BY |
| 3422D<br>NP | Tablet 4.5 mg (extended release)                        | 30          | 5           | ..      | 203.13                                   | 34.20  | Sifrol ER                   | BY |

### *Monoamine oxidase type B inhibitors*

#### SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Late stage Parkinson's disease as adjunctive therapy in patients being treated with levodopa—decarboxylase inhibitor combinations.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |             |     |   |    |       |       |                       |    |
|-------------|-------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----|
| 1973W<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 52.96 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Eldepryl | AS |
|             |             |     |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Selgene  | AF |

### *Other dopaminergic agents*

#### ENTACAPONE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2067

Parkinson's disease as adjunctive therapy in patients being treated with levodopa—decarboxylase inhibitor combinations who are experiencing fluctuations in motor function due to end-of-dose effect.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |     |   |    |         |       |        |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|
| 8367J<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg | 200 | 4 | .. | *281.82 | 34.20 | Comtan | NV |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|--------|----|

## Psycholeptics

### Antipsychotics

#### *Phenothiazine with aliphatic side-chain*

#### CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                |     |    |    |       |       |           |    |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 1195X<br>NP | Injection 50 mg in 2 mL        | 10  | .. | .. | 20.48 | 21.55 | Largactil | SW |
| 1196Y<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg                   | 100 | 5  | .. | 10.49 | 11.56 | Largactil | SW |
| 1197B<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg                   | 100 | 5  | .. | 11.09 | 12.16 | Largactil | SW |
| 1199D<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg                  | 100 | 5  | .. | 17.44 | 18.51 | Largactil | SW |
| 1201F<br>NP | Mixture 25 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL | †1  | 5  | .. | 12.57 | 13.64 | Largactil | SW |

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b><i>Phenothiazine with piperazine structure</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>FLUPHENAZINE DECANOATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1001Q<br>NP   | Injection 50 mg in 2 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..      | 37.65                                    | 34.20  | Modecate                    | BQ |
| 1046C<br>NP   | Injection 12.5 mg in 0.5 mL                             | 5           | ..          | ..      | 19.22                                    | 20.29  | Modecate                    | BQ |
| 3098C<br>NP   | Injection 25 mg in 1 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..      | 26.38                                    | 27.45  | Modecate                    | BQ |
| <b>TRIFLUOPERAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 2185B<br>NP   | Tablet 1 mg (base)                                      | 100         | 5           | ..      | 13.31                                    | 14.38  | Stelazine                   | GH |
| 2186C<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg (base)                                      | 100         | 5           | ..      | 13.86                                    | 14.93  | Stelazine                   | GH |
| 2386N<br>NP   | Tablet 2 mg (base)                                      | 100         | 5           | ..      | 13.48                                    | 14.55  | Stelazine                   | GH |
| <b><i>Phenothiazines with piperidine structure</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>PERICYAZINE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3052P<br>NP   | Tablet 2.5 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 10.41                                    | 11.48  | Neulactil                   | SW |
| 3053Q<br>NP   | Tablet 10 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..      | 14.46                                    | 15.53  | Neulactil                   | SW |
| <b><i>Butyrophenone derivatives</i></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>HALOPERIDOL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 2761H<br>NP   | Tablet 500 micrograms                                   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 10.05                                    | 11.12  | Serenace                    | SI |
| 2763K<br>NP   | Oral liquid 2 mg per mL, 100 mL                         | ‡1          | 5           | ..      | 17.47                                    | 18.54  | Serenace                    | SI |
| 2767P<br>NP   | Tablet 1.5 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 10.53                                    | 11.60  | Serenace                    | SI |
| 2768Q<br>NP   | Injection 5 mg in 1 mL                                  | 10          | ..          | ..      | 22.28                                    | 23.35  | Serenace                    | SI |
| 2770T<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg   | 50          | 5           | ..      | 10.54                                    | 11.61  | Serenace                    | SI |
| <b>HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 2765M<br>NP   | I.M. injection equivalent to 50 mg haloperidol in 1 mL  | 5           | ..          | ..      | 26.67                                    | 27.74  | Haldol decanoate            | JC |
| 2766N   | I.M. injection equivalent to 150 mg haloperidol         | 5           | ..          | ..      | 46.23                                    | 34.20  | Haldol decanoate            | JC |

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| NP   | in 3 mL   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |

### Indole derivatives

#### ZIPRASIDONE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1589

Schizophrenia.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3084

Monotherapy, for up to 6 months, of an episode of acute mania or mixed episodes associated with bipolar I disorder.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                      |    |   |    |        |       |        |    |
|-------------|----------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--------|----|
| 9070J<br>NP | Capsule 20 mg (base) | 60 | 5 | .. | 90.61  | 34.20 | Zeldox | PF |
| 9071K<br>NP | Capsule 40 mg (base) | 60 | 5 | .. | 175.11 | 34.20 | Zeldox | PF |
| 9072L<br>NP | Capsule 60 mg (base) | 60 | 5 | .. | 253.63 | 34.20 | Zeldox | PF |
| 9073M<br>NP | Capsule 80 mg (base) | 60 | 5 | .. | 330.43 | 34.20 | Zeldox | PF |

### Thioxanthene derivatives

#### FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                    |   |    |    |       |       |                                   |    |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|----|
| 2255Q<br>NP | Oily I.M. injection 20 mg in 1 mL  | 5 | .. | .. | 19.22 | 20.29 | Fluanxol Depot                    | LU |
| 2256R<br>NP | Oily I.M. injection 40 mg in 2 mL  | 5 | .. | .. | 26.38 | 27.45 | Fluanxol Depot                    | LU |
| 2257T<br>NP | Oily I.M. injection 100 mg in 1 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 44.87 | 34.20 | Fluanxol<br>Concentrated<br>Depot | LU |

#### ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                    |   |    |    |       |       |                |    |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|----------------|----|
| 8097E<br>NP | Oily I.M. injection 200 mg in 1 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 25.34 | 26.41 | Clopixol Depot | LU |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|----------------|----|

### Diazepines, oxazepines, thiazepines and oxepines

#### OLANZAPINE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1589

Schizophrenia;

2044

Maintenance treatment of bipolar I disorder.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |               |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 8170B<br>NP | Tablet 2.5 mg | 28 | 5 | .. | 53.55 | 34.20 | Zyprexa | LY |
| 8185T<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg   | 28 | 5 | .. | 99.27 | 34.20 | Zyprexa | LY |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 8186W<br>NP | Tablet 7.5 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 147.11                                   | 34.20  | Zyprexa                     | LY |
| 8187X<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 194.00                                   | 34.20  | Zyprexa                     | LY |
| 8433W<br>NP | Wafer 5 mg  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 99.27                                    | 34.20  | Zyprexa Zydys               | LY |
| 8434X<br>NP | Wafer 10 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 194.00                                   | 34.20  | Zyprexa Zydys               | LY |

### OLANZAPINE

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1589

Schizophrenia.

#### **Caution**

Monitor for post-injection syndrome for at least three hours after each injection.

#### **Note**

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

#### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|             |   |   |   |    |         |       |                 |    |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|-----------------|----|
| 9294E<br>NP | Powder for injection 210 mg (as pamoate monohydrate) with diluent | 2 | 5 | .. | *499.78 | 34.20 | Zyprexa Relprev | LY |
| 9295F<br>NP | Powder for injection 300 mg (as pamoate monohydrate) with diluent | 2 | 5 | .. | *809.26 | 34.20 | Zyprexa Relprev | LY |
| 9303P<br>NP | Powder for injection 405 mg (as pamoate monohydrate) with diluent | 1 | 5 | .. | 499.78  | 34.20 | Zyprexa Relprev | LY |

### QUETIAPINE

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1589

Schizophrenia;

2765

Monotherapy, for up to 6 months, of an episode of acute mania associated with bipolar I disorder;

2044

Maintenance treatment of bipolar I disorder.

#### **Note**

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |    |   |    |        |       |             |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|--------|-------|-------------|----|
| 5458G<br>NP | Tablet (modified release) 150 mg (as fumarate) | 60 | 5 | .. | 139.47 | 34.20 | Seroquel XR | AP |
| 8456C<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg (as fumarate)                     | 60 | 5 | .. | 53.66  | 34.20 | Seroquel    | AP |
| 8457D<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg (as fumarate)                    | 90 | 5 | .. | 139.47 | 34.20 | Seroquel    | AP |
| 8458E<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg (as fumarate)                    | 60 | 5 | .. | 187.70 | 34.20 | Seroquel    | AP |
| 8580N<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg (as fumarate)                    | 60 | 5 | .. | 266.23 | 34.20 | Seroquel    | AP |
| 9202H<br>NP | Tablet (modified release) 50 mg (as fumarate)  | 60 | 5 | .. | 100.45 | 34.20 | Seroquel XR | AP |
| 9203J<br>NP | Tablet (modified release) 200 mg (as fumarate) | 60 | 5 | .. | 187.70 | 34.20 | Seroquel XR | AP |
| 9204K<br>NP | Tablet (modified release) 300 mg (as fumarate) | 60 | 5 | .. | 266.23 | 34.20 | Seroquel XR | AP |
| 9205L<br>NP | Tablet (modified release) 400 mg (as fumarate) | 60 | 5 | .. | 354.02 | 34.20 | Seroquel XR | AP |

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer   |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| <b><i>Benzamides</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>AMISULPRIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>1589</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Schizophrenia.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 8594H<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 100 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 32.63                                    | 33.70  | <sup>a</sup> Amisulpride 100 Winthrop WA<br><sup>a</sup> Amisulpride Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Solian 100 SW<br><sup>a</sup> Sulprix AF                                 |
| 8595J<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 200 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 114.44                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Amisulpride 200 Winthrop WA<br><sup>a</sup> Amisulpride Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Solian 200 SW<br><sup>a</sup> Sulprix AF                                 |
| 8596K<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 400 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 202.29                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> Amipride 400 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Amisulpride 400 Winthrop WA<br><sup>a</sup> Amisulpride Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Solian 400 SW<br><sup>a</sup> Sulprix AF |
| 8736T<br><i>NP</i>  | Oral solution 100 mg per mL, 60 mL                      | 2           | 5           | ..      | *148.74                                  | 34.20  | Solian Solution SW  |

### ***Lithium***

#### **LITHIUM CARBONATE**

##### **Note**

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |                              |     |   |    |        |       |                |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|----------------|
| 3059B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 250 mg                | 200 | 2 | .. | 16.89  | 17.96 | Lithicarb AS   |
| 8290H<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 450 mg (slow release) | 200 | 2 | .. | *34.30 | 34.20 | Quilonum SR GK |

### ***Other antipsychotics***

#### **ARIPIPRAZOLE**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

##### **1589**

Schizophrenia.

##### **Note**

##### **Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |              |    |   |    |        |       |            |
|--------------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|
| 8717T<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 152.25 | 34.20 | Abilify BQ |
| 8718W<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 15 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 212.56 | 34.20 | Abilify BQ |
| 8719X<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 20 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 253.43 | 34.20 | Abilify BQ |
| 8720Y<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 30 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 303.49 | 34.20 | Abilify BQ |

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>PALIPERIDONE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <i>1589</i>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Schizophrenia.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply to 3 mg and 6 mg strengths.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9140C<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 3 mg (prolonged release)                         | 28          | 5           | ..      | 161.07                                   | 34.20  | Invega JC                   |
| 9141D<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 6 mg (prolonged release)                         | 28          | 5           | ..      | 169.68                                   | 34.20  | Invega JC                   |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>PALIPERIDONE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <i>1589</i>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Schizophrenia.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9142E<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 9 mg (prolonged release)                         | 28          | 5           | ..      | 226.01                                   | 34.20  | Invega JC                   |
| <br>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>RISPERIDONE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <i>2061</i>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Behavioural disturbances characterised by psychotic symptoms and aggression in patients with dementia where non-pharmacological methods have been unsuccessful.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| In placebo controlled trials in elderly patients with dementia there was a significantly higher incidence of cerebrovascular adverse events, such as stroke (including fatalities) and transient ischaemic attacks, in patients treated with risperidone compared with patients treated with placebo.                                 |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <i>3083</i>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment under the supervision of a paediatrician or psychiatrist, in combination with non-pharmacological measures, of severe behavioural disturbances in a patient aged less than 18 years with autism.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment under the supervision of a paediatrician or psychiatrist, in combination with non-pharmacological measures, of severe behavioural disturbances in a patient 18 years of age or older with autism who was commenced on PBS-subsidised treatment with risperidone prior to turning 18 years of age. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Behaviour disturbances are defined as severe aggression and injuries to self or others where non-pharmacological methods alone have been unsuccessful.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| The diagnosis of autism must be made based on the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) or ICD-10 international classification of mental and behavioural disorders.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8787L<br><i>NP</i>  | Tablet 0.5 mg   | 60          | 2           | ..      | 30.34                                    | 31.41  | <sup>a</sup> Ozidal RA      |
|   |   |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup> Resdone 0.5                               | CR                          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup> Rispa                                     | SI                          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-DRLA                          | RZ                          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-GA                            | GM                          |
|   |   |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone Sandoz                        | SZ                          |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                  |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
|             |   |             |             | ..      | *30.36                                   | 31.43  | <sup>a</sup> Rixadone AF                     |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Risperidone TX              |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperdal JC                    |
| 8788M<br>NP | Tablet 0.5 mg (orally disintegrating)                   | 56          | 2           | ..      | *33.20                                   | 34.20  | Risperdal Quicklet JC                        |
| 8789N<br>NP | Tablet 1 mg   | 60          | 2           | ..      | 51.07                                    | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Risperidone TX              |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozidal RA                       |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Resdone 1 CR                    |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rispa SI                        |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperdal JC                    |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-DRLA RZ             |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-GA GM               |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone<br>generichealth GQ |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone Sandoz SZ           |
|             |   |             |             | ..      |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rixadone AF                     |
| 8790P<br>NP | Tablet 1 mg (orally disintegrating)                     | 56          | 2           | ..      | *57.66                                   | 34.20  | Risperdal Quicklet JC                        |
| 9293D<br>NP | Oral solution 1 mg per mL, 100 mL                       | 1           | 2           | ..      | 118.03                                   | 34.20  | Risperdal JC                                 |

### RISPERIDONE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1589

Schizophrenia.

#### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                       |    |   |    |        |       |                                    |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|------------------------------------|
| 8869T<br>NP | Tablet 0.5 mg                         | 60 | 5 | .. | 30.34  | 31.41 | <sup>a</sup> Ozidal RA             |
|             |                                       |    |   | .. |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Resdone 0.5 CR        |
|             |                                       |    |   | .. |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Rispa SI              |
|             |                                       |    |   | .. |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-DRLA RZ   |
|             |                                       |    |   | .. |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-GA GM     |
|             |                                       |    |   | .. |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone Sandoz SZ |
|             |                                       |    |   | .. |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Rixadone AF           |
|             |                                       |    |   | .. | *30.36 | 31.43 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Risperidone TX    |
|             |                                       |    |   | .. |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Risperdal JC          |
| 8870W<br>NP | Tablet 0.5 mg (orally disintegrating) | 56 | 5 | .. | *33.20 | 34.20 | Risperdal Quicklet JC              |

### RISPERIDONE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1589

Schizophrenia.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2272

Adjunctive therapy to mood stabilisers for up to 6 months, of an episode of acute mania associated with bipolar I disorder.

#### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|       |             |    |   |    |       |       |                                 |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------------------|
| 3169T | Tablet 1 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 51.07 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Risperidone TX |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------------------|

## Nervous system

| Code               | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                  |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| <i>NP</i>          |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozidal RA                       |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Resdone 1 CR                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rispa SI                        |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperdal JC                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-DRLA RZ             |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-GA GM               |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone<br>generichealth GQ |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone Sandoz SZ           |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rixadone AF                     |
| 3170W<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 2 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 107.42                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Risperidone TX              |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozidal RA                       |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Resdone 2 CR                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rispa SI                        |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperdal JC                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-DRLA RZ             |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-GA GM               |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone<br>generichealth GQ |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone Sandoz SZ           |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rixadone AF                     |
| 3171X<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 3 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 162.16                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Risperidone TX              |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozidal RA                       |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Resdone 3 CR                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rispa SI                        |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperdal JC                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-DRLA RZ             |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-GA GM               |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone<br>generichealth GQ |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone Sandoz SZ           |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rixadone AF                     |
| 3172Y<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 4 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..      | 215.55                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Risperidone TX              |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozidal RA                       |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Resdone 4 CR                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rispa SI                        |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperdal JC                    |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-DRLA RZ             |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-GA GM               |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone<br>generichealth GQ |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone Sandoz SZ           |
|                    |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rixadone AF                     |
| 8100H<br><i>NP</i> | Oral solution 1 mg per mL, 100 mL                       | ‡1          | 5           | ..      | 118.03                                   | 34.20  | Risperdal JC                                 |
| 8792R<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 1 mg (orally disintegrating)                     | 56          | 5           | ..      | *57.66                                   | 34.20  | Risperdal Quicklet JC                        |
| 8794W<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 2 mg (orally disintegrating)                     | 56          | 5           | ..      | *109.38                                  | 34.20  | Risperdal Quicklet JC                        |
| 9075P<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 3 mg (orally disintegrating)                     | 56          | 5           | ..      | *159.40                                  | 34.20  | Risperdal Quicklet JC                        |
| 9076Q<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 4 mg (orally disintegrating)                     | 56          | 5           | ..      | *209.78                                  | 34.20  | Risperdal Quicklet JC                        |

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                                      | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer            |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| <b>RISPERIDONE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>1589</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Schizophrenia.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply for the I.M. injections.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 8780D<br>NP   | Powder for I.M. injection 25 mg (modified release) with 2 mL diluent in pre-filled syringe   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *303.68                                  | 34.20  | Risperdal Consta JC                    |
| 8781E<br>NP   | Powder for I.M. injection 37.5 mg (modified release) with 2 mL diluent in pre-filled syringe | 2           | 5           | ..      | *387.70                                  | 34.20  | Risperdal Consta JC                    |
| 8782F<br>NP   | Powder for I.M. injection 50 mg (modified release) with 2 mL diluent in pre-filled syringe   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *470.88                                  | 34.20  | Risperdal Consta JC                    |
| <b>RISPERIDONE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>3083</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Treatment under the supervision of a paediatrician or psychiatrist, in combination with non-pharmacological measures, of severe behavioural disturbances in a patient aged less than 18 years with autism.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment under the supervision of a paediatrician or psychiatrist, in combination with non-pharmacological measures, of severe behavioural disturbances in a patient 18 years of age or older with autism who was commenced on PBS-subsidised treatment with risperidone prior to turning 18 years of age. |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| Behaviour disturbances are defined as severe aggression and injuries to self or others where non-pharmacological methods alone have been unsuccessful.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| The diagnosis of autism must be made based on the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) or ICD-10 international classification of mental and behavioural disorders.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 9079W<br>NP   | Tablet 2 mg  | 60          | 2           | ..      | 107.42                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Risperidone TX        |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ozidal RA                 |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Resdone 2 CR              |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rispa SI                  |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperdal JC              |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-DRLA RZ       |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone-GA GM         |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone GQ            |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone generichealth |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Risperidone Sandoz SZ     |
|   |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rixadone AF               |
| 9080X<br>NP   | Tablet 2 mg (orally disintegrating)  | 56          | 2           | ..      | *109.38                                  | 34.20  | Risperdal Quicklet JC                  |

### Anxiolytics

#### *Benzodiazepine derivatives*

##### ALPRAZOLAM

##### **Authority required**

Panic disorder where other treatments have failed or are inappropriate.

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                           |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| 2130D<br>NP | Tablet 250 micrograms                                   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 9.39                                     | 10.46 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Alprax 0.25 SI  |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alprazolam Sandoz SZ                     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kalma 0.25 AF                            |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.00 | 10.39                                    | 10.46 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Xanax PF                                 |
| 2131E<br>NP | Tablet 500 micrograms                                   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 11.23                                    | 12.30 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Alprax 0.5 SI                            |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alprazolam Sandoz SZ                     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kalma 0.5 AF                             |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.06 | 12.29                                    | 12.30 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Xanax PF                                 |
| 2132F<br>NP | Tablet 1 mg   | 50          | 2           | ..                | 14.79                                    | 15.86 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Alprax 1 SI                              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alprazolam-GA GN                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alprazolam Sandoz SZ                     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alprazolam<br>GenRx Alprazolam GX        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kalma 1 AF                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ralozam GM                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Alprazolam TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.26 | 16.05                                    | 15.86 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Xanax PF                                 |
| 8118G<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg   | 50          | 2           | ..                | 19.38                                    | 20.45 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Alprax 2 SI                              |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alprazolam-GA GN                         |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alprazolam Sandoz SZ                     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                             |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Alprazolam<br>GenRx Alprazolam GX        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Kalma 2 AF                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ralozam GM                               |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Alprazolam TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.52 | 20.90                                    | 20.45 <sup>a</sup>                                     | <sup>a</sup> Xanax Tri-Score PF                       |

### DIAZEPAM

#### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats for the oral forms of diazepam will be granted only for

(i) the treatment of disabling spasticity; or

(ii) malignant neoplasia (late stage); or

(iii) use by patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities and who have been demonstrated, within the past six months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal; or

(iv) use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult and who has been demonstrated, within the past six months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal.

Up to six months' treatment (i.e. one month's treatment with five repeats) may be requested.

|             |                         |    |    |                   |       |                   |                           |
|-------------|-------------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 2558P<br>NP | Injection 10 mg in 2 mL | 5  | .. | ..                | 12.29 | 13.36             | Hospira Pty Limited HH    |
| 3161J<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg             | 50 | .. | ..                | 7.72  | 8.79 <sup>a</sup> | <sup>a</sup> Antenex 2 AF |
|             |                         |    |    |                   |       |                   | <sup>a</sup> Ranzepam RA  |
|             |                         |    |    |                   |       |                   | <sup>a</sup> Valpam 2 SI  |
|             |                         |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 0.82 | 8.54  | 8.79 <sup>a</sup> | <sup>a</sup> Valium RO    |
| 3162K<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg             | 50 | .. | ..                | 7.85  | 8.92 <sup>a</sup> | <sup>a</sup> Antenex 5 AF |

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Diazepam-GA GM |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Ranzepam RA    |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Valpam 5 SI    |
|      |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.85 | 8.70                                     | 8.92   | <sup>a</sup> Valium RO      |

### OXAZEPAM

#### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will not be granted except as detailed under the 'Authority required' listing of oxazepam below.

|             |              |    |    |                   |       |      |                              |
|-------------|--------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|------|------------------------------|
| 3132W<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg | 25 | .. | ..                | 7.49  | 8.56 | <sup>a</sup> Alepam 15 AF    |
|             |              |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.69 | 10.18 | 8.56 | <sup>a</sup> Serepax SI      |
| 3133X<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg | 25 | .. | ..                | 7.65  | 8.72 | <sup>a</sup> Alepam 30 AF    |
|             |              |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> APO-Oxazepam TX |
|             |              |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Murelax FM      |
|             |              |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.69 | 10.34 | 8.72 | <sup>a</sup> Serepax SI      |

### OXAZEPAM

#### Authority required

Malignant neoplasia (late stage);

For use by patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities and who have been demonstrated, within the past 6 months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal;

For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult and who has been demonstrated, within the past 6 months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal.

|             |              |    |   |                   |        |      |                              |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|-------------------|--------|------|------------------------------|
| 3134Y<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg | 50 | 5 | ..                | *8.56  | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> Alepam 15 AF    |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 5.38 | *13.94 | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> Serepax SI      |
| 3135B<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg | 50 | 5 | ..                | *8.88  | 9.95 | <sup>a</sup> Alepam 30 AF    |
|             |              |    |   |                   |        |      | <sup>a</sup> APO-Oxazepam TX |
|             |              |    |   |                   |        |      | <sup>a</sup> Murelax FM      |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 5.38 | *14.26 | 9.95 | <sup>a</sup> Serepax SI      |

### Other anxiolytics

#### CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Cataplexy associated with narcolepsy;

Obsessive-compulsive disorder;

Phobic disorders in adults.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |    |   |                   |       |       |   |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|---|
| 1561E<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg | 50 | 2 | ..                | 16.31 | 17.38 | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH                 |
|             |              |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Clomipramine GenRx GX        |
|             |              |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Clomipramine Placil AF       |
|             |              |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW      |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.11 | 19.42 | 17.38 | <sup>a</sup> Clomipramine Anafranil 25 NV |

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts       | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Hypnotics and sedatives</b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><i>Benzodiazepine derivatives</i></b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>NITRAZEPAM</b>   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will not be granted except as detailed under the 'Authority required' listing of nitrazepam below.  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2723H<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg   | 25          | ..                | ..                | 7.82                                     | 8.89 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Alodorm AF                  |
|   |   |             |                   | <sup>B</sup> 1.45 | 9.27                                     | 8.89 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Mogadon VT                  |
| <hr/>   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>NITRAZEPAM</b>   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| Myoclonic epilepsy;   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| Malignant neoplasia (late stage);   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use by patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities and who have been demonstrated, within the past 6 months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal; |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult and who has been demonstrated, within the past 6 months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal.                                |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2732T<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg   | 50          | 5                 | ..                | *9.22                                    | 10.29 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Alodorm AF                  |
|   |   |             |                   | <sup>B</sup> 2.90 | *12.12                                   | 10.29 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Mogadon VT                  |
| <hr/>   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>TEMAZEPAM</b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will not be granted except as detailed under the 'Authority required' listing of temazepam below.   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2089Y<br>NP   | Tablet 10 mg  | 25          | ..                | ..                | 7.64                                     | 8.71 <sup>a</sup>                                      | APO-Temazepam TX            |
|   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Temaze AF      |
|   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Temtabs FM     |
|   |   |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.44 | 9.08              | 8.71 <sup>a</sup>                        | Normison SI  |                             |
| <hr/>   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>TEMAZEPAM</b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| Malignant neoplasia (late stage);   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use by patients who are receiving long-term nursing care on account of age, infirmity or other condition in hospitals, nursing homes or residential facilities and who have been demonstrated, within the past 6 months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal; |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use by a patient who is receiving long-term nursing care and in respect of whom a Carer Allowance is payable as a disabled adult and who has been demonstrated, within the past 6 months, to be benzodiazepine dependent by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal.                                |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.  |   |             |                   |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2088X<br>NP   | Tablet 10 mg  | 50          | 5                 | ..                | *8.86                                    | 9.93 <sup>a</sup>                                      | APO-Temazepam TX            |
|   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Temaze AF      |
|   |   |             |                   |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Temtabs FM     |
|   |   |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.88 | *11.74            | 9.93 <sup>a</sup>                        | Normison SI  |                             |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                             |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| <b>Psychoanaleptics</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Antidepressants</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <i>Non-selective monoamine reuptake inhibitors</i>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>AMITRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 2417F<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg  | 50          | 2           | ..                | 8.44                                     | 9.51   | Endep 10 AF   |
| 2418G<br>NP  | Tablet 25 mg  | 50          | 2           | ..                | 8.56                                     | 9.63   | Endep 25 AF   |
| 2429W<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg  | 50          | 2           | ..                | 8.89                                     | 9.96   | Endep 50 AF   |
| <b>CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Cataplexy associated with narcolepsy;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Obsessive-compulsive disorder;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Phobic disorders in adults.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1561E<br>NP  | Tablet 25 mg  | 50          | 2           | ..                | 16.31                                    | 17.38  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Clomipramine               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx GX<br>Clomipramine                   |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Placil AF                                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Clomipramine |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.11 | 19.42                                    | 17.38  | <sup>a</sup> Anafranil 25 NV                            |
| <b>DOTHIEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1357K<br>NP  | Capsule 25 mg   | 50          | 2           | ..                | 8.84                                     | 9.91   | <sup>a</sup> Dothep 25 AF                               |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.49 | 10.33                                    | 9.91   | <sup>a</sup> Prothiaden AB                              |
| 1358L<br>NP  | Tablet 75 mg  | 30          | 2           | ..                | 8.84                                     | 9.91   | <sup>a</sup> Dothep 75 AF                               |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.75 | 9.59                                     | 9.91   | <sup>a</sup> Prothiaden AB                              |
| <b>DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 1011F<br>NP  | Capsule 10 mg (base)                                    | 50          | 2           | ..                | 8.97                                     | 10.04  | Deptran 10 AF   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.87 | 10.84                                    | 10.04  | Sinequan PF   |
| 1012G<br>NP  | Tablet 50 mg (base)                                     | 50          | 2           | ..                | 9.71                                     | 10.78  | Deptran 50 AF   |
| 1013H<br>NP  | Capsule 25 mg (base)                                    | 50          | 2           | ..                | 9.40                                     | 10.47  | Deptran 25 AF   |

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.57 | 10.97                                    | 10.47  | Sinequan PF                 |

### IMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |    |   |                   |       |                   |                 |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 2420J<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg | 50 | 2 | ..                | 8.54  | 9.61 <sup>a</sup> | Toleraide 10 PQ |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.79 | 11.33 | 9.61 <sup>a</sup> | Tofranil 10 LM  |
| 2421K<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg | 50 | 2 | ..                | 8.54  | 9.61 <sup>a</sup> | Toleraide 25 PQ |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.79 | 11.33 | 9.61 <sup>a</sup> | Tofranil 25 LM  |

### NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Restricted benefit

Major depression where other antidepressant therapy has failed;

Major depression where other antidepressant therapy is contraindicated.

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                     |    |   |    |       |       |             |
|-------------|---------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 2522R<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (base) | 50 | 2 | .. | 13.32 | 14.39 | Allegron AS |
| 2523T<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg (base) | 50 | 2 | .. | 15.10 | 16.17 | Allegron AS |

### *Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors*

### CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE

#### Restricted benefit

Major depressive disorders.

|             |                     |    |   |                   |       |                    |                      |
|-------------|---------------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 8220P<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg (base) | 28 | 5 | ..                | 22.12 | 23.19 <sup>a</sup> | APO-Citalopram TX    |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Celapram AF          |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Celica RA            |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Chem mart CH         |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Citalopram GM        |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Ciazil BF            |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Citalobell CR        |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Citalopram 20 CR     |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Citalopram GQ        |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | generichealth SZ     |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Citalopram Sandoz SZ |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | GenRx Citalopram GX  |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Talam SI             |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Terry White TW       |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Chemists Citalopram  |
|             |                     |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 4.23 | 26.35 | 23.19 <sup>a</sup> | Cipramil LU          |
| 8702B<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg (base) | 28 | 5 | ..                | 16.77 | 17.84              | Celapram AF          |
| 8703C<br>NP | Tablet 40 mg (base) | 28 | 5 | ..                | 32.99 | 34.06 <sup>a</sup> | APO-Citalopram TX    |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Celapram AF          |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Citalopram Sandoz SZ |
|             |                     |    |   |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | GenRx Citalopram GX  |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer          |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| <b>ESCITALOPRAM OXALATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| Major depressive disorders.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 8700X<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg (base)                                     | 28          | 5           | ..                | 28.06                                    | 29.13  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Escitalopram TX     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Escitalopram                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Esipram GM              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Esitalo SZ              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lexam 10 SI             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> LoxaLate AF             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Escitalopram                         |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.59 | 32.65                                    | 29.13  | <sup>a</sup> Lexapro LU              |
| 8701Y<br>NP  | Tablet 20 mg (base)                                     | 28          | 5           | ..                | 28.19                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Escitalopram TX     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Escitalopram                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Esipram GM              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Esitalo SZ              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lexam 20 SI             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> LoxaLate AF             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | Escitalopram                         |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 6.73 | 34.92                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Lexapro LU              |
| <b>ESCITALOPRAM OXALATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| Moderate to severe generalised anxiety disorder (GAD), as defined by Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) criteria, in a patient who has not responded to non-pharmacological therapy and:             |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| (a) for whom a GP Mental Health Care Plan, as described under item 2710 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule, has been prepared; or   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| (b) who has been assessed by a psychiatrist;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, for moderate to severe generalised anxiety disorder (GAD), of a patient commenced on escitalopram prior to 1 March 2008.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| Moderate to severe social anxiety disorder (social phobia, SAD), as described by Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) criteria, in a patient who has not responded to non-pharmacological therapy and: |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| (a) for whom a GP Mental Health Care Plan, as described under item 2710 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule, has been prepared; or   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| (b) who has been assessed by a psychiatrist;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, for moderate to severe social anxiety disorder (social phobia, SAD), of a patient commenced on escitalopram prior to 1 March 2008.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
| 9432K<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg (base)                                     | 28          | 5           | ..                | 28.06                                    | 29.13  | <sup>a</sup> Esipram GM              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lexapro LU              |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.59 | 32.65                                    | 29.13  | <sup>a</sup> Lexapro LU              |
| 9433L<br>NP  | Tablet 20 mg (base)                                     | 28          | 5           | ..                | 28.19                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Esipram GM              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lexapro LU              |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 6.73 | 34.92                                    | 29.26  | <sup>a</sup> Lexapro LU              |

### ESCITALOPRAM OXALATE

#### **Restricted benefit**

Major depressive disorders.

#### **Restricted benefit**

Moderate to severe generalised anxiety disorder (GAD), as defined by Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) criteria, in a patient who has not responded to non-pharmacological therapy and:

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
|             | (a) for whom a GP Mental Health Care Plan, as described under item 2710 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule, has been prepared; or<br>(b) who has been assessed by a psychiatrist;<br>Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, for moderate to severe generalised anxiety disorder (GAD), of a patient commenced on escitalopram prior to 1 November 2008.  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Moderate to severe social anxiety disorder (social phobia, SAD), as described by Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) criteria, in a patient who has not responded to non-pharmacological therapy and:<br>(a) for whom a GP Mental Health Care Plan, as described under item 2710 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule, has been prepared; or<br>(b) who has been assessed by a psychiatrist;<br>Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, for moderate to severe social anxiety disorder (social phobia, SAD), of a patient commenced on escitalopram prior to 1 November 2008. |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 8849R<br>NP | Oral solution 10 mg (base) per mL, 28 mL  | 1           | 5           | ..      | 34.30                                    | 34.20  | Lexapro LU   |
|             | <b>FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |  |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Major depressive disorders;<br>Obsessive-compulsive disorder.  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 1434L<br>NP | Capsule 20 mg (base)  | 28          | 5           | ..      | 20.08                                    | 21.15  | <sup>a</sup> Auscap SI<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Fluoxetine<br><sup>a</sup> Fluohexal SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Fluoxebell BF<br><sup>a</sup> Fluoxetine 20 CR<br><sup>a</sup> Fluoxetine-GA GM<br><sup>a</sup> Fluoxetine<br>generichealth GQ<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Fluoxetine GX<br><sup>a</sup> Lovan AL<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists TW<br><sup>a</sup> Zactin AF |
| 8270G<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg (base) (dispersible)   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 20.08                                    | 21.15  | <sup>a</sup> Prozac 20 LY<br><sup>a</sup> Lovan 20 Tab AL<br><sup>B</sup> 3.94 24.02 21.15 <sup>a</sup> Prozac Tab LY  |
|             | <b>FLUVOXAMINE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Major depressive disorders;<br>Obsessive-compulsive disorder.  |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 8174F<br>NP | Tablet containing fluvoxamine maleate 100 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 26.49                                    | 27.56  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Fluvoxamine TX<br><sup>a</sup> Faverin 100 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Fluvoxamine GA GM<br><sup>a</sup> Movox 100 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Voxam SZ   |
| 8512B<br>NP | Tablet containing fluvoxamine maleate 50 mg   | 30          | 5           | ..      | 19.67                                    | 20.74  | <sup>B</sup> 2.80 29.29 27.56 <sup>a</sup> Luvox SM<br><sup>a</sup> APO-Fluvoxamine TX<br><sup>a</sup> Faverin 50 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Fluvoxamine GA GM<br><sup>a</sup> Movox 50 AL<br><sup>a</sup> Voxam SZ  |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | a | Brand Name and Manufacturer                   |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|---|
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.82 | 22.49                                    | 20.74  |   | Luvox<br>SM                                   |
| <b>PAROXETINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| Major depressive disorders;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| Obsessive-compulsive disorder;   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| Panic disorder.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between paroxetine tablet 20 mg (as hydrochloride) and paroxetine tablet 20 mg (as mesilate). |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| 2242B<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 20 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 30          | 5           | ..                | 24.52                                    | 25.59  | a | Chem mart<br>Paroxetine<br>CH                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Extine 20<br>SI                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a GenRx Paroxetine<br>GX                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Paroxetine 20<br>CR                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Paroxetine-DP<br>GM                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Paroxetine-GA<br>GN                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Paroxetine Sandoz<br>SZ                     |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Paxtine<br>AF                               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Paroxetine<br>TW |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.82 | 25.34                                    | 25.59  | a | Aropax<br>GK                                  |
| 9197C<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 20 mg (as mesilate)                              | 30          | 5           | ..                | 24.52                                    | 25.59  | a | Paroxetine<br>generichealth<br>GQ             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Pharmacor Paroxo<br>20<br>CR                |
| <b>SERTRALINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| Major depressive disorders.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |   |
| 2236Q<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 50 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 30          | 5           | ..                | 23.75                                    | 24.82  | a | Chem mart<br>Sertraline<br>CH                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Concorz<br>SZ                               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Eleva 50<br>AF                              |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a GenRx Sertraline<br>GX                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Sertra 50<br>SI                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Sertracor 50<br>MI                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Sertraline 50<br>CR                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Sertraline-GA<br>GM                         |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Sertraline<br>generichealth<br>GQ           |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Sertraline<br>Winthrop<br>WA                |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Setrona<br>RA                               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Sertraline<br>TW |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Xydep 50<br>GN                              |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.42 | 25.17                                    | 24.82  | a | Zoloft<br>PF                                  |
| 2237R<br><i>NP</i>   | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 30          | 5           | ..                | 23.75                                    | 24.82  | a | Chem mart<br>Sertraline<br>CH                 |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Concorz<br>SZ                               |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Eleva 100<br>AF                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a GenRx Sertraline<br>GX                      |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Sertra 100<br>SI                            |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   | a Sertracor 100<br>MI                         |

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                 |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sertraline 100 CR              |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sertraline-GA GM               |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sertraline<br>generichealth GQ |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Setrona RA                     |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists TW     |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Sertraline<br>Xydep 100 GN     |
|      |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.42 | 25.17                                    | 24.82  | <sup>a</sup> Zoloft PF                      |

### SERTRALINE

#### Restricted benefit

Obsessive-compulsive disorder;

Panic disorder where other treatments have failed or are inappropriate.

|                    |                                  |    |   |                   |       |       |                           |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|---------------------------|
| 8836C<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 50 mg (as hydrochloride)  | 30 | 5 | ..                | 23.75 | 24.82 | <sup>a</sup> Eleva 50 AF  |
|                    |                                  |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Xydep 50 GN  |
|                    |                                  |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.42 | 25.17 | 24.82 | <sup>a</sup> Zoloft PF    |
| 8837D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride) | 30 | 5 | ..                | 23.75 | 24.82 | <sup>a</sup> Eleva 100 AF |
|                    |                                  |    |   |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Xydep 100 GN |
|                    |                                  |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.42 | 25.17 | 24.82 | <sup>a</sup> Zoloft PF    |

### *Monoamine oxidase inhibitors, non-selective*

#### PHENELZINE SULFATE

#### Caution

This drug is an irreversible monoamine oxidase inhibitor.

#### Restricted benefit

Depression where all other anti-depressant therapy has failed or is inappropriate.

|       |                     |     |   |    |        |       |           |
|-------|---------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------|
| 2856H | Tablet 15 mg (base) | 100 | 1 | .. | 100.10 | 34.20 | Nardil LM |
|-------|---------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------|

#### TRANLYCPROMINE SULFATE

#### Caution

This drug is an irreversible monoamine oxidase inhibitor.

|       |                     |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------|---------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 2444P | Tablet 10 mg (base) | 50 | 2 | .. | 33.55 | 34.20 | Parnate GH |
|-------|---------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|

### *Monoamine oxidase type A inhibitors*

#### MOCLOBEMIDE

#### Restricted benefit

Major depressive disorders.

#### Note

#### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |               |    |   |    |       |       |  |
|--------------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|
| 1900B<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 150 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | 18.14 | 19.21 | <sup>a</sup> Amira 150 AF                |
|                    |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Moclobemide CH |
|                    |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Clobemix GM                 |
|                    |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> GenRx<br>Moclobemide GX     |
|                    |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Moclobemide<br>Sandoz SZ    |
|                    |               |    |   |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Mohexal HX                  |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                         |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|----|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Moclobemide | TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.69 | 18.83                                    | 19.21  | <sup>a</sup> Aurorix                                | RO |
| 8003F<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg   | 60          | 5           | ..                | 28.99                                    | 30.06  | <sup>a</sup> Amira 300                              | AF |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Moclobemide               | CH |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Clobemix                               | GM |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx<br>Moclobemide                   | GX |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Moclobemide<br>Sandoz                  | SZ |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Moclobemide | TW |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.37 | 30.36                                    | 30.06  | <sup>a</sup> Aurorix 300 mg                         | RO |

### Other antidepressants

#### DESVENLAFAXINE SUCCINATE

##### Restricted benefit

Major depressive disorders.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 9366Y<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg (base) (extended release)  | 28 | 5 | .. | 43.31 | 34.20 | Pristiq | WX |
| 9367B<br>NP | Tablet 100 mg (base) (extended release) | 28 | 5 | .. | 50.42 | 34.20 | Pristiq | WX |

#### DULOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Major depressive disorders.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                      |    |    |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------------|----------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 9155W<br>NP | Capsule 30 mg (base) | 28 | .. | .. | 38.22 | 34.20 | Cymbalta | LY |
| 9156X<br>NP | Capsule 60 mg (base) | 28 | 5  | .. | 50.42 | 34.20 | Cymbalta | LY |

#### LITHIUM CARBONATE

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                              |     |   |    |        |       |             |    |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|-------------|----|
| 3059B<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg                | 200 | 2 | .. | 16.89  | 17.96 | Lithicarb   | AS |
| 8290H<br>NP | Tablet 450 mg (slow release) | 200 | 2 | .. | *34.30 | 34.20 | Quilonum SR | GK |

#### MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

Neutropenia and agranulocytosis are more frequent in the elderly, especially in the early months of therapy.

##### Restricted benefit

Severe depression.

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 1627P<br>NP  | Tablet 10 mg  | 50          | 5           | ..                | 15.38                                    | 16.45 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Lumin 10 AF                 |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.87 | 17.25                                    | 16.45 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Tolvon SH                   |
| 1628Q<br>NP  | Tablet 20 mg  | 50          | 5           | ..                | 25.34                                    | 26.41 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Lumin 20 AF                 |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.79 | 28.13                                    | 26.41 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Tolvon SH                   |
| <b>MIRTAZAPINE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Major depressive disorders.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8513C<br>NP  | Tablet 30 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 26.29                                    | 27.36 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Axit 30 AF                  |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart                                 | CH                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazapine                               |                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Mirtazapine                         | GX                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazapine-DP                            | GM                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazapine                               | SZ                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Sandoz                                    |                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazon                                  | SI                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White                               | TW                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists                                  |                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazapine                               |                             |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.95 | 29.24                                    | 27.36 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Avanza SH                   |
| 8855C<br>NP  | Tablet 15 mg (orally disintegrating)                    | 30          | 5           | ..                | 19.67                                    | 20.74  | Avanza SolTab SH            |
| 8856D<br>NP  | Tablet 30 mg (orally disintegrating)                    | 30          | 5           | ..                | 26.29                                    | 27.36  | Avanza SolTab SH            |
| 8857E<br>NP  | Tablet 45 mg (orally disintegrating)                    | 30          | 5           | ..                | 39.54                                    | 34.20  | Avanza SolTab SH            |
| 8883M<br>NP  | Tablet 45 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 39.54                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | APO-Mirtazapine TX          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Axit 45                                   | AF                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart                                 | CH                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazapine                               |                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazapine                               | SZ                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Sandoz                                    |                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazon                                  | SI                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White                               | TW                          |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Chemists                                  |                             |
|  |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup> Mirtazapine                               |                             |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.95 | 42.49                                    | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Avanza SH                   |
| 9365X<br>NP  | Tablet 15 mg  | 30          | 5           | ..                | 19.67                                    | 20.74  | Axit 15 AF                  |
| <b>REBOXETINE MESILATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Major depressive disorders.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8583R<br>NP  | Tablet 4 mg (base)                                      | 60          | 5           | ..                | 38.76                                    | 34.20  | Edronax PF                  |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|
|  |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |    |
| <b>VENLAFAXINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
| Major depressive disorders.  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |    |
| 8301X<br>NP  | Capsule 75 mg (base) (modified release)                 | 28          | 5           | ..      | 43.31                 | 34.20                                       | Efexor-XR                   | WX |
| 8302Y<br>NP  | Capsule 150 mg (base) (modified release)                | 28          | 5           | ..      | 50.42                 | 34.20                                       | Efexor-XR                   | WX |
| 8868R<br>NP  | Capsule 37.5 mg (base) (modified release)               | 28          | ..          | ..      | 27.53                 | 28.60                                       | Efexor-XR                   | WX |

### Psychostimulants, agents used for ADHD and nootropics *Centrally acting sympathomimetics*

#### ATOMOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required

Initial sole PBS-subsidised treatment of attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) diagnosed between the ages of 6 and 18 years inclusive, by a paediatrician or psychiatrist according to the DSM-IV criteria, where:

(a) treatment with dexamphetamine sulfate or methylphenidate hydrochloride poses an unacceptable medical risk due to the following contraindications as specified in the TGA-approved product information:

- (1) The patient has a history of substance abuse or misuse (other than alcohol); and/or
- (2) The patient has comorbid motor tics or Tourette's Syndrome; and/or
- (3) The patient has comorbid severe anxiety diagnosed according to the DSM-IV; or

(b) treatment with dexamphetamine sulfate or methylphenidate hydrochloride has resulted in the development or worsening of a comorbid mood disorder (diagnosed according to the DSM-IV criteria i.e. anxiety disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder, depressive disorder) of a severity necessitating permanent stimulant treatment withdrawal; or where the combination of stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk of a severity necessitating permanent stimulant treatment withdrawal; or

(c) treatment with dexamphetamine sulfate AND methylphenidate hydrochloride has resulted in the development of adverse reactions of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal:

- (1) Adverse effects on growth and weight; and/or
- (2) Adverse effects on sleep including insomnia; and/or
- (3) Adverse effects on appetite including anorexia.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

##### Authority required

Continuing sole PBS-subsidised treatment where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                       |    |   |    |         |       |           |    |
|-------|-----------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|----|
| 9092M | Capsule 10 mg (base)  | 56 | 5 | .. | *221.18 | 34.20 | Strattera | LY |
| 9093N | Capsule 18 mg (base)  | 56 | 5 | .. | *221.18 | 34.20 | Strattera | LY |
| 9094P | Capsule 25 mg (base)  | 56 | 5 | .. | *221.18 | 34.20 | Strattera | LY |
| 9095Q | Capsule 40 mg (base)  | 56 | 5 | .. | *221.18 | 34.20 | Strattera | LY |
| 9096R | Capsule 60 mg (base)  | 56 | 5 | .. | *221.18 | 34.20 | Strattera | LY |
| 9289X | Capsule 80 mg (base)  | 28 | 5 | .. | 147.11  | 34.20 | Strattera | LY |
| 9290Y | Capsule 100 mg (base) | 28 | 5 | .. | 147.11  | 34.20 | Strattera | LY |

#### DEXAMPHETAMINE SULFATE

##### Note

Care must be taken to comply with the provisions of State/Territory law when prescribing dexamphetamine.

##### Authority required

Use in attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, in accordance with State/Territory law;

Narcolepsy.

##### Note

##### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                        |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|----|
| 1165H<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 18.19                                    | 19.26  | Sigma<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>(Australia) Pty<br>Ltd | SI |

### METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Note

Care must be taken to comply with the provisions of State/Territory law when prescribing methylphenidate hydrochloride.

#### Authority required

Use in attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, in accordance with State/Territory law.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |     |   |    |       |       |            |    |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|----|
| 8839F<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 16.89 | 17.96 | Ritalin 10 | NV |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|----|

### METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Note

Care must be taken to comply with the provisions of State/Territory law when prescribing methylphenidate hydrochloride.

#### Authority required

Treatment of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in a patient diagnosed between the ages of 6 and 18 years inclusive, who has demonstrated a response to immediate release methylphenidate hydrochloride with no emergence of serious adverse events, and who requires continuous coverage over 12 hours.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                 |    |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------------|---------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 2172H<br>NP | Tablet 27 mg (extended release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 55.46 | 34.20 | Concerta | JC |
| 2387P<br>NP | Tablet 18 mg (extended release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 51.32 | 34.20 | Concerta | JC |
| 2388Q<br>NP | Tablet 36 mg (extended release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 59.70 | 34.20 | Concerta | JC |
| 2432B<br>NP | Tablet 54 mg (extended release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 69.76 | 34.20 | Concerta | JC |

### METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Note

Care must be taken to comply with the provisions of State/Territory law when prescribing methylphenidate hydrochloride.

#### Authority required

Treatment of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in a patient diagnosed between the ages of 6 and 18 years inclusive, who has demonstrated a response to immediate release methylphenidate hydrochloride with no emergence of serious adverse events, and who requires continuous coverage over 8 hours.

#### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                  |    |   |    |       |       |            |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|----|
| 2276T<br>NP | Capsule 20 mg (modified release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 44.57 | 34.20 | Ritalin LA | NV |
| 2280B<br>NP | Capsule 30 mg (modified release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 52.03 | 34.20 | Ritalin LA | NV |
| 2283E<br>NP | Capsule 40 mg (modified release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 54.56 | 34.20 | Ritalin LA | NV |
| 3440C<br>NP | Capsule 10 mg (modified release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 34.04 | 34.20 | Ritalin LA | NV |

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | <b>MODAFINIL</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Modafinil is not PBS-subsidised when used in combination with PBS-subsidised dexamphetamine sulfate.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe modafinil may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Written applications for authority to prescribe modafinil should be forwarded to:  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Medicare Australia<br>Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs<br>Reply Paid 9826<br>GPO Box 9826<br>HOBART TAS 7001  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Further prescribing information is on the Medicare Australia website at <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> .   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Initial treatment, by a qualified sleep medicine practitioner or neurologist, of patients with narcolepsy where:   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (i) therapy with dexamphetamine sulfate poses an unacceptable medical risk; or   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (ii) intolerance to dexamphetamine sulfate of a severity necessitating treatment withdrawal develops.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | The presence of any 1 of the following indicates treatment with dexamphetamine sulfate poses an unacceptable medical risk:   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (a) a psychiatric disorder;  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (b) a cardiovascular disorder;   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (c) a history of substance abuse;  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (d) glaucoma;  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (e) any other absolute contraindication to dexamphetamine sulfate as specified in the TGA-approved Product Information.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Patients must meet the following definition of narcolepsy:   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Excessive daytime sleepiness, recurrent naps or lapses into sleep occurring almost daily for at least 3 months and:  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (i) a definite history of cataplexy;   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | or   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | a mean sleep latency less than or equal to 10 minutes on a Multiple Sleep Latency Test (MSLT). The MSLT must be preceded by nocturnal polysomnography. Sleep prior to the MSLT must be at least 6 hours in duration;         |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | or   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | an electroencephalographic (EEG) recording showing the pathologically rapid development of REM sleep; and  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (ii) absence of any medical or psychiatric disorder that could otherwise account for the hypersomnia.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | The authority application must be made in writing and must include the following:  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (a) a completed authority prescription form; and   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (b) a completed Modafinil (Modavigil) PBS Authority Application for Use in the Treatment of Narcolepsy - Supporting Information Form [ <a href="http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au">www.medicareaustralia.gov.au</a> ]; and |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (c) details of the contraindication or intolerance to dexamphetamine sulfate; and  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (d) either:  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (i) the result and date of the polysomnography test and MSLT conducted by, or under the supervision of, a qualified sleep medicine practitioner; or  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | (ii) the result and date of the EEG, conducted by, or under the supervision of, a neurologist.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | The polysomnography, MSLT or EEG test reports must be provided with the authority application.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Continuing treatment of narcolepsy, where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8816B | Tablet 100 mg  | 120         | 5           | ..      | *346.98                                  | 34.20  | Modavigil CS                |

### Anti-dementia drugs

#### *Anticholinesterases*

#### DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE

##### **Authority required**

INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MILD TO MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 10 or more.

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

The authority application must include the result of the baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE). This baseline (S)MMSE must be a score of 10 or more. If this score is 25 - 30 points, the result of a baseline Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive sub-scale (ADAS-Cog) may also be specified.

If an ADAS-Cog score is not supplied with the initial application, this scale cannot be used for the purpose of fulfilling the criteria for continued PBS

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

supply.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised;

**CONTINUING TREATMENT** — (S)MMSE or ADAS-Cog improvement.

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in cognitive function as measured by:

(a) for patients with a baseline (S)MMSE score of 10 or more and less than 25, an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE);

(b) for patients with a baseline (S)MMSE score of at least 25 points, a decrease of at least 4 points from baseline on the Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive sub-scale (ADAS-Cog) or an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE).

The initial authority application for continuing treatment must include the relevant result from the (S)MMSE or the ADAS-Cog and must be in writing.

Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.

### **Authority required**

**INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MILD TO MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE** — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 9 or less who require a clinician's assessment.

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease of patients with a baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE) score of 9 or less, who are unable to register a score of 10 or more for reasons other than their Alzheimer's disease, as specified below. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

Such patients will need to be assessed using the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Severity (CIBIS) scale. The authority application must include the result of the baseline (S)MMSE and specify to which group(s) (see below) the patient belongs.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised.

Patients who qualify under this criterion are from 1 or more of the following groups:

- (1) Unable to communicate adequately because of lack of competence in English, in people of non-English speaking background;
- (2) Limited education, as defined by less than 6 years of education, or who are illiterate or innumerate;
- (3) Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islanders who, by virtue of cultural factors, are unable to complete an (S)MMSE test;
- (4) Intellectual (developmental or acquired) disability, eg Down's syndrome;
- (5) Significant sensory impairment despite best correction, which precludes completion of an (S)MMSE test;
- (6) Prominent dysphasia, out of proportion to other cognitive and functional impairment;

**CONTINUING TREATMENT** — Clinician assessed improvement.

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in function, based on a rating of "very much improved" or "much improved" on the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Change (CIBIC) scale, which must be assessed by the same clinician who initiated treatment.

The initial authority application for continuing treatment must state the improvement achieved on the CIBIC scale and must be in writing.

Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.

### **Note**

#### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |    |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 8495D<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg  | 28 | 5 | .. | 155.45 | 34.20 | Aricept | PF |
| 8496E<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg | 28 | 5 | .. | 155.45 | 34.20 | Aricept | PF |

## **GALANTAMINE HYDROBROMIDE**

### **Authority required**

**INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MILD TO MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE** — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 10 or more.

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price | Maximum                               | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net |                             |
|      |   |             |             |         | \$              | \$                                    |                             |

The authority application must include the result of the baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE). This baseline (S)MMSE must be a score of 10 or more. If this score is 25 - 30 points, the result of a baseline Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive sub-scale (ADAS-Cog) may also be specified.

If an ADAS-Cog score is not supplied with the initial application, this scale cannot be used for the purpose of fulfilling the criteria for continued PBS supply.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised;

**CONTINUING TREATMENT — (S)MMSE or ADAS-Cog improvement.**

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in cognitive function as measured by:

- (a) for patients with a baseline (S)MMSE score of 10 or more and less than 25, an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE);
- (b) for patients with a baseline (S)MMSE score of at least 25 points, a decrease of at least 4 points from baseline on the Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive sub-scale (ADAS-Cog) or an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE).

The initial authority application for continuing treatment must include the relevant result from the (S)MMSE or the ADAS-Cog and must be in writing.

Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.

### **Authority required**

**INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MILD TO MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE —** Patients with an (S)MMSE of 9 or less who require a clinician's assessment.

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease of patients with a baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE) score of 9 or less, who are unable to register a score of 10 or more for reasons other than their Alzheimer's disease, as specified below. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

Such patients will need to be assessed using the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Severity (CIBIS) scale. The authority application must include the result of the baseline (S)MMSE and specify to which group(s) (see below) the patient belongs.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised.

Patients who qualify under this criterion are from 1 or more of the following groups:

- (1) Unable to communicate adequately because of lack of competence in English, in people of non-English speaking background;
- (2) Limited education, as defined by less than 6 years of education, or who are illiterate or innumerate;
- (3) Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islanders who, by virtue of cultural factors, are unable to complete an (S)MMSE test;
- (4) Intellectual (developmental or acquired) disability, eg Down's syndrome;
- (5) Significant sensory impairment despite best correction, which precludes completion of an (S)MMSE test;
- (6) Prominent dysphasia, out of proportion to other cognitive and functional impairment;

**CONTINUING TREATMENT — Clinician assessed improvement.**

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in function, based on a rating of "very much improved" or "much improved" on the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Change (CIBIC) scale, which must be assessed by the same clinician who initiated treatment.

The initial authority application for continuing treatment must state the improvement achieved on the CIBIC scale and must be in writing.

Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.

### **Note**

#### **Continuing Therapy Only:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |    |   |    |        |       |              |          |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|--------|-------|--------------|----------|----|
| 8770N<br>NP | Capsule 8 mg (base) (prolonged release)  | 28 | 5 | .. | 113.09 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | Galantyl | AF |
|             |  |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Reminyl  | JC |
| 8771P<br>NP | Capsule 16 mg (base) (prolonged release) | 28 | 5 | .. | 136.91 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> | Galantyl | AF |
|             |  |    |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Reminyl  | JC |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 8772Q<br>NP | Capsule 24 mg (base) (prolonged release)                | 28          | 5           | ..      | 161.93                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Galantyl AF                 |
|             |   |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Reminyl JC                  |

### RIVASTIGMINE

#### Authority required

INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MILD TO MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 10 or more. Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

The authority application must include the result of the baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE). This baseline (S)MMSE must be a score of 10 or more. If this score is 25 - 30 points, the result of a baseline Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive sub-scale (ADAS-Cog) may also be specified.

If an ADAS-Cog score is not supplied with the initial application, this scale cannot be used for the purpose of fulfilling the criteria for continued PBS supply.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised.

CONTINUING TREATMENT — (S)MMSE or ADAS-Cog improvement.

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in cognitive function as measured by:

- (a) for patients with a baseline (S)MMSE score of 10 or more and less than 25, an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE);
- (b) for patients with a baseline (S)MMSE score of at least 25 points, a decrease of at least 4 points from baseline on the Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive sub-scale (ADAS-Cog) or an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE).

The initial authority application for continuing treatment must include the relevant result from the (S)MMSE or the ADAS-Cog and must be in writing.

Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.

#### Authority required

INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MILD TO MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 9 or less who require a clinician's assessment.

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease of patients with a baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE) score of 9 or less, who are unable to register a score of 10 or more for reasons other than their Alzheimer's disease, as specified below. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

Such patients will need to be assessed using the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Severity (CIBIS) scale. The authority application must include the result of the baseline (S)MMSE and specify to which group(s) (see below) the patient belongs.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised.

Patients who qualify under this criterion are from 1 or more of the following groups:

- (1) Unable to communicate adequately because of lack of competence in English, in people of non-English speaking background;
- (2) Limited education, as defined by less than 6 years of education, or who are illiterate or innumerate;
- (3) Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islanders who, by virtue of cultural factors, are unable to complete an (S)MMSE test;
- (4) Intellectual (developmental or acquired) disability, eg Down's syndrome;
- (5) Significant sensory impairment despite best correction, which precludes completion of an (S)MMSE test;
- (6) Prominent dysphasia, out of proportion to other cognitive and functional impairment;

CONTINUING TREATMENT — Clinician assessed improvement.

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in function, based on a rating of "very much improved" or "much improved" on the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Change (CIBIC) scale, which must be assessed by the same clinician who initiated treatment.

The initial authority application for continuing treatment must state the improvement achieved on the CIBIC scale and must be in writing.

Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form               | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9161E<br>NP  | Transdermal patch 9 mg (releasing approximately 4.6 mg per 24 hours)  | 30          | 5           | ..      | 166.09                                   | 34.20  | Exelon Patch 5 NV           |
| 9162F<br>NP  | Transdermal patch 18 mg (releasing approximately 9.5 mg per 24 hours) | 30          | 5           | ..      | 166.09                                   | 34.20  | Exelon Patch 10 NV          |

### RIVASTIGMINE HYDROGEN TARTRATE

#### Authority required

INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MILD TO MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 10 or more. Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

The authority application must include the result of the baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE). This baseline (S)MMSE must be a score of 10 or more. If this score is 25 - 30 points, the result of a baseline Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive sub-scale (ADAS-Cog) may also be specified.

If an ADAS-Cog score is not supplied with the initial application, this scale cannot be used for the purpose of fulfilling the criteria for continued PBS supply.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised;

CONTINUING TREATMENT — (S)MMSE or ADAS-Cog improvement.

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in cognitive function as measured by:

- (a) for patients with a baseline (S)MMSE score of 10 or more and less than 25, an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE);
- (b) for patients with a baseline (S)MMSE score of at least 25 points, a decrease of at least 4 points from baseline on the Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale, cognitive sub-scale (ADAS-Cog) or an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE).

The initial authority application for continuing treatment must include the relevant result from the (S)MMSE or the ADAS-Cog and must be in writing.

Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.

#### Authority required

INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MILD TO MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 9 or less who require a clinician's assessment.

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease of patients with a baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE) score of 9 or less, who are unable to register a score of 10 or more for reasons other than their Alzheimer's disease, as specified below. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

Such patients will need to be assessed using the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Severity (CIBIS) scale. The authority application must include the result of the baseline (S)MMSE and specify to which group(s) (see below) the patient belongs.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised.

Patients who qualify under this criterion are from 1 or more of the following groups:

- (1) Unable to communicate adequately because of lack of competence in English, in people of non-English speaking background;
- (2) Limited education, as defined by less than 6 years of education, or who are illiterate or innumerate;
- (3) Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islanders who, by virtue of cultural factors, are unable to complete an (S)MMSE test;
- (4) Intellectual (developmental or acquired) disability, eg Down's syndrome;
- (5) Significant sensory impairment despite best correction, which precludes completion of an (S)MMSE test;
- (6) Prominent dysphasia, out of proportion to other cognitive and functional impairment;

CONTINUING TREATMENT — Clinician assessed improvement.

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of mild to moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in function, based on a rating of "very much improved" or "much improved" on the Clinicians Interview

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|  |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |
| Based Impression of Change (CIBIC) scale, which must be assessed by the same clinician who initiated treatment.  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| The initial authority application for continuing treatment must state the improvement achieved on the CIBIC scale and must be in writing.  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.   |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |         |                       |   |                             |
| 8497F<br>NP  | Capsule 1.5 mg (base)                                   | 56          | 5           | ..      | 155.45                | 34.20                                       | Exelon NV                   |
| 8498G<br>NP  | Capsule 3 mg (base)                                     | 56          | 5           | ..      | 155.45                | 34.20                                       | Exelon NV                   |
| 8499H<br>NP  | Capsule 4.5 mg (base)                                   | 56          | 5           | ..      | 155.45                | 34.20                                       | Exelon NV                   |
| 8500J<br>NP  | Capsule 6 mg (base)                                     | 56          | 5           | ..      | 155.45                | 34.20                                       | Exelon NV                   |
| 8563Q<br>NP  | Oral solution 2 mg (base) per mL, 120 mL                | ‡1          | 5           | ..      | 155.45                | 34.20                                       | Exelon NV                   |

### Other anti-dementia drugs

#### MEMANTINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required

INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 10 to 14.

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of moderately severe Alzheimer's disease. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

The authority application must include the result of the baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE). This baseline (S)MMSE must be a score of 10 to 14.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised.

CONTINUING TREATMENT — (S)MMSE improvement.

Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in cognitive function as measured by an increase of at least 2 points from baseline on the Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE).

The initial authority application for continuing treatment must include the relevant result from the (S)MMSE and must be in writing.

Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.

##### Authority required

INITIAL APPLICATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF MODERATELY SEVERE ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE — Patients with an (S)MMSE of 9 or less who require a clinician's assessment.

Initial treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of moderately severe Alzheimer's disease of patients with a baseline Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) or Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination (SMMSE) score of 9 or less, who are unable to register a score of 10 to 14 for reasons other than their Alzheimer's disease, as specified below. Confirmation of this diagnosis must be made by a specialist/consultant physician (including a psychiatrist).

Such patients will need to be assessed using the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Severity (CIBIS) scale. The authority application must include the result of the baseline (S)MMSE and specify to which group(s) (see below) the patient belongs.

This application must be made in writing, but initial supply may be sought by telephone.

For telephone applications, up to a maximum of 2 months' initial therapy will be authorised. This telephone application must be followed by a written authority application for no more than 1 month's therapy and sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of up to 6 months' initial treatment. For written applications where no prior telephone approval has been issued, up to a maximum of 1 month's therapy plus 5 repeats will be authorised.

Patients who qualify under this criterion are from 1 or more of the following groups:

- (1) Unable to communicate adequately because of lack of competence in English, in people of non-English speaking background;
- (2) Limited education, as defined by less than 6 years of education, or who are illiterate or innumerate;
- (3) Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islanders who, by virtue of cultural factors, are unable to complete an (S)MMSE test;
- (4) Intellectual (developmental or acquired) disability, eg Down's syndrome;

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | (5) Significant sensory impairment despite best correction, which precludes completion of an (S)MMSE test;<br>(6) Prominent dysphasia, out of proportion to other cognitive and functional impairment;   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | CONTINUING TREATMENT — Clinician assessed improvement.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | Continuing treatment, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, following initial PBS-subsidised therapy, of moderately severe Alzheimer's disease in patients with demonstrated improvement in function, based on a rating of "very much improved" or "much improved" on the Clinicians Interview Based Impression of Change (CIBIC) scale, which must be assessed by the same clinician who initiated treatment. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | The initial authority application for continuing treatment must state the improvement achieved on the CIBIC scale and must be in writing.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | Subsequent applications for continuing treatment can be made by telephone.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1956Y<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg   | 56          | 5           | ..      | 106.95                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | APO-Memantine TX            |
|             |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Ebixa LU                    |
|             |  |             |             |         |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Memaxa SI                   |
| 2059J<br>NP | Oral drops 10 mg per g, 50 g   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 96.18                                    | 34.20  | Ebixa LU                    |
| 9306T<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg   | 28          | 5           | ..      | 106.95                                   | 34.20  | Ebixa LU                    |

### Other nervous system drugs

#### Parasympathomimetics Anticholinesterases

| PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE |                                  |     |   |    |         |       |             |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|---|----|---------|-------|-------------|
| 1959D                  | Tablet 60 mg                     | 150 | 5 | .. | 62.76   | 34.20 | Mestinon VT |
| 2608G                  | Tablet 180 mg (modified release) | 100 | 5 | .. | *123.64 | 34.20 | Mestinon VT |
|                        |                                  |     |   |    |         |       | Timespan    |
| 2724J                  | Tablet 10 mg                     | 100 | 5 | .. | 19.67   | 20.74 | Mestinon VT |

#### Choline esters

| BETHANECHOL CHLORIDE |              |     |   |    |       |       |             |
|----------------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 1062X<br>NP          | Tablet 10 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 21.03 | 22.10 | Uro-Carb YN |

### Drugs used in addictive disorders

#### Drugs used in nicotine dependence

##### BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

###### Note

Only one course of PBS-subsidised bupropion hydrochloride will be authorised per 12 months. The period between commencing a course of bupropion hydrochloride and varenicline tartrate must be at least 6 months. A course of treatment with bupropion hydrochloride is 9 weeks. No increased maximum quantities or repeats will be authorised. Clinical review is recommended within 2 to 3 weeks of the original prescription being requested.

###### Authority required

Commencement of short-term, sole PBS-subsidised, therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated they are ready to cease smoking and:

(a) who has entered a comprehensive support and counselling program; or

(b) who is entering a comprehensive support and counselling program during the consultation at which this authority is requested.

Details of the program must be specified in the authority application.

|             |                                   |    |    |    |                   |                    |             |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 8465M<br>NP | Tablet 150 mg (sustained release) | 30 | .. | .. | 73.09             | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Prexaton AF |
|             |                                   |    |    |    | <sup>b</sup> 0.80 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Zyban GK    |

## Nervous system

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form         | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Only one course of PBS-subsidised bupropion hydrochloride will be authorised per 12 months. The period between commencing a course of bupropion hydrochloride and varenicline tartrate must be at least 6 months. A course of treatment with bupropion hydrochloride is 9 weeks. No increased maximum quantities or repeats will be authorised. Clinical review is recommended within 2 to 3 weeks of the original prescription being requested. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Completion of short-term, sole PBS-subsidised, therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug and who is enrolled in a comprehensive support and counselling program.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8710K<br>NP  | Tablet 150 mg (sustained release)                               | 90          | ..          | ..                | 158.99                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Prexaton AF                 |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.81 | 159.80                                   | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Zyban GK                    |
| <b>NICOTINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Nicotine dependence in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Only 2 courses of PBS-subsidised nicotine replacement therapy will be authorised per year. No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. Benefit is improved if used in conjunction with a comprehensive support and counselling program.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Short-term sole PBS-subsidised therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated they are ready to cease smoking and who has entered a comprehensive support and counselling program. Details of the program must be specified in the initial authority application;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Short-term sole PBS-subsidised therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated they are ready to cease smoking and who is entering a comprehensive support and counselling program during the consultation at which this authority is requested. Details of the program must be specified in the initial authority application.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| A maximum of 12 weeks of PBS-subsidised nicotine replacement therapy will be authorised per year. No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 9198D<br>NP  | Transdermal patch releasing approximately<br>15 mg per 16 hours | 28          | 2           | ..                | 55.22                                    | 34.20  | Nicorette Patch JT          |
| <b>NICOTINE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Short-term sole PBS-subsidised therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated they are ready to cease smoking and who has entered a comprehensive support and counselling program. Details of the program must be specified in the initial authority application;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Short-term sole PBS-subsidised therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated they are ready to cease smoking and who is entering a comprehensive support and counselling program during the consultation at which this authority is requested. Details of the program must be specified in the initial authority application.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| A maximum of 12 weeks of PBS-subsidised nicotine replacement therapy will be authorised per year. No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 3414Q<br>NP  | Transdermal patch releasing approximately<br>21 mg per 24 hours | 28          | 2           | ..                | 55.22                                    | 34.20  | Nicotinell Step 1 NC        |
| 5465P<br>NP  | Transdermal patch releasing approximately<br>21 mg per 24 hours | 28          | 2           | ..                | 55.22                                    | 34.20  | Nicabate P GC               |
| <b>VARENICLINE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| The period between commencing varenicline tartrate and bupropion hydrochloride must be at least 6 months. A course of treatment with varenicline tartrate is 12 weeks or up to 24 weeks, if initial treatment of 12 weeks has been successful. No increased maximum quantities or repeats will be authorised. Clinical review is recommended within 2 to 3 weeks of the initial prescription being requested.                                    |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Commencement of short-term, sole PBS-subsidised, therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated they are ready to cease smoking and:   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| (a) who has entered a comprehensive support and counselling program; or  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |

## Nervous system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | (b) who is entering a comprehensive support and counselling program during the consultation at which this authority is requested.                       |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | Details of the program must be specified in the authority application.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9128K<br>NP | Box containing 11 tablets 0.5 mg (as tartrate) and 14 tablets 1 mg (as tartrate) in the first pack and 28 tablets 1 mg (as tartrate) in the second pack | 1           | ..          | ..      | 103.12                                   | 34.20  | Champix PF                  |

### VARENICLINE

#### Note

The period between commencing varenicline tartrate and bupropion hydrochloride must be at least 6 months. A course of treatment with varenicline tartrate is 12 weeks or up to 24 weeks, if initial treatment of 12 weeks has been successful. No increased maximum quantities or repeats will be authorised. Clinical review is recommended within 2 to 3 weeks of the initial prescription being requested.

#### Authority required

Continuation of short-term sole PBS-subsidised therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug and who is enrolled in a comprehensive support and counselling program.

|             |                           |     |    |    |         |       |            |
|-------------|---------------------------|-----|----|----|---------|-------|------------|
| 9129L<br>NP | Tablet 1 mg (as tartrate) | 112 | .. | .. | *231.70 | 34.20 | Champix PF |
|-------------|---------------------------|-----|----|----|---------|-------|------------|

### VARENICLINE

#### Note

The period between commencing varenicline tartrate and bupropion hydrochloride must be at least 6 months. A course of treatment with varenicline tartrate is 12 weeks or up to 24 weeks, if initial treatment of 12 weeks has been successful. No increased maximum quantities or repeats will be authorised. Clinical review is recommended within 2 to 3 weeks of the initial prescription being requested.

#### Authority required

Completion of short-term sole PBS-subsidised therapy as an aid to achieving long-term abstinence after completion of an initial 12-week PBS-subsidised course in a patient who has ceased smoking, and who is enrolled in a comprehensive support and counselling program.

|             |                           |    |   |    |        |       |            |
|-------------|---------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|
| 5469W<br>NP | Tablet 1 mg (as tartrate) | 56 | 2 | .. | 120.42 | 34.20 | Champix PF |
|-------------|---------------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|

## Drugs used in alcohol dependence

### ACAMPROSATE CALCIUM

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2665

For use within a comprehensive treatment program for alcohol dependence with the goal of maintaining abstinence.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |                                |     |   |    |        |       |            |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|
| 8357W<br>NP | Tablet 333 mg (enteric coated) | 180 | 1 | .. | 166.58 | 34.20 | Campral AF |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|------------|

### NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Caution

Naltrexone hydrochloride is contraindicated in patients receiving opioid drugs.

#### Authority required

For use within a comprehensive treatment program for alcohol dependence with the goal of maintaining abstinence.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |              |    |   |    |        |       |  |          |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--|----------|
| 8370M<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg | 30 | 1 | .. | 135.67 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Naltrexone<br>generichealth<br><sup>a</sup> ReVia | GQ<br>BQ |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--|----------|

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### Other nervous system drugs

#### *Other nervous system drugs*

#### RILUZOLE

##### Authority required

Initial treatment of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, as diagnosed by a neurologist, in patients with disease duration of 5 years or less and who have at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to commencing riluzole therapy and who:

- (1) are ambulatory, and
- (a) have not undergone tracheostomy, and
- (b) have not experienced respiratory failure; OR
- (2) are not ambulatory, and
- (a) have not undergone tracheostomy, and
- (b) have not experienced respiratory failure, and
- (c) are either able to use upper limbs or able to swallow.

The date of diagnosis and the date and results of spirometry (in terms of percent of predicted forced vital capacity) must be supplied with the initial authority application.

##### Authority required

Continuing treatment of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis in patients who have previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug and who:

- (1) are ambulatory, and
- (a) have not undergone tracheostomy, and
- (b) have not experienced respiratory failure; OR
- (2) are not ambulatory, and
- (a) have not undergone tracheostomy, and
- (b) have not experienced respiratory failure, and
- (c) are either able to use upper limbs or able to swallow.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |    |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 8664B<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg | 56 | 5 | .. | 662.00 | 34.20 | Rilutek | SW |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|

#### TETRABENAZINE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### *1161*

Hyperkinetic extrapyramidal disorders.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |              |     |   |    |        |       |                             |    |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------------------------|----|
| 1330B<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg | 112 | 5 | .. | 337.55 | 34.20 | Orphan Australia<br>Pty Ltd | OA |
|-------------|--------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------------------------|----|

## Antiparasitic products, insecticides and repellents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Antiparasitic products, insecticides and repellents

### Antiprotozoals

#### Agents against amoebiasis and other protozoal diseases

##### *Nitroimidazole derivatives*

|                    |                                |    |    |                   |       |                   |               |    |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------------------|---------------|----|
| 1626N<br><i>NP</i> | METRONIDAZOLE<br>Tablet 400 mg | 5  | 2  | ..                | 7.81  | 8.88              | Metrogyl 400  | AF |
| 1636D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 200 mg                  | 21 | 1  | ..                | 7.88  | 8.95 <sup>a</sup> | Metrogyl 200  | AF |
|                    |                                |    |    |                   |       | 8.95 <sup>a</sup> | Metronide 200 | AV |
|                    |                                |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.19 | 10.07 | 8.95 <sup>a</sup> | Flagyl        | SW |
| 1642K<br><i>NP</i> | Suppositories 500 mg, 10       | ‡1 | .. | ..                | 23.16 | 24.23             | Flagyl        | SW |

##### METRONIDAZOLE

##### Restricted benefit

Treatment of anaerobic infections.

|                    |               |    |   |                   |       |                    |               |    |
|--------------------|---------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------|----|
| 1621H<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 400 mg | 21 | 1 | ..                | 9.85  | 10.92 <sup>a</sup> | Metrogyl 400  | AF |
|                    |               |    |   |                   |       | 8.95 <sup>a</sup>  | Metronide 400 | AV |
|                    |               |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.18 | 12.03 | 10.92 <sup>a</sup> | Flagyl        | SW |

##### METRONIDAZOLE BENZOATE

|                    |  |    |    |    |       |       |          |    |
|--------------------|--|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 1630T<br><i>NP</i> | Oral suspension 320 mg per 5 mL (equivalent to 200 mg metronidazole in 5 mL), 100 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 18.82 | 19.89 | Flagyl S | SW |
|--------------------|--|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|

##### TINIDAZOLE

|                    |               |   |    |    |                   |                    |           |    |
|--------------------|---------------|---|----|----|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|----|
| 1465D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 500 mg | 4 | .. | .. | 10.79             | 11.86 <sup>a</sup> | Simplotan | GP |
|                    |               |   |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.42 | 13.21              | Fasigyn   | PF |

#### *Other agents against amoebiasis and other protozoal diseases*

##### ATOVAQUONE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1433

Treatment of mild to moderate *Pneumocystis carinii* pneumonia in adult patients who are intolerant of trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole therapy.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|                    |   |    |    |    |         |       |          |    |
|--------------------|---|----|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 8300W<br><i>NP</i> | Oral suspension 750 mg per 5 mL, 210 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 1034.57 | 34.20 | Wellvone | GK |
|--------------------|---|----|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

##### PYRIMETHAMINE

|                    |              |    |    |    |       |       |          |    |
|--------------------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 1966L<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 25 mg | 50 | .. | .. | 16.37 | 17.44 | Daraprim | GK |
|--------------------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|

### Antimalarials

#### *Biguanides*

##### ATOVAQUONE with PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required

Treatment of suspected or confirmed *Plasmodium falciparum* malaria in a patient aged 3 years or older where quinine containing regimens are inappropriate.

## Antiparasitic products, insecticides and repellents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

**Note**

Atovaquone with proguanil hydrochloride is not PBS-subsidised for the prophylaxis of malaria.

**Note****Shared Care Model:**

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                      |    |    |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------------|----------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 9439T<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg-100 mg | 12 | .. | .. | 67.00 | 34.20 | Malarone | GK |
|-------------|----------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|

### *Methanolquinolines*

**QUININE SULFATE****Caution**

Severe thrombocytopenia has been reported with this drug.

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

2142

Malaria.

|             |               |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 1975Y<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 14.14 | 15.21 | Quinate | AS |
|-------------|---------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

### *Artemisinin and derivatives*

**ARTEMETHER with LUMEFANTRINE****Authority required**

Treatment of suspected or confirmed malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum.

**Note**

Artemether with lumefantrine is not PBS-subsidised for prophylaxis of malaria.

|       |                     |    |    |    |       |       |        |    |
|-------|---------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--------|----|
| 9498X | Tablet 20 mg-120 mg | 24 | .. | .. | 96.90 | 34.20 | Riamet | NV |
|-------|---------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--------|----|

**ARTEMETHER with LUMEFANTRINE****Authority required**

Treatment of suspected or confirmed malaria due to Plasmodium falciparum in a patient unable to swallow a solid dosage form of artemether with lumefantrine.

**Note**

Artemether with lumefantrine is not PBS-subsidised for prophylaxis of malaria.

|       |                                   |    |    |    |       |       |                                     |    |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------------------------------------|----|
| 5296R | Tablet (dispersible) 20 mg-120 mg | 18 | .. | .. | 96.90 | 34.20 | Riamet<br>20mg/120mg<br>Dispersible | NV |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------------------------------------|----|

## Anthelmintics

### Antitrematodals

#### *Quinoline derivatives and related substances*

**PRAZIQUANTEL****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3147

Schistosomiasis.

|             |               |   |    |    |       |       |            |    |
|-------------|---------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------|----|
| 9447F<br>NP | Tablet 600 mg | 8 | .. | .. | 40.85 | 34.20 | Biltricide | BN |
|-------------|---------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------|----|

### Antinematodal agents

#### *Benzimidazole derivatives*

**ALBENDAZOLE****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

2446

Treatment of whipworm infestation in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person;

## Antiparasitic products, insecticides and repellents

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|  | <b>1388</b><br>Strongyloidiasis;   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|  | <b>3241</b><br>Treatment of hookworm infestation.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 9047E<br>NP                                    | Tablet 200 mg  | 6           | ..          | ..      | 33.10                                    | 34.17  | Zentel                      | GK |
| <hr/>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|  | <b>ALBENDAZOLE</b><br><b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b><br><b>1525</b><br>Treatment of tapeworm infestation.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8503M<br>NP                                    | Tablet 200 mg  | 6           | 1           | ..      | 33.10                                    | 34.17  | Zentel                      | GK |
| <hr/>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|  | <b>ALBENDAZOLE</b><br><b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b><br><b>1496</b><br>For the treatment of hydatid disease in conjunction with surgery or when a surgical cure cannot be achieved or where surgery cannot be used. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8459F  | Tablet 400 mg  | 60          | 2           | ..      | 185.25                                   | 34.20  | Eskazole                    | GK |
| <b><i>Tetrahydropyrimidine derivatives</i></b> |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|  | <b>PYRANTEL EMBONATE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3047J<br>NP                                    | Tablet 125 mg (base)   | 6           | ..          | ..      | 8.41                                     | 9.48   | Anthel 125                  | AF |
| 3048K<br>NP                                    | Tablet 250 mg (base)   | 6           | ..          | ..      | 9.48                                     | 10.55  | Anthel 250                  | AF |
| <b><i>Avermectines</i></b>                     |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|  | <b>IVERMECTIN</b><br><b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b><br><b>1242</b><br>Onchocerciasis;   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|  | <b>1388</b><br>Strongyloidiasis.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8359Y<br>NP                                    | Tablet 3 mg  | 4           | ..          | ..      | 31.31                                    | 32.38  | Stromectol                  | MK |

### Ectoparasiticides, incl. scabicides, insecticides and repellents

#### Ectoparasiticides, incl. scabicides

##### *Pyrethrines, incl. synthetic compounds*

|             |                              |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
|             | <b>PERMETHRIN</b>            |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
| 3054R<br>NP | Cream 50 mg per g (5%), 30 g | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 16.77 | 17.84 | Lyclear | JT |

## Respiratory system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Respiratory system

### Nasal preparations

#### Decongestants and other nasal preparations for topical use

##### *Other nasal preparations*

#### MUPIROCIN

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3136

Nasal colonisation with *Staphylococcus aureus* in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |  |     |    |    |       |       |           |    |
|-------------|--|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 9440W<br>NP | Nasal ointment 20 mg (as calcium) per g (2%),<br>3 g | \$1 | .. | .. | 20.63 | 21.70 | Bactroban | GK |
|-------------|--|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|

### Drugs for obstructive airway diseases

#### Adrenergics, inhalants

##### *Selective beta-2-adrenoceptor agonists*

#### EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE

##### Restricted benefit

Patients with frequent episodes of asthma who are currently receiving treatment with oral corticosteroids;

Patients with frequent episodes of asthma who are currently receiving treatment with optimal doses of inhaled corticosteroids.

|             |  |     |   |    |       |       |                 |    |
|-------------|--|-----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------|----|
| 8136F<br>NP | Capsule containing powder for oral inhalation<br>12 micrograms (for use in Foradile Aerolizer) | 60  | 5 | .. | 37.33 | 34.20 | Foradile        | NV |
| 8239P<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated<br>device 6 micrograms per dose (60 doses)       | \$1 | 5 | .. | 26.38 | 27.45 | Oxis Turbuhaler | AP |
| 8240Q<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated<br>device 12 micrograms per dose (60 doses)      | \$1 | 5 | .. | 36.44 | 34.20 | Oxis Turbuhaler | AP |

#### SALBUTAMOL SULFATE

|             |   |     |   |    |                   |        |                                |    |
|-------------|---|-----|---|----|-------------------|--------|--------------------------------|----|
| 1099W<br>NP | Capsule containing powder for oral inhalation<br>200 micrograms (base) (for use in Ventolin<br>Rotahaler) | 200 | 5 | .. | *17.90            | 18.97  | Ventolin Rotacaps              | GK |
| 8288F<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 100 micrograms<br>(base) per dose (200 doses), CFC-free<br>formulation        | 2   | 5 | .. | *15.22            | 16.29  | <sup>a</sup> Airomir           | IA |
|             |   |     |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.18 | *16.40 | <sup>a</sup> Asmol CFC-free    | AL |
|             |   |     |   |    |                   | 16.29  | <sup>a</sup> Ventolin CFC-free | GK |

#### SALBUTAMOL SULFATE

##### Restricted benefit

Patients unable to achieve co-ordinated use of other metered dose inhalers containing this drug.

|             |  |   |   |    |        |       |                   |    |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|-------------------|----|
| 8354Q<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation in breath actuated<br>device 100 micrograms (base) per dose (200<br>doses), CFC-free formulation | 2 | 5 | .. | *38.60 | 34.20 | Airomir Autohaler | IA |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|-------------------|----|

#### SALBUTAMOL SULFATE

##### Restricted benefit

Asthma in patients unable to use this drug delivered from an oral pressurised inhalation device via a spacer;

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in patients unable to use this drug delivered from an oral pressurised inhalation device via a spacer.

|             |   |   |   |    |        |       |                                 |    |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|--------|-------|---------------------------------|----|
| 2000G<br>NP | Nebuliser solution single dose units 2.5 mg<br>(base) in 2.5 mL, 30 | 2 | 5 | .. | *18.32 | 19.39 | <sup>a</sup> Asmol 2.5 uni-dose | AF |
|             |   |   |   |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Butamol 2.5        | SI |

## Respiratory system

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form           | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer      |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Salbutamol GX |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Salbutamol 2.5 GM   |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Salbutamol-GA SZ    |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.40 | *19.72                                   | 19.39  | <sup>a</sup> Ventolin Nebules GK |
| 2001H<br>NP | Nebuliser solution single dose units 5 mg (base)<br>in 2.5 mL, 30 | 2           | 5           | ..                | *18.98                                   | 20.05  | <sup>a</sup> Asmol 5 uni-dose AF |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Butamol 5 SI        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Salbutamol GX |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Pharmacor CR        |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Salbutamol 5 GM     |
|             |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Salbutamol-GA SZ    |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.38 | *20.36                                   | 20.05  | <sup>a</sup> Ventolin Nebules GK |
| 2003K<br>NP | Nebuliser solution 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%),<br>30 mL            | 2           | 2           | ..                | *18.98                                   | 20.05  | Pfizer Australia Pty PF<br>Ltd   |

### SALMETEROL XINAFOATE

#### Restricted benefit

Patients with frequent episodes of asthma who are currently receiving treatment with oral corticosteroids;

Patients with frequent episodes of asthma who are currently receiving treatment with optimal doses of inhaled corticosteroids.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |                       |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 8141L<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated<br>device 50 micrograms (base) per dose (60<br>doses) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 37.33 | 34.20 | Serevent Accuhaler GK |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|

### TERBUTALINE SULFATE

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |                        |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------------|
| 1252X<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated<br>device 500 micrograms per dose (200 doses) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 17.83 | 18.90 | Bricanyl Turbuhaler AP |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------------|

## *Adrenergics and other drugs for obstructive airway diseases*

### BUDESONIDE with EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE

#### Restricted benefit

Patients who previously had frequent episodes of asthma while receiving treatment with oral corticosteroids and who have been stabilised on concomitant inhaled eformoterol fumarate dihydrate and budesonide;

Patients who previously had frequent episodes of asthma while receiving treatment with optimal doses of inhaled corticosteroids and who have been stabilised on concomitant inhaled eformoterol fumarate dihydrate and budesonide;

For single maintenance and reliever therapy in a patient who experiences frequent asthma symptoms while receiving treatment with oral corticosteroids;

For single maintenance and reliever therapy in a patient who experiences frequent asthma symptoms while receiving treatment with inhaled corticosteroids;

For maintenance and reliever therapy in a patient who experiences frequent asthma symptoms while receiving treatment with a combination of an inhaled corticosteroid and a long-acting beta-2 agonist.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |                                     |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 8625Y<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated<br>device 200 micrograms-6 micrograms per dose<br>(120 doses) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 58.77 | 34.20 | Symbicort<br>Turbuhaler<br>200/6 AP |
| 8796Y<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated<br>device 100 micrograms-6 micrograms per dose<br>(120 doses) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 54.47 | 34.20 | Symbicort<br>Turbuhaler<br>100/6 AP |

### BUDESONIDE with EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE

#### Restricted benefit

Patients who previously had frequent episodes of asthma while receiving treatment with oral corticosteroids and who have been stabilised on concomitant inhaled eformoterol fumarate dihydrate and budesonide;

Patients who previously had frequent episodes of asthma while receiving treatment with optimal doses of inhaled corticosteroids and who have been stabilised on concomitant inhaled eformoterol fumarate dihydrate and budesonide.

## Respiratory system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer       |    |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| Symbicort 400/12 is not recommended nor PBS-subsidised for use as 'maintenance and reliever' therapy.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| 8750M<br>NP   | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated devices 400 micrograms-12 micrograms per dose (60 doses), 2      | 1           | 5           | ..      | 86.89                                    | 34.20  | Symbicort<br>Turbuhaler<br>400/12 | AP |
| <b>FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE with SALMETEROL XINAFOATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| Patients who previously had frequent episodes of asthma while receiving treatment with oral corticosteroids and who have been stabilised on concomitant inhaled salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| Patients who previously had frequent episodes of asthma while receiving treatment with optimal doses of inhaled corticosteroids and who have been stabilised on concomitant inhaled salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate.                      |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| 8430Q<br>NP   | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 100 micrograms-50 micrograms (base) per dose (60 doses)   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 47.20                                    | 34.20  | Seretide Accuhaler<br>100/50      | GK |
| 8431R<br>NP   | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 250 micrograms-50 micrograms (base) per dose (60 doses)   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 59.31                                    | 34.20  | Seretide Accuhaler<br>250/50      | GK |
| 8517G<br>NP   | Oral pressurised inhalation 50 micrograms-25 micrograms (base) per dose (120 doses), CFC-free formulation      | 1           | 5           | ..      | 47.20                                    | 34.20  | Seretide MDI 50/25                | GK |
| 8518H<br>NP   | Oral pressurised inhalation 125 micrograms-25 micrograms (base) per dose (120 doses), CFC-free formulation     | 1           | 5           | ..      | 59.31                                    | 34.20  | Seretide MDI<br>125/25            | GK |
| <b>FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE with SALMETEROL XINAFOATE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| Patients who previously had frequent episodes of asthma while receiving treatment with oral corticosteroids and who have been stabilised on concomitant inhaled salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate;  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| Patients who previously had frequent episodes of asthma while receiving treatment with optimal doses of inhaled corticosteroids and who have been stabilised on concomitant inhaled salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate;                      |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| Symptomatic treatment of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), where the FEV1 is less than 50% predicted normal and there is a history of repeated exacerbations with significant symptoms despite regular beta-2 agonist bronchodilator therapy. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| Seretide is not indicated for the initiation of bronchodilator therapy in COPD.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| 8432T<br>NP   | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 500 micrograms-50 micrograms (base) per dose (60 doses)   | 1           | 5           | ..      | 78.67                                    | 34.20  | Seretide Accuhaler<br>500/50      | GK |
| 8519J<br>NP   | Oral pressurised inhalation 250 micrograms-25 micrograms (base) per dose (120 doses), CFC-free formulation     | 1           | 5           | ..      | 78.67                                    | 34.20  | Seretide MDI<br>250/25            | GK |
| <b>Other drugs for obstructive airway diseases, inhalants</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| <b>Glucocorticoids</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| <b>BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| 8406K<br>NP   | Oral pressurised inhalation 50 micrograms per dose (200 doses), CFC-free formulation                           | 1           | 5           | ..      | 19.29                                    | 20.36  | Qvar 50                           | IA |
| 8407L<br>NP   | Oral pressurised inhalation 100 micrograms per dose (200 doses), CFC-free formulation                          | 1           | 5           | ..      | 33.46                                    | 34.20  | Qvar 100                          | IA |
| <b>BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| Patients unable to achieve co-ordinated use of other metered dose inhalers containing this drug.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                   |    |
| 8408M<br>NP   | Oral pressurised inhalation in breath actuated device 50 micrograms per dose (200 doses), CFC-free formulation | 1           | 5           | ..      | 27.87                                    | 28.94  | Qvar 50 Autohaler                 | IA |
| 8409N<br>NP   | Oral pressurised inhalation in breath actuated device 100 micrograms per dose (200 doses),                     | 1           | 5           | ..      | 39.13                                    | 34.20  | Qvar 100 Autohaler                | IA |

## Respiratory system

| Code                 | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                                  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|----------------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| CFC-free formulation |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>BUDESONIDE</b>    |  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2070Y<br>NP          | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 100 micrograms per dose (200 doses) | 1           | 5           | ..      | 23.34                                    | 24.41  | Pulmicort Turbuhaler AP     |
| 2071B<br>NP          | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 200 micrograms per dose (200 doses) | 1           | 5           | ..      | 31.08                                    | 32.15  | Pulmicort Turbuhaler AP     |
| 2072C<br>NP          | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 400 micrograms per dose (200 doses) | 1           | 5           | ..      | 45.84                                    | 34.20  | Pulmicort Turbuhaler AP     |

**BUDESONIDE****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

1351

Severe chronic asthma in patients who require long-term steroid therapy and who are unable to use other forms of inhaled steroid therapy.

|             |   |   |   |    |       |       |                       |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 2065Q<br>NP | Nebuliser suspension single dose units 500 micrograms in 2 mL, 30 | 1 | 5 | .. | 37.86 | 34.20 | Pulmicort Respules AP |
| 2066R<br>NP | Nebuliser suspension single dose units 1 mg in 2 mL, 30           | 1 | 5 | .. | 49.00 | 34.20 | Pulmicort Respules AP |

**CICLESONIDE**

|             |   |   |   |    |       |       |                |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------------|
| 8853Y<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 80 micrograms per dose (120 doses), CFC-free formulation  | 1 | 5 | .. | 26.15 | 27.22 | Alvesco 80 NQ  |
| 8854B<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 160 micrograms per dose (120 doses), CFC-free formulation | 1 | 5 | .. | 42.25 | 34.20 | Alvesco 160 NQ |

**FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE**

|             |   |   |   |    |       |       |                               |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|-------------------------------|
| 8147T<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 100 micrograms per dose (60 doses) | 1 | 5 | .. | 17.09 | 18.16 | Flixotide Junior Accuhaler GK |
| 8148W<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 250 micrograms per dose (60 doses) | 1 | 5 | .. | 30.66 | 31.73 | Flixotide Accuhaler GK        |
| 8149X<br>NP | Powder for oral inhalation in breath actuated device 500 micrograms per dose (60 doses) | 1 | 1 | .. | 49.72 | 34.20 | Flixotide Accuhaler GK        |
| 8345F<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 125 micrograms per dose (120 doses), CFC-free formulation   | 1 | 5 | .. | 30.66 | 31.73 | Flixotide GK                  |
| 8346G<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 250 micrograms per dose (120 doses), CFC-free formulation   | 1 | 1 | .. | 49.72 | 34.20 | Flixotide GK                  |
| 8516F<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 50 micrograms per dose (120 doses), CFC-free formulation    | 1 | 5 | .. | 17.09 | 18.16 | Flixotide Junior GK           |

**Anticholinergics****IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE**

|             |  |   |   |    |        |       |             |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|-------------|
| 8671J<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 21 micrograms per dose (200 doses), CFC-free formulation | 2 | 5 | .. | *33.84 | 34.20 | Atrovent BY |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|-------------|

**IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE****Restricted benefit**

Asthma in patients unable to use this drug delivered from an oral pressurised inhalation device via a spacer;

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in patients unable to use this drug delivered from an oral pressurised inhalation device via a spacer.

|             |   |   |   |                   |        |       |                                 |
|-------------|---|---|---|-------------------|--------|-------|---------------------------------|
| 1542E<br>NP | Nebuliser solution single dose units 250 micrograms (anhydrous) in 1 mL, 30 | 2 | 5 | ..                | *35.74 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Aeron 250 SI       |
|             |   |   |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ipratropium TX |
|             |   |   |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ipratrin AF        |
|             |   |   |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Ipravent PF        |
|             |   |   |   | <sup>B</sup> 0.68 | *36.42 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Atrovent BY        |
| 8238N<br>NP | Nebuliser solution single dose units 500 micrograms (anhydrous) in 1 mL, 30 | 2 | 5 | ..                | *41.06 | 34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Aeron 500 SI       |
|             |   |   |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> APO-Ipratropium TX |

## Respiratory system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |                |    |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|----------------|----|
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Ipratrin Adult | AF |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Ipravent       | PF |
|      |   |             |             | <sup>b</sup> 0.58 | *41.64                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup>                | Atrovent Adult | BY |

### TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE MONOHYDRATE

#### Restricted benefit

For the long-term maintenance treatment of bronchospasm and dyspnoea associated with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |  |         |    |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|---------|----|
| 8626B<br>NP | Capsule containing powder for oral inhalation<br>18 micrograms (base) (for use in HandiHaler) | 30 | 5 | .. | 76.89 | 34.20 |  | Spiriva | BY |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|---------|----|

### *Antiallergic agents, excl. corticosteroids*

#### NEDOCROMIL SODIUM

|             |  |    |   |    |       |       |  |                 |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|-----------------|----|
| 8365G<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 2 mg per dose (112<br>doses), CFC-free formulation | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 37.69 | 34.20 |  | Tilade CFC-Free | SW |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|--|-----------------|----|

#### SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE

|             |  |     |   |    |       |       |  |                          |    |
|-------------|--|-----|---|----|-------|-------|--|--------------------------|----|
| 2878L<br>NP | Capsule containing powder for oral inhalation<br>20 mg (for use in Intal Spinhaler or Intal<br>Halermatic) | 100 | 5 | .. | 31.41 | 32.48 |  | Intal Spincaps           | GM |
| 8334P<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 5 mg per dose (112<br>doses), CFC-free formulation                             | ‡1  | 5 | .. | 35.84 | 34.20 |  | Intal Forte CFC-<br>Free | SW |
| 8767K<br>NP | Oral pressurised inhalation 1 mg per dose (200<br>doses), CFC-free formulation                             | ‡1  | 5 | .. | 30.29 | 31.36 |  | Intal CFC-Free           | SW |

### Adrenergics for systemic use

#### *Alpha- and beta-adrenoceptor agonists*

#### ADRENALINE

|             |                                     |   |   |    |       |       |  |                        |    |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|--|------------------------|----|
| 1016L<br>NP | Injection 1 mg in 1 mL (1 in 1,000) | 5 | 1 | .. | 20.34 | 21.41 |  | AstraZeneca Pty<br>Ltd | AP |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|--|------------------------|----|

#### ADRENALINE

##### Authority required

Initial sole PBS-subsidised supply for anticipated emergency treatment of acute allergic reactions with anaphylaxis in a patient who:

(a) has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylaxis by, or in consultation with, a clinical immunologist, allergist, paediatrician or respiratory physician. The name of the specialist consulted must be provided at the time of application for initial supply; or

(b) has been discharged from hospital or an emergency department after treatment with adrenaline for acute allergic reaction with anaphylaxis;

Continuing sole PBS-subsidised supply for anticipated emergency treatment of acute allergic reactions with anaphylaxis, where the patient has previously been issued with an authority prescription for this drug.

##### Note

The auto-injector should be provided in the framework of a comprehensive anaphylaxis prevention program and an emergency action plan including training in recognition of the symptoms of anaphylaxis and the use of the auto-injector device. (For further information see the Australasian Society of Clinical Immunology and Allergy website at [www.allergy.org.au](http://www.allergy.org.au).)

##### Note

Authority approvals will be limited to a maximum quantity of 2 auto-injectors (Anapen or EpiPen) at any one time.

No repeats will be issued.

##### Caution

EpiPen and Anapen products have different administration techniques and should not be prescribed to the same patient without training in their use.

|             |  |   |    |    |        |       |  |               |    |
|-------------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|--|---------------|----|
| 3408J<br>NP | I.M. injection 150 micrograms in 0.3 mL single<br>dose syringe auto-injector | 1 | .. | .. | 106.00 | 34.20 |  | Anapen Junior | LM |
| 3409K<br>NP | I.M. injection 300 micrograms in 0.3 mL single<br>dose syringe auto-injector | 1 | .. | .. | 106.00 | 34.20 |  | Anapen        | LM |
| 8697R<br>NP | I.M. injection 150 micrograms in 0.3 mL single<br>dose syringe auto-injector | 1 | .. | .. | 106.00 | 34.20 |  | EpiPen Jr.    | AL |
| 8698T<br>NP | I.M. injection 300 micrograms in 0.3 mL single<br>dose syringe auto-injector | 1 | .. | .. | 106.00 | 34.20 |  | EpiPen        | AL |

## Respiratory system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form         | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Selective beta-2-adrenoceptor agonists</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 1103C<br>NP                                   | <b>SALBUTAMOL SULFATE</b><br>Syrup 2 mg (base) per 5 mL, 150 mL | 2           | 5           | ..      | *22.20                                   | 23.27  | Ventolin GK                 |
| 1034K<br>NP                                   | <b>TERBUTALINE SULFATE</b><br>Injection 500 micrograms in 1 mL  | 5           | ..          | ..      | 30.59                                    | 31.66  | Bricanyl AP                 |

### Other systemic drugs for obstructive airway diseases

#### *Xanthines*

##### THEOPHYLLINE

##### Caution

Because of variable effects of food on absorption of sustained release theophylline preparations, patients stabilised on one brand should not be changed to another without appropriate monitoring.

##### Note

##### Continuing Therapy Only:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                   |     |   |    |       |       |                  |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|
| 2614N<br>NP | Syrup 133.3 mg per 25 mL, 500 mL  | 1   | 5 | .. | 12.31 | 13.38 | Nuelin IA        |
| 2634P<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg (sustained release) | 100 | 5 | .. | 13.32 | 14.39 | Nuelin-SR 250 IA |
| 8230E<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg (sustained release) | 100 | 5 | .. | 12.16 | 13.23 | Nuelin-SR 200 IA |
| 8231F<br>NP | Tablet 300 mg (sustained release) | 100 | 5 | .. | 14.70 | 15.77 | Nuelin-SR 300 IA |

#### *Leukotriene receptor antagonists*

##### MONTELUKAST SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2617

First-line preventer medication, as the single preventer agent for children aged 2 to 5 years with frequent intermittent or mild persistent asthma, as an alternative to sodium cromoglycate or nedocromil sodium.

##### Note

Montelukast sodium is not PBS-subsidised for use in a child aged 2 to 5 years with moderate to severe asthma. It is not intended as an alternative for a child aged 2 to 5 years who requires a corticosteroid as a preventer medication.

Montelukast sodium is not subsidised in a child aged 2 to 5 years for use in combination with other preventer medications. PBS subsidy for montelukast sodium will therefore cease for a child aged 2 to 5 years who requires a preventer medication in addition to montelukast sodium.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |                             |    |   |    |       |       |              |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|
| 8627C<br>NP | Chewable tablet 4 mg (base) | 28 | 5 | .. | 47.93 | 34.20 | Singulair MK |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|

##### MONTELUKAST SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

2618

First-line preventer medication, as the single preventer agent for children aged 6 to 14 years with frequent intermittent or mild persistent asthma, as an alternative to sodium cromoglycate or nedocromil sodium.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3217

Prevention of exercise-induced asthma, as an alternative to adding salmeterol xinafoate or eformoterol fumarate, in a child aged 6 to 14 years whose asthma is otherwise well controlled while receiving optimal dose inhaled corticosteroid, but who requires short-acting beta-2 agonist 3 or more times per week for prevention or relief of residual exercise-related symptoms.

##### Note

Montelukast sodium is not PBS-subsidised for use in a patient aged 15 years or older, or for use in addition to a long-acting beta-agonist in any age group, or for use as a single second line preventer, as an alternative to corticosteroids, in a child aged 6 to 14 years with moderate to severe asthma.

## Respiratory system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8628D<br><i>NP</i>  | Chewable tablet 5 mg (base)                             | 28          | 5           | ..      | 45.71                                    | 34.20  | Singulair                   | MK |

### Cough and cold preparations

#### Cough suppressants, excl. combinations with expectorants

##### *Opium alkaloids and derivatives*

|                    |                                   |    |    |    |       |       |   |    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|----|
| 1214X<br><i>NP</i> | CODEINE PHOSPHATE<br>Tablet 30 mg | 20 | .. | .. | 16.87 | 17.94 | Fawns and McAllan<br>Proprietary<br>Limited | FM |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|----|

### Antihistamines for systemic use

#### Antihistamines for systemic use

##### *Phenothiazine derivatives*

|                    |   |    |    |    |        |       |                     |    |
|--------------------|---|----|----|----|--------|-------|---------------------|----|
| 1948M<br><i>NP</i> | PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 50 mg in 2 mL | 10 | .. | .. | *22.32 | 23.39 | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|--------------------|---|----|----|----|--------|-------|---------------------|----|

## Sensory organs

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Sensory organs

### Ophthalmologicals

#### Antiinfectives

##### Antibiotics

###### AZITHROMYCIN

###### Restricted benefit

Trachoma.

###### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|                    |  |   |    |    |        |                    |                        |    |
|--------------------|--|---|----|----|--------|--------------------|------------------------|----|
| 8201P<br><i>NP</i> | Powder for oral suspension 200 mg (as dihydrate) per 5 mL, 15 mL | 1 | .. | .. | #21.09 | 22.50              | Zithromax              | PF |
| 8336R<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 500 mg (as dihydrate)                                     | 2 | 2  | .. | 21.09  | 22.16 <sup>a</sup> | Azithromycin<br>Sandoz | SZ |
|                    |  |   |    |    |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Zithromax | PF |
|                    |  |   |    |    |        |                    | <sup>a</sup> Zitrocin  | GM |

###### CHLORAMPHENICOL

|                        |                                     |   |    |    |       |       |               |    |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|
| 1171P<br><i>NP, MW</i> | Eye ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 4 g  | 1 | .. | .. | 9.76  | 10.83 | Chloromycetin | PF |
|                        |                                     |   |    |    |       |       | Chlorsig      | SI |
| 2360F<br><i>NP, MW</i> | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 10 mL | 1 | 2  | .. | 11.00 | 12.07 | Chloromycetin | PF |
|                        |                                     |   |    |    |       |       | Chlorsig      | SI |

###### GENTAMICIN SULFATE

###### Restricted benefit

Invasive ocular infection;

Perioperative use in ophthalmic surgery;

Suspected pseudomonal eye infection.

|       |   |   |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 1441W | Eye drops 3 mg (base) per mL (0.3%), 5 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 18.29 | 19.36 | Genoptic | AG |
|-------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|

###### TOBRAMYCIN

###### Restricted benefit

Invasive ocular infection;

Perioperative use in ophthalmic surgery;

Suspected pseudomonal eye infection.

|       |                                       |   |    |    |       |       |        |    |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------|----|
| 2328M | Eye drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 5 mL    | 1 | 2  | .. | 19.28 | 20.35 | Tobrex | AQ |
| 2329N | Eye ointment 3 mg per g (0.3%), 3.5 g | 1 | .. | .. | 22.38 | 23.45 | Tobrex | AQ |

#### Sulfonamides

###### SULFACETAMIDE SODIUM

|                    |                                      |   |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 2063N<br><i>NP</i> | Eye drops 100 mg per mL (10%), 15 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 14.96 | 16.03 | Bleph 10 | AG |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|

#### Antivirals

###### ACICLOVIR

###### Restricted benefit

Herpes simplex keratitis.

###### Note

Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

## Sensory organs

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 1002R<br>NP | Eye ointment 30 mg per g (3%), 4.5 g                    | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 33.63                                    | 34.20  | Zovirax GK                  |

### Other antiinfectives

#### CIPROFLOXACIN

##### Authority required

Bacterial keratitis.

|       |                                    |   |    |                   |        |                    |             |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|----|-------------------|--------|--------------------|-------------|
| 1217C | Eye drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 5 mL | 2 | .. | ..                | *28.48 | 29.55 <sup>a</sup> | CiloQuin IQ |
|       |                                    |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.92 | *30.40 | 29.55 <sup>a</sup> | Ciloxan AQ  |

#### OFLOXACIN

##### Authority required

Bacterial keratitis.

|       |                                    |   |    |    |        |       |            |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|-------|------------|
| 8383F | Eye drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 5 mL | 2 | .. | .. | *32.14 | 33.21 | Ocuflox AG |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|-------|------------|

### Antiinflammatory agents

#### Corticosteroids, plain

#### DEXAMETHASONE

|             |                                    |    |   |    |       |       |            |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|
| 1288T<br>NP | Eye drops 1 mg per mL (0.1%), 5 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 10.61 | 11.68 | Maxidex AQ |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------|

#### FLUOROMETHOLONE

|             |                                    |    |   |    |       |       |                  |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|
| 1204J<br>NP | Eye drops 1 mg per mL (0.1%), 5 mL | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 10.61 | 11.68 | Flucon AQ        |
|             |                                    |    |   |    |       |       | FML Liquifilm AG |

#### FLUOROMETHOLONE ACETATE

|             |                                    |    |   |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 1438Q<br>NP | Eye drops 1 mg per mL (0.1%), 5 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 10.61 | 11.68 | Flarex AQ |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|

#### HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

|             |                                    |    |    |    |       |       |          |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|
| 2441L<br>NP | Eye ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 5 g | ‡1 | .. | .. | 12.69 | 13.76 | Hycor SI |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|

### Corticosteroids and mydriatics in combination

#### PREDNISOLONE ACETATE with PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Corneal grafts;

Uveitis.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |                     |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------|
| 3112T<br>NP | Eye drops 10 mg-1.2 mg per mL (1%-0.12%), 10 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 23.73 | 24.80 | Prednefrin Forte AG |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------|

### Antiinflammatory agents, non-steroids

#### FLURBIPROFEN SODIUM

|             |  |   |    |    |       |       |           |
|-------------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|
| 8699W<br>NP | Eye drops 300 micrograms per mL (0.03%), single dose units 0.4 mL, 5 | 1 | .. | .. | 15.37 | 16.44 | Ocufen AG |
|-------------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|

### Antiglaucoma preparations and miotics

#### Sympathomimetics in glaucoma therapy

#### APRACLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Restricted benefit

Short-term reduction of intra-ocular pressure in patients already on maximally tolerated anti-glaucoma therapy.

|       |  |    |   |    |       |       |                  |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|
| 8083K | Eye drops 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%), 10 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 41.77 | 34.20 | Iopidine 0.5% AQ |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|

## Sensory organs

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 5298W  | Eye drops 1.5 mg per mL (0.15%), 5 mL                         | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 20.14                                    | 21.21  | Alphagan P 1.5              | AG |
| 8351M  | Eye drops 2 mg per mL (0.2%), 5 mL                            | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 20.14                                    | 21.21 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Enidin                      | PE |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.63 | 21.77                                    | 21.21 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Alphagan                    | AG |
| <b>BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 8826M  | Eye drops 2 mg-5 mg (base) per mL (0.2%-0.5%),<br>5 mL        | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 26.03                                    | 27.10  | Combigan                    | AG |
| <b>Parasympathomimetics</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 2595N  | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 15 mL                            | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 12.53                                    | 13.60  | Isopto Carpine              | AQ |
| 2596P  | Eye drops 20 mg per mL (2%), 15 mL                            | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 13.78                                    | 14.85  | Isopto Carpine              | AQ |
| 2598R  | Eye drops 40 mg per mL (4%), 15 mL                            | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 16.63                                    | 17.70  | Isopto Carpine              | AQ |
| <b>Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>ACETAZOLAMIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Continuing Therapy Only:</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners as continuing therapy only, where the treatment of, and prescribing of medicine for, a patient has been initiated by a medical practitioner. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 1004W<br>NP  | Tablet 250 mg   | 100         | 3           | ..                | 23.79                                    | 24.86  | Diamox                      | SI |
| <b>BRINZOLAMIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 8483L  | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 5 mL                             | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 22.77                                    | 23.84 <sup>a</sup>                                     | BrinzoQuin                  | IQ |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.16 | 23.93                                    | 23.84 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Azopt                       | AQ |
| <b>BRINZOLAMIDE with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 3438Y  | Eye drops 10 mg-5 mg (base) per mL (1%-0.5%),<br>5 mL         | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 26.88                                    | 27.95  | Azarga                      | AQ |
| <b>DORZOLAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 8488R  | Eye drops 20 mg (base) per mL (2%), 5 mL                      | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 21.29                                    | 22.36  | Trusopt                     | MK |
| <b>DORZOLAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy;  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 8567X  | Eye drops 20 mg (base)-5 mg (base) per mL (2%-<br>0.5%), 5 mL | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 27.18                                    | 28.25  | Cosopt                      | MK |
| <b>Beta blocking agents</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>BETAXOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 2811Y  | Eye drops, suspension, 2.5 mg (base) per mL<br>(0.25%), 5 mL  | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 14.77                                    | 15.84  | Betoptic S                  | AQ |
| 2825Q  | Eye drops, solution, 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%),<br>5 mL       | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 14.77                                    | 15.84 <sup>a</sup>                                     | BetoQuin                    | IQ |

## Sensory organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                 | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ <sup>a</sup> | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|----|
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.06 | 16.83                                    | 15.84   | Betoptic                    | AQ |
| <b>TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 1278G   | Eye drops 2.5 mg (base) per mL (0.25%), 5 mL                            | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 11.54                                    | 12.61 <sup>a</sup>  | Tenopt                      | SI |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.03 | 14.57                                    | 12.61 <sup>a</sup>  | Timoptol                    | FR |
| 1279H   | Eye drops 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%), 5 mL                               | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 12.31                                    | 13.38 <sup>a</sup>  | Tenopt                      | SI |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.03 | 15.34                                    | 13.38 <sup>a</sup>  | Timoptol                    | FR |
| 1925H   | Eye drops (gellan gum solution) 2.5 mg (base)<br>per mL (0.25%), 2.5 mL | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 11.54                                    | 12.61   | Timoptol XE                 | MK |
| 1926J   | Eye drops (gellan gum solution) 5 mg (base) per<br>mL (0.5%), 2.5 mL    | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 12.31                                    | 13.38   | Timoptol XE                 | MK |
| 8803H   | Eye gel 1 mg (base) per g (0.1%), 5 g                                   | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 12.87                                    | 13.94   | Nyogel                      | NV |
| <b>Prostaglandin analogues</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| <b>BIMATOPROST</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 8620Q   | Eye drops 300 micrograms per mL (0.03%), 3 mL                           | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 42.14                                    | 34.20   | Lumigan                     | AG |
| <b>BIMATOPROST with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 9464D   | Eye drops 300 micrograms-5 mg (base) per mL<br>(0.03%-0.5%), 3 mL       | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 46.59                                    | 34.20   | Ganfort 0.3/5               | AG |
| <b>LATANOPROST</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 8243W   | Eye drops 50 micrograms per mL (0.005%),<br>2.5 mL                      | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 42.14                                    | 34.20   | Xalatan                     | PF |
| <b>LATANOPROST with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 8895E   | Eye drops 50 micrograms-5 mg (base) per mL<br>(0.005%-0.5%), 2.5 mL     | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 46.59                                    | 34.20   | Xalacom                     | PF |
| <b>TRAVOPROST</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 8597L   | Eye drops 40 micrograms per mL (0.004%),<br>2.5 mL                      | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 42.14                                    | 34.20   | Travatan                    | AQ |
| <b>TRAVOPROST with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 9057Q   | Eye drops 40 micrograms-5 mg (base) per mL<br>(0.004%-0.5%), 2.5 mL     | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 46.59                                    | 34.20   | Duotrav                     | AQ |
| <b>Mydriatics and cycloplegics</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| <b>Anticholinergics</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| <b>ATROPINE SULFATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 1093M<br>NP   | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 15 mL                                      | ‡1          | 2           | ..                | 21.77                                    | 22.84   | Atropt                      | SI |
| <b>HOMATROPINE HYDROBROMIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |   |                             |    |
| 2541R<br>NP   | Eye drops 20 mg per mL (2%), 15 mL                                      | ‡1          | 2           | ..                | 17.97                                    | 19.04   | Isopto<br>Homatropine       | AQ |

## Sensory organs

| Code                                   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |              | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Decongestants and antiallergics</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |              |                             |
| <b><i>Other antiallergics</i></b>      |   |             |             |         |  |  |              |                             |
| <b>SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE</b>             |   |             |             |         |  |  |              |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>       |   |             |             |         |  |  |              |                             |
| Vernal kerato-conjunctivitis.          |   |             |             |         |  |  |              |                             |
| 1127H                                  | Eye drops 20 mg per mL (2%), 10 mL                      | 1           | 5           | ..      | 14.21                                    | 15.28  | <sup>a</sup> | Cromolux AE                 |
| <i>NP</i>                              |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Opticrom SW                 |

## Ocular vascular disorder agents

### *Antineovascularisation agents*

#### RANIBIZUMAB

##### Authority required

Initial treatment by an ophthalmologist, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of subfoveal choroidal neovascularisation (CNV) due to age-related macular degeneration (AMD), as diagnosed by fluorescein angiography.

Where a fluorescein angiogram cannot be performed due to a contraindication as listed in the TGA-approved product information, details of the contraindication must be provided. A copy of the report of an alternative method of diagnosis must be included in the application, for example, optical coherence tomography (OCT) or red free photography.

Authority approvals will be administered by the PBS and Specialised Drugs Branch of Medicare Australia.

The first authority application for each eye must be made in writing, and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Subfoveal Choroidal Neovascularisation (CNV) - PBS Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
- (c) a copy of the fluorescein angiogram or alternative method of diagnosis where applicable.

Written applications for authority to prescribe ranibizumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

Alternatively, the first authority application may be faxed to Medicare Australia on (03) 6215 5474 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Medicare Australia will then contact the prescriber by telephone. The original documentation must be posted to the above address after approval has been gained.

##### Authority required

Continuing treatment by an ophthalmologist, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of subfoveal choroidal neovascularisation (CNV) due to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) where the patient has previously been granted an authority prescription for the same eye.

Authority approvals will be administered by the PBS and Specialised Drugs Branch of Medicare Australia. Authority applications for continuing treatment in the same eye may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

|       |   |   |   |    |         |       |  |             |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|--|-------------|
| 1382R | Solution for intravitreal injection 2.3 mg in 0.23 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 1976.36 | 34.20 |  | Lucentis NV |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|--|-------------|

#### VERTEPORFIN

##### Authority required

Initial treatment by an ophthalmologist, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of predominantly (greater than or equal to 50%) classic, subfoveal choroidal neovascularisation (CNV) due to age-related macular degeneration (AMD), as diagnosed by fluorescein angiography, in a patient with a baseline visual acuity equal to or better than 6/60 (20/200).

Authority approvals will be administered by the PBS and Specialised Drugs Branch of Medicare Australia.

The first authority application for each eye must be made in writing, and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Subfoveal Choroidal Neovascularisation (CNV) - PBS Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
- (c) a copy of the fluorescein angiogram demonstrating that the CNV is predominantly classic (greater than or equal to 50%).

Written applications for authority to prescribe verteporfin should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia

## Sensory organs

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

Alternatively, the first authority application may be faxed to Medicare Australia on (03) 6215 5474 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Medicare Australia will then contact the prescriber by telephone. The original documentation must be posted to the above address after approval has been gained.

No more than 15 treatments (1 initial and 14 continuing) per eye will be authorised.

Medicare Australia should be notified if treatment is abandoned prior to completion of the laser activation step but after infusion of verteporfin. Telephone 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). The reason treatment is abandoned must be provided. Where such notification has been made, the treatment so affected will not count towards the maximum.

### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment by an ophthalmologist, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of predominantly (greater than or equal to 50%) classic, subfoveal choroidal neovascularisation (CNV) due to macular degeneration where the patient has been authorised by the Angiogram Review Panel to receive treatment with verteporfin in the same eye under the MBS Visudyne Therapy Program.

Authority approvals will be administered by the PBS and Specialised Drugs Branch of Medicare Australia.

The first authority application for each eye must be made in writing, and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Subfoveal Choroidal Neovascularisation (CNV) - PBS Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)], which includes the date of review by the Angiogram Review Panel and the number of treatments administered in that eye under the MBS Visudyne Therapy Program; and
- (c) a copy of the fluorescein angiogram demonstrating that the CNV is predominantly classic (greater than or equal to 50%).

Written applications for authority to prescribe verteporfin should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

Alternatively, the first authority application may be faxed to Medicare Australia on (03) 6215 5474 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Medicare Australia will then contact the prescriber by telephone. The original documentation must be posted to the above address after approval has been gained.

A patient is eligible for a total of 15 subsidised treatments per eye. This maximum includes treatments administered under the MBS Visudyne Therapy Program and the PBS.

Medicare Australia should be notified if treatment is abandoned prior to completion of the laser activation step but after infusion of verteporfin. Telephone 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). The reason treatment is abandoned must be provided. Where such notification has been made, the treatment so affected will not count towards the maximum.

### Authority required

Continuing treatment by an ophthalmologist, as the sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of predominantly (greater than or equal to 50%) classic, subfoveal choroidal neovascularisation (CNV) due to macular degeneration where the patient has previously been granted an authority prescription for the same eye.

A patient is eligible for a total of 15 subsidised treatments per eye. This maximum includes treatments administered under the MBS Visudyne Therapy Program and the PBS.

Medicare Australia should be notified if treatment is abandoned prior to completion of the laser activation step but after infusion of verteporfin. Telephone 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). The reason treatment is abandoned must be provided. Where such notification has been made, the treatment so affected will not count towards the maximum.

Authority approvals will be administered by the PBS and Specialised Drugs Branch of Medicare Australia. Authority applications for continuing treatment in the same eye may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

|       |                                |   |    |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 1349B | Powder for I.V. infusion 15 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 2246.36 | 34.20 | Visudyne | NV |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

## Sensory organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Other ophthalmologicals</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <i>Other ophthalmologicals</i>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>CARBOMER</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8384G<br>NP   | Eye gel 2 mg per g (0.2%), 10 g  | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34  | GelTears BU                 |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> PAA NM         |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.95 | 11.22                                    | 11.34  | <sup>a</sup> Viscotears NV  |
| <hr/>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>CARBOMER</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 9210R   | Eye gel 2 mg per g (0.2%), 10 g  | ‡1          | 11          | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34  | GelTears BU                 |
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> PAA NM         |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.95 | 11.22                                    | 11.34  | <sup>a</sup> Viscotears NV  |
| <hr/>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>CARBOMER</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>1359</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8578L<br>NP   | Eye gel 2 mg per g (0.2%), single dose units<br>0.6 mL, 30               | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.09                                   | 34.20  | Viscotears Gel PF NV        |
| <hr/>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>CARBOMER 974</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>1359</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8514D<br>NP   | Ocular lubricating gel 3 mg per g (0.3%), single<br>dose units 0.5 g, 30 | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | Poly Gel AQ                 |
| <hr/>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8548X<br>NP   | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 15 mL                                      | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Refresh Tears Plus AG       |
| 8593G<br>NP   | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 15 mL                                       | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Refresh Liquigel AG         |
| <hr/>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 9211T   | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 15 mL                                      | ‡1          | 11          | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Refresh Tears Plus AG       |
| 9212W   | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 15 mL                                       | ‡1          | 11          | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Refresh Liquigel AG         |

## Sensory organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                            | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>1359</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 2324H<br>NP   | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), single dose units<br>0.4 mL, 30                       | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | Celluvisc                   | AG |
| 2338C<br>NP   | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), single dose units<br>0.4 mL, 30                      | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | Cellufresh                  | AG |
| 8823J<br>NP   | Eye drops 2.5 mg per mL (0.25%), single dose<br>units 0.6 mL, 24                   | 4           | 5           | ..                | *40.42                                   | 34.20  | TheraTears                  | CX |
| 8824K<br>NP   | Ocular lubricating gel 10 mg per mL (1%), single<br>dose units 0.6 mL, 28          | 3           | 5           | ..                | *34.08                                   | 34.20  | TheraTears                  | CX |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM with GLYCERIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| The in-use shelf life of Optive is 6 months from the date of opening.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 9355J<br>NP   | Eye drops 5 mg-9 mg per mL (0.5%-0.9%), 15 mL                                      | 1           | 3           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Optive                      | AG |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM with GLYCERIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| The in-use shelf life of Optive is 6 months from the date of opening.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 9356K   | Eye drops 5 mg-9 mg per mL (0.5%-0.9%), 15 mL                                      | 1           | 7           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Optive                      | AG |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM with GLYCERIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>1359</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 9307W<br>NP   | Eye drops 5 mg-9 mg per mL (0.5%-0.9%), single<br>dose units 0.4 mL, 30            | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | Optive                      | AG |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 2956N<br>NP   | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 15 mL  | 1           | 5           | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34  | Methopt                     | SI |
| 8287E<br>NP   | Eye drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 15 mL (contains<br>sodium perborate as preservative) | 1           | 5           | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34 <sup>a</sup>                                     | In a Wink<br>Moisturising   | NM |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.75 | 12.02                                    | 11.34 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Genteal                     | NV |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 9213X   | Eye drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 15 mL (contains                                      | 1           | 11          | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34 <sup>a</sup>                                     | In a Wink                   | NM |

## Sensory organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form              | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium                 | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                   |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|
|   | sodium perborate as preservative)                                    |             |             |                         |  |  | Moisturising                                  |
| 9214Y   | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 15 mL                                  | 1           | 11          | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 1.75 | 10.27<br>12.02                           | 11.34<br>11.34 <sup>a</sup>                            | Genteal NV<br>Methopt SI                      |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE with CARBOMER 980</b>   |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| 8564R<br>NP   | Ocular lubricating gel 3 mg-2 mg per g (0.3%-0.2%), 10 g             | 1           | 5           | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 1.75 | 10.27<br>12.02                           | 11.34<br>11.34 <sup>a</sup>                            | HPMC PAA NM<br>Genteal gel NV                 |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE with CARBOMER 980</b>   |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| 9215B   | Ocular lubricating gel 3 mg-2 mg per g (0.3%-0.2%), 10 g             | 1           | 11          | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 1.75 | 10.27<br>12.02                           | 11.34<br>11.34 <sup>a</sup>                            | HPMC PAA NM<br>Genteal gel NV                 |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE with DEXTRAN</b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| 1509K<br>NP   | Eye drops 3 mg-1 mg per mL (0.3%-0.1%), 15 mL                        | 1           | 5           | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 1.74 | 10.49<br>12.23                           | 11.56<br>11.56 <sup>a</sup>                            | Poly-Tears IQ<br>Tears Naturale AQ            |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE with DEXTRAN</b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| 9216C   | Eye drops 3 mg-1 mg per mL (0.3%-0.1%), 15 mL                        | 1           | 11          | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 1.74 | 10.49<br>12.23                           | 11.56<br>11.56 <sup>a</sup>                            | Poly-Tears IQ<br>Tears Naturale AQ            |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE with DEXTRAN</b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| <b>1359</b>   |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.   |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| 8299T<br>NP   | Eye drops 3 mg-1 mg per mL (0.3%-0.1%), single dose units 0.4 mL, 28 | 3           | 5           | ..                      | *35.07                                   | 34.20  | Bion Tears AQ                                 |
| <b>PARAFFIN</b>   |  |             |             |                         |  |  |   |
| 1750D<br>NP   | Pack containing 2 tubes compound eye ointment 3.5 g                  | 1           | 5           | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 2.12 | 20.60<br>22.72                           | 21.67<br>21.67 <sup>a</sup>                            | Poly Visc IQ<br>Ircal PE                      |
| 1754H<br>NP   | Compound eye ointment 3.5 g  | 2           | 5           | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 2.10 | *21.24<br>*23.34                         | 22.31<br>22.31 <sup>a</sup>                            | Lacri-Lube AG<br>Poly Visc IQ<br>Duratears AQ |

## Sensory organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>PARAFFIN</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use in patients who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 9217D   | Compound eye ointment 3.5 g                                   | 2           | 11          | ..                | *21.24                                   | 22.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Poly Visc IQ                |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.10 | *23.34                                   | 22.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Duratears AQ                |
| 9218E   | Pack containing 2 tubes compound eye ointment 3.5 g           | ‡1          | 11          | ..                | 20.60                                    | 21.67  | Poly Visc IQ                |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  | <sup>a</sup>   | Ircal PE                    |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.12 | 22.72                                    | 21.67 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Lacri-Lube AG               |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| The in-use shelf life of Blink Intensive Tears multi-dose formulation is 45 days from the date of opening.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 9491M<br><i>NP</i>  | Eye drops 2.5 mg per mL (0.25%), 15 mL                        | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Blink Intensive Tears AO    |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| The in-use shelf life of Blink Intensive Tears multi-dose formulation is 45 days from the date of opening.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 9492N   | Eye drops 2.5 mg per mL (0.25%), 15 mL                        | ‡1          | 11          | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Blink Intensive Tears AO    |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>1359</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 9493P<br><i>NP</i>  | Eye drops 2.5 mg per mL (0.25%), single dose units 0.4 mL, 20 | 5           | 5           | ..                | *39.37                                   | 34.20  | Blink Intensive Tears AO    |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 with PROPYLENE GLYCOL</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 8676P<br><i>NP</i>  | Eye drops 4 mg-3 mg per mL (0.4%-0.3%), 15 mL                 | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Systane AQ                  |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 with PROPYLENE GLYCOL</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |

## Sensory organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 9219F | Eye drops 4 mg-3 mg per mL (0.4%-0.3%), 15 mL           | ‡1          | 11          | ..      | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Systane                     | AQ |

### POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 with PROPYLENE GLYCOL

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1359

Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.

|             |  |   |   |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 9170P<br>NP | Eye drops 4 mg-3 mg per mL (0.4%-0.3%), single dose units 0.8 mL, 28 | 2 | 5 | .. | *34.08 | 34.20 | Systane | AQ |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|---------|----|

### POLYVINYL ALCOHOL

#### Restricted benefit

Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.

|             |   |    |   |                   |       |       |                              |    |
|-------------|---|----|---|-------------------|-------|-------|------------------------------|----|
| 2681D<br>NP | Eye drops 30 mg per mL (3%), 15 mL  | ‡1 | 5 | ..                | 10.27 | 11.34 | <sup>a</sup> PVA Forte       | PE |
|             |   |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 5.59 | 15.86 | 11.34 | <sup>a</sup> Liquifilm Forte | AG |
| 2682E<br>NP | Eye drops 14 mg per mL (1.4%), 15 mL  | ‡1 | 5 | ..                | 10.27 | 11.34 | <sup>a</sup> PVA Tears       | PE |
|             |   |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.60 | 11.87 | 11.34 | <sup>a</sup> Liquifilm Tears | AG |
| 8831T<br>NP | Eye drops 14 mg per mL (1.4%), 15 mL (contains sodium chlorite/hydrogen peroxide as preservative) | ‡1 | 5 | ..                | 10.27 | 11.34 | Vistil                       | AE |
| 8832W<br>NP | Eye drops 30 mg per mL (3%), 15 mL (contains sodium chlorite/hydrogen peroxide as preservative)   | ‡1 | 5 | ..                | 10.27 | 11.34 | Vistil Forte                 | AE |

### POLYVINYL ALCOHOL

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who have severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome, and who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |   |    |    |                   |       |       |                              |    |
|-------|---|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|------------------------------|----|
| 9220G | Eye drops 14 mg per mL (1.4%), 15 mL  | ‡1 | 11 | ..                | 10.27 | 11.34 | <sup>a</sup> PVA Tears       | PE |
|       |   |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.60 | 11.87 | 11.34 | <sup>a</sup> Liquifilm Tears | AG |
| 9221H | Eye drops 14 mg per mL (1.4%), 15 mL (contains sodium chlorite/hydrogen peroxide as preservative) | ‡1 | 11 | ..                | 10.27 | 11.34 | Vistil                       | AE |
| 9222J | Eye drops 30 mg per mL (3%), 15 mL  | ‡1 | 11 | ..                | 10.27 | 11.34 | <sup>a</sup> PVA Forte       | PE |
|       |   |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 5.59 | 15.86 | 11.34 | <sup>a</sup> Liquifilm Forte | AG |
| 9223K | Eye drops 30 mg per mL (3%), 15 mL (contains sodium chlorite/hydrogen peroxide as preservative)   | ‡1 | 11 | ..                | 10.27 | 11.34 | Vistil Forte                 | AE |

### SOY LECITHIN

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

1359

Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.

|             |                                    |   |   |    |        |       |            |    |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------|----|
| 9448G<br>NP | Eye spray 10 mg per mL (1%), 10 mL | 2 | 5 | .. | *36.06 | 34.20 | tearsagain | RB |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|------------|----|

## Otologicals

### Antiinfectives

#### *Antiinfectives*

### CHLORAMPHENICOL

|             |  |    |   |    |       |       |               |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|
| 1172Q<br>NP | Ear drops (aqueous) 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 5 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 11.05 | 12.12 | Chloromycetin | PF |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|

## Sensory organs

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>CIPROFLOXACIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of chronic suppurative otitis media in an Aboriginal or a Torres Strait Islander person aged 1 month or older;        |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of chronic suppurative otitis media in a patient less than 18 years of age with perforation of the tympanic membrane; |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of chronic suppurative otitis media in a patient less than 18 years of age with a grommet in situ.                    |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2480M<br>NP   | Ear drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 5 mL   | ‡1          | 1           | ..                | 19.28                                    | 20.35  | Ciloxan AQ                  |
| <b>NEOMYCIN UNDECENOATE with BACITRACIN ZINC</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2296W<br>NP   | Ear ointment 12 mg (3.5 mg base)-400 units per g, 10 g   | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | 8.66                                     | 9.73   | Nemdyn HA                   |
| <b>Corticosteroids and antiinfectives in combination</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>Corticosteroids and antiinfectives in combination</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b>DEXAMETHASONE with FRAMYCETIN SULFATE and GRAMICIDIN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2781J<br>NP   | Ear drops 500 micrograms-5 mg-50 micrograms per mL, 8 mL   | ‡1          | 2           | ..                | 9.39                                     | 10.46 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Otodex AV                   |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.86 | 11.25                                    | 10.46 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Sofradex SW                 |
| <b>TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE with NEOMYCIN SULFATE, GRAMICIDIN and NYSTATIN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 2971J<br>NP   | Ear drops 1 mg-2.5 mg (base)- 250 micrograms-100,000 units per g (0.1%-0.25%-0.025%-100,000 units per g), 7.5 mL | ‡1          | 2           | ..                | 11.09                                    | 12.16 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Otocomb Otic FM             |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.95 | 13.04                                    | 12.16 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Kenacomb Otic SI            |
| 2974M<br>NP   | Ear ointment 1 mg-2.5 mg (base)-250 micrograms-100,000 units per g (0.1%-0.25%-0.025%-100,000 units per g), 5 g  | ‡1          | 2           | ..                | 8.18                                     | 9.25 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Otocomb Otic FM             |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.95 | 10.13                                    | 9.25 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Kenacomb Otic SI            |

### Ophthalmological and otological preparations

#### Antiinfectives

##### *Antiinfectives*

#### FRAMYCETIN SULFATE

|                |  |    |   |    |       |       |               |
|----------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|
| 1440T<br>NP,MW | Eye and ear drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 8 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 10.11 | 11.18 | Soframycin SW |
|----------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|

## Various

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Various

### Allergens

#### Allergens

##### *Allergen extracts*

|       |  |   |    |    |        |       |                              |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|------------------------------|----|
| 2886X | <b>INSECT ALLERGEN EXTRACT—HONEY BEE VENOM</b><br>Injection set containing 550 micrograms                      | 1 | .. | .. | 238.38 | 34.20 | Albey Bee Venom              | HL |
|       | <b>INSECT ALLERGEN EXTRACT—PAPER WASP VENOM</b><br><u>Note</u><br>Paper wasp venom is not European wasp venom. |   |    |    |        |       |                              |    |
| 2918N | Injection set containing 550 micrograms  | 1 | .. | .. | 238.38 | 34.20 | Albey Paper Wasp<br>Venom    | HL |
| 2883R | <b>INSECT ALLERGEN EXTRACT—YELLOW JACKET VENOM</b><br>Injection set containing 550 micrograms                  | 1 | .. | .. | 238.38 | 34.20 | Albey Yellow Jacket<br>Venom | HL |

### All other therapeutic products

#### All other therapeutic products

##### *Antidotes*

|             |   |   |    |    |       |       |                    |    |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------------|----|
| 1753G<br>NP | <b>NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE</b><br>Injection 2 mg in 5 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 43.49 | 34.20 | Naloxone Min-I-Jet | CS |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------------|----|

##### *Drugs for treatment of hyperkalemia and hyperphosphatemia*

#### LANTHANUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3546

Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with lanthanum carbonate, of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where serum phosphate is greater than 1.6 mmol per L at the commencement of therapy;

3547

Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with lanthanum carbonate, of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where the serum calcium times phosphate product is greater than 4.0 at the commencement of therapy.

##### Note

Not to be used in combination with sevelamer.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |  |    |   |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|--|----|---|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 9403X<br>NP | Tablet, chewable, 500 mg (as carbonate hydrate)  | 90 | 5 | .. | 305.87 | 34.20 | Fosrenol | ZI |
| 9404Y<br>NP | Tablet, chewable, 750 mg (as carbonate hydrate)  | 90 | 5 | .. | 449.42 | 34.20 | Fosrenol | ZI |
| 9405B<br>NP | Tablet, chewable, 1000 mg (as carbonate hydrate) | 90 | 5 | .. | 504.03 | 34.20 | Fosrenol | ZI |

#### SEVELAMER HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3548

Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with sevelamer hydrochloride, of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where serum phosphate is greater than 1.6 mmol per L at the commencement of therapy;

## Various

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | <b>3549</b><br>Maintenance therapy, following initiation and stabilisation of treatment with sevelamer hydrochloride, of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where the serum calcium times phosphate product is greater than 4.0 at the commencement of therapy. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b><br>Not to be used in combination with lanthanum.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b><br><b>Shared Care Model:</b><br>For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.                                   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2142R<br>NP | Tablet 800 mg   | 180         | 5           | ..      | 357.73                                   | 34.20  | Renagel GZ                  |

### *Detoxifying agents for antineoplastic treatment*

|             |  |    |    |    |         |                    |  |
|-------------|--|----|----|----|---------|--------------------|--|
|             | <b>CALCIUM FOLINATE</b>  |    |    |    |         |                    |  |
| 8740B<br>NP | Injection equivalent to 50 mg folinic acid in 5 mL   | 5  | 5  | .. | *146.07 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Leucovorin Calcium (Hospira Pty Limited) HH      |
|             |  |    |    | .. | 146.10  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Calcium Folate Ebewe IT                          |
|             |  |    |    |    |         |                    | Leucovorin Calcium (Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd) PF |
| 8812T<br>NP | Injection equivalent to 100 mg folinic acid in 10 mL   | 10 | 1  | .. | *258.72 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Calcium Folate Ebewe IT                          |
|             |  |    |    | .. | 258.78  | 34.20 <sup>a</sup> | Leucovorin Calcium (Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd) PF |
| 9041W<br>NP | Injection equivalent to 300 mg folinic acid in 30 mL   | 4  | 1  | .. | *298.50 | 34.20              | Leucovorin Calcium (Hospira Pty Limited) HH      |
|             | <b>CALCIUM FOLINATE</b><br><b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Antidote to folic acid antagonists.                            |    |    |    |         |                    |  |
| 2308L<br>NP | Tablet equivalent to 15 mg folinic acid  | 10 | .. | .. | 96.31   | 34.20              | Leucovorin Calcium (Hospira Pty Limited) HH      |
|             | <b>MESNA</b><br><b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Adjunctive therapy for use with ifosfamide or high dose cyclophosphamide. |    |    |    |         |                    |  |
| 8078E       | Solution for I.V. injection 400 mg in 4 mL   | 15 | 5  | .. | 103.28  | 34.20              | Uromitexan BX                                    |
| 8079F       | Solution for I.V. injection 1 g in 10 mL   | 15 | 5  | .. | 223.81  | 34.20              | Uromitexan BX                                    |

### *Drugs for treatment of hypercalcemia*

|             |   |     |   |    |       |       |                     |
|-------------|---|-----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------------|
|             | <b>SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE</b><br><b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b><br><b>1099</b><br>Familial hypophosphataemia;       |     |   |    |       |       |                     |
|             | <b>1157</b><br>Hypercalcaemia;  |     |   |    |       |       |                     |
|             | <b>1167</b><br>Hypophosphataemic rickets;   |     |   |    |       |       |                     |
|             | <b>1467</b><br>Vitamin D-resistant rickets.   |     |   |    |       |       |                     |
| 2946C<br>NP | Compound effervescent tablet containing elemental phosphorus 500 mg, sodium 469 mg (20.4 mmol), potassium 123 mg (3.1 mmol) | 100 | 5 | .. | 81.63 | 34.20 | Phosphate Sandoz NV |

## Various

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|------------------------------|
| <b><i>Other therapeutic products</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b>POLY-L-LACTIC ACID</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Authority applications to prescribe poly-l-lactic acid may be made by telephone to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b><br>Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, for facial administration only, of severe facial lipoatrophy caused by therapy for HIV infection.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| Accreditation following completion of injection administration training with Sanofi-Aventis is required to prescribe poly-l-lactic acid under the PBS. Patients must be referred from the HIV physician to the accredited injector.                       |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 9475Q   | Powder for injection 150 mg                             | 2           | 4           | ..      | *446.46                                  | 34.20  | Sculptra SW                  |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b>POLY-L-LACTIC ACID</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Authority applications to prescribe poly-l-lactic acid may be made by telephone to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b><br>Maintenance PBS-subsidised treatment, for facial administration only, of severe facial lipoatrophy caused by therapy for HIV infection.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| Accreditation following completion of injection administration training with Sanofi-Aventis is required to prescribe poly-l-lactic acid under the PBS. Patients must be referred from the HIV physician to the accredited injector.                       |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| Maintenance treatment is limited to one re-treatment (maximum 2 vials) every 2 years.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 9476R   | Powder for injection 150 mg                             | 2           | ..          | ..      | *446.46                                  | 34.20  | Sculptra SW                  |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b>Diagnostic agents</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b>Urine tests</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b>COPPER SULFATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 1228P<br>NP   | Diagnostic compound tablets, 36                         | 2           | 3           | ..      | *71.48                                   | 34.20  | Clinitest BN                 |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b>COPPER SULFATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b><br>For use in patients who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 9251X   | Diagnostic compound tablets, 36                         | 2           | 6           | ..      | *71.48                                   | 34.20  | Clinitest BN                 |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| <b>GLUCOSE and KETONE INDICATOR—URINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |
| 3106L<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 2           | ..      | *17.30                                   | 18.37  | Keto-Diabur- Test RD<br>5000 |
| 3107M<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 2           | ..      | *17.42                                   | 18.49  | Keto-Diastix BN              |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                              |

## Various

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer               |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|----|
| <b>GLUCOSE and KETONE INDICATOR—URINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| For use in patients who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9254C   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 4           | ..      | *17.30                                   | 18.37  | Keto-Diabur- Test<br>5000                 | RD |
| 9255D   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 4           | ..      | *17.42                                   | 18.49  | Keto-Diastix                              | BN |
| <b>GLUCOSE INDICATOR—URINE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 2352T<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 2           | ..      | *19.82                                   | 20.89  | Clinistix                                 | BN |
| 3104J<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 2           | ..      | *18.84                                   | 19.91  | Diastix                                   | BN |
| <b>GLUCOSE INDICATOR—URINE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| For use in patients who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9252Y   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 4           | ..      | *19.82                                   | 20.89  | Clinistix                                 | BN |
| 9253B   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 4           | ..      | *18.84                                   | 19.91  | Diastix                                   | BN |
| <b>Other diagnostic agents</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><i>Tests for diabetes</i></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b>GLUCOSE INDICATOR—BLOOD</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 2263D<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Optium Omega                              | MS |
| 2860M<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Betachek G5                               | NA |
| 2890D<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Betachek                                  | NA |
| 2891E<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Advantage II                              | RD |
| 2914J<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *45.90                                   | 34.20  | Glucoflex-R                               | NA |
| 2917M<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *45.90                                   | 34.20  | Glucostix                                 | BN |
| 2979T<br>NP   | Test strips, 100  | †1          | 5           | ..      | 53.16                                    | 34.20  | Accu-Chek<br>Performa                     | RD |
| 3406G<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | CareSens N                                | LB |
| 3411M<br>NP   | Test strips, 100  | †1          | 5           | ..      | 53.16                                    | 34.20  | Accu-Chek<br>Advantage/Sens<br>or Comfort | RD |
| 3441D<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | OneTouch Verio                            | JJ |
| 8190C<br>NP   | Test strips, 100  | †1          | 5           | ..      | 53.16                                    | 34.20  | Accu-Chek Active                          | RD |
| 8522M<br>NP   | Test strips, 100  | †1          | 5           | ..      | 53.16                                    | 34.20  | Optium glucose                            | MS |
| 8682Y<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | MWD Pen Sensor<br>Strips                  | WF |
| 8723D<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Omnitest EZ                               | BR |
| 8739Y<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Accu-Chek Go                              | RD |
| 8749L<br>NP   | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | GlucoOz                                   | OZ |

## Various

| Code               | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 8759B<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | CareSens LB                 |
| 8795X<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | SensoCard PX                |
| 8806L<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 51   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Accu-Chek Integra RD        |
| 8825L<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | TrueTrack NX                |
| 8890X<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Freestyle Papillon MS       |
| 9013J<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Glucocard 01<br>Sensor OZ   |
| 9154T<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 100  | 11          | 5           | ..      | 53.16                                    | 34.20  | FreeStyle Lite MS           |
| 9193W<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 25   | 4           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | On-Call Plus PZ             |
| 9298J<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Bionime Rightest QB         |
| 9324R<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | WaveSense Jazz HE           |
| 9471L<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | MyGlucoHealth EH            |
| 9485F<br><i>NP</i> | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 5           | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Lifeline Attest OI          |

### GLUCOSE INDICATOR—BLOOD

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                  |    |    |    |        |       |  |
|-------|------------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|--|
| 3407H | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | CareSens N LB                                |
| 3412N | Test strips, 100 | 11 | 11 | .. | 53.16  | 34.20 | Accu-Chek<br>Advantage/Sens<br>or Comfort RD |
| 3442E | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | OneTouch Verio JJ                            |
| 9256E | Test strips, 25  | 4  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | On-Call Plus PZ                              |
| 9257F | Test strips, 100 | 11 | 11 | .. | 53.16  | 34.20 | Accu-Chek<br>Performa RD                     |
| 9258G | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Advantage II RD                              |
| 9259H | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Freestyle Papillon MS                        |
| 9261K | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Glucocard 01<br>Sensor OZ                    |
| 9263M | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | GlucoOz OZ                                   |
| 9264N | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | MWD Pen Sensor<br>Strips WF                  |
| 9265P | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Omnitest EZ BR                               |
| 9267R | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Optium Omega MS                              |
| 9268T | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | TrueTrack NX                                 |
| 9269W | Test strips, 100 | 11 | 11 | .. | 53.16  | 34.20 | FreeStyle Lite MS                            |
| 9270X | Test strips, 100 | 11 | 11 | .. | 53.16  | 34.20 | Optium glucose MS                            |
| 9273C | Test strips, 100 | 11 | 11 | .. | 53.16  | 34.20 | Accu-Chek Active RD                          |
| 9274D | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Accu-Chek Go RD                              |
| 9275E | Test strips, 51  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Accu-Chek Integra RD                         |
| 9276F | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Betachek NA                                  |
| 9277G | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | Betachek G5 NA                               |
| 9278H | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *53.18 | 34.20 | CareSens LB                                  |
| 9279J | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *45.90 | 34.20 | Glucoflex-R NA                               |
| 9280K | Test strips, 50  | 2  | 11 | .. | *45.90 | 34.20 | Glucostix BN                                 |

## Various

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 9281L | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 11          | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | SensoCard                   | PX |
| 9297H | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 11          | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Bionime Rightest            | QB |
| 9325T | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 11          | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | WaveSense Jazz              | HE |
| 9472M | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 11          | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | MyGlucoHealth               | EH |
| 9486G | Test strips, 50   | 2           | 11          | ..      | *53.18                                   | 34.20  | Lifeline Attest             | OI |

### GLUCOSE INDICATOR—BLOOD

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients on insulin therapy.

|             |                  |    |   |    |       |       |                  |    |
|-------------|------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|----|
| 9300L<br>NP | Test strips, 100 | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 53.16 | 34.20 | Accu-Chek Mobile | RD |
|-------------|------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|------------------|----|

### GLUCOSE INDICATOR—BLOOD

#### Restricted benefit

For use in patients on insulin therapy who are receiving treatment under a GP Management Plan or Team Care Arrangements where Medicare benefits were or are payable for the preparation of the Plan or coordination of the Arrangements.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                  |    |    |    |       |       |                  |    |
|-------|------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|------------------|----|
| 9301M | Test strips, 100 | ‡1 | 11 | .. | 53.16 | 34.20 | Accu-Chek Mobile | RD |
|-------|------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|------------------|----|

## General nutrients

### Other nutrients

#### TRIGLYCERIDES, MEDIUM CHAIN

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### Authority required

Chylous ascites;

Chylothorax;

Fat malabsorption due to liver disease, short gut syndrome, cystic fibrosis and gastrointestinal disorders;

Hyperlipoproteinaemia type 1;

Intractable childhood epilepsy or cerebrospinal fluid glucose transporter defect, requiring a ketogenic diet;

Long chain fatty acid oxidation disorders.

|             |                 |   |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------------|-----------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 3128P<br>NP | Oil 500 mL      | 2 | 5 | .. | *52.38  | 34.20 | MCT Oil  | SB |
| 9327X<br>NP | Emulsion 250 mL | 8 | 5 | .. | *214.42 | 34.20 | Liquigen | SB |

### *Fat/carbohydrates/proteins/minerals/vitamins, combinations*

#### AMINO ACIDS—SYNTHETIC, FORMULA

#### Authority required

Initial treatment for up to 3 months, by a clinical immunologist, suitably qualified allergist or gastroenterologist in a patient 18 years of age or less with eosinophilic oesophagitis who requires an amino acid based formula as a component of a dietary elimination programme. Treatment with oral steroids should not be commenced during the period of initial treatment.

Eosinophilic oesophagitis is demonstrated by the following criteria:

- (i) Chronic symptoms of reflux that persisted despite a 2-month trial of a proton pump inhibitor or chronic dysphagia; and
- (ii) A lack of demonstrable anatomic abnormality with the exception of stricture, which can be attributable to eosinophilic oesophagitis; and
- (iii) Eosinophilic infiltration of the oesophagus, demonstrated by oesophageal biopsy specimens obtained by endoscopy and where the most densely involved oesophageal biopsy had 20 or more eosinophils in any single 400 x high powered field, along with normal antral and duodenal biopsies.

The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority.

## Various

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### Authority required

Continuing treatment by a clinical immunologist, suitably qualified allergist or gastroenterologist in a patient 18 years of age or less with eosinophilic oesophagitis who has responded to an initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment. Response to initial treatment is demonstrated by oesophageal biopsy specimens obtained by endoscopy, where the most densely involved oesophageal biopsy had 5 or less eosinophils in any single 400 x high powered field, along with normal antral and duodenal biopsies. The response criteria will not be deemed to have been met if oral steroids were commenced during initial treatment.

### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities, up to a maximum of 52, may be authorised.

|             |                       |    |   |    |         |       |            |
|-------------|-----------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|------------|
| 2250K<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 12 | 5 | .. | *531.66 | 34.20 | EleCare AB |
|-------------|-----------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|------------|

### AMINO ACIDS—SYNTHETIC, FORMULA

#### Authority required

Initial treatment, for up to 3 months, for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child up to the age of 2 years. Combined intolerance is demonstrated when the child has failed to respond to a strict cows' milk protein free and strict soy protein free diet with a protein hydrolysate (with or without medium chain triglycerides) as the principal formula. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Initial treatment, in consultation with a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist, for up to 3 months, of a child up to the age of 2 years with severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |                       |   |   |    |         |       |                                     |    |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|-------------------------------------|----|
| 2244D<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *361.14 | 34.20 | Neocate Advance<br>Tropical Flavour | SB |
| 8443J<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *361.14 | 34.20 | Neocate                             | SB |
| 8574G<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *361.14 | 34.20 | EleCare                             | AB |
| 8754R<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *361.14 | 34.20 | Neocate Advance                     | SB |

### AMINO ACIDS—SYNTHETIC, FORMULA

#### Authority required

Continuing treatment for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child up to the age of 2 years, where the child has been assessed by a suitably qualified allergist or paediatrician. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Treatment for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child is assessed by a suitably qualified allergist or paediatrician at intervals not greater than 6 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Continuing treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child up to the age of 2 years, where the child has been assessed by a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist and soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae are not tolerated or not likely to be tolerated. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child is assessed by a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist at intervals not greater than 6 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Severe intestinal malabsorption including short bowel syndrome where protein hydrolysate formulae have failed;

Severe intestinal malabsorption including short bowel syndrome where the patient has been receiving parenteral nutrition.

#### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities, up to a maximum of 20, may be authorised.

|             |                       |   |   |    |         |       |                                     |    |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|-------------------------------------|----|
| 2553J<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *361.14 | 34.20 | Neocate Advance<br>Tropical Flavour | SB |
| 3066J<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *361.14 | 34.20 | Neocate                             | SB |
| 8575H<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *361.14 | 34.20 | EleCare                             | AB |
| 8755T<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *361.14 | 34.20 | Neocate Advance                     | SB |

## Various

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>AMINO ACID SYNTHETIC FORMULA supplemented with LONG CHAIN POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial treatment, for up to 3 months, for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child up to the age of 2 years. Combined intolerance is demonstrated when the child has failed to respond to a strict cows' milk protein free and strict soy protein free diet with a protein hydrolysate (with or without medium chain triglycerides) as the principal formula. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application; |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial treatment, in consultation with a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist, for up to 3 months, of a child up to the age of 2 years with severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2246F<br>NP  | Compound powder 400 g                                   | 8           | 5           | ..      | *367.86                                  | 34.20  | Neocate LCP SB              |
| 9339M<br>NP  | Compound powder 400 g                                   | 8           | 5           | ..      | *367.86                                  | 34.20  | EleCare LCP AB              |

### AMINO ACID SYNTHETIC FORMULA supplemented with LONG CHAIN POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS

#### Authority required

Continuing treatment for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child up to the age of 2 years, where the child has been assessed by a suitably qualified allergist or paediatrician. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Treatment for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child is assessed by a suitably qualified allergist or paediatrician at intervals not greater than 6 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Continuing treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child up to the age of 2 years, where the child has been assessed by a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist and soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae are not tolerated or not likely to be tolerated. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child is assessed by a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist at intervals not greater than 6 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Severe intestinal malabsorption including short bowel syndrome where protein hydrolysate formulae have failed;

Severe intestinal malabsorption including short bowel syndrome where the patient has been receiving parenteral nutrition.

#### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities, up to a maximum of 20, may be authorised.

|             |                       |   |   |    |         |       |                |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------------|
| 2560R<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *367.86 | 34.20 | Neocate LCP SB |
| 9340N<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *367.86 | 34.20 | EleCare LCP AB |

### AMINO ACID SYNTHETIC FORMULA supplemented with LONG CHAIN POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS and MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES

#### Authority required

Initial treatment, for up to 3 months, for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child up to the age of 2 years. Combined intolerance is demonstrated when the child has failed to respond to a strict cows' milk protein free and strict soy protein free diet with a protein hydrolysate (with or without medium chain triglycerides) as the principal formula. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;

Initial treatment, in consultation with a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist, for up to 3 months, of a child up to the age of 2 years with severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |                       |   |   |    |         |       |                    |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------------------|
| 5466Q<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *367.86 | 34.20 | Neocate LCP+MCT SB |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------------------|

## Various

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>AMINO ACID SYNTHETIC FORMULA supplemented with LONG CHAIN POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS and MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child up to the age of 2 years, where the child has been assessed by a suitably qualified allergist or paediatrician. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment for combined intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein, soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child is assessed by a suitably qualified allergist or paediatrician at intervals not greater than 6 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;                                       |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child up to the age of 2 years, where the child has been assessed by a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist and soy protein and protein hydrolysate formulae are not tolerated or not likely to be tolerated. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application; |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child is assessed by a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist at intervals not greater than 6 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe intestinal malabsorption including short bowel syndrome where protein hydrolysate formulae have failed;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe intestinal malabsorption including short bowel syndrome where the patient has been receiving parenteral nutrition.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Authorities for increased maximum quantities, up to a maximum of 20, may be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 5467R<br>NP  | Compound powder 400 g                                   | 8           | 5           | ..      | *367.86                                  | 34.20  | Neocate LCP+MCT SB          |
| <b>PROTEIN HYDROLYSATE FORMULA with MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial treatment, for up to 3 months, for intolerance (not infant colic) to both cows' milk protein and soy protein in a child up to the age of 2 years. Intolerance is demonstrated when the child has failed to respond to a strict cows' milk protein free diet with a soy protein as the principal formula. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for intolerance (not infant colic) to both cows' milk protein and soy protein in a child up to the age of 2 years, where clinical improvement has been demonstrated with the protein hydrolysate formula with medium chain triglycerides. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for intolerance (not infant colic) to both cows' milk protein and soy protein in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child has been assessed by a suitably qualified allergist or paediatrician. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial treatment, in consultation with a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist, for up to 3 months, of a child up to the age of 2 years with severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child up to the age of 2 years, where clinical improvement has been demonstrated with the protein hydrolysate formula with medium chain triglycerides and soy protein is not tolerated or is likely not to be tolerated. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;       |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child has been assessed by a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Biliary atresia;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chronic liver failure with fat malabsorption;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chylous ascites;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chylothorax;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Cystic fibrosis;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Enterokinase deficiency;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Proven fat malabsorption;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe diarrhoea of greater than 2 weeks' duration in an infant aged less than 4 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe intestinal malabsorption including short bowel syndrome.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2676W<br>NP  | Compound powder 400 g                                   | 8           | 5           | ..      | *171.94                                  | 34.20  | Alfaré NT                   |

## Various

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>PROTEIN HYDROLYSATE FORMULA with MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial treatment, for up to 3 months, for intolerance (not infant colic) to both cows' milk protein and soy protein in a child up to the age of 2 years. Intolerance is demonstrated when the child has failed to respond to a strict cows' milk protein free diet with a soy protein as the principal formula. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for intolerance (not infant colic) to both cows' milk protein and soy protein in a child up to the age of 2 years, where clinical improvement has been demonstrated with the protein hydrolysate formula with medium chain triglycerides. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for intolerance (not infant colic) to both cows' milk protein and soy protein in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child has been assessed by a suitably qualified allergist or paediatrician. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Initial treatment, in consultation with a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist, for up to 3 months, of a child up to the age of 2 years with severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child up to the age of 2 years, where clinical improvement has been demonstrated with the protein hydrolysate formula with medium chain triglycerides and soy protein is not tolerated or is likely not to be tolerated. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application; |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment for severe intolerance (not infant colic) to cows' milk protein in a child aged 2 years and over, where the child has been assessed by a paediatric gastroenterologist or specialist allergist. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Biliary atresia;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chronic liver failure with fat malabsorption;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chylous ascites;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Cystic fibrosis;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Enterokinase deficiency;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Proven fat malabsorption;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe diarrhoea of greater than 2 weeks' duration in an infant aged less than 4 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Severe intestinal malabsorption including short bowel syndrome.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8259Q<br>NP  | Compound powder 450 g                                   | 8           | 5           | ..      | *109.86                                  | 34.20  | Pepti-Junior Gold NU        |

### TRIGLYCERIDES—MEDIUM CHAIN, FORMULA

#### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### **Restricted benefit**

Chylous ascites;

Chylothorax;

Fat malabsorption due to liver disease, short gut syndrome, cystic fibrosis and gastrointestinal disorders;

Hyperlipoproteinaemia type 1;

Long chain fatty acid oxidation disorders.

#### **Note**

Monogen is not indicated for the treatment of intractable childhood epilepsy or cerebrospinal fluid glucose transporter defect requiring a ketogenic diet.

|             |                       |   |   |    |         |       |            |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|------------|
| 8478F<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *421.30 | 34.20 | Monogen SB |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|------------|

### TRIGLYCERIDES—MEDIUM CHAIN, FORMULA

#### **Note**

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### **Restricted benefit**

Chylous ascites;

Chylothorax;

## Various

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Fat malabsorption due to liver disease, short gut syndrome, cystic fibrosis and gastrointestinal disorders.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Caprilon is not indicated for the treatment of intractable childhood epilepsy or cerebrospinal fluid glucose transporter defect requiring a ketogenic diet, long chain fatty acid oxidation disorders or hyperlipoproteinaemia type 1. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8629E<br>NP  | Compound powder 420 g                                   | 8           | 5           | ..      | *467.46                                  | 34.20  | Caprilon SB                 |

### Carbohydrates

#### AMYLOPECTIN, MODIFIED LONG CHAIN

##### Restricted benefit

Glycogen storage disease.

|             |                  |   |   |    |         |       |              |
|-------------|------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------------|
| 9386B<br>NP | Sachets 60 g, 30 | 4 | 5 | .. | *752.30 | 34.20 | Glycosade VF |
|-------------|------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------------|

### Milk substitutes

#### MILK POWDER—LACTOSE FREE FORMULA

##### Authority required

Acute lactose intolerance in infants up to the age of 12 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. No more than 1 application per patient will be authorised.

|             |   |   |    |    |         |       |                     |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|---------|-------|---------------------|
| 2350Q<br>NP | Lactose-predigested powder infant formula 900 g | 5 | .. | .. | *88.92  | 34.20 | Karicare De-Lact NU |
| 8282X<br>NP | Infant formula powder 900 g                     | 5 | .. | .. | *112.87 | 34.20 | S-26 LF WX          |

#### MILK POWDER—LACTOSE FREE FORMULA

##### Authority required

Proven chronic lactose intolerance in infants up to the age of 12 months. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application. Lactose intolerance must have been proven by either:

- (a) relief of symptoms on supervised withdrawal of lactose from the diet for 3 or 4 days and subsequent re-emergence of symptoms on rechallenge with lactose containing formulae or milk or food; or
- (b) not less than 0.5% reducing substance in stool exudate tested with copper sulfate diagnostic compound tablet; or
- (c) hydrogen breath test.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|             |   |   |   |    |         |       |                     |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|---------------------|
| 2349P<br>NP | Lactose-predigested powder infant formula 900 g | 5 | 5 | .. | *88.92  | 34.20 | Karicare De-Lact NU |
| 8283Y<br>NP | Infant formula powder 900 g                     | 5 | 5 | .. | *112.87 | 34.20 | S-26 LF WX          |

#### MILK POWDER—LACTOSE MODIFIED

##### Authority required

Acute lactose intolerance in children aged 1 year and over. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application.

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised. No more than 1 application per patient will be authorised.

|             |                                  |   |   |    |        |       |                |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|----------------|
| 2358D<br>NP | Lactose-predigested powder 900 g | 3 | 1 | .. | *72.81 | 34.20 | Digestelact SJ |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|-------|----------------|

#### MILK POWDER—LACTOSE MODIFIED

##### Authority required

Proven chronic lactose intolerance in children aged 1 year and over who are significantly malnourished. The date of birth of the patient must be included in the authority application. Lactose intolerance must have been proven by either:

- (a) relief of symptoms on supervised withdrawal of lactose from the diet for 3 or 4 days and subsequent re-emergence of symptoms on rechallenge with lactose containing formulae or milk or food; or
- (b) not less than 0.5% reducing substance in stool exudate tested with copper sulfate diagnostic compound tablet; or
- (c) hydrogen breath test.

## Various

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2357C<br>NP | Lactose-predigested powder 900 g  | 3           | 10          | ..      | *72.81                                   | 34.20  | Digestelact SJ              |
|             | <b>MILK POWDER—SYNTHETIC</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Note</b><br>No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Authority required</b><br>Hypercalcaemia in children under the age of 4 years.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 3092R<br>NP | Low calcium compound powder 400 g   | 8           | 5           | ..      | *381.38                                  | 34.20  | Locasol SB                  |
|             | <b>Other combinations of nutrients</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with FAT, CARBOHYDRATE, VITAMINS, MINERALS, and TRACE ELEMENTS, without METHIONINE and supplemented with DOCOSAHEXANOIC ACID</b>                |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Pyridoxine non-responsive homocystinuria.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 3417W<br>NP | Oral liquid 125 mL, 36  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *2507.98                                 | 34.20  | HCU Anamix junior LQ SB     |
|             | <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with FAT, CARBOHYDRATE, VITAMINS, MINERALS and TRACE ELEMENTS without PHENYLALANINE and TYROSINE, and supplemented with DOCOSAHEXANOIC ACID</b> |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Tyrosinaemia.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9330C<br>NP | Oral liquid 125 mL, 36  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *2507.98                                 | 34.20  | TYR Anamix junior LQ SB     |
|             | <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA without PHENYLALANINE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Phenylketonuria.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2347M<br>NP | Sachets containing powder 20 g, 30  | 7           | 5           | ..      | *1462.91                                 | 34.20  | Phlexy-10 Drink Mix SB      |
| 8554F<br>NP | Capsules 500 mg, 200  | 16          | 5           | ..      | *1276.34                                 | 34.20  | Phlexy-10 SB                |
| 8678R<br>NP | Tablets 1 g, 75   | 24          | 5           | ..      | *1426.98                                 | 34.20  | Phlexy-10 SB                |
|             | <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS, MINERALS and LONG CHAIN POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS without PHENYLALANINE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Phenylketonuria.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8479G<br>NP | Infant formula, powder 400 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *703.62                                  | 34.20  | PKU Anamix infant SB        |
|             | <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without LYSINE and low in TRYPTOPHAN</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>A child aged from 6 months up to 10 years with proven glutaric aciduria type 1.  |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 9438R<br>NP | Sachets 24 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *2114.38                                 | 34.20  | GA gel VF                   |
|             | <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without LYSINE and low in TRYPTOPHAN</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b>Restricted benefit</b><br>An infant or young child with proven glutaric aciduria type 1.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 2650L<br>NP | Infant formula, powder 400 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *769.30                                  | 34.20  | GA1 Anamix infant SB        |

## Various

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without LYSINE and low in TRYPTOPHAN</b>                           |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| A child aged less than 9 years with proven glutaric aciduria type 1.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 2646G<br>NP   | Powder 500 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *1784.74                                 | 34.20  | XLYS, LOW TRY<br>Maxamaid   | SB |
| <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without LYSINE and low in TRYPTOPHAN</b>                           |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| A patient aged 3 years or older with proven glutaric aciduria type 1.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5484P<br>NP   | Sachets 25 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *3154.42                                 | 34.20  | GA express                  | VF |
| <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without METHIONINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For infants and very young children with pyridoxine non-responsive homocystinuria.                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8417B<br>NP   | Infant formula, powder 400 g                            | 8           | 5           | ..      | *769.30                                  | 34.20  | HCU Anamix infant           | SB |
| <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without METHIONINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Pyridoxine non-responsive homocystinuria.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 8328H<br>NP   | Powder 500 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *1784.74                                 | 34.20  | XMET Maxamaid               | SB |
| 8416Y<br>NP   | Powder 500 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *2704.74                                 | 34.20  | XMET Maxamum                | SB |
| 8677Q<br>NP   | Sachets 24 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *2114.38                                 | 34.20  | HCU gel                     | VF |
| 8744F<br>NP   | Sachets 25 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *3098.38                                 | 34.20  | HCU express                 | VF |
| 9133Q<br>NP   | Oral liquid 130 mL, 30                                  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *3098.38                                 | 34.20  | HCU Cooler                  | VF |
| <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without METHIONINE, THREONINE and VALINE and low in ISOLEUCINE</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Methylmalonic acidaemia;  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Propionic acidaemia.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3443F<br>NP   | Sachets 25 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *3098.38                                 | 34.20  | MMA/PA express              | VF |
| 3444G<br>NP   | Sachets 24 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *2114.38                                 | 34.20  | MMA/PA gel                  | VF |
| 8058D<br>NP   | Infant formula, powder 400 g                            | 8           | 5           | ..      | *769.30                                  | 34.20  | MMA/PA Anamix<br>infant     | SB |
| 8059E<br>NP   | Powder 500 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *1784.74                                 | 34.20  | XMTVI Maxamaid              | SB |
| 8061G<br>NP   | Powder 500 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *2704.74                                 | 34.20  | XMTVI Maxamum               | SB |
| <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without PHENYLALANINE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Phenylketonuria.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 1411G<br>NP   | Sachets 18.2 g, 60                                      | 3           | 5           | ..      | *1640.07                                 | 34.20  | add-ins                     | SB |
| 2382J<br>NP   | Oral liquid 87 mL, 30                                   | 4           | 5           | ..      | *1034.78                                 | 34.20  | PKU Cooler 10               | VF |
| 2474F<br>NP   | Oral liquid 174 mL, 30                                  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *2054.02                                 | 34.20  | PKU Cooler 20               | VF |

## Various

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 2738D<br>NP | Powder 500 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *884.02                                  | 34.20  | XP Maxamaid SB              |
| 2739E<br>NP | Powder 500 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *1352.42                                 | 34.20  | XP Maxamum SB               |
| 5483N<br>NP | Oral gel 85 g, 30                                       | 4           | 5           | ..      | *1058.62                                 | 34.20  | PKU squeezeie VF            |
| 8545R<br>NP | Powder 400 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *848.58                                  | 34.20  | Phenex-2 AB                 |
| 8555G<br>NP | Sachets 24 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *1058.62                                 | 34.20  | PKU gel VF                  |
| 8591E<br>NP | Sachets 25 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *1549.14                                 | 34.20  | PKU-Express VF              |
| 8613H<br>NP | Sachets 29 g, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *892.10                                  | 34.20  | PKU Anamix Junior SB        |
| 8727H<br>NP | Sachets 50 g, 30  | 3           | 5           | ..      | *1512.06                                 | 34.20  | XP Maxamum SB               |
| 8746H<br>NP | Oral liquid 250 mL                                      | 90          | 5           | ..      | *1313.27                                 | 34.20  | Easiphen SB                 |
| 8804J<br>NP | Sachets 27.8 g, 30                                      | 3           | 5           | ..      | *1549.44                                 | 34.20  | Lophlex SB                  |
| 8846N<br>NP | Oral liquid 130 mL, 30                                  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *1548.34                                 | 34.20  | PKU Cooler 15 VF            |
| 9021T<br>NP | Oral liquid 125 mL, 30                                  | 3           | 5           | ..      | *1549.44                                 | 34.20  | PKU Lophlex LQ 20 SB        |
| 9396M<br>NP | Oral liquid 125 mL, 36                                  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *1269.86                                 | 34.20  | PKU Anamix Junior SB        |
| 9397N<br>NP | Oral liquid 62.5 mL, 60                                 | 2           | 5           | ..      | *1059.36                                 | 34.20  | PKU Lophlex LQ 10 SB        |

### AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without PHENYLALANINE and TYROSINE

#### Restricted benefit

Tyrosinaemia.

|             |                              |   |   |    |          |       |                           |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|---|----|----------|-------|---------------------------|
| 3078B<br>NP | Powder 500 g                 | 8 | 5 | .. | *2704.74 | 34.20 | XPhen, Tyr<br>Maxamum SB  |
| 8445L<br>NP | Infant formula, powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *769.30  | 34.20 | TYR Anamix infant SB      |
| 8446M<br>NP | Powder 500 g                 | 8 | 5 | .. | *1784.74 | 34.20 | XPhen, Tyr<br>Maxamaid SB |
| 8631G<br>NP | Sachets 24 g, 30             | 4 | 5 | .. | *2114.38 | 34.20 | TYR gel VF                |
| 8667E<br>NP | Sachets 25 g, 30             | 4 | 5 | .. | *3098.38 | 34.20 | TYR Express VF            |
| 9132P<br>NP | Oral liquid 130 mL, 30       | 4 | 5 | .. | *3098.38 | 34.20 | TYR Cooler VF             |
| 9395L<br>NP | Sachets 29 g, 30             | 4 | 5 | .. | *1800.46 | 34.20 | TYR Anamix Junior SB      |

### AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without VALINE, LEUCINE and ISOLEUCINE

#### Restricted benefit

Maple syrup urine disease.

|             |                              |   |   |    |          |       |                          |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|---|----|----------|-------|--------------------------|
| 2375B<br>NP | Oral liquid 130 mL, 30       | 4 | 5 | .. | *3098.38 | 34.20 | MSUD Cooler VF           |
| 2380G<br>NP | Infant formula, powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *769.30  | 34.20 | MSUD Anamix<br>infant SB |
| 8057C<br>NP | Powder 500 g                 | 8 | 5 | .. | *2704.74 | 34.20 | MSUD Maxamum SB          |
| 8260R<br>NP | Powder 500 g                 | 8 | 5 | .. | *1784.74 | 34.20 | MSUD Maxamaid SB         |
| 8310J<br>NP | Powder 500 g                 | 4 | 5 | .. | *2671.98 | 34.20 | MSUD AID III SB          |
| 8592F<br>NP | Sachets 24 g, 30             | 4 | 5 | .. | *2114.38 | 34.20 | MSUD gel VF              |
| 8632H<br>NP | Sachets 25 g, 30             | 4 | 5 | .. | *3098.38 | 34.20 | MSUD Express VF          |
| 8745G<br>NP | Sachets 29 g, 30             | 4 | 5 | .. | *1800.46 | 34.20 | MSUD Anamix<br>Junior SB |

## Various

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                 |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|----|
| <b>AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS without VALINE, LEUCINE and ISOLEUCINE with FAT, CARBOHYDRATE and TRACE ELEMENTS and supplemented with DOCOSAHEXANOIC ACID</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Maple syrup urine disease.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9499Y<br>NP   | Oral liquid 125 mL, 36                                  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *2507.98                                 | 34.20  | MSUD Anamix<br>Junior LQ                    | SB |
| <b>ARGININE with CARBOHYDRATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Urea cycle disorders.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Arginine with carbohydrate is not indicated for the treatment of arginase deficiency and other inborn errors of protein metabolism.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 5482M<br>NP   | Sachets 4 g containing 2 g arginine, 30                 | 4           | 5           | ..      | *770.82                                  | 34.20  | Arginine 2000<br>Amino Acid<br>Supplement   | VF |
| 9437Q<br>NP   | Sachets 4 g containing 500 mg arginine, 30              | 4           | 5           | ..      | *516.02                                  | 34.20  | Arginine Amino<br>Acid Supplement           | VF |
| <b>CARBOHYDRATE, FAT, VITAMINS, MINERALS and TRACE ELEMENTS</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Patients with proven inborn errors of protein metabolism who are unable to meet their energy requirements with permitted food and formulae.                                     |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 8369L<br>NP   | Powder 400 g  | 8           | 5           | ..      | *291.46                                  | 34.20  | Energivit                                   | SB |
| <b>CITRULLINE with CARBOHYDRATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Urea cycle disorders in order to prevent low plasma arginine or citrulline levels.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Citrulline with carbohydrate is not indicated for the treatment of arginase deficiency and other inborn errors of protein metabolism.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 5481L<br>NP   | Sachets 4 g containing 1 g citrulline, 30               | 4           | 5           | ..      | *516.02                                  | 34.20  | Citrulline 1000<br>Amino Acid<br>Supplement | VF |
| <b>CYSTINE with CARBOHYDRATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Pyridoxine non-responsive homocystinuria.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9164H<br>NP   | Sachets 4 g containing 500 mg cystine, 30               | 4           | 5           | ..      | *516.02                                  | 34.20  | Cystine Amino Acid<br>Supplement            | VF |
| <b>ESSENTIAL AMINO ACIDS FORMULA</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Gyrate atrophy of the choroid and retina;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Urea cycle disorders.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9329B<br>NP   | Powder 200 g, 2   | 3           | 5           | ..      | *1200.57                                 | 34.20  | Essential Amino<br>Acid Mix                 | SB |
| <b>ESSENTIAL AMINO ACIDS FORMULA with MINERALS and VITAMIN C</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Gyrate atrophy of the choroid and retina;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Urea cycle disorders.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 2027Q<br>NP   | Powder 400 g  | 5           | 5           | ..      | *634.17                                  | 34.20  | Dialamine                                   | SB |
| <b>ESSENTIAL AMINO ACIDS FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| Gyrate atrophy of the choroid and retina;   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |

## Various

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                 |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|----|
|             | Urea cycle disorders.   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9385Y<br>NP | Sachets 12.5 g, 50  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *1516.50                                 | 34.20  | EAA Supplement                              | VF |
|             | <b>HIGH FAT FORMULA with VITAMINS, MINERALS and TRACE ELEMENTS and low in PROTEIN and CARBOHYDRATE</b>                                      |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Patients with intractable seizures requiring treatment with a ketogenic diet;   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Glucose transport protein defects;  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency.  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | <b><u>Note</u></b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | KetoCal should only be used under strict supervision of a dietician, together with a metabolic physician and/or neurologist.                |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | <b><u>Note</u></b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Authorities for increased maximum quantities, up to a maximum of 48, may be authorised.   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9446E<br>NP | Powder 300 g  | 24          | 5           | ..      | *988.26                                  | 34.20  | KetoCal                                     | SB |
|             | <b>ISOLEUCINE with CARBOHYDRATE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Maple syrup urine disease.  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9134R<br>NP | Sachets 4 g containing 50 mg isoleucine, 30   | 4           | 5           | ..      | *516.02                                  | 34.20  | Isoleucine Amino<br>Acid Supplement         | VF |
| 9436P<br>NP | Sachets 4 g containing 1 g isoleucine, 30   | 4           | 5           | ..      | *566.98                                  | 34.20  | Isoleucine 1000<br>Amino Acid<br>Supplement | VF |
|             | <b>MILK PROTEIN and FAT FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS—CARBOHYDRATE FREE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Patients with intractable seizures requiring treatment with a ketogenic diet;   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Glucose transport protein defects;  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency;  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Infants and young children with glucose-galactose intolerance and multiple monosaccharide intolerance.                                      |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 8630F<br>NP | Powder 225 g  | 24          | 5           | ..      | *648.42                                  | 34.20  | Carbohydrate Free<br>Mixture                | SB |
|             | <b>PHENYLALANINE with CARBOHYDRATE</b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Tyrosinaemia.   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9384X<br>NP | Sachets 4 g containing 50 mg phenylalanine, 30  | 4           | 5           | ..      | *516.02                                  | 34.20  | Phenylalanine<br>Amino Acid<br>Supplement   | VF |
|             | <b>SOY PROTEIN and FAT FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS—CARBOHYDRATE FREE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Patients with intractable seizures requiring treatment with a ketogenic diet;   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Glucose transport protein defects;  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency;  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Infants and young children with glucose-galactose intolerance and multiple monosaccharide intolerance.                                      |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 8577K<br>NP | Liquid 384 mL   | 120         | 5           | ..      | *670.02                                  | 34.20  | RCF   | AB |
|             | <b>TRIGLYCERIDES, LONG CHAIN with GLUCOSE POLYMER</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
|             | Patients with proven inborn errors of protein metabolism who are unable to meet their energy requirements with permitted food and formulae. |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 9308X<br>NP | Oral liquid 250 mL, 18  | 6           | 5           | ..      | *339.78                                  | 34.20  | ProZero                                     | VF |

## Various

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 9309Y<br>NP | Oral liquid 1 L, 6                                      | 4           | 5           | ..      | *304.02                                  | 34.20  | ProZero VF                  |

### TRIGLYCERIDES, MEDIUM CHAIN and LONG CHAIN with GLUCOSE POLYMER

#### Restricted benefit

Patients with proven inborn errors of protein metabolism who are unable to meet their energy requirements with permitted food and formulae.

|             |                       |   |   |    |         |       |           |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|
| 3136C<br>NP | Compound powder 400 g | 8 | 5 | .. | *295.54 | 34.20 | Duocal SB |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|-----------|

### TRIGLYCERIDES—MEDIUM CHAIN, FORMULA

#### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

#### Authority required

Chylous ascites;

Chylothorax;

Fat malabsorption due to liver disease, short gut syndrome, cystic fibrosis and gastrointestinal disorders;

Hyperlipoproteinaemia type 1;

Long chain fatty acid oxidation disorders.

#### Note

MCT Pro-Cal is not indicated for the treatment of intractable childhood epilepsy or cerebrospinal fluid glucose transporter defect requiring a ketogenic diet.

|             |                  |   |   |    |         |       |                |
|-------------|------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------------|
| 9383W<br>NP | Sachets 16 g, 30 | 4 | 5 | .. | *253.62 | 34.20 | MCT Pro-Cal VF |
|-------------|------------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|----------------|

### TYROSINE with CARBOHYDRATE

#### Restricted benefit

Phenylketonuria.

|             |   |   |   |    |         |       |                                   |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 9165J<br>NP | Sachets 4 g containing 1 g tyrosine, 30 | 4 | 5 | .. | *516.02 | 34.20 | Tyrosine Amino Acid Supplement VF |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|-----------------------------------|

### VALINE with CARBOHYDRATE

#### Restricted benefit

Maple syrup urine disease.

|             |   |   |   |    |         |       |                                      |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|---------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 9135T<br>NP | Sachets 4 g containing 50 mg valine, 30 | 4 | 5 | .. | *516.02 | 34.20 | Valine Amino Acid Supplement VF      |
| 9434M<br>NP | Sachets 4 g containing 1 g valine, 30   | 4 | 5 | .. | *566.98 | 34.20 | Valine 1000 Amino Acid Supplement VF |

### VITAMINS, MINERALS and TRACE ELEMENTS with CARBOHYDRATE

#### Authority required

Infants and children whose vitamin and mineral intake is insufficient due to a specific diagnosis requiring a highly restrictive therapeutic diet, and whose vitamin, mineral and trace element needs cannot be adequately met with other proprietary vitamin and mineral preparations.

#### Note

Paediatric Seravit should only be used under strict supervision of a dietitian and a paediatrician.

|             |              |   |   |    |         |       |                       |
|-------------|--------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|-----------------------|
| 9328Y<br>NP | Powder 200 g | 6 | 5 | .. | *390.42 | 34.20 | Paediatric Seravit SB |
|-------------|--------------|---|---|----|---------|-------|-----------------------|

### WHEY PROTEIN FORMULA supplemented with AMINO ACIDS, LONG CHAIN POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS, VITAMINS and MINERALS, and low in PROTEIN, PHOSPHATE, POTASSIUM and LACTOSE

#### Authority required

Infants and young children with chronic renal failure requiring treatment with a low protein and a low phosphorus diet, or a low protein, a low phosphorus and a low potassium diet.

|             |                   |   |   |    |          |       |              |
|-------------|-------------------|---|---|----|----------|-------|--------------|
| 9382T<br>NP | Sachets 100 g, 10 | 9 | 5 | .. | *1485.57 | 34.20 | RenaStart VF |
|-------------|-------------------|---|---|----|----------|-------|--------------|

## Various

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | <b>WHEY PROTEIN FORMULA supplemented with AMINO ACIDS, VITAMINS and MINERALS, and low in PROTEIN, PHOSPHATE, POTASSIUM and LACTOSE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|             | Infants and young children with chronic renal failure requiring treatment with a low protein and a low phosphorus diet, or a low protein, a low phosphorus and a low potassium diet. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 8587Y<br>NP | Powder 400 g   | 16          | 5           | ..      | *1065.94                                 | 34.20  | Kindergen SB                |

|   |
|---|
| <b>All other non-therapeutic products</b> |
|---|

**All other non-therapeutic products**

***Solvents and diluting agents, incl. irrigating solutions***

|             |   |   |   |    |       |       |                             |    |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------------|----|
| 2026P<br>NP | <b>SODIUM CHLORIDE</b><br>Injection 9 mg per mL (0.9%), 10 mL | 5 | 1 | .. | 16.29 | 17.36 | Pfizer Australia Pty<br>Ltd | PF |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------------|----|

## Pharmaceutical Benefits for Palliative Care

## PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE

The prescribing of medications listed in this section is in accordance with the requirements for General Pharmaceutical Benefits in the Schedule unless otherwise detailed in the listing for the item.

In addition, certain additional principles have been applied by the Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory Committee (PBAC) in recommending for whom these medications may be prescribed, and the number of repeats that may be approved by Medicare Australia. These principles have been encompassed in the listings for the items, and further details are provided below to help doctors prescribing under this section.

For the purposes of this section a patient receiving palliative care is defined as:

- *A patient with an active, progressive, far-advanced disease for whom the prognosis is limited and the focus of care is the quality of life.*

The provision for increased maximum quantities and up to 3 repeats on the *initial* authority prescription is intended to provide up to 4 months' therapy in total. Where *continuing* treatment is required the provision of repeats is subject to confirmation by the prescriber that a palliative care physician or palliative care service has been consulted regarding the care of the patient.

Prescribers must heed State/Territory laws when prescribing drugs listed as narcotic, specified or restricted and must notify, or receive approval from, the appropriate health authority.

When a Palliative Care authority application is for a drug of addiction, the following guidelines apply:

- the maximum quantity authorised is generally for 1 month's therapy;
- where supply for a longer period is warranted, quantities are for up to 3 months' therapy;
- telephone approvals are limited to 1 month's therapy.

Doctors should also state (on the prescription) the interval of repeat where repeats are called for, and ensure State/Territory health authorities are notified about ongoing treatment.

Prescribers should be aware that patients receiving palliative care may also access PBS items included in the general part of the Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits including narcotic preparations, according to the restrictions that apply to individual items and the requirements that apply to the general part of the Schedule.

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

### Stomatological preparations

#### Stomatological preparations

##### *Other agents for local oral treatment*

#### BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3634

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where a painful mouth is a problem.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 5385K<br>NP | Mouth and throat rinse 22.5 mg per 15 mL,<br>500 mL | ‡1 | 3 | .. | 22.26 | 23.33 | Difflam | IA |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

#### BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3635

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where a painful mouth is a problem.

##### Note

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |   |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 5386L<br>NP | Mouth and throat rinse 22.5 mg per 15 mL,<br>500 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 22.26 | 23.33 | Difflam | IA |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

#### CARMELLOSE SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3636

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where dry mouth is a symptom.

|             |                                  |    |   |    |       |       |       |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------|----|
| 5333Q<br>NP | Mouth spray 10 mg per mL, 25 mL  | ‡1 | 3 | .. | 10.79 | 11.86 | Aquae | HA |
| 5334R<br>NP | Mouth spray 10 mg per mL, 100 mL | ‡1 | 3 | .. | 12.46 | 13.53 | Aquae | HA |

#### CARMELLOSE SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3637

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where dry mouth is a symptom.

##### Note

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |                                  |    |    |    |       |       |       |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------|----|
| 5335T<br>NP | Mouth spray 10 mg per mL, 25 mL  | ‡1 | .. | .. | 10.79 | 11.86 | Aquae | HA |
| 5336W<br>NP | Mouth spray 10 mg per mL, 100 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 12.46 | 13.53 | Aquae | HA |

#### HYPROMELLOSE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3636

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where dry mouth is a symptom.

|             |                             |    |   |    |       |       |           |    |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 5421H<br>NP | Oral gel 20 mg per g, 100 g | ‡1 | 3 | .. | 12.65 | 13.72 | Aquae Gel | HA |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
|             | <b>HYPROMELLOSE</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>3637</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where dry mouth is a symptom.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | <b>Note</b>   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
|             | Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred. |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5422J<br>NP | Oral gel 20 mg per g, 100 g   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 12.65                                    | 13.72  | Aquae Gel                   | HA |

**Drugs for functional gastrointestinal disorders**

**Belladonna and derivatives, plain**

***Belladonna alkaloids semisynthetic, quaternary ammonium compounds***

**HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3638**

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where colicky pain is a symptom.

|             |                         |    |   |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------------|-------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 5317W<br>NP | Injection 20 mg in 1 mL | 30 | 3 | .. | *108.54 | 34.20 | Buscopan | BY |
|-------------|-------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

**HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3639**

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where colicky pain is a symptom.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |                         |    |    |    |         |       |          |    |
|-------------|-------------------------|----|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|
| 5318X<br>NP | Injection 20 mg in 1 mL | 30 | .. | .. | *108.54 | 34.20 | Buscopan | BY |
|-------------|-------------------------|----|----|----|---------|-------|----------|----|

**Antiemetics and antinauseants**

**Antiemetics and antinauseants**

***Other antiemetics***

**PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3640**

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where nausea and/or vomiting is a problem.

|             |                                   |    |   |    |       |       |           |    |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 5325G<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg                      | 50 | 3 | .. | 14.67 | 15.74 | Phenergan | SW |
| 5326H<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg                      | 50 | 3 | .. | 16.76 | 17.83 | Phenergan | SW |
| 5327J<br>NP | Oral liquid 5 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1 | 3 | .. | 15.34 | 16.41 | Phenergan | SW |

**PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3641**

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where nausea and/or vomiting is a problem.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |              |    |    |    |       |       |           |    |
|-------------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 5328K<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg | 50 | .. | .. | 14.67 | 15.74 | Phenergan | SW |
|-------------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 5329L<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg  | 50          | ..          | ..      | 16.76                                    | 17.83  | Phenergan                   | SW |
| 5330M<br>NP | Oral liquid 5 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL                       | 1           | ..          | ..      | 15.34                                    | 16.41  | Phenergan                   | SW |

**Laxatives**

**Laxatives**

**Contact laxatives**

**BISACODYL**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3642

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.

|             |                         |     |   |                   |        |                    |                                   |    |
|-------------|-------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----|
| 5301B<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg             | 200 | 3 | ..                | 14.11  | 15.18              | Bisalax                           | AS |
|             |                         |     |   |                   |        |                    | Lax-Tab                           | AE |
| 5303D<br>NP | Suppositories 10 mg, 10 | 3   | 3 | ..                | *20.94 | 22.01 <sup>a</sup> | Petrus Bisacodyl<br>Suppositories | PP |
|             |                         |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.11 | *22.05 | 22.01 <sup>a</sup> | Dulcolax                          | BY |
| 5304E<br>NP | Suppositories 10 mg, 12 | 3   | 3 | ..                | *18.33 | 19.40              | Petrus Bisacodyl<br>Suppositories | PP |

**BISACODYL**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3643

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |                         |     |    |                   |        |                    |                                   |    |
|-------------|-------------------------|-----|----|-------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----|
| 5305F<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg             | 200 | .. | ..                | 14.11  | 15.18              | Bisalax                           | AS |
|             |                         |     |    |                   |        |                    | Lax-Tab                           | AE |
| 5307H<br>NP | Suppositories 10 mg, 10 | 3   | .. | ..                | *20.94 | 22.01 <sup>a</sup> | Petrus Bisacodyl<br>Suppositories | PP |
|             |                         |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.11 | *22.05 | 22.01 <sup>a</sup> | Dulcolax                          | BY |
| 5308J<br>NP | Suppositories 10 mg, 12 | 3   | .. | ..                | *18.33 | 19.40              | Petrus Bisacodyl<br>Suppositories | PP |

**Bulk producers**

**STERCULIA with FRANGULA BARK**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3642

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.

|             |   |   |   |    |       |       |               |    |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|
| 5322D<br>NP | Granules 620 mg-80 mg per g (62%-8%), 500 g | 1 | 3 | .. | 24.95 | 26.02 | Normacol Plus | NE |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|

**STERCULIA with FRANGULA BARK**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3643

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |   |   |    |    |       |       |               |    |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|
| 5324F<br>NP | Granules 620 mg-80 mg per g (62%-8%), 500 g | 1 | .. | .. | 24.95 | 26.02 | Normacol Plus | NE |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form               | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer         |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b><i>Osmotically acting laxatives</i></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>LACTULOSE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>3642</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| 5387M<br>NP   | Mixture 3.34 g per 5 mL, 500 mL                                       | 3           | 3           | ..                | *28.68                                   | 29.75  | <sup>a</sup> Actilax AF             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Genlac SI              |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lactulose GX     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lac-Dol GM             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lactocur SZ            |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.74 | *33.42                                   | 29.75  | <sup>a</sup> Duphalac SM            |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>LACTULOSE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>3643</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| 5388N<br>NP   | Mixture 3.34 g per 5 mL, 500 mL                                       | 3           | ..          | ..                | *28.68                                   | 29.75  | <sup>a</sup> Actilax AF             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Genlac SI              |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Lactulose GX     |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lac-Dol GM             |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lactocur SZ            |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.74 | *33.42                                   | 29.75  | <sup>a</sup> Duphalac SM            |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>MACROGOL 3350</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>3642</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| 5389P<br>NP   | Sachets containing powder for solution 13.125 g with electrolytes, 30 | 2           | 3           | ..                | *34.68                                   | 34.20  | Movicol NE                          |
| 5426N<br>NP   | Powder for oral solution 510 g  | 2           | 3           | ..                | *34.68                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> MediHealth ClearLax ON |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> OsmoLax KY             |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>MACROGOL 3350</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>3643</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                     |
| 5390Q<br>NP   | Sachets containing powder for solution 13.125 g with electrolytes, 30 | 2           | ..          | ..                | *34.68                                   | 34.20  | Movicol NE                          |
| 5427P<br>NP   | Powder for oral solution 510 g  | 2           | ..          | ..                | *34.68                                   | 34.20  | <sup>a</sup> MediHealth ClearLax ON |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> OsmoLax KY             |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Enemas</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>BISACODYL</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>3642</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5302C<br>NP  | Enemas 10 mg in 5 mL, 25  | 1           | 3           | ..      | 37.94                                    | 34.20  | Bisalax                     | AS |
| <b>BISACODYL</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>3643</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.            |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5306G<br>NP  | Enemas 10 mg in 5 mL, 25  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 37.94                                    | 34.20  | Bisalax                     | AS |
| <b>SORBITOL with SODIUM CITRATE and SODIUM LAURYL SULFOACETATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>3642</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5331N<br>NP  | Enemas 3.125 g-450 mg-45 mg in 5 mL, 12                                       | 2           | 3           | ..      | *32.28                                   | 33.35  | <sup>a</sup> Micolette      | AE |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Microlax       | JT |
| <b>SORBITOL with SODIUM CITRATE and SODIUM LAURYL SULFOACETATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>3643</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.            |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5332P<br>NP  | Enemas 3.125 g-450 mg-45 mg in 5 mL, 12                                       | 2           | ..          | ..      | *32.28                                   | 33.35  | <sup>a</sup> Micolette      | AE |
|  |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Microlax       | JT |
| <b>Peripheral opioid receptor antagonists</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>METHYLNALTREXONE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial supply, in combination with oral laxatives, for a palliative care patient with opioid-induced constipation who has failed to respond to laxatives.                 |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| No applications for repeats will be authorised.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5423K<br>NP  | Solution for injection containing<br>methylnaltrexone bromide 12 mg in 0.6 mL | 3           | ..          | ..      | *130.59                                  | 34.20  | Relistor                    | WX |
| <b>METHYLNALTREXONE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing supply, in combination with oral laxatives, for a palliative care patient with opioid-induced constipation who has demonstrated a response to methylnaltrexone. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

**Note**

For first continuing supply, applications for increased repeats may be authorised.

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats may be authorised.

**Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|             |   |   |    |    |        |       |          |    |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|----------|----|
| 5424L<br>NP | Solution for injection containing<br>methylnaltrexone bromide 12 mg in 0.6 mL | 7 | .. | .. | 287.84 | 34.20 | Relistor | WX |
|-------------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|----------|----|

**Other laxatives****GLYCEROL****Authority required (STREAMLINED)****3642**

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.

|             |  |   |   |    |        |       |                                      |    |
|-------------|--|---|---|----|--------|-------|--------------------------------------|----|
| 5311M<br>NP | Suppositories 700 mg (for infants), 12 | 3 | 3 | .. | *18.84 | 19.91 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |
| 5312N<br>NP | Suppositories 1.4 g (for children), 12 | 3 | 3 | .. | *19.26 | 20.33 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |
| 5313P<br>NP | Suppositories 2.8 g (for adults), 12   | 3 | 3 | .. | *19.74 | 20.81 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |

**GLYCEROL****Authority required (STREAMLINED)****3643**

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where constipation is a problem.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |  |   |    |    |        |       |                                      |    |
|-------------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|--------------------------------------|----|
| 5314Q<br>NP | Suppositories 700 mg (for infants), 12 | 3 | .. | .. | *18.84 | 19.91 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |
| 5315R<br>NP | Suppositories 1.4 g (for children), 12 | 3 | .. | .. | *19.26 | 20.33 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |
| 5316T<br>NP | Suppositories 2.8 g (for adults), 12   | 3 | .. | .. | *19.74 | 20.81 | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd | PP |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Musculo-skeletal system

### Antiinflammatory and antirheumatic products

#### Antiinflammatory and antirheumatic products, non-steroids

##### *Acetic acid derivatives and related substances*

#### DICLOFENAC SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3645

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       |                                   |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 5361E<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg (enteric coated) | 100 | 3 | ..                | *12.74 | 13.81 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Diclofenac TX    |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | Diclofenac SI                     |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Clonac 25 SI         |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac-GA GM     |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac Sandoz SZ |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Fenac 25 AF          |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW       |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | Chemists<br>Diclofenac            |
|             |                               |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.84 | *14.58 | 13.81 | <sup>a</sup> Voltaren 25 NV       |
| 5362F<br>NP | Tablet 50 mg (enteric coated) | 50  | 3 | ..                | 10.82  | 11.89 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Diclofenac TX    |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH         |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | Diclofenac SI                     |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Clonac 50 SI         |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac-GA GM     |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac Sandoz SZ |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Fenac AF             |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Terry White TW       |
|             |                               |     |   |                   |        |       | Chemists<br>Diclofenac            |
|             |                               |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.86 | 12.68  | 11.89 | <sup>a</sup> Voltaren 50 NV       |

#### DICLOFENAC SODIUM

##### Authority required

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

|             |                    |    |   |    |        |       |                 |
|-------------|--------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------------|
| 5363G<br>NP | Suppository 100 mg | 40 | 3 | .. | *24.92 | 25.99 | Voltaren 100 NV |
|-------------|--------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|-----------------|

#### DICLOFENAC SODIUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3646

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

##### Note

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |                               |     |    |    |        |       |                                |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-----|----|----|--------|-------|--------------------------------|
| 5364H<br>NP | Tablet 25 mg (enteric coated) | 100 | .. | .. | *12.74 | 13.81 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Diclofenac TX |
|             |                               |     |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH      |
|             |                               |     |    |    |        |       | Diclofenac SI                  |
|             |                               |     |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Clonac 25 SI      |
|             |                               |     |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Diclofenac-GA GM  |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code              | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium     | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |                   |                                       |       |   |             |    |
|-------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|-------------|----|
|                   |   |             |             |             | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |                   |                                       |       |   |             |    |
| 5365J<br>NP       | Tablet 50 mg (enteric coated)                           | 50          | ..          | ..          | 10.82                 | 11.89                                       | a                           | Diclofenac Sandoz | SZ                                    |       |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | Fenac 25                              | AF    |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Diclofenac | TW    |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | B <sup>1.84</sup> | *14.58                                | 13.81 | a | Voltaren 25 | NV |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | APO-Diclofenac                        | TX    |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | Chem mart<br>Diclofenac               | CH    |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | Clonac 50                             | SI    |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | Diclofenac-GA                         | GM    |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | Diclofenac Sandoz                     | SZ    |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | Fenac                                 | AF    |   |             |    |
|                   |   |             |             |             |                       |   |                             | a                 | Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Diclofenac | TW    |   |             |    |
| B <sup>1.86</sup> | 12.68   | 11.89       | a           | Voltaren 50 | NV                    |   |                             |                   |                                       |       |   |             |    |

**DICLOFENAC SODIUM**

**Authority required**

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |                    |    |    |    |        |       |  |              |    |
|-------------|--------------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|--|--------------|----|
| 5366K<br>NP | Suppository 100 mg | 40 | .. | .. | *24.92 | 25.99 |  | Voltaren 100 | NV |
|-------------|--------------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|--|--------------|----|

**INDOMETHACIN**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3645

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

|             |               |     |   |                   |        |       |   |           |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|---|-----------|----|
| 5377B<br>NP | Capsule 25 mg | 100 | 3 | ..                | *11.80 | 12.87 | a | Arthrexin | AF |
|             |               |     |   | B <sup>2.04</sup> | *13.84 | 12.87 | a | Indocid   | AS |

**INDOMETHACIN**

**Authority required**

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

|             |                    |    |   |    |        |       |  |         |    |
|-------------|--------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--|---------|----|
| 5378C<br>NP | Suppository 100 mg | 40 | 3 | .. | *22.50 | 23.57 |  | Indocid | AS |
|-------------|--------------------|----|---|----|--------|-------|--|---------|----|

**INDOMETHACIN**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3646

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |               |     |    |                   |        |       |   |           |    |
|-------------|---------------|-----|----|-------------------|--------|-------|---|-----------|----|
| 5379D<br>NP | Capsule 25 mg | 100 | .. | ..                | *11.80 | 12.87 | a | Arthrexin | AF |
|             |               |     |    | B <sup>2.04</sup> | *13.84 | 12.87 | a | Indocid   | AS |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>INDOMETHACIN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5380E<br>NP   | Suppository 100 mg                                      | 40          | ..          | ..      | *22.50                                   | 23.57  | Indocid                     | AS |
| <b>SULINDAC</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3645  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5381F<br>NP   | Tablet 100 mg   | 100         | 3           | ..      | *16.34                                   | 17.41  | Aclin                       | AF |
| 5382G<br>NP   | Tablet 200 mg   | 50          | 3           | ..      | 15.28                                    | 16.35  | Aclin 200                   | AF |
| <b>SULINDAC</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3646  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5383H<br>NP   | Tablet 100 mg   | 100         | ..          | ..      | *16.34                                   | 17.41  | Aclin                       | AF |
| 5384J<br>NP   | Tablet 200 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..      | 15.28                                    | 16.35  | Aclin 200                   | AF |
| <b>Propionic acid derivatives</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>IBUPROFEN</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5368M<br>NP   | Tablet 400 mg   | 90          | 3           | ..      | *14.73                                   | 15.80  | Brufen                      | AB |
| <b>IBUPROFEN</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5370P<br>NP   | Tablet 400 mg   | 90          | ..          | ..      | *14.73                                   | 15.80  | Brufen                      | AB |
| <b>NAPROXEN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3645  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5345H<br>NP   | Tablet 250 mg   | 100         | 3           | ..      | *13.34                                   | 14.41 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Inza 250                    | AF |
|   |   |             |             | B2.24   | *15.58                                   | 14.41 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Naprosyn                    | RO |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 5346J<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg   | 50          | 3           | ..                | 12.58                                    | 13.65 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Inza 500 AF                 |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.30 | 13.88                                    | 13.65 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Naprosyn RO                 |
| 5347K<br>NP | Tablet 750 mg (sustained release)                       | 28          | 3           | ..                | 12.08                                    | 13.15 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Proxen SR 750 MD            |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.22 | 13.30                                    | 13.15 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Naprosyn SR750 RO           |
| 5348L<br>NP | Tablet 1 g (sustained release)                          | 28          | 3           | ..                | 13.96                                    | 15.03 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Proxen SR 1000 MD           |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.29 | 15.25                                    | 15.03 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Naprosyn SR1000 RO          |

**NAPROXEN****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3647

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem in patients unable to take a solid dose form of a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.

|             |   |    |   |    |       |       |             |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 5397C<br>NP | Oral suspension 125 mg per 5 mL, 474 mL | ‡1 | 3 | .. | 78.17 | 34.20 | Naprosyn RO |
|-------------|---|----|---|----|-------|-------|-------------|

**NAPROXEN****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3648

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem in patients unable to take a solid dose form of a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |   |    |    |    |       |       |             |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 5398D<br>NP | Oral suspension 125 mg per 5 mL, 474 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 78.17 | 34.20 | Naprosyn RO |
|-------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|

**NAPROXEN****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3646

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |                                   |     |    |                   |        |                    |                    |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----|----|-------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 5349M<br>NP | Tablet 250 mg                     | 100 | .. | ..                | *13.34 | 14.41 <sup>a</sup> | Inza 250 AF        |
|             |                                   |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.24 | *15.58 | 14.41 <sup>a</sup> | Naprosyn RO        |
| 5350N<br>NP | Tablet 500 mg                     | 50  | .. | ..                | 12.58  | 13.65 <sup>a</sup> | Inza 500 AF        |
|             |                                   |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.30 | 13.88  | 13.65 <sup>a</sup> | Naprosyn RO        |
| 5351P<br>NP | Tablet 750 mg (sustained release) | 28  | .. | ..                | 12.08  | 13.15 <sup>a</sup> | Proxen SR 750 MD   |
|             |                                   |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.22 | 13.30  | 13.15 <sup>a</sup> | Naprosyn SR750 RO  |
| 5352Q<br>NP | Tablet 1 g (sustained release)    | 28  | .. | ..                | 13.96  | 15.03 <sup>a</sup> | Proxen SR 1000 MD  |
|             |                                   |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.29 | 15.25  | 15.03 <sup>a</sup> | Naprosyn SR1000 RO |

**NAPROXEN SODIUM****Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3645

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                                       | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |  | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
|             | <b>Note</b><br>Naproxen sodium 550 mg is approximately equivalent to 500 mg of naproxen acid. |             |             |                   |  |  |  |                             |
| 5353R<br>NP | Tablet 550 mg   | 50          | 3           | ..                | 12.77                                    | 13.84 <sup>a</sup>                                     |  | Crysanal MD                 |
|             |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.17 | 14.94                                    | 13.84 <sup>a</sup>                                     |  | Anaprox 550 RO              |

**NAPROXEN SODIUM**

**Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3646

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where severe pain is a problem.

**Note**

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

**Note**

Naproxen sodium 550 mg is approximately equivalent to 500 mg of naproxen acid.

|             |               |    |    |                   |       |                    |  |                |
|-------------|---------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|--------------------|--|----------------|
| 5354T<br>NP | Tablet 550 mg | 50 | .. | ..                | 12.77 | 13.84 <sup>a</sup> |  | Crysanal MD    |
|             |               |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.17 | 14.94 | 13.84 <sup>a</sup> |  | Anaprox 550 RO |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Nervous system

### Analgesics

#### Opioids

##### *Natural opium alkaloids*

##### MORPHINE SULFATE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Authority required

Initial supply, for up to 3 months, for a palliative care patient with severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### Note

Telephone approvals are limited to 1 month's therapy.

|             |              |    |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 5393W<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg | 20 | 2 | .. | 14.31 | 15.38 | Sevredol | MF |
| 5394X<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg | 20 | 2 | .. | 15.26 | 16.33 | Sevredol | MF |

##### MORPHINE SULFATE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Authority required

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient with severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### Note

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats for up to 3 months' supply may be authorised.

Telephone approvals are limited to 1 month's therapy.

|             |              |    |    |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 5395Y<br>NP | Tablet 10 mg | 20 | .. | .. | 14.31 | 15.38 | Sevredol | MF |
| 5396B<br>NP | Tablet 20 mg | 20 | .. | .. | 15.26 | 16.33 | Sevredol | MF |

##### MORPHINE SULFATE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Authority required

Initial supply, for up to 3 months, for a palliative care patient with chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### Note

Telephone approvals are limited to 1 month's therapy.

|             |                                    |    |   |    |       |       |           |    |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 5391R<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg (controlled release) | 20 | 2 | .. | 89.64 | 34.20 | MS Contin | MF |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|

##### MORPHINE SULFATE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Authority required

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient with chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### Note

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats for up to 3 months' supply may be authorised.

Telephone approvals are limited to 1 month's therapy.

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code        | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|
|             |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |    |
| 5392T<br>NP | Tablet 200 mg (controlled release)                      | 20          | ..          | ..      | 89.64                 | 34.20                                       | MS Contin                   | MF |

### *Phenylpiperidine derivatives*

#### FENTANYL

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Authority required

Initial supply for dose titration for breakthrough pain in a palliative care patient with cancer who is receiving opioids for their persistent pain and where further escalation in the dose of morphine for breakthrough pain results in intolerable adverse effects.

##### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

##### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|             |  |   |    |    |         |       |       |    |
|-------------|--|---|----|----|---------|-------|-------|----|
| 5401G<br>NP | Lozenges 200 micrograms (as citrate), 3  | 3 | .. | .. | *115.60 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5402H<br>NP | Lozenges 400 micrograms (as citrate), 3  | 3 | .. | .. | *115.60 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5403J<br>NP | Lozenges 600 micrograms (as citrate), 3  | 3 | .. | .. | *115.60 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5404K<br>NP | Lozenges 800 micrograms (as citrate), 3  | 3 | .. | .. | *115.60 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5405L<br>NP | Lozenges 1200 micrograms (as citrate), 3 | 3 | .. | .. | *115.60 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5406M<br>NP | Lozenges 1600 micrograms (as citrate), 3 | 3 | .. | .. | *115.60 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |

#### FENTANYL

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Authority required

Continuing supply for breakthrough pain in a palliative care patient with cancer who is receiving opioids for their persistent pain and where further escalation in the dose of morphine for breakthrough pain results in intolerable adverse effects.

##### Note

For first continuing supply, applications for increased repeats for up to 3 months' supply may be authorised.

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats for up to 3 months' supply may be authorised.

Telephone approvals are limited to 1 month's therapy.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

##### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|             |  |    |    |    |         |       |       |    |
|-------------|--|----|----|----|---------|-------|-------|----|
| 5407N<br>NP | Lozenges 200 micrograms (as citrate), 3  | 20 | .. | .. | *680.13 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5408P<br>NP | Lozenges 400 micrograms (as citrate), 3  | 20 | .. | .. | *680.13 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5409Q<br>NP | Lozenges 600 micrograms (as citrate), 3  | 20 | .. | .. | *680.13 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5410R<br>NP | Lozenges 800 micrograms (as citrate), 3  | 20 | .. | .. | *680.13 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5411T<br>NP | Lozenges 1200 micrograms (as citrate), 3 | 20 | .. | .. | *680.13 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |
| 5412W       | Lozenges 1600 micrograms (as citrate), 3 | 20 | .. | .. | *680.13 | 34.20 | Actiq | OA |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |

### *Diphenylpropylamine derivatives*

#### METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Authority required

Initial supply, for up to 3 months, for a palliative care patient with chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### Note

Telephone approvals are limited to 1 month's therapy.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                    |   |   |    |       |       |                       |    |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----|
| 5399E<br>NP | Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 18.92 | 19.99 | Sigma Methadone Syrup | SI |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|---|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----|

#### METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Authority required

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient with chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### Note

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats for up to 3 months' supply may be authorised.

Telephone approvals are limited to 1 month's therapy.

##### Note

##### Shared Care Model:

For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners.

|             |                                    |   |    |    |       |       |                       |    |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----|
| 5400F<br>NP | Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 18.92 | 19.99 | Sigma Methadone Syrup | SI |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----|

### Other analgesics and antipyretics

#### *Anilides*

#### PARACETAMOL

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3649

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient for analgesia or fever where alternative therapy cannot be tolerated.

|             |                                  |     |   |    |        |       |               |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|---|----|--------|-------|---------------|----|
| 5319Y<br>NP | Suppositories 500 mg, 24         | 4   | 3 | .. | *84.46 | 34.20 | Panadol       | GC |
| 5343F<br>NP | Tablet 665 mg (modified release) | 192 | 3 | .. | *16.64 | 17.71 | Panadol Osteo | GC |

#### PARACETAMOL

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3650

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient for analgesia or fever where alternative therapy cannot be tolerated.

##### Note

Written or telephone authority applications for increased repeats may be approved where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred.

|             |                                  |     |    |    |        |       |               |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|----|----|--------|-------|---------------|----|
| 5320B<br>NP | Suppositories 500 mg, 24         | 4   | .. | .. | *84.46 | 34.20 | Panadol       | GC |
| 5344G<br>NP | Tablet 665 mg (modified release) | 192 | .. | .. | *16.64 | 17.71 | Panadol Osteo | GC |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |  | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Antiepileptics

### Antiepileptics

#### *Benzodiazepine derivatives*

##### CLONAZEPAM

##### Authority required

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient for the prevention of epilepsy.

##### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|             |                                  |     |   |                   |        |       |              |           |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|--------|-------|--------------|-----------|----|
| 5337X<br>NP | Tablet 500 micrograms            | 100 | 3 | ..                | 12.96  | 14.03 | <sup>a</sup> | Paxam 0.5 | AF |
|             |                                  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.71 | 14.67  | 14.03 | <sup>a</sup> | Rivotril  | RO |
| 5338Y<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg                      | 100 | 3 | ..                | 18.74  | 19.81 | <sup>a</sup> | Paxam 2   | AF |
|             |                                  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.93 | 20.67  | 19.81 | <sup>a</sup> | Rivotril  | RO |
| 5339B<br>NP | Oral liquid 2.5 mg per mL, 10 mL | 2   | 3 | ..                | *15.04 | 16.11 |              | Rivotril  | RO |

##### CLONAZEPAM

##### Authority required

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient for the prevention of epilepsy.

##### Note

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats may be authorised.

|             |                                  |     |    |                   |        |       |              |           |    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|----|-------------------|--------|-------|--------------|-----------|----|
| 5340C<br>NP | Tablet 500 micrograms            | 100 | .. | ..                | 12.96  | 14.03 | <sup>a</sup> | Paxam 0.5 | AF |
|             |                                  |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.71 | 14.67  | 14.03 | <sup>a</sup> | Rivotril  | RO |
| 5341D<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg                      | 100 | .. | ..                | 18.74  | 19.81 | <sup>a</sup> | Paxam 2   | AF |
|             |                                  |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.93 | 20.67  | 19.81 | <sup>a</sup> | Rivotril  | RO |
| 5342E<br>NP | Oral liquid 2.5 mg per mL, 10 mL | 2   | .. | ..                | *15.04 | 16.11 |              | Rivotril  | RO |

## Psycholeptics

### Anxiolytics

#### *Benzodiazepine derivatives*

##### DIAZEPAM

##### Authority required

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where anxiety is a problem.

##### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|             |             |    |   |                   |      |      |              |             |    |
|-------------|-------------|----|---|-------------------|------|------|--------------|-------------|----|
| 5355W<br>NP | Tablet 2 mg | 50 | 3 | ..                | 7.72 | 8.79 | <sup>a</sup> | Antenex 2   | AF |
|             |             |    |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> | Ranzepam    | RA |
|             |             |    |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> | Valpam 2    | SI |
|             |             |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 0.82 | 8.54 | 8.79 | <sup>a</sup> | Valium      | RO |
| 5356X<br>NP | Tablet 5 mg | 50 | 3 | ..                | 7.85 | 8.92 | <sup>a</sup> | Antenex 5   | AF |
|             |             |    |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> | Diazepam-GA | GM |
|             |             |    |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> | Ranzepam    | RA |
|             |             |    |   |                   |      |      | <sup>a</sup> | Valpam 5    | SI |
|             |             |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 0.85 | 8.70 | 8.92 | <sup>a</sup> | Valium      | RO |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |              | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>DIAZEPAM</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |              |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |              |                             |
| Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where anxiety is a problem.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |              |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |              |                             |
| Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats may be authorised. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |              |                             |
| 5357Y<br>NP   | Tablet 2 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 7.72                                     | 8.79   | <sup>a</sup> | Antenex 2 AF                |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Ranzepam RA                 |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Valpam 2 SI                 |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.82 | 8.54                                     | 8.79   | <sup>a</sup> | Valium RO                   |
| 5358B<br>NP   | Tablet 5 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 7.85                                     | 8.92   | <sup>a</sup> | Antenex 5 AF                |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Diazepam-GA GM              |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Ranzepam RA                 |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> | Valpam 5 SI                 |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.85 | 8.70                                     | 8.92   | <sup>a</sup> | Valium RO                   |

**OXAZEPAM****Authority required**

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where anxiety is a problem.

**Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|             |              |    |   |                   |        |      |              |                 |
|-------------|--------------|----|---|-------------------|--------|------|--------------|-----------------|
| 5371Q<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg | 50 | 3 | ..                | *8.56  | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> | Alepam 15 AF    |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 5.38 | *13.94 | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> | Serepax SI      |
| 5372R<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg | 50 | 3 | ..                | *8.88  | 9.95 | <sup>a</sup> | Alepam 30 AF    |
|             |              |    |   |                   |        |      | <sup>a</sup> | APO-Oxazepam TX |
|             |              |    |   |                   |        |      | <sup>a</sup> | Murelax FM      |
|             |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 5.38 | *14.26 | 9.95 | <sup>a</sup> | Serepax SI      |

**OXAZEPAM****Authority required**

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where anxiety is a problem.

**Note**

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats may be authorised.

|             |              |    |    |                   |        |      |              |                 |
|-------------|--------------|----|----|-------------------|--------|------|--------------|-----------------|
| 5373T<br>NP | Tablet 15 mg | 50 | .. | ..                | *8.56  | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> | Alepam 15 AF    |
|             |              |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 5.38 | *13.94 | 9.63 | <sup>a</sup> | Serepax SI      |
| 5374W<br>NP | Tablet 30 mg | 50 | .. | ..                | *8.88  | 9.95 | <sup>a</sup> | Alepam 30 AF    |
|             |              |    |    |                   |        |      | <sup>a</sup> | APO-Oxazepam TX |
|             |              |    |    |                   |        |      | <sup>a</sup> | Murelax FM      |
|             |              |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 5.38 | *14.26 | 9.95 | <sup>a</sup> | Serepax SI      |

**Hypnotics and sedatives****Benzodiazepine derivatives****NITRAZEPAM****Authority required**

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where insomnia is a problem.

**Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|       |             |    |   |    |       |       |              |            |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|------------|
| 5359C | Tablet 5 mg | 50 | 3 | .. | *9.22 | 10.29 | <sup>a</sup> | Alodorm AF |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|--------------|------------|

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED FOR  
PATIENTS RECEIVING PALLIATIVE CARE**

| Code      | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-----------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <i>NP</i> |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.90 | *12.12                                   | 10.29 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Mogadon VT                  |

**NITRAZEPAM****Authority required**

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where insomnia is a problem.

**Note**

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats may be authorised.

|                    |             |    |    |                   |        |                    |            |
|--------------------|-------------|----|----|-------------------|--------|--------------------|------------|
| 5360D<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 5 mg | 50 | .. | ..                | *9.22  | 10.29 <sup>a</sup> | Alodorm AF |
|                    |             |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.90 | *12.12 | 10.29 <sup>a</sup> | Mogadon VT |

**TEMAZEPAM****Authority required**

Initial supply, for up to 4 months, for a palliative care patient where insomnia is a problem.

**Note**

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|                    |              |    |   |                   |        |                   |                  |
|--------------------|--------------|----|---|-------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|
| 5375X<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg | 50 | 3 | ..                | *8.86  | 9.93 <sup>a</sup> | APO-Temazepam TX |
|                    |              |    |   |                   |        | <sup>a</sup>      | Temaze AF        |
|                    |              |    |   |                   |        | <sup>a</sup>      | Temtabs FM       |
|                    |              |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 2.88 | *11.74 | 9.93 <sup>a</sup> | Normison SI      |

**TEMAZEPAM****Authority required**

Continuing supply for a palliative care patient where insomnia is a problem.

**Note**

Where consultation with a palliative care specialist or service has occurred, applications for increased repeats may be authorised.

|                    |              |    |    |                   |        |                   |                  |
|--------------------|--------------|----|----|-------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|
| 5376Y<br><i>NP</i> | Tablet 10 mg | 50 | .. | ..                | *8.86  | 9.93 <sup>a</sup> | APO-Temazepam TX |
|                    |              |    |    |                   |        | <sup>a</sup>      | Temaze AF        |
|                    |              |    |    |                   |        | <sup>a</sup>      | Temtabs FM       |
|                    |              |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.88 | *11.74 | 9.93 <sup>a</sup> | Normison SI      |

## Pharmaceutical Benefits for Dental Use

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY PARTICIPATING  
DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

### Stomatological preparations

#### Stomatological preparations

##### *Antiinfectives and antiseptics for local oral treatment*

|                     |   |    |    |    |       |       |                       |          |
|---------------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------|----------|
| <b>AMPHOTERICIN</b> |   |    |    |    |       |       |                       |          |
| 3306B               | Lozeng 10 mg                                | 20 | .. | .. | 12.03 | 13.10 | Fungilin              | SI       |
| <b>NYSTATIN</b>     |   |    |    |    |       |       |                       |          |
| 3343Y               | Oral suspension 100,000 units per mL, 24 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 10.85 | 11.92 | Mycostatin<br>Nilstat | FM<br>SI |

##### *Other agents for local oral treatment*

|                                  |   |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|----------------------------------|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| <b>BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b> |   |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
| <u>Restricted benefit</u>        |   |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
| Radiation induced mucositis.     |   |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
| 5032W                            | Mouth and throat rinse 22.5 mg per 15 mL,<br>500 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 22.26 | 23.33 | Difflam | IA |

### Drugs for functional gastrointestinal disorders

#### Propulsives

##### *Propulsives*

|                                     |                         |    |    |    |                   |       |         |    |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----|----|----|-------------------|-------|---------|----|
| <b>METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE</b> |                         |    |    |    |                   |       |         |    |
| 5151D                               | Tablet 10 mg            | 25 | .. | .. | 8.20              | 9.27  | Pramin  | AF |
|                                     |                         |    |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.02 | 9.27  | Maxolon | VT |
| 5153F                               | Injection 10 mg in 2 mL | 10 | .. | .. | 12.99             | 14.06 | Maxolon | VT |

### Antiemetics and antinauseants

#### Antiemetics and antinauseants

##### *Other antiemetics*

|   |   |    |    |    |                   |       |  |                      |
|---|---|----|----|----|-------------------|-------|--|----------------------|
| <b>PROCHLORPERAZINE</b>   |   |    |    |    |                   |       |  |                      |
| <u>Caution</u>  |   |    |    |    |                   |       |  |                      |
| Prochlorperazine may be associated with parkinsonism and tardive dyskinesia and should be used for short-term treatment only. |   |    |    |    |                   |       |  |                      |
| 5205Y   | Tablet containing prochlorperazine maleate<br>5 mg  | 25 | .. | .. | 9.46              | 10.53 | <sup>a</sup> APO-<br>Prochlorperazine<br><sup>a</sup> ProCalm<br><sup>a</sup> Prochlorperazine-<br>GA<br><sup>a</sup> Stemetil | TX<br>SI<br>GM<br>AV |
|   |   |    |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 3.38 | 10.53 | <sup>a</sup> Stemetil  | SW                   |
| 5206B   | Injection containing prochlorperazine mesylate<br>12.5 mg in 1 mL                               | 10 | .. | .. | 16.82             | 17.89 | Stemetil   | SW                   |
| 5208D   | Suppositories containing prochlorperazine<br>equivalent to 25 mg prochlorperazine maleate,<br>5 | ‡1 | .. | .. | 19.93             | 21.00 | Stemetil   | SW                   |
| <b>PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |    |    |    |                   |       |  |                      |
| 3374N   | Injection 50 mg in 2 mL   | 10 | .. | .. | *22.32            | 23.39 | Hospira Pty Limited  | HH                   |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY PARTICIPATING  
DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

**Antidiarrheals, intestinal antiinflammatory/ antiinfective agents**

**Intestinal antiinfectives**

***Antibiotics***

**NYSTATIN**

|       |                       |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------|-----------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 3342X | Tablet 500,000 units  | 50 | .. | .. | 17.98 | 19.05 | Nilstat | SI |
| 3345C | Capsule 500,000 units | 50 | .. | .. | 17.98 | 19.05 | Nilstat | SI |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY PARTICIPATING  
DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |  | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Blood and blood forming organs

### Blood substitutes and perfusion solutions

#### I.V. solutions

##### *Solutions for parenteral nutrition*

###### GLUCOSE

|       |  |   |    |    |        |       |              |                                      |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----|
| 5005K | I.V. infusion 139 mmol (anhydrous) per 500 mL (5%), 500 mL | 5 | .. | .. | *17.87 | 18.94 | <sup>a</sup> | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd           | BR |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited | PK |
| 5106R | I.V. infusion 278 mmol (anhydrous) per L (5%), 1 L         | 5 | .. | .. | *22.82 | 23.89 | <sup>a</sup> | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd           | BR |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd            | BX |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited | PK |

##### *Solutions affecting the electrolyte balance*

###### SODIUM CHLORIDE

|       |   |   |    |    |        |       |              |                                      |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----|
| 5021G | I.V. infusion 77 mmol per 500 mL (0.9%), 500 mL | 5 | .. | .. | *17.87 | 18.94 | <sup>a</sup> | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd           | BR |
|       |   |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited | PK |
| 5212H | I.V. infusion 154 mmol per L (0.9%), 1 L        | 5 | .. | .. | *22.82 | 23.89 | <sup>a</sup> | B. Braun Australia Pty Ltd           | BR |
|       |   |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd            | BX |
|       |   |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> | Fresenius Kabi Australia Pty Limited | PK |
| 5213J | I.V. infusion 513 mmol per L (3%), 1 L          | 2 | .. | .. | *16.34 | 17.41 |              | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd            | BX |

###### SODIUM CHLORIDE with GLUCOSE

|       |  |   |    |    |        |       |  |                           |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|--|---------------------------|----|
| 5214K | I.V. infusion 31 mmol-222 mmol (anhydrous) per L (0.18%-4%), 1 L             | 5 | .. | .. | *23.52 | 24.59 |  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd | BX |
| 5215L | I.V. infusion 19 mmol-104 mmol (anhydrous) per 500 mL (0.225%-3.75%), 500 mL | 5 | .. | .. | *28.77 | 29.84 |  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd | BX |
| 5216M | I.V. infusion 39 mmol-69 mmol (anhydrous) per 500 mL (0.45%-2.5%), 500 mL    | 5 | .. | .. | *28.77 | 29.84 |  | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd | BX |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY PARTICIPATING  
DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Cardiovascular system

### Cardiac therapy

#### Antiarrhythmics, class I and III

##### *Antiarrhythmics, class IB*

|       |  |   |    |    |       |       |                             |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------------|----|
| 5142P | LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Injection 100 mg in 5 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 37.33 | 34.20 | Pfizer Australia Pty<br>Ltd | PF |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------------|----|

#### Cardiac stimulants excl. cardiac glycosides

##### *Adrenergic and dopaminergic agents*

|       |   |   |    |    |       |       |                        |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------------------|----|
| 5004J | ADRENALINE<br>Injection 1 mg in 1 mL (1 in 1,000) | 5 | .. | .. | 20.34 | 21.41 | AstraZeneca Pty<br>Ltd | AP |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------------------|----|

#### Vasodilators used in cardiac diseases

##### *Organic nitrates*

|       |  |    |    |                   |       |                    |                     |    |
|-------|--|----|----|-------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------------|----|
| 5108W | GLYCERYL TRINITRATE<br>Tablets 600 micrograms, 100 | ‡1 | .. | ..                | 14.83 | 15.90 <sup>a</sup> | Lycinate            | FM |
|       |  |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.94 | 17.77 | 15.90 <sup>a</sup> | Anginine Stabilised | SI |

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Dermatologicals

### Corticosteroids, dermatological preparations

#### Corticosteroids, plain

#### *Corticosteroids, weak (group I)*

#### HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

#### Restricted benefit

Treatment of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

|       |   |    |    |  |                       |  |                                     |                |
|-------|---|----|----|--|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| 5111B | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 30 g            | ‡1 | .. | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 2.69                      | 8.89<br>11.58         | 9.96 <sup>a</sup><br>9.96 <sup>a</sup>         | Cortic-DS 1%<br>Sigmacort           | FM<br>SI       |
| 5112C | Topical ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 30 g | ‡1 | .. | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 2.69                      | 8.89<br>11.58         | 9.96 <sup>a</sup><br>9.96 <sup>a</sup>         | Cortic-DS 1%<br>Sigmacort           | FM<br>SI       |
| 5113D | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 50 g            | ‡1 | .. | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 0.08<br><sup>B</sup> 2.70 | 8.56<br>8.64<br>11.26 | 9.63 <sup>a</sup><br>9.63<br>9.63 <sup>a</sup> | Cortic-DS 1%<br>Cortef<br>Sigmacort | FM<br>VT<br>SI |
| 5114E | Topical ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 50 g | ‡1 | .. | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 2.70                      | 8.56<br>11.26         | 9.63 <sup>a</sup><br>9.63 <sup>a</sup>         | Cortic-DS 1%<br>Sigmacort           | FM<br>SI       |

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

### Corticosteroids for systemic use

#### Corticosteroids for systemic use, plain

##### *Glucocorticoids*

##### BETAMETHASONE ACETATE with BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE

##### Restricted benefit

For local intra-articular or peri-articular infiltration;

Keloid;

Lichen planus hypertrophic.

|       |  |   |    |    |       |       |                         |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|-------------------------|----|
| 5034Y | Injection 3 mg-3.9 mg (equivalent to 5.7 mg betamethasone) in 1 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 25.00 | 26.07 | Celestone<br>Chronodose | SH |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|-------------------------|----|

##### HYDROCORTISONE SODIUM SUCCINATE

##### Restricted benefit

For use in a hospital.

|       |   |   |    |    |        |       |             |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------------|----|
| 5118J | Injection equivalent to 100 mg hydrocortisone with 2 mL solvent | 6 | .. | .. | *36.72 | 34.20 | Solu-Cortef | PF |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------------|----|

|       |   |   |    |    |        |       |             |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------------|----|
| 5119K | Injection equivalent to 250 mg hydrocortisone with 2 mL solvent | 6 | .. | .. | *58.74 | 34.20 | Solu-Cortef | PF |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------------|----|

##### METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE

##### Restricted benefit

For local intra-articular or peri-articular infiltration.

|       |                         |   |    |                   |       |                    |               |    |
|-------|-------------------------|---|----|-------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------|----|
| 5148Y | Injection 40 mg in 1 mL | 5 | .. | ..                | 24.23 | 25.30 <sup>a</sup> | Depo-Nisolone | KR |
|       |                         |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 0.72 | 24.95 | 25.30 <sup>a</sup> | Depo-Medrol   | PF |

##### TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

##### Restricted benefit

For local intra-articular or peri-articular infiltration;

Keloid;

Lichen planus hypertrophic.

|       |                         |   |    |    |       |       |              |    |
|-------|-------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|----|
| 5233K | Injection 10 mg in 1 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 25.00 | 26.07 | Kenacort-A10 | SI |
|-------|-------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------|----|

### Pancreatic hormones

#### Glycogenolytic hormones

##### *Glycogenolytic hormones*

##### GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

|       |   |   |    |    |       |       |                  |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------------|----|
| 5105Q | Injection set containing 1 mg (1 i.u.) and 1 mL solvent in disposable syringe | 1 | .. | .. | 45.63 | 34.20 | Glucagen Hypokit | NO |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------------|----|

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

### Antibacterials for systemic use

#### Tetracyclines

##### *Tetracyclines*

##### DOXYCYCLINE

##### Note

Bioequivalence has been demonstrated between doxycycline tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride) and doxycycline tablet 100 mg (as monohydrate).

|       |                                  |   |    |                   |      |      |   |                      |
|-------|----------------------------------|---|----|-------------------|------|------|---|----------------------|
| 3321T | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride) | 7 | .. | ..                | 8.36 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Doxsig<br><sup>a</sup> Doxy-100<br><sup>a</sup> Doxylin 100  | SI<br>GM<br>AF       |
|       |                                  |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.14 | 9.50 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Vibramycin   | PF                   |
| 5082L | Tablet 100 mg (as monohydrate)   | 7 | .. | ..                | 8.36 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br><sup>a</sup> Doxycycline<br><sup>a</sup> Doxyhexal<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Doxycycline<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Doxycycline | CH<br>SZ<br>GX<br>TW |

##### DOXYCYCLINE

|       |                                   |   |    |                   |      |      |  |    |
|-------|-----------------------------------|---|----|-------------------|------|------|--|----|
| 3322W | Capsule 100 mg (as hydrochloride) | 7 | .. | ..                | 8.36 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Mayne Pharma<br>Doxycycline | YT |
|       |                                   |   |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.10 | 9.46 | 9.43 | <sup>a</sup> Doryx                       | YN |

#### Beta-lactam antibacterials, penicillins

##### *Penicillins with extended spectrum*

##### AMOXYCILLIN

|       |                |    |    |                   |       |       |  |  |
|-------|----------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| 3300Q | Capsule 500 mg | 20 | .. | ..                | 10.45 | 11.52 | <sup>a</sup> Alphamox 500<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin-GA<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin<br>Ranbaxy<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin Sandoz<br><sup>a</sup> APO-Amoxicillin<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Amoxicillin<br><sup>a</sup> Cilamox<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Amoxicillin<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Amoxicillin | AF<br>GM<br>RA<br>SZ<br>TX<br>CH<br>SI<br>GX<br>TW |
|       |                |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 0.74 | 11.19 | 11.52 | <sup>a</sup> Amoxil  | GK   |
| 3301R | Capsule 250 mg | 20 | .. | ..                | 8.44  | 9.51  | <sup>a</sup> Alphamox 250<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin-GA<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin<br>Ranbaxy<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin Sandoz<br><sup>a</sup> APO-Amoxicillin<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Amoxicillin<br><sup>a</sup> Cilamox<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Amoxicillin  | AF<br>GM<br>RA<br>SZ<br>TX<br>CH<br>SI<br>GX       |

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|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|   |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW  |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.75 | 9.19                                     | 9.51   | <sup>a</sup> Amoxcil GK   |
| 3302T                                       | Powder for syrup 125 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL                 | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #10.76                                   | 12.17  | <sup>a</sup> Alphamox 125 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Bgramin GM<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Amoxycillin GX<br><sup>a</sup> Ranmoxy RA<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW                            |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.90 | #11.66                                   | 12.17  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxcil GK   |
| 3309E                                       | Sachet containing oral powder 3 g                        | 1           | ..          | ..                | 8.97                                     | 10.04  | Amoxcil GK  |
| 3393N                                       | Powder for syrup 250 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL                 | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #11.55                                   | 12.96  | <sup>a</sup> Alphamox 250 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Bgramin GM<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Amoxycillin<br><sup>a</sup> Cilamox SI<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Amoxycillin GX<br><sup>a</sup> Ranmoxy RA<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.76 | #12.31                                   | 12.96  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxil Forte GK  |
| 5225B                                       | Powder for oral suspension 500 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL       | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #14.41                                   | 15.82  | Maxamox SZ  |
| <b>AMPICILLIN</b>                           |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3313J                                       | Powder for injection 500 mg                              | 5           | ..          | ..                | 10.85                                    | 11.92  | <sup>a</sup> Austrapen LN<br><sup>a</sup> Ibimicyn TS   |
| 3314K                                       | Powder for injection 1 g                                 | 5           | ..          | ..                | 13.69                                    | 14.76  | <sup>a</sup> Aspen Ampicyn AS<br><sup>a</sup> Austrapen LN<br><sup>a</sup> Ibimicyn TS  |
| <b>Beta-lactamase sensitive penicillins</b> |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>BENZATHINE BENZYL PENICILLIN</b>         |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5027N                                       | Injection 900 mg in 2.3 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 10          | ..          | ..                | 293.11                                   | 34.20  | Bicillin L-A AS   |
| <b>BENZYL PENICILLIN</b>                    |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3398W                                       | Powder for injection 600 mg                              | 10          | ..          | ..                | *42.92                                   | 34.20  | BenPen CS   |
| 3399X                                       | Powder for injection 3 g                                 | 10          | ..          | ..                | *66.92                                   | 34.20  | BenPen CS   |
| <b>PHENOXYMETHYL PENICILLIN</b>             |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3360W                                       | Tablet 250 mg  | 50          | ..          | ..                | *11.32                                   | 12.39  | Abbecillin-VK<br>Filmtab SI   |
| 3361X                                       | Tablet 500 mg  | 50          | ..          | ..                | *13.66                                   | 14.73  | Abbecillin-VK<br>Filmtab SI   |
| 3363B                                       | Capsule 250 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 11.16                                    | 12.23  | <sup>a</sup> Cilicaine VK FM<br><sup>a</sup> Cilopen VK GM  |
| 3364C                                       | Capsule 500 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 13.47                                    | 14.54  | <sup>a</sup> LPV AS<br><sup>a</sup> Cilicaine VK FM   |

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Cilopen VK GM                      |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | LPV AS  |
| 5012T   | Oral suspension 150 mg (as benzathine) per<br>5 mL, 100 mL    | 2           | ..          | ..                | *21.60                                   | 22.67  | <sup>a</sup> Cilicaine V FM                     |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.90 | *23.50                                   | 22.67  | <sup>a</sup> Abbocillin-V SI                    |
| <b>PROCAINE PENICILLIN</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3371K   | Injection 1.5 g   | 5           | ..          | ..                | 92.22                                    | 34.20  | Cilicaine SI                                    |
| <b><i>Beta-lactamase resistant penicillins</i></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>DICLOXACILLIN</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Serious staphylococcal infections.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5096F   | Capsule 250 mg  | 24          | ..          | ..                | 11.19                                    | 12.26  | <sup>a</sup> Dicloxsig SI                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Distaph 250 AF                     |
| 5097G   | Capsule 500 mg  | 24          | ..          | ..                | 16.41                                    | 17.48  | <sup>a</sup> Diclocil BQ                        |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Dicloxsig SI                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Distaph 500 AF                     |
| <b>FLUCLOXACILLIN</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Severe cholestatic hepatitis has been reported with this drug. Significant risk factors are age, particularly greater than 55 years, and duration of treatment longer than 14 days. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5094D   | Powder for injection 500 mg                                   | 5           | ..          | ..                | 15.05                                    | 16.12  | <sup>a</sup> Flubiclox TS                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Flucil AS                          |
| 5095E   | Powder for injection 1 g                                      | 5           | ..          | ..                | 19.94                                    | 21.01  | <sup>a</sup> Flubiclox TS                       |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Flucil AS                          |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH             |
| <b>FLUCLOXACILLIN</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Severe cholestatic hepatitis has been reported with this drug. Significant risk factors are age, particularly greater than 55 years, and duration of treatment longer than 14 days. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Serious staphylococcal infections.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5090X   | Capsule 250 mg (as sodium)                                    | 24          | ..          | ..                | 11.19                                    | 12.26  | <sup>a</sup> Flopen AS                          |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Staphylex 250 AF                   |
| 5091Y   | Capsule 500 mg (as sodium)                                    | 24          | ..          | ..                | 16.41                                    | 17.48  | <sup>a</sup> Flopen AS                          |
|   |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Staphylex 500 AF                   |
| 5257Q   | Powder for oral liquid 125 mg (as sodium) per<br>5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #16.00                                   | 17.41  | Aspen Pharmacare<br>Australia Pty<br>Limited LN |
| 5258R   | Powder for oral liquid 250 mg (as sodium) per<br>5 mL, 100 mL | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #19.53                                   | 20.94  | Aspen Pharmacare<br>Australia Pty<br>Limited LN |

***Combinations of penicillins, incl. beta-lactamase inhibitors***

**AMOXYCILLIN with CLAVULANIC ACID**

**Caution**

Hepatotoxicity has been reported with this drug.

**Restricted benefit**

Infections where resistance to amoxicillin is suspected;

Infections where resistance to amoxicillin is proven.

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| 5006L | Tablet 875 mg-125 mg                                    | 10          | ..          | ..                | 14.18                                    | 15.25  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin/<br>Clavulanic Acid<br>875/125<br>generichealth GQ   |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH   |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin and<br>Clavulanic Acid                               |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Clamoxyl Duo forte AL  |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Clavycillin 875/125 CR   |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Curam Duo Forte<br>875/125 SZ                                    |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GA-Amclav Forte<br>875/125 GM                                    |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GenRx Amoxicillin<br>and Clavulanic<br>Acid GX                   |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Moxiclav Duo Forte<br>875/125 SI                                 |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Amoxicillin and<br>Clavulanic Acid TW |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.96 | 16.14                                    | 15.25  | <sup>a</sup> Augmentin Duo<br>forte GK  |
| 5008N | Tablet 500 mg-125 mg                                    | 10          | ..          | ..                | 11.87                                    | 12.94  | <sup>a</sup> Amoxicillin/<br>Clavulanic Acid<br>500/125<br>generichealth GQ   |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Amoxicillin/<br>Clavulanic Acid<br>500/125 TX                |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Clamoxyl Duo AL  |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Curam Duo<br>500/125 SZ  |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GA-Amclav<br>500/125 GM  |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Moxiclav Duo<br>500/125 SI                                       |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.47 | 13.34                                    | 12.94  | <sup>a</sup> Augmentin Duo GK   |
| 5009P | Powder for syrup 125 mg-31.25 mg per 5 mL,<br>75 mL     | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #12.31                                   | 13.72  | <sup>a</sup> Clamoxyl AL  |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Curam SZ   |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.42 | #13.73                                   | 13.72  | <sup>a</sup> Augmentin GK   |
| 5011R | Powder for syrup 400 mg-57 mg per 5 mL, 60 mL           | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #13.73                                   | 15.14  | <sup>a</sup> Clamoxyl Duo 400 AL  |
|       |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Curam Duo SZ   |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.46 | #15.19                                   | 15.14  | <sup>a</sup> Augmentin Duo<br>400 GK  |

**TICARCILLIN with CLAVULANIC ACID**

**Restricted benefit**

Infections where positive bacteriological evidence confirms that this antibiotic is an appropriate therapeutic agent.

|       |  |    |    |    |        |       |             |
|-------|--|----|----|----|--------|-------|-------------|
| 5230G | Powder for injection 3 g-100 mg (solvent<br>required)<br>(code 7043Q applies to above item with<br>approved solvent) | 10 | .. | .. | 163.32 | 34.20 | Timentin GK |
|-------|--|----|----|----|--------|-------|-------------|

**Other beta-lactam antibacterials**  
*First-generation cephalosporins*

|       |                                       |    |    |    |       |       |   |
|-------|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|
| 3376Q | CEFALOTIN<br>Powder for injection 1 g | 10 | .. | .. | 26.25 | 27.32 | <sup>a</sup> Cefalotin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH |
|-------|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Keflin Neutral AS   |
| 3317N | <b>CEPHALEXIN</b><br>Capsule 250 mg                     | 20          | ..          | ..      | 8.72                                     | 9.79   | <sup>a</sup> Cefalexin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Cephalaxin GQ<br>generichealth<br><sup>a</sup> Cephatrust 250 MI<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Cephalaxin<br><sup>a</sup> Cilex GM<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cephalaxin GX<br><sup>a</sup> Ialex LN<br><sup>a</sup> Ibilex 250 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Rancef RA<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Cephalaxin  |
| 3318P | Capsule 500 mg  | 20          | ..          | ..      | <sup>B</sup> 3.14 11.86<br>10.55         | 9.79 11.62   | <sup>a</sup> Keflex AS<br><sup>a</sup> Cefalexin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Cephabell BF<br><sup>a</sup> Cephalaxin GQ<br>generichealth<br><sup>a</sup> Cephatrust 500 MI<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Cephalaxin<br><sup>a</sup> Cilex GM<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cephalaxin GX<br><sup>a</sup> Ialex LN<br><sup>a</sup> Ibilex 500 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Rancef RA<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Cephalaxin |
| 3319Q | Granules for syrup 125 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL              | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | <sup>B</sup> 4.20 14.75<br>#11.69        | 11.62 13.10  | <sup>a</sup> Keflex AS<br><sup>a</sup> APO-Cephalaxin TX<br><sup>a</sup> Cefalexin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Cephalaxin<br><sup>a</sup> Cilex GM<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cephalaxin GX<br><sup>a</sup> Ialex LN<br><sup>a</sup> Ibilex 125 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Cephalaxin   |
| 3320R | Granules for syrup 250 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL              | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | <sup>B</sup> 3.38 #15.07<br>#13.02       | 13.10 14.43  | <sup>a</sup> Keflex AS<br><sup>a</sup> APO-Cephalaxin TX<br><sup>a</sup> Cefalexin Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Cephalaxin<br><sup>a</sup> Cilex GM<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cephalaxin GX<br><sup>a</sup> Ialex LN<br><sup>a</sup> Ibilex 250 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Cephalaxin   |

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DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.16 | #17.18                                   | 14.43  | <sup>a</sup> Keflex AS  |
| <b><i>Second-generation cephalosporins</i></b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>CEFACTOR</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Serum sickness-like reactions have been reported with this drug, especially in children. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5045M  | Tablet 375 mg (sustained release)                       | 10          | ..          | ..                | 12.57                                    | 13.64  | <sup>a</sup> Cefaclor-GA GN<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br><sup>a</sup> Cefaclor CD<br><sup>a</sup> Douglas Cefaclor- GM<br>CD<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cefaclor CD GX<br><sup>a</sup> Karlor CD LN<br><sup>a</sup> Keflor CD AF<br><sup>a</sup> Ozcef RA<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Cefaclor CD |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.94 | 17.51                                    | 13.64  | <sup>a</sup> Ceclor CD AS   |
| 5046N  | Powder for oral suspension 125 mg per 5 mL,<br>100 mL   | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #13.27                                   | 14.68  | <sup>a</sup> Aclor 125 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Cefaclor Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Cefaclor<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cefaclor GX<br><sup>a</sup> Keflor AF<br><sup>a</sup> Ozcef RA<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Cefaclor   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 3.97 | #17.24                                   | 14.68  | <sup>a</sup> Ceclor AS  |
| 5047P  | Powder for oral suspension 250 mg per 5 mL,<br>75 mL    | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #13.58                                   | 14.99  | <sup>a</sup> Aclor 250 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Cefaclor Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Cefaclor<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Cefaclor GX<br><sup>a</sup> Keflor AF<br><sup>a</sup> Ozcef RA<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Cefaclor   |
|  |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 4.16 | #17.74                                   | 14.99  | <sup>a</sup> Ceclor AS  |
| <b>CEFUROXIME AXETIL</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5052X  | Tablet 250 mg (base)                                    | 14          | ..          | ..                | 18.62                                    | 19.69  | Zinnat GK   |

***Third-generation cephalosporins***

**CEFOTAXIME**

**Restricted benefit**

Infections where positive bacteriological evidence confirms that this antibiotic is an appropriate therapeutic agent.

|       |                          |    |    |    |                 |                |  |
|-------|--------------------------|----|----|----|-----------------|----------------|--|
| 5048Q | Powder for injection 1 g | 10 | .. | .. | *26.32<br>26.44 | 27.39<br>27.51 | <sup>a</sup> Cefotaxime Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH |
| 5049R | Powder for injection 2 g | 10 | .. | .. | *42.92<br>43.02 | 34.20<br>34.20 | <sup>a</sup> Cefotaxime Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH |

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|--|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| <b>Sulfonamides and trimethoprim</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <i>Combinations of sulfonamides and trimethoprim, incl. derivatives</i>                      |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>TRIMETHOPRIM with SULFAMETHOXAZOLE</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Caution</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| There is an increased risk of severe adverse reactions with this combination in the elderly. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3389J  | Tablet 80 mg-400 mg                                      | 10          | ..          | ..                | 8.56                                     | 9.63   | Resprim AF  |
| 3390K  | Tablet 160 mg-800 mg                                     | 10          | ..          | ..                | 9.24                                     | 10.31  | <sup>a</sup> Bactrim DS RO<br><sup>a</sup> Resprim Forte AF   |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.46 | 10.70                                    | 10.31  | <sup>a</sup> Septrin Forte SI   |
| 3391L  | Oral suspension 40 mg-200 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL            | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | 8.93                                     | 10.00  | Bactrim RO  |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.79 | 10.72                                    | 10.00  | Septrin SI  |
| <b>Macrolides, lincosamides and streptogramins</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <i>Macrolides</i>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>ERYTHROMYCIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3325B  | Capsule 250 mg   | 25          | ..          | ..                | 9.28                                     | 10.35  | <sup>a</sup> Mayne Pharma YT<br>Erythromycin  |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.28 | 10.56                                    | 10.35  | <sup>a</sup> Eryc YN  |
| <b>ERYTHROMYCIN ETHYL SUCCINATE</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 3334L  | Powder for oral liquid 200 mg (base) per 5 mL,<br>100 mL | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #12.15                                   | 13.56  | <sup>a</sup> E-Mycin 200 AF   |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.72 | #14.87                                   | 13.56  | <sup>a</sup> E.E.S. 200 LM  |
| 3336N  | Tablet 400 mg (base)                                     | 25          | ..          | ..                | 10.69                                    | 11.76  | <sup>a</sup> E-Mycin AF   |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.66 | 13.35                                    | 11.76  | <sup>a</sup> E.E.S. 400 Filmtab LM  |
| 3337P  | Powder for oral liquid 400 mg (base) per 5 mL,<br>100 mL | ‡1          | ..          | ..                | #13.18                                   | 14.59  | <sup>a</sup> E-Mycin 400 AF   |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.74 | #15.92                                   | 14.59  | <sup>a</sup> E.E.S. Granules LM   |
| <b>ERYTHROMYCIN LACTOBIONATE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5088T  | Powder for I.V. infusion 1 g (base)                      | 5           | ..          | ..                | *88.92                                   | 34.20  | Erythrocin-I.V. LM  |
| <b>ROXITHROMYCIN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5259T  | Tablet for oral suspension 50 mg                         | 10          | ..          | ..                | 12.89                                    | 13.96  | Rulide D SW   |
| 5260W  | Tablet 150 mg  | 10          | ..          | ..                | 11.49                                    | 12.56  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Roxithromycin TX<br><sup>a</sup> Biaxsig AV<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Roxithromycin  |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxar 150 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Roxide SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Roximycin AF<br><sup>a</sup> Roxithromycin-GA GM<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.47 | 13.96                                    | 12.56  | <sup>a</sup> Rulide SW  |
| 5261X  | Tablet 300 mg  | 5           | ..          | ..                | 11.49                                    | 12.56  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Roxithromycin TX<br><sup>a</sup> Biaxsig AV<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Roxithromycin  |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxar 300 SI<br><sup>a</sup> Roxide SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Roximycin AF  |

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Roxithromycin-GA GM     |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|      |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.47 | 13.96                                    | 12.56  | <sup>a</sup> Roxithromycin SW        |
|      |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Rulide SW               |

***Lincosamides***

**CLINDAMYCIN**

**Restricted benefit**

Gram-positive coccal infections where these cannot be safely and effectively treated with a penicillin.

|       |                |    |    |                   |       |       |                           |
|-------|----------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|---------------------------|
| 5057E | Capsule 150 mg | 24 | .. | ..                | 19.75 | 20.82 | <sup>a</sup> Cleocin KR   |
|       |                |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.37 | 21.12 | 20.82 | <sup>a</sup> Dalacin C PF |

**LINCOMYCIN**

|       |                          |   |    |    |       |       |             |
|-------|--------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|
| 5144R | Injection 600 mg in 2 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 33.74 | 34.20 | Lincocin PF |
|-------|--------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|

**Other antibacterials**

***Glycopeptide antibacterials***

**VANCOMYCIN**

**Restricted benefit**

Prophylaxis of endocarditis in patients hypersensitive to penicillin.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |       |                                       |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 3323X | Powder for injection 500 mg (as hydrochloride)<br>(500,000 i.u. vancomycin activity) | 2 | .. | .. | *17.96 | 19.03 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH   |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancocin CP AS           |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin Alphapharm AF |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin Sandoz SZ     |
| 5083M | Powder for injection 1 g (as hydrochloride)<br>(1,000,000 i.u. vancomycin activity)  | 1 | .. | .. | 17.95  | 19.02 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH   |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin Alphapharm AF |
|       |  |   |    |    |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Vancomycin Sandoz SZ     |

***Imidazole derivatives***

**METRONIDAZOLE**

|       |                          |    |    |                   |       |       |                               |
|-------|--------------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------------|
| 3339R | Tablet 200 mg            | 21 | .. | ..                | 7.88  | 8.95  | <sup>a</sup> Metrogyl 200 AF  |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Metronide 200 AV |
|       |                          |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.19 | 10.07 | 8.95  | <sup>a</sup> Flagyl SW        |
| 5157K | Suppositories 500 mg, 10 | †1 | .. | ..                | 23.16 | 24.23 | Flagyl SW                     |
| 5159M | Tablet 400 mg            | 5  | .. | ..                | 7.81  | 8.88  | Metrogyl 400 AF               |

**METRONIDAZOLE**

**Restricted benefit**

Treatment of anaerobic infections.

|       |               |    |    |                   |       |       |                               |
|-------|---------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------------|
| 5155H | Tablet 400 mg | 21 | .. | ..                | 9.85  | 10.92 | <sup>a</sup> Metrogyl 400 AF  |
|       |               |    |    |                   |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Metronide 400 AV |
|       |               |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.18 | 12.03 | 10.92 | <sup>a</sup> Flagyl SW        |

**METRONIDAZOLE**

**Restricted benefit**

Treatment, in a hospital, of acute anaerobic sepsis.

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|-------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| 5154G                         | I.V. infusion 500 mg in 100 mL   | 5           | ..          | ..      | *30.67                                   | 31.74 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Baxter Healthcare Pty Ltd BX              |
|                               |  |             |             |         | *30.76                                   | 31.83 <sup>a</sup>                                     | DBL Metronidazole Intravenous Infusion HH |
|                               |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Metronidazole Sandoz SZ      |
| <b>METRONIDAZOLE BENZOATE</b> |  |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 3341W                         | Oral suspension 320 mg per 5 mL (equivalent to 200 mg metronidazole in 5 mL), 100 mL | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 18.82                                    | 19.89  | Flagyl S SW                               |

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Musculo-skeletal system

### Antiinflammatory and antirheumatic products

#### Antiinflammatory and antirheumatic products, non-steroids

##### *Acetic acid derivatives and related substances*

|       |  |    |    |    |        |       |              |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|--------|-------|--------------|----|
| 5079H | <b>DICLOFENAC SODIUM</b><br>Suppository 100 mg | 40 | .. | .. | *24.92 | 25.99 | Voltaren 100 | NV |
|-------|--|----|----|----|--------|-------|--------------|----|

#### **DICLOFENAC SODIUM**

##### **Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;

Bone pain due to malignant disease.

|       |                               |     |    |                   |                                      |                |   |  |
|-------|-------------------------------|-----|----|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|---|--|
| 5076E | Tablet 25 mg (enteric coated) | 100 | .. | ..                | *12.74                               | 13.81          | <sup>a</sup> APO-Diclofenac<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Diclofenac<br><sup>a</sup> Clonac 25<br><sup>a</sup> Diclofenac-GA<br><sup>a</sup> Diclofenac Sandoz<br><sup>a</sup> Fenac 25<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Diclofenac                          | TX<br>CH<br>SI<br>GM<br>SZ<br>AF<br>TW       |
| 5077F | Tablet 50 mg (enteric coated) | 50  | .. | ..                | <sup>B</sup> 1.84<br>*14.58<br>10.82 | 13.81<br>11.89 | <sup>a</sup> Voltaren 25<br><sup>a</sup> APO-Diclofenac<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart<br>Diclofenac<br><sup>a</sup> Clonac 50<br><sup>a</sup> Diclofenac-GA<br><sup>a</sup> Diclofenac Sandoz<br><sup>a</sup> Fenac<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White<br>Chemists<br>Diclofenac | NV<br>TX<br>CH<br>SI<br>GM<br>SZ<br>AF<br>TW |
|       |                               |     |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.86 | 12.68                                | 11.89          | <sup>a</sup> Voltaren 50  | NV   |

|       |   |    |    |    |        |       |         |    |
|-------|---|----|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|
| 5128X | <b>INDOMETHACIN</b><br>Suppository 100 mg | 40 | .. | .. | *22.50 | 23.57 | Indocid | AS |
|-------|---|----|----|----|--------|-------|---------|----|

#### **INDOMETHACIN**

##### **Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;

Bone pain due to malignant disease.

|       |               |     |    |    |                                       |                |  |          |
|-------|---------------|-----|----|----|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|----------|
| 5126T | Capsule 25 mg | 100 | .. | .. | *11.80<br><sup>B</sup> 2.04<br>*13.84 | 12.87<br>12.87 | <sup>a</sup> Arthrexin<br><sup>a</sup> Indocid | AF<br>AS |
|-------|---------------|-----|----|----|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|----------|

#### **SULINDAC**

##### **Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;

Bone pain due to malignant disease.

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 5217N | Tablet 100 mg   | 100         | ..          | ..      | *16.34                                   | 17.41  | Aclin AF                    |
| 5218P | Tablet 200 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..      | 15.28                                    | 16.35  | Aclin 200 AF                |

***Oxicams***

**PIROXICAM**

**Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component.

|       |                          |    |    |                   |       |                    |                                   |
|-------|--------------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 5201R | Dispersible tablet 10 mg | 50 | .. | ..                | 12.20 | 13.27              | Mobilis D-10 AF                   |
| 5202T | Dispersible tablet 20 mg | 25 | .. | ..                | 11.92 | 12.99 <sup>a</sup> | Mobilis D-20 AF                   |
|       |                          |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.49 | 14.41 | 12.99 <sup>a</sup> | Feldene-D PF                      |
| 5203W | Capsule 10 mg            | 50 | .. | ..                | 12.20 | 13.27 <sup>a</sup> | Chem mart CH                      |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Piroxicam                         |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | GenRx Piroxicam GX                |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Mobilis 10 AF                     |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Terry White Chemists Piroxicam TW |
|       |                          |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.52 | 14.72 | 13.27 <sup>a</sup> | Feldene PF                        |
| 5204X | Capsule 20 mg            | 25 | .. | ..                | 11.92 | 12.99 <sup>a</sup> | Chem mart CH                      |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Piroxicam                         |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | GenRx Piroxicam GX                |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Mobilis 20 AF                     |
|       |                          |    |    |                   |       | <sup>a</sup>       | Terry White Chemists Piroxicam TW |
|       |                          |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.49 | 14.41 | 12.99 <sup>a</sup> | Feldene PF                        |

***Propionic acid derivatives***

**IBUPROFEN**

|       |               |    |    |    |      |       |           |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|------|-------|-----------|
| 5124Q | Tablet 400 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 9.19 | 10.26 | Brufen AB |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|------|-------|-----------|

**IBUPROFEN**

**Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;

Bone pain due to malignant disease.

|       |               |    |    |    |        |       |           |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|-----------|
| 5123P | Tablet 400 mg | 90 | .. | .. | *14.73 | 15.80 | Brufen AB |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|-----------|

**KETOPROFEN**

|       |                    |    |    |    |        |       |           |
|-------|--------------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|-----------|
| 5139L | Suppository 100 mg | 40 | .. | .. | *25.30 | 26.37 | Orudis SW |
|-------|--------------------|----|----|----|--------|-------|-----------|

**KETOPROFEN**

**Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component.

|       |                                    |    |    |                   |       |                    |                  |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|--------------------|------------------|
| 5136H | Capsule 200 mg (sustained release) | 28 | .. | ..                | 19.10 | 20.17 <sup>a</sup> | Oruvail SR AV    |
|       |                                    |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.18 | 21.28 | 20.17 <sup>a</sup> | Orudis SR 200 SW |

**NAPROXEN**

**Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;

Bone pain due to malignant disease.

|       |               |     |    |    |        |                    |             |
|-------|---------------|-----|----|----|--------|--------------------|-------------|
| 5176K | Tablet 250 mg | 100 | .. | .. | *13.34 | 14.41 <sup>a</sup> | Inza 250 AF |
|-------|---------------|-----|----|----|--------|--------------------|-------------|

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY PARTICIPATING  
DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer |                 |    |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------|----|
|       |   |             |             |                   | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |                 |    |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.24 | *15.58                | 14.41                                       | <sup>a</sup>                | Naprosyn        | RO |
| 5177L | Tablet 500 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 12.58                 | 13.65                                       | <sup>a</sup>                | Inza 500        | AF |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.30 | 13.88                 | 13.65                                       | <sup>a</sup>                | Naprosyn        | RO |
| 5178M | Tablet 750 mg (sustained release)                       | 28          | ..          | ..                | 12.08                 | 13.15                                       | <sup>a</sup>                | Proxen SR 750   | MD |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.22 | 13.30                 | 13.15                                       | <sup>a</sup>                | Naprosyn SR750  | RO |
| 5179N | Tablet 1 g (sustained release)                          | 28          | ..          | ..                | 13.96                 | 15.03                                       | <sup>a</sup>                | Proxen SR 1000  | MD |
|       |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.29 | 15.25                 | 15.03                                       | <sup>a</sup>                | Naprosyn SR1000 | RO |

**NAPROXEN SODIUM**

**Restricted benefit**

Chronic arthropathies (including osteoarthritis) with an inflammatory component;

Bone pain due to malignant disease.

**Note**

Naproxen sodium 550 mg is approximately equivalent to 500 mg of naproxen acid.

|       |               |    |    |                   |       |       |              |             |    |
|-------|---------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------------|----|
| 5186Y | Tablet 550 mg | 50 | .. | ..                | 12.77 | 13.84 | <sup>a</sup> | Crysanal    | MD |
|       |               |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.17 | 14.94 | 13.84 | <sup>a</sup> | Anaprox 550 | RO |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY PARTICIPATING  
DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Nervous system

### Analgesics

#### Opioids

##### *Natural opium alkaloids*

##### CODEINE PHOSPHATE

##### Note

Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories.

|       |              |    |    |    |       |       |   |    |
|-------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|----|
| 5063L | Tablet 30 mg | 20 | .. | .. | 16.87 | 17.94 | Fawns and McAllan<br>Proprietary<br>Limited | FM |
|-------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---|----|

##### CODEINE PHOSPHATE with PARACETAMOL

|       |                     |    |    |                   |       |      |   |    |
|-------|---------------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|------|---|----|
| 3316M | Tablet 30 mg-500 mg | 20 | .. | ..                | 8.00  | 9.07 | <sup>a</sup> APO-<br>Paracetamol/Co<br>deine 500/30 | TX |
|       |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Codalgin Forte                         | FM |
|       |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Codapane Forte                         | AL |
|       |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Comfarol Forte                         | SZ |
|       |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Dolaforte                              | CO |
|       |                     |    |    |                   |       |      | <sup>a</sup> Prodeine Forte                         | AV |
|       |                     |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.66 | 10.66 | 9.07 | <sup>a</sup> Panadeine Forte                        | SW |

##### HYDROMORPHONE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Note

Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories.

|       |                         |   |    |    |       |       |             |    |
|-------|-------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|-------------|----|
| 5129Y | Injection 2 mg in 1 mL  | 5 | .. | .. | 22.84 | 23.91 | Dilaudid    | MF |
| 5130B | Injection 10 mg in 1 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 28.97 | 30.04 | Dilaudid-HP | MF |
| 5131C | Injection 50 mg in 5 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 52.00 | 34.20 | Dilaudid-HP | MF |

##### HYDROMORPHONE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Restricted benefit

Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

##### Note

Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories.

|       |                                 |    |    |    |       |       |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| 5115F | Tablet 2 mg                     | 20 | .. | .. | 17.10 | 18.17 | Dilaudid | MF |
| 5116G | Tablet 4 mg                     | 20 | .. | .. | 19.85 | 20.92 | Dilaudid | MF |
| 5117H | Tablet 8 mg                     | 20 | .. | .. | 30.03 | 31.10 | Dilaudid | MF |
| 5132D | Oral liquid 1 mg per mL, 473 mL | 1  | .. | .. | 63.70 | 34.20 | Dilaudid | MF |

##### HYDROMORPHONE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

##### Restricted benefit

Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY PARTICIPATING  
DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 3357Q  | Tablet 8 mg (modified release)                          | 14          | ..          | ..      | 36.41                                    | 34.20  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| 3358R  | Tablet 16 mg (modified release)                         | 14          | ..          | ..      | 52.82                                    | 34.20  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| 3367F  | Tablet 32 mg (modified release)                         | 14          | ..          | ..      | 88.70                                    | 34.20  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| 3368G  | Tablet 64 mg (modified release)                         | 14          | ..          | ..      | 149.38                                   | 34.20  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| 5023J  | Tablet 4 mg (modified release)                          | 14          | ..          | ..      | 30.95                                    | 32.02  | Jurnista                    | JC |
| <b>MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Caution</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| The risk of drug dependence is high.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.                           |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5237P  | Oral solution 2 mg per mL, 200 mL                       | 1           | ..          | ..      | 17.97                                    | 19.04  | Ordine 2                    | MF |
| 5238Q  | Oral solution 5 mg per mL, 200 mL                       | 1           | ..          | ..      | 20.55                                    | 21.62  | Ordine 5                    | MF |
| 5239R  | Oral solution 10 mg per mL, 200 mL                      | 1           | ..          | ..      | 24.61                                    | 25.68  | Ordine 10                   | MF |
| <b>MORPHINE SULFATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Caution</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| The risk of drug dependence is high.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5168B  | Injection 10 mg in 1 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..      | 13.99                                    | 15.06  | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
| 5169C  | Injection 15 mg in 1 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..      | 14.35                                    | 15.42  | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
| 5170D  | Injection 30 mg in 1 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..      | 15.77                                    | 16.84  | Hospira Pty Limited         | HH |
| <b>MORPHINE SULFATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Caution</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| The risk of drug dependence is high.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.                           |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5163R  | Tablet 30 mg  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 14.03                                    | 15.10  | Anamorph                    | FM |
| <b>MORPHINE SULFATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Caution</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| The risk of drug dependence is high.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 5064M  | Capsule 30 mg (controlled release)                      | 10          | ..          | ..      | 19.91                                    | 20.98  | MS Mono                     | MF |
| 5065N  | Capsule 60 mg (controlled release)                      | 10          | ..          | ..      | 28.23                                    | 29.30  | MS Mono                     | MF |
| 5066P  | Capsule 90 mg (controlled release)                      | 10          | ..          | ..      | 32.20                                    | 33.27  | MS Mono                     | MF |
| 5067Q  | Capsule 120 mg (controlled release)                     | 10          | ..          | ..      | 42.68                                    | 34.20  | MS Mono                     | MF |
| 5161P  | Tablet 15 mg (controlled release)                       | 20          | ..          | ..      | 19.91                                    | 20.98  | MS Contin                   | MF |

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| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                              | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price       | Maximum                                     | Brand Name and Manufacturer       |    |
|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----|
|       |  |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                                   |    |
| 5162Q | Tablet 5 mg (controlled release)   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 15.17                 | 16.24                                       | MS Contin                         | MF |
| 5164T | Tablet 10 mg (controlled release)  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 16.92                 | 17.99 <sup>a</sup>                          | Momex SR 10                       | SI |
|       |  |             |             |         |                       | <sup>a</sup>                                | MS Contin                         | MF |
| 5165W | Tablet 30 mg (controlled release)  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 28.23                 | 29.30 <sup>a</sup>                          | Momex SR 30                       | SI |
|       |  |             |             |         |                       | <sup>a</sup>                                | MS Contin                         | MF |
| 5166X | Tablet 60 mg (controlled release)  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 42.68                 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                          | Momex SR 60                       | SI |
|       |  |             |             |         |                       | <sup>a</sup>                                | MS Contin                         | MF |
| 5167Y | Tablet 100 mg (controlled release)   | 20          | ..          | ..      | 54.79                 | 34.20 <sup>a</sup>                          | Momex SR 100                      | SI |
|       |  |             |             |         |                       | <sup>a</sup>                                | MS Contin                         | MF |
| 5171E | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 20 mg per sachet  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 46.85                 | 34.20                                       | MS Contin<br>Suspension<br>20 mg  | MF |
| 5240T | Capsule 20 mg (containing sustained release pellets)                                 | 20          | ..          | ..      | 20.47                 | 21.54                                       | Kapanol                           | GK |
| 5241W | Capsule 50 mg (containing sustained release pellets)                                 | 20          | ..          | ..      | 33.54                 | 34.20                                       | Kapanol                           | GK |
| 5242X | Capsule 100 mg (containing sustained release pellets)                                | 20          | ..          | ..      | 53.46                 | 34.20                                       | Kapanol                           | GK |
| 5243Y | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 30 mg per sachet  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 48.01                 | 34.20                                       | MS Contin<br>Suspension<br>30 mg  | MF |
| 5244B | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 60 mg per sachet  | 20          | ..          | ..      | 53.07                 | 34.20                                       | MS Contin<br>Suspension<br>60 mg  | MF |
| 5245C | Sachet containing controlled release granules for oral suspension, 100 mg per sachet | 20          | ..          | ..      | 64.30                 | 34.20                                       | MS Contin<br>Suspension<br>100 mg | MF |
| 5246D | Capsule 10 mg (containing sustained release pellets)                                 | 20          | ..          | ..      | 16.92                 | 17.99                                       | Kapanol                           | GK |

**OXYCODONE****Caution**

The risk of drug dependence is high.

**Restricted benefit**

Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

**Note**

Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories.

|       |                   |    |    |    |       |       |           |    |
|-------|-------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|
| 5194J | Suppository 30 mg | 12 | .. | .. | 43.66 | 34.20 | Proladone | PL |
|-------|-------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----------|----|

**OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE****Caution**

The risk of drug dependence is high.

**Restricted benefit**

Severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

**Note**

Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories.

|       |                                     |    |    |    |       |       |                           |    |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------------------------|----|
| 5190E | Oral solution 5 mg per 5 mL, 250 mL | 1  | .. | .. | 20.72 | 21.79 | OxyNorm Liquid<br>5mg/5mL | MF |
| 5191F | Capsule 5 mg                        | 20 | .. | .. | 12.30 | 13.37 | OxyNorm                   | MF |
| 5195K | Tablet 5 mg                         | 20 | .. | .. | 12.30 | 13.37 | Endone                    | SI |
| 5197M | Capsule 10 mg                       | 20 | .. | .. | 15.42 | 16.49 | OxyNorm                   | MF |
| 5198N | Capsule 20 mg                       | 20 | .. | .. | 20.15 | 21.22 | OxyNorm                   | MF |

**OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE****Caution**

The risk of drug dependence is high.

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| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Prescribing of drugs of addiction by dentists is not permitted in some States/Territories. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 5015Y  | Tablet 15 mg (controlled release)                       | 20          | ..          | ..      | 27.93                                    | 29.00  | OxyContin MF                |
| 5016B  | Tablet 30 mg (controlled release)                       | 20          | ..          | ..      | 41.22                                    | 34.20  | OxyContin MF                |
| 5227D  | Tablet 5 mg (controlled release)                        | 20          | ..          | ..      | 21.18                                    | 22.25  | OxyContin MF                |
| 5247E  | Tablet 10 mg (controlled release)                       | 20          | ..          | ..      | 21.95                                    | 23.02  | OxyContin MF                |
| 5248F  | Tablet 20 mg (controlled release)                       | 20          | ..          | ..      | 31.87                                    | 32.94  | OxyContin MF                |
| 5249G  | Tablet 40 mg (controlled release)                       | 20          | ..          | ..      | 48.35                                    | 34.20  | OxyContin MF                |
| 5250H  | Tablet 80 mg (controlled release)                       | 20          | ..          | ..      | 71.70                                    | 34.20  | OxyContin MF                |

### *Other opioids*

#### **TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### **Restricted benefit**

For acute pain where aspirin and/or paracetamol alone are inappropriate or have failed;

For dosage titration in chronic pain where aspirin and/or paracetamol alone are inappropriate or have failed.

|       |               |    |    |                   |       |       |   |
|-------|---------------|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|---|
| 5232J | Capsule 50 mg | 20 | .. | ..                | 9.02  | 10.09 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol TX<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Tramadol<br><sup>a</sup> GA Tramadol 50mg GM<br><sup>a</sup> GenRx Tramadol GX<br><sup>a</sup> Lodam 50 ZP<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Tramadol<br><sup>a</sup> Tramadol Sandoz SZ<br><sup>a</sup> Tramedo AF<br><sup>a</sup> Zydol SI |
|       |               |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 2.31 | 11.33 | 10.09 | <sup>a</sup> Tramal CS  |

#### **TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### **Restricted benefit**

For pain where aspirin and/or paracetamol alone are inappropriate or have failed.

|       |   |    |    |                   |       |       |   |
|-------|---|----|----|-------------------|-------|-------|---|
| 3338Q | Tablet 50 mg (twice daily sustained release)  | 20 | .. | ..                | 11.37 | 12.44 | Tramal SR 50 CS   |
| 5001F | Tablet 100 mg (once a day extended release)   | 10 | .. | ..                | 13.02 | 14.09 | Durotram XR IA  |
| 5002G | Tablet 200 mg (once a day extended release)   | 10 | .. | ..                | 15.85 | 16.92 | Durotram XR IA  |
| 5003H | Tablet 300 mg (once a day extended release)   | 10 | .. | ..                | 19.13 | 20.20 | Durotram XR IA  |
| 5150C | Oral drops 100 mg per mL, 10 mL               | ‡1 | .. | ..                | 13.71 | 14.78 | Tramal CS   |
| 5234L | Tablet 100 mg (twice daily sustained release) | 20 | .. | ..                | 13.49 | 14.56 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol SR TX<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Tramadol SR<br><sup>a</sup> GA Tramadol SR GM<br>100mg<br><sup>a</sup> Lodam SR 100 ZP<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White TW<br>Chemists<br>Tramadol SR<br><sup>a</sup> Tramadol Sandoz SZ<br>SR<br><sup>a</sup> Tramedo SR 100 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Zydol SR 100 SI |
|       |   |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 4.28 | 17.77 | 14.56 | <sup>a</sup> Tramal SR 100 CS   |

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|------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| 5235M                        | Tablet 150 mg (twice daily sustained release)           | 20          | ..          | ..                | 15.94                                    | 17.01  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol SR TX      |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR GM          |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GA Tramadol SR 150mg    |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lodam SR 150 ZP         |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR SZ          |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol Sandoz SR      |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramedo SR 150 AF       |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zydol SR 150 SI         |
| 5236N                        | Tablet 200 mg (twice daily sustained release)           | 20          | ..          | ..                | 18.02                                    | 19.09  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR 150 CS      |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Tramadol SR TX      |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH            |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR GM          |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> GA Tramadol SR 200mg    |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Lodam SR 200 ZP         |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR SZ          |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol Sandoz SR      |
|                              |   |             |             |                   |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Tramedo SR 200 AF       |
| <sup>a</sup> Zydol SR 200 SI |   |             |             |                   |  |  |                                      |
|                              |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.11 | 21.05                                    | 17.01  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR 200 CS      |
|                              |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 5.78 | 23.80                                    | 19.09  | <sup>a</sup> Tramadol SR 200 CS      |

**TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE**

**Restricted benefit**

Short-term treatment of acute pain.

|       |                          |   |    |    |       |       |                            |
|-------|--------------------------|---|----|----|-------|-------|----------------------------|
| 5231H | Injection 100 mg in 2 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 13.91 | 14.98 | <sup>a</sup> Tramahexal SZ |
|       |                          |   |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Tramal 100 CS |

**Other analgesics and antipyretics**  
*Salicylic acid and derivatives*

**ASPIRIN**

|       |                             |    |    |    |      |      |            |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|----|----|------|------|------------|
| 5018D | Tablet 300 mg (dispersible) | 96 | .. | .. | 8.50 | 9.57 | Solprin RC |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|----|----|------|------|------------|

**Anilides**

**PARACETAMOL**

|   |                                     |     |    |    |       |       |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|--|
| 3348F                                       | Oral liquid 120 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL | 1   | .. | .. | 9.38  | 10.45 | Panamax SW                             |
| 3349G                                       | Oral liquid 240 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL | 1   | .. | .. | 10.68 | 11.75 | Panamax 240 Elixir SW                  |
| 5196L                                       | Tablet 500 mg                       | 100 | .. | .. | 8.32  | 9.39  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Paracetamol TX        |
|   |                                     |     |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH              |
|   |                                     |     |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Paracetamol GM            |
|   |                                     |     |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Febridol GM               |
|   |                                     |     |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Generic Health Pty Ltd GQ |
|   |                                     |     |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Panamax SW                |
|   |                                     |     |    |    |       |       | <sup>a</sup> Paracetamol Sandoz SZ     |
| <sup>a</sup> Paralgin FM                    |                                     |     |    |    |       |       |  |
| <sup>a</sup> Pharmacy Choice Paracetamol YM |                                     |     |    |    |       |       |  |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY PARTICIPATING  
DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer  |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
|       |   |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists Paracetamol TW   |
|       | <b>PARACETAMOL</b><br><b>Restricted benefit</b><br>Chronic arthropathies. |             |             |         |  |  |  |
| 5224Y | Tablet 500 mg   | 300         | ..          | ..      | *12.12                                   | 13.19  | <sup>a</sup> APO-Paracetamol TX<br><sup>a</sup> Chem mart CH<br>Paracetamol<br><sup>a</sup> Febridol GM<br><sup>a</sup> Generic Health Pty Ltd GQ<br><sup>a</sup> Panamax SW<br><sup>a</sup> Paracetamol SZ<br>Sandoz<br><sup>a</sup> Paralgin FM<br><sup>a</sup> Pharmacy Choice YM<br>Paracetamol<br><sup>a</sup> Terry White Chemists TW<br>Paracetamol |

**Antiepileptics**

**Antiepileptics**

*Carboxamide derivatives*

| <b>CARBAMAZEPINE</b> |   |     |    |                   |        |       |   |
|----------------------|---|-----|----|-------------------|--------|-------|---|
| 5037D                | Tablet 400 mg (controlled release)      | 200 | .. | ..                | 49.02  | 34.20 | Tegretol CR 400 NV                      |
| 5038E                | Tablet 200 mg (controlled release)      | 200 | .. | ..                | 29.48  | 30.55 | Tegretol CR 200 NV                      |
| 5039F                | Tablet 100 mg                           | 200 | .. | <sup>B</sup> 2.44 | *20.94 | 19.57 | <sup>a</sup> Tegretol 100 NV            |
|                      |   |     |    | ..                | 18.51  | 19.58 | <sup>a</sup> Carbamazepine SZ<br>Sandoz |
| 5040G                | Tablet 200 mg                           | 200 | .. | <sup>B</sup> 2.60 | *31.60 | 30.07 | <sup>a</sup> Tegretol 200 NV            |
|                      |   |     |    | ..                | 29.02  | 30.09 | <sup>a</sup> Carbamazepine SZ<br>Sandoz |
|                      |   |     |    |                   |        |       | <sup>a</sup> Teril AF                   |
| 5041H                | Oral suspension 100 mg per 5 mL, 300 mL | ‡1  | .. | ..                | 21.35  | 22.42 | Tegretol Liquid NV                      |

**Anti-Parkinson drugs**

**Anticholinergic agents**

*Ethers of tropine or tropine derivatives*

| <b>BENZTROPINE MESYLATE</b> |                        |   |    |    |        |       |             |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|----|----|--------|-------|-------------|
| 5031T                       | Injection 2 mg in 2 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 103.59 | 34.20 | Cogentin FK |

**Psycholeptics**

**Anxiolytics**

*Benzodiazepine derivatives*

| <b>DIAZEPAM</b> |             |    |    |    |      |      |   |
|-----------------|-------------|----|----|----|------|------|---|
| 5071X           | Tablet 2 mg | 50 | .. | .. | 7.72 | 8.79 | <sup>a</sup> Antenex 2 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Ranzepam RA<br><sup>a</sup> Valpam 2 SI |

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|-----------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|                 |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.82 | 8.54                                     | 8.79   | <sup>a</sup> Valium RO   |
| 5072Y           | Tablet 5 mg   | 50          | ..          | ..                | 7.85                                     | 8.92   | <sup>a</sup> Antenex 5 AF<br><sup>a</sup> Diazepam-GA GM<br><sup>a</sup> Ranzepam RA<br><sup>a</sup> Valpam 5 SI |
| 5073B           | Injection 10 mg in 2 mL                                 | 5           | ..          | ..                | 12.29                                    | 13.36  | <sup>a</sup> Valium RO<br>Hospira Pty Limited HH   |
| <b>OXAZEPAM</b> |   |             |             |                   |  |  |  |
| 5192G           | Tablet 15 mg  | 25          | ..          | ..                | 7.49                                     | 8.56   | <sup>a</sup> Alepam 15 AF  |
|                 |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.69 | 10.18                                    | 8.56   | <sup>a</sup> Serepax SI  |
| 5193H           | Tablet 30 mg  | 25          | ..          | ..                | 7.65                                     | 8.72   | <sup>a</sup> Alepam 30 AF<br><sup>a</sup> APO-Oxazepam TX<br><sup>a</sup> Murelax FM                             |
|                 |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.69 | 10.34                                    | 8.72   | <sup>a</sup> Serepax SI  |

**Hypnotics and sedatives**

*Benzodiazepine derivatives*

|                   |              |    |    |                   |      |      |  |
|-------------------|--------------|----|----|-------------------|------|------|--|
| <b>NITRAZEPAM</b> |              |    |    |                   |      |      |  |
| 5189D             | Tablet 5 mg  | 25 | .. | ..                | 7.82 | 8.89 | <sup>a</sup> Alodorm AF  |
|                   |              |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.45 | 9.27 | 8.89 | <sup>a</sup> Mogadon VT  |
| <b>TEMAZEPAM</b>  |              |    |    |                   |      |      |  |
| 5221T             | Tablet 10 mg | 25 | .. | ..                | 7.64 | 8.71 | <sup>a</sup> APO-Temazepam TX<br><sup>a</sup> Temaze AF<br><sup>a</sup> Temtabs FM |
|                   |              |    |    | <sup>B</sup> 1.44 | 9.08 | 8.71 | <sup>a</sup> Normison SI   |

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Respiratory system

Drugs for obstructive airway diseases

**Adrenergics for systemic use**

*Alpha- and beta-adrenoceptor agonists*

|       |  |   |    |    |       |       |                        |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------------------|----|
| 5004J | <b>ADRENALINE</b><br>Injection 1 mg in 1 mL (1 in 1,000) | 5 | .. | .. | 20.34 | 21.41 | AstraZeneca Pty<br>Ltd | AP |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|-------|------------------------|----|

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| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

## Sensory organs

### Ophthalmologicals

#### Antiinfectives

##### *Antibiotics*

|       |                                     |    |    |    |       |       |               |    |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|
|       | <b>CHLORAMPHENICOL</b>              |    |    |    |       |       |               |    |
| 5055C | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 10 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 11.00 | 12.07 | Chloromycetin | PF |
|       |                                     |    |    |    |       |       | Chlorsig      | SI |

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DENTAL PRACTITIONERS FOR DENTAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

## Various

All other therapeutic products

**All other therapeutic products**

*Antidotes*

|       |   |   |    |    |       |       |                    |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------------|----|
| 5175J | <b>NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE</b><br>Injection 2 mg in 5 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 43.49 | 34.20 | Naloxone Min-I-Jet | CS |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------------------|----|

All other non-therapeutic products

**All other non-therapeutic products**

*Solvents and diluting agents, incl. irrigating solutions*

|       |   |   |    |    |       |       |                             |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------------|----|
| 5211G | <b>SODIUM CHLORIDE</b><br>Injection 9 mg per mL (0.9%), 10 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 16.29 | 17.36 | Pfizer Australia Pty<br>Ltd | PF |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|-----------------------------|----|

## Pharmaceutical Benefits for Optometrical Use

## PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY AUTHORISED OPTOMETRISTS FOR OPTOMETRICAL TREATMENT ONLY

From 1 January 2008, optometrists accredited to prescribe under State or Territory legislation can apply for approval as PBS prescribers (*authorised optometrists*). Information for optometrists on becoming a PBS prescriber is available on the Medicare Australia website at: [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)

The medications listed in this section are for prescribing by authorised optometrists only. Optometrists must not write PBS prescriptions for medicines listed elsewhere in the PBS Schedule.

The Pharmaceutical Benefits Advisory Committee (PBAC) is responsible for making recommendations regarding preparations for inclusion in the optometrist section.

Some products are included in more than one section of the Schedule. For a prescription to be eligible for subsidy, prescribers must ensure that they prescribe under the PBS only those medicines, and in accordance with the restrictions, listed for their practitioner type. Listing details for the same product may differ between sections and different PBS item codes apply for each prescriber type.

Optometrist PBS prescriptions are identifiable by colour, and include the words 'PBS/RPBS optometrist'. Prescriptions must include the optometrist's PBS prescriber number. The same optometrist prescription form is used to prescribe unrestricted, restricted or authority items. Only one item is allowed per form. Optometrist PBS prescriptions may include repeats.

Regulation 24 does not apply for optometrist prescribing. An optometrist cannot direct that original and repeat supplies of pharmaceutical benefits be supplied at the one time.

**Authority prescriptions:** Authority prescriptions for authority required items, or for increased quantities or repeats, require prior approval from Medicare Australia or the DVA for each prescription. (Refer to details in the Explanatory Notes section Authority required PBS Prescriptions, for more information on authority prescriptions.) DVA approval for non-Schedule items is not available for optometrist prescribing.

**RPBS:** Optometrists approved as PBS prescribers may write prescriptions for supply under the RPBS. The list of optometrist medicines under the RPBS is the same as the PBS. There are no optometrist listings in the Repatriation Schedule for prescribing for veterans only. There is no provision for optometrist prescribers to request approval to prescribe items that are not included in the PBS optometrist list (non-Schedule items).

**State and Territory requirements:** Optometrists may prescribe medications as private prescriptions according to their State/Territory prescribing accreditation. The medicines which can be prescribed differ between States and Territories. It is the optometrist's responsibility to ensure adherence to State/Territory law for all prescriptions (PBS and private) and additionally to all PBS requirements for PBS/RPBS prescriptions.

## GENERAL STATEMENT FOR TOPICAL ANTI-GLAUCOMA DRUGS PRESCRIBED BY AUTHORISED OPTOMETRISTS AS PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS

Use the following guidelines to determine patient eligibility for subsidisation under the PBS for the following drugs prescribed by authorised optometrists:

- Betaxolol hydrochloride
- Bimatoprost
- Brimonidine tartrate
- Brimonidine tartrate with timolol maleate
- Brinzolamide
- Dorzolamide hydrochloride
- Dorzolamide hydrochloride with timolol maleate
- Latanoprost
- Latanoprost with timolol maleate
- Pilocarpine hydrochloride
- Timolol maleate
- Travoprost
- Travoprost with timolol maleate

By writing a PBS prescription, the prescriber is certifying the criteria set out in these guidelines are satisfied, and use is in accordance with the registered indications – refer to the current Product Information for details.

## GUIDELINES FOR SHARED CARE OF GLAUCOMA PATIENTS

Under these guidelines, authorised optometrists who are approved to use therapeutic drugs in their practices and who have adequate professional indemnity cover, will be able to co-manage glaucoma patients in a shared care arrangement with an ophthalmologist.

### *Initial Referral to Ophthalmologist*

An authorised optometrist who makes a provisional diagnosis of glaucoma is to refer the patient to an ophthalmologist for confirmation of the diagnosis and the development of a management plan.

Where clinically important delays are expected before the patient's first review by an ophthalmologist, the optometrist should seek interim advice on the patient's management from the ophthalmologist by telephone (or alternate means).

The patient's consent is to be obtained by the ophthalmologist and optometrist for all aspects of the management plan, including the sharing of care between the two practitioners, and the communication of clinical information to the patient's nominated general practitioner.

Patients being considered for anti-glaucoma therapy with a beta blocking agent should be assessed for any potential cardiovascular or respiratory risk by a medical practitioner (often the patient's general practitioner), prior to initiating therapy. This assessment should be repeated if a change in dose of the beta blocker is proposed.

Once the diagnosis of glaucoma is confirmed by the ophthalmologist and a treatment plan is in place for the patient, the optometrist can perform ongoing reviews to monitor the patient and prescribe topical drugs under the PBS providing that:

- Periodic review demonstrates the treatment to be effective, and
- Changes to management are only initiated following consultation between treating practitioners.

### ***Patient Management Plan***

The management plan must be in writing and specify the following:

1. All the agreed components of treatment including any drug therapy;
2. Target pressures and action to be taken if these are not achieved within a specified time frame;
3. An agreed approach to monitoring visual fields and optic disc imaging and action to be taken following changes in visual fields;
4. Triggers for referral for more immediate ophthalmological and general practitioner review;
5. Likely side effects from agreed treatment and the action to be taken to address these;
6. An agreed schedule for patient review by both practitioners;
7. Who is responsible for performing each of the required tests and the required frequency for performing them;
8. An agreed method for timely communication of clinical findings and patient management between the two practitioners and the patient's nominated general practitioner.

Ophthalmologists must be available for consultation by the treating optometrist and for consultation by the patient where that consultation has been recommended or requested by the optometrist.

The involvement of a pharmacist to provide medicines information, advice relating to administration and techniques to limit systemic absorption and side effects of ophthalmic medications is recommended.

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

## Sensory organs

### Ophthalmologicals

#### Antiinfectives

##### *Antibiotics*

|                        |                                     |    |    |    |       |       |               |    |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|
| <b>CHLORAMPHENICOL</b> |                                     |    |    |    |       |       |               |    |
| 5511C                  | Eye ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 4 g  | ‡1 | .. | .. | 9.76  | 10.83 | Chloromycetin | PF |
|                        |                                     |    |    |    |       |       | Chlorsig      | SI |
| 5512D                  | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 10 mL | ‡1 | 2  | .. | 11.00 | 12.07 | Chloromycetin | PF |
|                        |                                     |    |    |    |       |       | Chlorsig      | SI |

##### *Sulfonamides*

|                             |                                      |    |   |    |       |       |          |    |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|-------|----------|----|
| <b>SULFACETAMIDE SODIUM</b> |                                      |    |   |    |       |       |          |    |
| 5530C                       | Eye drops 100 mg per mL (10%), 15 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 14.96 | 16.03 | Bleph 10 | AG |

##### *Antivirals*

##### **ACICLOVIR**

##### Restricted benefit

Herpes simplex keratitis.

|       |                                      |    |    |    |       |       |         |    |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|
| 5501M | Eye ointment 30 mg per g (3%), 4.5 g | ‡1 | .. | .. | 33.63 | 34.20 | Zovirax | GK |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------|----|

#### Antiinflammatory agents

##### *Corticosteroids, plain*

##### **FLUOROMETHOLONE**

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                                    |    |    |    |       |       |               |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|---------------|----|
| 5513E | Eye drops 1 mg per mL (0.1%), 5 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 10.61 | 11.68 | Flucon        | AQ |
|       |                                    |    |    |    |       |       | FML Liquifilm | AG |

##### **FLUOROMETHOLONE ACETATE**

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                                    |    |    |    |       |       |        |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--------|----|
| 5533F | Eye drops 1 mg per mL (0.1%), 5 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 10.61 | 11.68 | Flarex | AQ |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|--------|----|

##### **HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE**

##### Note

No applications for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be authorised.

|       |                                    |    |    |    |       |       |       |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------|----|
| 5516H | Eye ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 5 g | ‡1 | .. | .. | 12.69 | 13.76 | Hycor | SI |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------|----|

##### *Antiinflammatory agents, non-steroids*

##### **FLURBIPROFEN SODIUM**

|       |   |   |    |    |       |       |        |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------|----|
| 5514F | Eye drops 300 micrograms per mL (0.03%),<br>single dose units 0.4 mL, 5 | 1 | .. | .. | 15.37 | 16.44 | Ocufen | AG |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|-------|--------|----|

#### Antiglaucoma preparations and miotics

##### *Sympathomimetics in glaucoma therapy*

##### **BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE**

|       |                                    |    |   |                   |       |                    |          |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|---|-------------------|-------|--------------------|----------|----|
| 5534G | Eye drops 2 mg per mL (0.2%), 5 mL | ‡1 | 5 | ..                | 20.14 | 21.21 <sup>a</sup> | Enidin   | PE |
|       |                                    |    |   | <sup>B</sup> 1.63 | 21.77 | 21.21 <sup>a</sup> | Alphagan | AG |

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|----------|
| 5563T   | Eye drops 1.5 mg per mL (0.15%), 5 mL                                   | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 20.14                                    | 21.21  | Alphagan P 1.5              | AG       |
| <b>BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| 5535H   | Eye drops 2 mg-5 mg (base) per mL (0.2%-0.5%),<br>5 mL                  | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 26.03                                    | 27.10  | Combigan                    | AG       |
| <b><i>Parasympathomimetics</i></b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| <b>PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| 5536J   | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 15 mL                                      | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 12.53                                    | 13.60  | Isopto Carpine              | AQ       |
| 5537K   | Eye drops 20 mg per mL (2%), 15 mL                                      | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 13.78                                    | 14.85  | Isopto Carpine              | AQ       |
| 5538L   | Eye drops 40 mg per mL (4%), 15 mL                                      | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 16.63                                    | 17.70  | Isopto Carpine              | AQ       |
| <b><i>Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors</i></b>   |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| <b>BRINZOLAMIDE</b>   |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| 5540N   | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 5 mL                                       | ‡1          | 5           | ..<br>B <sup>1</sup> 1.16 | 22.77<br>23.93                           | 23.84 <sup>a</sup><br>23.84 <sup>a</sup>               | BrinzoQuin<br>Azopt         | IQ<br>AQ |
| <b>BRINZOLAMIDE with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| 5562R   | Eye drops 10 mg-5 mg (base) per mL (1%-0.5%),<br>5 mL                   | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 26.88                                    | 27.95  | Azarga                      | AQ       |
| <b>DORZOLAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| 5541P   | Eye drops 20 mg (base) per mL (2%), 5 mL                                | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 21.29                                    | 22.36  | Trusopt                     | MK       |
| <b>DORZOLAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>   |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| 5542Q   | Eye drops 20 mg (base)-5 mg (base) per mL (2%-<br>0.5%), 5 mL           | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 27.18                                    | 28.25  | Cosopt                      | MK       |
| <b><i>Beta blocking agents</i></b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| <b>BETAXOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| 5543R   | Eye drops, suspension, 2.5 mg (base) per mL<br>(0.25%), 5 mL            | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 14.77                                    | 15.84  | Betoptic S                  | AQ       |
| 5544T   | Eye drops, solution, 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%),<br>5 mL                 | ‡1          | 5           | ..<br>B <sup>2</sup> 2.06 | 14.77<br>16.83                           | 15.84 <sup>a</sup><br>15.84 <sup>a</sup>               | BetoQuin<br>Betoptic        | IQ<br>AQ |
| <b>TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>  |   |             |             |                           |  |  |                             |          |
| 5546X   | Eye gel 1 mg (base) per g (0.1%), 5 g                                   | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 12.87                                    | 13.94  | Nyogel                      | NV       |
| 5547Y   | Eye drops 2.5 mg (base) per mL (0.25%), 5 mL                            | ‡1          | 5           | ..<br>B <sup>3</sup> 3.03 | 11.54<br>14.57                           | 12.61 <sup>a</sup><br>12.61 <sup>a</sup>               | Tenopt<br>Timoptol          | SI<br>FR |
| 5548B   | Eye drops 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%), 5 mL                               | ‡1          | 5           | ..<br>B <sup>3</sup> 3.03 | 12.31<br>15.34                           | 13.38 <sup>a</sup><br>13.38 <sup>a</sup>               | Tenopt<br>Timoptol          | SI<br>FR |
| 5549C   | Eye drops (gellan gum solution) 2.5 mg (base)<br>per mL (0.25%), 2.5 mL | ‡1          | 5           | ..                        | 11.54                                    | 12.61  | Timoptol XE                 | MK       |

**PREPARATIONS WHICH MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY AUTHORISED  
OPTOMETRISTS FOR OPTOMETRICAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form           | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer                             |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|---|
| 5550D   | Eye drops (gellan gum solution) 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%), 2.5 mL | 1           | 5           | ..                | 12.31                                    | 13.38  | Timoptol XE MK  |
| <b>Prostaglandin analogues</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>BIMATOPROST</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5551E   | Eye drops 300 micrograms per mL (0.03%), 3 mL                     | 1           | 5           | ..                | 42.14                                    | 34.20  | Lumigan AG  |
| <b>BIMATOPROST with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5558M   | Eye drops 300 micrograms-5 mg (base) per mL (0.03%-0.5%), 3 mL    | 1           | 5           | ..                | 46.59                                    | 34.20  | Ganfort 0.3/5 AG  |
| <b>LATANOPROST</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5552F   | Eye drops 50 micrograms per mL (0.005%), 2.5 mL                   | 1           | 5           | ..                | 42.14                                    | 34.20  | Xalatan PF  |
| <b>LATANOPROST with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5553G   | Eye drops 50 micrograms-5 mg (base) per mL (0.005%-0.5%), 2.5 mL  | 1           | 5           | ..                | 46.59                                    | 34.20  | Xalacom PF  |
| <b>TRAVOPROST</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5554H   | Eye drops 40 micrograms per mL (0.004%), 2.5 mL                   | 1           | 5           | ..                | 42.14                                    | 34.20  | Travatan AQ   |
| <b>TRAVOPROST with TIMOLOL MALEATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with open-angle glaucoma that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy; |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Reduction of elevated intra-ocular pressure in a patient with ocular hypertension that is not adequately controlled with monotherapy. |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5555J   | Eye drops 40 micrograms-5 mg (base) per mL (0.004%-0.5%), 2.5 mL  | 1           | 5           | ..                | 46.59                                    | 34.20  | Duotrav AQ  |
| <b>Decongestants and antiallergics</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Other antiallergics</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Vernal kerato-conjunctivitis.   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5529B   | Eye drops 20 mg per mL (2%), 10 mL                                | 1           | 5           | ..                | 14.21                                    | 15.28  | <sup>a</sup> Cromolux<br><sup>a</sup> Opticrom AE<br>SW |
| <b>Other ophthalmologicals</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Other ophthalmologicals</b>  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>CARBOMER</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |   |             |             |                   |  |  |   |
| 5503P   | Eye gel 2 mg per g (0.2%), 10 g                                   | 1           | 5           | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34  | GelTears BU<br><sup>a</sup> PAA NM                      |
|   |   |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 0.95 | 11.22                                    | 11.34  | <sup>a</sup> Viscotears NV                              |

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OPTOMETRISTS FOR OPTOMETRICAL TREATMENT ONLY**

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form                            | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium           | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>CARBOMER</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 5504Q   | Eye gel 2 mg per g (0.2%), single dose units<br>0.6 mL, 30                         | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.09                                   | 34.20  | Viscotears Gel PF           | NV |
| <b>CARBOMER 974</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 5502N   | Ocular lubricating gel 3 mg per g (0.3%), single<br>dose units 0.5 g, 30           | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | Poly Gel                    | AQ |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 5507W   | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 15 mL  | 1           | 5           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Refresh Tears Plus          | AG |
| 5508X   | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 15 mL   | 1           | 5           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Refresh Liquigel            | AG |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 5505R   | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), single dose units<br>0.4 mL, 30                       | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | Celluvisc                   | AG |
| 5506T   | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), single dose units<br>0.4 mL, 30                      | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | Cellufresh                  | AG |
| 5509Y   | Eye drops 2.5 mg per mL (0.25%), single dose<br>units 0.6 mL, 24                   | 4           | 5           | ..                | *40.42                                   | 34.20  | TheraTears                  | CX |
| 5510B   | Ocular lubricating gel 10 mg per mL (1%), single<br>dose units 0.6 mL, 28          | 3           | 5           | ..                | *34.08                                   | 34.20  | TheraTears                  | CX |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM with GLYCERIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| The in-use shelf life of Optive is 6 months from the date of opening.                           |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 5556K   | Eye drops 5 mg-9 mg per mL (0.5%-0.9%), 15 mL                                      | 1           | 3           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Optive                      | AG |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM with GLYCERIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 5561Q   | Eye drops 5 mg-9 mg per mL (0.5%-0.9%), single<br>dose units 0.4 mL, 30            | 3           | 5           | ..                | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | Optive                      | AG |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |    |
| 5517J   | Eye drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 15 mL  | 1           | 5           | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34  | Methopt                     | SI |
| 5518K   | Eye drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 15 mL (contains<br>sodium perborate as preservative) | 1           | 5           | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34 <sup>a</sup>                                     | In a Wink<br>Moisturising   | NM |
|   |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.75 | 12.02                                    | 11.34 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Gentel                      | NV |

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|--|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE with CARBOMER 980</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 5519L  | Ocular lubricating gel 3 mg-2 mg per g (0.3%-0.2%), 10 g             | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.27                                    | 11.34 <sup>a</sup>                                     | HPMC PAA NM                 |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.75 | 12.02                                    | 11.34 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Gentel gel NV               |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE with DEXTRAN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 5520M  | Eye drops 3 mg-1 mg per mL (0.3%-0.1%), 15 mL                        | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.49                                    | 11.56 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Poly-Tears IQ               |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 1.74 | 12.23                                    | 11.56 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Tears Naturale AQ           |
| <b>HYPROMELLOSE with DEXTRAN</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.            |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 5521N  | Eye drops 3 mg-1 mg per mL (0.3%-0.1%), single dose units 0.4 mL, 28 | 3           | 5           | ..                | *35.07                                   | 34.20  | Bion Tears AQ               |
| <b>PARAFFIN</b>  |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 5522P  | Pack containing 2 tubes compound eye ointment 3.5 g                  | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 20.60                                    | 21.67  | Poly Visc IQ                |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.12 | 22.72                                    | 21.67 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Ircal PE                    |
| 5523Q  | Compound eye ointment 3.5 g  | 2           | 5           | ..                | *21.24                                   | 22.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Lacri-Lube AG               |
|  |  |             |             | <sup>B</sup> 2.10 | *23.34                                   | 22.31 <sup>a</sup>                                     | Poly Visc IQ                |
|  |  |             |             |                   |  |  | Duratears AQ                |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| The in-use shelf life of Blink Intensive Tears multi-dose formulation is 45 days from the date of opening. |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 5559N  | Eye drops 2.5 mg per mL (0.25%), 15 mL                               | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Blink Intensive Tears AQ    |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.            |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 5560P  | Eye drops 2.5 mg per mL (0.25%), single dose units 0.4 mL, 20        | 5           | 5           | ..                | *39.37                                   | 34.20  | Blink Intensive Tears AQ    |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 with PROPYLENE GLYCOL</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 5524R  | Eye drops 4 mg-3 mg per mL (0.4%-0.3%), 15 mL                        | ‡1          | 5           | ..                | 10.59                                    | 11.66  | Systane AQ                  |
| <b>POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 with PROPYLENE GLYCOL</b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops.            |  |             |             |                   |  |  |                             |
| 5532E  | Eye drops 4 mg-3 mg per mL (0.4%-0.3%), single dose units 0.8 mL, 28 | 2           | 5           | ..                | *34.08                                   | 34.20  | Systane AQ                  |

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
| <b>POLYVINYL ALCOHOL</b>  |   |             |             |                         |  |  |                                    |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |                         |  |  |                                    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome, including Sjogren's syndrome.  |   |             |             |                         |  |  |                                    |
| 5525T   | Eye drops 30 mg per mL (3%), 15 mL  | ‡1          | 5           | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 5.59 | 10.27<br>15.86                           | 11.34 <sup>a</sup><br>11.34 <sup>a</sup>               | PVA Forte PE<br>Liquifilm Forte AG |
| 5526W   | Eye drops 14 mg per mL (1.4%), 15 mL  | ‡1          | 5           | ..<br><sup>B</sup> 1.60 | 10.27<br>11.87                           | 11.34 <sup>a</sup><br>11.34 <sup>a</sup>               | PVA Tears PE<br>Liquifilm Tears AG |
| 5527X   | Eye drops 14 mg per mL (1.4%), 15 mL (contains sodium chlorite/hydrogen peroxide as preservative) | ‡1          | 5           | ..                      | 10.27                                    | 11.34  | Vistil AE                          |
| 5528Y   | Eye drops 30 mg per mL (3%), 15 mL (contains sodium chlorite/hydrogen peroxide as preservative)   | ‡1          | 5           | ..                      | 10.27                                    | 11.34  | Vistil Forte AE                    |
| <b>SOY LECITHIN</b>   |   |             |             |                         |  |  |                                    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |             |                         |  |  |                                    |
| Severe dry eye syndrome in patients who are sensitive to preservatives in multi-dose eye drops. |   |             |             |                         |  |  |                                    |
| 5545W   | Eye spray 10 mg per mL (1%), 10 mL  | 2           | 5           | ..                      | *36.06                                   | 34.20  | tearsagain RB                      |

|  |
|--|
| Ophthalmological and otological preparations |
|--|

**Antiinfectives**

***Antiinfectives***

|                           |  |    |   |    |       |       |               |
|---------------------------|--|----|---|----|-------|-------|---------------|
| <b>FRAMYCETIN SULFATE</b> |  |    |   |    |       |       |               |
| 5557L                     | Eye and ear drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 8 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 10.11 | 11.18 | Soframycin SW |

**Items Available under Special Arrangements(section 100)**

## Section 100 – Items Available under Special Arrangement

In addition to the drugs and medicinal preparations available under normal PBS arrangements listed in this Schedule, a number of drugs are also available as pharmaceutical benefits but are distributed under alternative arrangements where these are considered more appropriate.

These alternative arrangements are provided for under section 100 of the National Health Act 1953. Several programs exist for the provision of drugs as pharmaceutical benefits in this way and this section lists those drugs which are available under the following programs:

- **Highly Specialised Drugs Program**
- **Botulinum Toxin Program**
- **Human Growth Hormone Program**
- **IVF/GIFT Program**
- **Opiate Dependence Treatment Program**
- **Special Authority Program (Public)**
- **Special Authority Program (Private)**

Complete details concerning the availability of drugs as benefits under these programs may be obtained by telephoning the relevant contact number(s) shown in each section, or in certain cases, by referring to the telephone number provided for individual drugs listings.

## Section 100 – Highly Specialised Drugs Program

The Australian Government provides funding for certain specialised medications under the Highly Specialised Drugs Program. Highly Specialised Drugs are medicines for the treatment of chronic conditions which, because of their clinical use or other special features, are restricted to supply through public and private hospitals having access to appropriate specialist facilities. To prescribe these drugs as pharmaceutical benefit items, medical practitioners are required to be affiliated with these specialist hospital units. A general practitioner or non-specialist hospital doctor may only prescribe Highly Specialised Drugs to provide maintenance therapy under the guidance of the treating specialist.

Benefits are available for the listed clinical indications only. There is no facility for individual patient approval for indications outside those listed.

To gain access to a Commonwealth funded drug under this program, a patient must attend a participating hospital and be a day admitted patient, a non-admitted patient or a patient on discharge, be under appropriate specialist medical care, meet the specific medical criteria and be an Australian resident in Australia (or other eligible person).

A patient will be required to pay a contribution for each supply of a highly specialised drug at a similar rate to the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme. Commonwealth subsidy is not available for hospital in-patients.

Reciprocal Health Care Agreement – Where a patient is entitled to be treated as an eligible person as a visitor from a country with which Australia has entered into a Reciprocal Health Care Agreement, the supply will be limited to the original prescription only. Repeat prescriptions for these patients are not permitted.

Private Hospitals – **In addition to the above requirements**, for Highly Specialised Drugs prescribed through private hospitals, claiming and approval of authority prescriptions is administered by Medicare Australia. Highly Specialised Drugs are authority required items. Medical practitioners must seek approval to prescribe these items as pharmaceutical benefits prior to their dispensing under the PBS. Approval of authority prescriptions by Medicare Australia may be obtained either by posting an Authority Prescription Form to Medicare Australia, or by using Medicare Australia's Authority Freecall service (1800 888 333). **Prescribers must quote the provider number of the hospital when applying.** Not more than two months' supply (one month's supply in the case of Clozapine), with provision for up to 5 repeats, will be authorised. Prescriptions for Highly Specialised Drugs can be dispensed by an approved private hospital's dispensary or by a community pharmacy.

The remuneration rates for Highly Specialised Drugs prescribed through private hospitals comprise the normal PBS ready- prepared dispensing fee plus a mark-up ascertained as follows:

- 10% for drugs with a price ex-manufacturer of less than \$40;
- \$4 for drugs with a price ex-manufacturer of between \$40 and \$100;
- 4% for drugs with a price ex-manufacturer of between \$100.01 and \$1000;
- \$40 for drugs with a price ex-manufacturer of greater than \$1000.

Public Hospitals – For Highly Specialised Drugs prescribed through public hospitals, claiming and access to the program is administered by the States/Territories Health Departments. Prescriptions for Highly Specialised Drugs can be dispensed by public hospital pharmacies.

If you would like further information about the Highly Specialised Drugs Program, please contact your pharmacy, Medicare Australia (Ph: 132 290) or the Australian Government adviser, the Highly Specialised Drugs Working Party Secretariat (Ph: (02) 6289 2331).

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Blood and blood forming organs

## Antianemic preparations

### Other antianemic preparations

#### *Other antianemic preparations*

#### DARBEPOETIN ALFA

##### Authority required

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |                   |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|-------------------|----|
| 6320P | Injection 10 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *376.74  | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6321Q | Injection 20 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *703.86  | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6322R | Injection 30 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *960.58  | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6323T | Injection 40 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *1160.02 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6324W | Injection 50 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *1423.20 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6325X | Injection 60 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *1663.08 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6326Y | Injection 100 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe       | 8 | 5 | .. | *2666.92 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6365B | Injection 150 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe       | 8 | 5 | .. | *3950.92 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6438W | Injection 80 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *2174.42 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 6488L | Injection 20 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *703.86  | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 6489M | Injection 40 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *1160.02 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 6490N | Injection 60 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *1663.06 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 6491P | Injection 80 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *2174.42 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 6492Q | Injection 100 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *2666.90 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 6493R | Injection 150 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *3950.90 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |

#### EPOETIN ALFA

##### Authority required

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |  |    |   |    |          |             |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|-------------|----|
| 6204M | Injection 2,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *543.90  | Epex 2000   | JC |
| 6205N | Injection 3,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *700.00  | Epex 3000   | JC |
| 6206P | Injection 4,000 units in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *889.70  | Epex 4000   | JC |
| 6207Q | Injection 10,000 units in 1 mL pre-filled syringe    | 12 | 5 | .. | *2016.72 | Epex 10000  | JC |
| 6251B | Injection 1,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *296.90  | Epex 1000   | JC |
| 6302Q | Injection 5,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *1103.76 | Epex 5000   | JC |
| 6303R | Injection 6,000 units in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *1301.56 | Epex 6000   | JC |
| 6305W | Injection 8,000 units in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *1674.34 | Epex 8000   | JC |
| 6339P | Injection 40,000 units in 1 mL pre-filled syringe    | 2  | 5 | .. | *1300.42 | Epex 40,000 | JC |
| 6434P | Injection 20,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe  | 12 | 5 | .. | *3922.42 | Epex 20,000 | JC |
| 9623L | Injection 30,000 units in 0.75 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *5774.92 | Epex 30,000 | JC |

#### EPOETIN BETA

##### Authority required

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |  |    |   |    |          |             |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|-------------|----|
| 6480C | Injection 2,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *543.90  | NeoRecormon | RO |
| 6481D | Injection 3,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *700.00  | NeoRecormon | RO |
| 6482E | Injection 4,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *889.70  | NeoRecormon | RO |
| 6483F | Injection 5,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *1103.78 | NeoRecormon | RO |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 6484G | Injection 6,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe      | 12          | 5              | ..            | *1301.56                                 | NeoRecormon                 | RO |
| 6485H | Injection 10,000 units in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe     | 12          | 5              | ..            | *2016.72                                 | NeoRecormon                 | RO |
| 6486J | Injection 20,000 units in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe     | 12          | 5              | ..            | *3922.42                                 | NeoRecormon                 | RO |

### EPOETIN LAMBDA

#### Note

Epoetin lambda should only be administered by the intravenous route.

#### Authority required

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |  |    |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 9588P | Injection 5,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *1048.12 | Novocrit | NV |
| 9590R | Injection 6,000 units in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *1235.50 | Novocrit | NV |
| 9593X | Injection 8,000 units in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *1588.66 | Novocrit | NV |
| 9595B | Injection 10,000 units in 1 mL pre-filled syringe  | 12 | 5 | .. | *1913.02 | Novocrit | NV |
| 9685R | Injection 1,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *281.60  | Novocrit | NV |
| 9686T | Injection 2,000 units in 1 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *515.60  | Novocrit | NV |
| 9687W | Injection 3,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *663.50  | Novocrit | NV |
| 9688X | Injection 4,000 units in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *843.20  | Novocrit | NV |

### METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL-EPOETIN BETA

#### Authority required

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 9574X | Injection 30 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 5 | .. | *390.36  | Mircera | RO |
| 9575Y | Injection 50 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 5 | .. | *646.34  | Mircera | RO |
| 9576B | Injection 75 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 5 | .. | *938.28  | Mircera | RO |
| 9577C | Injection 100 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | *1205.24 | Mircera | RO |
| 9578D | Injection 120 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | *1388.06 | Mircera | RO |
| 9579E | Injection 200 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | *1970.72 | Mircera | RO |
| 9580F | Injection 360 micrograms in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | *3372.94 | Mircera | RO |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

# Cardiovascular system

## Antihypertensives

### Other antihypertensives

#### *Other antihypertensives*

#### AMBRISENTAN

##### Caution

Ambrisentan is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy must be avoided during treatment and for at least 3 months following cessation of treatment with this drug.

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe ambrisentan may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

##### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

(c) epoprostenol sodium, of:

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-

subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

(d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

(i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or

(ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or

(iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

(1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;

(2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;

(3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

(1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;

(2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

(1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;

(2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;

(3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;

(4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

- (5) RHC composite assessment only;  
(6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

### 5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

### 6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

#### Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

#### Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

#### (b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

#### (c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (d) WHO Functional Class IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

- (i) RHC composite assessment; and
- (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
- (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (grandfather patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan of patients who were receiving treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (d) WHO Functional Class IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) for patients who have received less than 6 months of ambrisentan treatment at the time of application — a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results of the following 3 tests, where available, at the time treatment with ambrisentan was commenced:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) the date of commencement of ambrisentan treatment; and
- (4) a signed patient acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. The number of repeats authorised will be dependent on the duration of prior ambrisentan therapy. Where patients have received less than 6 months of non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan, sufficient repeats to allow the patient to complete a total of 6 months of combined PBS-subsidised and non-PBS-subsidised therapy may be requested. Where fewer than the maximum allowable number of repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for the remainder of the allowable repeats may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Application for initial treatment with ambrisentan of patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised ambrisentan after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan; OR
- (b) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment was with an alternate PAH agent other than ambrisentan.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### Authority required

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of ambrisentan treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised. Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested under this criterion, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |              |    |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--------------|----|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 9648T | Tablet 5 mg  | 30 | .. | .. | 4081.42 | Volibris | GK |
| 9649W | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 4081.42 | Volibris | GK |

### **BOSENTAN MONOHYDRATE**

#### Caution

Bosentan monohydrate is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy must be avoided during treatment and for at least 3 months following cessation of treatment with this drug.

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe bosentan monohydrate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

- primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
- primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### Note

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

### (b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

### (c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

### (d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

### 7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

### 8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of adult patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (new adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of adult patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (d) WHO Functional Class IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (new patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of patients aged less than 18 years who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and either a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate prior vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a patient and prescriber acknowledgment, signed by the parent or authorised guardian, indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of patients aged less than 18 years who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and either a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR  
 (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and  
 (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:  
 (i) RHC composite assessment; and  
 (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and  
 (iii) 6MWT; and  
 (3) a patient and prescriber acknowledgment, signed by the parent or authorised guardian, indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of a patient who has been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have WHO Functional Class III or IV pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and  
 (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:  
 (i) RHC composite assessment; and  
 (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and  
 (iii) 6MWT; and  
 (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment (and signed by the parent or authorised guardian for patients under 18 years of age) indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for adult patients)

Application for initial treatment with bosentan monohydrate of adult patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate; OR  
 (b) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

treatment was with an alternate PAH agent other than bosentan monohydrate.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial treatment with bosentan monohydrate of patients aged less than 18 years with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate; OR
- (b) primary pulmonary hypertension and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment was with a PAH agent other than bosentan monohydrate.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of bosentan monohydrate treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested under this criterion, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Cessation of treatment (all patients)

Final PBS-subsidised supply for patients with WHO Functional Class III or IV primary pulmonary hypertension or WHO Functional Class III or IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma or WHO Functional Class III or IV pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), who have not responded to bosentan monohydrate therapy [see Note for definition of response], to allow for gradual cessation of treatment.

Applications for authorisation under this criterion should be made on the telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) [see Note on authority approval requirements].

Approval will only be granted for the 62.5 mg tablet strength. The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment.

Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for treatment that would extend the final treatment period beyond 1 month.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                       |    |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|-----------------------|----|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 6429J | Tablet 62.5 mg (base) | 60 | .. | .. | 4081.42 | Tracleer | AT |
| 6430K | Tablet 125 mg (base)  | 60 | .. | .. | 4081.42 | Tracleer | AT |

## **EPOPROSTENOL SODIUM**

### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe epoprostenol sodium may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

### **Note**

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

(a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND

(b) iloprost trometamol, of:

— primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

— drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND

(c) epoprostenol sodium, of:

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

(d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
- primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
- primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### Note

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

(2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

(c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of adult patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have: WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients aged less than 18 years who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have: WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a patient acknowledgment, signed by the parent or authorised guardian and the prescriber, indicating that they understand and acknowledge

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

that PBS-subsidised treatment with PAH agents will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised under this criterion. Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for all adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of adult patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised epoprostenol sodium after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension and who have received prior treatment with a PBS-subsidised PAH agent other than epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and who have failed to respond to a prior PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent; and
- (5) for WHO Functional Class III patients, where this is the first application for epoprostenol sodium, assessment details of the PBS-subsidised PAH agent they have failed to respond to.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients aged less than 18 years with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised epoprostenol sodium after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension and who have received prior treatment with a PBS-subsidised PAH agent other than epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and who have failed to respond to a prior PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent; and
- (5) for WHO Functional Class III patients, where this is the first application for epoprostenol sodium, assessment details of the PBS-subsidised PAH agent they have failed to respond to.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of epoprostenol sodium treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|-------|--|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
|       | <p>(1) a completed authority prescription form; and<br/>           (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:<br/>           (i) RHC composite assessment; and<br/>           (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and<br/>           (iii) 6MWT.</p> <p>The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.</p> <p>The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).</p> |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 6477X | Powder for I.V. infusion 500 micrograms (base) with diluent  | 1           | ..             | ..            | 52.11                                    | Flolan                      | GK |
| 6478Y | Powder for I.V. infusion 1.5 mg (base) with diluent  | 1           | ..             | ..            | 93.79                                    | Flolan                      | GK |

### ILOPROST TROMETAMOL

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe iloprost trometamol may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### Note

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

(c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

WHO Functional Class III drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii)  $\delta$ MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease; OR
- (d) WHO Functional Class IV drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol of patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised iloprost trometamol after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and who have received prior treatment with a PBS-subsidised PAH agent other than iloprost trometamol; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and who have failed to respond to a prior PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent; and
- (5) for WHO Functional Class III patients, where this is the first application for iloprost trometamol, assessment details of the PBS-subsidised PAH agent they have failed to respond to.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of iloprost trometamol treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |    |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 6456T | Solution for inhalation 20 micrograms (base) in 2 mL | 30 | .. | .. | 1122.42 | Ventavis | SC |
|-------|--|----|----|----|---------|----------|----|

### SILDENAFIL CITRATE

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe sildenafil citrate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for |    | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

- primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### Note

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

(c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate of patients with one of the following:

(a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised sildenafil citrate after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate; OR

(b) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment was with a PAH agent other than sildenafil citrate.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of sildenafil citrate treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

|       |                     |    |    |    |        |         |    |
|-------|---------------------|----|----|----|--------|---------|----|
| 9605M | Tablet 20 mg (base) | 90 | .. | .. | 940.79 | Revatio | PF |
|-------|---------------------|----|----|----|--------|---------|----|

### SITAXENTAN SODIUM

#### Caution

Sitaxentan sodium is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy must be excluded before the start of treatment and avoided during treatment with this drug.

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe sitaxentan sodium may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

### 2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

### 3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

### 5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

### 6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

#### Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

#### Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

#### (b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

#### (c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

#### (d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

### 7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

### 8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR  
 (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:  
 (i) RHC composite assessment; and  
 (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and  
 (iii) 6MWT; and  
 (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR  
 (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:  
 (i) RHC composite assessment; and  
 (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and  
 (iii) 6MWT; and  
 (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium of patients with one of the following:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised sitaxentan sodium after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium; OR

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

(b) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment was with a PAH agent other than sitaxentan sodium.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of sitaxentan sodium treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

|       |               |    |    |    |         |        |    |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|---------|--------|----|
| 9622K | Tablet 100 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 2790.22 | Thelin | PF |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|---------|--------|----|

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

### Pituitary and hypothalamic hormones and analogues

#### Hypothalamic hormones *Antigrowth hormone*

##### LANREOTIDE ACETATE

##### Authority required

Active acromegaly in a patient with persistent elevation of mean growth hormone levels of greater than 2.5 micrograms per litre AND

- (a) after failure of other therapy including dopamine agonists; or
- (b) as interim treatment while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and where treatment with dopamine agonists has failed; or
- (c) if the patient is unfit for or unwilling to undergo surgery and where radiotherapy is contraindicated.

In a patient treated with radiotherapy, treatment must cease if there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1) after lanreotide has been withdrawn for at least 4 weeks (6 weeks after the last dose). Lanreotide should be withdrawn every 2 years in the 10 years after radiotherapy for assessment of remission.

Treatment must cease if IGF1 is not lower after 3 months treatment.

|       |   |   |    |    |          |               |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|----------|---------------|----|
| 6332G | Powder for suspension for injection 30 mg (base) with diluent ampoule | 2 | 11 | .. | *1546.42 | Somatuline LA | IS |
|-------|---|---|----|----|----------|---------------|----|

##### LANREOTIDE ACETATE

##### Authority required

Active acromegaly in a patient with persistent elevation of mean growth hormone levels of greater than 2.5 micrograms per litre AND

- (a) after failure of other therapy including dopamine agonists; or
- (b) as interim treatment while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and where treatment with dopamine agonists has failed; or
- (c) if the patient is unfit for or unwilling to undergo surgery and where radiotherapy is contraindicated.

In a patient treated with radiotherapy, treatment must cease if there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1) after lanreotide has been withdrawn for at least 4 weeks (8 weeks after the last dose). Lanreotide should be withdrawn every 2 years in the 10 years after radiotherapy for assessment of remission.

Treatment must cease if IGF1 is not lower after 3 months treatment;

Functional carcinoid tumour causing intractable symptoms. The patient must have experienced on average over 1 week, 3 or more episodes per day of diarrhoea and/or flushing, which persisted despite the use of anti-histamines, anti-serotonin agents and anti-diarrhoea agents, and surgery or antineoplastic therapy must have failed or be inappropriate.

Treatment must cease if there is failure to produce a clinically significant reduction in the frequency and severity of symptoms after 3 months' therapy at a dose of 120 mg every 28 days. Dosage and tolerance to the drug should be assessed regularly and the dosage should be titrated slowly downwards to determine the minimum effective dose.

|       |   |   |    |    |          |                    |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|----------|--------------------|----|
| 6423C | Injection 60 mg (base) in single dose pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 11 | .. | *2736.42 | Somatuline Autogel | IS |
| 6424D | Injection 90 mg (base) in single dose pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 11 | .. | *3626.42 | Somatuline Autogel | IS |
| 6425E | Injection 120 mg (base) in single dose pre-filled syringe | 2 | 11 | .. | *4526.42 | Somatuline Autogel | IS |

##### OCTREOTIDE

##### Authority required

Active acromegaly in a patient with persistent elevation of mean growth hormone levels of greater than 2.5 micrograms per litre AND

- (a) after failure of other therapy including dopamine agonists; or
- (b) as interim treatment while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and where treatment with dopamine agonists has failed; or
- (c) if the patient is unfit for or unwilling to undergo surgery and where radiotherapy is contraindicated.

In a patient treated with radiotherapy, treatment must cease if there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1) after octreotide has been withdrawn for at least 4 weeks. Octreotide should be withdrawn every 2 years in the 10 years after radiotherapy for assessment of remission.

Treatment must cease if IGF1 is not lower after 3 months treatment at a dose of 100 micrograms 3 times daily;

Functional carcinoid tumour or vasoactive intestinal peptide secreting tumour (VIPoma) causing intractable symptoms. The patient must have experienced on average over 1 week, 3 or more episodes per day of diarrhoea and/or flushing, which persisted despite the use of anti-histamines, anti-serotonin agents and anti-diarrhoea agents, and surgery or antineoplastic therapy must have failed or be inappropriate.

Treatment must cease if there is failure to produce a clinically significant reduction in the frequency and severity of symptoms after 2 months' therapy. Dosage and tolerance to the drug should be assessed regularly and the dosage should be titrated slowly downwards to determine the minimum effective dose.

|       |  |    |    |    |                      |                     |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|----------------------|---------------------|----|
| 6227R | Injection 50 micrograms (as acetate) in 1 mL | 90 | 11 | .. | *650.28 <sup>a</sup> | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|-------|--|----|----|----|----------------------|---------------------|----|

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------------------|
|       |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup> Octreotide MaxRx XF    |
|       |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup> Sandostatin 0.05 NV    |
| 6228T | Injection 100 micrograms (as acetate) in 1 mL           | 90          | 11             | ..            | *1282.80                                 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH |
|       |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup> Octreotide MaxRx XF    |
|       |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup> Sandostatin 0.1 NV     |
| 6229W | Injection 500 micrograms (as acetate) in 1 mL           | 90          | 11             | ..            | *6240.90                                 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited HH |
|       |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup> Octreotide MaxRx XF    |
|       |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup> Sandostatin 0.5 NV     |

### OCTREOTIDE

#### Authority required

Acromegaly in a patient controlled on Sandostatin subcutaneous injections.

In a patient treated with radiotherapy, treatment must cease if there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1) after octreotide has been withdrawn for at least 4 weeks (8 weeks after the last dose). Octreotide should be withdrawn every 2 years in the 10 years after radiotherapy for assessment of remission.

Treatment must cease if IGF1 is not lower after 3 months of treatment;

Functional carcinoid tumour or vasoactive intestinal peptide secreting tumour (VIPoma) with symptom control on Sandostatin subcutaneous injections.

Treatment must cease if there is failure to produce a clinically significant reduction in the frequency and severity of symptoms after 3 months' therapy at a dose of 30 mg every 28 days and having allowed adequate rescue therapy with Sandostatin subcutaneous injections. Dosage and tolerance to the drug should be assessed regularly and the dosage should be titrated slowly downwards to determine the minimum effective dose.

|       |   |   |    |    |         |                 |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|---------|-----------------|----|
| 6426F | Injection (modified release) 10 mg (as acetate), vial and diluent syringe | 1 | 11 | .. | 1353.28 | Sandostatin LAR | NV |
| 6427G | Injection (modified release) 20 mg (as acetate), vial and diluent syringe | 1 | 11 | .. | 1786.23 | Sandostatin LAR | NV |
| 6428H | Injection (modified release) 30 mg (as acetate), vial and diluent syringe | 1 | 11 | .. | 2223.88 | Sandostatin LAR | NV |

## Calcium homeostasis

### Anti-parathyroid agents

#### *Other anti-parathyroid agents*

#### CINACALCET

##### Authority required

Management, including initiation and stabilisation, by a nephrologist, of a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis who has sustained secondary hyperparathyroidism with iPTH of at least 50 pmol per L, not responding to conventional therapy.

##### Note

During the titration phase, intact PTH should be monitored 4 weekly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose titrated until an appropriate iPTH concentration is achieved. During the titration phase, approval will be limited to sufficient supply for 4 weeks treatment at a time, with doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability.

During the maintenance phase, approval will be limited to provide sufficient quantity for 4 weeks treatment up to a maximum of 6 months supply for doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability. Intact PTH should be monitored quarterly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose adjusted as necessary to maintain an appropriate iPTH concentration.

"Sustained" means the abnormality was detected on at least 2 blood samples collected over a period of 2 to 4 months.

##### Authority required

Management, including initiation and stabilisation, by a nephrologist, of a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis who has sustained secondary hyperparathyroidism with iPTH of at least 15 pmol per L and less than 50 pmol per L AND an (adjusted) serum calcium concentration at least 2.6 mmol per L, not responding to conventional treatment.

##### Note

During the titration phase, intact PTH should be monitored 4 weekly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose titrated until an appropriate iPTH concentration is achieved. During the titration phase, approval will be limited to sufficient supply for 4 weeks treatment at a time, with doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability.

During the maintenance phase, approval will be limited to provide sufficient quantity for 4 weeks treatment up to a maximum of 6 months supply for doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability. Intact PTH should be monitored quarterly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose adjusted as necessary to maintain an appropriate iPTH concentration.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

"Sustained" means the abnormality was detected on at least 2 blood samples collected over a period of 2 to 4 months.

**Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                 |    |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 9625N | Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride) | 56 | 5 | .. | *623.88  | Sensipar | AN |
| 9626P | Tablet 60 mg (as hydrochloride) | 56 | 5 | .. | *1233.86 | Sensipar | AN |
| 9627Q | Tablet 90 mg (as hydrochloride) | 56 | 5 | .. | *1827.58 | Sensipar | AN |

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### Antiinfectives for systemic use

#### Antibacterials for systemic use

##### Macrolides, lincosamides and streptogramins

###### *Macrolides*

###### AZITHROMYCIN

###### Authority required

Prophylaxis against Mycobacterium avium complex infections in HIV-positive patients with CD4 cell counts of less than 75 per cubic millimetre.

|       |                              |    |   |    |         |           |    |
|-------|------------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|
| 6221K | Tablet 600 mg (as dihydrate) | 16 | 5 | .. | *124.94 | Zithromax | PF |
|-------|------------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|

###### CLARITHROMYCIN

###### Authority required

Treatment of Mycobacterium avium complex infections.

|       |               |     |   |    |       |        |    |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|--------|----|
| 6151R | Tablet 250 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 44.16 | Klacid | AB |
| 6152T | Tablet 500 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 79.05 | Klacid | AB |

#### Antimycobacterials

##### Drugs for treatment of tuberculosis

###### *Antibiotics*

###### RIFABUTIN

###### Authority required

Treatment of Mycobacterium avium complex infections in HIV-positive patients;

Prophylaxis against Mycobacterium avium complex infections in HIV-positive patients with CD4 cell counts of less than 75 per cubic millimetre.

|       |                |     |   |    |         |           |    |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|
| 6195C | Capsule 150 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | *617.94 | Mycobutin | PF |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|

#### Antivirals for systemic use

##### Direct acting antivirals

###### *Nucleosides and nucleotides excl. reverse transcriptase inhibitors*

###### CIDOFOVIR

###### Authority required

Treatment of cytomegalovirus retinitis in patients with AIDS.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 6247T | Solution for I.V. infusion 375 mg (anhydrous) in 5 mL single use vial | 4 | 3 | .. | *3646.42 | Vistide | GI |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|

###### GANCICLOVIR

###### Authority required

Cytomegalovirus retinitis in severely immunocompromised patients;

Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus disease in bone marrow transplant patients at risk of cytomegalovirus disease;

Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus disease in solid organ transplant patients at risk of cytomegalovirus disease.

|       |   |    |   |    |         |          |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|----------|----|
| 6136Y | Powder for I.V. infusion 500 mg (as sodium) | 10 | 1 | .. | *588.82 | Cymevene | RO |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|----------|----|

###### VALACICLOVIR

###### Authority required

Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease following renal transplantation in patients at risk of CMV disease.

|       |                                  |     |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 6280M | Tablet 500 mg (as hydrochloride) | 500 | 2 | .. | *2162.32 | Valtrex | GK |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|---------|----|

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>VALGANCICLOVIR HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Cytomegalovirus retinitis in patients with acquired immunodeficiency syndrome;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus infection and disease in solid organ transplant patients at risk of cytomegalovirus disease.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 6357N  | Tablet 450 mg (base)                                    | 120         | 5              | ..            | *4538.02                                 | Valcyte                     | RO |
| 9675F  | Powder for oral solution 50 mg (base) per mL, 100 mL    | 11          | 5              | ..            | *#4623.7<br>8                            | Valcyte                     | RO |
| <b><i>Phosphonic acid derivatives</i></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>FOSCARNET SODIUM</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment of cytomegalovirus retinitis in patients with AIDS;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment of aciclovir-resistant herpes simplex virus infection in immunocompromised patients with HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 6134W  | I.V. infusion 24 mg per mL, 250 mL                      | 6           | 1              | ..            | 417.22                                   | Foscavir                    | AP |
| <b><i>Protease inhibitors</i></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>ATAZANAVIR</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 6451M  | Capsule 150 mg (as sulfate)                             | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1090.24                                 | Reyataz                     | BQ |
| 6452N  | Capsule 200 mg (as sulfate)                             | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1438.18                                 | Reyataz                     | BQ |
| 9614B  | Capsule 300 mg (as sulfate)                             | 60          | 5              | ..            | *1090.24                                 | Reyataz                     | BQ |
| 9646Q  | Capsule 100 mg (as sulfate)                             | 120         | 5              | ..            | *730.14                                  | Reyataz                     | BQ |
| <b>DARUNAVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents, and co-administered with 100 mg ritonavir twice daily in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after at least one antiretroviral regimen, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9581G  | Tablet 150 mg (as ethanolate)                           | 240         | 5              | ..            | 1095.13                                  | Prezista                    | JC |
| 9616D  | Tablet 300 mg (as ethanolate)                           | 240         | 5              | ..            | *2143.84                                 | Prezista                    | JC |
| <b>FOSAMPRENAVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 6453P  | Tablet 700 mg (as calcium)                              | 120         | 5              | ..            | *795.08                                  | Telzir                      | VI |
| 6454Q  | Oral liquid 50 mg (as calcium) per mL, 225 mL           | 8           | 5              | ..            | *851.38                                  | Telzir                      | VI |
| <b>INDINAVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 6202K  | Capsule 400 mg (as sulfate)                             | 360         | 5              | ..            | *952.82                                  | Crixivan 400 mg             | MK |

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|

### RITONAVIR

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |     |   |    |         |        |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|---------|--------|----|
| 6494T | Oral solution 600 mg per 7.5 mL (80 mg per mL), 90 mL | 10  | 5 | .. | *952.82 | Norvir | AB |
| 9677H | Tablet 100 mg   | 720 | 5 | .. | *952.98 | Norvir | AB |

### SAQUINAVIR

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |                             |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 6498B | Tablet 500 mg (as mesylate) | 240 | 5 | .. | *1057.54 | Invirase | RO |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|

### TIPRANAVIR

#### Authority required

Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents, and co-administered with 200 mg ritonavir twice daily in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance.

Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.

#### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                |     |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 9610T | Capsule 250 mg | 240 | 5 | .. | *2188.42 | Aptivus | BY |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|----------|---------|----|

### TIPRANAVIR

#### Authority required

Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents, and co-administered with ritonavir in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance.

Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.

#### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                  |   |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 9676G | Oral liquid 100 mg per mL, 95 mL | 7 | 5 | .. | *2420.44 | Aptivus | BY |
|-------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|

## *Nucleoside and nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors*

### ABACAVIR

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |     |   |    |         |        |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|---------|--------|----|
| 6264Q | Tablet 300 mg (as sulfate)                      | 120 | 5 | .. | *592.98 | Ziagen | VI |
| 6265R | Oral solution 20 mg (as sulfate) per mL, 240 mL | 8   | 5 | .. | *689.86 | Ziagen | VI |

### ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL

#### Authority required

Chronic hepatitis B in a patient who has failed antihepadnaviral therapy and who satisfies all of the following criteria:

(1)(a) Repeatedly elevated serum ALT levels while on concurrent antihepadnaviral therapy of greater than or equal to 6 months duration in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or

(b) Repeatedly elevated HBV DNA levels one log greater than the nadir value or failure to achieve a 1 log reduction in HBV DNA within 3 months,

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

whilst on previous antihepadnaviral therapy except in patients with evidence of poor compliance;

(2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy.

### Note

Patients should have undergone a liver biopsy at some point since initial diagnosis to obtain histological evidence of chronic hepatitis.

Patients may receive treatment in combination with lamivudine but not with other PBS-subsidised antihepadnaviral therapy.

|       |              |    |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 6450L | Tablet 10 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *1296.42 | Hepsera | GI |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|----------|---------|----|

### **DIDANOSINE**

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |    |   |    |         |          |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|----------|----|
| 6298L | Capsule 125 mg (containing enteric coated beadlets) | 60 | 5 | .. | *298.52 | Videx EC | BQ |
| 6299M | Capsule 200 mg (containing enteric coated beadlets) | 60 | 5 | .. | *346.30 | Videx EC | BQ |
| 6300N | Capsule 250 mg (containing enteric coated beadlets) | 60 | 5 | .. | *431.24 | Videx EC | BQ |
| 6301P | Capsule 400 mg (containing enteric coated beadlets) | 60 | 5 | .. | *686.14 | Videx EC | BQ |

### **EMTRICITABINE**

#### Authority required

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |                |    |   |    |         |         |    |
|-------|----------------|----|---|----|---------|---------|----|
| 6137B | Capsule 200 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *592.98 | Emtriva | GI |
|-------|----------------|----|---|----|---------|---------|----|

### **ENTECAVIR MONOHYDRATE**

#### Authority required

Patients with chronic hepatitis B who satisfy all of the following criteria:

(1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);

(2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or

(b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;

(3) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy.

### Note

PBS-subsidised entecavir monohydrate must be used as monotherapy.

|       |               |    |   |    |         |           |    |
|-------|---------------|----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|
| 9602J | Tablet 0.5 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *805.76 | Baraclude | BQ |
|-------|---------------|----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|

### **ENTECAVIR MONOHYDRATE**

#### Authority required

Patients with chronic hepatitis B who have failed lamivudine therapy and who satisfy all of the following criteria:

(1)(a) Repeatedly elevated serum ALT levels while on concurrent antihepadnaviral therapy of greater than or equal to 6 months duration in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or

(b) Repeatedly elevated HBV DNA levels one log greater than the nadir value or failure to achieve a 1 log reduction in HBV DNA within 3 months, whilst on previous antihepadnaviral therapy except in patients with evidence of poor compliance;

(2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy.

### Note

Patients should have undergone a liver biopsy at some point since initial diagnosis to obtain histological evidence of chronic hepatitis.

PBS-subsidised entecavir monohydrate must be used as monotherapy.

|       |             |    |   |    |          |           |    |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|
| 9603K | Tablet 1 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *1296.42 | Baraclude | BQ |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>LAMIVUDINE</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Patients with chronic hepatitis B who satisfy all of the following criteria:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (3) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 6257H  | Tablet 100 mg   | 56          | 5              | ..            | *317.08                                  | Zeffix GK                   |
| 6271C  | Oral solution 5 mg per mL, 240 mL                       | 5           | 5              | ..            | *369.97                                  | Zeffix GK                   |
| <b>LAMIVUDINE</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 6193Y  | Tablet 150 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *592.98                                  | 3TC VI                      |
| 6194B  | Oral solution 10 mg per mL, 240 mL                      | 8           | 5              | ..            | *725.94                                  | 3TC VI                      |
| 6435Q  | Tablet 300 mg   | 60          | 5              | ..            | *592.98                                  | 3TC VI                      |
| <b>STAVUDINE</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 6186N  | Capsule 20 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *588.82                                  | Zerit BQ                    |
| 6189R  | Capsule 30 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *700.48                                  | Zerit BQ                    |
| 6190T  | Capsule 40 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *931.82                                  | Zerit BQ                    |
| <b>TELIVUDINE</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment, as sole PBS-subsidised therapy, in a patient with chronic hepatitis B who is nucleoside analogue naive and satisfies all of the following criteria:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (3) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 9630W  | Tablet 600 mg   | 56          | 5              | ..            | *528.26                                  | Sebivo NV                   |

### TENOFOVIR

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

#### **Authority required**

Treatment, as sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of chronic hepatitis B in a patient who is nucleoside analogue naive and satisfies all of the following criteria:

(1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|

biopsy);

(2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or

(b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;

(3) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy;

Chronic hepatitis B in a patient who has failed antihepadnaviral therapy and who satisfies all of the following criteria:

(1)(a) Repeatedly elevated serum ALT levels while on concurrent antihepadnaviral therapy of greater than or equal to 6 months duration in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or

(b) Repeatedly elevated HBV DNA levels one log greater than the nadir value or failure to achieve a 1 log reduction in HBV DNA within 3 months, whilst on previous antihepadnaviral therapy except in patients with evidence of poor compliance;

(2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy.

### **Note**

Patients should have undergone a liver biopsy at some point since initial diagnosis to obtain histological evidence of chronic hepatitis.

Patients may receive tenofovir treatment in combination with lamivudine but not with other PBS-subsidised antihepadnaviral therapy.

|       |  |    |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 6358P | Tablet containing tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *1011.26 | Viread | GI |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|

### **ZIDOVUDINE**

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |                            |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|----------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 6153W | Capsule 100 mg             | 400 | 5 | .. | *861.14  | Retrovir | GK |
| 6154X | Capsule 250 mg             | 240 | 5 | .. | *1279.18 | Retrovir | GK |
| 6155Y | Syrup 10 mg per mL, 200 mL | 15  | 5 | .. | *706.62  | Retrovir | GK |

### ***Non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors***

#### **EFAVIRENZ**

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

#### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                    |     |   |    |         |         |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|-----|---|----|---------|---------|----|
| 6356M | Tablet 600 mg                      | 60  | 5 | .. | *947.92 | Stocrin | MK |
| 6372J | Oral solution 30 mg per mL, 180 mL | 7   | 5 | .. | *994.96 | Stocrin | MK |
| 9618F | Tablet 200 mg                      | 180 | 5 | .. | *947.92 | Stocrin | MK |

#### **ETRAVIRINE**

#### **Authority required**

Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance.

Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.

|       |               |     |   |    |          |           |    |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|
| 9639H | Tablet 100 mg | 240 | 5 | .. | *1279.42 | Intelence | JC |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|

#### **NEVIRAPINE**

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 6215D | Tablet 200 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *571.30                                  | Viramune BY                 |
| 9571R | Oral suspension 50 mg (as hemihydrate) per 5 mL, 240 mL | 10          | 5              | ..            | *1396.42                                 | Viramune BY                 |

### *Antivirals for treatment of HIV infections, combinations*

#### **ABACAVIR with LAMIVUDINE**

##### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient over 12 years of age, weighing 40 kg or more, with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient over 12 years of age, weighing 40 kg or more, has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |    |   |    |          |           |
|-------|---|----|---|----|----------|-----------|
| 6458X | Tablet containing abacavir 600 mg (as sulfate) with lamivudine 300 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *1174.42 | Kivexa VI |
|-------|---|----|---|----|----------|-----------|

#### **ABACAVIR with LAMIVUDINE and ZIDOVUDINE**

##### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient over 12 years of age, weighing 40 kg or more, with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient over 12 years of age, weighing 40 kg or more, has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |     |   |    |          |             |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|-------------|
| 6327B | Tablet containing abacavir 300 mg (as sulfate) with lamivudine 150 mg and zidovudine 300 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | *1750.42 | Trizivir VI |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|-------------|

#### **LAMIVUDINE with ZIDOVUDINE**

##### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |                      |     |   |    |          |             |
|-------|----------------------|-----|---|----|----------|-------------|
| 6234D | Tablet 150 mg-300 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | *1203.62 | Combivir VI |
|-------|----------------------|-----|---|----|----------|-------------|

#### **LOPINAVIR with RITONAVIR**

##### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |     |   |    |          |            |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|------------|
| 6341R | Oral liquid 400 mg-100 mg per 5 mL, 60 mL | 10  | 5 | .. | *1336.42 | Kaletra AB |
| 6495W | Tablet 200 mg-50 mg                       | 240 | 5 | .. | *1416.42 | Kaletra AB |
| 9633B | Tablet 100 mg-25 mg                       | 120 | 5 | .. | *362.62  | Kaletra AB |

#### **TENOFOVIR with EMTRICITABINE**

##### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |  |    |   |    |          |            |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|------------|
| 6468K | Tablet containing tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *1576.62 | Truvada GI |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|------------|

#### **TENOFOVIR with EMTRICITABINE and EFAVIRENZ**

##### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 9650X | Tablet containing tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and efavirenz 600 mg | 60          | 5              | ..            | *2481.90                                 | Atripla GI                  |

### *Other antivirals*

#### **ENFUVIRTIDE**

##### **Authority required**

Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance.

Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |           |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|-----------|
| 6455R | Pack containing 60 vials powder for injection 90 mg with 60 vials water for injections 1.1 mL (with syringes and swabs) | 2 | 5 | .. | *4472.42 | Fuzeon RO |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|-----------|

#### **MARAVIROC**

##### **Authority required**

Treatment, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents, of an antiretroviral experienced patient infected with only CCR5-tropic HIV-1, who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance. A tropism assay to determine CCR5 only strain status is required prior to initiation. Individuals with CXCR4 tropism demonstrated at any time point are not eligible.

Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.

|       |               |     |   |    |          |              |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|----------|--------------|
| 9572T | Tablet 150 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | *1881.82 | Celsentri PF |
| 9573W | Tablet 300 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | *1881.82 | Celsentri PF |

#### **RALTEGRAVIR**

##### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |                              |     |   |    |          |              |
|-------|------------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|--------------|
| 9629T | Tablet 400 mg (as potassium) | 120 | 5 | .. | *1377.52 | Isentress MK |
|-------|------------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|--------------|

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

## Antineoplastic agents

### Antimetabolites

#### *Pyrimidine analogues*

#### AZACITIDINE

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe azacitidine may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe azacitidine should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

##### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with:

- (1) Myelodysplastic syndrome classified as Intermediate-2 or high risk according to the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS); OR
- (2) Chronic Myelomonocytic Leukaemia (10% to 29% marrow blasts without Myeloproliferative Disorder); OR
- (3) Acute Myeloid Leukaemia with 20 to 30% marrow blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation (WHO) Classification.

Classification of a patient as Intermediate-2 requires a score of 1.5 to 2.0 on the IPSS, achieved with the possible combinations:

1. 11% to 30% marrow blasts with good karyotypic status (normal, -Y alone, del(5q) alone, del(20q) alone), and 0 to 1 cytopenias; OR
2. 11% to 20% marrow blasts with intermediate karyotypic status (other abnormalities), and 0 to 1 cytopenias; OR
3. 11% to 20% marrow blasts with good karyotypic status (normal, -Y alone, del(5q) alone, del(20q) alone), and 2 to 3 cytopenias; OR
4. 5% to 10% marrow blasts with poor karyotypic status (3 or more abnormalities or chromosome 7 anomalies), regardless of cytopenias; OR
5. 5% to 10% marrow blasts with intermediate karyotypic status (other abnormalities), and 2 to 3 cytopenias; OR
6. less than 5% marrow blasts with poor karyotypic status (3 or more abnormalities or chromosome 7 anomalies), and 2 to 3 cytopenias.

Classification of a patient as high risk requires a score of 2.5 or more on the IPSS, achieved with the possible combinations:

1. 21% to 30% marrow blasts with good karyotypic status (normal, -Y alone, del(5q) alone, del(20q) alone), and 2 to 3 cytopenias; OR
2. 21% to 30% marrow blasts with intermediate (other abnormalities) or poor karyotypic status (3 or more abnormalities or chromosome 7 anomalies), regardless of cytopenias; OR
3. 11% to 20% marrow blasts with poor karyotypic status (3 or more abnormalities or chromosome 7 anomalies), regardless of cytopenias; OR
4. 11% to 20% marrow blasts with intermediate karyotypic status (other abnormalities), and 2 to 3 cytopenias.

The first authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Azacitidine PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a copy of the bone marrow biopsy report demonstrating that the patient has myelodysplastic syndrome, chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia or acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- (d) a copy of the full blood examination report; and
- (e) for myelodysplastic syndrome, a copy of the pathology report detailing the cytogenetics demonstrating intermediate-2 or high risk disease according to the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS); and
- (f) a signed patient acknowledgment form.

No more than three cycles will be authorised.

##### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                             |    |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 6100C | Powder for injection 100 mg | 14 | 2 | .. | *7746.46 | Vidaza | CJ |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|

#### AZACITIDINE

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe azacitidine may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe azacitidine should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of a patient with:

- (1) Myelodysplastic syndrome classified as Intermediate-2 or high risk according to the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS); OR
- (2) Chronic Myelomonocytic Leukaemia (10% to 29% marrow blasts without Myeloproliferative Disorder); OR
- (3) Acute Myeloid Leukaemia with 20 to 30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation (WHO) Classification; who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for azacitidine and does not have progressive disease.

Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Up to six cycles will be authorised.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                             |    |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 6138C | Powder for injection 100 mg | 14 | 5 | .. | *7746.46 | Vidaza | CJ |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|

## Cytotoxic antibiotics and related substances

### *Anthracyclines and related substances*

#### **DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE, PEGYLATED LIPOSOMAL**

### **Authority required**

Treatment of AIDS-related Kaposi's sarcoma in patients with CD4 cell counts of less than 200 per cubic millimetre and extensive mucocutaneous involvement;

Treatment of AIDS-related Kaposi's sarcoma in patients with CD4 cell counts of less than 200 per cubic millimetre and extensive visceral involvement.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 6249X | Suspension for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 10 mL | 4 | 5 | .. | *2538.38 | Caelyx | JC |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|--------|----|

## Immunostimulants

### **Immunostimulants**

#### *Colony stimulating factors*

#### **FILGRASTIM**

### **Authority required**

For use in a patient undergoing induction and consolidation therapy for acute myeloid leukaemia;

Mobilisation of peripheral blood progenitor cells to facilitate harvest of such cells for autologous transplantation into a patient with a non-myeloid malignancy who has had myeloablative or myelosuppressive therapy;

Mobilisation of peripheral blood progenitor cells, in a normal volunteer, for use in allogeneic transplantation;

A patient receiving marrow-ablative chemotherapy and subsequent bone marrow transplantation;

A patient with a non-myeloid malignancy receiving marrow-ablative chemotherapy and subsequent autologous peripheral blood progenitor cell transplantation;

A patient with breast cancer receiving standard dose adjuvant chemotherapy who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

A patient receiving chemotherapy for B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

A patient receiving first-line chemotherapy for Hodgkin disease who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|-------|--|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|       | drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient receiving chemotherapy for myeloma who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia, and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient with severe congenital neutropenia (absolute neutrophil count of less than 100 million cells per litre measured on 3 occasions, with readings at least 2 weeks apart, and in whom a bone marrow examination has shown evidence of maturational arrest of the neutrophil lineage);  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient with severe chronic neutropenia (absolute neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre measured on 3 occasions, with readings at least 2 weeks apart, or evidence of neutrophil dysfunction, and, either having experienced a life-threatening infectious episode requiring hospitalisation and treatment with intravenous antibiotics in the previous 12 months, or having recurrent clinically significant infections (a minimum of 3 in the previous 12 months));  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient with chronic cyclic neutropenia (absolute neutrophil count of less than 500 million cells per litre lasting for 3 days per cycle, measured over 3 separate cycles, and, either having experienced a life-threatening infectious episode requiring hospitalisation and treatment with intravenous antibiotics, or having recurrent clinically significant infections (a minimum of 3 in the previous 12 months));   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient with inoperable Stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell carcinoma of the oral cavity, larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx receiving neoadjuvant treatment with docetaxel in combination with cisplatin and fluorouracil who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned. |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | <b><u>Authority required</u></b>   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in acute lymphoblastic leukaemia;   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in breast cancer (adjuvant chemotherapy with docetaxel in combination with an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide);  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in germ cell tumours;   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in infants and children with CNS tumours;   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in neuroblastoma;   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in non-Hodgkin lymphoma (aggressive grades; or low grade receiving an anthracycline-containing regimen);  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in relapsed Hodgkin disease;  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in sarcoma.   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 6126K | Injection 300 micrograms in 1 mL   | 20          | 11             | ..            | *3054.42                                 | Neupogen AN                 |
| 6127L | Injection 480 micrograms in 1.6 mL   | 20          | 11             | ..            | *4860.42                                 | Neupogen AN                 |
| 6291D | Injection 300 micrograms in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe   | 20          | 11             | ..            | *3054.42                                 | Neupogen AN                 |
| 6292E | Injection 480 micrograms in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe   | 20          | 11             | ..            | *4860.42                                 | Neupogen AN                 |

### LENOGRASTIM

#### **Authority required**

Mobilisation of peripheral blood progenitor cells to facilitate harvest of such cells for reinfusion into patients with non-myeloid malignancies who have had myeloablative or myelosuppressive therapy;

Mobilisation of peripheral blood progenitor cells, in normal volunteers, for use in allogeneic transplantation to facilitate harvest of such cells in healthy donors;

Patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving marrow-ablative chemotherapy and subsequent peripheral blood progenitor cell or bone marrow transplantation;

Patients with breast cancer receiving standard dose adjuvant chemotherapy who have had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

Patients receiving first-line chemotherapy for Hodgkin's disease who have had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned.

#### **Authority required**

Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in acute lymphoblastic leukaemia;

Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in Ewing's sarcoma;

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|       |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |
|       | Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in germ cell tumours;                                   |             |                |               |                             |                             |
|       | Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in infants and children with CNS tumours;               |             |                |               |                             |                             |
|       | Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in neuroblastoma;                                       |             |                |               |                             |                             |
|       | Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (intermediate or high grade); |             |                |               |                             |                             |
|       | Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in osteosarcoma;  |             |                |               |                             |                             |
|       | Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in relapsed Hodgkin's disease;                          |             |                |               |                             |                             |
|       | Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in rhabdomyosarcoma.                                    |             |                |               |                             |                             |
| 6337M | Powder for injection 13,400,000 i.u. (105 micrograms)   | 20          | 11             | ..            | *1071.42                    | Granocyte 13 HH             |
| 6338N | Powder for injection 33,600,000 i.u. (263 micrograms)   | 20          | 11             | ..            | *2613.62                    | Granocyte 34 HH             |

### PEGFILGRASTIM

#### Authority required

For use in a patient undergoing induction and consolidation therapy for acute myeloid leukaemia;

A patient with breast cancer receiving standard dose adjuvant chemotherapy who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

A patient receiving chemotherapy for B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

A patient receiving first-line chemotherapy for Hodgkin disease who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

A patient receiving chemotherapy for myeloma who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia, and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

A patient with inoperable Stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell carcinoma of the oral cavity, larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx receiving neoadjuvant treatment with docetaxel in combination with cisplatin and fluorouracil who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned.

#### Authority required

A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in acute lymphoblastic leukaemia;

A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in breast cancer (adjuvant chemotherapy with docetaxel in combination with an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide);

A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in germ cell tumours;

A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in infants and children with CNS tumours;

A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in neuroblastoma;

A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in non-Hodgkin lymphoma (aggressive grades; or low grade receiving an anthracycline-containing regimen);

A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in relapsed Hodgkin disease;

A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in sarcoma.

|       |  |   |    |    |         |             |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|-------------|
| 6363X | Injection 6 mg in 0.6 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 1 | 11 | .. | 1971.42 | Neulasta AN |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|-------------|

## Interferons

### INTERFERON ALFA-2a

#### Caution

Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form           | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for |           | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
|   |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$        |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>   |   |             |                |               |                        |           |                             |
| Use in the treatment of Philadelphia chromosome positive myelogenous leukaemia in the chronic phase;  |   |             |                |               |                        |           |                             |
| Patients with chronic hepatitis B who satisfy all of the following criteria:  |   |             |                |               |                        |           |                             |
| (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);                |   |             |                |               |                        |           |                             |
| (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or   |   |             |                |               |                        |           |                             |
| (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;   |   |             |                |               |                        |           |                             |
| (3) Are not persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L); |   |             |                |               |                        |           |                             |
| (4) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.  |   |             |                |               |                        |           |                             |
| 6210W   | Injection 3,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 30          | 5              | ..            | *936.12                | Roferon-A | RO                          |
| 6211X   | Injection 4,500,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 30          | 5              | ..            | *1387.32               | Roferon-A | RO                          |
| 6212Y   | Injection 6,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 30          | 5              | ..            | *1833.72               | Roferon-A | RO                          |
| 6213B   | Injection 9,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 30          | 5              | ..            | *2727.72               | Roferon-A | RO                          |

### INTERFERON ALFA-2b

#### Caution

Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### Authority required

Adjunctive therapy of malignant melanoma following surgery in patients with nodal involvement;

Use in the treatment of Philadelphia chromosome positive myelogenous leukaemia in the chronic phase;

Patients with chronic hepatitis B who satisfy all of the following criteria:

(1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);

(2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or

(b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;

(3) Are not persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L);

(4) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

|       |   |    |   |    |          |                  |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|----------|------------------|----|
| 6218G | Solution for injection 18,000,000 i.u. in 3 mL single dose vial           | 15 | 5 | .. | *2727.57 | Intron A         | SH |
| 6219H | Solution for injection 25,000,000 i.u. in 2.5 mL single dose vial         | 15 | 5 | .. | *3770.22 | Intron A         | SH |
| 6246R | Solution for injection 10,000,000 i.u. in 1 mL single dose vial           | 15 | 5 | .. | *1535.91 | Intron A         | SH |
| 6253D | Solution for injection 18,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 2  | 5 | .. | *378.20  | Intron A Redipen | SH |
| 6254E | Solution for injection 30,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 2  | 5 | .. | *626.06  | Intron A Redipen | SH |
| 6255F | Solution for injection 60,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 2  | 5 | .. | *1238.02 | Intron A Redipen | SH |

### INTERFERON GAMMA-1b

#### Authority required

Treatment of chronic granulomatous disease in patients with frequent and severe infections despite adequate prophylaxis with antimicrobial agents.

|       |                                    |    |    |    |          |        |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------|--------|----|
| 6148N | Injection 2,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL | 12 | 11 | .. | *2768.22 | Imukin | BY |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------|--------|----|

### PEGINTERFERON ALFA-2a

#### Caution

Treatment with peginterferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### Authority required

Monotherapy in patients with chronic hepatitis B and compensated liver disease who satisfy all of the following criteria:

(1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);

(2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or

(b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;

(3) Have received no prior peginterferon alfa therapy for the treatment of hepatitis B;

(4) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception;

(5) Are not persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
|       | 30 micromoles per L).<br>Treatment is limited to 1 course of treatment for a duration of up to 48 weeks;<br>Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no prior interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa treatment for hepatitis C and have a contraindication to ribavirin, who satisfy all of the following criteria:<br>(1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);<br>(2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.<br>The treatment course is limited to up to 48 weeks.<br>Patients may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks if the result of an HCV RNA quantitative assay (performed at the same laboratory using the same test) shows that the plasma HCV RNA has become undetectable or the viral load has decreased by at least a 2 log drop. |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:<br>(a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and<br>(b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and<br>(c) an established liver clinic; and<br>(d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.  |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 6439X | Injection 135 micrograms in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe  | 8           | 5              | ..            | *2378.22                                 | Pegasys                     | RO |
| 6449K | Injection 180 micrograms in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe  | 8           | 5              | ..            | *2746.88                                 | Pegasys                     | RO |

### PEGINTERFERON ALFA-2b

#### **Caution**

Treatment with peginterferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### **Authority required**

Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no prior interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa treatment for hepatitis C and have a contraindication to ribavirin, who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);
  - (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.
- The treatment course is limited to up to 48 weeks.

Patients may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks if the result of an HCV RNA quantitative assay (performed at the same laboratory using the same test) shows that the plasma HCV RNA has become undetectable or the viral load has decreased by at least a 2 log drop.

#### **Note**

Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:

- (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and
- (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and
- (c) an established liver clinic; and
- (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.

|       |  |   |   |    |          |                       |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|----------|-----------------------|----|
| 6411K | Powder for injection 50 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *1886.42 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |
| 6412L | Powder for injection 80 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *2990.42 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |
| 6413M | Powder for injection 100 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *3726.42 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |
| 6414N | Powder for injection 120 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *4462.42 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |
| 6415P | Powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *5566.42 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |

### RIBAVIRIN and PEGINTERFERON ALFA-2a

#### **Caution**

Treatment with peginterferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### **Caution**

Ribavirin is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy in female patients or in the partners of male patients must be avoided during treatment and during the 6 months period after cessation of treatment.

#### **Authority required**

Patients naive to interferon based therapies (non-pegylated or pegylated)

Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

who have received no prior interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa treatment for hepatitis C and who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);
- (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and both patient and their partner are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Male patients and their partners are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Female partners of male patients are not pregnant.

For patients with genotype 2 or 3 hepatitis C without hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis, the treatment course is limited to 24 weeks. For hepatitis C patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 and those genotype 2 or 3 patients with hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis, the treatment course is limited to 48 weeks.

Patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who are eligible for 48 weeks of treatment may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks if the result of an HCV RNA quantitative assay (performed at the same laboratory using the same test) shows that the plasma HCV RNA has become undetectable or the viral load has decreased by at least a 2 log drop. (An HCV RNA assay at week 12 is unnecessary for genotype 2 and 3 patients because of the high likelihood of early viral response by week 12).

Patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who are viral positive at week 12 but have attained at least a 2 log drop in viral load may only continue treatment after the first 24 weeks of treatment if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24. Similarly, genotype 2 or 3 patients with hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis may only continue treatment after the first 24 weeks if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24. An HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24 is unnecessary for those patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who became viral negative at week 12.

### **Note**

Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:

- (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and
- (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and
- (c) an established liver clinic; and
- (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.

### **Authority required**

Patients who have failed one prior attempt at interferon based therapies (non-pegylated or pegylated)

Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no more than one prior treatment with interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa for hepatitis C and who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);
- (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and both patient and their partner are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Male patients and their partners are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Female partners of male patients are not pregnant.

The treatment course is limited to 48 weeks. Patients may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks of treatment if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 12.

### **Note**

Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:

- (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and
- (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and
- (c) an established liver clinic; and
- (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |             |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|-------------|----|
| 6392K | Pack containing 168 tablets ribavirin 200 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes peginterferon alfa-2a injection 135 micrograms | 2 | 5 | .. | *3119.26 | Pegasys RBV | RO |
| 6394M | Pack containing 112 tablets ribavirin 200 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes peginterferon alfa-2a injection 180 micrograms | 2 | 5 | .. | *3131.70 | Pegasys RBV | RO |
| 6395N | Pack containing 140 tablets ribavirin 200 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes peginterferon alfa-2a injection 180 micrograms | 2 | 5 | .. | *3292.24 | Pegasys RBV | RO |
| 6396P | Pack containing 168 tablets ribavirin 200 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes peginterferon alfa-2a injection 180 micrograms | 2 | 5 | .. | *3452.78 | Pegasys RBV | RO |

### **RIBAVIRIN and PEGINTERFERON ALFA-2b**

#### **Caution**

Treatment with peginterferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### **Caution**

Ribavirin is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy in female patients or in the partners of male patients must be avoided during treatment and during the 6 months period after cessation of treatment.

#### **Authority required**

Patients naive to interferon based therapies (non-pegylated or pegylated)

Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no prior interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa treatment for hepatitis C and who satisfy all of the following criteria:

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <p>(1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);<br/>           (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and both patient and their partner are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Male patients and their partners are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Female partners of male patients are not pregnant.<br/>           For patients with genotype 2 or 3 hepatitis C without hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis, the treatment course is limited to 24 weeks. For hepatitis C patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 and those genotype 2 or 3 patients with hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis, the treatment course is limited to 48 weeks.<br/>           Patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who are eligible for 48 weeks of treatment may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks if the result of an HCV RNA quantitative assay (performed at the same laboratory using the same test) shows that the plasma HCV RNA has become undetectable or the viral load has decreased by at least a 2 log drop. (An HCV RNA assay at week 12 is unnecessary for genotype 2 and 3 patients because of the high likelihood of early viral response by week 12).<br/>           Patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who are viral positive at week 12 but have attained at least a 2 log drop in viral load may only continue treatment after the first 24 weeks of treatment if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24. Similarly, genotype 2 or 3 patients with hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis may only continue treatment after the first 24 weeks if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24. An HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24 is unnecessary for those patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who became viral negative at week 12.</p> |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (c) an established liver clinic; and   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Patients who have failed one prior attempt at interferon based therapies (non-pegylated or pegylated)  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no more than one prior treatment with interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa for hepatitis C and who satisfy all of the following criteria:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and both patient and their partner are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Male patients and their partners are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Female partners of male patients are not pregnant.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| The treatment course is limited to 48 weeks. Patients may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks of treatment if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 12.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (c) an established liver clinic; and   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 6399T  | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 50 micrograms with diluent   | 2           | 5              | ..            | *1881.18                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6400W  | Pack containing 112 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 50 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2166.16                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6401X  | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 80 micrograms with diluent   | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2469.14                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6402Y  | Pack containing 140 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 80 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2754.08                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6403B  | Pack containing 168 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 80 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2754.08                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6404C  | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 100 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2861.08                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6405D  | Pack containing 112 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 100 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3146.04                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6406E  | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 120 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3253.04                                 | Pegatron SH                 |

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 6407F | Pack containing 140 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 120 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3538.00                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6408G | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3840.98                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6409H | Pack containing 140 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *4125.94                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 6410J | Pack containing 168 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *4125.94                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9634C | Pack containing 196 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *4410.90                                 | Pegatron SH                 |

### Immunosuppressants

#### Immunosuppressants

##### *Selective immunosuppressants*

###### **ABATACEPT**

###### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe abatacept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Further prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe abatacept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

###### **Note**

###### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with abatacept, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

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The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion. Up to a maximum of 4 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 4 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with abatacept.

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Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with abatacept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with abatacept, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with abatacept and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised abatacept treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion. Up to a maximum of 4 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 4 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised abatacept treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised abatacept treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with abatacept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with abatacept, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with abatacept; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with abatacept.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

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All applications for continuing treatment with abatacept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with abatacept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with abatacept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |         |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|---------|----|
| 9621J | Powder for I.V. infusion 250 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 531.03 | Orencia | BQ |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|---------|----|

### EVEROLIMUS

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of renal allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of cardiac allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |                |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 6459Y | Tablet 0.25 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | *506.24  | Certican | NV |
| 6460B | Tablet 0.5 mg  | 120 | 5 | .. | *1006.06 | Certican | NV |
| 6461C | Tablet 0.75 mg | 240 | 5 | .. | *2930.02 | Certican | NV |
| 9582H | Tablet 1 mg    | 240 | 5 | .. | *3891.22 | Certican | NV |

### MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of renal allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of cardiac allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |   |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 6208R | Capsule 250 mg                                  | 600 | 5 | .. | *1157.82 | CellCept | RO |
| 6209T | Tablet 500 mg                                   | 300 | 5 | .. | *1157.82 | CellCept | RO |
| 6364Y | Powder for oral suspension 1 g per 5 mL, 165 mL | 2   | 5 | .. | *#517.53 | CellCept | RO |

### MYCOPHENOLATE SODIUM

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of renal allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |  |     |   |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--|-----|---|----|---------|----------|----|
| 6369F | Tablet (enteric coated) 180 mg (mycophenolic acid) | 240 | 5 | .. | *468.76 | Myfortic | NV |
| 6370G | Tablet (enteric coated) 360 mg (mycophenolic acid) | 240 | 5 | .. | *931.10 | Myfortic | NV |

### NATALIZUMAB

#### Caution

Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy has been reported with this drug.

#### Note

Neurologists prescribing natalizumab under the PBS listing must be registered with the Tysabri Australian Prescribing Program.

#### Authority required

Initial treatment, as monotherapy, by a neurologist, of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in an ambulatory (without assistance or support) patient 18 years of age or older, who has experienced at least 2 documented attacks of neurological dysfunction, believed to be due to multiple sclerosis, in the preceding 2 years.

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The diagnosis must be confirmed by magnetic resonance imaging of the brain and/or spinal cord and the date of the scan included in the authority application, unless the authority application is accompanied by written certification provided by a radiologist that an MRI scan is contraindicated because of the risk of physical (not psychological) injury to the patient.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment, as monotherapy, of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in a patient previously issued with an authority prescription for this drug who does not show continuing progression of disability while on treatment with this drug, and who has demonstrated compliance with, and an ability to tolerate, this therapy.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |         |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|---------|----|
| 9624M | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 300 mg in 15 mL | 1 | 5 | .. | 2084.88 | Tysabri | BD |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|---------|----|

### **SIROLIMUS**

#### **Caution**

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### **Authority required**

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of renal allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |                                  |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 6436R | Tablet 1 mg                      | 200 | 5 | .. | *1493.08 | Rapamune | WX |
| 6437T | Oral solution 1 mg per mL, 60 mL | 2   | 5 | .. | *979.86  | Rapamune | WX |
| 6457W | Tablet 2 mg                      | 200 | 5 | .. | *2939.76 | Rapamune | WX |

## ***Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-alpha) inhibitors***

### **ADALIMUMAB**

#### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### **Note**

TREATMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any 1 time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

(6) Withdrawal of treatment after sustained remission.

Withdrawal of treatment with bDMARDs should be considered in a patient who has achieved and sustained complete remission of disease for 12 months. A demonstration of response to the current treatment should be submitted to Medicare Australia at the time treatment is ceased.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient recommencing after a break of more than 12 months).

Initial treatment by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years:

- (a) who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; AND
- (b) whose parent or authorised guardian has signed a patient acknowledgement; AND
- (c) who has not received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition in the previous 12 months; AND
- (d) who has demonstrated either:
  - (i) severe intolerance of, or toxicity due to, methotrexate (see below for definition of severe intolerance and toxicity); or
  - (ii) failure to achieve an adequate response to 1 or more of the following treatment regimens:
    - oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg per square metre weekly, alone or in combination with oral or intra-articular corticosteroids, for a minimum of 3 months; or
    - oral methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg per square metre weekly together with at least 1 other DMARD, alone or in combination with corticosteroids, for a minimum of 3 months. (Note: use of alternative DMARDs in children is dependent on approval by the Therapeutic Goods Administration as age restrictions may apply.)

Severe intolerance is defined as intractable nausea and vomiting and general malaise unresponsive to manoeuvres, including reducing or omitting concomitant NSAIDs on the day of methotrexate administration, use of folic acid supplementation, or administering the dose of methotrexate in 2 divided doses over 24 hours.

Toxicity is defined as evidence of hepatotoxicity with repeated elevations of transaminases, bone marrow suppression temporally related to methotrexate use, pneumonitis, or serious sepsis.

If treatment with methotrexate alone or in combination with another DMARD is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of this toxicity at the time of application.

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

- (a) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; OR
- (b) at least 4 active joints from the following list:
  - (i) elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - (ii) shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count assessment should be performed preferably whilst still on DMARD treatment, but no longer than 4 weeks following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) an acknowledgement signed by a parent or authorised guardian.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

At the time of authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of injections of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for two doses. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months).

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for a patient who has received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab in this treatment cycle and who wishes to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of injections of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for two doses. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under either of the Initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, the patient must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, the patient must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to that particular course of bDMARD.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 ('grandfather' patients).

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with adalimumab, by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) was receiving treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 March 2010; and
- (c) has demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with adalimumab at the time of application.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) an acknowledgement signed by a parent or authorised guardian.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of injections of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for two doses. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of the course in order to ensure continuity of treatment.

A patient ceasing treatment or swapping to an alternate agent and wishing to demonstrate a response to treatment, must be assessed no earlier than 12 weeks from the commencement of PBS-subsidised treatment. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient:

- (a) who has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) who has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle was with adalimumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of injections of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for two doses. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with adalimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

|       |  |   |    |    |         |        |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|--------|----|
| 9678J | Injection 20 mg in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | .. | .. | 1676.42 | Humira | AB |
| 9679K | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | .. | .. | 1676.42 | Humira | AB |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 9680L | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen                | 2           | ..             | ..            | 1676.42                                  | Humira AB                   |

### ETANERCEPT

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

TREATMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any 1 time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### (6) Withdrawal of treatment after sustained remission.

Withdrawal of treatment with bDMARDs should be considered in a patient who has achieved and sustained complete remission of disease for 12 months. A demonstration of response to the current treatment should be submitted to Medicare Australia at the time treatment is ceased.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient recommencing after a break of more than 12 months).

Initial treatment by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years:

- (a) who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; AND
- (b) whose parent or authorised guardian has signed a patient acknowledgement; AND
- (c) who has not received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition in the previous 12 months; AND
- (d) who has demonstrated either:

(i) severe intolerance of, or toxicity due to, methotrexate (see below for definition of severe intolerance and toxicity); or

(ii) failure to achieve an adequate response to 1 or more of the following treatment regimens:

— oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg per square metre weekly, alone or in combination with oral or intra-articular corticosteroids, for a minimum of 3 months; or

— oral methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg per square metre weekly together with at least 1 other DMARD, alone or in combination with corticosteroids, for a minimum of 3 months. (Note: use of alternative DMARDs in children is dependent on approval by the Therapeutic Goods Administration as age restrictions may apply.)

Severe intolerance is defined as intractable nausea and vomiting and general malaise unresponsive to manoeuvres, including reducing or omitting concomitant NSAIDs on the day of methotrexate administration, use of folic acid supplementation, or administering the dose of methotrexate in 2 divided doses over 24 hours.

Toxicity is defined as evidence of hepatotoxicity with repeated elevations of transaminases, bone marrow suppression temporally related to methotrexate use, pneumonitis, or serious sepsis.

If treatment with methotrexate alone or in combination with another DMARD is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of this toxicity at the time of application.

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

- (a) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; OR
- (b) at least 4 active joints from the following list:
  - (i) elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - (ii) shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count assessment should be performed preferably whilst still on DMARD treatment, but no longer than 4 weeks following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) an acknowledgement signed by a parent or authorised guardian.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months).

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with etanercept for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for a patient who has received PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept in this treatment cycle and who wishes to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under either of the Initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, the patient must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, the patient must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to that particular course of bDMARD.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

### Authority required

Continuing treatment.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient:

- (a) who has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) who has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with etanercept; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle was with etanercept.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with etanercept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |        |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|--------|----|
| 6367D | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 854.02 | Enbrel | WX |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|--------|----|

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### ETANERCEPT

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

TREATMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any 1 time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### (6) Withdrawal of treatment after sustained remission.

Withdrawal of treatment with bDMARDs should be considered in a patient who has achieved and sustained complete remission of disease for 12 months. A demonstration of response to the current treatment should be submitted to Medicare Australia at the time treatment is ceased.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient 18 years or older:

- (a) who has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) who has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with etanercept; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle was with etanercept.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with etanercept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle.

Where a patient with severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis continues treatment with etanercept and is 18 years or older, etanercept 50 mg may be prescribed.

|       |  |   |    |    |         |        |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|--------|----|
| 9615C | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4 | 1 | .. | .. | 1676.43 | Enbrel | WX |
| 9641K | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4        | 1 | .. | .. | 1676.43 | Enbrel | WX |

### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab for adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 4 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 March 2007, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonists without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 March 2007 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 March 2007.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than once. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2007, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for ankylosing spondylitis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2007.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab, etanercept and golimumab and 18 weeks of treatment for infliximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the BASDAI), or the prior NSAID therapy and exercise program requirements.

A patient may trial an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

For a new patient, the BASDAI used to determine the baseline must be measured while the patient is receiving NSAID therapy and completing their exercise program.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with at least 1 NSAID, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP levels are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with golimumab for active ankylosing spondylitis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with golimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with active ankylosing spondylitis who has radiographically (plain X-ray) confirmed Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis and who has not received any PBS-subsidised treatment with either adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab or infliximab in this treatment cycle; AND

(a) who has at least 2 of the following:

- (i) low back pain and stiffness for 3 or more months that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; or
- (ii) limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by a score of at least 1 on each of the lumbar flexion and lumbar side flexion measurements of the Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) [for further information on the BASMI please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; or
- (iii) limitation of chest expansion relative to normal values for age and gender [for chest expansion normal values please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; AND

(b) who has failed to achieve an adequate response following treatment with at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), whilst completing an appropriate exercise program, for a total period of 3 months.

The application must include details of the NSAIDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment. If the NSAID dose is less than the maximum recommended dose in the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must include the reason a higher dose cannot be used.

If treatment with NSAIDs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must provide details of the contraindication.

If intolerance to NSAID treatment develops during the relevant period of use which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, the application must provide details of the nature and severity of this intolerance. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

For details on the appropriate minimum exercise program that will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction, please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated at the time of the initial application:

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

- (a) a Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 4 on a 0-10 scale; AND  
 (b) an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 10 mg per L.

The BASDAI must be determined at the completion of the 3 month NSAID and exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI must be no more than 1 month old at the time of initial application.

Both ESR and CRP measures should be provided with the initial treatment application and both must be no more than 1 month old. If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which must include the following:  
 (i) a copy of the radiological report confirming Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis; and  
 (ii) a completed BASDAI Assessment Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and  
 (iii) a completed Exercise Program Self Certification Form included in the supporting information form; and  
 (iv) a signed patient acknowledgment form.

The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

A maximum of 18 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be approved under this criterion.

At the time of the authority application, the doctor should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 18 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who, in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment for this condition and is eligible to receive further TNF-alfa antagonist therapy, and has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab in the current treatment cycle.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy) the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. These assessments must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date the course was ceased. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

A maximum of 18 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be approved under this criterion.

At the time of the authority application, the doctor should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 18 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment for all patients

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who:

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|       |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |
| 6448J | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg                         | 1           | ..             | ..            | 788.19                |    | Remicade SH                 |

(a) has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with infliximab; and  
(b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy in this treatment cycle was with infliximab.

An adequate response is defined as an improvement from baseline of at least 2 of the BASDAI and 1 of the following:

- (a) an ESR measurement no greater than 25 mm per hour; or
- (b) a CRP measurement no greater than 10 mg per L; or
- (c) an ESR or CRP measurement reduced by at least 20% from baseline.

Where only 1 acute phase reactant measurement is supplied in the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment, that same marker must be measured and supplied in all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

All measurements provided must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

At the time of the authority application, the doctor should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

All applications for continuing treatment with infliximab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment following an initial treatment course it must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with infliximab. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

##### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
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course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### Note

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### Authority required

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

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|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

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A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 3 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 3 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with infliximab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with infliximab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;  
AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:  
— elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

— shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 3 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with infliximab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|
| 6397Q | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 788.19 | Remicade | SH |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|

## INFLIXIMAB

### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

(4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (3) have failed to achieve an adequate response to:
  - (a) methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly for a minimum period of 3 months; and
  - (b) sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day for a minimum period of 3 months; or
  - (c) leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily for a minimum period of 3 months.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities, including severity, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be satisfied.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 22 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
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The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

#### Initial 2

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle and are eligible to receive further biological therapy; and
- (3) have not failed treatment with infliximab during the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug within this same Cycle, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 22 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised biological therapy), patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

#### Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults:

- (1) who have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological agent for this condition in the current Treatment Cycle was with infliximab; and
- (3) who, at the time of application, demonstrate an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

An adequate response to treatment with infliximab is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with infliximab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with the initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

#### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
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Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

### (4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

### (5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|
| 6496X | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 788.19 | Remicade | SH |
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## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE REFRACTORY CROHN DISEASE

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and infliximab for adult patients with severe refractory Crohn disease. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 August 2008, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial each PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 August 2008 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 August 2008.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than twice.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2008.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and 14 weeks of therapy for infliximab.

From 1 August 2008, a patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Adalimumab only: Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats.

(b) Continuing treatment. Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap if eligible to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score, evidence of intestinal inflammation), or the prior corticosteroid therapy and immunosuppressive therapy.

A patient may trial the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug two times within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the CDAI or evidence of intestinal inflammation submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with a corticosteroid and at least 1 immunosuppressive agent, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the CDAI score or the indices of intestinal inflammation are measured.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or infliximab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe refractory Crohn disease prior to 9 November 2007 or infliximab prior to 7 March 2007 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patients)

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with severe refractory Crohn disease who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (c) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic therapy including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and
  - (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:
    - azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) have a severity of disease activity which results in a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score greater than or equal to 300 as assessed.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

The most recent CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) calculation sheet including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

A CDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2

Change or re-commencement of treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab or adalimumab for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

To demonstrate a response to treatment the application must be accompanied by the results of the most recent course of TNF-alfa antagonist therapy within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under an initial treatment restriction, the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

If the response assessment to the previous course of TNF-alfa antagonist treatment is not submitted as detailed above, the patient will be deemed to have failed therapy with that particular course of TNF-alfa antagonist.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) details of prior TNF alfa antagonist treatment including details of date and duration of treatment.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

A CDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to a level no greater than 150.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, a CDAI assessment of the patient's response must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

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The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial 1

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome or an ostomy patient.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has diagnostic imaging or surgical evidence of short gut syndrome or has an ileostomy or colostomy; and
- (c) has evidence of intestinal inflammation; and
- (d) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (e) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic drug therapy including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and
  - (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:
    - azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) have evidence of intestinal inflammation, including:
  - (i) blood: higher than normal platelet count, or, an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour, or, a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: higher than normal lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) diagnostic imaging: demonstration of increased uptake of intravenous contrast with thickening of the bowel wall or mesenteric lymphadenopathy or fat streaking in the mesentery;
 AND/OR
- (b) be assessed clinically as being in a high faecal output state;
- AND/OR
- (c) be assessed clinically as requiring surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN) as the next therapeutic option, in the absence of infliximab.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Any one of the baseline criteria may be used to determine response to an initial course of treatment and eligibility for continued therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction. However, the same criterion must be used for any subsequent determination of response to treatment, for the purpose of eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised therapy.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website

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(www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes the following:

- (i) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
- (ii) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criterion, if relevant; and
- (iii) date of the most recent clinical assessment; and
- (iv) the signed patient acknowledgement.

All assessments, pathology tests and diagnostic imaging studies must be made within 1 month of the date of application.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### Authority required

Initial 2

Change or re-commencement of treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome, an ostomy patient or a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab or adalimumab for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

To demonstrate a response to treatment the application must be accompanied by the results of the most recent course of TNF-alfa antagonist therapy within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under an initial treatment restriction, the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

If the response assessment to the previous course of TNF-alfa antagonist treatment is not submitted as detailed above, the patient will be deemed to have failed therapy with that particular course of TNF-alfa antagonist.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website (www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes the following:
  - (i) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criteria, if relevant; and
  - (ii) details of prior TNF alfa antagonist treatment including details of date and duration of treatment.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare

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Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome or an ostomy patient.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease with intestinal inflammation and with short gut syndrome or with an ileostomy or colostomy; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as:

- (a) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
- (b) reversal of high faecal output state; or
- (c) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) used to assess response to therapy or the date of clinical assessment.

The patient's assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, an assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial 1

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with severe refractory Crohn disease who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has extensive small intestinal disease with radiological evidence of intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic therapy including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and
  - (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:

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- azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
- 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
- methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

(a) have severity of disease activity which results in a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score greater than or equal to 220;

AND/OR

(b) have evidence of active intestinal inflammation, including:

(i) blood: higher than normal platelet count, or, an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour, or, a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR

(ii) faeces: higher than normal lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR

(iii) diagnostic imaging: demonstration of increased uptake of intravenous contrast with thickening of the bowel wall or mesenteric lymphadenopathy or fat streaking in the mesentery;

AND/OR

(c) be assessed clinically as being in a high faecal output state;

AND/OR

(d) be assessed clinically as requiring surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN) as the next therapeutic option, in the absence of infliximab.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Any one of the baseline criteria may be used to determine response to an initial course of treatment and eligibility for continued therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction. However, the same criterion must be used for any subsequent determination of response to treatment, for the purpose of eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised therapy.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

(a) a completed authority prescription form; and

(b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:

(i) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and

(ii) (1) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criterion, if relevant; or

(2) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) calculation sheet including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition, if relevant; and

(iii) date of the most recent clinical assessment; and

(iv) the signed patient acknowledgement.

All assessments, pathology tests and diagnostic imaging studies must be made within 1 month of the date of application.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

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### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease with extensive intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as:

- (a) a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150; or
- (b) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
  - (c) reversal of high faecal output state; or
  - (d) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; or
  - (ii) the reports and dates of the pathology test or diagnostic imaging test(s) used to assess response to therapy; or
  - (iii) the date of clinical assessment.

All assessments must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, an assessment of the patient's response must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 (grandfather)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab.

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with infliximab prior to 7 March 2007; and
- (b) had a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score of greater than or equal to 300 prior to commencing treatment with infliximab. Where a baseline CDAI assessment is not available, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab. For advice please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

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|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and baseline Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

The current CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. The baseline CDAI assessment must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with infliximab.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome, an ostomy patient, or a patient with extensive small intestine disease, who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab.

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with infliximab prior to 7 March 2007; and
- (b) (1) has a history of extensive small intestinal disease with radiological evidence of intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
- (2) has diagnostic imaging or surgical evidence of short gut syndrome or has an ileostomy or colostomy with a documented history of intestinal inflammation; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab according to the criteria included in the relevant continuation restriction. For advice please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

The same criteria used to determine an inadequate response to prior treatment at baseline must be used to determine response to treatment and eligibility for continuing therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction.

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as:

- (a) a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150; or
- (b) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
- (c) reversal of high faecal output state; or
- (d) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
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(www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) ] which includes the following:

- (i) (1) the completed current and baseline Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet, where relevant, including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; or
- (2) the reports and dates of the current and baseline pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) in order to assess response to therapy; or
- (3) the date of clinical assessment(s); and
- (ii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

The patient's assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. The baseline CDAI assessments must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with infliximab. Where a baseline assessment is not available, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

### **Note**

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE REFRACTORY CROHN DISEASE

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and infliximab for adult patients with severe refractory Crohn disease. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 August 2008, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial each PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 August 2008 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 August 2008.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than twice.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2008.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

(ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or  
 (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and 14 weeks of therapy for infliximab.

From 1 August 2008, a patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Adalimumab only: Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats.

(b) Continuing treatment. Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap if eligible to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score, evidence of intestinal inflammation), or the prior corticosteroid therapy and immunosuppressive therapy.

A patient may trial the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug two times within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the CDAI or evidence of intestinal inflammation submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with a corticosteroid and at least 1 immunosuppressive agent, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the CDAI score or the indices of intestinal inflammation are measured.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or infliximab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe refractory Crohn disease prior to 9 November 2007 or infliximab prior to 7 March 2007 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

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### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE REFRACTORY CROHN DISEASE

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and infliximab for adult patients with severe refractory Crohn disease. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 August 2008, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial each PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 August 2008 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 August 2008.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than twice.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2008.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and 14 weeks of therapy for infliximab.

From 1 August 2008, a patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Adalimumab only: Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats.

(b) Continuing treatment. Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap if eligible to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score, evidence of intestinal inflammation), or the prior corticosteroid therapy and immunosuppressive therapy.

A patient may trial the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug two times within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the CDAI or evidence of intestinal inflammation submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for |    | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with a corticosteroid and at least 1 immunosuppressive agent, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the CDAI score or the indices of intestinal inflammation are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or infliximab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe refractory Crohn disease prior to 9 November 2007 or infliximab prior to 7 March 2007 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a paediatric patient.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment by a gastroenterologist, paediatrician or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient aged 6 to 17 years inclusive with moderate to severe refractory Crohn disease who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) whose parent or authorised guardian has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (c) has failed to achieve an adequate response to 2 of the following 3 conventional prior therapies including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg or 40 mg (whichever is the lesser) prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period;
  - (ii) an 8 week course of enteral nutrition;
  - (iii) immunosuppressive therapy including:
    - azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg per square metre weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) severity of disease activity which results in a Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) Score greater than or equal to 30 as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) The most recent PCDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) calculation sheet including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) details of previous systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy], or dates of enteral nutrition; and

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

(iii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

A PCDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### Authority required

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient initiated on PBS-subsidised treatment as a paediatric patient.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, paediatrician, consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of moderate to severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as a reduction in Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) Score by at least 15 points as compared to baseline AND a total PCDAI score of 30 points or less.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The PCDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, a PCDAI assessment of the patient's response must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients who fail to demonstrate or sustain a response to treatment with infliximab for Crohn disease as specified in the criteria for continuing treatment with infliximab, will not be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of Crohn disease in a paediatric patient who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, paediatrician, consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient aged 6 to 17 years inclusive who:

(a) has a documented history of moderate to severe refractory Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with infliximab prior to 4 July 2007; and

(b) had a Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) Score of greater than 30 prior to commencing treatment with infliximab. Where a baseline CDAI assessment is not available, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss; and

(c) whose parent or authorised guardian has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and

(d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab. For advice please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as a reduction in Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) Score by at least 15 points as compared to baseline AND a total PCDAI score of 30 points or less.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and baseline Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

The current PCDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. The baseline PCDAI assessment must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with infliximab.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients who fail to demonstrate or sustain a response to treatment with infliximab for Crohn disease as specified in the criteria for continuing treatment with infliximab, will not be eligible to recommence PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |          |    |
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| 9612X | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 788.19 | Remicade | SH |
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### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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HOBART TAS 7001

### Authority required

Initial treatment of complex refractory FISTULISING CROHN DISEASE.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease who:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has an externally draining enterocutaneous or rectovaginal fistula; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criteria for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Fistulising Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) a completed current Fistula Assessment Form including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) a signed patient acknowledgement.

The most recent fistula assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6 will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

An assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (up to 6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

A patient who fails to respond to a course of PBS-subsidised infliximab for the treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

### Authority required

Re-commencement of treatment of complex refractory FISTULISING CROHN DISEASE.

Re-initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease who:

- (a) has a documented history of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease; and
- (b) has an externally draining enterocutaneous or rectovaginal fistula; and
- (c) has previously received PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment for a draining enterocutaneous or rectovaginal fistula; and EITHER
- (d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to the most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition; or
- (e) has failed to demonstrate or sustain an adequate response to PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition and 12 months have elapsed from the date on which treatment was ceased.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Fistulising Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes a completed current Fistula Assessment Form including the date of assessment of the patient's condition.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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The most recent fistula assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

An assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (up to 6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

A patient who fails to respond to a course of PBS-subsidised infliximab for the treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

### **Authority required**

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of complex refractory FISTULISING CROHN DISEASE in a patient who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab.

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist of a patient who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has a documented history of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with infliximab prior to 1 March 2010; and
- (b) had a draining enterocutaneous or rectovaginal fistula(e) prior to commencing treatment with infliximab; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criteria for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with infliximab at the time of application; and
- (e) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as:

- (a) a decrease from baseline in the number of open draining fistulae of greater than or equal to 50%; and/or
- (b) a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline, together with less pain and induration as reported by the patient.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Fistulising Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) a completed current Fistula Assessment form including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) a signed patient acknowledgement.

The current fistula assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

The baseline fistula assessment must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with infliximab.

An assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criteria.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

A patient who fails to respond to a course of PBS-subsidised infliximab for the treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

### Authority required

Continuing treatment of complex refractory FISTULISING CROHN DISEASE.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response is defined as:

- (a) a decrease from baseline in the number of open draining fistulae of greater than or equal to 50%; and/or
- (b) a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline, together with less pain and induration as reported by the patient.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Fistulising Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes a completed Fistula Assessment form including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The fistula assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, an assessment of the patient's response must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

An assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criteria.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

A patient who fails to respond to a course of PBS-subsidised infliximab for the treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|
| 9674E | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 788.19 | Remicade | SH |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|

### **INFLIXIMAB**

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC PLAQUE PSORIASIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab, for adult patients with severe chronic plaque psoriasis. Therefore, where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab.

From 1 March 2010, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab without having to meet the initial treatment criteria, that is they will not need to experience a disease flare when swapping to an alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis prior to 1 March 2010 is considered to be in their first Cycle as of 1 March 2010.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 biological agent at any 1 time.

Within the same Treatment Cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for a PBS-subsidised biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2010, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2010.

Patients must be assessed for response to each course of continuing treatment according to the criteria included in the relevant continuing treatment restriction.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a Treatment Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological agent therapy before they are eligible to commence the next Cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Treatment Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years duration has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe chronic plaque psoriasis after 1 March 2010.

There are separate restrictions for both the initial and continuing treatment for psoriasis affecting the whole body, versus psoriasis affecting the face, hands and feet.

#### (1) Application for approval for initial treatment.

Applications for a course of initial treatment should be made in the following situations:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under '(4) Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) patients who wish to re-commence treatment following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment in the case of adalimumab and etanercept, 22 weeks of treatment in the case of infliximab and 28 weeks of treatment in the case of ustekinumab.

#### (2) Assessment of response to initial treatment.

When prescribing initial treatment with a biological agent, a PASI assessment must be conducted after at least 12 weeks of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of the completion of this initial treatment course. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

### (3) Application for continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course of a biological agent to which an adequate response has been demonstrated, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that biological agent. Patients are eligible to continue to receive continuous treatment with 24 week courses providing they continue to sustain a response.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to sustain a response to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

### (4) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate agent within the same Treatment Cycle without having to requalify with respect to disease severity (i.e. a PASI score of greater than 15), or prior treatment requirements.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

Patients may trial an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy with a biological agent at the time of the application or not. However, they cannot swap to a particular agent if they have failed to respond to treatment with that particular agent within the same Cycle.

Patients who commenced treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 June 2009 or ustekinumab prior to 1 March 2010 access these interchangeability arrangements in the same way as patients who have not.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the agent being ceased.

### (5) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated, based on the baseline PASI assessment submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a Treatment Cycle and subsequent response will be assessed according to this revised PASI score.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same body area assessed at the baseline PASI assessment must be assessed for demonstration of response to treatment for the purposes of all continuing treatment applications.

### (6) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent Biological Treatment Cycle, following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment according to the criteria of the relevant restriction and index of disease severity. Patients must have had at least 1 prior treatment, as listed in the criteria, for a minimum of 6 weeks, and must have a PASI assessment conducted preferably whilst still on treatment, but no later than 1 month following cessation of treatment. The PASI assessment must be no older than 1 month at the time of application.

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Whole body (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- have severe chronic plaque psoriasis where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (whole body); and
- have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- A current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- a completed authority prescription form; and
- a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 22 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Whole body (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- a completed authority prescription form; and
- a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to recommence infliximab treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of

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22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 22 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Whole body)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with infliximab; and
- (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to their most recent course of treatment with infliximab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-biological treatment baseline value for this Treatment Cycle.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Approval will be based on the PASI assessment of response to the most recent course of treatment with infliximab.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for further continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

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### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Face, hand, foot (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (face, hand, foot); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) Chronic plaque psoriasis classified as severe due to a plaque or plaques on the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot where:
  - (i) at least 2 of the 3 Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; or
  - (ii) the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- (c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 22 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Face, hand, foot (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and

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|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and  
(c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  
(b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:  
(i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and  
(ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence infliximab treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 22 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Face, hand, foot)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and  
(b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with infliximab; and  
(c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as the plaque or plaques assessed prior to biological treatment showing:

- (i) a reduction in the Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline values; or  
(ii) a reduction by 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline value.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  
(b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:  
(i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet and face, hand, foot area diagrams along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

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|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for further continuing treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area assessed at baseline.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|
| 9617E | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 788.19 | Remicade | SH |
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## *Interleukin inhibitors*

### TOCILIZUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe tocilizumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Further prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe tocilizumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and

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|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |  |                             |

— once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

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### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   |  | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |  |                             |

least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L;

AND either

(i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or

(ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:

- elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

- shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form(s); and

(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and

(3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 8 mg per kg. A separate authority prescription form must be completed for each strength requested.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

Up to a maximum of 3 repeats of each strength may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with tocilizumab.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with tocilizumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form(s); and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised tocilizumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 8 mg per kg. A separate authority prescription form must be completed for each strength requested. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats of each strength may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised tocilizumab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised tocilizumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with tocilizumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 ('grandfather' patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with tocilizumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of an adult who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) was receiving treatment with tocilizumab prior to 1 July 2009; and
- (c) has demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with tocilizumab at the time of application.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form(s); and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

The same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with a bDMARD must be used for assessment of

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

all continuing applications.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with tocilizumab will be approved under this criterion.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 8 mg per kg. A separate authority prescription form must be completed for each strength requested. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats of each strength may be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with tocilizumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with tocilizumab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with tocilizumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form(s); and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 8 mg per kg. A separate authority prescription form must be completed for each strength requested. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats of each strength may be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with tocilizumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with tocilizumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with tocilizumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |   |   |    |    |        |         |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|---------|----|
| 9671B | Concentrate for injection 80 mg in 4 mL   | 1 | .. | .. | 200.78 | Actemra | RO |
| 9672C | Concentrate for injection 200 mg in 10 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 492.31 | Actemra | RO |
| 9673D | Concentrate for injection 400 mg in 20 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 978.20 | Actemra | RO |

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### *Calcineurin inhibitors*

#### CYCLOSPORIN

##### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

##### Authority required

For use by organ or tissue transplant recipients.

|       |  |    |    |    |       |           |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|-------|-----------|----|
| 6109M | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 50 mg in 1 mL | 10 | .. | .. | 64.52 | Sandimmun | NV |
|-------|--|----|----|----|-------|-----------|----|

#### CYCLOSPORIN

##### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

##### Authority required

Management of rejection in patients following organ or tissue transplantation, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;

Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by dermatologists or clinical immunologists of patients with severe atopic dermatitis for whom other systemic therapies are ineffective or inappropriate;

Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by dermatologists of patients with severe psoriasis for whom other systemic therapies are ineffective or inappropriate and in whom the disease has caused significant interference with quality of life;

Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by nephrologists of patients with nephrotic syndrome in patients in whom steroids and cytostatic drugs have failed or are not tolerated or are considered inappropriate and in whom renal function is unimpaired;

Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by rheumatologists or clinical immunologists of patients with severe active rheumatoid arthritis for whom classical slow-acting anti-rheumatic agents (including methotrexate) are ineffective or inappropriate.

|       |                                  |     |   |                   |                      |            |    |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----|---|-------------------|----------------------|------------|----|
| 6125J | Oral liquid 100 mg per mL, 50 mL | 4   | 5 | ..                | *1309.58             | Neoral     | NV |
| 6232B | Capsule 10 mg                    | 120 | 5 | ..                | *84.82               | Neoral 10  | NV |
| 6352H | Capsule 25 mg                    | 120 | 5 | ..                | *166.14 <sup>a</sup> | Cicloral   | SZ |
|       |                                  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 3.80 | *169.94 <sup>a</sup> | Neoral 25  | NV |
| 6353J | Capsule 50 mg                    | 120 | 5 | ..                | *338.74 <sup>a</sup> | Cicloral   | SZ |
|       |                                  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 4.08 | *342.82 <sup>a</sup> | Neoral 50  | NV |
| 6354K | Capsule 100 mg                   | 120 | 5 | ..                | *683.54 <sup>a</sup> | Cicloral   | SZ |
|       |                                  |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 4.08 | *687.62 <sup>a</sup> | Neoral 100 | NV |

#### TACROLIMUS

##### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

##### Authority required

Management of rejection in patients following organ or tissue transplantation, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |   |     |   |    |                       |                   |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|-----------------------|-------------------|----|
| 6216E | Capsule 1 mg                                  | 200 | 5 | .. | *688.32 <sup>a</sup>  | Prograf           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |                       | Tacrolimus Sandoz | SZ |
| 6217F | Capsule 5 mg                                  | 100 | 5 | .. | *1684.80 <sup>a</sup> | Prograf           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |                       | Tacrolimus Sandoz | SZ |
| 6328C | Capsule 500 micrograms                        | 200 | 5 | .. | *347.38 <sup>a</sup>  | Prograf           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |                       | Tacrolimus Sandoz | SZ |
| 9681M | Capsule 0.5 mg (once daily prolonged release) | 60  | 5 | .. | *108.78               | Prograf XL        | JC |
| 9682N | Capsule 1 mg (once daily prolonged release)   | 120 | 5 | .. | *415.56               | Prograf XL        | JC |
| 9683P | Capsule 5 mg (once daily prolonged release)   | 60  | 5 | .. | *1029.30              | Prograf XL        | JC |

### *Other immunosuppressants*

#### LENALIDOMIDE

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe lenalidomide may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for |    | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Max. Qty               | \$ |                             |

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Any queries concerning patients who are enrolled on the Lenalidomide Compassionate program may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). These patients must demonstrate they met initial criteria prior to commencing treatment on the compassionate program and also demonstrate they do not have progressive disease. Baseline and current pathology reports must be submitted with the initial application.

Applications for authority to prescribe lenalidomide should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy or in combination with dexamethasone, of a patient with a histological diagnosis of multiple myeloma who has progressive disease after at least 1 prior therapy and who has undergone or is ineligible for a primary stem cell transplant. The patient must have experienced treatment failure after a trial of at least four (4) weeks of thalidomide at a dose of at least 100 mg daily or have failed to achieve at least a minimal response after eight (8) or more weeks of thalidomide-based therapy for progressive disease.

If the dosing requirement for thalidomide cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:

- at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or
- in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase of the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or
- at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or
- an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or
- at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or
- development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).

Oligo-secretory and non-secretory patients are defined as having active disease with less than 10 g per L serum M protein and less than 200 mg per 24 hour Bence-Jones proteinuria.

Thalidomide treatment failure is defined as:

- confirmed disease progression during thalidomide treatment or within 6 months of discontinuing thalidomide treatment; or
- severe intolerance or toxicity unresponsive to clinically appropriate dose adjustment.

Severe intolerance due to thalidomide is defined as unacceptable somnolence or sedation interfering with activities of daily living.

Toxicity from thalidomide is defined as peripheral neuropathy (Grade 2 or greater, interfering with function), drug-related seizures, serious Grade 3 or 4 drug-related dermatological reactions, such as Stevens-Johnson Syndrome, or other Grade 3 or 4 toxicity.

Failure to achieve at least a minimal response after 8 or more weeks of thalidomide-based therapy for progressive disease is defined as:

- less than a 25% reduction in serum or urine M protein; or
- in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, less than a 25% reduction in the difference between involved and uninvolved serum free light chain levels.

Lenalidomide will only be subsidised for patients with multiple myeloma who are not receiving concomitant PBS-subsidised bortezomib.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- a completed authority prescription form; and
- a completed Multiple Myeloma Authority Application - Supporting Information Form, which includes details of the histological diagnosis of multiple myeloma, prior treatments including name(s) of drug(s) and date of most recent treatment cycle and record of prior stem cell transplant or ineligibility for prior stem cell transplant; details of thalidomide treatment failure; details of the basis of the diagnosis of progressive disease or failure to respond; and nomination of which disease activity parameters will be used to assess response.

To enable confirmation by Medicare Australia, current diagnostic reports of at least one of the following are required:

- the level of serum monoclonal protein; or
- Bence-Jones proteinuria — the results of 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion; or
- the serum level of free kappa and lambda light chains; or
- bone marrow aspirate or trephine; or
- if present, the size and location of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or
- if present, the size and location of all soft tissue plasmacytomas by clinical or radiographic examination i.e. MRI or CT-scan; or
- if present, the level of hypercalcaemia, corrected for albumin concentration.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

As these parameters will be used to determine response, results for either (a) or (b) or (c) should be provided for all patients. Where the patient has oligo-secretory or non-secretory multiple myeloma, either (c) or (d) or if relevant (e), (f) or (g) should be provided. Where the prescriber plans to assess response in patients with oligo-secretory or non-secretory multiple myeloma with free light chain assays, evidence of the oligo-secretory or non-secretory nature of the multiple myeloma (either previous or current serum M protein less than 10 g per L and urinary Bence-Jones protein undetectable or less than 200 mg per 24 hours) must be provided; and  
(3) duration of thalidomide and daily dose prescribed; and  
(4) a signed patient acknowledgment.

### Note

Patients receiving lenalidomide under the PBS listing must be registered in the i-access risk management program.

### Authority required

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy or in combination with dexamethasone, of multiple myeloma in a patient who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for lenalidomide and who does not have progressive disease.

Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:

- (a) at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- (b) at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or
- (c) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase of the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or
- (d) at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or
- (e) an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or
- (f) at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or
- (g) development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).

Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Note

Patients receiving lenalidomide under the PBS listing must be registered in the i-access risk management program.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |               |    |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 9642L | Capsule 5 mg  | 21 | .. | .. | 5438.80 | Revlimid | CJ |
| 9643M | Capsule 10 mg | 21 | .. | .. | 5689.75 | Revlimid | CJ |
| 9644N | Capsule 15 mg | 21 | .. | .. | 6628.03 | Revlimid | CJ |
| 9645P | Capsule 25 mg | 21 | .. | .. | 6980.62 | Revlimid | CJ |

## RITUXIMAB

### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe rituximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Further prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe rituximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

### Note

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed                   | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ |                             |

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

#### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

#### (4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### Authority required

Initial 1 (patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have failed to respond to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist; and
- (c) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed             |    | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of two infusions will be authorised under this restriction.

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made at least 12 weeks after the first infusion so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks of the date it was conducted.

Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with rituximab.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with rituximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to rituximab treatment and who qualify to trial an alternate bDMARD according to the interchangeability arrangements for bDMARDs for the treatment of severe rheumatoid arthritis, may do so without having to have a 22 week treatment-free period.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have failed to respond to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist; and
- (c) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised rituximab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of two infusions will be authorised under this restriction.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised rituximab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions patients must be assessed for response at least 12 weeks after the first infusion. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date of assessment.

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent provided they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The demonstration of response must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks of assessment.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with rituximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to rituximab treatment and who qualify to trial an alternate bDMARD according to the interchangeability arrangements for bDMARDs for the treatment of severe rheumatoid arthritis, may do so without having to have a 22 week treatment-free period.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with rituximab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with rituximab.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;

AND either of the following:

(i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or

(ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:

— elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

— shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and

(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of two infusions will be authorised under this restriction.

Patients may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The demonstration of response must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks of assessment.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with rituximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 9611W | Solution for I.V. infusion 500 mg in 50 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 2309.99 | Mabthera | RO |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|----------|----|

### **THALIDOMIDE**

#### **Caution**

Thalidomide is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy in female patients or in the partners of male patients must be avoided during treatment and for 1 month after cessation of treatment.

#### **Authority required**

Multiple myeloma.

#### **Note**

Patients receiving thalidomide under the PBS listing must be registered in the i-access risk management program.

|       |                |     |    |    |          |          |    |
|-------|----------------|-----|----|----|----------|----------|----|
| 6469L | Capsule 50 mg  | 112 | .. | .. | *1726.42 | Thalomid | CJ |
| 9684Q | Capsule 100 mg | 56  | .. | .. | *1726.42 | Thalomid | CJ |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Musculo-skeletal system

## Muscle relaxants

### Muscle relaxants, centrally acting agents

#### *Other centrally acting agents*

#### BACLOFEN

##### Authority required

Severe chronic spasticity, where oral antispastic agents have failed or have caused unacceptable side effects, in patients with chronic spasticity of cerebral origin;

Severe chronic spasticity, where oral antispastic agents have failed or have caused unacceptable side effects, in patients with chronic spasticity due to multiple sclerosis;

Severe chronic spasticity, where oral antispastic agents have failed or have caused unacceptable side effects, in patients with chronic spasticity due to spinal cord injury;

Severe chronic spasticity, where oral antispastic agents have failed or have caused unacceptable side effects, in patients with chronic spasticity due to spinal cord disease.

|       |                                     |    |    |    |          |                      |    |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------|----------------------|----|
| 6284R | Intrathecal injection 10 mg in 5 mL | 10 | .. | .. | *1530.12 | Lioresal Intrathecal | NV |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------|----------------------|----|

## Drugs for treatment of bone diseases

### Drugs affecting bone structure and mineralization

#### *Bisphosphonates*

#### DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE

##### Authority required

Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.

##### Note

The concentrated injection 15 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 15 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |                           |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|---------------------------|----|
| 6286W | Concentrated injection 15 mg in 5 mL  | 4 | 2 | .. | *224.74 | <sup>a</sup> Pamisol      | HH |
| 6290C | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for I.V. infusion 15 mg and 4 ampoules solvent 5 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 224.73  | <sup>a</sup> Aredia 15 mg | NV |

#### DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE

##### Authority required

Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.

##### Note

The concentrated injection 30 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 30 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |                           |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|---------------------------|----|
| 6279L | Injection set containing 2 vials powder for I.V. infusion 30 mg and 2 ampoules solvent 10 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 224.73  | <sup>a</sup> Aredia 30 mg | NV |
| 6287X | Concentrated injection 30 mg in 10 mL  | 2 | 2 | .. | *224.74 | <sup>a</sup> Pamisol      | HH |

#### DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE

##### Authority required

Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.

|       |                                       |   |   |    |        |         |    |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|---------|----|
| 6288Y | Concentrated injection 60 mg in 10 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 224.72 | Pamisol | HH |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|---------|----|

#### DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE

##### Authority required

Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.

##### Authority required

Multiple myeloma;

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|       | Bone metastases from breast cancer.   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>The concentrated injection 90 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 90 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 6223M | Injection set containing 1 vial powder for I.V. infusion 90 mg and 1 ampoule solvent 10 mL  | 1           | 11             | ..            | 333.86 <sup>a</sup>                      | Aredia 90 mg NV             |
| 6289B | Concentrated injection 90 mg in 10 mL   | 1           | 11             | ..            | 333.86 <sup>a</sup>                      | Pamisol HH                  |
|       | <b>IBANDRONIC ACID</b>  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b><br>Bone metastases from breast cancer.  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 9619G | Concentrated injection for I.V. infusion 6 mg (as ibandronate sodium monohydrate) in 6 mL   | 1           | 11             | ..            | 361.43                                   | Bondronat HH                |
|       | <b>ZOLEDRONIC ACID</b>  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | <b>Authority required</b><br>Multiple myeloma;<br>Bone metastases from breast cancer;<br>Bone metastases from hormone-resistant prostate cancer, with demonstration of biochemical progression of disease despite maximal therapy with hormonal treatments;<br>Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy. |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 6371H | Injection concentrate for I.V. infusion 4 mg (as monohydrate) in 5 mL   | 1           | 11             | ..            | 474.42                                   | Zometa NV                   |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Nervous system

## Anti-Parkinson drugs

### Dopaminergic agents

#### *Dopamine agonists*

#### APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required

Parkinson's disease in patients severely disabled by motor fluctuations which do not respond to other therapy.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |             |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------------|----|
| 9607P | Injection 20 mg in 2 mL  | 5 | .. | .. | 88.28  | Apomine     | HH |
| 9640J | Injection 50 mg in 5 mL  | 5 | .. | .. | 208.86 | Apomine     | HH |
| 9647R | Solution for subcutaneous infusion 50 mg in 10 mL pre-filled syringe | 5 | .. | .. | 208.86 | Apomine PFS | HH |

## Psycholeptics

### Antipsychotics

#### *Diazepines, oxazepines, thiazepines and oxepines*

#### CLOZAPINE

##### Authority required

Schizophrenia in patients who are non-responsive to other neuroleptic agents;

Schizophrenia in patients who are intolerant of other neuroleptic agents.

|       |                                  |     |    |    |        |                           |    |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----|----|----|--------|---------------------------|----|
| 6101D | Tablet 25 mg                     | 100 | .. | .. | 78.18  | <sup>a</sup> Clopine 25   | HH |
|       |                                  |     |    |    |        | <sup>a</sup> Clozaril 25  | NV |
| 6102E | Tablet 100 mg                    | 100 | .. | .. | 270.70 | <sup>a</sup> Clopine 100  | HH |
|       |                                  |     |    |    |        | <sup>a</sup> Clozaril 100 | NV |
| 6417R | Tablet 50 mg                     | 100 | .. | .. | 147.38 | Clopine 50                | HH |
| 6418T | Tablet 200 mg                    | 100 | .. | .. | 535.00 | Clopine 200               | HH |
| 9632Y | Oral liquid 50 mg per mL, 100 mL | 1   | .. | .. | 146.82 | Clopine Suspension        | HH |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed             |    | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|
|      |   |             |                |               | Price for<br>Max. Qty | \$ |                             |

# Respiratory system

## Cough and cold preparations

### Expectorants, excl. combinations with cough suppressants

#### *Mucolytics*

#### **DORNASE ALFA**

##### **Authority required**

Use by cystic fibrosis patients who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) are 5 years of age or older;
- (2) have a FVC greater than 40% predicted for age, gender and height;
- (3) have evidence of chronic suppurative lung disease (cough and sputum most days of the week, or greater than 3 respiratory tract infections of more than 2 weeks' duration in any 12 months, or objective evidence of obstructive airways disease);
- (4) are participating in a 4 week trial as detailed below or have achieved a 10% or greater improvement in FEV1 (compared to baseline established prior to dornase alfa treatment) after a 4 week trial.

In order for patients to be eligible for participation in the HSD program, the following conditions must be met:

- (1) Patients must be assessed at cystic fibrosis clinics/centres which are under the control of specialist respiratory physicians with experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis and the prescribing of dornase alfa under the HSD program is limited to such physicians. If attendance at such units is not possible because of geographical isolation, management (including prescribing) may be by specialist physician or paediatrician in consultation with such a unit;
- (2) The measurement of lung function is to be conducted by independent (other than the treating doctor) experienced personnel at established lung function testing laboratories, unless this is not possible because of geographical isolation;
- (3) Prior to dornase alfa therapy, a baseline measurement of FEV1 must be undertaken during a stable period of the disease;
- (4) Initial therapy is limited to 4 weeks' treatment with dornase alfa at a dose of 2.5 mg daily;
- (5) At or towards the end of the initial 4 weeks' trial, patients must be reassessed and a further FEV1 measurement be undertaken (single test under conditions as above). Patients who achieve a 10% or greater improvement in FEV1 (compared to baseline established prior to dornase alfa treatment) are eligible for continued subsidy under the HSD program at a dose of 2.5 mg daily;
- (6) Patients who fail to meet a 10% or greater improvement in FEV1 after the initial 4 weeks' treatment at a dose of 2.5 mg daily, may have 1 further trial in the next 12 months but not before 3 months after the initial trial;
- (7) Following an initial 6 months' therapy, a global assessment must be undertaken involving the patient, the patient's family (in the case of paediatric patients) and the treating physician(s) to establish that all agree that dornase alfa treatment is continuing to produce worthwhile benefits. (Dornase alfa therapy should cease if there is not general agreement of benefit as there is always the possibility of harm from unnecessary use.) Further reassessments are to be undertaken at six-monthly intervals;
- (8) Other aspects of treatment, such as physiotherapy, must be continued;
- (9) Where there is documented evidence that a patient already receiving dornase alfa therapy would have met the criteria for subsidy (i.e. satisfied the criteria for the 4 week trial and achieved a 10% or greater improvement in FEV1) then the patient is eligible to continue treatment under the HSD program. Where such evidence is not available, patients will need to satisfy the initiation and continuation criteria as for new patients. (Four weeks is considered a suitable wash-out period).

##### **Note**

It is highly desirable that all patients be included in the national cystic fibrosis patient data-base.

##### **Authority required**

Treatment of cystic fibrosis in a patient less than 5 years of age who has:

- (1) A severe clinical course with frequent respiratory exacerbations or chronic respiratory symptoms (including chronic or recurrent cough, wheeze or tachypnoea) requiring frequent hospital admissions more frequently than 3 times per year; or
- (2) Significant bronchiectasis on chest high resolution computed tomography scan; or
- (3) Severe cystic fibrosis bronchiolitis with persistent wheeze non-responsive to conventional medicines; or
- (4) Severe physiological deficit measure by forced oscillation technique or multiple breath nitrogen washout and failure to respond to conventional therapy.

In order for the patient to be eligible for participation in the HSD program, the following conditions must be met:

- (1) The patient must be assessed at a cystic fibrosis clinic/centre which is under the supervision of specialist respiratory physicians with experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis, and the prescribing of dornase alfa under the HSD program is limited to such physicians. If attendance at such a unit is not possible because of geographical isolation, management (including prescribing) may be by specialist physician or paediatrician in consultation with such a unit;
- (2) Following an initial 6 months therapy, a comprehensive assessment must be undertaken and documented involving the patient, the patient's family, the treating physician and an additional independent member of the cystic fibrosis treatment team to establish agreement that dornase alfa treatment is continuing to produce worthwhile benefit. Treatment with dornase alfa should cease if there is not agreement of benefit as there is always the possibility of harm from unnecessary use. Further reassessments are to be undertaken and documented yearly.

##### **Note**

It is highly desirable that all patients be included in the national cystic fibrosis patient data-base.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Grandfather — continuing for patients five years or older   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Continuation of treatment of cystic fibrosis in a patient 5 years of age or older, who initiated treatment with dornase alfa at an age of less than 5 years and for whom a comprehensive assessment, involving the patient's family, the treating physician and an additional independent member of the cystic fibrosis treatment team, documents agreement that dornase alfa treatment is continuing to produce worthwhile benefit. Further reassessments are to be undertaken and documented yearly. Treatment with dornase alfa should cease if there is not agreement of benefit as there is always the possibility of harm from unnecessary use. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| It is highly desirable that all patients be included in the national cystic fibrosis patient data-base.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Grandfather — for patients less than five years of age who initiated dornase alfa prior to listing  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment of cystic fibrosis in a patient less than 5 years of age who initiated treatment with dornase alfa prior to 1 November 2009 and for whom a comprehensive assessment, involving the patient's family, the treating physician and an additional independent member of the cystic fibrosis treatment team, documents agreement that dornase alfa treatment is continuing to produce worthwhile benefit. Further reassessments are to be undertaken and documented yearly. Treatment with dornase alfa should cease if there is not agreement of benefit as there is always the possibility of harm from unnecessary use.                       |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| It is highly desirable that all patients be included in the national cystic fibrosis patient data-base.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 6120D   | Solution for inhalation 2.5 mg (2,500 units) in 2.5 mL  | 60          | 5              | ..            | *2406.42                                 | Pulmozyme RO                |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Sensory organs

## Ophthalmologicals

### Antiinfectives

#### *Antivirals*

#### GANCICLOVIR

#### Authority required

Cytomegalovirus retinitis in severely immunocompromised patients.

|       |                             |   |    |    |         |           |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|---------|-----------|----|
| 6256G | Intravitreal implant 4.5 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 6046.42 | Vitrasert | BU |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|---------|-----------|----|

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

## Various

### All other therapeutic products

#### All other therapeutic products *Iron chelating agents*

##### DEFERASIROX

##### Authority required

Chronic iron overload in adults, adolescents and children 6 years and older associated with disorders of erythropoiesis;

Chronic iron overload in paediatric patients aged 2 to 5 years, associated with disorders of erythropoiesis, who are intolerant to desferrioxamine or in whom desferrioxamine has proven ineffective.

##### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                             |     |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 6499C | Tablet 125 mg (dispersible) | 168 | 5 | .. | *1447.92 | Exjade | NV |
| 6500D | Tablet 250 mg (dispersible) | 168 | 5 | .. | *2849.34 | Exjade | NV |
| 9600G | Tablet 500 mg (dispersible) | 168 | 5 | .. | *5652.24 | Exjade | NV |

##### DEFERIPRONE

##### Authority required

Iron overload in patients with thalassaemia major who are unable to take desferrioxamine therapy;

Iron overload in patients with thalassaemia major in whom desferrioxamine therapy has proven ineffective.

|       |                                     |     |   |    |          |           |    |
|-------|-------------------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|
| 6416Q | Tablet 500 mg                       | 600 | 5 | .. | *2749.80 | Ferriprox | OA |
| 9638G | Oral solution 100 mg per mL, 250 mL | 5   | 5 | .. | *1172.82 | Ferriprox | OA |

##### DEFERIOXAMINE MESYLATE

##### Authority required

Disorders of erythropoiesis associated with treatment-related chronic iron overload.

|       |                             |     |   |                     |          |                                  |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----|---|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----|
| 6113R | Powder for injection 500 mg | 400 | 5 | ..                  | *3772.02 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|       |                             |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 308.80 | *4080.82 | <sup>a</sup> Desferal 500 mg     | NV |
| 6270B | Powder for injection 2 g    | 60  | 5 | ..                  | *2281.62 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|       |                             |     |   | <sup>B</sup> 22.80  | *2304.42 | <sup>a</sup> Desferal 2 g        | NV |

### *Drugs for treatment of hyperkalemia and hyperphosphatemia*

##### LANTHANUM

##### Authority required

Management of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where serum phosphate is greater than 1.6 mmol per L at the commencement of therapy.

Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;

Management of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where the serum calcium times phosphate product is greater than 4.0 at the commencement of therapy.

Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

##### Note

Not to be used in combination with sevelamer.

|       |  |     |   |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--|-----|---|----|---------|----------|----|
| 9635D | Tablet, chewable, 500 mg (as carbonate hydrate)  | 180 | 5 | .. | *550.90 | Fosrenol | ZI |
| 9636E | Tablet, chewable, 750 mg (as carbonate hydrate)  | 180 | 5 | .. | *828.60 | Fosrenol | ZI |
| 9637F | Tablet, chewable, 1000 mg (as carbonate hydrate) | 180 | 5 | .. | *932.04 | Fosrenol | ZI |

##### SEVELAMER HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Authority required

Management of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where serum phosphate is greater than 1.6 mmol per L at the commencement of therapy.

Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Private Hospital)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <p>Management of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where the serum calcium times phosphate product is greater than 4.0 at the commencement of therapy.<br/>Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Not to be used in combination with lanthanum.</p> |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 9620H   | Tablet 800 mg   | 360         | 5              | ..            | *651.22                                  | Renagel GZ                  |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|

# Blood and blood forming organs

## Antianemic preparations

### Other antianemic preparations

#### *Other antianemic preparations*

#### DARBEPOETIN ALFA

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3334

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |                   |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|-------------------|----|
| 5637Q | Injection 10 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *356.08  | Aranesp           | AN |
| 5638R | Injection 20 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *670.62  | Aranesp           | AN |
| 5639T | Injection 30 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *917.46  | Aranesp           | AN |
| 5640W | Injection 40 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *1113.60 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 5641X | Injection 50 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *1376.78 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 5642Y | Injection 60 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *1616.66 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 5643B | Injection 150 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe       | 8 | 5 | .. | *3904.50 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 5644C | Injection 80 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe        | 8 | 5 | .. | *2128.00 | Aranesp           | AN |
| 5645D | Injection 20 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *670.64  | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 5646E | Injection 40 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *1113.60 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 5647F | Injection 60 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *1616.64 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 5648G | Injection 80 micrograms in 0.4 mL pre-filled injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *2128.00 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 5649H | Injection 100 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *2620.48 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 5650J | Injection 150 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *3904.48 | Aranesp SureClick | AN |
| 5651K | Injection 100 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe       | 8 | 5 | .. | *2620.50 | Aranesp           | AN |

#### EPOETIN ALFA

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3334

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |  |    |   |    |          |             |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|-------------|----|
| 5713Q | Injection 20,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe  | 12 | 5 | .. | *3876.00 | Epex 20,000 | JC |
| 5714R | Injection 1,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *279.30  | Epex 1000   | JC |
| 5715T | Injection 5,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *1057.34 | Epex 5000   | JC |
| 5716W | Injection 6,000 units in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *1255.14 | Epex 6000   | JC |
| 5717X | Injection 8,000 units in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *1627.92 | Epex 8000   | JC |
| 5718Y | Injection 40,000 units in 1 mL pre-filled syringe    | 2  | 5 | .. | *1254.00 | Epex 40,000 | JC |
| 5719B | Injection 2,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *516.80  | Epex 2000   | JC |
| 5720C | Injection 3,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *666.90  | Epex 3000   | JC |
| 5721D | Injection 4,000 units in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *849.30  | Epex 4000   | JC |
| 5722E | Injection 10,000 units in 1 mL pre-filled syringe    | 12 | 5 | .. | *1970.30 | Epex 10000  | JC |
| 5723F | Injection 30,000 units in 0.75 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *5728.50 | Epex 30,000 | JC |

#### EPOETIN BETA

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3334

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |  |    |   |    |         |             |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|---------|-------------|----|
| 5724G | Injection 2,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *516.80 | NeoRecormon | RO |
| 5725H | Injection 3,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *666.90 | NeoRecormon | RO |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 5726J | Injection 4,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe      | 12          | 5              | ..            | *849.30                                  | NeoRecormon                 | RO |
| 5727K | Injection 5,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe      | 12          | 5              | ..            | *1057.36                                 | NeoRecormon                 | RO |
| 5728L | Injection 6,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe      | 12          | 5              | ..            | *1255.14                                 | NeoRecormon                 | RO |
| 5729M | Injection 10,000 units in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe     | 12          | 5              | ..            | *1970.30                                 | NeoRecormon                 | RO |
| 5730N | Injection 20,000 units in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe     | 12          | 5              | ..            | *3876.00                                 | NeoRecormon                 | RO |

### EPOETIN LAMBDA

#### Note

Epoetin lambda should only be administered by the intravenous route.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3334

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |  |    |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 9587N | Injection 4,000 units in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *804.60  | Novocrit | NV |
| 9589Q | Injection 5,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *1001.70 | Novocrit | NV |
| 9591T | Injection 6,000 units in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *1189.08 | Novocrit | NV |
| 9594Y | Injection 8,000 units in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *1542.24 | Novocrit | NV |
| 9596C | Injection 10,000 units in 1 mL pre-filled syringe  | 12 | 5 | .. | *1866.60 | Novocrit | NV |
| 9668W | Injection 1,000 units in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *264.60  | Novocrit | NV |
| 9669X | Injection 2,000 units in 1 mL pre-filled syringe   | 12 | 5 | .. | *489.60  | Novocrit | NV |
| 9670Y | Injection 3,000 units in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 12 | 5 | .. | *631.80  | Novocrit | NV |

### METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL-EPOETIN BETA

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3334

Treatment of anaemia requiring transfusion, defined as a haemoglobin level of less than 100 g per L, where intrinsic renal disease, as assessed by a nephrologist, is the primary cause of the anaemia.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 5794Y | Injection 30 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 5 | .. | *369.18  | Mircera | RO |
| 5795B | Injection 50 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 5 | .. | *615.30  | Mircera | RO |
| 5796C | Injection 75 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 5 | .. | *896.02  | Mircera | RO |
| 5797D | Injection 100 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | *1158.82 | Mircera | RO |
| 5798E | Injection 120 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | *1341.64 | Mircera | RO |
| 5799F | Injection 200 micrograms in 0.3 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | *1924.30 | Mircera | RO |
| 5800G | Injection 360 micrograms in 0.6 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | 5 | .. | *3326.52 | Mircera | RO |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Cardiovascular system

## Antihypertensives

### Other antihypertensives

#### *Other antihypertensives*

#### AMBRISENTAN

##### Caution

Ambrisentan is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy must be avoided during treatment and for at least 3 months following cessation of treatment with this drug.

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe ambrisentan may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

##### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-

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subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

(c) epoprostenol sodium, of:

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-

subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

(d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

(i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or

(ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or

(iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

(1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;

(2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;

(3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

(1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;

(2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

(1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;

(2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;

(3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;

(4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;

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- (5) RHC composite assessment only;  
(6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

### 5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

### 6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

#### Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

#### Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

#### (b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

#### (c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved

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authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

(a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR

(b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and

(2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:

(i) RHC composite assessment; and

(ii) ECHO composite assessment; and

(iii) 6MWT; and

(3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

(a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR

(b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR

(c) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension; OR

(d) WHO Functional Class IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and

(2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:

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- (i) RHC composite assessment; and
- (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
- (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (grandfather patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan of patients who were receiving treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (d) WHO Functional Class IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) for patients who have received less than 6 months of ambrisentan treatment at the time of application — a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results of the following 3 tests, where available, at the time treatment with ambrisentan was commenced:

- (i) RHC composite assessment; and
- (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
- (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) the date of commencement of ambrisentan treatment; and
- (4) a signed patient acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. The number of repeats authorised will be dependent on the duration of prior ambrisentan therapy. Where patients have received less than 6 months of non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan, sufficient repeats to allow the patient to complete a total of 6 months of combined PBS-subsidised and non-PBS-subsidised therapy may be requested. Where fewer than the maximum allowable number of repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for the remainder of the allowable repeats may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Application for initial treatment with ambrisentan of patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised ambrisentan after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan; OR
- (b) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment was with an alternate PAH agent other than ambrisentan.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

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### Authority required

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of ambrisentan treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised. Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested under this criterion, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |              |    |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--------------|----|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 5607D | Tablet 5 mg  | 30 | .. | .. | 4035.00 | Volibris | GK |
| 5608E | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 4035.00 | Volibris | GK |

### **BOSENTAN MONOHYDRATE**

#### Caution

Bosentan monohydrate is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy must be avoided during treatment and for at least 3 months following cessation of treatment with this drug.

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe bosentan monohydrate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:

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- primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
- primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

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Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

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(b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

(c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of adult patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

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The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (new adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of adult patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (d) WHO Functional Class IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (new patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of patients aged less than 18 years who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and either a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate prior vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a patient and prescriber acknowledgment, signed by the parent or authorised guardian, indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in

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the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of patients aged less than 18 years who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and either a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a patient and prescriber acknowledgment, signed by the parent or authorised guardian, indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of a patient who has been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have WHO Functional Class III or IV pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment (and signed by the parent or authorised guardian for patients under 18 years of age) indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for adult patients)

Application for initial treatment with bosentan monohydrate of adult patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate; OR
- (b) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised

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treatment was with an alternate PAH agent other than bosentan monohydrate.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (change or re-commencement for patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial treatment with bosentan monohydrate of patients aged less than 18 years with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate; OR
- (b) primary pulmonary hypertension and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment was with a PAH agent other than bosentan monohydrate.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) two completed authority prescription forms [see Note for authority approval requirements]; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for the first authority prescription issued under this criterion [see Note for full details of authority approval requirements]. A maximum of 4 repeats will be authorised for the second authority prescription issued under this criterion. Where fewer than 4 repeats are initially requested with the second authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with bosentan monohydrate and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of bosentan monohydrate treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested under this criterion, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6

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months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Cessation of treatment (all patients)

Final PBS-subsidised supply for patients with WHO Functional Class III or IV primary pulmonary hypertension or WHO Functional Class III or IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma or WHO Functional Class III or IV pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), who have not responded to bosentan monohydrate therapy [see Note for definition of response], to allow for gradual cessation of treatment.

Applications for authorisation under this criterion should be made on the telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) [see Note on authority approval requirements].

Approval will only be granted for the 62.5 mg tablet strength. The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment.

Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for treatment that would extend the final treatment period beyond 1 month.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                       |    |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|-----------------------|----|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 5618Q | Tablet 62.5 mg (base) | 60 | .. | .. | 4035.00 | Tracleer | AT |
| 5619R | Tablet 125 mg (base)  | 60 | .. | .. | 4035.00 | Tracleer | AT |

## EPOPROSTENOL SODIUM

### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe epoprostenol sodium may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

(a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND

(b) iloprost trometamol, of:

— primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

— drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND

(c) epoprostenol sodium, of:

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

(d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

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From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;

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(2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

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(c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of adult patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have: WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients aged less than 18 years who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have: WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a patient acknowledgment, signed by the parent or authorised guardian and the prescriber, indicating that they understand and acknowledge

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
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that PBS-subsidised treatment with PAH agents will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised under this criterion. Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for all adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of adult patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised epoprostenol sodium after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension and who have received prior treatment with a PBS-subsidised PAH agent other than epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and who have failed to respond to a prior PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent; and
- (5) for WHO Functional Class III patients, where this is the first application for epoprostenol sodium, assessment details of the PBS-subsidised PAH agent they have failed to respond to.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients aged less than 18 years with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised epoprostenol sodium after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension and who have received prior treatment with a PBS-subsidised PAH agent other than epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and who have failed to respond to a prior PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent; and
- (5) for WHO Functional Class III patients, where this is the first application for epoprostenol sodium, assessment details of the PBS-subsidised PAH agent they have failed to respond to.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of epoprostenol sodium treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 5731P | Powder for I.V. infusion 500 micrograms (base) with diluent | 1           | ..             | ..            | 41.69                                    | Flolan GK                   |

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:  
 (i) RHC composite assessment; and  
 (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and  
 (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### EPOPROSTENOL SODIUM

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe epoprostenol sodium may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
- primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
- primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of

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the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

(a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND

(b) iloprost trometamol, of:

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

(c) epoprostenol sodium, of:

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND

— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND

(d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND

(f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

(i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or

(ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or

(iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

(1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;

(2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;

(3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

(1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;

(2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be

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conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

(c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be

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assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of adult patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:  
WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients aged less than 18 years who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:  
WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a patient acknowledgment, signed by the parent or authorised guardian and the prescriber, indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment with PAH agents will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised under this criterion. Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (change or re-commencement for all adult patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of adult patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised epoprostenol sodium after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension and who have received prior treatment with a PBS-subsidised PAH agent other than epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and who have failed to respond to a prior PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent; and
- (5) for WHO Functional Class III patients, where this is the first application for epoprostenol sodium, assessment details of the PBS-subsidised PAH agent they have failed to respond to.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients under 18 years of age)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients aged less than 18 years with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised epoprostenol sodium after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension and who have received prior treatment with a PBS-subsidised PAH agent other than epoprostenol sodium; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and who have failed to respond to a prior PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent; and
- (5) for WHO Functional Class III patients, where this is the first application for epoprostenol sodium, assessment details of the PBS-subsidised PAH agent they have failed to respond to.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with epoprostenol sodium, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of epoprostenol sodium treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 5732Q | Powder for I.V. infusion 1.5 mg (base) with diluent     | 1           | ..             | ..            | 83.37                                    | Flolan GK                   |

- (i) RHC composite assessment; and
- (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
- (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### ILOPROST TROMETAMOL

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe iloprost trometamol may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
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- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:  
— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND  
— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:  
— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND  
— primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

(c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

WHO Functional Class III drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class IV pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease; OR
- (d) WHO Functional Class IV drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which

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includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:

- (i) RHC composite assessment; and
- (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
- (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol of patients with one of the following:

- (a) primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised iloprost trometamol after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class IV primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and who have received prior treatment with a PBS-subsidised PAH agent other than iloprost trometamol; OR
- (c) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and who have failed to respond to a prior PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent; and
- (5) for WHO Functional Class III patients, where this is the first application for iloprost trometamol, assessment details of the PBS-subsidised PAH agent they have failed to respond to.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with iloprost trometamol, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of iloprost trometamol treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

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| 5751Q | Solution for inhalation 20 micrograms (base) in 2 mL    | 30          | ..             | ..            | 1076.00                                  | Ventavis SC                 |

### SILDENAFIL CITRATE

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe sildenafil citrate may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

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From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or
- (iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

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### 5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

### 6. Authority approval requirements.

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

#### Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

#### Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

#### (b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

#### (c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

#### (d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

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### 7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

### 8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

#### Authority required

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

#### Authority required

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of

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application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate of patients with one of the following:

(a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised sildenafil citrate after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate; OR

(b) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment was with a PAH agent other than sildenafil citrate.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and
- (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and
- (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sildenafil citrate, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of sildenafil citrate treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

|       |                     |    |    |    |        |         |    |
|-------|---------------------|----|----|----|--------|---------|----|
| 9547L | Tablet 20 mg (base) | 90 | .. | .. | 898.43 | Revatio | PF |
|-------|---------------------|----|----|----|--------|---------|----|

### SITAXENTAN SODIUM

#### Caution

Sitaxentan sodium is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy must be excluded before the start of treatment and avoided during treatment with this drug.

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe sitaxentan sodium may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe PAH agents should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001;

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
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### **Note**

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of agents for primary pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary arterial hypertension. Where the term PAH agents appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate, sitaxentan sodium and ambrisentan.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above PAH agents at any 1 time. Eligible patients may only swap between PAH agents if they have not failed prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent.

PAH agents are not PBS-subsidised for patients with pulmonary hypertension secondary to interstitial lung disease associated with scleroderma or connective tissue disease, where the total lung capacity is less than 70% of that predicted.

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of adults with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
  - drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III and IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, adult patients can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

The following provides some explanatory notes regarding the availability of PBS-subsidised treatment of patients under the age of 18 years with:

- (a) bosentan monohydrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology), in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity; AND
- (b) iloprost trometamol, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (c) epoprostenol sodium, of:
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity and who have failed to respond to prior PBS-subsidised treatment with an alternate PAH agent; AND
  - primary pulmonary hypertension, in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class IV severity; AND
- (d) sildenafil citrate, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (e) sitaxentan sodium, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III severity; AND
- (f) ambrisentan, of primary pulmonary hypertension in patients with disease of WHO Functional Class III or IV severity.

From 1 December 2009, patients under the age of 18 years can access PAH agents through the PBS according to the relevant restrictions. Once these patients are approved initial treatment with 1 of these 6 drugs, they may swap between PAH agents at any time without having to re-qualify for treatment with the alternate agent. This means that patients may commence treatment with the alternate agent, subject to that agent's restriction, irrespective of the severity of their disease at the time the application to swap therapy is submitted. It also means that no new baseline measurements will be necessary. (New baselines may be submitted where the patient has failed to respond to their current treatment.)

1. Definition of primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology).

Primary pulmonary hypertension, drug-induced pulmonary arterial hypertension, pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease, including scleroderma, or pulmonary arterial hypertension associated with a congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunt (including Eisenmenger's physiology) are defined as follows:

- (i) mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) greater than 25 mmHg at rest and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than 18 mmHg; or
- (ii) mPAP greater than 30 mmHg with exercise and PCWP less than 18 mmHg; or

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(iii) where a right heart catheter cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular systolic pressure (RVSP), assessed by echocardiography (ECHO), greater than 40 mmHg, with normal left ventricular function.

2. Definition of WHO Functional Class III or IV disease severity.

(a) WHO Functional Class III disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with pulmonary hypertension resulting in marked limitation of physical activity who are comfortable at rest and on ordinary physical activity experience dyspnoea or fatigue, chest pain or near syncope.

(b) WHO Functional Class IV disease severity is defined as follows:

Patients with the inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms. These patients manifest signs of right heart failure. Dyspnoea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

3. Designated hospitals.

Refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) for a list of designated hospitals.

### **Note**

4. Test requirements to establish baseline for initiation of treatment and response to treatment for continuation of treatment.

(a) Initiation of treatment.

The first written application for PBS-subsidised treatment with the first PAH agent should be accompanied by the results of a right heart catheter (RHC) composite assessment, plus an echocardiograph (ECHO) composite assessment, plus a 6 minute walk test (6MWT) to establish the patient's baseline measurements.

Where it is not possible to perform all 3 tests above on clinical grounds, the following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (2) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (3) RHC composite assessment only.

In circumstances where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, applications may be submitted to Medicare Australia for consideration based on the results of the following test combinations, which are listed in descending order of preference:

- (1) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (2) ECHO composite assessment only.

Where fewer than 3 tests are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

The following list outlines the preferred test combination, in descending order, for the purposes of continuation of PBS-subsidised treatment:

- (1) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments plus 6MWT;
- (2) RHC plus ECHO composite assessments;
- (3) RHC composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (4) ECHO composite assessment plus 6MWT;
- (5) RHC composite assessment only;
- (6) ECHO composite assessment only.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The test(s) results provided with the application for continuing treatment must be no more than 2 months old at the time of application.

5. Definition of response to a PAH agent or prior vasodilator treatment.

For adult patients with 2 or more baseline tests, response to treatment is defined as 2 or more tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with a RHC composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as a RHC result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For adult patients with an ECHO composite assessment alone at baseline, response to treatment is defined as an ECHO result demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

For patients aged less than 18 years, response to treatment is defined as at least 1 of the baseline tests demonstrating stability or improvement of disease, as assessed by a physician from a designated hospital.

6. Authority approval requirements.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

(a) Initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent, where the patient has not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent. All applications for initial treatment must be made in writing, must include a completed authority prescription and must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation. The total duration of initial PBS-subsidised treatment that will be approved with this first written application is up to 6 months, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

Bosentan only:

Approvals for the first authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of therapy with the 62.5 mg strength tablet, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA)-approved Product Information. No repeats will be authorised for this prescription. The second authority prescription may be written for either the 62.5 mg tablet or the 125 mg tablet strengths. Where the 62.5 mg tablet strength is required, please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) for further advice. Approvals for the second authority prescription will be limited to 1 month of treatment, with the quantity approved based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information, and a maximum of 4 repeats. The approved second authority prescription will be returned to the prescriber by Medicare Australia 2 weeks after the date of the approval of the first authority prescription, to allow for the uninterrupted completion of the 6 month initial treatment course. Medicare Australia will contact prescribers prior to dispatch of the second authority prescription to confirm the tablet strength required for the patient.

Patients who received non-PBS-subsidised treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009:

For patients with primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who were commenced on treatment with ambrisentan prior to 1 December 2009 and who have received less than 6 months treatment with ambrisentan at the time of application, the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment must include, where available, all 3 test results at the time that the patient commenced treatment with ambrisentan, bosentan monohydrate, iloprost trometamol, epoprostenol sodium, sildenafil citrate or sitaxentan sodium, whichever was initiated first.

(b) Continuation of treatment.

Written applications for continuing treatment for patients who have demonstrated an adequate response to their current treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia for authorisation every 6 months. Approvals will be limited to provide sufficient supply for up to a maximum of 6 months of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information.

The assessment of the patient's response to the first and subsequent 6 month courses of treatment should be made following the preceding 5 months of treatment, in order to allow sufficient time for a response to be demonstrated. Applications for continuing treatment with a PAH agent should be made prior to the completion of the 6 month treatment course to ensure continuity for those patients who respond to treatment, as assessed by the treating physician.

(c) Swapping between PAH agents.

For eligible patients, applications to swap between these 6 drugs must be made under the relevant initial treatment restriction. Patients should be assessed for response to the treatment they are ceasing at the time the application to swap therapy is being made. Patients who fail to demonstrate a response or for whom no assessment results are submitted with the application to swap therapy may not re-commence PBS-subsidised treatment with the drug they are ceasing.

It is important that patients are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction, in order to maximise the choice of treatment.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate treatment should be accompanied by the previously approved authority prescription, or remaining repeats, for the treatment the patient is ceasing.

(d) Cessation of treatment — bosentan patients only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate treatment at the time where an assessment is required must cease PBS-subsidised bosentan monohydrate therapy.

For patients ceasing treatment, approval will only be granted to provide sufficient supply of the 62.5 mg tablet strength to allow gradual dose reduction over a period of no more than 1 month duration. Prescribers should telephone Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday) to receive authorisation for this final supply and to ensure no unintended break in treatment occurs.

7. Re-treatment with a PAH agent.

Patients who do not respond to treatment are not eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with that agent under any circumstances.

8. Further information.

A tabulated representation of the above information and the restriction can be obtained from the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

### Authority required

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

(a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR

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(b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure of 8 mmHg or less, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Patients must have failed to respond [see Note for definition of response] to 6 or more weeks of appropriate vasodilator treatment unless intolerance or a contraindication to such treatment exists.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Details of prior vasodilator treatment, including the dose and duration of treatment, must be provided at the time of application. Where the patient has an adverse event to a vasodilator or where vasodilator treatment is contraindicated, details on the nature of the adverse event or contraindication according to the TGA-approved Product Information must also be provided with the application.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (new patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium of patients who have not received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and a mean right atrial pressure greater than 8 mmHg, as measured by RHC, or, where a RHC cannot be performed on clinical grounds, right ventricular function as assessed by ECHO.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT; and
- (3) a signed patient and prescriber acknowledgment indicating that the patient understands and acknowledges that PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent will cease if the treating physician determines that the patient has not achieved a response to treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Application for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium of patients with one of the following:

- (a) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease who wish to re-commence PBS-subsidised sitaxentan sodium after a break in therapy and who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium; OR
- (b) WHO Functional Class III primary pulmonary hypertension or pulmonary arterial hypertension secondary to connective tissue disease and whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment was with a PAH agent other than sitaxentan sodium.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which

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includes the results on which approval for the first application for PBS-subsidised PAH agent was granted; and  
 (3) the date of the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment with a PAH agent; and  
 (4) the results of the patient's response to treatment with their last course of PBS-subsidised PAH agent.

Where fewer than 3 tests (see requirement 2 above) are able to be performed on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason outlining why the particular test/s could not be conducted must be provided with the authority application [see Note for test requirements].

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (all patients)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium of patients who have received approval for initial PBS-subsidised treatment with sitaxentan sodium, and who have been assessed by a physician from a designated hospital to have achieved a response to their most recent course of sitaxentan sodium treatment [see Note for definition of response].

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au] which includes results from the 3 tests below, where available:
  - (i) RHC composite assessment; and
  - (ii) ECHO composite assessment; and
  - (iii) 6MWT.

The results of the same tests as conducted at baseline should be provided with each written continuing treatment application (i.e. every 6 months), except for patients who were able to undergo all 3 tests at baseline, and whose subsequent ECHO and 6MWT results demonstrate disease stability or improvement, in which case RHC can be omitted. In all other patients, where the same test(s) conducted at baseline cannot be performed for assessment of response on clinical grounds, a patient specific reason why the test(s) could not be conducted must be provided with the application.

The maximum quantity authorised will be limited to provide sufficient supply for 1 month of treatment, based on the dosage recommendations in the TGA-approved Product Information. A maximum of 5 repeats may be requested. Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 6 months of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

|       |               |    |    |    |         |        |    |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|---------|--------|----|
| 9551Q | Tablet 100 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 2743.80 | Thelin | PF |
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# Systemic hormonal preparations, excl. sex hormones and insulins

## Pituitary and hypothalamic hormones and analogues

### Hypothalamic hormones

#### *Antigrowth hormone*

##### LANREOTIDE ACETATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3387

Active acromegaly in a patient with persistent elevation of mean growth hormone levels of greater than 2.5 micrograms per litre AND

- (a) after failure of other therapy including dopamine agonists; or
- (b) as interim treatment while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and where treatment with dopamine agonists has failed; or
- (c) if the patient is unfit for or unwilling to undergo surgery and where radiotherapy is contraindicated.

In a patient treated with radiotherapy, treatment must cease if there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1) after lanreotide has been withdrawn for at least 4 weeks (6 weeks after the last dose). Lanreotide should be withdrawn every 2 years in the 10 years after radiotherapy for assessment of remission.

Treatment must cease if IGF1 is not lower after 3 months treatment.

|       |   |   |    |    |          |               |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|----------|---------------|----|
| 5776B | Powder for suspension for injection 30 mg (base) with diluent ampoule | 2 | 11 | .. | *1500.00 | Somatuline LA | IS |
|-------|---|---|----|----|----------|---------------|----|

##### LANREOTIDE ACETATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3388

Active acromegaly in a patient with persistent elevation of mean growth hormone levels of greater than 2.5 micrograms per litre AND

- (a) after failure of other therapy including dopamine agonists; or
- (b) as interim treatment while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and where treatment with dopamine agonists has failed; or
- (c) if the patient is unfit for or unwilling to undergo surgery and where radiotherapy is contraindicated.

In a patient treated with radiotherapy, treatment must cease if there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1) after lanreotide has been withdrawn for at least 4 weeks (8 weeks after the last dose). Lanreotide should be withdrawn every 2 years in the 10 years after radiotherapy for assessment of remission.

Treatment must cease if IGF1 is not lower after 3 months treatment;

##### 3389

Functional carcinoid tumour causing intractable symptoms. The patient must have experienced on average over 1 week, 3 or more episodes per day of diarrhoea and/or flushing, which persisted despite the use of anti-histamines, anti-serotonin agents and anti-diarrhoea agents, and surgery or antineoplastic therapy must have failed or be inappropriate.

Treatment must cease if there is failure to produce a clinically significant reduction in the frequency and severity of symptoms after 3 months' therapy at a dose of 120 mg every 28 days. Dosage and tolerance to the drug should be assessed regularly and the dosage should be titrated slowly downwards to determine the minimum effective dose.

|       |   |   |    |    |          |                    |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|----------|--------------------|----|
| 5777C | Injection 60 mg (base) in single dose pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 11 | .. | *2690.00 | Somatuline Autogel | IS |
| 5778D | Injection 90 mg (base) in single dose pre-filled syringe  | 2 | 11 | .. | *3580.00 | Somatuline Autogel | IS |
| 5779E | Injection 120 mg (base) in single dose pre-filled syringe | 2 | 11 | .. | *4480.00 | Somatuline Autogel | IS |

##### OCTREOTIDE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3407

Active acromegaly in a patient with persistent elevation of mean growth hormone levels of greater than 2.5 micrograms per litre AND

- (a) after failure of other therapy including dopamine agonists; or
- (b) as interim treatment while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and where treatment with dopamine agonists has failed; or
- (c) if the patient is unfit for or unwilling to undergo surgery and where radiotherapy is contraindicated.

In a patient treated with radiotherapy, treatment must cease if there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1) after octreotide has been withdrawn for at least 4 weeks. Octreotide should be withdrawn every 2 years in the 10 years after radiotherapy for assessment of remission.

Treatment must cease if IGF1 is not lower after 3 months treatment at a dose of 100 micrograms 3 times daily;

##### 3408

Functional carcinoid tumour or vasoactive intestinal peptide secreting tumour (VIPoma) causing intractable symptoms. The patient must have experienced on average over 1 week, 3 or more episodes per day of diarrhoea and/or flushing, which persisted despite the use of anti-histamines, anti-serotonin agents and anti-diarrhoea agents, and surgery or antineoplastic therapy must have failed or be inappropriate.

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|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|----|
| Treatment must cease if there is failure to produce a clinically significant reduction in the frequency and severity of symptoms after 2 months' therapy. Dosage and tolerance to the drug should be assessed regularly and the dosage should be titrated slowly downwards to determine the minimum effective dose. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |                     |    |
| 9508K   | Injection 50 micrograms (as acetate) in 1 mL            | 90          | 11             | ..            | *619.02                                  | <sup>a</sup>                | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|   |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Octreotide MaxRx    | XF |
|   |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Sandostatin 0.05    | NV |
| 9509L   | Injection 100 micrograms (as acetate) in 1 mL           | 90          | 11             | ..            | *1236.42                                 | <sup>a</sup>                | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|   |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Octreotide MaxRx    | XF |
|   |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Sandostatin 0.1     | NV |
| 9510M   | Injection 500 micrograms (as acetate) in 1 mL           | 90          | 11             | ..            | *6194.52                                 | <sup>a</sup>                | Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|   |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Octreotide MaxRx    | XF |
|   |   |             |                |               |  | <sup>a</sup>                | Sandostatin 0.5     | NV |

### OCTREOTIDE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3409

Acromegaly in a patient controlled on Sandostatin subcutaneous injections.

In a patient treated with radiotherapy, treatment must cease if there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1) after octreotide has been withdrawn for at least 4 weeks (8 weeks after the last dose). Octreotide should be withdrawn every 2 years in the 10 years after radiotherapy for assessment of remission.

Treatment must cease if IGF1 is not lower after 3 months of treatment;

3410

Functional carcinoid tumour or vasoactive intestinal peptide secreting tumour (VIPoma) with symptom control on Sandostatin subcutaneous injections.

Treatment must cease if there is failure to produce a clinically significant reduction in the frequency and severity of symptoms after 3 months' therapy at a dose of 30 mg every 28 days and having allowed adequate rescue therapy with Sandostatin subcutaneous injections. Dosage and tolerance to the drug should be assessed regularly and the dosage should be titrated slowly downwards to determine the minimum effective dose.

|       |   |   |    |    |         |  |                 |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|---------|--|-----------------|----|
| 9511N | Injection (modified release) 10 mg (as acetate), vial and diluent syringe | 1 | 11 | .. | 1306.86 |  | Sandostatin LAR | NV |
| 9512P | Injection (modified release) 20 mg (as acetate), vial and diluent syringe | 1 | 11 | .. | 1739.81 |  | Sandostatin LAR | NV |
| 9513Q | Injection (modified release) 30 mg (as acetate), vial and diluent syringe | 1 | 11 | .. | 2177.46 |  | Sandostatin LAR | NV |

## Calcium homeostasis

### Anti-parathyroid agents

#### *Other anti-parathyroid agents*

#### CINACALCET

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3323

Management, including initiation and stabilisation, by a nephrologist, of a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis who has sustained secondary hyperparathyroidism with iPTH of at least 50 pmol per L, not responding to conventional therapy.

#### Note

During the titration phase, intact PTH should be monitored 4 weekly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose titrated until an appropriate iPTH concentration is achieved. During the titration phase, approval will be limited to sufficient supply for 4 weeks treatment at a time, with doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability.

During the maintenance phase, approval will be limited to provide sufficient quantity for 4 weeks treatment up to a maximum of 6 months supply for doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability. Intact PTH should be monitored quarterly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose adjusted as necessary to maintain an appropriate iPTH concentration.

"Sustained" means the abnormality was detected on at least 2 blood samples collected over a period of 2 to 4 months.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3324

Management, including initiation and stabilisation, by a nephrologist, of a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis who has sustained secondary hyperparathyroidism with iPTH of at least 15 pmol per L and less than 50 pmol per L AND an (adjusted) serum calcium concentration at least 2.6 mmol per L, not responding to conventional treatment.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### **Note**

During the titration phase, intact PTH should be monitored 4 weekly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose titrated until an appropriate iPTH concentration is achieved. During the titration phase, approval will be limited to sufficient supply for 4 weeks treatment at a time, with doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability.

During the maintenance phase, approval will be limited to provide sufficient quantity for 4 weeks treatment up to a maximum of 6 months supply for doses between 30 and 180 mg per day according to the patient's response and tolerability. Intact PTH should be monitored quarterly (measured at least 12 hours post dose) and dose adjusted as necessary to maintain an appropriate iPTH concentration.

"Sustained" means the abnormality was detected on at least 2 blood samples collected over a period of 2 to 4 months.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                 |    |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 5621W | Tablet 30 mg (as hydrochloride) | 56 | 5 | .. | *593.72  | Sensipar | AN |
| 5622X | Tablet 60 mg (as hydrochloride) | 56 | 5 | .. | *1187.44 | Sensipar | AN |
| 5623Y | Tablet 90 mg (as hydrochloride) | 56 | 5 | .. | *1781.16 | Sensipar | AN |

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|

### Antiinfectives for systemic use

#### Antibacterials for systemic use

##### Macrolides, lincosamides and streptogramins

###### *Macrolides*

###### AZITHROMYCIN

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3317

Prophylaxis against Mycobacterium avium complex infections in HIV-positive patients with CD4 cell counts of less than 75 per cubic millimetre.

|       |                              |    |   |    |         |           |    |
|-------|------------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|
| 5616N | Tablet 600 mg (as dihydrate) | 16 | 5 | .. | *113.96 | Zithromax | PF |
|-------|------------------------------|----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|

###### CLARITHROMYCIN

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3325

Treatment of Mycobacterium avium complex infections.

|       |               |     |   |    |       |        |    |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|-------|--------|----|
| 5624B | Tablet 500 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 68.63 | Klacid | AB |
| 5625C | Tablet 250 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 34.31 | Klacid | AB |

#### Antimycobacterials

##### Drugs for treatment of tuberculosis

###### *Antibiotics*

###### RIFABUTIN

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3415

Treatment of Mycobacterium avium complex infections in HIV-positive patients;

3317

Prophylaxis against Mycobacterium avium complex infections in HIV-positive patients with CD4 cell counts of less than 75 per cubic millimetre.

|       |                |     |   |    |         |           |    |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|
| 9541E | Capsule 150 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | *588.00 | Mycobutin | PF |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|---------|-----------|----|

#### Antivirals for systemic use

##### Direct acting antivirals

###### *Nucleosides and nucleotides excl. reverse transcriptase inhibitors*

###### CIDOFOVIR

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3322

Treatment of cytomegalovirus retinitis in patients with AIDS.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 5620T | Solution for I.V. infusion 375 mg (anhydrous) in 5 mL single use vial | 4 | 3 | .. | *3600.00 | Vistide | GI |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|

###### GANCICLOVIR

###### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3379

Cytomegalovirus retinitis in severely immunocompromised patients;

3380

Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus disease in bone marrow transplant patients at risk of cytomegalovirus disease;

3381

Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus disease in solid organ transplant patients at risk of cytomegalovirus disease.

|       |   |    |   |    |         |          |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|----------|----|
| 5749N | Powder for I.V. infusion 500 mg (as sodium) | 10 | 1 | .. | *560.00 | Cymevene | RO |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|----------|----|

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>VALACICLOVIR</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3419</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease following renal transplantation in patients at risk of CMV disease.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9568N  | Tablet 500 mg (as hydrochloride)                        | 500         | 2              | ..            | *2115.90                                 | Valtrex                     | GK |
| <b>VALGANCICLOVIR HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3420</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Cytomegalovirus retinitis in patients with acquired immunodeficiency syndrome;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3421</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus infection and disease in solid organ transplant patients at risk of cytomegalovirus disease.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9569P  | Tablet 450 mg (base)                                    | 120         | 5              | ..            | *4491.60                                 | Valcyte                     | RO |
| 9655E  | Powder for oral solution 50 mg (base) per mL, 100 mL    | 11          | 5              | ..            | *4574.79                                 | Valcyte                     | RO |
| <b><i>Phosphonic acid derivatives</i></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>FOSCARNET SODIUM</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3322</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment of cytomegalovirus retinitis in patients with AIDS;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3378</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment of aciclovir-resistant herpes simplex virus infection in immunocompromised patients with HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5747L  | I.V. infusion 24 mg per mL, 250 mL                      | 6           | 1              | ..            | 395.00                                   | Foscavir                    | AP |
| <b><i>Protease inhibitors</i></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>ATAZANAVIR</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3588</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3589</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5612J  | Capsule 300 mg (as sulfate)                             | 60          | 5              | ..            | *1043.82                                 | Reyataz                     | BQ |
| 5613K  | Capsule 150 mg (as sulfate)                             | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1043.82                                 | Reyataz                     | BQ |
| 5614L  | Capsule 200 mg (as sulfate)                             | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1391.76                                 | Reyataz                     | BQ |
| 5615M  | Capsule 100 mg (as sulfate)                             | 120         | 5              | ..            | *695.88                                  | Reyataz                     | BQ |
| <b>DARUNAVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3595</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents, and co-administered with 100 mg ritonavir twice daily in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after at least one antiretroviral regimen, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5652L  | Tablet 300 mg (as ethanolate)                           | 240         | 5              | ..            | *2097.42                                 | Prezista                    | JC |
| 5653M  | Tablet 150 mg (as ethanolate)                           | 240         | 5              | ..            | 1048.71                                  | Prezista                    | JC |
| <b>FOSAMPRENAVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3588</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |

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|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>3589</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5745J   | Oral liquid 50 mg (as calcium) per mL, 225 mL           | 8           | 5              | ..            | *812.48                                  | Telzir                      | VI |
| 5746K   | Tablet 700 mg (as calcium)                              | 120         | 5              | ..            | *758.32                                  | Telzir                      | VI |
| <b>INDINAVIR</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3588</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3589</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5752R   | Capsule 400 mg (as sulfate)                             | 360         | 5              | ..            | *910.00                                  | Crixivan 400 mg             | MK |
| <b>RITONAVIR</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3588</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3589</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9542F   | Oral solution 600 mg per 7.5 mL (80 mg per mL), 90 mL   | 10          | 5              | ..            | *910.00                                  | Norvir                      | AB |
| 9660K   | Tablet 100 mg   | 720         | 5              | ..            | *910.08                                  | Norvir                      | AB |
| <b>SAQUINAVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3588</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3589</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9545J   | Tablet 500 mg (as mesylate)                             | 240         | 5              | ..            | *1011.12                                 | Invirase                    | RO |
| <b>TIPRANAVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3601</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents, and co-administered with 200 mg ritonavir twice daily in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance. Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9567M   | Capsule 250 mg  | 240         | 5              | ..            | *2142.00                                 | Aptivus                     | BY |

### TIPRANAVIR

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

#### **3603**

Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents, and co-administered with ritonavir in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|

Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                  |   |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 9656F | Oral liquid 100 mg per mL, 95 mL | 7 | 5 | .. | *2374.05 | Aptivus | BY |
|-------|----------------------------------|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|

### *Nucleoside and nucleotide reverse transcriptase inhibitors*

#### **ABACAVIR**

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3588**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

**3589**

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |     |   |    |         |        |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|---------|--------|----|
| 5601T | Tablet 300 mg (as sulfate)                      | 120 | 5 | .. | *564.00 | Ziagen | VI |
| 5602W | Oral solution 20 mg (as sulfate) per mL, 240 mL | 8   | 5 | .. | *657.12 | Ziagen | VI |

#### **ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL**

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3313**

Chronic hepatitis B in a patient who has failed antihepadnaviral therapy and who satisfies all of the following criteria:

- (1)(a) Repeatedly elevated serum ALT levels while on concurrent antihepadnaviral therapy of greater than or equal to 6 months duration in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or
  - (b) Repeatedly elevated HBV DNA levels one log greater than the nadir value or failure to achieve a 1 log reduction in HBV DNA within 3 months, whilst on previous antihepadnaviral therapy except in patients with evidence of poor compliance;
  - (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.
- Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy.

### Note

Patients should have undergone a liver biopsy at some point since initial diagnosis to obtain histological evidence of chronic hepatitis. Patients may receive treatment in combination with lamivudine but not with other PBS-subsidised antihepadnaviral therapy.

|       |              |    |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 5606C | Tablet 10 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *1250.00 | Hepsera | GI |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|----------|---------|----|

#### **DIDANOSINE**

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3588**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

**3589**

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |    |   |    |         |          |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|---------|----------|----|
| 5663C | Capsule 125 mg (containing enteric coated beadlets) | 60 | 5 | .. | *280.86 | Videx EC | BQ |
| 5664D | Capsule 200 mg (containing enteric coated beadlets) | 60 | 5 | .. | *326.80 | Videx EC | BQ |
| 5665E | Capsule 250 mg (containing enteric coated beadlets) | 60 | 5 | .. | *408.48 | Videx EC | BQ |
| 5666F | Capsule 400 mg (containing enteric coated beadlets) | 60 | 5 | .. | *653.58 | Videx EC | BQ |

#### **EMTRICITABINE**

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3588**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

**3589**

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |                |    |   |    |         |         |    |
|-------|----------------|----|---|----|---------|---------|----|
| 5709L | Capsule 200 mg | 60 | 5 | .. | *564.00 | Emtriva | GI |
|-------|----------------|----|---|----|---------|---------|----|

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>ENTECAVIR MONOHYDRATE</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3352</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Patients with chronic hepatitis B who satisfy all of the following criteria:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (3) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| PBS-subsidised entecavir monohydrate must be used as monotherapy.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5711N  | Tablet 0.5 mg   | 60          | 5              | ..            | *768.60                                  | Baraclude BQ                |
| <hr/>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>ENTECAVIR MONOHYDRATE</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3353</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Patients with chronic hepatitis B who have failed lamivudine therapy and who satisfy all of the following criteria:  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (1)(a) Repeatedly elevated serum ALT levels while on concurrent antihepadnaviral therapy of greater than or equal to 6 months duration in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) Repeatedly elevated HBV DNA levels one log greater than the nadir value or failure to achieve a 1 log reduction in HBV DNA within 3 months, whilst on previous antihepadnaviral therapy except in patients with evidence of poor compliance;             |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Patients should have undergone a liver biopsy at some point since initial diagnosis to obtain histological evidence of chronic hepatitis.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| PBS-subsidised entecavir monohydrate must be used as monotherapy.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5712P  | Tablet 1 mg   | 60          | 5              | ..            | *1250.00                                 | Baraclude BQ                |
| <hr/>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>LAMIVUDINE</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3386</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Patients with chronic hepatitis B who satisfy all of the following criteria:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (3) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5770Q  | Tablet 100 mg   | 56          | 5              | ..            | *298.72                                  | Zeffix GK                   |
| 5771R  | Oral solution 5 mg per mL, 240 mL                       | 5           | 5              | ..            | *349.55                                  | Zeffix GK                   |
| <hr/>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>LAMIVUDINE</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3588</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3589</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5772T  | Tablet 150 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *564.00                                  | 3TC VI                      |
| 5773W  | Oral solution 10 mg per mL, 240 mL                      | 8           | 5              | ..            | *691.84                                  | 3TC VI                      |
| 5774X  | Tablet 300 mg   | 60          | 5              | ..            | *564.00                                  | 3TC VI                      |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>STAVUDINE</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3588</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3589</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9553T  | Capsule 20 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *560.00                                  | Zerit                       | BQ |
| 9554W  | Capsule 30 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *667.36                                  | Zerit                       | BQ |
| 9556Y  | Capsule 40 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *889.80                                  | Zerit                       | BQ |
| <b>TELBIVUDINE</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3416</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment, as sole PBS-subsidised therapy, in a patient with chronic hepatitis B who is nucleoside analogue naive and satisfies all of the following criteria:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (3) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9562G  | Tablet 600 mg   | 56          | 5              | ..            | *501.76                                  | Sebivo                      | NV |
| <b>TENOFOVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3588</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3589</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3417</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment, as sole PBS-subsidised therapy, of chronic hepatitis B in a patient who is nucleoside analogue naive and satisfies all of the following criteria:   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (3) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy; |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3313</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Chronic hepatitis B in a patient who has failed antihepadnaviral therapy and who satisfies all of the following criteria:  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (1)(a) Repeatedly elevated serum ALT levels while on concurrent antihepadnaviral therapy of greater than or equal to 6 months duration in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (b) Repeatedly elevated HBV DNA levels one log greater than the nadir value or failure to achieve a 1 log reduction in HBV DNA within 3 months, whilst on previous antihepadnaviral therapy except in patients with evidence of poor compliance;             |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L) should have their treatment discussed with a transplant unit prior to initiating therapy. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients should have undergone a liver biopsy at some point since initial diagnosis to obtain histological evidence of chronic hepatitis.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients may receive tenofovir treatment in combination with lamivudine but not with other PBS-subsidised antihepadnaviral therapy.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9563H  | Tablet containing tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg  | 60          | 5              | ..            | *966.20                                  | Viread                      | GI |

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>ZIDOVUDINE</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3588</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease; |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3589</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.          |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9570Q  | Syrup 10 mg per mL, 200 mL                              | 15          | 5              | ..            | *673.20                                  | Retrovir                    | GK |
| 9651Y  | Capsule 100 mg  | 400         | 5              | ..            | *821.84                                  | Retrovir                    | GK |
| 9652B  | Capsule 250 mg  | 240         | 5              | ..            | *1232.76                                 | Retrovir                    | GK |

### *Non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors*

#### **EFAVIRENZ**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3588**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

**3589**

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

##### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                    |     |   |    |         |         |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|-----|---|----|---------|---------|----|
| 5706H | Tablet 600 mg                      | 60  | 5 | .. | *905.28 | Stocrin | MK |
| 5707J | Oral solution 30 mg per mL, 180 mL | 7   | 5 | .. | *950.53 | Stocrin | MK |
| 5708K | Tablet 200 mg                      | 180 | 5 | .. | *905.28 | Stocrin | MK |

#### **ETRAVIRINE**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3597**

Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance.

Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.

|       |               |     |   |    |          |           |    |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|
| 5736X | Tablet 100 mg | 240 | 5 | .. | *1233.00 | Intelence | JC |
|-------|---------------|-----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|

#### **NEVIRAPINE**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3588**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

**3589**

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

|       |   |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 9506H | Tablet 200 mg   | 120 | 5 | .. | *543.16  | Viramune | BY |
| 9507J | Oral suspension 50 mg (as hemihydrate) per 5 mL, 240 mL | 10  | 5 | .. | *1350.00 | Viramune | BY |

### *Antivirals for treatment of HIV infections, combinations*

#### **ABACAVIR with LAMIVUDINE**

##### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3592**

Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient over 12 years of age, weighing 40 kg or more, with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;

**3593**

Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient over 12 years of age, weighing 40 kg or more, has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 5603X  | Tablet containing abacavir 600 mg (as sulfate) with lamivudine 300 mg                                 | 60          | 5              | ..            | *1128.00                                 | Kivexa                      | VI |
| <p><b>ABACAVIR with LAMIVUDINE and ZIDOVUDINE</b><br/> <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b><br/> <b>3592</b><br/>           Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient over 12 years of age, weighing 40 kg or more, with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;</p> <p><b>3593</b><br/>           Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient over 12 years of age, weighing 40 kg or more, has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.</p> |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5604Y  | Tablet containing abacavir 300 mg (as sulfate) with lamivudine 150 mg and zidovudine 300 mg           | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1704.00                                 | Trizivir                    | VI |
| <p><b>LAMIVUDINE with ZIDOVUDINE</b><br/> <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b><br/> <b>3588</b><br/>           Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;</p> <p><b>3589</b><br/>           Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.</p>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5775Y  | Tablet 150 mg-300 mg  | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1157.20                                 | Combivir                    | VI |
| <p><b>LOPINAVIR with RITONAVIR</b><br/> <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b><br/> <b>3588</b><br/>           Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;</p> <p><b>3589</b><br/>           Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.</p>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5789Q  | Oral liquid 400 mg-100 mg per 5 mL, 60 mL   | 10          | 5              | ..            | *1290.00                                 | Kaletra                     | AB |
| 5790R  | Tablet 100 mg-25 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *342.50                                  | Kaletra                     | AB |
| 5791T  | Tablet 200 mg-50 mg   | 240         | 5              | ..            | *1370.00                                 | Kaletra                     | AB |
| <p><b>TENOFOVIR with EMTRICITABINE</b><br/> <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b><br/> <b>3588</b><br/>           Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;</p> <p><b>3589</b><br/>           Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.</p>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9564J  | Tablet containing tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg                      | 60          | 5              | ..            | *1530.20                                 | Truvada                     | GI |
| <p><b>TENOFOVIR with EMTRICITABINE and EFAVIRENZ</b><br/> <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b><br/> <b>3588</b><br/>           Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;</p> <p><b>3589</b><br/>           Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.</p>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9565K  | Tablet containing tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and efavirenz 600 mg | 60          | 5              | ..            | *2435.48                                 | Atripla                     | GI |

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Other antivirals</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>ENFUVIRTIDE</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <i>3597</i>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment of HIV infection, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents in an antiretroviral experienced patient who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance. Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5710M  | Pack containing 60 vials powder for injection 90 mg with 60 vials water for injections 1.1 mL (with syringes and swabs) | 2           | 5              | ..            | *4426.00                                 | Fuzeon                      | RO |
| <b>MARAVIROC</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <i>3599</i>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment, in addition to optimised background therapy in combination with other antiretroviral agents, of an antiretroviral experienced patient infected with only CCR5-tropic HIV-1, who, after each of at least three different antiretroviral regimens that have included one drug from at least 3 different antiretroviral classes, has experienced virological failure or clinical failure or genotypic resistance. A tropism assay to determine CCR5 only strain status is required prior to initiation. Individuals with CXCR4 tropism demonstrated at any time point are not eligible. Virological failure is defined as a viral load greater than 400 copies per mL on two consecutive occasions, while clinical failure is linked to emerging signs and symptoms of progressing HIV infection or treatment-limiting toxicity. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5792W  | Tablet 150 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1835.40                                 | Celsentri                   | PF |
| 5793X  | Tablet 300 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1835.40                                 | Celsentri                   | PF |
| <b>RALTEGRAVIR</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <i>3588</i>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Initial treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in a patient with a CD4 count of less than 500 per cubic millimetre or symptomatic HIV disease;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <i>3589</i>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Continuing treatment of HIV infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents where the patient has previously received PBS-subsidised therapy for HIV infection.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 9523F  | Tablet 400 mg (as potassium)  | 120         | 5              | ..            | *1331.10                                 | Isentress                   | MK |

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

## Antineoplastic agents

### Antimetabolites

#### *Pyrimidine analogues*

#### AZACITIDINE

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe azacitidine may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe azacitidine should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

##### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of a patient with:

- (1) Myelodysplastic syndrome classified as Intermediate-2 or high risk according to the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS); OR
- (2) Chronic Myelomonocytic Leukaemia (10% to 29% marrow blasts without Myeloproliferative Disorder); OR
- (3) Acute Myeloid Leukaemia with 20 to 30% marrow blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation (WHO) Classification.

Classification of a patient as Intermediate-2 requires a score of 1.5 to 2.0 on the IPSS, achieved with the possible combinations:

1. 11% to 30% marrow blasts with good karyotypic status (normal, -Y alone, del(5q) alone, del(20q) alone), and 0 to 1 cytopenias; OR
2. 11% to 20% marrow blasts with intermediate karyotypic status (other abnormalities), and 0 to 1 cytopenias; OR
3. 11% to 20% marrow blasts with good karyotypic status (normal, -Y alone, del(5q) alone, del(20q) alone), and 2 to 3 cytopenias; OR
4. 5% to 10% marrow blasts with poor karyotypic status (3 or more abnormalities or chromosome 7 anomalies), regardless of cytopenias; OR
5. 5% to 10% marrow blasts with intermediate karyotypic status (other abnormalities), and 2 to 3 cytopenias; OR
6. less than 5% marrow blasts with poor karyotypic status (3 or more abnormalities or chromosome 7 anomalies), and 2 to 3 cytopenias.

Classification of a patient as high risk requires a score of 2.5 or more on the IPSS, achieved with the possible combinations:

1. 21% to 30% marrow blasts with good karyotypic status (normal, -Y alone, del(5q) alone, del(20q) alone), and 2 to 3 cytopenias; OR
2. 21% to 30% marrow blasts with intermediate (other abnormalities) or poor karyotypic status (3 or more abnormalities or chromosome 7 anomalies), regardless of cytopenias; OR
3. 11% to 20% marrow blasts with poor karyotypic status (3 or more abnormalities or chromosome 7 anomalies), regardless of cytopenias; OR
4. 11% to 20% marrow blasts with intermediate karyotypic status (other abnormalities), and 2 to 3 cytopenias.

The first authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Azacitidine PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form; and
- (c) a copy of the bone marrow biopsy report demonstrating that the patient has myelodysplastic syndrome, chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia or acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- (d) a copy of the full blood examination report; and
- (e) for myelodysplastic syndrome, a copy of the pathology report detailing the cytogenetics demonstrating intermediate-2 or high risk disease according to the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS); and
- (f) a signed patient acknowledgment form.

No more than three cycles will be authorised.

##### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                             |    |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 9597D | Powder for injection 100 mg | 14 | 2 | .. | *7700.00 | Vidaza | CJ |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|

#### AZACITIDINE

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe azacitidine may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe azacitidine should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of a patient with:

- (1) Myelodysplastic syndrome classified as Intermediate-2 or high risk according to the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS); OR
- (2) Chronic Myelomonocytic Leukaemia (10% to 29% marrow blasts without Myeloproliferative Disorder); OR
- (3) Acute Myeloid Leukaemia with 20 to 30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation (WHO) Classification; who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for azacitidine and does not have progressive disease.

Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Up to six cycles will be authorised.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                             |    |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 9598E | Powder for injection 100 mg | 14 | 5 | .. | *7700.00 | Vidaza | CJ |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|----------|--------|----|

## Cytotoxic antibiotics and related substances

### *Anthracyclines and related substances*

#### **DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE, PEGYLATED LIPOSOMAL**

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3348**

Treatment of AIDS-related Kaposi's sarcoma in patients with CD4 cell counts of less than 200 per cubic millimetre and extensive mucocutaneous involvement;

**3349**

Treatment of AIDS-related Kaposi's sarcoma in patients with CD4 cell counts of less than 200 per cubic millimetre and extensive visceral involvement.

|       |   |   |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 5705G | Suspension for I.V. infusion 20 mg in 10 mL | 4 | 5 | .. | *2491.96 | Caelyx | JC |
|-------|---|---|---|----|----------|--------|----|

## Immunostimulants

### Immunostimulants

#### *Colony stimulating factors*

#### **FILGRASTIM**

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3357**

For use in a patient undergoing induction and consolidation therapy for acute myeloid leukaemia;

**3358**

Mobilisation of peripheral blood progenitor cells to facilitate harvest of such cells for autologous transplantation into a patient with a non-myeloid malignancy who has had myeloablative or myelosuppressive therapy;

**3359**

Mobilisation of peripheral blood progenitor cells, in a normal volunteer, for use in allogeneic transplantation;

**3360**

A patient receiving marrow-ablative chemotherapy and subsequent bone marrow transplantation;

**3361**

A patient with a non-myeloid malignancy receiving marrow-ablative chemotherapy and subsequent autologous peripheral blood progenitor cell transplantation;

**3362**

A patient with breast cancer receiving standard dose adjuvant chemotherapy who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

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|--|--|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>3363</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient receiving chemotherapy for B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3364</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient receiving first-line chemotherapy for Hodgkin disease who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3365</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient receiving chemotherapy for myeloma who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia, and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3366</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient with severe congenital neutropenia (absolute neutrophil count of less than 100 million cells per litre measured on 3 occasions, with readings at least 2 weeks apart, and in whom a bone marrow examination has shown evidence of maturational arrest of the neutrophil lineage);  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3367</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient with severe chronic neutropenia (absolute neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre measured on 3 occasions, with readings at least 2 weeks apart, or evidence of neutrophil dysfunction, and, either having experienced a life-threatening infectious episode requiring hospitalisation and treatment with intravenous antibiotics in the previous 12 months, or having recurrent clinically significant infections (a minimum of 3 in the previous 12 months));  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3368</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient with chronic cyclic neutropenia (absolute neutrophil count of less than 500 million cells per litre lasting for 3 days per cycle, measured over 3 separate cycles, and, either having experienced a life-threatening infectious episode requiring hospitalisation and treatment with intravenous antibiotics, or having recurrent clinically significant infections (a minimum of 3 in the previous 12 months));   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3369</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient with inoperable Stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell carcinoma of the oral cavity, larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx receiving neoadjuvant treatment with docetaxel in combination with cisplatin and fluorouracil who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned. |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3370</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in acute lymphoblastic leukaemia;   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3371</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in breast cancer (adjuvant chemotherapy with docetaxel in combination with an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide);  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3372</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in germ cell tumours;   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3373</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in infants and children with CNS tumours;   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3374</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in neuroblastoma;   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3375</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in non-Hodgkin lymphoma (aggressive grades; or low grade receiving an anthracycline-containing regimen);  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3376</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in relapsed Hodgkin disease;  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3377</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in sarcoma.   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5741E  | Injection 300 micrograms in 1 mL                                 | 20          | 11             | ..            | *3008.00                                 | Neupogen AN                 |
| 5742F  | Injection 300 micrograms in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 20          | 11             | ..            | *3008.00                                 | Neupogen AN                 |
| 5743G  | Injection 480 micrograms in 1.6 mL                               | 20          | 11             | ..            | *4814.00                                 | Neupogen AN                 |
| 5744H  | Injection 480 micrograms in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 20          | 11             | ..            | *4814.00                                 | Neupogen AN                 |

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|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>LENOGRASTIM</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3392</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Mobilisation of peripheral blood progenitor cells to facilitate harvest of such cells for reinfusion into patients with non-myeloid malignancies who have had myeloablative or myelosuppressive therapy;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3393</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Mobilisation of peripheral blood progenitor cells, in normal volunteers, for use in allogeneic transplantation to facilitate harvest of such cells in healthy donors;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3394</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving marrow-ablative chemotherapy and subsequent peripheral blood progenitor cell or bone marrow transplantation;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3395</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients with breast cancer receiving standard dose adjuvant chemotherapy who have had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned; |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3396</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients receiving first-line chemotherapy for Hodgkin's disease who have had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned.          |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3397</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in acute lymphoblastic leukaemia;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3398</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in Ewing's sarcoma;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3399</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in germ cell tumours;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3400</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in infants and children with CNS tumours;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3401</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in neuroblastoma;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3402</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (intermediate or high grade);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3403</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in osteosarcoma;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3404</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in relapsed Hodgkin's disease;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3405</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in rhabdomyosarcoma.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5787N   | Powder for injection 13,400,000 i.u. (105 micrograms)   | 20          | 11             | ..            | *1025.00                                 | Granocyte 13                | HH |
| 5788P   | Powder for injection 33,600,000 i.u. (263 micrograms)   | 20          | 11             | ..            | *2567.20                                 | Granocyte 34                | HH |

### PEGFILGRASTIM

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3357**

For use in a patient undergoing induction and consolidation therapy for acute myeloid leukaemia;

**3362**

A patient with breast cancer receiving standard dose adjuvant chemotherapy who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

**3363**

A patient receiving chemotherapy for B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;

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|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>3364</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient receiving first-line chemotherapy for Hodgkin disease who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3365</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient receiving chemotherapy for myeloma who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia, and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3369</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient with inoperable Stage III, IVa or IVb squamous cell carcinoma of the oral cavity, larynx, oropharynx or hypopharynx receiving neoadjuvant treatment with docetaxel in combination with cisplatin and fluorouracil who has had a prior episode of febrile neutropenia or prolonged severe neutropenia (neutrophil count of less than 1,000 million cells per litre), and for whom there is clinical justification for wishing to continue therapy with the same drug combination, dosage and treatment schedule, and for whom a good response to treatment is anticipated providing chemotherapy can be delivered as planned. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3370</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in acute lymphoblastic leukaemia;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3371</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in breast cancer (adjuvant chemotherapy with docetaxel in combination with an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide);  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3372</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in germ cell tumours;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3373</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in infants and children with CNS tumours;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3374</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in neuroblastoma;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3375</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in non-Hodgkin lymphoma (aggressive grades; or low grade receiving an anthracycline-containing regimen);  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3376</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in relapsed Hodgkin disease;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3377</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| A patient being treated with aggressive chemotherapy with the intention of achieving a cure or substantial remission in sarcoma.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 9514R  | Injection 6 mg in 0.6 mL single use pre-filled syringe  | 1           | 11             | ..            | 1925.00                                  | Neulasta AN                 |

### Interferons

#### INTERFERON ALFA-2a

##### Caution

Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

###### **3382**

Use in the treatment of Philadelphia chromosome positive myelogenous leukaemia in the chronic phase;

###### **3383**

Patients with chronic hepatitis B who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);
- (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or
- (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;
- (3) Are not persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L);
- (4) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

|       |   |    |   |    |          |           |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|
| 5759D | Injection 3,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 30 | 5 | .. | *894.00  | Roferon-A | RO |
| 5760E | Injection 4,500,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 30 | 5 | .. | *1341.00 | Roferon-A | RO |
| 5761F | Injection 6,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 30 | 5 | .. | *1787.40 | Roferon-A | RO |
| 5762G | Injection 9,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL single dose pre-filled syringe | 30 | 5 | .. | *2681.40 | Roferon-A | RO |

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|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>INTERFERON ALFA-2b</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Treatment with interferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3384</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Adjunctive therapy of malignant melanoma following surgery in patients with nodal involvement;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3382</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Use in the treatment of Philadelphia chromosome positive myelogenous leukaemia in the chronic phase;  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| <b>3383</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| Patients with chronic hepatitis B who satisfy all of the following criteria:  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (3) Are not persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| (4) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |    |
| 5763H   | Solution for injection 18,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 2           | 5              | ..            | *357.48                                  | Intron A Redipen            | SH |
| 5764J   | Solution for injection 30,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 2           | 5              | ..            | *595.80                                  | Intron A Redipen            | SH |
| 5765K   | Solution for injection 60,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL multi-dose injection pen | 2           | 5              | ..            | *1191.60                                 | Intron A Redipen            | SH |
| 5766L   | Solution for injection 18,000,000 i.u. in 3 mL single dose vial           | 15          | 5              | ..            | *2681.10                                 | Intron A                    | SH |
| 5767M   | Solution for injection 25,000,000 i.u. in 2.5 mL single dose vial         | 15          | 5              | ..            | *3723.75                                 | Intron A                    | SH |
| 5768N   | Solution for injection 10,000,000 i.u. in 1 mL single dose vial           | 15          | 5              | ..            | *1489.50                                 | Intron A                    | SH |

### INTERFERON GAMMA-1b

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3385

Treatment of chronic granulomatous disease in patients with frequent and severe infections despite adequate prophylaxis with antimicrobial agents.

|       |                                    |    |    |    |          |        |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------|--------|----|
| 5769P | Injection 2,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL | 12 | 11 | .. | *2721.80 | Imukin | BY |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------|--------|----|

### PEGINTERFERON ALFA-2a

#### Caution

Treatment with peginterferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3411

Monotherapy in patients with chronic hepatitis B and compensated liver disease who satisfy all of the following criteria:

(1) Histological evidence of chronic hepatitis on liver biopsy (except in patients with coagulation disorders considered severe enough to prevent liver biopsy);

(2)(a) Abnormal serum ALT levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection; or

(b) Elevated HBV DNA levels in conjunction with documented chronic hepatitis B infection;

(3) Have received no prior peginterferon alfa therapy for the treatment of hepatitis B;

(4) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception;

(5) Are not persons with Child's class B or C cirrhosis (ascites, variceal bleeding, encephalopathy, albumin less than 30 g per L, bilirubin greater than 30 micromoles per L).

Treatment is limited to 1 course of treatment for a duration of up to 48 weeks;

##### 3412

Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no prior interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa treatment for hepatitis C and have a contraindication to ribavirin, who satisfy all of the following criteria:

(1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);

(2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

The treatment course is limited to up to 48 weeks.

Patients may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks if the result of an HCV RNA quantitative assay (performed at the same laboratory using the same test) shows that the plasma HCV RNA has become undetectable or the viral load has decreased by at least a 2 log drop.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### Note

Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:

- (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and
- (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and
- (c) an established liver clinic; and
- (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.

|       |  |   |   |    |          |         |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|----------|---------|----|
| 9515T | Injection 135 micrograms in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 8 | 5 | .. | *2331.80 | Pegasys | RO |
| 9516W | Injection 180 micrograms in 0.5 mL single use pre-filled syringe | 8 | 5 | .. | *2700.46 | Pegasys | RO |

### PEGINTERFERON ALFA-2b

#### Caution

Treatment with peginterferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3412

Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no prior interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa treatment for hepatitis C and have a contraindication to ribavirin, who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);
- (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

The treatment course is limited to up to 48 weeks.

Patients may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks if the result of an HCV RNA quantitative assay (performed at the same laboratory using the same test) shows that the plasma HCV RNA has become undetectable or the viral load has decreased by at least a 2 log drop.

#### Note

Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:

- (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and
- (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and
- (c) an established liver clinic; and
- (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.

|       |  |   |   |    |          |                       |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|----------|-----------------------|----|
| 9517X | Powder for injection 50 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *1840.00 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |
| 9518Y | Powder for injection 80 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen  | 8 | 5 | .. | *2944.00 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |
| 9520C | Powder for injection 100 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *3680.00 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |
| 9521D | Powder for injection 120 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *4416.00 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |
| 9522E | Powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent in single use injection pen | 8 | 5 | .. | *5520.00 | PEG-Intron<br>Redipen | SH |

### RIBAVIRIN and PEGINTERFERON ALFA-2a

#### Caution

Treatment with peginterferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### Caution

Ribavirin is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy in female patients or in the partners of male patients must be avoided during treatment and during the 6 months period after cessation of treatment.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3413

Patients naive to interferon based therapies (non-pegylated or pegylated)

Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no prior interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa treatment for hepatitis C and who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);
- (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and both patient and their partner are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Male patients and their partners are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Female partners of male patients are not pregnant.

For patients with genotype 2 or 3 hepatitis C without hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis, the treatment course is limited to 24 weeks. For hepatitis C patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 and those genotype 2 or 3 patients with hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis, the treatment course is limited to 48 weeks.

Patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who are eligible for 48 weeks of treatment may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks if the result of an

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|       | <p>HCV RNA quantitative assay (performed at the same laboratory using the same test) shows that the plasma HCV RNA has become undetectable or the viral load has decreased by at least a 2 log drop. (An HCV RNA assay at week 12 is unnecessary for genotype 2 and 3 patients because of the high likelihood of early viral response by week 12).</p> <p>Patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who are viral positive at week 12 but have attained at least a 2 log drop in viral load may only continue treatment after the first 24 weeks of treatment if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24. Similarly, genotype 2 or 3 patients with hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis may only continue treatment after the first 24 weeks if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24. An HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24 is unnecessary for those patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who became viral negative at week 12.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:</p> <p>(a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and<br/>(b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and<br/>(c) an established liver clinic; and<br/>(d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.</p> <p><b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b><br/><b>3414</b><br/>Patients who have failed one prior attempt at interferon based therapies (non-pegylated or pegylated)</p> <p>Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no more than one prior treatment with interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa for hepatitis C and who satisfy all of the following criteria:</p> <p>(1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);<br/>(2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and both patient and their partner are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Male patients and their partners are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Female partners of male patients are not pregnant.<br/>The treatment course is limited to 48 weeks. Patients may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks of treatment if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 12.</p> <p><b>Note</b><br/>Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:</p> <p>(a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and<br/>(b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and<br/>(c) an established liver clinic; and<br/>(d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.</p> |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 9524G | Pack containing 168 tablets ribavirin 200 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes peginterferon alfa-2a injection 135 micrograms   | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3072.84                                 | Pegasys RBV RO              |
| 9525H | Pack containing 112 tablets ribavirin 200 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes peginterferon alfa-2a injection 180 micrograms   | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3085.28                                 | Pegasys RBV RO              |
| 9526J | Pack containing 140 tablets ribavirin 200 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes peginterferon alfa-2a injection 180 micrograms   | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3245.82                                 | Pegasys RBV RO              |
| 9527K | Pack containing 168 tablets ribavirin 200 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes peginterferon alfa-2a injection 180 micrograms   | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3406.36                                 | Pegasys RBV RO              |

### RIBAVIRIN and PEGINTERFERON ALFA-2b

#### **Caution**

Treatment with peginterferon alfa has been associated with depression and suicide in some patients. Patients with a history of suicidal ideation or depressive illness should be warned of the risks. Psychiatric status during therapy should be monitored.

#### **Caution**

Ribavirin is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy in female patients or in the partners of male patients must be avoided during treatment and during the 6 months period after cessation of treatment.

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

**3413**

Patients naive to interferon based therapies (non-pegylated or pegylated)

Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no prior interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa treatment for hepatitis C and who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);
- (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and both patient and their partner are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Male patients and their partners are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Female partners of male patients are not pregnant.

For patients with genotype 2 or 3 hepatitis C without hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis, the treatment course is limited to 24 weeks. For hepatitis C patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 and those genotype 2 or 3 patients with hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis, the treatment course is limited to 48 weeks.

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|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <p>Patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who are eligible for 48 weeks of treatment may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks if the result of an HCV RNA quantitative assay (performed at the same laboratory using the same test) shows that the plasma HCV RNA has become undetectable or the viral load has decreased by at least a 2 log drop. (An HCV RNA assay at week 12 is unnecessary for genotype 2 and 3 patients because of the high likelihood of early viral response by week 12).</p> <p>Patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who are viral positive at week 12 but have attained at least a 2 log drop in viral load may only continue treatment after the first 24 weeks of treatment if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24. Similarly, genotype 2 or 3 patients with hepatic cirrhosis or bridging fibrosis may only continue treatment after the first 24 weeks if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24. An HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 24 is unnecessary for those patients with genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 who became viral negative at week 12.</p> |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (c) an established liver clinic; and  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3414</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Patients who have failed one prior attempt at interferon based therapies (non-pegylated or pegylated)   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment, managed by an accredited treatment centre, of chronic hepatitis C in patients 18 years or older who have compensated liver disease and who have received no more than one prior treatment with interferon alfa or peginterferon alfa for hepatitis C and who satisfy all of the following criteria:  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (1) Documented chronic hepatitis C infection (repeatedly anti-HCV positive and HCV RNA positive);   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (2) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and both patient and their partner are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Male patients and their partners are using effective forms of contraception (one for each partner). Female partners of male patients are not pregnant.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| The treatment course is limited to 48 weeks. Patients may only continue treatment after the first 12 weeks of treatment if plasma HCV RNA is not detectable by an HCV RNA qualitative assay at week 12.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment centres are required to have access to the following appropriate specialist facilities for the provision of clinical support services for hepatitis C:  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (a) a nurse educator/counsellor for patients; and   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (b) 24 hour access by patients to medical advice; and   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (c) an established liver clinic; and  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| (d) facilities for safe liver biopsy.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 9528L   | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 50 micrograms with diluent   | 2           | 5              | ..            | *1834.76                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9529M   | Pack containing 112 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 50 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2119.74                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9530N   | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 80 micrograms with diluent   | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2422.72                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9531P   | Pack containing 140 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 80 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2707.66                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9532Q   | Pack containing 168 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 80 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2707.66                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9533R   | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 100 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *2814.66                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9534T   | Pack containing 112 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 100 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3099.62                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9535W   | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 120 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3206.62                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9536X   | Pack containing 140 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 120 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3491.58                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9537Y   | Pack containing 84 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent  | 2           | 5              | ..            | *3794.56                                 | Pegatron SH                 |

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|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 9538B | Pack containing 140 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *4079.52                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9539C | Pack containing 168 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *4079.52                                 | Pegatron SH                 |
| 9540D | Pack containing 196 capsules ribavirin 200 mg and 4 single use injection pens containing peginterferon alfa-2b powder for injection 150 micrograms with diluent | 2           | 5              | ..            | *4364.48                                 | Pegatron SH                 |

### Immunosuppressants

#### Immunosuppressants

##### *Selective immunosuppressants*

###### ABATACEPT

###### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe abatacept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Further prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe abatacept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

###### Note

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### (a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

#### Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

#### Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with abatacept, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L;

AND either

- (i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion. Up to a maximum of 4 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 4 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with abatacept.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with abatacept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with abatacept, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and  
 (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with abatacept and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised abatacept treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion. Up to a maximum of 4 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 4 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised abatacept treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised abatacept treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with abatacept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

#### **Continuing treatment**

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with abatacept, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and  
 (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with abatacept; and  
 (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with abatacept.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;  
 AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or  
 (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:  
 — elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or  
 — shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with abatacept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with abatacept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with abatacept under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |         |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|---------|----|
| 5605B | Powder for I.V. infusion 250 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 504.43 | Orencia | BQ |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|---------|----|

### EVEROLIMUS

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3355

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of renal allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;

##### 3356

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of cardiac allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |                |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 5737Y | Tablet 1 mg    | 240 | 5 | .. | *3844.80 | Certican | NV |
| 5738B | Tablet 0.25 mg | 120 | 5 | .. | *480.60  | Certican | NV |
| 5739C | Tablet 0.5 mg  | 120 | 5 | .. | *961.20  | Certican | NV |
| 5740D | Tablet 0.75 mg | 240 | 5 | .. | *2883.60 | Certican | NV |

### MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3355

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of renal allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;

##### 3356

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of cardiac allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |   |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 9500B | Powder for oral suspension 1 g per 5 mL, 165 mL | 2   | 5 | .. | *489.02  | CellCept | RO |
| 9501C | Capsule 250 mg                                  | 600 | 5 | .. | *1111.38 | CellCept | RO |
| 9502D | Tablet 500 mg                                   | 300 | 5 | .. | *1111.38 | CellCept | RO |

### MYCOPHENOLATE SODIUM

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3355

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of renal allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |  |     |   |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--|-----|---|----|---------|----------|----|
| 9503E | Tablet (enteric coated) 180 mg (mycophenolic acid) | 240 | 5 | .. | *444.56 | Myfortic | NV |
| 9504F | Tablet (enteric coated) 360 mg (mycophenolic acid) | 240 | 5 | .. | *889.12 | Myfortic | NV |

### NATALIZUMAB

#### Caution

Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy has been reported with this drug.

#### Note

Neurologists prescribing natalizumab under the PBS listing must be registered with the Tysabri Australian Prescribing Program.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3425

Treatment, as monotherapy, by a neurologist, of clinically definite relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis in an ambulatory (without assistance or support) patient 18 years of age or older, who has experienced at least 2 documented attacks of neurological dysfunction, believed to be due to multiple sclerosis, in the preceding 2 years.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|

The diagnosis must be confirmed by magnetic resonance imaging of the brain and/or spinal cord and the date of the scan included in the patient's medical notes, unless written certification provided by a radiologist that an MRI scan is contraindicated because of the risk of physical (not psychological) injury to the patient is included in the patient's medical notes.

Natalizumab must be ceased if there is continuing progression of disability while on treatment with natalizumab. For continued treatment the patient must demonstrate compliance with, and an ability to tolerate, natalizumab.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |         |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|---------|----|
| 9505G | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 300 mg in 15 mL | 1 | 5 | .. | 2038.46 | Tysabri | BD |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|---------|----|

### **SIROLIMUS**

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3355

Management of rejection, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit, in patients receiving this drug for prophylaxis of renal allograft rejection. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |                                  |     |   |    |          |          |    |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|----------|----|
| 9548M | Tablet 2 mg                      | 200 | 5 | .. | *2893.34 | Rapamune | WX |
| 9549N | Tablet 1 mg                      | 200 | 5 | .. | *1446.66 | Rapamune | WX |
| 9550P | Oral solution 1 mg per mL, 60 mL | 2   | 5 | .. | *936.00  | Rapamune | WX |

### *Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-alpha) inhibitors*

#### **ADALIMUMAB**

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe adalimumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe adalimumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001;

#### Note

TREATMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any 1 time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

(6) Withdrawal of treatment after sustained remission.

Withdrawal of treatment with bDMARDs should be considered in a patient who has achieved and sustained complete remission of disease for 12 months. A demonstration of response to the current treatment should be submitted to Medicare Australia at the time treatment is ceased.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient recommencing after a break of more than 12 months).

Initial treatment by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years:

- (a) who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; AND
- (b) whose parent or authorised guardian has signed a patient acknowledgement; AND
- (c) who has not received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition in the previous 12 months; AND
- (d) who has demonstrated either:
  - (i) severe intolerance of, or toxicity due to, methotrexate (see below for definition of severe intolerance and toxicity); or
  - (ii) failure to achieve an adequate response to 1 or more of the following treatment regimens:
    - oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg per square metre weekly, alone or in combination with oral or intra-articular corticosteroids, for a minimum of 3 months; or
    - oral methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg per square metre weekly together with at least 1 other DMARD, alone or in combination with corticosteroids, for a minimum of 3 months. (Note: use of alternative DMARDs in children is dependent on approval by the Therapeutic Goods Administration as age restrictions may apply.)

Severe intolerance is defined as intractable nausea and vomiting and general malaise unresponsive to manoeuvres, including reducing or omitting concomitant NSAIDs on the day of methotrexate administration, use of folic acid supplementation, or administering the dose of methotrexate in 2 divided doses over 24 hours.

Toxicity is defined as evidence of hepatotoxicity with repeated elevations of transaminases, bone marrow suppression temporally related to methotrexate use, pneumonitis, or serious sepsis.

If treatment with methotrexate alone or in combination with another DMARD is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of this toxicity at the time of application.

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

- (a) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; OR
- (b) at least 4 active joints from the following list:
  - (i) elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - (ii) shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count assessment should be performed preferably whilst still on DMARD treatment, but no longer than 4 weeks following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) an acknowledgement signed by a parent or authorised guardian.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

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At the time of authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of injections of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for two doses. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with adalimumab.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months).

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with adalimumab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for a patient who has received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab in this treatment cycle and who wishes to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of injections of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for two doses. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with adalimumab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under either of the Initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, the patient must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised adalimumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, the patient must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to that particular course of bDMARD.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 ('grandfather' patients).

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with adalimumab, by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) was receiving treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 March 2010; and
- (c) has demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with adalimumab at the time of application.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) an acknowledgement signed by a parent or authorised guardian.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of injections of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for two doses. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of the course in order to ensure continuity of treatment.

A patient ceasing treatment or swapping to an alternate agent and wishing to demonstrate a response to treatment, must be assessed no earlier than 12 weeks from the commencement of PBS-subsidised treatment. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, by a rheumatologist or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient:

- (a) who has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) who has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with adalimumab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle was with adalimumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of injections of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for two doses. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with adalimumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with adalimumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial adalimumab after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

|       |  |   |    |    |         |        |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|--------|----|
| 9661L | Injection 20 mg in 0.4 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | .. | .. | 1630.00 | Humira | AB |
| 9662M | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled syringe | 2 | .. | .. | 1630.00 | Humira | AB |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| 9663N | Injection 40 mg in 0.8 mL pre-filled pen                | 2           | ..             | ..            | 1630.00                                  | Humira AB                   |

### ETANERCEPT

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

TREATMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any 1 time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### (6) Withdrawal of treatment after sustained remission.

Withdrawal of treatment with bDMARDs should be considered in a patient who has achieved and sustained complete remission of disease for 12 months. A demonstration of response to the current treatment should be submitted to Medicare Australia at the time treatment is ceased.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient recommencing after a break of more than 12 months).

Initial treatment by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years:

- (a) who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; AND
- (b) whose parent or authorised guardian has signed a patient acknowledgement; AND
- (c) who has not received PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition in the previous 12 months; AND
- (d) who has demonstrated either:

(i) severe intolerance of, or toxicity due to, methotrexate (see below for definition of severe intolerance and toxicity); or

(ii) failure to achieve an adequate response to 1 or more of the following treatment regimens:

— oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg per square metre weekly, alone or in combination with oral or intra-articular corticosteroids, for a minimum of 3 months; or

— oral methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg per square metre weekly together with at least 1 other DMARD, alone or in combination with corticosteroids, for a minimum of 3 months. (Note: use of alternative DMARDs in children is dependent on approval by the Therapeutic Goods Administration as age restrictions may apply.)

Severe intolerance is defined as intractable nausea and vomiting and general malaise unresponsive to manoeuvres, including reducing or omitting concomitant NSAIDs on the day of methotrexate administration, use of folic acid supplementation, or administering the dose of methotrexate in 2 divided doses over 24 hours.

Toxicity is defined as evidence of hepatotoxicity with repeated elevations of transaminases, bone marrow suppression temporally related to methotrexate use, pneumonitis, or serious sepsis.

If treatment with methotrexate alone or in combination with another DMARD is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of this toxicity at the time of application.

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

- (a) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; OR
- (b) at least 4 active joints from the following list:
  - (i) elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - (ii) shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count assessment should be performed preferably whilst still on DMARD treatment, but no longer than 4 weeks following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) an acknowledgement signed by a parent or authorised guardian.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with etanercept.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months).

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept by a paediatric rheumatologist, or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient under 18 years who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or etanercept for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with etanercept for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for a patient who has received PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept in this treatment cycle and who wishes to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment with etanercept may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under either of the Initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, the patient must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised etanercept treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, the patient must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to that particular course of bDMARD.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

### Authority required

Continuing treatment.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient:

- (a) who has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) who has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with etanercept; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle was with etanercept.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with etanercept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle. A patient may re-trial etanercept after a minimum of 12 months have elapsed between the date the last PBS-subsidised bDMARD was stopped and the date of the first application under a new treatment cycle.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |        |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|--------|----|
| 5734T | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for injection 25 mg and 4 pre-filled syringes solvent 1 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 815.00 | Enbrel | WX |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|--------|----|

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### ETANERCEPT

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe etanercept may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe etanercept should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

TREATMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE JUVENILE IDIOPATHIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and etanercept for a patient who has severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and etanercept only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 bDMARDs at any 1 time.

From 1 November 2010, a patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy is considered to be in a treatment cycle where they may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may:

- continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy, and
- fail to respond, or to sustain a response to one PBS-subsidised bDMARD twice and the other PBS-subsidised bDMARD once only.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy. The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was stopped to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a bDMARD under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who was receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment immediately prior to 1 November 2010 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 November 2010. A patient who has had a break in bDMARD treatment of at least 12 months immediately prior to making a new application, on or after 1 November 2010, will commence a new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of a bDMARD in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 12 months must commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 November 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the 4 weeks prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

### (b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to the alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months.

A patient may trial the alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug twice within the current treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide a new baseline measurement any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to the revised baseline measurement.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to start a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy of at least 12 months, must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must qualify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 12 month break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### (6) Withdrawal of treatment after sustained remission.

Withdrawal of treatment with bDMARDs should be considered in a patient who has achieved and sustained complete remission of disease for 12 months. A demonstration of response to the current treatment should be submitted to Medicare Australia at the time treatment is ceased.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with etanercept, by a rheumatologist or under the supervision of a paediatric rheumatology treatment centre, of a patient 18 years or older:

- (a) who has a documented history of severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- (b) who has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with etanercept; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment in this treatment cycle was with etanercept.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder, cervical spine and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with etanercept must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with etanercept, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

If a patient fails to respond to treatment 3 times (twice with one agent and once with the other) they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy in this treatment cycle.

Where a patient with severe active juvenile idiopathic arthritis continues treatment with etanercept and is 18 years or older, etanercept 50 mg may be prescribed.

|       |  |   |    |    |         |        |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|--------|----|
| 5733R | Injections 50 mg in 1 mL single use pre-filled syringes, 4 | 1 | .. | .. | 1630.01 | Enbrel | WX |
| 5735W | Injection 50 mg in 1 mL single use auto-injector, 4        | 1 | .. | .. | 1630.01 | Enbrel | WX |

### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab for adult patients with active ankylosing spondylitis. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 4 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 March 2007, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonists without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 March 2007 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 March 2007.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than once. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2007, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for ankylosing spondylitis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2007.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab, etanercept and golimumab and 18 weeks of treatment for infliximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the BASDAI), or the prior NSAID therapy and exercise program requirements.

A patient may trial an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

For a new patient, the BASDAI used to determine the baseline must be measured while the patient is receiving NSAID therapy and completing their exercise program.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response.

(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with at least 1 NSAID, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the BASDAI, ESR and/or CRP levels are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with golimumab.

A patient who commenced treatment with golimumab for active ankylosing spondylitis prior to 1 March 2010 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with golimumab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with golimumab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with active ankylosing spondylitis who has radiographically (plain X-ray) confirmed Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis and who has not received any PBS-subsidised treatment with either adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab or infliximab in this treatment cycle; AND

(a) who has at least 2 of the following:

- (i) low back pain and stiffness for 3 or more months that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; or
- (ii) limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by a score of at least 1 on each of the lumbar flexion and lumbar side flexion measurements of the Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) [for further information on the BASMI please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; or
- (iii) limitation of chest expansion relative to normal values for age and gender [for chest expansion normal values please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; AND

(b) who has failed to achieve an adequate response following treatment with at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), whilst completing an appropriate exercise program, for a total period of 3 months.

The application must include details of the NSAIDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment. If the NSAID dose is less than the maximum recommended dose in the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must include the reason a higher dose cannot be used.

If treatment with NSAIDs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, the application must provide details of the contraindication.

If intolerance to NSAID treatment develops during the relevant period of use which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, the application must provide details of the nature and severity of this intolerance. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

For details on the appropriate minimum exercise program that will be accepted for the purposes of administering this restriction, please refer to the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated at the time of the initial application:

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

- (a) a Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 4 on a 0-10 scale; AND  
 (b) an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 10 mg per L.

The BASDAI must be determined at the completion of the 3 month NSAID and exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI must be no more than 1 month old at the time of initial application.

Both ESR and CRP measures should be provided with the initial treatment application and both must be no more than 1 month old. If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)] which must include the following:  
 (i) a copy of the radiological report confirming Grade II bilateral sacroiliitis or Grade III unilateral sacroiliitis; and  
 (ii) a completed BASDAI Assessment Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and  
 (iii) a completed Exercise Program Self Certification Form included in the supporting information form; and  
 (iv) a signed patient acknowledgment form.

The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

A maximum of 18 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be approved under this criterion.

At the time of the authority application, the doctor should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 18 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement for all patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who, in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment for this condition and is eligible to receive further TNF-alfa antagonist therapy, and has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab in the current treatment cycle.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy) the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. These assessments must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date the course was ceased. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

A maximum of 18 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be approved under this criterion.

At the time of the authority application, the doctor should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 18 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment for all patients

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, by a rheumatologist, of an adult with a documented history of active ankylosing spondylitis who:

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|-------|--|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|       | (a) has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with infliximab; and<br>(b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy in this treatment cycle was with infliximab.   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | An adequate response is defined as an improvement from baseline of at least 2 of the BASDAI and 1 of the following:<br>(a) an ESR measurement no greater than 25 mm per hour; or<br>(b) a CRP measurement no greater than 10 mg per L; or<br>(c) an ESR or CRP measurement reduced by at least 20% from baseline.  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | Where only 1 acute phase reactant measurement is supplied in the first application for PBS-subsidised treatment, that same marker must be measured and supplied in all subsequent continuing treatment applications.   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:<br>(a) a completed authority prescription form; and<br>(b) a completed Ankylosing Spondylitis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au].   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | All measurements provided must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.  |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | At the time of the authority application, the doctor should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | Where fewer than 3 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone.   |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | All applications for continuing treatment with infliximab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment following an initial treatment course it must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with infliximab. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment. |             |                |               |  |                             |
|       | Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug in this treatment cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist was approved in this cycle and the date of the first application under a new cycle.  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5753T | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg  | 1           | ..             | ..            | 751.70                                   | Remicade SH                 |

### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1

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course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate

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response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### Note

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### Authority required

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

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Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

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A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 3 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 3 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with infliximab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with infliximab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;

AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

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— shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 3 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with infliximab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|
| 5757B | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 751.70 | Remicade | SH |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|

## INFLIXIMAB

### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to

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the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

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To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

(4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (3) have failed to achieve an adequate response to:
  - (a) methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly for a minimum period of 3 months; and
  - (b) sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day for a minimum period of 3 months; or
  - (c) leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily for a minimum period of 3 months.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities, including severity, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application:

an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) an active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be satisfied.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 22 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

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The assessment of the patient's response to the initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment and submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the response assessment is not submitted within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed this course of treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

#### Initial 2

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults who:

- (1) have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) have received prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle and are eligible to receive further biological therapy; and
- (3) have not failed treatment with infliximab during the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug within this same Cycle, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 22 weeks treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under either of the initial treatment restrictions (i.e. for patients with no prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy or, under this restriction, for patients who have received previous PBS-subsidised biological therapy), patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

#### Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of psoriatic arthritis, of adults:

- (1) who have a documented history of severe active psoriatic arthritis; and
- (2) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological agent for this condition in the current Treatment Cycle was with infliximab; and
- (3) who, at the time of application, demonstrate an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

An adequate response to treatment with infliximab is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Psoriatic Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats may be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with infliximab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with the initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with infliximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug, in this Treatment Cycle. Patients may re-trial infliximab after a minimum of 5 years have elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Note**

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents (adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab) for adult patients with severe active psoriatic arthritis.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological agents at any 1 time. Where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and infliximab.

From 1 August 2006, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial biological agents without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

Following demonstration of response to initial treatment, these biological agents are available under the PBS for continuing treatment as set out in the continuing treatment restriction for each agent.

Once patients have either failed or ceased to sustain a response to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a single Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy before they are eligible to commence another Cycle [further details are under '(5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' below].

The 5-year break in therapy will be measured from the date the last approval for PBS-subsidised treatment was granted in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Cycle.

Within the same Cycle, patients are not allowed to fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for any biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent which they have not previously failed, if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular treatment Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe active psoriatic arthritis after 1 August 2010.

#### (1) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); and
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; and
- (iii) patients wish to re-commence treatment with a specific biological agent following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that specific agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment for non-grandfather patients will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for all agents except for infliximab, for which a maximum of 22 weeks will be authorised. It is recommended that patients be reviewed in the month prior to completing their course of initial treatment to ensure uninterrupted biological agent supply.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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Patients must be assessed for response to any course of PBS-subsidised initial treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

Grandfather patients — golimumab only.

Applications for patients who commenced treatment with golimumab prior to 1 March 2010 may apply for initial PBS-subsidised treatment as continuing therapy under the relevant initial treatment restriction (Initial 3). These patients access the PBS interchangeability arrangements in the same way as new patients who have not been treated with any biological agent prior to PBS listing of that agent.

Applications for initial PBS-subsidised treatment for grandfather patients will provide for a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment for all agents. Approval will be based on the criteria included in the relevant restriction.

### (2) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific biological agent, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. Patients are eligible to receive continuing biological treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients must be assessed for response to a course of continuing therapy, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased. Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent.

### (3) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate biological agent without having to re-qualify with respect to either the indices of disease severity (i.e. erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) level, and active joint count) or the prior non-biological therapy requirements.

Patients may swap to an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a biological agent at the time of the application or not.

Patients may alternate between therapy with any biological agent of their choice (1 at a time) providing:

- (i) they have not received PBS-subsidised treatment with that particular biological agent previously; or
- (ii) they have demonstrated an adequate response to that particular biological agent if they have previously trialed it on the PBS; or
- (iii) they have not previously failed to respond to treatment 3 times in this Treatment Cycle.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the biological agent the patient is ceasing.

### (4) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the indices of disease severity submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a treatment Cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. 20 or more active joints), response will be determined according to a reduction in the total number of active joints.

### (5) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent treatment Cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must re-qualify for initial treatment with respect to both the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with methotrexate and sulfasalazine or leflunomide, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 months at the time the ESR or CRP levels and the active joint counts are measured.

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| 5756Y | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 751.70 | Remicade | SH |
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## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE REFRACTORY CROHN DISEASE

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and infliximab for adult patients with severe refractory Crohn disease. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 August 2008, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial each PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 August 2008 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 August 2008.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than twice.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2008.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and 14 weeks of therapy for infliximab.

From 1 August 2008, a patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Adalimumab only: Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats.

(b) Continuing treatment. Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap if eligible to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score, evidence of intestinal inflammation), or the prior corticosteroid therapy and immunosuppressive therapy.

A patient may trial the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug two times within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the CDAI or evidence of intestinal inflammation submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with a corticosteroid and at least 1 immunosuppressive agent, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the CDAI score or the indices of intestinal inflammation are measured.

### (5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or infliximab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe refractory Crohn disease prior to 9 November 2007 or infliximab prior to 7 March 2007 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patients)

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with severe refractory Crohn disease who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (c) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic therapy including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and
  - (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:
    - azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) have a severity of disease activity which results in a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score greater than or equal to 300 as assessed.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

The most recent CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) calculation sheet including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

A CDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2

Change or re-commencement of treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab or adalimumab for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

To demonstrate a response to treatment the application must be accompanied by the results of the most recent course of TNF-alfa antagonist therapy within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under an initial treatment restriction, the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

If the response assessment to the previous course of TNF-alfa antagonist treatment is not submitted as detailed above, the patient will be deemed to have failed therapy with that particular course of TNF-alfa antagonist.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) details of prior TNF alfa antagonist treatment including details of date and duration of treatment.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

A CDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to a level no greater than 150.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, a CDAI assessment of the patient's response must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

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The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial 1

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome or an ostomy patient.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has diagnostic imaging or surgical evidence of short gut syndrome or has an ileostomy or colostomy; and
- (c) has evidence of intestinal inflammation; and
- (d) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (e) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic drug therapy including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and
  - (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:
    - azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) have evidence of intestinal inflammation, including:
  - (i) blood: higher than normal platelet count, or, an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour, or, a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: higher than normal lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) diagnostic imaging: demonstration of increased uptake of intravenous contrast with thickening of the bowel wall or mesenteric lymphadenopathy or fat streaking in the mesentery;
- AND/OR
- (b) be assessed clinically as being in a high faecal output state;
- AND/OR
- (c) be assessed clinically as requiring surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN) as the next therapeutic option, in the absence of infliximab.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Any one of the baseline criteria may be used to determine response to an initial course of treatment and eligibility for continued therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction. However, the same criterion must be used for any subsequent determination of response to treatment, for the purpose of eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised therapy.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website

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([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)) which includes the following:

- (i) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
- (ii) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criterion, if relevant; and
- (iii) date of the most recent clinical assessment; and
- (iv) the signed patient acknowledgement.

All assessments, pathology tests and diagnostic imaging studies must be made within 1 month of the date of application.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2

Change or re-commencement of treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome, an ostomy patient or a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) in this treatment cycle, has received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab or adalimumab for this condition; and
- (c) has not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab for this condition more than once in the current treatment cycle.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

To demonstrate a response to treatment the application must be accompanied by the results of the most recent course of TNF-alfa antagonist therapy within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment was approved under an initial treatment restriction, the patient must have been assessed for response to that course following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

If the response assessment to the previous course of TNF-alfa antagonist treatment is not submitted as detailed above, the patient will be deemed to have failed therapy with that particular course of TNF-alfa antagonist.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criteria, if relevant; and
  - (ii) details of prior TNF alfa antagonist treatment including details of date and duration of treatment.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare

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Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome or an ostomy patient.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease with intestinal inflammation and with short gut syndrome or with an ileostomy or colostomy; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as:

- (a) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
- (b) reversal of high faecal output state; or
- (c) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) used to assess response to therapy or the date of clinical assessment.

The patient's assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, an assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### **Authority required**

Initial 1

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with severe refractory Crohn disease who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has extensive small intestinal disease with radiological evidence of intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has failed to achieve an adequate response to prior systemic therapy including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 40 mg prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period; and
  - (ii) immunosuppressive therapy including:

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- azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
- 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
- methotrexate at a dose of at least 15 mg weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

(a) have severity of disease activity which results in a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score greater than or equal to 220;

AND/OR

(b) have evidence of active intestinal inflammation, including:

(i) blood: higher than normal platelet count, or, an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour, or, a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR

(ii) faeces: higher than normal lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR

(iii) diagnostic imaging: demonstration of increased uptake of intravenous contrast with thickening of the bowel wall or mesenteric lymphadenopathy or fat streaking in the mesentery;

AND/OR

(c) be assessed clinically as being in a high faecal output state;

AND/OR

(d) be assessed clinically as requiring surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN) as the next therapeutic option, in the absence of infliximab.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Any one of the baseline criteria may be used to determine response to an initial course of treatment and eligibility for continued therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction. However, the same criterion must be used for any subsequent determination of response to treatment, for the purpose of eligibility for continuing PBS-subsidised therapy.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

(a) a completed authority prescription form; and

(b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:

(i) details of prior systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and

(ii) (1) reports and dates of the pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) nominated as the response criterion, if relevant; or

(2) the completed current Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) calculation sheet including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition, if relevant; and

(iii) date of the most recent clinical assessment; and

(iv) the signed patient acknowledgement.

All assessments, pathology tests and diagnostic imaging studies must be made within 1 month of the date of application.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

The assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

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### Authority required

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with extensive small intestine disease.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease with extensive intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as:

- (a) a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150; or
- (b) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
  - (c) reversal of high faecal output state; or
  - (d) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; or
  - (ii) the reports and dates of the pathology test or diagnostic imaging test(s) used to assess response to therapy; or
  - (iii) the date of clinical assessment.

All assessments must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, an assessment of the patient's response must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial 3 (grandfather)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of Crohn disease in a patient assessed by CDAI who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab.

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with infliximab prior to 7 March 2007; and
- (b) had a Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score of greater than or equal to 300 prior to commencing treatment with infliximab. Where a baseline CDAI assessment is not available, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab. For advice please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

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An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and baseline Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

The current CDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. The baseline CDAI assessment must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with infliximab.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of Crohn disease in a patient with short gut syndrome, an ostomy patient, or a patient with extensive small intestine disease, who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab.

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe refractory Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with infliximab prior to 7 March 2007; and
- (b) (1) has a history of extensive small intestinal disease with radiological evidence of intestinal inflammation affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
- (2) has diagnostic imaging or surgical evidence of short gut syndrome or has an ileostomy or colostomy with a documented history of intestinal inflammation; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab according to the criteria included in the relevant continuation restriction. For advice please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

The same criteria used to determine an inadequate response to prior treatment at baseline must be used to determine response to treatment and eligibility for continuing therapy, according to the criteria included in the continuing treatment restriction.

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as:

- (a) a reduction in Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score to no greater than 150; or
- (b) improvement of intestinal inflammation as demonstrated by:
  - (i) blood: normalisation of the platelet count, or an erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) level no greater than 25 mm per hour, or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level no greater than 15 mg per L; AND/OR
  - (ii) faeces: normalisation of lactoferrin or calprotectin level; AND/OR
  - (iii) evidence of mucosal healing, as demonstrated by diagnostic imaging findings, compared to the baseline assessment; or
- (c) reversal of high faecal output state; or
- (d) avoidance of the need for surgery or total parenteral nutrition (TPN).

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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(www.medicareaustralia.gov.au) ] which includes the following:

- (i) (1) the completed current and baseline Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score calculation sheet, where relevant, including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; or
- (2) the reports and dates of the current and baseline pathology or diagnostic imaging test(s) in order to assess response to therapy; or
- (3) the date of clinical assessment(s); and
- (ii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

The patient's assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. The baseline CDAI assessments must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with infliximab. Where a baseline assessment is not available, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

### **Note**

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE REFRACTORY CROHN DISEASE

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and infliximab for adult patients with severe refractory Crohn disease. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 August 2008, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial each PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 August 2008 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 August 2008.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than twice.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2008.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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(ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or  
 (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and 14 weeks of therapy for infliximab.

From 1 August 2008, a patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Adalimumab only: Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats.

(b) Continuing treatment. Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap if eligible to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score, evidence of intestinal inflammation), or the prior corticosteroid therapy and immunosuppressive therapy.

A patient may trial the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug two times within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the CDAI or evidence of intestinal inflammation submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

### (4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with a corticosteroid and at least 1 immunosuppressive agent, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the CDAI score or the indices of intestinal inflammation are measured.

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(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or infliximab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe refractory Crohn disease prior to 9 November 2007 or infliximab prior to 7 March 2007 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

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### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

#### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE REFRACTORY CROHN DISEASE

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of adalimumab and infliximab for adult patients with severe refractory Crohn disease. Where the term 'tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonist' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it refers to adalimumab and infliximab only.

A patient is eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the 2 TNF-alfa antagonists at any 1 time.

From 1 August 2008, under the PBS, all patients will be able to commence a treatment cycle where they may trial each PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist without having to experience a disease flare when swapping to the alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single treatment cycle, a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist while they continue to show a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment prior to 1 August 2008 is considered to be in their first cycle as of 1 August 2008.

Within the same treatment cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist more than twice.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a treatment cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy before they are eligible to commence the next cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in the most recent cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a TNF-alfa antagonist under the new treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of less than 5 years, may commence a further course of treatment within the same treatment cycle.

A patient who has failed fewer than 3 trials of TNF-alfa antagonists in a treatment cycle and who has a break in therapy of more than 5 years, may commence a new treatment cycle.

There is no limit to the number of treatment cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy after 1 August 2008.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment in this treatment cycle and wishes to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) TNF-alfa antagonist therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and 14 weeks of therapy for infliximab.

From 1 August 2008, a patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy for adalimumab and up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) for infliximab, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment, it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Adalimumab only: Two completed authority prescriptions must be submitted with every initial application for adalimumab. One prescription must be for the induction pack containing a quantity of 6 doses of 40 mg and no repeats. The second prescription must be written for 2 doses of 40 mg and 2 repeats.

(b) Continuing treatment. Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific TNF-alfa antagonist, a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing TNF-alfa antagonist treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted TNF-alfa antagonist supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that TNF-alfa antagonist.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist is approved, a patient may swap if eligible to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist within the same treatment cycle without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. Crohn Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score, evidence of intestinal inflammation), or the prior corticosteroid therapy and immunosuppressive therapy.

A patient may trial the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a TNF-alfa antagonist at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular TNF-alfa antagonist if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug two times within the same treatment cycle.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to the alternate TNF-alfa antagonist should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the TNF-alfa antagonist the patient is ceasing.

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the CDAI or evidence of intestinal inflammation submitted with the first authority application for a TNF-alfa antagonist. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted within a treatment cycle and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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(4) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

A patient who wishes to trial a second or subsequent treatment cycle following a break in PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment with respect to the indices of disease severity. Patients must have received treatment with a corticosteroid and at least 1 immunosuppressive agent, at an adequate dose, for a minimum of 3 consecutive months immediately prior to the time the CDAI score or the indices of intestinal inflammation are measured.

(5) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab or infliximab.

A patient who commenced treatment with adalimumab for severe refractory Crohn disease prior to 9 November 2007 or infliximab prior to 7 March 2007 and who continues to receive treatment at the time of application, may qualify for treatment under the initial 'grandfather' treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this criterion once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be authorised under this criterion.

Following completion of the initial PBS-subsidised course, further applications for treatment with adalimumab or infliximab will be assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

'Grandfather' arrangements will only apply for the first treatment cycle. For the second and subsequent cycles, a 'grandfather' patient must requalify for initial treatment under the criteria that apply to a new patient. See 'Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy' above for further details.

### **Authority required**

Initial treatment of Crohn disease in a paediatric patient.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment by a gastroenterologist, paediatrician or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient aged 6 to 17 years inclusive with moderate to severe refractory Crohn disease who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) whose parent or authorised guardian has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (c) has failed to achieve an adequate response to 2 of the following 3 conventional prior therapies including:
  - (i) a tapered course of steroids, starting at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg or 40 mg (whichever is the lesser) prednisolone (or equivalent), over a 6 week period;
  - (ii) an 8 week course of enteral nutrition;
  - (iii) immunosuppressive therapy including:
    - azathioprine at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - 6-mercaptopurine at a dose of at least 1 mg per kg daily for 3 or more months; or
    - methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg per square metre weekly for 3 or more months.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of the accepted toxicities including severity can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) severity of disease activity which results in a Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) Score greater than or equal to 30 as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) The most recent PCDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

All tests and assessments should be performed preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) calculation sheet including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) details of previous systemic drug therapy [dosage, date of commencement and duration of therapy], or dates of enteral nutrition; and

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(iii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete the 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

A PCDAI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### Authority required

Continuing treatment of Crohn disease in a patient initiated on PBS-subsidised treatment as a paediatric patient.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, paediatrician, consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of moderate to severe refractory Crohn disease; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as a reduction in Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) Score by at least 15 points as compared to baseline AND a total PCDAI score of 30 points or less.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The PCDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, a PCDAI assessment of the patient's response must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients who fail to demonstrate or sustain a response to treatment with infliximab for Crohn disease as specified in the criteria for continuing treatment with infliximab, will not be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Authority required

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of Crohn disease in a paediatric patient who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, paediatrician, consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient aged 6 to 17 years inclusive who:

(a) has a documented history of moderate to severe refractory Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with infliximab prior to 4 July 2007; and

(b) had a Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) Score of greater than 30 prior to commencing treatment with infliximab. Where a baseline CDAI assessment is not available, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss; and

(c) whose parent or authorised guardian has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and

(d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab. For advice please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as a reduction in Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) Score by at least 15 points as compared to baseline AND a total PCDAI score of 30 points or less.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and baseline Paediatric Crohn Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) the signed patient acknowledgement.

The current PCDAI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application. The baseline PCDAI assessment must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with infliximab.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

Patients who fail to demonstrate or sustain a response to treatment with infliximab for Crohn disease as specified in the criteria for continuing treatment with infliximab, will not be eligible to recommence PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |          |    |
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| 5755X | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 751.70 | Remicade | SH |
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### INFLIXIMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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HOBART TAS 7001

### Authority required

Initial treatment of complex refractory FISTULISING CROHN DISEASE.

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease who:

- (a) has confirmed Crohn disease, defined by standard clinical, endoscopic and/or imaging features, including histological evidence, with the diagnosis confirmed by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below; and
- (b) has an externally draining enterocutaneous or rectovaginal fistula; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criteria for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Fistulising Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) a completed current Fistula Assessment Form including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) a signed patient acknowledgement.

The most recent fistula assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6 will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

An assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (up to 6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

A patient who fails to respond to a course of PBS-subsidised infliximab for the treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

### Authority required

Re-commencement of treatment of complex refractory FISTULISING CROHN DISEASE.

Re-initiation of PBS-subsidised treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease by a gastroenterologist or a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, of a patient with complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease who:

- (a) has a documented history of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease; and
- (b) has an externally draining enterocutaneous or rectovaginal fistula; and
- (c) has previously received PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment for a draining enterocutaneous or rectovaginal fistula; and EITHER
- (d) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to the most recent course of PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition; or
- (e) has failed to demonstrate or sustain an adequate response to PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition and 12 months have elapsed from the date on which treatment was ceased.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Fistulising Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes a completed current Fistula Assessment Form including the date of assessment of the patient's condition.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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The most recent fistula assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum quantity and number of repeats to provide for an initial course of infliximab consisting of 3 doses at 5 mg per kg body weight per dose to be administered at weeks 0, 2 and 6, will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete 3 doses of infliximab may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period.

An assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose (up to 6 weeks following the third dose) so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab.

It is recommended that an application for continuing treatment is posted to Medicare Australia at the time of the 12 week assessment, to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

A patient who fails to respond to a course of PBS-subsidised infliximab for the treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

### **Authority required**

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment of complex refractory FISTULISING CROHN DISEASE in a patient who has previously received non-PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab.

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below, or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist of a patient who satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) has a documented history of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease and was receiving treatment with infliximab prior to 1 March 2010; and
- (b) had a draining enterocutaneous or rectovaginal fistula(e) prior to commencing treatment with infliximab; and
- (c) has signed a patient acknowledgement indicating that they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criteria for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with infliximab at the time of application; and
- (e) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as:

- (a) a decrease from baseline in the number of open draining fistulae of greater than or equal to 50%; and/or
- (b) a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline, together with less pain and induration as reported by the patient.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Fistulising Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) a completed current Fistula Assessment form including the date of assessment of the patient's condition; and
  - (ii) a signed patient acknowledgement.

The current fistula assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

The baseline fistula assessment must be from immediately prior to commencing treatment with infliximab.

An assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criteria.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

A patient who fails to respond to a course of PBS-subsidised infliximab for the treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

### Authority required

Continuing treatment of complex refractory FISTULISING CROHN DISEASE.

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab by a gastroenterologist, a consultant physician as specified in the NOTE below or other consultant physician in consultation with a gastroenterologist, of a patient who:

- (a) has a documented history of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease; and
- (b) has demonstrated or sustained an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

NOTE: Prescribers must be gastroenterologists (code 87), consultant physicians [internal medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 81)] or consultant physicians [general medicine specialising in gastroenterology (code 82)].

An adequate response is defined as:

- (a) a decrease from baseline in the number of open draining fistulae of greater than or equal to 50%; and/or
- (b) a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline, together with less pain and induration as reported by the patient.

Authority applications must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Fistulising Crohn Disease PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes a completed Fistula Assessment form including the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The fistula assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, an assessment of the patient's response must be made up to 12 weeks after the first dose so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated.

An assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within the 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled, in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criteria.

Where an assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to respond, or to have failed to sustain a response, to treatment with infliximab.

Patients are eligible to receive continuing infliximab treatment in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised. No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

A patient who fails to respond to a course of PBS-subsidised infliximab for the treatment of complex refractory fistulising Crohn disease will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with infliximab for this condition within 12 months of the date on which treatment was ceased.

|       |                                 |   |    |    |        |          |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|
| 9654D | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 751.70 | Remicade | SH |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|----|----|--------|----------|----|

### **INFLIXIMAB**

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

### Note

#### TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC PLAQUE PSORIASIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological agents adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab, for adult patients with severe chronic plaque psoriasis. Therefore, where the term 'biological agents' appears in the following NOTES and restrictions, it only refers to adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab and ustekinumab.

From 1 March 2010, all patients will be able to commence a 'Biological Treatment Cycle' (Cycle), where they may trial adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab without having to meet the initial treatment criteria, that is they will not need to experience a disease flare when swapping to an alternate agent. Under these interchangeability arrangements, within a single Cycle, patients may receive long-term treatment with a biological agent as long as they sustain a response to therapy.

A patient who received PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis prior to 1 March 2010 is considered to be in their first Cycle as of 1 March 2010.

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 biological agent at any 1 time.

Within the same Treatment Cycle, a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised biological agent more than once. Therefore once a patient fails to meet the response criteria for a PBS-subsidised biological agent, they must change to an alternate agent if they wish to continue PBS-subsidised biological treatment. A patient who, prior to 1 March 2010, was authorised to receive PBS-subsidised initial treatment for chronic plaque psoriasis with the same agent twice, is exempt from this condition in respect of applications approved prior to 1 March 2010.

Patients must be assessed for response to each course of continuing treatment according to the criteria included in the relevant continuing treatment restriction.

Once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 3 times, they are deemed to have completed a Treatment Cycle and they must have, at a minimum, a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised biological agent therapy before they are eligible to commence the next Cycle. The 5-year break is measured from the date of the last approval for PBS-subsidised biological agent treatment in the most recent Cycle to the date of the first application for initial treatment with a biological agent under the new Treatment Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of less than 5 years duration has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, may commence a further course of treatment within that Cycle.

Patients for whom a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of 5 years or more has occurred, and, who have failed therapy fewer than 3 times within a particular Cycle, as defined in the relevant restriction, are eligible to commence a new Cycle.

There is no limit to the number of Biological Treatment Cycles a patient may undertake in their lifetime.

How to prescribe biological agents for the treatment of severe chronic plaque psoriasis after 1 March 2010.

There are separate restrictions for both the initial and continuing treatment for psoriasis affecting the whole body, versus psoriasis affecting the face, hands and feet.

#### (1) Application for approval for initial treatment.

Applications for a course of initial treatment should be made in the following situations:

- (i) patients have received no prior PBS-subsidised biological treatment and wish to commence such therapy (Initial 1); or
- (ii) patients have received prior PBS-subsidised biological therapy and wish to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under '(4) Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iii) patients who wish to re-commence treatment following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

All applications for initial treatment will be limited to provide for a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment in the case of adalimumab and etanercept, 22 weeks of treatment in the case of infliximab and 28 weeks of treatment in the case of ustekinumab.

#### (2) Assessment of response to initial treatment.

When prescribing initial treatment with a biological agent, a PASI assessment must be conducted after at least 12 weeks of treatment. This assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of the completion of this initial treatment course. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

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### (3) Application for continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course of a biological agent to which an adequate response has been demonstrated, patients may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that biological agent. Patients are eligible to continue to receive continuous treatment with 24 week courses providing they continue to sustain a response.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised treatment with adalimumab, etanercept, infliximab or ustekinumab it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, patients will be deemed to have failed to sustain a response to treatment with that biological agent. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

### (4) Swapping therapy.

Once an authority for initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised biological agent is approved, patients may swap to an alternate agent within the same Treatment Cycle without having to requalify with respect to disease severity (i.e. a PASI score of greater than 15), or prior treatment requirements.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

Patients may trial an alternate biological agent at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy with a biological agent at the time of the application or not. However, they cannot swap to a particular agent if they have failed to respond to treatment with that particular agent within the same Cycle.

Patients who commenced treatment with adalimumab prior to 1 June 2009 or ustekinumab prior to 1 March 2010 access these interchangeability arrangements in the same way as patients who have not.

To ensure patients receive the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

To avoid confusion, applications for patients who wish to swap to an alternate biological agent should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the agent being ceased.

### (5) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated, based on the baseline PASI assessment submitted with the first authority application for a biological agent. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority is submitted within a Treatment Cycle and subsequent response will be assessed according to this revised PASI score.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same body area assessed at the baseline PASI assessment must be assessed for demonstration of response to treatment for the purposes of all continuing treatment applications.

### (6) Re-commencement of treatment after a 5-year break in PBS-subsidised therapy.

Patients who wish to trial a second or subsequent Biological Treatment Cycle, following a break in PBS-subsidised biological therapy of at least 5 years, must requalify for initial treatment according to the criteria of the relevant restriction and index of disease severity. Patients must have had at least 1 prior treatment, as listed in the criteria, for a minimum of 6 weeks, and must have a PASI assessment conducted preferably whilst still on treatment, but no later than 1 month following cessation of treatment. The PASI assessment must be no older than 1 month at the time of application.

#### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Whole body (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (whole body); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
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phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) A current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- (c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 22 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Whole body (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to recommence infliximab treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of

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22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 22 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Whole body)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with infliximab; and
- (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to their most recent course of treatment with infliximab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-biological treatment baseline value for this Treatment Cycle.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition.

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Approval will be based on the PASI assessment of response to the most recent course of treatment with infliximab.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for further continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

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### **Authority required**

Initial treatment [Initial 1, Face, hand, foot (New patients — No prior biological agent)]

Initial treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- (b) have not received any prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and
- (c) have signed a patient and prescriber acknowledgement indicating they understand and acknowledge that PBS-subsidised treatment will cease if they do not meet the predetermined response criterion for ongoing PBS-subsidised treatment, as outlined in the restriction for continuing treatment (face, hand, foot); and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response, as demonstrated by a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment, to at least 3 of the following 4 treatments:
  - (i) phototherapy (UVB or PUVA) for 3 treatments per week for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (ii) methotrexate at a dose of at least 10 mg weekly for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iii) cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks; and/or
  - (iv) acitretin at a dose of at least 0.4 mg per kg per day for at least 6 weeks.

If treatment with any of the above-mentioned drugs is contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved Product Information, or where phototherapy is contraindicated, please provide details at the time of application.

If intolerance to treatment develops during the relevant period of use, which is of a severity to necessitate permanent treatment withdrawal, please provide details of the degree of this toxicity at the time of application. Details of acceptable toxicities including severity, associated with phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin and acitretin, can be found on the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)).

The following initiation criterion indicates failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the application:

- (a) Chronic plaque psoriasis classified as severe due to a plaque or plaques on the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot where:
  - (i) at least 2 of the 3 Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; or
  - (ii) the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.
- (b) A PASI assessment must be completed for each prior treatment course, preferably whilst still on treatment, but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each course of treatment.
- (c) The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:
  - (i) the completed current and previous Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
  - (ii) details of previous phototherapy and systemic drug therapy [dosage (where applicable), date of commencement and duration of therapy]; and
  - (iii) the signed patient and prescriber acknowledgements.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 22 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

### **Authority required**

Initial or re-Treatment [Initial 2, Face, hand, foot (Received prior biological agent under PBS)]

Treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and

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- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised treatment with a biological agent for this condition in this Treatment Cycle; and  
 (c) have not failed PBS-subsidised therapy with infliximab for the treatment of this condition in the current Treatment Cycle.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:  
 (i) the completed current Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheets and face, hand, foot area diagrams including the dates of assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and  
 (ii) details of prior biological treatment, including dosage, date and duration of treatment.

Applications for patients who have demonstrated a response to PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment within this Treatment Cycle and who wish to re-commence infliximab treatment within the same Cycle following a break in therapy, will only be approved where evidence of the patient's response to their most recent course of PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment has been submitted to Medicare Australia within 1 month of cessation of treatment.

A maximum of 22 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 22 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for initial authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the initial treatment period beyond 22 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response to this course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area as assessed at baseline.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment (Face, hand, foot)

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment as systemic monotherapy (other than methotrexate) by a dermatologist for adults 18 years and over:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot; and  
 (b) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised biological treatment for this condition in this Treatment Cycle was with infliximab; and  
 (c) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with infliximab.

An adequate response to infliximab treatment is defined as the plaque or plaques assessed prior to biological treatment showing:

- (i) a reduction in the Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline values; or  
 (ii) a reduction by 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-biological treatment baseline value.

This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with infliximab, the assessment of response must be after a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial course.

Applications for authorisation must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and  
 (b) a completed Severe Chronic Plaque Psoriasis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes the following:  
 (i) the completed Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) calculation sheet and face, hand, foot area diagrams along with the date of the assessment of the patient's condition [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

The most recent PASI assessment must be no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with infliximab will be authorised under this restriction.

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At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate number of vials, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 5 mg per kg. Up to a maximum of 2 repeats will be authorised.

Where fewer than 2 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). Under no circumstances will telephone approvals be granted for continuing authority applications, or for treatment that would otherwise extend the treatment period beyond 24 weeks.

A PASI assessment of the patient's response must be conducted within 4 weeks prior to completion of this course of treatment. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for further continuing treatment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with infliximab. In circumstances where it is not possible to submit a response assessment within these timeframes, please call Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 to discuss.

It is recommended that an application is posted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion for PBS-subsidised infliximab treatment.

The PASI assessment for continuing treatment must be performed on the same affected area assessed at baseline.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with 3 biological agents are deemed to have completed this Treatment Cycle and must cease PBS-subsidised therapy. These patients may re-commence a new Biological Treatment Cycle after a minimum of 5 years has elapsed between the date the last prescription for a PBS-subsidised biological agent was approved in this Cycle and the date of the first application under the new Cycle.

### Note

No applications for increased repeats will be authorised.

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| 5758C | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 751.70 | Remicade | SH |
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### *Interleukin inhibitors*

#### TOCILIZUMAB

### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe tocilizumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Further prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe tocilizumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

### Note

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and

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— once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

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### (2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

#### (3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

#### (4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (new patient or patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (c) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L;

AND either

(i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or

(ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:

- elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

- shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form(s); and

(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and

(3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 8 mg per kg. A separate authority prescription form must be completed for each strength requested.

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

Up to a maximum of 3 repeats of each strength may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made after at least 12 weeks of treatment so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 1 month from the date of completion of this initial course of treatment. Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with tocilizumab.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with tocilizumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form(s); and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised tocilizumab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of 16 weeks of treatment will be authorised under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 8 mg per kg. A separate authority prescription form must be completed for each strength requested. Up to a maximum of 3 repeats of each strength may be authorised.

Where fewer than 3 repeats are requested at the time of the initial application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 16 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised tocilizumab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions, patients must have been assessed for response following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised tocilizumab treatment was approved under the continuing treatment criteria, patients must have been assessed for response, and the assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with tocilizumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Initial 3 ('grandfather' patients)

Initial PBS-subsidised supply for continuing treatment with tocilizumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of an adult who:

- (a) has a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) was receiving treatment with tocilizumab prior to 1 July 2009; and
- (c) has demonstrated a response as specified in the criteria for continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab; and
- (d) is receiving treatment with tocilizumab at the time of application.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form(s); and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

The same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with a bDMARD must be used for assessment of

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

all continuing applications.

The assessment of the patient's response to a continuing course of therapy must be made within 4 weeks prior to completion of that course and posted to Medicare Australia no less than 2 weeks prior to the date the next dose is scheduled in order to ensure continuity of treatment for those patients who meet the continuation criterion.

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with tocilizumab will be approved under this criterion.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 8 mg per kg. A separate authority prescription form must be completed for each strength requested. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats of each strength may be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are initially requested with the authority prescription, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Patients may qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under this restriction once only.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with tocilizumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with tocilizumab, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:

- (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with tocilizumab; and
- (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with tocilizumab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline; AND either of the following:

- (i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or
- (ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form(s); and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment will be approved under this restriction.

At the time of the authority application, medical practitioners should request the appropriate quantity of vials of appropriate strength, based on the weight of the patient, to provide sufficient for a single infusion at a dose of 8 mg per kg. A separate authority prescription form must be completed for each strength requested. Up to a maximum of 5 repeats of each strength may be authorised.

Where fewer than 5 repeats are requested at the time of the application, authority approvals for sufficient repeats to complete a maximum of 24 weeks of treatment may be requested by telephone by contacting Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

All applications for continuing treatment with tocilizumab must include a measurement of response to the prior course of therapy. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the cessation of that treatment course. If the application is the first application for continuing treatment with tocilizumab, it must be accompanied by an assessment of response to a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment with an initial treatment course.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with tocilizumab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |   |   |    |    |        |         |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|--------|---------|----|
| 9657G | Concentrate for injection 80 mg in 4 mL   | 1 | .. | .. | 186.88 | Actemra | RO |
| 9658H | Concentrate for injection 200 mg in 10 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 467.20 | Actemra | RO |
| 9659J | Concentrate for injection 400 mg in 20 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 934.40 | Actemra | RO |

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|---|---|-------------|----------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Calcineurin inhibitors</b>   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| <b>CYCLOSPORIN</b>  |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.  |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</b>   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| <b>3328</b>   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| Management of rejection in patients following organ or tissue transplantation, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| <b>3329</b>   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by dermatologists or clinical immunologists of patients with severe atopic dermatitis for whom other systemic therapies are ineffective or inappropriate;   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| <b>3330</b>   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by dermatologists of patients with severe psoriasis for whom other systemic therapies are ineffective or inappropriate and in whom the disease has caused significant interference with quality of life;          |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| <b>3331</b>   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by nephrologists of patients with nephrotic syndrome in patients in whom steroids and cytostatic drugs have failed or are not tolerated or are considered inappropriate and in whom renal function is unimpaired; |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| <b>3332</b>   |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| Management (which includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy) by rheumatologists or clinical immunologists of patients with severe active rheumatoid arthritis for whom classical slow-acting anti-rheumatic agents (including methotrexate) are ineffective or inappropriate.  |   |             |                |                   |  |                             |    |
| 5632K   | Capsule 10 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..                | *74.40                                   | Neoral 10                   | NV |
| 5633L   | Oral liquid 100 mg per mL, 50 mL                        | 4           | 5              | ..                | *1263.16                                 | Neoral                      | NV |
| 5634M   | Capsule 25 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..                | *153.56                                  | Cicloral <sup>a</sup>       | SZ |
|   |   |             |                | <sup>B</sup> 3.68 | *157.24                                  | Neoral 25 <sup>a</sup>      | NV |
| 5635N   | Capsule 50 mg   | 120         | 5              | ..                | *319.52                                  | Cicloral <sup>a</sup>       | SZ |
|   |   |             |                | <sup>B</sup> 3.96 | *323.48                                  | Neoral 50 <sup>a</sup>      | NV |
| 5636P   | Capsule 100 mg  | 120         | 5              | ..                | *651.08                                  | Cicloral <sup>a</sup>       | SZ |
|   |   |             |                | <sup>B</sup> 3.92 | *655.00                                  | Neoral 100 <sup>a</sup>     | NV |

### CYCLOSPORIN

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3333

For use by organ or tissue transplant recipients.

|       |  |    |    |    |       |           |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|-------|-----------|----|
| 5631J | Solution concentrate for I.V. infusion 50 mg in 1 mL | 10 | .. | .. | 54.10 | Sandimmun | NV |
|-------|--|----|----|----|-------|-----------|----|

### TACROLIMUS

#### Caution

Careful monitoring of patients is mandatory.

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

##### 3328

Management of rejection in patients following organ or tissue transplantation, under the supervision and direction of a transplant unit. Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

|       |   |     |   |    |          |                                |    |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|----------|--------------------------------|----|
| 9558C | Capsule 500 micrograms                        | 200 | 5 | .. | *327.84  | Prograf <sup>a</sup>           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |          | Tacrolimus Sandoz <sup>a</sup> | SZ |
| 9560E | Capsule 1 mg                                  | 200 | 5 | .. | *655.68  | Prograf <sup>a</sup>           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |          | Tacrolimus Sandoz <sup>a</sup> | SZ |
| 9561F | Capsule 5 mg                                  | 100 | 5 | .. | *1638.38 | Prograf <sup>a</sup>           | JC |
|       |   |     |   |    |          | Tacrolimus Sandoz <sup>a</sup> | SZ |
| 9664P | Capsule 0.5 mg (once daily prolonged release) | 60  | 5 | .. | *98.36   | Prograf XL                     | JC |
| 9665Q | Capsule 1 mg (once daily prolonged release)   | 120 | 5 | .. | *393.40  | Prograf XL                     | JC |
| 9666R | Capsule 5 mg (once daily prolonged release)   | 60  | 5 | .. | *983.54  | Prograf XL                     | JC |

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

### *Other immunosuppressants*

#### **LENALIDOMIDE**

##### **Note**

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe lenalidomide may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Prescribing information (including Authority Application forms) is available on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Any queries concerning patients who are enrolled on the Lenalidomide Compassionate program may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday). These patients must demonstrate they met initial criteria prior to commencing treatment on the compassionate program and also demonstrate they do not have progressive disease. Baseline and current pathology reports must be submitted with the initial application.

Applications for authority to prescribe lenalidomide should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001.

##### **Authority required**

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy or in combination with dexamethasone, of a patient with a histological diagnosis of multiple myeloma who has progressive disease after at least 1 prior therapy and who has undergone or is ineligible for a primary stem cell transplant. The patient must have experienced treatment failure after a trial of at least four (4) weeks of thalidomide at a dose of at least 100 mg daily or have failed to achieve at least a minimal response after eight (8) or more weeks of thalidomide-based therapy for progressive disease.

If the dosing requirement for thalidomide cannot be met, the application must state the reasons why this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:

- (a) at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or
- (b) at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or
- (c) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase of the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or
- (d) at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or
- (e) an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or
- (f) at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or
- (g) development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).

Oligo-secretory and non-secretory patients are defined as having active disease with less than 10 g per L serum M protein and less than 200 mg per 24 hour Bence-Jones proteinuria.

Thalidomide treatment failure is defined as:

- (1) confirmed disease progression during thalidomide treatment or within 6 months of discontinuing thalidomide treatment; or
- (2) severe intolerance or toxicity unresponsive to clinically appropriate dose adjustment.

Severe intolerance due to thalidomide is defined as unacceptable somnolence or sedation interfering with activities of daily living.

Toxicity from thalidomide is defined as peripheral neuropathy (Grade 2 or greater, interfering with function), drug-related seizures, serious Grade 3 or 4 drug-related dermatological reactions, such as Stevens-Johnson Syndrome, or other Grade 3 or 4 toxicity.

Failure to achieve at least a minimal response after 8 or more weeks of thalidomide-based therapy for progressive disease is defined as:

- (1) less than a 25% reduction in serum or urine M protein; or
- (2) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, less than a 25% reduction in the difference between involved and uninvolved serum free light chain levels.

Lenalidomide will only be subsidised for patients with multiple myeloma who are not receiving concomitant PBS-subsidised bortezomib.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Multiple Myeloma Authority Application - Supporting Information Form, which includes details of the histological diagnosis of multiple myeloma, prior treatments including name(s) of drug(s) and date of most recent treatment cycle and record of prior stem cell transplant or ineligibility for prior stem cell transplant; details of thalidomide treatment failure; details of the basis of the diagnosis of progressive disease or failure to respond; and nomination of which disease activity parameters will be used to assess response.

To enable confirmation by Medicare Australia, current diagnostic reports of at least one of the following are required:

- (a) the level of serum monoclonal protein; or

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|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

- (b) Bence-Jones proteinuria — the results of 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion; or  
 (c) the serum level of free kappa and lambda light chains; or  
 (d) bone marrow aspirate or trephine; or  
 (e) if present, the size and location of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or  
 (f) if present, the size and location of all soft tissue plasmacytomas by clinical or radiographic examination i.e. MRI or CT-scan; or  
 (g) if present, the level of hypercalcaemia, corrected for albumin concentration.

As these parameters will be used to determine response, results for either (a) or (b) or (c) should be provided for all patients. Where the patient has oligo-secretory or non-secretory multiple myeloma, either (c) or (d) or if relevant (e), (f) or (g) should be provided. Where the prescriber plans to assess response in patients with oligo-secretory or non-secretory multiple myeloma with free light chain assays, evidence of the oligo-secretory or non-secretory nature of the multiple myeloma (either previous or current serum M protein less than 10 g per L and urinary Bence-Jones protein undetectable or less than 200 mg per 24 hours) must be provided; and

- (3) duration of thalidomide and daily dose prescribed; and  
 (4) a signed patient acknowledgment.

### Note

Patients receiving lenalidomide under the PBS listing must be registered in the i-access risk management program.

### Authority required

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment, as monotherapy or in combination with dexamethasone, of multiple myeloma in a patient who has previously been issued with an authority prescription for lenalidomide and who does not have progressive disease.

Progressive disease is defined as at least 1 of the following:

- (a) at least a 25% increase and an absolute increase of at least 5 g per L in serum M protein (monoclonal protein); or  
 (b) at least a 25% increase in 24-hour urinary light chain M protein excretion, and an absolute increase of at least 200 mg per 24 hours; or  
 (c) in oligo-secretory and non-secretory myeloma patients only, at least a 50% increase of the difference between involved free light chain and uninvolved free light chain; or  
 (d) at least a 25% relative increase and at least a 10% absolute increase in plasma cells in a bone marrow aspirate or on biopsy; or  
 (e) an increase in the size or number of lytic bone lesions (not including compression fractures); or  
 (f) at least a 25% increase in the size of an existing or the development of a new soft tissue plasmacytoma (determined by clinical examination or diagnostic imaging); or  
 (g) development of hypercalcaemia (corrected serum calcium greater than 2.65 mmol per L not attributable to any other cause).

Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

### Note

Patients receiving lenalidomide under the PBS listing must be registered in the i-access risk management program.

### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |               |    |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 5783J | Capsule 5 mg  | 21 | .. | .. | 5392.38 | Revlimid | CJ |
| 5784K | Capsule 10 mg | 21 | .. | .. | 5643.33 | Revlimid | CJ |
| 5785L | Capsule 15 mg | 21 | .. | .. | 6581.61 | Revlimid | CJ |
| 5786M | Capsule 25 mg | 21 | .. | .. | 6934.20 | Revlimid | CJ |

## RITUXIMAB

### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe rituximab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Further prescribing information (including Authority Application Forms) is on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

Written applications for authority to prescribe rituximab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
 Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
 Reply Paid 9826  
 GPO Box 9826  
 HOBART TAS 7001;

### Note

TREATMENT OF ADULT PATIENTS WITH SEVERE ACTIVE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

The following information applies to the prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) of the biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) for adults with severe active rheumatoid arthritis. Where the term bDMARD appears in the following notes and restrictions it refers to the tumour necrosis factor (TNF) alfa antagonists (adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept, golimumab, infliximab), the chimeric anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (rituximab), the interleukin-6 inhibitor (tocilizumab) and the T-cell co-stimulation modulator (abatacept).

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Patients are eligible for PBS-subsidised treatment with only 1 of the above biological disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs at any 1 time.

PBS-subsidised abatacept, golimumab, infliximab and rituximab must be used in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly. Where a patient cannot tolerate 7.5 mg of methotrexate weekly, they are eligible to receive PBS-subsidised adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, etanercept and tocilizumab.

In order to be eligible to receive PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, a patient must have already failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 course of treatment with a PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist.

A patient receiving PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to experience a disease flare. Under these interchangeability arrangements:

- a patient may continue to receive long-term treatment with a PBS-subsidised bDMARD while they continue to show a response to therapy,
- a patient cannot trial and fail, or cease to respond to, the same PBS-subsidised bDMARD more than once, and
- once a patient has either failed or ceased to respond to treatment 5 times, they will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised bDMARDs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

For patients who have failed PBS-subsidised treatment with 2 or 3 TNF-alfa antagonists prior to 1 August 2010 please contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has a break in therapy of less than 12 months may commence a further course of treatment with a bDMARD without having to requalify under the Initial 1 treatment restriction. A patient who has failed fewer than 5 bDMARDs and who has had a break in therapy of longer than 12 months must requalify for treatment under the Initial 1 treatment restriction.

The length of a treatment break is measured from the date the most recent treatment with PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment is stopped to the date of the new application for treatment with a bDMARD.

(1) How to prescribe PBS-subsidised bDMARD therapy after 1 August 2010.

(a) Initial treatment.

Applications for initial treatment should be made where:

- (i) a patient has received no prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment and wishes to commence such therapy, excluding rituximab (Initial 1); or
- (ii) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a bDMARD following a break in PBS-subsidised therapy of more than 12 months (Initial 1); or
- (iii) a patient has received prior PBS-subsidised (initial or continuing) bDMARD therapy and wishes to trial an alternate agent (Initial 2) [further details are under 'Swapping therapy' below]; or
- (iv) a patient wishes to re-commence treatment with a specific bDMARD following a break of less than 12 months in PBS-subsidised therapy with that agent (Initial 2).

Initial applications for new or re-commencing patients (Initial 1) must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

Initial treatment authorisations will be limited to provide a maximum of 16 weeks of therapy for abatacept, adalimumab, etanercept, golimumab and tocilizumab, 18 to 20 weeks of therapy with certolizumab pegol (depending upon the dosing regimen), 22 weeks of therapy for infliximab and 2 infusions of rituximab.

A patient must be assessed for response to any course of initial PBS-subsidised treatment (excluding rituximab) following a minimum of 12 weeks of therapy and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients must be assessed following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion, and this assessment must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

For second and subsequent courses of PBS-subsidised bDMARD (excluding rituximab) treatment it is recommended that a patient is reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment and that an application is submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 2 weeks prior to the patient completing their current treatment course.

Rituximab patients:

A further application may be submitted to Medicare Australia 24 weeks after the first infusion. New baselines may be submitted with this application if appropriate.

(b) Continuing treatment.

Following the completion of an initial treatment course with a specific bDMARD (excluding rituximab), a patient may qualify to receive up to 24 weeks of continuing treatment with that drug providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment. The patient remains eligible to receive continuing bDMARD treatment with the same drug in courses of up to 24 weeks providing they continue to sustain the response.

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It is recommended that a patient be reviewed in the month prior to completing their current course of treatment to ensure uninterrupted bDMARD supply.

Assessments of response to a course of PBS-subsidised therapy must be submitted to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date that course was ceased.

Rituximab patients:

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The patient remains eligible to receive a course of rituximab every 24 weeks providing they continue to demonstrate a response as specified in the restriction.

Where a response assessment is not submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with that bDMARD.

(2) Swapping therapy.

Once initial treatment with the first PBS-subsidised bDMARD is approved, a patient may swap to an alternate bDMARD without having to requalify with respect to the indices of disease severity (i.e. the erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), the C-reactive protein (CRP) levels and the joint count) or the prior non-bDMARD therapy requirements, except if the patient has had a break in therapy of more than 12 months. However the requirement for concomitant treatment with methotrexate, where it applies, must be met for each bDMARD trialled.

Patients who are not able to complete a minimum of 12 weeks of an initial treatment course will be deemed to have failed treatment with that agent.

A patient may trial an alternate bDMARD at any time, regardless of whether they are receiving therapy (initial or continuing) with a bDMARD at the time of the application. However, they cannot swap to a particular bDMARD if they have failed to respond to prior treatment with that drug.

In order to trial rituximab, a patient must have trialled and failed to demonstrate a response to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist treatment.

To ensure a patient receives the maximum treatment opportunities allowed under the interchangeability arrangements, it is important that they are assessed for response to every course of treatment approved, within the timeframes specified in the relevant restriction.

PBS subsidy does not allow for patients to receive treatment with another PBS-subsidised biological agent during the required treatment-free period applying to patients who have demonstrated a response to their most recent course of rituximab. This means that patients who have demonstrated a response to a course of rituximab must have a PBS-subsidised biological therapy treatment-free period of at least 22 weeks, immediately following the second infusion, before swapping to an alternate bDMARD. Patients who fail to respond to rituximab and who qualify and wish to trial a course of an alternate bDMARD may do so without having to have any treatment-free period.

To avoid confusion, an application for a patient who wishes to swap to an alternate bDMARD should be accompanied by the approved authority prescription or remaining repeats for the bDMARD the patient is ceasing.

### **Note**

(3) Baseline measurements to determine response.

Medicare Australia will determine whether a response to treatment has been demonstrated based on the baseline measurements of the joint count, ESR and/or CRP submitted with the first authority application for a bDMARD. However, prescribers may provide new baseline measurements any time that an initial treatment authority application is submitted and Medicare Australia will assess response according to these revised baseline measurements.

To ensure consistency in determining response, the same indices of disease severity used to establish baseline at the commencement of treatment with each initial treatment application must be provided for all subsequent continuing treatment applications. Therefore, where only an ESR or CRP level is provided at baseline, an ESR or CRP level respectively must be provided to determine response. Similarly, where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints.

Except as specified under the Initial 1 treatment restriction, a baseline joint count and ESR and/or CRP should be performed whilst the patient is still on treatment or within 1 month of ceasing prior treatment. Applications under the Initial 1 treatment restriction for new or re-commencing patients must include a joint count and ESR and/or CRP measured at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy.

(4) Patients 'grandfathered' onto PBS-subsidised treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab.

From 1 August 2010, a patient who commenced treatment with certolizumab pegol or golimumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 March 2010 or tocilizumab for severe rheumatoid arthritis prior to 1 July 2009 and who was 'grandfathered' on to PBS-subsidised therapy, and who continues to receive treatment will have further applications for treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab assessed under the

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continuing treatment restriction.

A patient may only qualify for PBS-subsidised treatment under the grandfather restriction (Initial 3 ('grandfather patients')) once. A maximum of 24 weeks of treatment with certolizumab pegol, golimumab or tocilizumab will be authorised under this restriction.

### **Authority required**

Initial 1 (patient re-commencing after a break of more than 12 months)

Initial PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have failed to respond to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF- $\alpha$  antagonist; and
- (c) have received no PBS-subsidised treatment with a bDMARD for this condition in the previous 12 months; and
- (d) have failed to achieve an adequate response to at least 6 months of intensive treatment with disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), which must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 DMARDs, one of which must be methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly and one of which must be:
  - hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; or
  - leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; or
  - sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

If methotrexate is contraindicated according to the TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at a 20 mg weekly dose, then the 6 months of intensive DMARD treatment must include at least 3 months continuous treatment with each of at least 2 of the DMARDs:

- hydroxychloroquine at a dose of at least 200 mg daily; and/or
- leflunomide at a dose of at least 10 mg daily; and/or
- sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g daily.

The application must include details of the contraindication or intolerance to methotrexate. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement to undertake a minimum 3 month trial of methotrexate at a 20 mg weekly dose can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)]. The maximum tolerated dose of methotrexate must be documented in the application, if applicable.

If 3 or more of methotrexate, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide and sulfasalazine are contraindicated according to the relevant TGA-approved product information or cannot be tolerated at the doses specified above, then one or more of the following DMARDs may be used in place of these agents in order to satisfy the requirement for a trial of 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs taken continuously for at least 3 months each:

- azathioprine at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg per day; and/or
- cyclosporin at a dose of at least 2 mg/kg/day; and/or
- sodium aurothiomalate at a dose of 50 mg weekly.

The application must include details of the DMARDs trialled, their doses and duration of treatment, and all relevant contraindications and/or intolerances. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted as a reason for substituting azathioprine, cyclosporin or sodium aurothiomalate for another DMARD as part of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The requirement to trial at least 2 DMARDs for periods of at least 3 months each can be met using single agents sequentially or by using one or more combinations of DMARDs.

If the requirement to trial 6 months of intensive DMARD therapy with at least 2 DMARDs cannot be met because of contraindications and/or intolerances of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal to all of the DMARDs specified above, details of the contraindication or intolerance and dose for each DMARD must be provided in the authority application. Details of the toxicities, including severity, which will be accepted for the purposes of exempting a patient from the requirement for a 6 month trial of intensive DMARD therapy can be found on the Medicare Australia website [[www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au)].

The following criteria indicate failure to achieve an adequate response and must be demonstrated in all patients at the time of the initial application: an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour or a C-reactive protein (CRP) level greater than 15 mg per L; AND either

- (i) a total active joint count of at least 20 active (swollen and tender) joints; or
- (ii) at least 4 active joints from the following list of major joints:
  - elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or
  - shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The joint count and ESR and/or CRP must be determined at the completion of the 6 month intensive DMARD trial, but prior to ceasing DMARD therapy. All measures must be no more than one month old at the time of initial application.

If the above requirement to demonstrate an elevated ESR or CRP cannot be met, the application must state the reason this criterion cannot be satisfied.

Where the baseline active joint count is based on total active joints (i.e. more than 20 active joints), response will be determined according to the

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reduction in the total number of active joints. Where the baseline is determined on total number of major joints, the response must be demonstrated on the total number of major joints. If only an ESR or CRP level is provided with the initial application, the same marker will be used to determine response.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))]; and
- (3) a signed patient acknowledgement.

A maximum of two infusions will be authorised under this restriction.

Assessment of a patient's response to an initial course of treatment must be made at least 12 weeks after the first infusion so that there is adequate time for a response to be demonstrated. This assessment, which will be used to determine eligibility for continuing treatment, must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks of the date it was conducted.

Where a response assessment is not undertaken and submitted to Medicare Australia within these timeframes, the patient will be deemed to have failed to respond to treatment with rituximab.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with rituximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to rituximab treatment and who qualify to trial an alternate bDMARD according to the interchangeability arrangements for bDMARDs for the treatment of severe rheumatoid arthritis, may do so without having to have a 22 week treatment-free period.

### **Authority required**

Initial 2 (change or re-commencement after break of less than 12 months)

Initial course of PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults who:

- (a) have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and
- (b) have failed to respond to at least 1 PBS-subsidised TNF-alfa antagonist; and
- (c) have received prior PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment for this condition and are eligible to receive further bDMARD therapy.

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

Applications for patients who have received PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab and who wish to re-commence therapy with this drug, must be accompanied by evidence of a response to the patient's most recent course of PBS-subsidised rituximab treatment, within the timeframes specified below.

A maximum of two infusions will be authorised under this restriction.

Where the most recent course of PBS-subsidised rituximab treatment was approved under either of the initial 1 or 2 treatment restrictions patients must be assessed for response at least 12 weeks after the first infusion. This assessment must be provided to Medicare Australia no later than 4 weeks from the date of assessment.

A patient may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent provided they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The demonstration of response must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks of assessment.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with rituximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to rituximab treatment and who qualify to trial an alternate bDMARD according to the interchangeability arrangements for bDMARDs for the treatment of severe rheumatoid arthritis, may do so without having to have a 22 week treatment-free period.

### **Authority required**

Continuing treatment

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment with rituximab, in combination with methotrexate at a dose of at least 7.5 mg weekly, by a rheumatologist or

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clinical immunologist with expertise in the management of rheumatoid arthritis, of adults:  
 (a) who have a documented history of severe active rheumatoid arthritis; and  
 (b) who have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment with rituximab; and  
 (c) whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised bDMARD treatment was with rituximab.

An adequate response to treatment is defined as:

an ESR no greater than 25 mm per hour or a CRP level no greater than 15 mg per L or either marker reduced by at least 20% from baseline;  
 AND either of the following:

(i) a reduction in the total active (swollen and tender) joint count by at least 50% from baseline, where baseline is at least 20 active joints; or

(ii) a reduction in the number of the following major active joints, from at least 4, by at least 50%:

— elbow, wrist, knee and/or ankle (assessed as swollen and tender); and/or

— shoulder and/or hip (assessed as pain in passive movement and restriction of passive movement, where pain and limitation of movement are due to active disease and not irreversible damage such as joint destruction or bony overgrowth).

The authority application must be made in writing and must include:

(1) a completed authority prescription form; and

(2) a completed Rheumatoid Arthritis PBS Authority Application - Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

A maximum of two infusions will be authorised under this restriction.

Patients may qualify to receive a further course of treatment (every 24 weeks) with this agent providing they have demonstrated an adequate response to treatment following a minimum of 12 weeks after the first infusion of their most recent treatment with rituximab. The demonstration of response must be submitted to Medicare Australia within 4 weeks of assessment.

A patient whose most recent course of PBS-subsidised therapy was with rituximab and whose response to this treatment is sustained for more than 12 months, may apply for a further course of rituximab under the Continuing treatment restriction.

Patients who fail to demonstrate a response to treatment with rituximab under this restriction will not be eligible to receive further PBS-subsidised treatment with this drug for this condition.

### **Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |    |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|----------|----|
| 9544H | Solution for I.V. infusion 500 mg in 50 mL | 1 | .. | .. | 2263.57 | Mabthera | RO |
|-------|--|---|----|----|---------|----------|----|

### **THALIDOMIDE**

#### **Caution**

Thalidomide is a category X drug and must not be given to pregnant women. Pregnancy in female patients or in the partners of male patients must be avoided during treatment and for 1 month after cessation of treatment.

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3342

Multiple myeloma.

#### **Note**

Patients receiving thalidomide under the PBS listing must be registered in the i-access risk management program.

|       |                |     |    |    |          |          |    |
|-------|----------------|-----|----|----|----------|----------|----|
| 9566L | Capsule 50 mg  | 112 | .. | .. | *1680.00 | Thalomid | CJ |
| 9667T | Capsule 100 mg | 56  | .. | .. | *1680.00 | Thalomid | CJ |

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# Musculo-skeletal system

## Muscle relaxants

### Muscle relaxants, centrally acting agents

#### *Other centrally acting agents*

#### BACLOFEN

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3318

Severe chronic spasticity, where oral antispastic agents have failed or have caused unacceptable side effects, in patients with chronic spasticity of cerebral origin;

3319

Severe chronic spasticity, where oral antispastic agents have failed or have caused unacceptable side effects, in patients with chronic spasticity due to multiple sclerosis;

3320

Severe chronic spasticity, where oral antispastic agents have failed or have caused unacceptable side effects, in patients with chronic spasticity due to spinal cord injury;

3321

Severe chronic spasticity, where oral antispastic agents have failed or have caused unacceptable side effects, in patients with chronic spasticity due to spinal cord disease.

|       |                                     |    |    |    |          |                      |    |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------|----------------------|----|
| 5617P | Intrathecal injection 10 mg in 5 mL | 10 | .. | .. | *1483.70 | Lioresal Intrathecal | NV |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------|----------------------|----|

## Drugs for treatment of bone diseases

### Drugs affecting bone structure and mineralization

#### *Bisphosphonates*

#### DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3341

Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.

##### Note

The concentrated injection 15 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 15 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |                           |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|---------------------------|----|
| 5667G | Concentrated injection 15 mg in 5 mL  | 4 | 2 | .. | *209.92 | <sup>a</sup> Pamisol      | HH |
| 5701C | Injection set containing 4 vials powder for I.V. infusion 15 mg and 4 ampoules solvent 5 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 209.91  | <sup>a</sup> Aredia 15 mg | NV |

#### DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3341

Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.

##### Note

The concentrated injection 30 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 30 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.

|       |  |   |   |    |         |                           |    |
|-------|--|---|---|----|---------|---------------------------|----|
| 5668H | Concentrated injection 30 mg in 10 mL  | 2 | 2 | .. | *209.92 | <sup>a</sup> Pamisol      | HH |
| 5702D | Injection set containing 2 vials powder for I.V. infusion 30 mg and 2 ampoules solvent 10 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 209.91  | <sup>a</sup> Aredia 30 mg | NV |

#### DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3341

Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.

|       |                                       |   |   |    |        |         |    |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|---------|----|
| 5669J | Concentrated injection 60 mg in 10 mL | 1 | 2 | .. | 209.90 | Pamisol | HH |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|---|----|--------|---------|----|

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| <b>DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE</b>   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3341</b><br>Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3342</b><br>Multiple myeloma;  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3343</b><br>Bone metastases from breast cancer.  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>The concentrated injection 90 mg and powder for I.V. infusion 90 mg (after reconstitution) are bioequivalent.   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5670K   | Concentrated injection 90 mg in 10 mL  | 1           | 11             | ..            | 314.85 <sup>a</sup>                      | Pamisol HH                  |
| 5703E   | Injection set containing 1 vial powder for I.V. infusion 90 mg and 1 ampoule solvent 10 mL | 1           | 11             | ..            | 314.85 <sup>a</sup>                      | Aredia 90 mg NV             |
| <b>IBANDRONIC ACID</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3343</b><br>Bone metastases from breast cancer.  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5750P   | Concentrated injection for I.V. infusion 6 mg (as ibandronate sodium monohydrate) in 6 mL  | 1           | 11             | ..            | 341.36                                   | Bondronat HH                |
| <b>ZOLEDRONIC ACID</b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3342</b><br>Multiple myeloma;  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3343</b><br>Bone metastases from breast cancer;  |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3422</b><br>Bone metastases from hormone-resistant prostate cancer, with demonstration of biochemical progression of disease despite maximal therapy with hormonal treatments; |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b>3341</b><br>Treatment of hypercalcaemia of malignancy refractory to anti-neoplastic therapy.   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b><br>Special Pricing Arrangements apply.   |  |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 9653C   | Injection concentrate for I.V. infusion 4 mg (as monohydrate) in 5 mL                      | 1           | 11             | ..            | 450.00                                   | Zometa NV                   |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Nervous system

## Anti-Parkinson drugs

### Dopaminergic agents

#### *Dopamine agonists*

#### APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3314

Parkinson's disease in patients severely disabled by motor fluctuations which do not respond to other therapy.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |             |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|-------------|----|
| 5609F | Injection 20 mg in 2 mL  | 5 | .. | .. | 77.86  | Apomine     | HH |
| 5610G | Injection 50 mg in 5 mL  | 5 | .. | .. | 194.65 | Apomine     | HH |
| 5611H | Solution for subcutaneous infusion 50 mg in 10 mL pre-filled syringe | 5 | .. | .. | 194.65 | Apomine PFS | HH |

## Psycholeptics

### Antipsychotics

#### *Diazepines, oxazepines, thiazepines and oxepines*

#### CLOZAPINE

#### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3326

Schizophrenia in patients who are non-responsive to other neuroleptic agents;

3327

Schizophrenia in patients who are intolerant of other neuroleptic agents.

|       |                                  |     |    |    |        |   |          |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----|----|----|--------|---|----------|
| 5626D | Tablet 50 mg                     | 100 | .. | .. | 135.54 | Clopine 50  | HH       |
| 5627E | Tablet 200 mg                    | 100 | .. | .. | 508.25 | Clopine 200   | HH       |
| 5628F | Tablet 25 mg                     | 100 | .. | .. | 67.76  | <sup>a</sup> Clopine 25<br><sup>a</sup> Clozaril 25   | HH<br>NV |
| 5629G | Tablet 100 mg                    | 100 | .. | .. | 254.12 | <sup>a</sup> Clopine 100<br><sup>a</sup> Clozaril 100 | HH<br>NV |
| 5630H | Oral liquid 50 mg per mL, 100 mL | 1   | .. | .. | 135.00 | Clopine Suspension                                    | HH       |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Respiratory system

## Cough and cold preparations

### Expectorants, excl. combinations with cough suppressants

#### *Mucolytics*

#### **DORNASE ALFA**

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3344

Use by cystic fibrosis patients who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) are 5 years of age or older;
- (2) have a FVC greater than 40% predicted for age, gender and height;
- (3) have evidence of chronic suppurative lung disease (cough and sputum most days of the week, or greater than 3 respiratory tract infections of more than 2 weeks' duration in any 12 months, or objective evidence of obstructive airways disease);
- (4) are participating in a 4 week trial as detailed below or have achieved a 10% or greater improvement in FEV1 (compared to baseline established prior to dornase alfa treatment) after a 4 week trial.

In order for patients to be eligible for participation in the HSD program, the following conditions must be met:

- (1) Patients must be assessed at cystic fibrosis clinics/centres which are under the control of specialist respiratory physicians with experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis and the prescribing of dornase alfa under the HSD program is limited to such physicians. If attendance at such units is not possible because of geographical isolation, management (including prescribing) may be by specialist physician or paediatrician in consultation with such a unit;
- (2) The measurement of lung function is to be conducted by independent (other than the treating doctor) experienced personnel at established lung function testing laboratories, unless this is not possible because of geographical isolation;
- (3) Prior to dornase alfa therapy, a baseline measurement of FEV1 must be undertaken during a stable period of the disease;
- (4) Initial therapy is limited to 4 weeks' treatment with dornase alfa at a dose of 2.5 mg daily;
- (5) At or towards the end of the initial 4 weeks' trial, patients must be reassessed and a further FEV1 measurement be undertaken (single test under conditions as above). Patients who achieve a 10% or greater improvement in FEV1 (compared to baseline established prior to dornase alfa treatment) are eligible for continued subsidy under the HSD program at a dose of 2.5 mg daily;
- (6) Patients who fail to meet a 10% or greater improvement in FEV1 after the initial 4 weeks' treatment at a dose of 2.5 mg daily, may have 1 further trial in the next 12 months but not before 3 months after the initial trial;
- (7) Following an initial 6 months' therapy, a global assessment must be undertaken involving the patient, the patient's family (in the case of paediatric patients) and the treating physician(s) to establish that all agree that dornase alfa treatment is continuing to produce worthwhile benefits. (Dornase alfa therapy should cease if there is not general agreement of benefit as there is always the possibility of harm from unnecessary use.) Further reassessments are to be undertaken at six-monthly intervals;
- (8) Other aspects of treatment, such as physiotherapy, must be continued;
- (9) Where there is documented evidence that a patient already receiving dornase alfa therapy would have met the criteria for subsidy (i.e. satisfied the criteria for the 4 week trial and achieved a 10% or greater improvement in FEV1) then the patient is eligible to continue treatment under the HSD program. Where such evidence is not available, patients will need to satisfy the initiation and continuation criteria as for new patients. (Four weeks is considered a suitable wash-out period).

#### **Note**

It is highly desirable that all patients be included in the national cystic fibrosis patient data-base.

#### **Authority required (STREAMLINED)**

3345

Treatment of cystic fibrosis in a patient less than 5 years of age who has:

- (1) A severe clinical course with frequent respiratory exacerbations or chronic respiratory symptoms (including chronic or recurrent cough, wheeze or tachypnoea) requiring frequent hospital admissions more frequently than 3 times per year; or
- (2) Significant bronchiectasis on chest high resolution computed tomography scan; or
- (3) Severe cystic fibrosis bronchiolitis with persistent wheeze non-responsive to conventional medicines; or
- (4) Severe physiological deficit measure by forced oscillation technique or multiple breath nitrogen washout and failure to respond to conventional therapy.

In order for the patient to be eligible for participation in the HSD program, the following conditions must be met:

- (1) The patient must be assessed at a cystic fibrosis clinic/centre which is under the supervision of specialist respiratory physicians with experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis, and the prescribing of dornase alfa under the HSD program is limited to such physicians. If attendance at such a unit is not possible because of geographical isolation, management (including prescribing) may be by specialist physician or paediatrician in consultation with such a unit;
- (2) Following an initial 6 months therapy, a comprehensive assessment must be undertaken and documented involving the patient, the patient's family, the treating physician and an additional independent member of the cystic fibrosis treatment team to establish agreement that dornase alfa treatment is continuing to produce worthwhile benefit. Treatment with dornase alfa should cease if there is not agreement of benefit as there is always the possibility of harm from unnecessary use. Further reassessments are to be undertaken and documented yearly.

#### **Note**

It is highly desirable that all patients be included in the national cystic fibrosis patient data-base.

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>3346</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Grandfather — continuing for patients five years or older   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Continuation of treatment of cystic fibrosis in a patient 5 years of age or older, who initiated treatment with dornase alfa at an age of less than 5 years and for whom a comprehensive assessment, involving the patient's family, the treating physician and an additional independent member of the cystic fibrosis treatment team, documents agreement that dornase alfa treatment is continuing to produce worthwhile benefit. Further reassessments are to be undertaken and documented yearly. Treatment with dornase alfa should cease if there is not agreement of benefit as there is always the possibility of harm from unnecessary use. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| It is highly desirable that all patients be included in the national cystic fibrosis patient data-base.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>3347</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Grandfather — for patients less than five years of age who initiated dornase alfa prior to listing  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Treatment of cystic fibrosis in a patient less than 5 years of age who initiated treatment with dornase alfa prior to 1 November 2009 and for whom a comprehensive assessment, involving the patient's family, the treating physician and an additional independent member of the cystic fibrosis treatment team, documents agreement that dornase alfa treatment is continuing to produce worthwhile benefit. Further reassessments are to be undertaken and documented yearly. Treatment with dornase alfa should cease if there is not agreement of benefit as there is always the possibility of harm from unnecessary use.                       |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| It is highly desirable that all patients be included in the national cystic fibrosis patient data-base.   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 5704F   | Solution for inhalation 2.5 mg (2,500 units) in 2.5 mL  | 60          | 5              | ..            | *2360.00                                 | Pulmozyme RO                |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|

# Sensory organs

## Ophthalmologicals

### Antiinfectives

#### *Antivirals*

##### GANCICLOVIR

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3379

Cytomegalovirus retinitis in severely immunocompromised patients.

|       |                             |   |    |    |         |           |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|---------|-----------|----|
| 5748M | Intravitreal implant 4.5 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 6000.00 | Vitrasert | BU |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|---------|-----------|----|

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|

## Various

### All other therapeutic products

#### All other therapeutic products *Iron chelating agents*

##### DEFERASIROX

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3336

Chronic iron overload in adults, adolescents and children 6 years and older associated with disorders of erythropoiesis;

3337

Chronic iron overload in paediatric patients aged 2 to 5 years, associated with disorders of erythropoiesis, who are intolerant to desferrioxamine or in whom desferrioxamine has proven ineffective.

##### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |                             |     |   |    |          |        |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|--------|----|
| 5654N | Tablet 125 mg (dispersible) | 168 | 5 | .. | *1401.48 | Exjade | NV |
| 5655P | Tablet 250 mg (dispersible) | 168 | 5 | .. | *2802.90 | Exjade | NV |
| 5656Q | Tablet 500 mg (dispersible) | 168 | 5 | .. | *5605.80 | Exjade | NV |

##### DEFERIPRONE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3338

Iron overload in patients with thalassaemia major who are unable to take desferrioxamine therapy;

3339

Iron overload in patients with thalassaemia major in whom desferrioxamine therapy has proven ineffective.

|       |                                     |     |   |    |          |           |    |
|-------|-------------------------------------|-----|---|----|----------|-----------|----|
| 5657R | Tablet 500 mg                       | 600 | 5 | .. | *2703.36 | Ferriprox | OA |
| 5658T | Oral solution 100 mg per mL, 250 mL | 5   | 5 | .. | *1126.40 | Ferriprox | OA |

##### DEFERIOXAMINE MESYLATE

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3340

Disorders of erythropoiesis associated with treatment-related chronic iron overload.

|       |                             |     |   |                     |          |                                  |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----|---|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----|
| 5661Y | Powder for injection 2 g    | 60  | 5 | ..                  | *2235.00 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|       |                             |     |   | <sup>b</sup> 22.80  | *2257.80 | <sup>a</sup> Desferal 2 g        | NV |
| 5662B | Powder for injection 500 mg | 400 | 5 | ..                  | *3725.60 | <sup>a</sup> Hospira Pty Limited | HH |
|       |                             |     |   | <sup>b</sup> 308.80 | *4034.40 | <sup>a</sup> Desferal 500 mg     | NV |

### *Drugs for treatment of hyperkalemia and hyperphosphatemia*

##### LANTHANUM

##### Authority required (STREAMLINED)

3390

Management of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where serum phosphate is greater than 1.6 mmol per L at the commencement of therapy.

Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;

3391

Management of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where the serum calcium times phosphate product is greater than 4.0 at the commencement of therapy.

Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required.

##### Note

Not to be used in combination with sevelamer.

|       |  |     |   |    |         |          |    |
|-------|--|-----|---|----|---------|----------|----|
| 5780F | Tablet, chewable, 500 mg (as carbonate hydrate)  | 180 | 5 | .. | *523.54 | Fosrenol | ZI |
| 5781G | Tablet, chewable, 750 mg (as carbonate hydrate)  | 180 | 5 | .. | *790.56 | Fosrenol | ZI |
| 5782H | Tablet, chewable, 1000 mg (as carbonate hydrate) | 180 | 5 | .. | *890.02 | Fosrenol | ZI |

## HIGHLY SPECIALISED DRUGS PROGRAM (Public Hospital)

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of<br>Rpts | Premium<br>\$ | Dispensed<br>Price for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>SEVELAMER HYDROCHLORIDE</b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Authority required (STREAMLINED)</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><i>3390</i></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Management of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where serum phosphate is greater than 1.6 mmol per L at the commencement of therapy.<br>Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required;                |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><i>3391</i></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Management of hyperphosphataemia in a patient with chronic kidney disease on dialysis whose serum phosphate is not controlled on calcium and where the serum calcium times phosphate product is greater than 4.0 at the commencement of therapy.<br>Management includes initiation, stabilisation and review of therapy as required. |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| Not to be used in combination with lanthanum.  |   |             |                |               |  |                             |
| 9546K  | Tablet 800 mg   | 360         | 5              | ..            | *620.00                                  | Renagel GZ                  |

## SECTION 100 (BOTULINUM TOXIN PROGRAM)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Pack<br>Size | Price ex<br>manufacture<br>r<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|------|---|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|

### BOTULINUM TOXIN TYPE A PURIFIED NEUROTOXIN COMPLEX

#### Note

Arrangements to prescribe this item should be made by medical practitioners with Medicare Australia, contact telephone number 1800 700 270.

#### Criteria for availability

Treatment of blepharospasm associated with dystonia, including benign blepharospasm and VIIth nerve disorders (hemifacial spasm) in patients 12 years and older;

Treatment of dynamic equinus foot deformity due to spasticity in an ambulant paediatric cerebral palsy patient aged from 2 to 17 years inclusive;

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment of dynamic equinus foot deformity due to spasticity in an ambulant cerebral palsy patient 18 years of age or older who was commenced on PBS-subsidised treatment with botulinum toxin type A purified neurotoxin complex as a paediatric patient;

Treatment of spasmodic torticollis, either as monotherapy or as adjunctive therapy to current standard care.

#### Criteria for availability

Treatment of moderate to severe spasticity of the upper limb in a cerebral palsy patient aged from 2 to 17 years inclusive;

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment of moderate to severe spasticity of the upper limb in a cerebral palsy patient 18 years of age or older who was commenced on PBS-subsidised treatment with botulinum toxin type A purified neurotoxin complex as a paediatric patient.

#### Note

Contact Medicare Australia before commencing PBS-subsidised treatment in cerebral palsy patients who have been treated for moderate to severe spasticity of the upper limb with non-PBS-subsidised botulinum toxin prior to the age of 18.

#### Criteria for availability

Treatment of moderate to severe spasticity [defined as MAS greater than or equal to 3 using modified Ashworth scale] of the upper limb in adults following a stroke, as second line therapy when standard management has failed (e.g. physiotherapy and/or oral spasticity agents) or as an adjunct to physical therapy.

Maximum number of treatments to be authorised is 4 (total Botox and Dysport) per upper limb per lifetime. Treatment should not be initiated until 3 months post-stroke in patients who do not have established severe contracture. Treatment should be discontinued if the patient does not respond (decrease of MAS greater than 1 in at least one joint) after two treatments.

The date of the stroke must be provided.

Contraindications to treatment include established severe contracture and known sensitivity to botulinum toxin.

#### Note

The units used to express the potency of botulinum toxin preparations currently available for PBS subsidy are not equivalent.

|       |   |   |        |       |    |
|-------|---|---|--------|-------|----|
| 6103F | Lyophilised powder for I.M. injection 100 units | 1 | 415.50 | Botox | AG |
|-------|---|---|--------|-------|----|

### CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN—HAEMAGGLUTININ COMPLEX

#### Note

Arrangements to prescribe this item should be made by medical practitioners with Medicare Australia, contact telephone number 1800 700 270.

#### Criteria for availability

Treatment of dynamic equinus foot deformity due to spasticity in an ambulant paediatric cerebral palsy patient aged from 2 to 17 years inclusive;

Continuing PBS-subsidised treatment of dynamic equinus foot deformity due to spasticity in an ambulant cerebral palsy patient 18 years of age or older who was commenced on PBS-subsidised treatment with clostridium botulinum type A toxin-haemagglutinin complex as a paediatric patient;

Treatment of spasmodic torticollis, either as monotherapy or as adjunctive therapy to current standard care.

#### Criteria for availability

Treatment of moderate to severe spasticity [defined as MAS greater than or equal to 3 using modified Ashworth scale] of the upper limb in adults following a stroke, as second line therapy when standard management has failed (e.g. physiotherapy and/or oral spasticity agents) or as an adjunct to physical therapy.

Maximum number of treatments to be authorised is 4 (total Botox and Dysport) per upper limb per lifetime. Treatment should not be initiated until 3 months post-stroke in patients who do not have established severe contracture. Treatment should be discontinued if the patient does not respond (decrease of MAS greater than 1 in at least one joint) after two treatments.

The date of the stroke must be provided.

Contraindications to treatment include established severe contracture and known sensitivity to botulinum toxin.

#### Note

The units used to express the potency of botulinum toxin preparations currently available for PBS subsidy are not equivalent.

|       |   |   |        |         |    |
|-------|---|---|--------|---------|----|
| 6293F | Lyophilised powder for I.M. injection 500 units | 1 | 650.00 | Dysport | IS |
|-------|---|---|--------|---------|----|

## SECTION 100 (HUMAN GROWTH HORMONE)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Pack Size | Price ex<br>manufacturer<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|

### SOMATROPIN (Recombinant human growth hormone)

#### Criteria for availability

Short stature in accordance with the 'Guidelines for the Availability of Human Growth Hormone (hGH) as a Pharmaceutical Benefit'.

Genotropin branded products (including MiniQuick) are also available for the treatment of Prader-Willi Syndrome in accordance with the 'Guidelines for the Availability of Human Growth Hormone (hGH) as a Pharmaceutical Benefit for the treatment of Prader-Willi Syndrome'.

#### Note

These guidelines may be obtained from the Department of Health and Ageing's internet site at <http://www.health.gov.au/hGH>, or from:

Growth Hormone Program  
Access and Systems Branch  
Department of Health and Ageing  
GPO Box 9848  
CANBERRA ACT 2601  
Contact telephone number (02) 6289 7274

#### Note

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |   |        |                          |    |
|-------|--|---|--------|--------------------------|----|
| 6465G | Solution for injection 5 mg (15 i.u.) in 1.5 mL cartridge (with preservative)  | 1 | 315.50 | Norditropin<br>NordiFlex | NO |
| 6466H | Solution for injection 10 mg (30 i.u.) in 1.5 mL cartridge (with preservative) | 1 | 631.00 | Norditropin<br>NordiFlex | NO |
| 6467J | Solution for injection 15 mg (45 i.u.) in 1.5 mL cartridge (with preservative) | 1 | 946.50 | Norditropin<br>NordiFlex | NO |

### SOMATROPIN (Recombinant human growth hormone)

#### Criteria for availability

Short stature in accordance with the 'Guidelines for the Availability of Human Growth Hormone (hGH) as a Pharmaceutical Benefit'.

Genotropin branded products (including MiniQuick) are also available for the treatment of Prader-Willi Syndrome in accordance with the 'Guidelines for the Availability of Human Growth Hormone (hGH) as a Pharmaceutical Benefit for the treatment of Prader-Willi Syndrome'.

#### Note

These guidelines may be obtained from the Department of Health and Ageing's internet site at <http://www.health.gov.au/hGH>, or from:

Growth Hormone Program  
Access and Systems Branch  
Department of Health and Ageing  
GPO Box 9848  
CANBERRA ACT 2601  
Contact telephone number (02) 6289 7274

|       |   |   |        |                         |    |
|-------|---|---|--------|-------------------------|----|
| 6169Q | Injection 18 i.u. (6 mg) cartridge with 3.15 mL diluent (with preservative)           | 1 | 297.00 | Humatrope               | LY |
| 6170R | Injection 36 i.u. (12 mg) cartridge with 3.15 mL diluent (with preservative)          | 1 | 594.00 | Humatrope               | LY |
| 6266T | Injection 4 mg (12 i.u.) vial with 3.5 mL diluent (with preservative)                 | 1 | 198.00 | Zomacton                | FP |
| 6295H | Solution for injection 5 mg (15 i.u.) in 1.5 mL cartridge (with preservative)         | 1 | 247.50 | Norditropin<br>SimpleXx | NO |
| 6296J | Solution for injection 10 mg (30 i.u.) in 1.5 mL cartridge (with preservative)        | 1 | 495.00 | Norditropin<br>SimpleXx | NO |
| 6297K | Solution for injection 15 mg (45 i.u.) in 1.5 mL cartridge (with preservative)        | 1 | 742.50 | Norditropin<br>SimpleXx | NO |
| 6311E | Solution for injection 10 mg (30 i.u.) in 1.5 mL cartridge (with preservative)        | 1 | 495.00 | Omnitrope               | SZ |
| 6312F | Injection 12 mg (36 i.u.) in 1 mL cartridge (with preservative)                       | 1 | 594.00 | Genotropin              | PF |
| 6313G | Injection 0.8 mg (2.4 i.u.) with diluent in single use syringe (without preservative) | 7 | 277.20 | Genotropin<br>MiniQuick | PF |
| 6314H | Injection 1 mg (3 i.u.) with diluent in single use syringe (without preservative)     | 7 | 346.50 | Genotropin<br>MiniQuick | PF |
| 6315J | Injection 1.2 mg (3.6 i.u.) with diluent in single use syringe (without preservative) | 7 | 415.80 | Genotropin<br>MiniQuick | PF |
| 6316K | Injection 1.4 mg (4.2 i.u.) with diluent in single use syringe (without preservative) | 7 | 485.10 | Genotropin<br>MiniQuick | PF |
| 6317L | Injection 1.6 mg (4.8 i.u.) with diluent in single use syringe (without preservative) | 7 | 554.40 | Genotropin<br>MiniQuick | PF |
| 6318M | Injection 1.8 mg (5.4 i.u.) with diluent in single use syringe (without preservative) | 7 | 623.70 | Genotropin<br>MiniQuick | PF |

### SECTION 100 (HUMAN GROWTH HORMONE)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form   | Pack Size | Price ex<br>manufacturer<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|-------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|
| 6319N | Injection 2 mg (6 i.u.) with diluent in single use syringe (without preservative)                                       | 7         | 693.00                         | Genotropin<br>MiniQuick     | PF |
| 6329D | Injection 8 mg (24 i.u.) vial with 1.37 mL diluent cartridge (with preservative) (for use with one.click auto-injector) | 1         | 396.00                         | Saizen 8 mg<br>click.easy   | SG |
| 6330E | Injection 5 mg (15 i.u.) in 1 mL cartridge (with preservative)  | 1         | 247.50                         | Genotropin                  | PF |
| 6345Y | Injection 72 i.u. (24 mg) cartridge with 3.15 mL diluent (with preservative)  | 1         | 1188.00                        | Humatrope                   | LY |
| 6476W | Solution for injection 5 mg (15 i.u.) in 1.5 mL cartridge (with preservative)   | 1         | 247.50                         | Omnitrope                   | SZ |
| 9585L | Powder for injection 5 mg (15 i.u.) with diluent in pre-filled pen (with preservative)                                  | 1         | 247.50                         | Genotropin<br>GoQuick       | PF |
| 9586M | Powder for injection 12 mg (36 i.u.) with diluent in pre-filled pen (with preservative)                                 | 1         | 594.00                         | Genotropin<br>GoQuick       | PF |
| 9604L | Solution for injection 10 mg (30 i.u.) in 2 mL cartridge (with preservative)  | 1         | 495.00                         | NutropinAq                  | IS |
| 9628R | Injection 0.6 mg (1.8 i.u.) with diluent in single use syringe (without preservative)                                   | 7         | 207.90                         | Genotropin<br>MiniQuick     | PF |

## SECTION 100 (IVF/GIFT TREATMENT)

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form            | Pack Size | Price ex<br>manufacturer<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|--|--|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>CETRORELIX</b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| For the prevention of premature luteinisation and ovulation in patients undergoing controlled ovarian stimulation, followed by oocyte pick-up and assisted reproductive techniques as described in items 13200, 13201, 13202 or 13203 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule. |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Supply of these items is through an accredited IVF/GIFT clinic. For enquiries relating to the IVF/GIFT Program, medical practitioners should contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| 9599F  | Powder for injection 250 micrograms (as acetate) with diluent      | 1         | 46.08                          | Cetrotide                   | SG |
| <b>CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA</b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Patients who are receiving medical treatment as described in items 13200, 13201, 13202 or 13203 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Supply of this item is through an accredited IVF/GIFT clinic. For enquiries relating to the IVF/GIFT Program, medical practitioners should contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Special Pricing Arrangements apply.  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| 9631X  | Solution for injection 250 micrograms in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe | 1         | 54.80                          | Ovidrel                     | SG |
| <b>FOLLITROPIN ALFA</b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Patients who are receiving medical treatment as described in items 13200, 13201, 13202 or 13203 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Supply of these items is through an accredited IVF/GIFT clinic. For enquiries relating to the IVF/GIFT Program, medical practitioners should contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| 6431L  | Injection 300 i.u. in 0.5 mL multi-dose cartridge                  | 1         | 144.00                         | Gonal-f Pen                 | SG |
| 6432M  | Injection 450 i.u. in 0.75 mL multi-dose cartridge                 | 1         | 216.00                         | Gonal-f Pen                 | SG |
| 6433N  | Injection 900 i.u. in 1.5 mL multi-dose cartridge                  | 1         | 432.00                         | Gonal-f Pen                 | SG |
| <b>FOLLITROPIN BETA</b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Patients who are receiving medical treatment as described in items 13200, 13201, 13202 or 13203 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Supply of these items is through an accredited IVF/GIFT clinic. For enquiries relating to the IVF/GIFT Program, medical practitioners should contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| 6335K  | Solution for injection 300 i.u. in 0.36 mL multi-dose cartridge    | 1         | 144.04                         | Puregon<br>300 IU/0.36 mL   | SH |
| 6336L  | Solution for injection 600 i.u. in 0.72 mL multi-dose cartridge    | 1         | 288.09                         | Puregon<br>600 IU/0.72 mL   | SH |
| 6464F  | Solution for injection 900 i.u. in 1.08 mL multi-dose cartridge    | 1         | 432.11                         | Puregon<br>900 IU/1.08 mL   | SH |
| <b>GANIRELIX</b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| For the prevention of premature luteinisation and ovulation in patients undergoing controlled ovarian stimulation, followed by oocyte pick-up and assisted reproductive techniques as described in items 13200, 13201, 13202 or 13203 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule. |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Supply of these items is through an accredited IVF/GIFT clinic. For enquiries relating to the IVF/GIFT Program, medical practitioners should contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| 9583J  | Injection 250 micrograms (as acetate) in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe | 1         | 46.08                          | Orgalutran                  | SH |
| 9584K  | Injection 250 micrograms (as acetate) in 0.5 mL pre-filled syringe | 5         | 230.40                         | Orgalutran                  | SH |
| <b>HUMAN CHORIONIC GONADOTROPHIN</b>   |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>  |  |           |                                |                             |    |
| Patients who are receiving medical treatment as described in items 13200, 13201, 13202 or 13203 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule.   |  |           |                                |                             |    |

## SECTION 100 (IVF/GIFT TREATMENT)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Pack Size | Price ex<br>manufacturer<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|

**Note**

Supply of these items is through an accredited IVF/GIFT clinic. For enquiries relating to the IVF/GIFT Program, medical practitioners should contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

|       |  |   |       |         |    |
|-------|--|---|-------|---------|----|
| 6178E | Injection set containing 3 ampoules powder for injection 1,500 units and 3 ampoules solvent 1 mL | 1 | 39.57 | Pregnyl | SH |
| 6181H | Powder for injection 5,000 units with solvent  | 1 | 11.49 | Pregnyl | SH |

**PROGESTERONE****Criteria for availability**

For luteal phase support in patients who are receiving medical treatment as described in items 13200 or 13201 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule. The luteal phase is defined as the time span from embryo transfer until implantation confirmed by positive B-hCG measurement.

**Note**

Supply of these items is through an accredited IVF/GIFT clinic. For enquiries relating to the IVF/GIFT Program, medical practitioners should contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

**Note**

Special Pricing Arrangements apply.

|       |  |    |        |            |    |
|-------|--|----|--------|------------|----|
| 6366C | Vaginal gel (prolonged release) 90 mg in single dose pre-filled applicator | 15 | 148.50 | Crinone 8% | SG |
|-------|--|----|--------|------------|----|

**PROGESTERONE****Criteria for availability**

For luteal phase support in patients who are receiving medical treatment as described in items 13200 or 13201 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule. The luteal phase is defined as the time span from embryo transfer until implantation confirmed by positive B-hCG measurement.

**Note**

Supply of these items is through an accredited IVF/GIFT clinic. For enquiries relating to the IVF/GIFT Program, medical practitioners should contact Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270.

|       |                |    |       |                               |    |
|-------|----------------|----|-------|-------------------------------|----|
| 9608Q | Pessary 100 mg | 15 | 50.40 | Orion Laboratories<br>Pty Ltd | ON |
| 9609R | Pessary 200 mg | 15 | 55.60 | Orion Laboratories<br>Pty Ltd | ON |

## SECTION 100 (OPIATE DEPENDENCE TREATMENT PROGRAM)

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form               | Pack Size | Price ex<br>manufacturer<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer        |    |
|---|---|-----------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|----|
| <b>BUPRENORPHINE</b>  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| Treatment of opiate dependence, including maintenance and detoxification (withdrawal), within a framework of medical, social and psychological treatment.   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| Treatment must be in accordance with the law of the relevant State or Territory.  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| 6307Y<br>NP   | Tablet (sublingual) 400 micrograms (as hydrochloride)                 | 7         | 6.16                           | Subutex                            | RC |
| 6308B<br>NP   | Tablet (sublingual) 2 mg (as hydrochloride)                           | 7         | 10.50                          | Subutex                            | RC |
| 6309C<br>NP   | Tablet (sublingual) 8 mg (as hydrochloride)                           | 7         | 30.10                          | Subutex                            | RC |
| <b>BUPRENORPHINE with NALOXONE</b>  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| Treatment of opiate dependence within a framework of medical, social and psychological treatment.   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| Treatment must be in accordance with the law of the relevant State or Territory.  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| 6470M<br>NP   | Tablet (sublingual) 2 mg (as hydrochloride)-0.5 mg (as hydrochloride) | 28        | 46.20                          | Suboxone                           | RC |
| 6471N<br>NP   | Tablet (sublingual) 8 mg (as hydrochloride)-2 mg (as hydrochloride)   | 28        | 132.44                         | Suboxone                           | RC |
| <b>METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE</b>  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Caution</u></b>   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| The risk of drug dependence is high.  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Criteria for availability</u></b>   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| Treatment of opiate dependence in accordance with the law of the relevant State or Territory.   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b><u>Note</u></b>  |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| <b>Shared Care Model:</b>   |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| For prescribing by nurse practitioners where care of a patient is shared between a nurse practitioner and medical practitioner in a formalised arrangement with an agreed management plan. Further information can be found in the Explanatory Notes for Nurse Practitioners. |   |           |                                |                                    |    |
| 6171T<br>NP   | Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mL                                    | 1         | 7.91                           | <sup>a</sup> Biodone Forte         | MW |
|   |   |           |                                | <sup>a</sup> Sigma Methadone Syrup | SI |
| 6172W<br>NP   | Oral liquid 25 mg per 5 mL, 1 L                                       | 1         | 33.20                          | <sup>a</sup> Biodone Forte         | MW |
|   |   |           |                                | <sup>a</sup> Sigma Methadone Syrup | SI |

## SECTION 100 (SPECIAL AUTHORITY ITEMS – Private Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Pack Size | Price ex<br>manufacturer<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|

### TRASTUZUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe trastuzumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe trastuzumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

Further prescribing information is on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

#### Authority required

Initial treatment for HER2 positive early breast cancer commencing concurrently with adjuvant chemotherapy following surgery.

The total duration of PBS-subsidised treatment (initial plus continuing) that will be authorised is 52 weeks.

HER2 positivity must be demonstrated by in situ hybridisation (ISH).

Trastuzumab must not be used in patients with a left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than 45% and/or with symptomatic heart failure. Cardiac function must be tested by a suitable method including, for example, ECHO or MUGA, prior to seeking the initial authority approval and then at 3 monthly intervals during treatment.

Authority applications for initial treatment must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Early Breast Cancer - PBS Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes:
  - (i) a copy of the pathology report from an Approved Pathology Authority confirming the presence of HER2 gene amplification by in situ hybridisation (ISH); and
  - (ii) a copy of the signed patient acknowledgement form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

The medical practitioner should request sufficient quantity based on the weight of the patient to provide for a maximum of 3 weeks' treatment (equivalent to the loading dose for the 3 weekly regimen, and the loading dose and 2 weekly doses for the once weekly regimen).

#### Authority required

Continuing treatment for HER2 positive early breast cancer where the patient has previously received treatment with PBS-subsidised trastuzumab.

The patient is eligible to receive sufficient trastuzumab to complete 52 weeks of combined PBS-subsidised and non-PBS-subsidised therapy.

Trastuzumab must not be used in patients with a left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than 45% and/or with symptomatic heart failure. Cardiac function must be tested by a suitable method including, for example, ECHO or MUGA, at 3 monthly intervals during treatment.

Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

The medical practitioner should request sufficient quantity based on the weight of the patient for 3 weeks' supply (equivalent to 1 dose for the 3 weekly dosing regimen, or 3 doses for the once weekly dosing regimen). Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Breaks in therapy.

Where a patient has a break in trastuzumab therapy of more than 1 week but less than 6 weeks from when the last dose was due, authority approval will be granted for a new loading dose. Authority applications for new loading doses may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

|       |                                 |   |         |           |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|---------|-----------|----|
| 6497Y | Powder for I.V. infusion 150 mg | 1 | 1076.63 | Herceptin | RO |
| 9691C | Powder for I.V. infusion 60 mg  | 1 | 434.98  | Herceptin | RO |

## SECTION 100 (SPECIAL AUTHORITY ITEMS – Public Hospital)

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Pack Size | Price ex<br>manufacturer<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|

### TRASTUZUMAB

#### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe trastuzumab may be directed to Medicare Australia on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

Written applications for authority to prescribe trastuzumab should be forwarded to:

Medicare Australia  
Prior Written Approval of Specialised Drugs  
Reply Paid 9826  
GPO Box 9826  
HOBART TAS 7001

Further prescribing information is on the Medicare Australia website at [www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au).

#### Authority required

Initial treatment for HER2 positive early breast cancer commencing concurrently with adjuvant chemotherapy following surgery.

The total duration of PBS-subsidised treatment (initial plus continuing) that will be authorised is 52 weeks.

HER2 positivity must be demonstrated by in situ hybridisation (ISH).

Trastuzumab must not be used in patients with a left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than 45% and/or with symptomatic heart failure. Cardiac function must be tested by a suitable method including, for example, ECHO or MUGA, prior to seeking the initial authority approval and then at 3 monthly intervals during treatment.

Authority applications for initial treatment must be made in writing and must include:

- (a) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (b) a completed Early Breast Cancer - PBS Supporting Information Form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))] which includes:
  - (i) a copy of the pathology report from an Approved Pathology Authority confirming the presence of HER2 gene amplification by in situ hybridisation (ISH); and
  - (ii) a copy of the signed patient acknowledgement form [may be downloaded from the Medicare Australia website ([www.medicareaustralia.gov.au](http://www.medicareaustralia.gov.au))].

The medical practitioner should request sufficient quantity based on the weight of the patient to provide for a maximum of 3 weeks' treatment (equivalent to the loading dose for the 3 weekly regimen, and the loading dose and 2 weekly doses for the once weekly regimen).

#### Authority required

Continuing treatment for HER2 positive early breast cancer where the patient has previously received treatment with PBS-subsidised trastuzumab.

The patient is eligible to receive sufficient trastuzumab to complete 52 weeks of combined PBS-subsidised and non-PBS-subsidised therapy.

Trastuzumab must not be used in patients with a left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than 45% and/or with symptomatic heart failure. Cardiac function must be tested by a suitable method including, for example, ECHO or MUGA, at 3 monthly intervals during treatment.

Authority applications for continuing treatment may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

The medical practitioner should request sufficient quantity based on the weight of the patient for 3 weeks' supply (equivalent to 1 dose for the 3 weekly dosing regimen, or 3 doses for the once weekly dosing regimen). Up to a maximum of 3 repeats may be authorised.

Breaks in therapy.

Where a patient has a break in trastuzumab therapy of more than 1 week but less than 6 weeks from when the last dose was due, authority approval will be granted for a new loading dose. Authority applications for new loading doses may be made by telephone on 1800 700 270 (hours of operation 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST Monday to Friday).

|       |                                 |   |         |           |    |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|---------|-----------|----|
| 9689Y | Powder for I.V. infusion 150 mg | 1 | 1030.21 | Herceptin | RO |
| 9690B | Powder for I.V. infusion 60 mg  | 1 | 412.08  | Herceptin | RO |

## Section 3 – Container Prices, Fees, Standard Packs and Prices for Ready Prepared Pharmaceutical Benefits

### CONTAINER PRICES FOR QUANTITIES OF READY PREPARED BENEFITS LESS THAN THE STANDARD PACK:

|             |             |        |
|-------------|-------------|--------|
| Injectables | 150 mL vial | \$0.78 |
| Other Items | 25 mL vial  | \$0.31 |

**(The 25 mL is the most commonly used size)**

### FEES:

|   |        |
|---|--------|
| Dispensing Fee for Ready Prepared Benefits              | \$6.42 |
| Dangerous Drug Fee                                      | \$2.71 |
| Additional Fee for Agreed Price Ready Prepared Benefits | \$1.07 |

### NOTE -

*Standard packs and prices (including mark-up, but without dispensing fee and dangerous drug fee) are for items against the price of which an asterisk (\*) is shown in Section 2 of the Schedule.*

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name  | Form/Strength                         | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer |
|-------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 8048N | ABCIXIMAB   | 10 mg in 5 mL                         | 1@ 482.23            | LY           |
| 1003T | ACICLOVIR   | 200 mg                                | 25@ 29.99            | AF,SZ,GM     |
| 2600W | ALLOPURINOL   | 100 mg                                | 100@ 3.22            | AF           |
| 2157M | ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE with<br>MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE   | 200 mg-200 mg per 5 mL, 500 mL        | 1@ 4.55              | JT           |
| 2159P | ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE with<br>MAGNESIUM TRISILICATE and<br>MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE  | 250 mg-120 mg-120 mg per 5 mL, 500 mL | 1@ 5.64              | FM           |
| 3109P | AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE   | 5 mg                                  | 50@ 2.28             | AF           |
| 3417W | AMINO ACID FORMULA with FAT,<br>CARBOHYDRATE, VITAMINS, MINERALS,<br>and TRACE ELEMENTS, without<br>METHIONINE and supplemented with<br>DOCOSAHEXANOIC ACID                   | 125 mL, 36                            | 1@ 625.39            | SB           |
| 9330C | AMINO ACID FORMULA with FAT,<br>CARBOHYDRATE, VITAMINS, MINERALS<br>and TRACE ELEMENTS without<br>PHENYLALANINE and TYROSINE, and<br>supplemented with DOCOSAHEXANOIC<br>ACID | 125 mL, 36                            | 1@ 625.39            | SB           |
| 2347M | AMINO ACID FORMULA without<br>PHENYLALANINE   | 20 g, 30                              | 1@ 208.07            | SB           |
| 8554F |   | 500 mg, 200                           | 1@ 79.37             | SB           |
| 8678R |   | 1 g, 75                               | 1@ 59.19             | SB           |
| 8479G | AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS,<br>MINERALS and LONG CHAIN<br>POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS without<br>PHENYLALANINE  | 400 g                                 | 1@ 87.15             | SB           |
| 2646G | AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS<br>and MINERALS without LYSINE and low in<br>TRYPTOPHAN  | 500 g                                 | 1@ 222.29            | SB           |
| 2650L |   | 400 g                                 | 1@ 95.36             | SB           |
| 5484P |   | 25 g, 30                              | 1@ 787.00            | VF           |
| 9438R |   | 24 g, 30                              | 1@ 526.99            | VF           |
| 8328H | AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS<br>and MINERALS without METHIONINE   | 500 g                                 | 1@ 222.29            | SB           |
| 8416Y |   | 500 g                                 | 1@ 337.29            | SB           |
| 8417B |   | 400 g                                 | 1@ 95.36             | SB           |
| 8677Q |   | 24 g, 30                              | 1@ 526.99            | VF           |
| 8744F |   | 25 g, 30                              | 1@ 772.99            | VF           |
| 9133Q |   | 130 mL, 30                            | 1@ 772.99            | VF           |
| 3443F | AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS<br>and MINERALS without METHIONINE,<br>THREONINE and VALINE and low in<br>ISOLEUCINE   | 25 g, 30                              | 1@ 772.99            | VF           |
| 3444G |   | 24 g, 30                              | 1@ 526.99            | VF           |
| 8058D |   | 400 g                                 | 1@ 95.36             | SB           |
| 8059E |   | 500 g                                 | 1@ 222.29            | SB           |
| 8061G |   | 500 g                                 | 1@ 337.29            | SB           |
| 1411G | AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS<br>and MINERALS without PHENYLALANINE  | 18.2 g, 60                            | 1@ 544.55            | SB           |
| 2382J |   | 87 mL, 30                             | 1@ 257.09            | VF           |
| 2474F |   | 174 mL, 30                            | 1@ 511.90            | VF           |
| 2738D |   | 500 g                                 | 1@ 109.70            | SB           |
| 2739E |   | 500 g                                 | 1@ 168.25            | SB           |
| 5483N |   | 85 g, 30                              | 1@ 263.05            | VF           |
| 8545R |   | 400 g                                 | 1@ 105.27            | AB           |
| 8555G |   | 24 g, 30                              | 1@ 263.05            | VF           |
| 8591E |   | 25 g, 30                              | 1@ 385.68            | VF           |
| 8613H |   | 29 g, 30                              | 1@ 221.42            | SB           |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name   | Form/Strength                      | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer |
|-------|--|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 8727H |  | 50 g, 30                           | 1@ 501.88            | SB           |
| 8746H |  | 250 mL                             | 18@ 261.37           | SB           |
| 8804J |  | 27.8 g, 30                         | 1@ 514.34            | SB           |
| 8846N |  | 130 mL, 30                         | 1@ 385.48            | VF           |
| 9021T |  | 125 mL, 30                         | 1@ 514.34            | SB           |
| 9396M |  | 125 mL, 36                         | 1@ 315.86            | SB           |
| 9397N |  | 62.5 mL, 60                        | 1@ 526.47            | SB           |
| 3078B | AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS<br>and MINERALS without PHENYLALANINE<br>and TYROSINE   | 500 g                              | 1@ 337.29            | SB           |
| 8445L |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 95.36             | SB           |
| 8446M |  | 500 g                              | 1@ 222.29            | SB           |
| 8631G |  | 24 g, 30                           | 1@ 526.99            | VF           |
| 8667E |  | 25 g, 30                           | 1@ 772.99            | VF           |
| 9132P |  | 130 mL, 30                         | 1@ 772.99            | VF           |
| 9395L |  | 29 g, 30                           | 1@ 448.51            | SB           |
| 2375B | AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS<br>and MINERALS without VALINE, LEUCINE<br>and ISOLEUCINE   | 130 mL, 30                         | 1@ 772.99            | VF           |
| 2380G |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 95.36             | SB           |
| 8057C |  | 500 g                              | 1@ 337.29            | SB           |
| 8260R |  | 500 g                              | 1@ 222.29            | SB           |
| 8310J |  | 500 g                              | 1@ 666.39            | SB           |
| 8592F |  | 24 g, 30                           | 1@ 526.99            | VF           |
| 8632H |  | 25 g, 30                           | 1@ 772.99            | VF           |
| 8745G |  | 29 g, 30                           | 1@ 448.51            | SB           |
| 9499Y | AMINO ACID FORMULA with VITAMINS<br>and MINERALS without VALINE, LEUCINE<br>and ISOLEUCINE with FAT, CARBOHYDRATE<br>and TRACE ELEMENTS and supplemented<br>with DOCOSAHEXANOIC ACID | 125 mL, 36                         | 1@ 625.39            | SB           |
| 2244D | AMINO ACIDS—SYNTHETIC, FORMULA   | 400 g                              | 1@ 44.34             | SB           |
| 2250K |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 43.77             | AB           |
| 2553J |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 44.34             | SB           |
| 3066J |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 44.34             | SB           |
| 8443J |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 44.34             | SB           |
| 8574G |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 44.34             | AB           |
| 8575H |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 44.34             | AB           |
| 8754R |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 44.34             | SB           |
| 8755T |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 44.34             | SB           |
| 2246F | AMINO ACID SYNTHETIC FORMULA<br>supplemented with LONG CHAIN<br>POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS  | 400 g                              | 1@ 45.18             | SB           |
| 2560R |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 45.18             | SB           |
| 9339M |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 45.18             | AB           |
| 9340N |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 45.18             | AB           |
| 5466Q | AMINO ACID SYNTHETIC FORMULA<br>supplemented with LONG CHAIN<br>POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS and<br>MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES  | 400 g                              | 1@ 45.18             | SB           |
| 5467R |  | 400 g                              | 1@ 45.18             | SB           |
| 8736T | AMISULPRIDE  | 100 mg per mL, 60 mL               | 1@ 71.16             | SW           |
| 9386B | AMYLOPECTIN, MODIFIED LONG CHAIN   | 60 g, 30                           | 1@ 186.47            | VF           |
| 5482M | ARGININE with CARBOHYDRATE   | 4 g containing 2 g arginine, 30    | 1@ 191.10            | VF           |
| 9437Q |  | 4 g containing 500 mg arginine, 30 | 1@ 127.40            | VF           |
| 9453M | ARSENIC TRIOXIDE   | 10 mg in 10 mL                     | 10@ 4031.61          | PL           |
| 9092M | ATOMOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE  | 10 mg (base)                       | 28@ 107.38           | LY           |
| 9093N |  | 18 mg (base)                       | 28@ 107.38           | LY           |
| 9094P |  | 25 mg (base)                       | 28@ 107.38           | LY           |
| 9095Q |  | 40 mg (base)                       | 28@ 107.38           | LY           |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name   | Form/Strength                          | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer |
|-------|--|--|----------------------|--------------|
| 9096R |  | 60 mg (base)                           | 28@ 107.38           | LY           |
| 1140B | BCG IMMUNOTHERAPEUTIC (Bacillus Calmette-Guérin/ Connaught strain) | 6.6 to 19.2 x 10 <sup>8</sup> CFU      | 1@ 151.15            | SW           |
| 3486L | BENZYL PENICILLIN  | 600 mg                                 | 1@ 3.65              | CS           |
| 1775K |  | 600 mg                                 | 1@ 3.65              | CS           |
| 2647H |  | 3 g                                    | 1@ 6.05              | CS           |
| 3398W |  | 600 mg                                 | 1@ 3.65              | CS           |
| 3399X |  | 3 g                                    | 1@ 6.05              | CS           |
| 2812B | BETAMETHASONE VALERATE   | 200 mcg (base) per g, 100 g            | 1@ 12.34             | SI           |
| 2820K |  | 200 mcg (base) per g, 100 g            | 1@ 10.13             | SH           |
| 2544X | BIPERIDEN HYDROCHLORIDE  | 2 mg                                   | 100@ 7.23            | LM           |
| 1258F | BISACODYL  | 10 mg, 12                              | 1@ 3.97              | PP           |
| 1260H |  | 10 mg, 10                              | 1@ 5.21              | BY           |
| 5303D |  | 10 mg, 10                              | 1@ 5.21              | BY           |
| 5304E |  | 10 mg, 12                              | 1@ 3.97              | PP           |
| 5307H |  | 10 mg, 10                              | 1@ 5.21              | BY           |
| 5308J |  | 10 mg, 12                              | 1@ 3.97              | PP           |
| 2315W | BLEOMYCIN SULFATE  | 15,000 i.u.                            | 1@ 45.76             | HH           |
| 5488W | BORTEZOMIB   | 3.5 mg                                 | 1@ 1748.99           | JC           |
| 5489X |  | 3.5 mg                                 | 1@ 1748.99           | JC           |
| 9117W |  | 3.5 mg                                 | 1@ 1748.99           | JC           |
| 9118X |  | 3.5 mg                                 | 1@ 1748.99           | JC           |
| 3116B | CALCIUM  | 500 mg                                 | 60@ 6.01             | IA           |
| 8740B | CALCIUM FOLINATE   | equiv. to 50 mg folinic acid in 5 mL   | 1@ 27.93             | HH           |
| 8812T |  | equiv. to 100 mg folinic acid in 10 mL | 1@ 25.23             | IT           |
| 9041W |  | equiv. to 300 mg folinic acid in 30 mL | 1@ 73.02             | HH           |
| 2419H | CARBAMAZEPINE  | 200 mg                                 | 100@ 12.59           | NV           |
| 2422L |  | 100 mg                                 | 100@ 7.26            | NV           |
| 5039F |  | 100 mg                                 | 100@ 7.26            | NV           |
| 5040G |  | 200 mg                                 | 100@ 12.59           | NV           |
| 1153Q | CARBIMAZOLE  | 5 mg                                   | 100@ 12.31           | LM           |
| 8369L | CARBOHYDRATE, FAT, VITAMINS, MINERALS and TRACE ELEMENTS           | 400 g                                  | 1@ 35.63             | SB           |
| 8578L | CARBOMER   | 2 mg per g, 0.6 mL, 30                 | 1@ 9.89              | NV           |
| 5504Q |  | 2 mg per g, 0.6 mL, 30                 | 1@ 9.89              | NV           |
| 8514D | CARBOMER 974   | 3 mg per g, 0.5 g, 30                  | 1@ 9.88              | AQ           |
| 5502N |  | 3 mg per g, 0.5 g, 30                  | 1@ 9.88              | AQ           |
| 1160C | CARBOPLATIN  | 50 mg in 5 mL                          | 1@ 29.13             | HH,PF,IT     |
| 1161D |  | 150 mg in 15 mL                        | 1@ 66.93             | HH,PF,IT     |
| 1162E |  | 450 mg in 45 mL                        | 1@ 129.45            | HH,PF,IT     |
| 2324H | CARMELLOSE SODIUM  | 10 mg per mL, 0.4 mL, 30               | 1@ 9.88              | AG           |
| 2338C |  | 5 mg per mL, 0.4 mL, 30                | 1@ 9.88              | AG           |
| 8823J |  | 2.5 mg per mL, 0.6 mL, 24              | 1@ 8.50              | CX           |
| 8824K |  | 10 mg per mL, 0.6 mL, 28               | 1@ 9.22              | CX           |
| 5505R |  | 10 mg per mL, 0.4 mL, 30               | 1@ 9.88              | AG           |
| 5506T |  | 5 mg per mL, 0.4 mL, 30                | 1@ 9.88              | AG           |
| 5509Y |  | 2.5 mg per mL, 0.6 mL, 24              | 1@ 8.50              | CX           |
| 5510B |  | 10 mg per mL, 0.6 mL, 28               | 1@ 9.22              | CX           |
| 9307W | CARMELLOSE SODIUM with GLYCERIN                                    | 5 mg-9 mg per mL, 0.4 mL, 30           | 1@ 9.88              | AG           |
| 5561Q |  | 5 mg-9 mg per mL, 0.4 mL, 30           | 1@ 9.88              | AG           |
| 8315P | CEFEPIME   | 1 g                                    | 1@ 15.52             | BQ,OE,HH     |
| 8316Q |  | 2 g                                    | 1@ 28.68             | BQ,OE,HH     |
| 1085D | CEFOTAXIME   | 1 g                                    | 1@ 1.99              | SZ           |
| 1086E |  | 2 g                                    | 1@ 3.65              | SZ           |
| 5048Q |  | 1 g                                    | 1@ 1.99              | SZ           |
| 5049R |  | 2 g                                    | 1@ 3.65              | SZ           |
| 1783W | CEFTRIAXONE  | 500 mg                                 | 1@ 3.83              | PP           |
| 1784X |  | 1 g                                    | 1@ 5.98              | RO,HH,SZ,PP  |
| 1785Y |  | 2 g                                    | 1@ 10.62             | RO,HH,SZ,PP  |
| 1256D | CEPHAZOLIN   | 500 mg                                 | 5@ 16.73             | HH           |

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|-------|--|---|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1257E |  | 1 g                                       | 5@ 25.25             | HH                       |
| 5477G |  | 500 mg                                    | 5@ 16.73             | HH                       |
| 5478H |  | 1 g                                       | 5@ 25.25             | HH                       |
| 5479J |  | 2 g                                       | 1@ 9.78              | SZ,AF                    |
| 9326W |  | 2 g                                       | 1@ 9.78              | SZ,AF                    |
| 1163F | CHLORAMBUCIL   | 2 mg                                      | 25@ 32.89            | AS                       |
| 1585K | CHLORTHALIDONE   | 25 mg                                     | 50@ 3.61             | LM                       |
| 2967E | CHOLESTYRAMINE   | 4.7 g (equiv. to 4 g cholestyramine)      | 1@ 32.76             | SI                       |
| 9249T |  | 4.7 g (equivalent to 4 g cholestyramine)  | 1@ 32.76             | SI                       |
| 1217C | CIPROFLOXACIN  | 3 mg per mL, 5 mL                         | 1@ 11.99             | AQ                       |
| 5481L | CITRULLINE with CARBOHYDRATE   | 4 g containing 1 g citrulline, 30         | 1@ 127.40            | VF                       |
| 1811H | CLADRIBINE   | 10 mg in 10 mL                            | 1@ 660.45            | JC                       |
| 8800E |  | 10 mg in 5 mL                             | 1@ 660.45            | OA                       |
| 1805B | CLONAZEPAM   | 500 mcg                                   | 100@ 6.54            | AF                       |
| 1806C |  | 2 mg                                      | 100@ 12.32           | AF                       |
| 1808E |  | 2.5 mg per mL, 10 mL                      | 1@ 4.31              | RO                       |
| 5339B |  | 2.5 mg per mL, 10 mL                      | 1@ 4.31              | RO                       |
| 5342E |  | 2.5 mg per mL, 10 mL                      | 1@ 4.31              | RO                       |
| 1017M | CLOTRIMAZOLE   | 10 mg per g, 20 g                         | 1@ 2.42              | AF                       |
| 8785J | CODEINE PHOSPHATE with PARACETAMOL                                     | 30 mg-500 mg                              | 20@ 1.58             | FM,AV,CO,AL<br>,SZ,TX    |
| 1228P | COPPER SULFATE   | Tablets, 36                               | 1@ 32.53             | BN                       |
| 9251X |  | Tablets, 36                               | 1@ 32.53             | BN                       |
| 1079T | CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE   | 500 mg                                    | 1@ 17.14             | BX                       |
| 8657P | CYCLOSPORIN  | 10 mg                                     | 60@ 44.00            | NV                       |
| 8658Q |  | 25 mg                                     | 30@ 46.49            | NV                       |
| 8659R |  | 50 mg                                     | 30@ 95.65            | NV                       |
| 8660T |  | 100 mg                                    | 30@ 185.07           | NV                       |
| 8661W |  | 100 mg per mL, 50 mL                      | 1@ 353.12            | NV                       |
| 1270W | CYPROTERONE ACETATE  | 50 mg                                     | 50@ 95.78            | AF,GM,SY,GX<br>,SZ       |
| 9164H | CYSTINE with CARBOHYDRATE  | 4 g containing 500 mg cystine, 30         | 1@ 127.40            | VF                       |
| 2884T | CYTARABINE   | 100 mg in 5 mL                            | 5@ 59.68             | PF                       |
| 9318K | DABIGATRAN ETEXILATE   | 75 mg (as mesilate)                       | 10@ 37.37            | BY                       |
| 9319L |  | 110 mg (as mesilate)                      | 10@ 37.37            | BY                       |
| 9322P |  | 75 mg (as mesilate)                       | 10@ 37.37            | BY                       |
| 9323Q |  | 110 mg (as mesilate)                      | 10@ 37.37            | BY                       |
| 8641T | DALTEPARIN SODIUM (Low Molecular Weight Heparin Sodium—porcine mucous) | 2,500 units (anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL           | 10@ 49.16            | PF                       |
| 8642W |  | 5,000 units (anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL           | 10@ 51.23            | PF                       |
| 8643X |  | 7,500 units (anti-Xa) in 0.75 mL          | 10@ 77.23            | PF                       |
| 2129C | DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE   | 100 mcg per mL, 2.5 mL                    | 1@ 30.95             | FP                       |
| 8662X |  | 200 mcg                                   | 30@ 57.83            | FP                       |
| 8711L |  | 10 mcg per actuation, 60 actuations, 6 mL | 1@ 77.31             | FP                       |
| 1299J | DICLOFENAC SODIUM  | 25 mg (e.c.)                              | 50@ 3.16             | SZ,CH,TW,AF<br>,SI,GM,TX |
| 1302M |  | 100 mg                                    | 20@ 9.25             | NV                       |
| 5361E |  | 25 mg (e.c.)                              | 50@ 3.16             | SZ,CH,TW,AF<br>,SI,GM,TX |
| 5363G |  | 100 mg                                    | 20@ 9.25             | NV                       |
| 5364H |  | 25 mg (e.c.)                              | 50@ 3.16             | SZ,CH,TW,AF<br>,SI,GM,TX |
| 5366K |  | 100 mg                                    | 20@ 9.25             | NV                       |
| 5076E |  | 25 mg (e.c.)                              | 50@ 3.16             | SZ,CH,TW,AF<br>,SI,GM,TX |
| 5079H |  | 100 mg                                    | 20@ 9.25             | NV                       |
| 3164M | DIGOXIN  | 50 mcg per mL, 60 mL                      | 1@ 11.13             | SI                       |
| 3463G | DIPHThERIA and TETANUS VACCINE, ADSORBED, DILUTED FOR ADULT USE        | 0.5 mL                                    | 5@ 67.15             | CS                       |
| 8461H | DISODIUM PAMIDRONATE   | 15 mg in 5 mL                             | 1@ 60.93             | HH                       |

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|-------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 8462J |   | 30 mg in 10 mL                       | 1@ 121.85            | HH           |
| 5463M | DOCETAXEL   | 20 mg in 1 mL                        | 1@ 322.37            | SW           |
| 5486R |   | 20 mg in 2 mL                        | 1@ 322.37            | HH,IT        |
| 8071T |   | 20 mg (anhydrous) set                | 1@ 322.37            | SW           |
| 1336H | DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE                                 | 10 mg in 5 mL                        | 1@ 8.51              | HH,PF,IT     |
| 1340M |   | 20 mg in 10 mL                       | 1@ 14.54             | PF           |
| 1342P |   | 50 mg in 25 mL                       | 1@ 34.39             | HH,PF,IT     |
| 2702F | DOXYCYCLINE   | 100 mg (as hydrochloride)            | 7@ 1.94              | GM,SI,AF     |
| 2703G |   | 100 mg (as hydrochloride)            | 7@ 1.94              | YT           |
| 2714W |   | 100 mg (as hydrochloride)            | 7@ 1.94              | GM,SI,AF     |
| 9107H |   | 100 mg (as monohydrate)              | 7@ 1.94              | SZ,CH,TW,GX  |
| 9108J |   | 100 mg (as monohydrate)              | 7@ 1.94              | SZ,CH,TW     |
| 3199J | ELECTROLYTE REPLACEMENT SOLUTION                          | 1 L                                  | 1@ 7.77              | BX           |
| 8510X | ENOXAPARIN SODIUM   | 40 mg (4,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.4 mL | 10@ 51.23            | SW           |
| 8558K |   | 20 mg (2,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL | 10@ 49.16            | SW           |
| 8639Q |   | 40 mg (4,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.4 mL | 10@ 51.23            | SW           |
| 8640R |   | 60 mg (6,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.6 mL | 10@ 73.26            | SW           |
| 8716R |   | 20 mg (2,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.2 mL | 10@ 49.16            | SW           |
| 9195Y |   | 40 mg (4,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.4 mL | 10@ 51.23            | SW           |
| 9196B |   | 40 mg (4,000 i.u. anti-Xa) in 0.4 mL | 10@ 51.23            | SW           |
| 8367J | ENTACAPONE  | 200 mg                               | 100@ 137.70          | NV           |
| 1375J | EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE                                  | 10 mg in 5 mL                        | 1@ 50.46             | PF,IT        |
| 1376K |   | 20 mg in 10 mL                       | 1@ 93.22             | PF           |
| 1377L |   | 50 mg in 25 mL                       | 1@ 228.17            | PF,HH,IT     |
| 8817C |   | 100 mg in 50 mL                      | 1@ 450.21            | HH,IT        |
| 8397Y | EPROSARTAN MESYLATE                                       | 400 mg (base)                        | 28@ 11.33            | SM           |
| 8951D |   | 400 mg (base)                        | 28@ 12.33            | SM           |
| 8683B | EPTIFIBATIDE ACETATE                                      | 20 mg (base) in 10 mL                | 1@ 128.06            | SH           |
| 8684C |   | 75 mg (base) in 100 mL               | 1@ 337.98            | SH           |
| 1397M | ERYTHROMYCIN LACTOBIONATE                                 | 1 g (base)                           | 1@ 16.50             | LM           |
| 5088T |   | 1 g (base)                           | 1@ 16.50             | LM           |
| 9329B | ESSENTIAL AMINO ACIDS FORMULA                             | 200 g, 2                             | 1@ 398.05            | SB           |
| 2027Q | ESSENTIAL AMINO ACIDS FORMULA with MINERALS and VITAMIN C | 400 g                                | 1@ 125.55            | SB           |
| 9385Y | ESSENTIAL AMINO ACIDS FORMULA with VITAMINS and MINERALS  | 12.5 g, 50                           | 1@ 377.52            | VF           |
| 3445H | ETANERCEPT  | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 3448L |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 8637N |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 8638P |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 8778B |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 8779C |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 9035M |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 9036N |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 9037P |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 9429G |   | 25 mg and 1 mL solvent, 4            | 1@ 911.29            | WX           |
| 8748K | ETHACRYNIC ACID   | 25 mg                                | 100@ 95.44           | FK           |
| 1390E | ETOPOSIDE   | 100 mg in 5 mL                       | 1@ 31.42             | HH           |
| 8120J |   | 100 mg (as phosphate)                | 1@ 31.42             | BQ           |
| 8842J | EVEROLIMUS  | 0.75 mg                              | 60@ 786.10           | NV           |
| 9352F |   | 1 mg                                 | 60@ 1031.17          | NV           |
| 5401G |   | 200 mcg, 3                           | 1@ 35.49             | OA           |
| 5402H |   | 400 mcg, 3                           | 1@ 35.49             | OA           |
| 5403J |   | 600 mcg, 3                           | 1@ 35.49             | OA           |
| 5404K |   | 800 mcg, 3                           | 1@ 35.49             | OA           |
| 5405L |   | 1200 mcg, 3                          | 1@ 35.49             | OA           |
| 5406M |   | 1600 mcg, 3                          | 1@ 35.49             | OA           |
| 5407N |   | 200 mcg, 3                           | 1@ 33.55             | OA           |
| 5408P |   | 400 mcg, 3                           | 1@ 33.55             | OA           |
| 5409Q |   | 600 mcg, 3                           | 1@ 33.55             | OA           |

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|-------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5410R |                                    | 800 mcg, 3                   | 1@ 33.55             | OA                              |
| 5411T |                                    | 1200 mcg, 3                  | 1@ 33.55             | OA                              |
| 5412W |                                    | 1600 mcg, 3                  | 1@ 33.55             | OA                              |
| 1473M | FLUCONAZOLE                        | 100 mg in 50 mL              | 1@ 21.41             | PF,HX,SZ,AE                     |
| 1474N |                                    | 200 mg in 100 mL             | 1@ 39.18             | PF,HX,SZ,AE,<br>BX              |
| 9185K | FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE              | 50 mg                        | 1@ 299.77            | GQ,WQ                           |
| 1433K | FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE            | 100 mcg                      | 100@ 20.04           | SI                              |
| 2528C | FLUOROURACIL                       | 500 mg in 10 mL              | 5@ 24.19             | HH,IT                           |
| 9005Y |                                    | 1000 mg in 20 mL             | 1@ 8.36              | IT                              |
| 1437P | FOLIC ACID                         | 5 mg                         | 100@ 3.80            | AF                              |
| 2958Q |                                    | 500 mcg                      | 100@ 3.68            | AF                              |
| 8713N | FOLLITROPIN ALFA                   | 300 i.u.                     | 1@ 185.67            | SG                              |
| 8714P |                                    | 450 i.u.                     | 1@ 278.50            | SG                              |
| 8715Q |                                    | 900 i.u.                     | 1@ 554.41            | SG                              |
| 8565T | FOLLITROPIN BETA                   | 300 i.u. in 0.36 mL          | 1@ 185.67            | SH                              |
| 8566W |                                    | 600 i.u. in 0.72 mL          | 1@ 371.33            | SH                              |
| 8871X |                                    | 900 i.u. in 1.08 mL          | 1@ 554.40            | SH                              |
| 2414C | FRUSEMIDE                          | 20 mg                        | 50@ 2.14             | SW                              |
| 8444K | GELATIN - SUCCINYLATED             | 20 g per 500 mL, 500 mL      | 1@ 13.11             | BR                              |
| 8049P | GEMCITABINE                        | 200 mg                       | 1@ 48.87             | LY,IT,HH,ZP,<br>GQ,PK,ZF,<br>WQ |
| 8050Q |                                    | 1 g                          | 1@ 228.43            | LY,IT,HH,ZP,<br>GQ,PK,ZF,<br>WQ |
| 9401T |                                    | 200 mg in 20 mL              | 1@ 48.87             | IT                              |
| 9402W |                                    | 1000 mg in 100 mL            | 1@ 228.43            | IT                              |
| 9463C |                                    | 500 mg in 50 mL              | 1@ 114.22            | IT                              |
| 2824P | GENTAMICIN SULFATE                 | 80 mg (base) in 2 mL         | 5@ 6.62              | HH                              |
| 2245E | GLUCOSE                            | 278 mmol per L, 1 L          | 1@ 3.28              | BR,PK,BX                        |
| 9444C |                                    | 139 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL  | 1@ 2.29              | BR,PK                           |
| 9445D |                                    | 278 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL  | 1@ 2.29              | PK                              |
| 9474P |                                    | 69.5 mmol per 250 mL, 250 mL | 1@ 3.45              | BR,PK                           |
| 5005K |                                    | 139 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL  | 1@ 2.29              | BR,PK                           |
| 5106R |                                    | 278 mmol per L, 1 L          | 1@ 3.28              | BR,PK,BX                        |
| 3106L | GLUCOSE and KETONE INDICATOR—URINE | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 5.44              | RD                              |
| 3107M |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 5.50              | BN                              |
| 9254C |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 5.44              | RD                              |
| 9255D |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 5.50              | BN                              |
| 2263D | GLUCOSE INDICATOR—BLOOD            | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | MS                              |
| 2860M |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | NA                              |
| 2890D |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | NA                              |
| 2891E |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | RD                              |
| 2914J |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 19.74             | NA                              |
| 2917M |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 19.74             | BN                              |
| 3406G |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | LB                              |
| 3407H |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | LB                              |
| 3441D |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | JJ                              |
| 3442E |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | JJ                              |
| 8682Y |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | WF                              |
| 8723D |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | BR                              |
| 8739Y |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | RD                              |
| 8749L |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | OZ                              |
| 8759B |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | LB                              |
| 8795X |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | PX                              |
| 8806L |                                    | Test strips, 51              | 1@ 23.38             | RD                              |
| 8825L |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | NX                              |
| 8890X |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | MS                              |
| 9013J |                                    | Test strips, 50              | 1@ 23.38             | OZ                              |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name  | Form/Strength            | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer |
|-------|---|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 9193W |   | Test strips, 25          | 1@ 11.69             | PZ           |
| 9256E |   | Test strips, 25          | 1@ 11.69             | PZ           |
| 9258G |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | RD           |
| 9259H |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | MS           |
| 9261K |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | OZ           |
| 9263M |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | OZ           |
| 9264N |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | WF           |
| 9265P |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | BR           |
| 9267R |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | MS           |
| 9268T |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | NX           |
| 9274D |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | RD           |
| 9275E |   | Test strips, 51          | 1@ 23.38             | RD           |
| 9276F |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | NA           |
| 9277G |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | NA           |
| 9278H |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | LB           |
| 9279J |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 19.74             | NA           |
| 9280K |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 19.74             | BN           |
| 9281L |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | PX           |
| 9297H |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | QB           |
| 9298J |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | QB           |
| 9324R |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | HE           |
| 9325T |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | HE           |
| 9471L |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | EH           |
| 9472M |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | EH           |
| 9485F |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | OI           |
| 9486G |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 23.38             | OI           |
| 2352T | GLUCOSE INDICATOR—URINE   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 6.70              | BN           |
| 3104J |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 6.21              | BN           |
| 9252Y |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 6.70              | BN           |
| 9253B |   | Test strips, 50          | 1@ 6.21              | BN           |
| 2555L | GLYCEROL  | 700 mg, 12               | 1@ 4.14              | PP           |
| 2556M |   | 1.4 g, 12                | 1@ 4.28              | PP           |
| 2557N |   | 2.8 g, 12                | 1@ 4.44              | PP           |
| 5311M |   | 700 mg, 12               | 1@ 4.14              | PP           |
| 5312N |   | 1.4 g, 12                | 1@ 4.28              | PP           |
| 5313P |   | 2.8 g, 12                | 1@ 4.44              | PP           |
| 5314Q |   | 700 mg, 12               | 1@ 4.14              | PP           |
| 5315R |   | 1.4 g, 12                | 1@ 4.28              | PP           |
| 5316T |   | 2.8 g, 12                | 1@ 4.44              | PP           |
| 8728J | GRANISETRON HYDROCHLORIDE   | 2 mg (base)              | 1@ 26.28             | HH           |
| 8729K |   | 3 mg (base) in 3 mL      | 5@ 91.62             | PK           |
| 8730L |   | 3 mg (base) in 3 mL      | 5@ 91.62             | PK           |
| 1076P | HEPARIN SODIUM  | 35,000 units in 35 mL    | 1@ 22.68             | HH           |
| 9446E | HIGH FAT FORMULA with VITAMINS,<br>MINERALS and TRACE ELEMENTS and low<br>in PROTEIN and CARBOHYDRATE | 300 g                    | 1@ 40.91             | SB           |
| 1639G | HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE   | 50 mg                    | 100@ 5.50            | AF           |
| 1640H |   | 25 mg                    | 100@ 4.54            | AF           |
| 1486F | HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE with AMILORIDE<br>HYDROCHLORIDE   | 50 mg-5 mg               | 50@ 3.54             | AS           |
| 1502C | HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE  | 21.1 g                   | 1@ 15.33             | AS           |
| 3470P | HYDROCORTISONE SODIUM SUCCINATE   | 100 mg with 2 mL solvent | 1@ 5.05              | PF           |
| 1501B |   | 100 mg with 2 mL solvent | 1@ 5.05              | PF           |
| 1510L |   | 100 mg with 2 mL solvent | 1@ 5.05              | PF           |
| 1511M |   | 250 mg with 2 mL solvent | 1@ 8.72              | PF           |
| 5118J |   | 100 mg with 2 mL solvent | 1@ 5.05              | PF           |
| 5119K |   | 250 mg with 2 mL solvent | 1@ 8.72              | PF           |
| 9487H | HYDROXYETHYL STARCH 130/0.4   | 30 g per 500 mL, 500 mL  | 1@ 13.11             | PK           |
| 5317W | HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE   | 20 mg in 1 mL            | 5@ 17.02             | BY           |
| 5318X |   | 20 mg in 1 mL            | 5@ 17.02             | BY           |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name  | Form/Strength                                    | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer                |
|-------|---|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 8299T | HYPROMELLOSE with DEXTRAN   | 3 mg-1 mg per mL, 0.4 mL, 28                     | 1@ 9.55              | AQ                          |
| 5521N |   | 3 mg-1 mg per mL, 0.4 mL, 28                     | 1@ 9.55              | AQ                          |
| 3190X | IBUPROFEN   | 400 mg   | 30@ 2.77             | AB                          |
| 5368M |   | 400 mg   | 30@ 2.77             | AB                          |
| 5370P |   | 400 mg   | 30@ 2.77             | AB                          |
| 5123P |   | 400 mg   | 30@ 2.77             | AB                          |
| 2446R | IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE  | 5 mg   | 1@ 80.23             | PF                          |
| 2448W |   | 10 mg  | 1@ 148.40            | PF                          |
| 8076C | IFOSFAMIDE  | 1 g  | 1@ 67.20             | BX                          |
| 8077D |   | 2 g  | 1@ 132.39            | BX                          |
| 2454E | INDOMETHACIN  | 25 mg  | 50@ 2.69             | AF                          |
| 2757D |   | 100 mg   | 20@ 8.04             | AS                          |
| 5377B |   | 25 mg  | 50@ 2.69             | AF                          |
| 5378C |   | 100 mg   | 20@ 8.04             | AS                          |
| 5379D |   | 25 mg  | 50@ 2.69             | AF                          |
| 5380E |   | 100 mg   | 20@ 8.04             | AS                          |
| 5126T |   | 25 mg  | 50@ 2.69             | AF                          |
| 5128X |   | 100 mg   | 20@ 8.04             | AS                          |
| 8435Y | INSULIN ASPART  | 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5                        | 1@ 51.56             | NO,NF                       |
| 8571D |   | 100 units per mL, 10 mL                          | 1@ 30.57             | NO                          |
| 8609D | INSULIN ASPART—INSULIN ASPART<br>PROTAMINE SUSPENSION                     | 100 units (30 units-70 units) per mL, 3 mL,<br>5 | 1@ 51.56             | NF,NO                       |
| 9040T | INSULIN DETEMIR   | 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5                        | 1@ 85.26             | NF,NO                       |
| 9039R | INSULIN GLARGINE  | 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5                        | 1@ 85.26             | SW,AV                       |
| 1921D | INSULIN GLULISINE   | 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5                        | 1@ 51.56             | AV,SW                       |
| 9224L |   | 100 units per mL, 10 mL                          | 1@ 30.57             | SW                          |
| 1533Q | INSULIN ISOPHANE (N.P.H.)   | 100 units per mL, 10 mL                          | 1@ 25.48             | LY,NO                       |
| 1711C |   | 100 units per mL, 10 mL                          | 1@ 33.12             | AS                          |
| 1761Q |   | 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5                        | 1@ 43.58             | NO,NL,NI,LY                 |
| 8084L | INSULIN LISPRO  | 100 units per mL, 10 mL                          | 1@ 30.57             | LY                          |
| 8212F |   | 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5                        | 1@ 51.56             | LY,KP                       |
| 8390N | INSULIN LISPRO—INSULIN LISPRO<br>PROTAMINE SUSPENSION                     | 100 units (25 units-75 units) per mL, 3 mL,<br>5 | 1@ 51.56             | LY,KP                       |
| 8874C |   | 100 units (50 units-50 units) per mL, 3 mL,<br>5 | 1@ 51.56             | LY,KP                       |
| 1531N | INSULIN NEUTRAL   | 100 units per mL, 10 mL                          | 1@ 25.48             | NO,LY                       |
| 1713E |   | 100 units per mL, 10 mL                          | 1@ 33.12             | AS                          |
| 1762R |   | 100 units per mL, 3 mL, 5                        | 1@ 43.58             | NO,LY                       |
| 1426C | INSULIN NEUTRAL—INSULIN ISOPHANE<br>(N.P.H.), (MIXED) (Biphasic Isophane) | 100 units (30 units-70 units) per mL, 10 mL      | 1@ 25.48             | LY                          |
| 1763T |   | 100 units (30 units-70 units) per mL, 3 mL,<br>5 | 1@ 43.58             | LY,NO,NI                    |
| 2062M |   | 100 units (50 units-50 units) per mL, 3 mL,<br>5 | 1@ 43.58             | NO                          |
| 8180M | INTERFERON ALFA-2a  | 3,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL                         | 1@ 33.32             | RO                          |
| 8181N |   | 3,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL                         | 1@ 33.32             | RO                          |
| 8182P |   | 4,500,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL                         | 1@ 51.66             | RO                          |
| 8183Q |   | 6,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL                         | 1@ 67.66             | RO                          |
| 8184R |   | 9,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL                         | 1@ 99.94             | RO                          |
| 8551C |   | 4,500,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL                         | 1@ 51.66             | RO                          |
| 8552D |   | 6,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL                         | 1@ 67.66             | RO                          |
| 8553E |   | 9,000,000 i.u. in 0.5 mL                         | 1@ 99.94             | RO                          |
| 8348J | INTERFERON ALFA-2b  | 18,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL                        | 1@ 199.87            | SH                          |
| 8476D |   | 30,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL                        | 1@ 333.11            | SH                          |
| 8572E |   | 18,000,000 i.u. in 1.2 mL                        | 1@ 199.87            | SH                          |
| 1542E | IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE   | 250 mcg (anhydrous) in 1 mL, 30                  | 1@ 14.66             | AF,PF,SI,TX                 |
| 8238N |   | 500 mcg (anhydrous) in 1 mL, 30                  | 1@ 17.32             | AF,PF,SI,TX                 |
| 8671J |   | 21 mcg per dose (200 doses)                      | 1@ 13.71             | BY                          |
| 8415X | IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE<br>TRIHYDRATE                                    | 100 mg in 5 mL                                   | 1@ 304.58            | HH,SZ,PF,OE,<br>GQ,AF,IT,WQ |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name   | Form/Strength                         | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer       |
|-------|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 9134R | ISOLEUCINE with CARBOHYDRATE   | 4 g containing 50 mg isoleucine, 30   | 1@ 127.40            | VF                 |
| 9436P |  | 4 g containing 1 g isoleucine, 30     | 1@ 140.14            | VF                 |
| 2587E | ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE   | 10 mg                                 | 100@ 3.63            | AF                 |
| 2588F |  | 5 mg                                  | 100@ 4.07            | SI                 |
| 1588N | KETOPROFEN   | 100 mg                                | 20@ 9.44             | SW                 |
| 5139L |  | 100 mg                                | 20@ 9.44             | SW                 |
| 5387M | LACTULOSE  | 3.34 g per 5 mL, 500 mL               | 1@ 7.42              | AF,GM,SI,GX,<br>SZ |
| 5388N |  | 3.34 g per 5 mL, 500 mL               | 1@ 7.42              | AF,GM,SI,GX,<br>SZ |
| 9148L | LAPATINIB  | 250 mg (as ditosylate monohydrate)    | 70@ 1690.52          | GK                 |
| 8797B | LEVODOPA with CARBIDOPA and<br>ENTACAPONE  | 50 mg-12.5 mg-200 mg                  | 100@ 152.73          | NV                 |
| 8798C |  | 100 mg-25 mg-200 mg                   | 100@ 167.75          | NV                 |
| 8799D |  | 150 mg-37.5 mg-200 mg                 | 100@ 182.77          | NV                 |
| 9292C |  | 200 mg-50 mg-200 mg                   | 100@ 196.60          | NV                 |
| 9344T |  | 75 mg-18.75 mg-200 mg                 | 100@ 159.35          | NV                 |
| 9345W |  | 125 mg-31.25 mg-200 mg                | 100@ 173.77          | NV                 |
| 8290H | LITHIUM CARBONATE  | 450 mg (s.r.)                         | 100@ 13.94           | GK                 |
| 5389P | MACROGOL 3350  | 13.125 g, 30                          | 1@ 14.13             | NE                 |
| 5390Q |  | 13.125 g, 30                          | 1@ 14.13             | NE                 |
| 5426N |  | 510 g                                 | 1@ 14.13             | KY,ON              |
| 5427P |  | 510 g                                 | 1@ 14.13             | KY,ON              |
| 1598D | MERCAPTOPYRINE   | 50 mg                                 | 25@ 61.38            | AS                 |
| 2214M | MESALAZINE   | 500 mg (p.r.)                         | 100@ 145.51          | FP                 |
| 3413P |  | 1 g (p.r.)                            | 60@ 162.13           | FP                 |
| 8598M |  | 500 mg                                | 100@ 145.51          | OA                 |
| 8616L |  | 2 g in 60 mL, 7                       | 1@ 82.45             | OA                 |
| 8617M |  | 4 g in 60 mL, 7                       | 1@ 109.87            | OA                 |
| 8731M |  | 500 mg (e.c.)                         | 100@ 145.51          | OA                 |
| 8753Q |  | 1 g in 100 mL, 7                      | 1@ 82.45             | FP                 |
| 8768L |  | 80 g                                  | 1@ 82.45             | OA                 |
| 5423K | METHYLNALTREXONE   | 12 mg in 0.6 mL                       | 1@ 41.39             | WX                 |
| 2826R | METHYSERGIDE   | 1 mg                                  | 50@ 19.27            | LM                 |
| 1638F | METRONIDAZOLE  | 500 mg in 100 mL                      | 10@ 37.54            | SZ,HH              |
| 5154G |  | 500 mg in 100 mL                      | 10@ 37.54            | SZ,HH              |
| 9026C | MICONAZOLE NITRATE   | 20 mg per g, 15 g                     | 1@ 4.74              | JT                 |
| 2349P | MILK POWDER—LACTOSE FREE FORMULA   | 900 g                                 | 1@ 16.50             | NU                 |
| 2350Q |  | 900 g                                 | 1@ 16.50             | NU                 |
| 8282X |  | 900 g                                 | 1@ 21.29             | WX                 |
| 8283Y |  | 900 g                                 | 1@ 21.29             | WX                 |
| 2357C | MILK POWDER—LACTOSE MODIFIED   | 900 g                                 | 1@ 22.13             | SJ                 |
| 2358D |  | 900 g                                 | 1@ 22.13             | SJ                 |
| 3092R | MILK POWDER—SYNTHETIC  | 400 g                                 | 1@ 46.87             | SB                 |
| 8630F | MILK PROTEIN and FAT FORMULA with<br>VITAMINS and MINERALS—<br>CARBOHYDRATE FREE | 225 g                                 | 1@ 26.75             | SB                 |
| 8816B | MODAFINIL  | 100 mg                                | 60@ 170.28           | CS                 |
| 8649F | MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL  | 250 mg                                | 100@ 207.13          | RO                 |
| 8650G |  | 500 mg                                | 50@ 207.13           | RO                 |
| 3482G | NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE   | 2 mg in 5 mL                          | 1@ 35.83             | CS                 |
| 1674D | NAPROXEN   | 250 mg                                | 50@ 3.46             | AF                 |
| 5345H |  | 250 mg                                | 50@ 3.46             | AF                 |
| 5349M |  | 250 mg                                | 50@ 3.46             | AF                 |
| 5176K |  | 250 mg                                | 50@ 3.46             | AF                 |
| 8298R | NARATRIPTAN  | 2.5 mg (as hydrochloride)             | 2@ 9.74              | GK                 |
| 9734H |  | 2.5 mg (as hydrochloride)             | 2@ 11.13             | GK                 |
| 9316H | NEBIVOLOL  | 1.25 mg (as hydrochloride)            | 28@ 22.10            | CS                 |
| 9171Q | NILOTINIB  | 200 mg (as hydrochloride monohydrate) | 28@ 1371.00          | NV                 |
| 9285Q |  | 200 mg (as hydrochloride monohydrate) | 28@ 1371.00          | NV                 |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name                                     | Form/Strength                                 | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer                        |
|-------|--|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2732T | NITRAZEPAM                               | 5 mg  | 25@ 1.40             | AF                                  |
| 5359C |  | 5 mg  | 25@ 1.40             | AF                                  |
| 5360D |  | 5 mg  | 25@ 1.40             | AF                                  |
| 1967M | NORETHISTERONE                           | 350 mcg                                       | 1@ 2.51              | KR,JC                               |
| 2772X | NORETHISTERONE with<br>ETHINYLOESTRADIOL | 500 mcg-35 mcg                                | 1@ 4.37              | PF                                  |
| 2773Y |  | 1 mg-35 mcg                                   | 1@ 4.37              | PF                                  |
| 2774B |  | Tablet-Pack                                   | 1@ 2.51              | KR                                  |
| 2775C |  | Tablet-Pack                                   | 1@ 2.51              | KR                                  |
| 2776D |  | Tablet-Pack                                   | 1@ 2.51              | KR                                  |
| 3176E | NORETHISTERONE with MESTRANOL            | 1 mg-50 mcg                                   | 1@ 2.51              | PF                                  |
| 3179H |  | Tablet-Pack                                   | 1@ 2.51              | PF                                  |
| 1698J | NYSTATIN                                 | 100,000 units per g, 15 g                     | 1@ 6.07              | FM                                  |
| 8383F | OFLOXACIN                                | 3 mg per mL, 5 mL                             | 1@ 12.86             | AG                                  |
| 9294E | OLANZAPINE                               | 210 mg  | 1@ 246.68            | LY                                  |
| 9295F |  | 300 mg  | 1@ 401.42            | LY                                  |
| 3134Y | OXAZEPAM                                 | 15 mg   | 25@ 1.07             | AF                                  |
| 3135B |  | 30 mg   | 25@ 1.23             | TX,FM,AF                            |
| 5371Q |  | 15 mg   | 25@ 1.07             | AF                                  |
| 5372R |  | 30 mg   | 25@ 1.23             | TX,FM,AF                            |
| 5373T |  | 15 mg   | 25@ 1.07             | AF                                  |
| 5374W |  | 30 mg   | 25@ 1.23             | TX,FM,AF                            |
| 8588B | OXCARBAZEPINE                            | 60 mg per mL, 250 mL                          | 1@ 65.85             | NV                                  |
| 3017T | PACLITAXEL                               | 150 mg in 25 mL                               | 1@ 877.05            | HH,IT,GQ,<br>WQ                     |
| 3026G |  | 30 mg in 5 mL                                 | 1@ 181.40            | BQ,HH,GQ,<br>WQ,PK                  |
| 8018B |  | 100 mg in 16.7 mL                             | 1@ 601.69            | BQ,HH,IT,GQ,<br>,WQ,PK              |
| 5453B | PANCREATIC EXTRACT                       | 20 g  | 1@ 45.12             | SM                                  |
| 5454C |  | 20 g  | 1@ 45.12             | SM                                  |
| 8020D |  | not less than 10,000 BP units lipase activity | 100@ 32.87           | SM                                  |
| 8021E |  | not less than 25,000 BP units lipase activity | 100@ 65.74           | SM                                  |
| 8556H |  | not less than 5,000 BP units lipase activity  | 100@ 22.56           | SM                                  |
| 9225M |  | not less than 5,000 BP units lipase activity  | 100@ 22.56           | SM                                  |
| 9226N |  | not less than 10,000 BP units lipase activity | 100@ 32.87           | SM                                  |
| 9227P |  | not less than 25,000 BP units lipase activity | 100@ 65.74           | SM                                  |
| 9412J |  | not less than 40,000 BP units lipase activity | 100@ 104.60          | SM                                  |
| 9413K |  | not less than 40,000 BP units lipase activity | 100@ 104.60          | SM                                  |
| 8366H | PANCRELIPASE                             | not less than 25,000 BP units lipase activity | 100@ 65.74           | TM                                  |
| 9229R |  | not less than 25,000 BP units lipase activity | 100@ 65.74           | TM                                  |
| 8784H | PARACETAMOL                              | 500 mg  | 100@ 1.90            | GM,TW,CH,<br>SZ,YM,TX,GQ,<br>,SW,FM |
| 8814X |  | 665 mg (m.r.)                                 | 96@ 5.11             | GC                                  |
| 5319Y |  | 500 mg, 24                                    | 1@ 19.51             | GC                                  |
| 5320B |  | 500 mg, 24                                    | 1@ 19.51             | GC                                  |
| 5343F |  | 665 mg (m.r.)                                 | 96@ 5.11             | GC                                  |
| 5344G |  | 665 mg (m.r.)                                 | 96@ 5.11             | GC                                  |
| 5224Y |  | 500 mg  | 100@ 1.90            | GM,TW,CH,<br>SZ,YM,TX,GQ,<br>,SW,FM |
| 1754H | PARAFFIN                                 | 3.5 g   | 1@ 7.41              | IQ                                  |
| 9217D |  | 3.5 g   | 1@ 7.41              | IQ                                  |
| 5523Q |  | 3.5 g   | 1@ 7.41              | IQ                                  |
| 1166J | PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE           | 10 mg, 30                                     | 1@ 66.16             | GH                                  |
| 1703P | PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN                  | 250 mg  | 25@ 2.45             | SI                                  |
| 1787C |  | 250 mg  | 25@ 2.45             | SI                                  |
| 3028J |  | 500 mg  | 25@ 3.62             | SI                                  |
| 9143F |  | 150 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL                       | 1@ 8.54              | SI                                  |

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| Code  | Name   | Form/Strength                                     | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer              |
|-------|--|---|----------------------|---------------------------|
| 3360W |  | 250 mg  | 25@ 2.45             | SI                        |
| 3361X |  | 500 mg  | 25@ 3.62             | SI                        |
| 5012T |  | 150 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL                           | 1@ 8.54              | SI                        |
| 9384X | PHENYLALANINE with CARBOHYDRATE                                  | 4 g containing 50 mg phenylalanine, 30            | 1@ 127.40            | VF                        |
| 9493P | POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400  | 2.5 mg per mL, single dose units 0.4 mL, 20       | 1@ 6.59              | AO                        |
| 5560P |  | 2.5 mg per mL, single dose units 0.4 mL, 20       | 1@ 6.59              | AO                        |
| 9170P | POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 with<br>PROPYLENE GLYCOL                 | 4 mg-3 mg per mL, single dose units<br>0.8 mL, 28 | 1@ 13.83             | AQ                        |
| 5532E |  | 4 mg-3 mg per mL, single dose units<br>0.8 mL, 28 | 1@ 13.83             | AQ                        |
| 2334W | POLYGELINE   | 17.5 g per 500 mL, 500 mL                         | 1@ 13.11             | AE                        |
| 9475Q | POLY-L-LACTIC ACID   | 150 mg  | 1@ 220.02            | SW                        |
| 9476R |  | 150 mg  | 1@ 220.02            | SW                        |
| 2642C | POTASSIUM CHLORIDE   | 600 mg  | 100@ 3.23            | NM                        |
| 1920C | PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE                                    | equiv. to 20 mg prednisolone in 100 mL            | 7@ 51.23             | SI                        |
| 2554K |  | equiv. to 5 mg prednisolone, 10                   | 1@ 11.76             | SI                        |
| 3488N | PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE                                       | 50 mg in 2 mL                                     | 5@ 7.95              | HH                        |
| 1948M |  | 50 mg in 2 mL                                     | 5@ 7.95              | HH                        |
| 3374N |  | 50 mg in 2 mL                                     | 5@ 7.95              | HH                        |
| 1953T | PROPANTHELINE BROMIDE  | 15 mg   | 100@ 10.02           | SI                        |
| 1955X | PROPYLTHIOURACIL   | 50 mg   | 100@ 21.61           | PL                        |
| 2676W | PROTEIN HYDROLYSATE FORMULA with<br>MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES   | 400 g   | 1@ 20.69             | NT                        |
| 8259Q |  | 450 g   | 1@ 12.93             | NU                        |
| 2608G | PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE   | 180 mg (m.r.)                                     | 50@ 58.61            | VT                        |
| 8284B | RALTITREXED  | 2 mg  | 1@ 283.29            | HH                        |
| 1937Y | RANITIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE   | 150 mg (base), effervescent                       | 30@ 5.45             | GK                        |
| 8162N |  | 150 mg (base) per 10 mL, 300 mL                   | 1@ 7.65              | GK                        |
| 8903N |  | 150 mg (base), effervescent                       | 30@ 7.00             | GK                        |
| 8905Q |  | 150 mg (base) per 10 mL, 300 mL                   | 1@ 8.75              | GK                        |
| 8780D | RISPERIDONE  | 25 mg   | 1@ 148.63            | JC                        |
| 8781E |  | 37.5 mg   | 1@ 190.64            | JC                        |
| 8782F |  | 50 mg   | 1@ 232.23            | JC                        |
| 8787L |  | 0.5 mg  | 20@ 7.98             | JC, TX                    |
| 8788M |  | 0.5 mg (orally disintegrating)                    | 28@ 13.39            | JC                        |
| 8790P |  | 1 mg (orally disintegrating)                      | 28@ 25.62            | JC                        |
| 8792R |  | 1 mg (orally disintegrating)                      | 28@ 25.62            | JC                        |
| 8794W |  | 2 mg (orally disintegrating)                      | 28@ 51.48            | JC                        |
| 8869T |  | 0.5 mg  | 20@ 7.98             | JC, TX                    |
| 8870W |  | 0.5 mg (orally disintegrating)                    | 28@ 13.39            | JC                        |
| 9075P |  | 3 mg (orally disintegrating)                      | 28@ 76.49            | JC                        |
| 9076Q |  | 4 mg (orally disintegrating)                      | 28@ 101.68           | JC                        |
| 9080X |  | 2 mg (orally disintegrating)                      | 28@ 51.48            | JC                        |
| 9313E | RIZATRIPTAN  | 10 mg (as benzoate)                               | 2@ 9.35              | MK                        |
| 1099W | SALBUTAMOL SULFATE   | 200 mcg (base)                                    | 100@ 5.74            | GK                        |
| 1103C |  | 2 mg (base) per 5 mL, 150 mL                      | 1@ 7.89              | GK                        |
| 2000G |  | 2.5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30                       | 1@ 5.95              | AF, GX, SI, CR,<br>SZ, GM |
| 2001H |  | 5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30                         | 1@ 6.28              | AF, GX, SI, CR,<br>SZ, GM |
| 2003K |  | 5 mg (base) per mL, 30 mL                         | 1@ 6.28              | PF                        |
| 8288F |  | 100 mcg (base) per dose (200 doses)               | 1@ 4.40              | AL, IA                    |
| 8354Q |  | 100 mcg (base) per dose (200 doses)               | 1@ 16.09             | IA                        |
| 2995P | SALCATONIN   | 50 i.u. in 1 mL                                   | 5@ 33.54             | NV                        |
| 2997R |  | 100 i.u. in 1 mL                                  | 5@ 51.57             | NV                        |
| 2014B | SODIUM ALGINATE with CALCIUM<br>CARBONATE and SODIUM BICARBONATE | 1 g-320 mg-534 mg in 20 mL, 500 mL                | 1@ 4.13              | RC                        |
| 2260Y | SODIUM CHLORIDE  | 513 mmol per L, 1 L                               | 1@ 4.96              | BX                        |
| 2264E |  | 154 mmol per L, 1 L                               | 1@ 3.28              | BR, PK, BX                |
| 9392H |  | 77 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL                        | 1@ 2.29              | BR, PK                    |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name  | Form/Strength                                  | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer          |
|-------|---|--|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 9473N |   | 38.5 mmol per 250 mL, 250 mL                   | 1@ 3.45              | BR,PK                 |
| 5021G |   | 77 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL                     | 1@ 2.29              | BR,PK                 |
| 5212H |   | 154 mmol per L, 1 L                            | 1@ 3.28              | BR,PK,BX              |
| 5213J |   | 513 mmol per L, 1 L                            | 1@ 4.96              | BX                    |
| 2266G | SODIUM CHLORIDE COMPOUND  | 1 L  | 1@ 5.90              | BX                    |
| 2278X | SODIUM CHLORIDE with GLUCOSE  | 39 mmol-69 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL             | 1@ 4.47              | BX                    |
| 2279Y |   | 19 mmol-104 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL            | 1@ 4.47              | BX                    |
| 2281C |   | 31 mmol-222 mmol per L, 1 L                    | 1@ 3.42              | BX                    |
| 5214K |   | 31 mmol-222 mmol per L, 1 L                    | 1@ 3.42              | BX                    |
| 5215L |   | 19 mmol-104 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL            | 1@ 4.47              | BX                    |
| 5216M |   | 39 mmol-69 mmol per 500 mL, 500 mL             | 1@ 4.47              | BX                    |
| 2286H | SODIUM LACTATE COMPOUND   | 1 L  | 1@ 3.28              | BR,PK,BX              |
| 9416N |   | 500 mL   | 1@ 2.29              | BR,PK                 |
| 2289L | SODIUM VALPROATE  | 200 mg (e.c.)                                  | 100@ 12.91           | AF,WA,SZ,SI           |
| 2290M |   | 500 mg (e.c.)                                  | 100@ 24.49           | AF,WA,SZ,SI           |
| 2293Q |   | 200 mg per 5 mL, 300 mL                        | 1@ 14.25             | SW                    |
| 2294R |   | 100 mg   | 100@ 12.79           | SW                    |
| 2295T |   | 200 mg per 5 mL, 300 mL                        | 1@ 14.25             | SW                    |
| 9380Q | SORAFENIB   | 200 mg (as tosylate)                           | 60@ 3225.33          | BN                    |
| 2091C | SORBITOL with SODIUM CITRATE and<br>SODIUM LAURYL SULFOACETATE                  | 3.125 g-450 mg-45 mg in 5 mL, 12               | 1@ 12.93             | JT,AE                 |
| 5331N |   | 3.125 g-450 mg-45 mg in 5 mL, 12               | 1@ 12.93             | JT,AE                 |
| 5332P |   | 3.125 g-450 mg-45 mg in 5 mL, 12               | 1@ 12.93             | JT,AE                 |
| 9448G | SOY LECITHIN  | 10 mg per mL, 10 mL                            | 1@ 14.82             | RB                    |
| 5545W |   | 10 mg per mL, 10 mL                            | 1@ 14.82             | RB                    |
| 8577K | SOY PROTEIN and FAT FORMULA with<br>VITAMINS and MINERALS—<br>CARBOHYDRATE FREE | 384 mL   | 1@ 5.53              | AB                    |
| 2093E | SULFASALAZINE   | 500 mg   | 100@ 21.93           | PF                    |
| 2096H |   | 500 mg (e.c.)                                  | 100@ 23.91           | KR                    |
| 9208P |   | 500 mg   | 100@ 21.93           | PF                    |
| 9209Q |   | 500 mg (e.c.)                                  | 100@ 23.91           | KR                    |
| 2047R | SULINDAC  | 100 mg   | 50@ 4.96             | AF                    |
| 5381F |   | 100 mg   | 50@ 4.96             | AF                    |
| 5383H |   | 100 mg   | 50@ 4.96             | AF                    |
| 5217N |   | 100 mg   | 50@ 4.96             | AF                    |
| 8144P | SUMATRIPTAN   | 50 mg (as succinate)                           | 2@ 8.98              | GK,AF,SI,TX,<br>CH,TW |
| 8885P |   | 50 mg (as succinate) (fast disintegrating)     | 2@ 8.98              | GK                    |
| 2110C | TAMOXIFEN CITRATE   | 20 mg (base)                                   | 30@ 27.39            | AP                    |
| 2088X | TEMAZEPAM   | 10 mg  | 25@ 1.22             | FM,AF,TX              |
| 5375X |   | 10 mg  | 25@ 1.22             | FM,AF,TX              |
| 5376Y |   | 10 mg  | 25@ 1.22             | FM,AF,TX              |
| 8819E | TEMOZOLOMIDE  | 5 mg   | 5@ 67.21             | SH                    |
| 8820F |   | 20 mg  | 5@ 187.17            | SH                    |
| 8821G |   | 100 mg   | 5@ 794.29            | SH                    |
| 9361Q |   | 140 mg   | 5@ 1086.56           | SH                    |
| 9160D | TERBINAFINE   | 10 mg per g, 15 g                              | 1@ 15.47             | NC                    |
| 8098F | TESTOSTERONE  | 100 mg   | 1@ 33.86             | SH                    |
| 8099G |   | 200 mg   | 1@ 67.71             | SH                    |
| 2101N | TESTOSTERONE ESTERS   | 250 mg   | 1@ 9.02              | SH                    |
| 2832C | TETRACOSACTRIN  | 1 mg in 1 mL                                   | 1@ 12.97             | NV                    |
| 2345K | THIOTEPA  | 15 mg  | 1@ 74.62             | SI                    |
| 8221Q | TIAGABINE HYDROCHLORIDE   | 5 mg (base)                                    | 50@ 33.11            | OA                    |
| 8222R |   | 10 mg (base)                                   | 50@ 66.21            | OA                    |
| 8223T |   | 15 mg (base)                                   | 50@ 95.23            | OA                    |
| 1356J | TOBRAMYCIN SULFATE  | 80 mg (base) in 2 mL                           | 5@ 29.30             | HH                    |
| 8872Y |   | 80 mg (base) in 2 mL (without<br>preservative) | 5@ 29.30             | PF                    |
| 2117K | TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE   | 200 mcg per g, 100 g                           | 1@ 3.99              | FM                    |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name   | Form/Strength                   | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer |
|-------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 2118L |  | 200 mcg per g, 100 g            | 1@ 3.99              | FM           |
| 9308X | TRIGLYCERIDES, LONG CHAIN with<br>GLUCOSE POLYMER  | 250 mL, 18                      | 1@ 55.56             | VF           |
| 9309Y |  | 1 L, 6                          | 1@ 74.40             | VF           |
| 3128P | TRIGLYCERIDES, MEDIUM CHAIN  | 500 mL                          | 1@ 22.98             | SB           |
| 9327X |  | 250 mL                          | 1@ 26.00             | SB           |
| 3136C | TRIGLYCERIDES, MEDIUM CHAIN and LONG<br>CHAIN with GLUCOSE POLYMER   | 400 g                           | 1@ 36.14             | SB           |
| 8478F | TRIGLYCERIDES—MEDIUM CHAIN,<br>FORMULA   | 400 g                           | 1@ 51.86             | SB           |
| 8629E |  | 420 g                           | 1@ 57.63             | SB           |
| 9383W |  | 16 g, 30                        | 1@ 61.80             | VF           |
| 9165J | TYROSINE with CARBOHYDRATE   | 4 g containing 1 g tyrosine, 30 | 1@ 127.40            | VF           |
| 8448P | URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID   | 250 mg                          | 100@ 183.09          | OA           |
| 8133C | VALACICLOVIR   | 500 mg (as hydrochloride)       | 10@ 49.68            | GK,RE        |
| 9135T | VALINE with CARBOHYDRATE   | 4 g containing 50 mg valine, 30 | 1@ 127.40            | VF           |
| 9434M |  | 4 g containing 1 g valine, 30   | 1@ 140.14            | VF           |
| 2270L | VANCOMYCIN   | 1 g                             | 1@ 11.53             | HH,SZ,AF     |
| 3113W |  | 125 mg                          | 20@ 112.92           | AS           |
| 3114X |  | 250 mg                          | 20@ 216.82           | AS           |
| 3130R |  | 500 mg                          | 1@ 5.77              | HH,AS,SZ,AF  |
| 3131T |  | 500 mg                          | 1@ 5.77              | HH,AS,SZ,AF  |
| 3323X |  | 500 mg                          | 1@ 5.77              | HH,AS,SZ,AF  |
| 9129L | VARENICLINE  | 1 mg (as tartrate)              | 56@ 112.64           | PF           |
| 2374Y | VINCRIStINE SULFATE  | 1 mg in 1 mL                    | 5@ 72.91             | HH,PF        |
| 8280T | VINORELBINE TARTRATE   | 10 mg (base) in 1 mL            | 1@ 69.25             | HH,FB,IT,PK  |
| 8281W |  | 50 mg (base) in 5 mL            | 1@ 289.01            | HH,FB,IT,PK  |
| 9009E |  | 20 mg (base)                    | 1@ 98.33             | FB           |
| 9010F |  | 30 mg (base)                    | 1@ 145.85            | FB           |
| 9328Y | VITAMINS, MINERALS and TRACE<br>ELEMENTS with CARBOHYDRATE   | 200 g                           | 1@ 64.00             | SB           |
| 9382T | WHEY PROTEIN FORMULA supplemented<br>with AMINO ACIDS, LONG CHAIN<br>POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS,<br>VITAMINS and MINERALS, and low in<br>PROTEIN, PHOSPHATE, POTASSIUM and<br>LACTOSE | 100 g, 10                       | 1@ 164.35            | VF           |
| 8587Y | WHEY PROTEIN FORMULA supplemented<br>with AMINO ACIDS, VITAMINS and<br>MINERALS, and low in PROTEIN,<br>PHOSPHATE, POTASSIUM and LACTOSE   | 400 g                           | 1@ 66.22             | SB           |
| 8266C | ZOLMITRIPTAN   | 2.5 mg                          | 2@ 9.71              | AP           |
| 9736K |  | 2.5 mg                          | 2@ 11.09             | AP           |

## Section 4

### Drug Tariff

#### Container Prices

#### Standard Formulae Preparations

#### Table of Codes, Maximum Quantities, and Number of Repeats for Extemporaneously Prepared Pharmaceutical Benefits

## Drug Tariff

| Drug   | Standard | Recovery Prices |        |         |          |
|--|----------|-----------------|--------|---------|----------|
|  |          | 0.1 g/mL        | 1 g/mL | 10 g/mL | 100 g/mL |
|  |          | \$              | \$     | \$      | \$       |
| Acacia Mucilage (by weight)  | APF 15   | 0.01            | 0.08   | 0.64    | 5.67     |
| Acacia, powdered   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.13   | 1.06    | 9.45     |
| Acetic Acid (6 per cent)   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.01   | 0.11    | 1.02     |
| Acetic Acid (33 per cent)  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.05   | 0.38    | 3.38     |
| Acetone<br>(use as additive only)  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.09   | 0.71    | 6.33     |
| Alum   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.16   | 1.29    | 11.43    |
| Aluminium Acetate Solution   | BP       | 0.03            | 0.21   | 1.67    | 14.83    |
| Anise Water Concentrated 1 in 40<br>(use as additive only)                               | BP       | 0.01            | 0.05   | 0.39    | 3.49     |
| Aqueous Cream<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)               | APF      | 0.01            | 0.07   | 0.59    | 5.23     |
| Ascorbic Acid<br>(for use only as an ingredient of ferrous sulfate mixtures)             | BP       | 0.08            | 0.61   | 4.85    | 43.15    |
| Aspirin  | BP       | 0.06            | 0.49   | 3.88    | 34.50    |
| Belladonna Tincture  | BP       | 0.08            | 0.62   | 4.92    | 43.70    |
| Benzocaine   | BP       | 0.06            | 0.51   | 4.08    | 36.25    |
| Benzoic Acid   | BP       | 0.04            | 0.32   | 2.52    | 22.39    |
| Benzoic Acid Compound Ointment   | APF      | 0.02            | 0.16   | 1.31    | 11.61    |
| Benzoic Acid Solution  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.09   | 0.74    | 6.62     |
| Benzoin Compound Tincture  | BP       | 0.05            | 0.36   | 2.87    | 25.48    |
| Boric Acid<br>(use as additive only)   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.05   | 0.39    | 3.45     |
| Boric Acid, Olive Oil and Zinc Oxide Ointment  | QHF      | 0.01            | 0.07   | 0.56    | 4.94     |
| Calcium Hydroxide  | BP       | 0.08            | 0.67   | 5.34    | 47.50    |
| Calcium Hydroxide Solution   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.01   | 0.07    | 0.66     |
| Castor Oil<br>(use as additive only)   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.04   | 0.35    | 3.10     |
| Cetomacrogol Aqueous Cream<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)  | APF      | 0.01            | 0.03   | 0.24    | 2.10     |
| Cetrimide Aqueous Cream<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)     | APF      | 0.05            | 0.39   | 3.11    | 27.67    |
| Chlorhexidine Acetate<br>(use as additive only)  | BP       | 0.53            | 4.21   | 33.65   | 299.12   |
| Chlorhexidine Aqueous Cream<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients) | APF      | 0.06            | 0.48   | 3.81    | 33.86    |
| Chloroform<br>(use as additive only)   | BP       | 0.07            | 0.59   | 4.69    | 41.67    |
| Chloroform Spirit  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.03   | 0.25    | 2.26     |
| Chloroform Water Concentrated 1 in 40  | APF 15   | 0.01            | 0.03   | 0.25    | 2.26     |
| Citric Acid Monohydrate  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.04   | 0.30    | 2.65     |
| Coal Tar   | BP       | 0.12            | 0.98   | 7.83    | 69.60    |

| Drug  | Standard | Recovery Prices |        |         |          |
|---|----------|-----------------|--------|---------|----------|
|   |          | 0.1 g/mL        | 1 g/mL | 10 g/mL | 100 g/mL |
|   |          | \$              | \$     | \$      | \$       |
| Coal Tar Solution   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.12   | 0.95    | 8.44     |
| Cocaine Hydrochloride   | BP       | 6.36            | 50.86  | 406.90  | 3616.86  |
| Coconut Oil   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.10   | 0.80    | 7.16     |
| Codeine Linctus   | APF      | 0.01            | 0.06   | 0.45    | 4.01     |
| Codeine Phosphate<br>(may only be prescribed in linctuses, mixtures or mixtures for children) | BP       | 1.49            | 11.91  | 95.31   | 847.16   |
| Collodion Flexible  | BP       | 0.15            | 1.23   | 9.86    | 37.60    |
| Dithranol   | BP       | 3.97            | 31.78  | 254.22  | 2259.76  |
| Emulsifying Ointment<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)             | BP       | 0.01            | 0.07   | 0.55    | 4.92     |
| Ephedrine Hydrochloride<br>(may only be prescribed in nasal instillations)                    | BP       | 0.89            | 7.09   | 56.70   | 504.00   |
| Ethanol (90 per cent)<br>(use as additive only)   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.03   | 0.21    | 1.88     |
| Ethanol (96 per cent)<br>(use as additive only)   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.03   | 0.25    | 2.25     |
| Ether Solvent<br>(use as additive only)   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.11   | 0.90    | 8.01     |
| Eucalyptus Oil<br>(use as additive only)  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.12   | 0.97    | 8.63     |
| Ferrous Sulfate   | BP       | 0.11            | 0.91   | 7.31    | 65.00    |
| Formaldehyde Solution   | BP       | 0.10            | 0.80   | 6.39    | 56.79    |
| Gentian Alkaline Mixture  | APF      | 0.01            | 0.06   | 0.51    | 4.56     |
| Glycerol  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.06   | 0.45    | 3.96     |
| Honey Purified<br>(use as additive only)  | BP 1993  | 0.01            | 0.02   | 0.15    | 1.35     |
| Hydroxybenzoate Compound Solution   | APF      | 0.13            | 1.06   | 8.50    | 75.55    |
| Iodine  | BP       | 0.27            | 2.12   | 16.92   | 150.37   |
| Iodine Alcoholic Solution   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.15   | 1.20    | 10.65    |
| Iodine Aqueous Oral Solution  | BP       | 0.03            | 0.21   | 1.67    | 14.82    |
| Kaolin Mixture  | BPC 1968 | 0.01            | 0.07   | 0.54    | 4.83     |
| Kaolin and Opium Mixture  | APF 14   | 0.01            | 0.09   | 0.69    | 6.10     |
| Lactic Acid   | BP       | 0.06            | 0.47   | 3.72    | 33.07    |
| Lavender Spike Oil  | BPC 1968 | 0.09            | 0.68   | 5.44    | 48.35    |
| Liquorice Liquid Extract  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.12   | 0.95    | 8.43     |
| Magnesium Carbonate Light   | BP       | 0.03            | 0.24   | 1.89    | 16.79    |
| Magnesium Sulfate<br>(may only be prescribed for other than oral use)                         | BP       | 0.01            | 0.02   | 0.12    | 1.10     |
| Magnesium Trisilicate   | BP       | 0.04            | 0.32   | 2.59    | 23.03    |
| Menthol, Racemic or Levomenthol   | BP       | 0.23            | 1.83   | 14.60   | 129.76   |
| Methyl Hydroxybenzoate  | BP       | 0.30            | 2.40   | 19.22   | 170.84   |
| Methyl Hydroxybenzoate Solution   | APF      | 0.03            | 0.23   | 1.81    | 16.09    |
| Methylated Industrial Spirit  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.04   | 0.32    | 2.86     |

| Drug  | Standard | Recovery Prices |        |         |          |
|---|----------|-----------------|--------|---------|----------|
|   |          | 0.1 g/mL        | 1 g/mL | 10 g/mL | 100 g/mL |
|   |          | \$              | \$     | \$      | \$       |
| (use as additive only)  |          |                 |        |         |          |
| Olive Oil<br>(use as additive only)   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.12   | 0.95    | 8.41     |
| Paraffin Hard   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.19   | 1.52    | 13.50    |
| Paraffin Liquid<br>(may only be prescribed for other than oral use)                   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.04   | 0.34    | 3.06     |
| Paraffin Light Liquid   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.15   | 1.20    | 10.69    |
| Paraffin Soft White   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.05   | 0.41    | 3.69     |
| Paraffin Soft Yellow  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.19   | 1.51    | 13.43    |
| Peppermint Oil<br>(use as additive only)  | BP       | 0.13            | 1.01   | 8.08    | 71.84    |
| Peppermint Water Concentrated 1 in 40<br>(use as additive only)                       | APF 16   | 0.02            | 0.18   | 1.40    | 12.43    |
| Phenobarbitone Sodium<br>(may only be prescribed for the treatment of epilepsy)       | BP       | 10.67           | 85.38  | 683.00  | 6071.11  |
| Phenol Liquefied<br>(not available for ear drops)                                     | BP       | 0.17            | 1.37   | 10.94   | 97.20    |
| Podophyllum Resin   | BP       | 0.95            | 7.61   | 60.90   | 541.33   |
| Potassium Citrate   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.10   | 0.79    | 7.02     |
| Potassium Iodide  | BP       | 0.11            | 0.87   | 6.92    | 61.51    |
| Potassium Permanganate  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.10   | 0.82    | 7.30     |
| Propyl Hydroxybenzoate  | BP       | 0.25            | 2.02   | 16.12   | 143.29   |
| Propylene Glycol  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.06   | 0.48    | 4.31     |
| Red Syrup   | APF 15   | 0.02            | 0.13   | 1.02    | 9.05     |
| Resorcinol  | BP       | 0.19            | 1.49   | 11.90   | 105.78   |
| Salicylic Acid  | BP       | 0.03            | 0.21   | 1.67    | 14.87    |
| Salicylic Acid Ointment   | APF      | 0.01            | 0.11   | 0.87    | 7.78     |
| Salicylic Acid Ointment   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.11   | 0.87    | 7.78     |
| Simple Ointment (white)<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.14   | 1.14    | 10.12    |
| Simple Ointment (yellow)<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients) | BP       | 0.02            | 0.16   | 1.25    | 11.10    |
| Sodium Bicarbonate  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.08   | 0.60    | 5.31     |
| Sodium Chloride   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.13   | 1.03    | 9.12     |
| Sodium Chloride Solution  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.01   | 0.07    | 0.61     |
| Sodium Citrate  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.15   | 1.16    | 10.32    |
| Sodium Thiosulfate<br>(use as additive only)  | BP       | 0.03            | 0.21   | 1.67    | 14.87    |
| Starch  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.14   | 1.11    | 9.89     |
| Sulfur Ointment<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)          | BP 1980  | 0.02            | 0.15   | 1.19    | 10.55    |
| Sulfur Precipitated   | BP 1980  | 0.03            | 0.22   | 1.72    | 15.32    |
| Syrup   | BP       | 0.01            | 0.05   | 0.43    | 3.81     |

| Drug  | Standard | Recovery Prices |        |         |          |
|---|----------|-----------------|--------|---------|----------|
|   |          | 0.1 g/mL        | 1 g/mL | 10 g/mL | 100 g/mL |
|   |          | \$              | \$     | \$      | \$       |
| Talc Purified, sterilised   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.15   | 1.19    | 10.56    |
| Thymol  | BP       | 0.23            | 1.81   | 14.50   | 128.89   |
| Thymol Compound Mouth Wash  | APF 15   | 0.01            | 0.04   | 0.35    | 3.12     |
| Tragacanth Compound Powder  | BP 1980  | 0.04            | 0.29   | 2.30    | 20.47    |
| Tragacanth Mucilage   | APF 13   | 0.01            | 0.03   | 0.24    | 2.10     |
| Tragacanth Mucilage   | BPC 1973 | 0.01            | 0.02   | 0.17    | 1.55     |
| Tragacanth, powdered  | BP       | 0.12            | 0.95   | 7.59    | 67.50    |
| Trichloroacetic Acid  | BP 1980  | 0.31            | 2.47   | 19.74   | 175.50   |
| Triethanolamine   | BP       | 0.05            | 0.41   | 3.26    | 29.00    |
| Water For Injections, sterilised (b)<br>(extemporaneously prepared eye drops and eye lotions) | BP       | 0               | 0      | 0       | 7.37     |
| Water Purified  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.01   | 0.05    | 0.49     |
| Wool Alcohols Ointment (white)<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.14   | 1.15    | 10.19    |
| Wool Alcohols Ointment (yellow)<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.14   | 1.15    | 10.19    |
| Wool Fat  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.17   | 1.37    | 12.14    |
| Wool Fat Hydrous  | BP       | 0.02            | 0.13   | 1.05    | 9.36     |
| Zinc Compound Paste   | BP       | 0.03            | 0.22   | 1.74    | 15.43    |
| Zinc Cream<br>(for use only as a base combined with active ingredients)                       | BP       | 0.01            | 0.07   | 0.55    | 4.86     |
| Zinc Oxide  | BP       | 0.01            | 0.11   | 0.84    | 7.45     |
| Zinc and Salicylic Acid Paste   | BP       | 0.02            | 0.16   | 1.24    | 11.06    |
| Zinc Sulfate  | BP       | 0.03            | 0.20   | 1.61    | 14.27    |

## Container Prices

### Container Prices

|  | \$          |
|--|-------------|
| DISPENSING BOTTLES –   |             |
| 25mL   | 0.55        |
| 50mL   | 0.56        |
| 100mL  | 0.57        |
| 200mL  | 0.84        |
| 500mL  | 1.34        |
| POISON BOTTLES –   |             |
| 25mL   | 0.52        |
| 50mL   | 0.51        |
| 100mL  | 0.55        |
| 200mL  | 0.83        |
| 500mL  | 1.34        |
| SCREW CAP JARS –   |             |
| 25g  | 0.64        |
| 50g  | 0.70        |
| 100g   | 0.84        |
| 200g   | 0.89        |
| 500g   | 1.29        |
| DROPPER CONTAINERS –   |             |
| 15mL polythene   | 0.84        |
| 15mL glass   | 0.86        |
| <b>Dispensing Fee for Extemporaneously Prepared Benefits</b> | <b>8.46</b> |
| <b>Additional Fee for Agreed Price</b>                       | <b>1.41</b> |
| <b>Extemporaneously Prepared Benefits</b>                    |             |

## Standard Formula Preparations

The following list is not intended to indicate in any way which particular formula an approved pharmacist should use in filling a prescription.

The prices shown in the column 'Dispensed Price for Max. Qty' are for the ingredients, the container and the dispensing fee. The prices shown in the column 'Maximum Recordable Value for Safety Net' are for the ingredients, the container and the dispensing fee and, where applicable, the additional fee for agreed price benefits.

### KEY TO REFERENCES:

APF Australian Pharmaceutical Formulary

BP British Pharmacopoeia

BPC British Pharmaceutical Codex

QHF Queensland Hospital Formulary

## Standard Formula Preparations

| Code  | Item  | Reference            | Dispensed Price for Max.<br>Qty | Maximum Recordable Value for<br>Safety Net |
|-------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
|       |   |                      | \$                              | \$   |
|       | <b>CREAMS</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 100 g and 1 Repeat)  |                      |                                 |  |
| 7502W | Salicylic Acid and Sulfur Aqueous   | APF                  | 15.17                           | 16.58                                      |
|       | <b>DUSTING POWDERS</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 100 g and 1 Repeat)                                 |                      |                                 |  |
| 7458M | Zinc, Starch and Talc   | APF 15 & BPC<br>1973 | 20.17                           | 21.58                                      |
|       | <b>EAR DROPS</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 15 mL and 2 Repeats)                                      |                      |                                 |  |
| 7642F | Aluminium Acetate   | APF                  | 10.97                           | 12.38                                      |
| 7643G | Aluminium Acetate   | BP                   | 11.80                           | 13.21                                      |
| 7314Y | Sodium Bicarbonate  | APF & BP             | 9.66                            | 11.07                                      |
| 7313X | Spirit  | APF                  | 10.91                           | 12.32                                      |
|       | <b>INHALATIONS</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 50 mL and 1 Repeat)                                     |                      |                                 |  |
| 7484X | Benzoin and Menthol   | APF                  | 25.13                           | 26.54                                      |
| 7308P | Menthol   | APF                  | 11.86                           | 13.27                                      |
| 7310R | Menthol and Eucalyptus  | BP 1980              | 12.36                           | 13.77                                      |
|       | <b>LINCTUSES CONTAINING CODEINE<br/>PHOSPHATE</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 100 mL and 0<br>Repeats) |                      |                                 |  |
| 7530H | Codeine   | APF                  | 13.04                           | 14.45                                      |
|       | <b>LOTIONS</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 200 mL and 2<br>Repeats)                                    |                      |                                 |  |
| 7709R | Aluminium Acetate Aqueous   | APF                  | 11.87                           | 13.28                                      |
|       | <b>MIXTURES, OTHER</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 200 mL and 4<br>Repeats)                            |                      |                                 |  |
| 7604F | Gentian Alkaline  | APF                  | 18.41                           | 19.82                                      |
| 7348R | Kaolin  | BPC 1968             | 18.95                           | 20.36                                      |
| 7301G | Kaolin and Opium  | APF 14               | 21.49                           | 22.90                                      |
| 7342K | Magnesium Trisilicate   | BPC 1968             | 16.20                           | 17.61                                      |
| 7343L | Magnesium Trisilicate and Belladonna  | BPC 1968             | 21.01                           | 22.42                                      |
|       | <b>MOUTH WASHES</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 200 mL and 1 Repeat)                                   |                      |                                 |  |
| 7457L | Thymol Compound   | APF 15               | 15.53                           | 16.94                                      |
|       | <b>OINTMENTS</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 100 g and 1 Repeat)                                       |                      |                                 |  |
| 7914M | Benzoic Acid Compound   | APF                  | 20.91                           | 22.32                                      |
| 7914M | Benzoic Acid Compound (extemporaneous<br>formula)   | BP                   | 20.91                           | 22.32                                      |
| 7902X | Boric Acid, Olive Oil and Zinc Oxide  | QHF                  | 14.24                           | 15.65                                      |

| Code  | Item   | Reference   | Dispensed Price for Max.<br>Qty | Maximum Recordable Value for<br>Safety Net |
|-------|--|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
|       |  |             | \$                              | \$   |
| 7926E | Salicylic Acid   | APF         | 17.08                           | 18.49                                      |
| 7928G | Salicylic Acid (extemporaneous formula)                                  | BP          | 17.08                           | 18.49                                      |
|       | <b>PAINTS</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 25 mL and 1 Repeat)                   |             |                                 |  |
| 7567G | Podophyllin Compound   | APF 16 & BP | 44.70                           | 34.20                                      |
| 7568H | Salicylic Acid   | APF         | 34.14                           | 34.20                                      |
|       | <b>PASTES, OTHER</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 100 g and 1 Repeat)            |             |                                 |  |
| 7558T | Zinc   | APF         | 24.73                           | 26.14                                      |
| 7558T | Zinc Compound (extemporaneous formula)                                   | BP          | 24.73                           | 26.14                                      |
|       | <b>POWDER FOR INTERNAL USE</b><br>(Maximum Quantity 100 g and 2 Repeats) |             |                                 |  |
| 7545D | Magnesium Trisilicate  | BP          | 32.38                           | 33.79                                      |

—CONTAINER RATES ARE INCLUDED—

## Table of Codes, Maximum Quantities, and Number of Repeats for Extemporaneously Prepared Benefits

| Code | Preparation  | Maximum Quantity | Number of Repeats |
|------|--|------------------|-------------------|
| 13Q  | Creams   | 100 g            | 1                 |
| 48M  | Dusting Powders                                    | 100 g            | 1                 |
| 15T  | Ear Drops  | 15 mL            | 2                 |
| 19B  | Eye Drops containing Cocaine Hydrochloride         | 15 mL            | ..                |
| 22E  | Eye Drops, Other                                   | 15 mL            | 5                 |
| 23F  | Eye Lotions  | 200 mL           | 2                 |
| 29M  | Inhalations  | 50 mL            | 1                 |
| 64J  | Linctuses containing Codeine Phosphate             | 100 mL           | ..                |
| 34T  | Linctuses, Other                                   | 100 mL           | 2                 |
| 39C  | Lotions  | 200 mL           | 2                 |
| 65K  | Mixtures containing Codeine Phosphate              | 200 mL           | ..                |
| 40D  | Mixtures, Other                                    | 200 mL           | 4                 |
| 66L  | Mixtures for Children containing Codeine Phosphate | 100 mL           | ..                |
| 41E  | Mixtures for Children, Other                       | 100 mL           | 4                 |
| 30N  | Mouth Washes                                       | 200 mL           | 1                 |
| 42F  | Nasal Instillations                                | 15 mL            | 2                 |
| 43G  | Ointments, Waxes                                   | 100 g            | 1                 |
| 44H  | Paints   | 25 mL            | 1                 |
| 63H  | Pastes containing Cocaine Hydrochloride            | 25 g             | ..                |
| 45J  | Pastes, Other                                      | 100 g            | 1                 |
| 49N  | Powders for Internal Use                           | 100 g            | 2                 |
| 52R  | Solutions  | 200 mL           | 2                 |

Special Note: Purified Water BP is the minimum requirement for water in all PBS extemporaneous preparations.



**Australian Government**  

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**Department of Health and Ageing**

**REPATRIATION SCHEDULE OF PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS**

1 March 2011

The benefits listed in this Schedule may only be prescribed to Department of Veterans' Affairs beneficiaries holding a:

- Repatriation Health Card For All Conditions (gold); or
- Repatriation Health Card For Specific Conditions (white); or
- Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Card (orange);

## BENEFICIARIES' ENTITLEMENT CARDS AND ELIGIBILITY FOR REPATRIATION PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <p><b>Gold card</b></p> <p>This card is issued to those veterans of Australia's defence force, their widows/widowers and dependants entitled to treatment for all medical conditions.</p>  |  <p>The image shows a gold-colored card with the Australian Government logo and the text 'Repatriation Health Card For All Conditions Within Australia'. A large red 'SAMPLE' watermark is overlaid. Below the watermark, it says 'File No.' and 'Card expires or on recall'.</p> |
| <p><b>White card</b></p> <p>A White Card is issued to Australian veterans or mariners under the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an accepted war or service-caused injury or disease;</li> <li>• malignant cancer (neoplasia) whether war-caused or not;</li> <li>• pulmonary tuberculosis whether war-caused or not;</li> <li>• post-traumatic stress disorder whether war-caused or not; or</li> <li>• anxiety and/or depression whether war-caused or not.</li> </ul> |  <p>The image shows a white card with the Australian Government logo and the text 'Repatriation Health Card - For Specific Conditions'. A large red 'SAMPLE' watermark is overlaid. Below the watermark, it says 'File No.' and 'Card expires or on recall'.</p>                  |
| <p><b>Orange card</b></p> <p>Orange Repatriation pharmaceutical benefits cards are issued to Commonwealth and allied veterans and mariners who:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• have qualifying service from World War I or II and</li> <li>• are aged 70 or over and</li> <li>• have been resident in Australia for 10 years or more.</li> </ul>   |  <p>The image shows an orange card with the Australian Government logo and the text 'Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Card'. A large red 'SAMPLE' watermark is overlaid. Below the watermark, it says 'File No.' and 'PHARMACEUTICALS ONLY Card expires or on recall'.</p>  |

For more information go to the Department of Veterans' Affairs website:  
[http://www.dva.gov.au/service\\_providers/treatment\\_cards/Pages/index.aspx](http://www.dva.gov.au/service_providers/treatment_cards/Pages/index.aspx)

## RPBS Explanatory Notes

### Introduction

#### The Australian Repatriation System

- The Australian Repatriation system is based primarily on the principle of compensation to veterans and eligible dependants for injury or death related to war service. In certain cases, treatment is also provided for accepted injuries or conditions that are not service-related or have occurred as a result of other than war service.
- Through the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* the Department of Veterans' Affairs provides programs of compensation, income support and treatment for eligible veterans and their dependants. One of the defined benefits for eligible veterans is the Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme. This range of medications and dressings is more comprehensive than is available through the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme.

#### RPBS prescribing provisions

- Unless otherwise stated, Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS) prescriptions must conform with the requirements of Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) prescriptions, as detailed in Section 1 – Explanatory Notes in the *Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits* book. The prescriber shall ensure that a prescription contains the following details:
  - the category of benefit, i.e., RPBS, by placing a cross in the relevant box;
  - the patient's full name and address;
  - the prescription date;
  - the DVA file number of the patient as evidence of entitlement;
  - in the case of authority prescriptions, the Authority approval number or the four digit streamlined authority code;
  - the item, form, strength, quantity and directions;
  - the number of repeats, if applicable;
  - indicate when brand substitution is not permitted; and
  - the name, signature, the prescriber number and address of the prescriber.

#### Prior Approval Arrangements

- The prior approval of the Department is required to prescribe the following:
  - 'Authority required' items (excluding 'Authority required (STREAMLINED)' items) listed in either the PBS or RPBS Schedule;
  - increased quantities and/or repeats of items listed in either the PBS or RPBS Schedule;
  - items listed under section 100 of the *National Health Act 1953*; and
  - other items not listed in either Schedule (non-Schedule items).
- The above items are to be prescribed on the common PBS/RPBS authority prescription form in accordance with the directions stated in the Explanatory Notes in the *Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits* (See also information regarding dental prescribing and prescribing by optometrists under the RPBS in these Notes.)
- All Authority required prescriptions and requests for non-Schedule items must receive prior approval from the Department. This can be achieved by either:
  - using the Department's national free call number 1800 552 580; or
  - by mailing the written authority prescription to the Veterans' Affairs Pharmaceutical Advisory Centre (VAPAC) at the reply paid address shown at the end of these RPBS Explanatory Notes.

Prior approval is not required from DVA to prescribe an Authority required (STREAMLINED) item (except where increased quantities and/or repeats are required). Instead the authority prescription form must include a four digit streamlined authority code.

- Some requests for prior approval (including some non-Schedule items) need to be referred by VAPAC to the Repatriation Pharmaceutical Reference Committee for consideration. In such cases a VAPAC pharmacist will advise the prescriber to submit a request in writing that provides the following information:
  - A current clinical report on the patient's condition (such as age, co-morbidities, renal, liver failure) and clinical reports including pathology, biochemistry, diagnostic and other investigations if appropriate.
  - Details of past and current therapy for the condition. Include details of PBS, RPBS and non-Schedule items utilised, and the results of those therapies.
  - Details of the proposed treatment regimen. Include intended dose and duration of treatment and objective measures of response.

- When the proposed use of the item is outside the TGA-approved indications for use in Australia, provide copies of articles from peer reviewed publications supporting the proposed treatment.
- Signed, informed patient consent where the item is to be used for a non-TGA-approved indication.
- For items without Australian marketing approval, a copy of the TGA Special Access Scheme approval to prescribe the drug.
- Requests for prior approval to prescribe a non-Schedule (PBS or RPBS) item that is of the same therapeutic class (ATC level 3) as an item that is listed on the Schedule, will not be approved unless unequivocal clinical evidence is presented to demonstrate that the requested item is essential for effective treatment of the nominated patient.
- A pharmacist should not supply an item prescribed on an RPBS Authority Prescription Form unless the form has been approved and stamped by VAPAC, or has been endorsed by the prescriber with a telephone Authority approval number provided by VAPAC. Medicare Australia will not accept RPBS Authority prescriptions that have not been approved by the Department of Veterans' Affairs for payment.

## Palliative Care Drugs

- The following medications may be available, or made available in increased quantities or doses under prior approval arrangements for use only in the palliative care of terminal disease:
  - clonazepam
  - cyclizine
  - dexamethasone
  - disodium pamidronate
  - fentanyl
  - glycopyrrolate
  - hyoscine butylbromide
  - hyoscine hydrobromide
  - ketamine
  - midazolam
  - octreotide
- For further information telephone VAPAC on 1800 552 580.

## Dental Prescribing

- Under Department of Veterans' Affairs arrangements, financial responsibility for pharmaceutical benefits prescribed by a Local Dental Officer (LDO) is limited to treatment to which holders of the following cards are entitled:
  - a Gold Repatriation Health Card – For All Conditions; or
  - a White Repatriation Health Card – For Specific Conditions; or
  - an Orange Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Card.
- Where possible the LDO shall prescribe in accordance with the provisions governing dental prescribing under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS).
- Prescriptions for PBS Dental Schedule items for Gold, White and Orange Card holders are to be dispensed at the PBS concessional rate. Claims for payment by the dispensing pharmacist are to be included with other Repatriation prescriptions. The card holder is required to meet the cost of any applicable brand premium.
- When a non-PBS Dental Schedule item is prescribed for an eligible card holder, the LDO's private prescription form should be used. The dispensing pharmacist may charge the patient the full cost of the prescription. The patient may claim a refund for the full cost of a non-Schedule item from the Department if an itemised receipt (not a cash register receipt) and a copy of the prescription are provided.

## Prescribing by optometrists

- Optometrists approved as 'PBS prescribers' may write RPBS prescriptions as outlined in Section 1 for medicines listed in Section 2 of the PBS Schedule as pharmaceutical benefits for optometrical use.
- Medicines in the optometrist list include non-Authority and Authority required items. Procedures for obtaining VAPAC approval to prescribe 'Authority required' optometrist items or increased quantities and/or repeats of optometrist items under the RPBS are the same as indicated under prior approval arrangements above.
- The list of medicines for prescribing by optometrists under the RPBS is the same as applies under the PBS. There are no optometrist listings in the RPBS Schedule for prescribing for veterans only. There is no provision for optometrist prescribers to request approval to prescribe items that are not included in the PBS optometrist list (non-Schedule items).
- Optometrist PBS/RPBS prescription forms are for use for prescribing non-Authority or Authority required optometrist items under the RPBS with one item per form only.

## Provisions governing pricing and payment for RPBS benefits

### Introduction

- Unless otherwise stated, the pricing and payment principles and arrangements for approved pharmacists supplying pharmaceutical benefits under the RPBS will be the same as those arrangements applying under the PBS.

- Where a pharmaceutical benefit that is not listed on the PBS or RPBS Schedule is dispensed on an RPBS Authority prescription, a pharmacist will price the benefit and enter the serial number, prescription identifying number and price on the sticker or stamp imprint affixed to the prescription.

### Pricing of Schedule Items

- Items supplied under the RPBS from the PBS Schedule, both ready-prepared and extemporaneously-prepared, will be paid on the same basis as benefits supplied under the PBS. Items supplied under the RPBS from the Repatriation Schedule, including wound dressings, will be paid on the basis of the price as given in the Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits section (Section 1 – RPBS Schedule, Drugs, Medicines and Dressings) of the *Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits*.

### Pricing of Non-Schedule Ready Prepared Items

- Non-Schedule ready-prepared items are to be priced on the basis of the invoiced, GST-exclusive wholesale price to pharmacists plus the appropriate PBS mark-up and the PBS dispensing fee. Where the item price to pharmacists is greater than \$100.00, a copy of the invoice pertaining to the supply of that item is to be submitted together with the appropriate copy of the authority prescription as part of the claim for payment.

### Pricing of Non-Schedule Extemporaneously Prepared Items

- When an ingredient drug is not listed in the PBS Drug Tariff, the recovery price will be based on the invoiced wholesale price to pharmacists, increased by a mark-up of 100%, calculated in accordance with the directions contained in the pricing instructions for pricing of PBS extemporaneously-prepared benefits in this Schedule. The price paid by the pharmacist for the commercial pack from which the ingredient is used shall be endorsed on the prescription form.

### Miscellaneous Pricing Rules

- The price to pharmacists used as the basis of pricing will be the invoiced, GST-exclusive price from the wholesaler.
- If multiple quantities of a manufacturer's original pack are supplied, the PBS mark-up is applied to the price to pharmacist of each pack and then totalled. The PBS dispensing fee, and the PBS dangerous drug fee if applicable, are then added to the total of the marked-up prices.
- When the quantity prescribed corresponds with the quantity of a manufacturer's original pack, in no circumstances will the price payable for one pack exceed that payable for multiples or combinations of packs to supply the quantity prescribed.
- The list of ingredient drugs and prices included in the PBS Drug Tariff are common to both the PBS and RPBS. Certain restrictions apply regarding the prescribing and dispensing of some of these ingredient drugs as pharmaceutical benefits, e.g., use as additive only.
- For items prescribed generically, including non-Schedule and wound dressings, the pharmacist should indicate on the prescription the quantity and brand supplied. If prescriptions are not endorsed, the Department will pay the lowest priced acceptable product available.

## General

### Packaging Material, Postage or Freight

- Payment to a pharmacist for the costs of packaging materials, postage or freight required to supply a pharmaceutical benefit is to be paid by the patient, who may then claim reimbursement from the Department through the provision of a pharmacist's itemised receipt.

### Payment for Items Supplied at Short Intervals

- For all items dispensed at specific short intervals of time, the Department will pay a separate PBS dispensing fee for each occasion that the drug is supplied and which is acknowledged on receipt by the patient or agent.
- The price payable on the items supplied will be based on the individual dose quantity supplied. Where applicable, a PBS dangerous drug fee and a minimum container charge will be payable for each supply.

### Receipts for Patient Charges

- Where a charge is paid by a patient in any of the circumstances of paragraphs 13 or 24, the pharmacist is required to provide a printed receipt to the patient with the details of the items or services provided, the amount paid, date of supply and the patient's name and address. The patient may apply for reimbursement from the Department.

### Special Patient Contributions

- The Special Patient Contribution for items listed as Special Pharmaceutical Benefits in the PBS Schedule is not payable by veterans entitled to pharmaceutical benefits under the RPBS. Eligible veterans receiving Special Pharmaceutical Benefits under the RPBS are required to pay only the concessional patient contribution and any applicable brand premium. If a Safety Net Entitlement card is held, the veteran should receive a Special Pharmaceutical Benefit free of charge, subject to any brand premium applicable. Medicare Australia will reimburse the dispensing pharmacist the total dispensed price, less the concessional patient contribution and/or brand premium if applicable.

## **Therapeutic Group Premiums — Authority Processing**

Items attracting a therapeutic group premium are dual listed. Dispensing pharmacists are therefore required to select the appropriate code for those items that are dual listed as authority and non-authority items, in order to correctly charge the patient and claim from Medicare Australia. Those authority prescriptions that grant exemption from a therapeutic group premium will have the letters 'TPX' at the beginning of the telephone Authority approval number, or, in the case of a written approval, will be stamped with the words "This prescription does not attract a therapeutic group premium".

## DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' AFFAIRS

### Authority Prescription Applications

Applications for authority to prescribe under the Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS) should be sent to the Veterans' Affairs Pharmaceutical Advisory Centre (VAPAC) using the free postal service:

REPLY PAID 9998

VAPAC (Veterans' Affairs Pharmaceutical Advisory Centre)

Department of Veterans' Affairs

GPO Box 9998

BRISBANE QLD 4001

**For RPBS enquiries and telephone approvals 24 hours a day the Freecall number is:**

*1800 552 580*

**Departmental pharmacists answer applications for prior approval for non-Schedule items and Authority application calls.**

## REPATRIATION PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS

These changes to the Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits are effective from 1 March 2011. The Schedule is updated on the first day of each month and is available on the Internet at [www.pbs.gov.au](http://www.pbs.gov.au).

### SUMMARY OF CHANGES

#### Alterations

##### *Alterations – Manufacturer's Code*

|       |   | <i>From:</i> | <i>To:</i> |
|-------|---|--------------|------------|
| 4408B | <b>Pine Tar with Triethanolamine Lauryl Sulfate</b> , Solution 23 mg-60 mg per mL (2.3%-6%), 500 mL ( <i>Hamilton Pine Tar Solution</i> ) | HA           | VT         |
| 4549K | <b>Skin Cleanser</b> , Lotion 500 mL ( <i>Hamilton Skin Therapy Wash</i> )  | HA           | VT         |
| 4122Y | <b>Skin Emollient</b> , Bath oil 500 mL ( <i>Hamilton Skin Therapy Oil</i> )  | HA           | VT         |
| 4544E | <b>Sunscreens</b> , Cream 100 g ( <i>Hamilton Sunscreen Family Sunscreen Cream SPF 15</i> )   | HA           | VT         |
| 4546G | <b>Sunscreens</b> , Lotion (non-alcoholic) 125 mL ( <i>Hamilton Sunscreen Family Sunscreen Milk SPF 15</i> )                              | HA           | VT         |
| 4543D | <b>Sunscreens</b> , Solid stick 4.5 g ( <i>Hamilton Solastick 30+</i> )   | HA           | VT         |
| 4042R | <b>Urea</b> , Cream 100 mg per g (10%), 100 g ( <i>Urederm</i> )  | HA           | VT         |

## Therapeutic Index for RPBS Schedule

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## Section 1

Drugs, Medicines and Dressings

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Alimentary tract and metabolism

### Stomatological preparations

#### Stomatological preparations

##### *Antiinfectives and antiseptics for local oral treatment*

|                                |                                       |    |    |    |       |      |                                      |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE</b> |                                       |    |    |    |       |      |                                      |
| 4161B                          | Mouth wash 2 mg per mL (0.2%), 250 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 11.89 | 5.60 | Plaqacide OB                         |
| 4204G                          | Mouth wash 2 mg per mL (0.2%), 300 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 15.28 | 5.60 | Savacol Mouth and<br>Throat Rinse OM |

##### *Other agents for local oral treatment*

|                          |                                  |    |    |    |       |      |          |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|----------|
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM</b> |                                  |    |    |    |       |      |          |
| 4568K                    | Mouth spray 10 mg per mL, 25 mL  | ‡1 | 1  | .. | 10.79 | 5.60 | Aquae HA |
| 4569L                    | Mouth spray 10 mg per mL, 100 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 12.46 | 5.60 | Aquae HA |

### Drugs for acid related disorders

#### Antacids

##### *Calcium compounds*

##### **CALCIUM CARBONATE with GLYCINE**

##### Note

For patients with chronic renal failure.

|       |                      |     |   |    |        |      |             |
|-------|----------------------|-----|---|----|--------|------|-------------|
| 4055K | Tablet 420 mg-180 mg | 200 | 5 | .. | *23.18 | 5.60 | Titralac MM |
|-------|----------------------|-----|---|----|--------|------|-------------|

##### *Combinations and complexes of aluminium, calcium and magnesium compounds*

|   |   |     |   |    |        |      |                               |
|---|---|-----|---|----|--------|------|-------------------------------|
| <b>ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE with MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE and SIMETHICONE</b> |   |     |   |    |        |      |                               |
| 4118R   | Oral suspension 400 mg-400 mg-30 mg per 5 mL,<br>500 mL | 2   | 5 | .. | *22.64 | 5.60 | Mylanta Double<br>Strength JT |
| 4453J   | Tablet 400 mg-400 mg-40 mg                              | 200 | 5 | .. | *46.12 | 5.60 | Mylanta Double<br>Strength JT |

### Drugs for functional gastrointestinal disorders

#### Drugs for functional bowel disorders

##### *Synthetic anticholinergics, esters with tertiary amino group*

|                                 |               |    |    |    |       |                   |            |
|---------------------------------|---------------|----|----|----|-------|-------------------|------------|
| <b>MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b> |               |    |    |    |       |                   |            |
| 4328T                           | Tablet 135 mg | 90 | .. | .. | 26.91 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Colese AF  |
|                                 |               |    |    |    | 32.09 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Colofac SM |

#### Belladonna and derivatives, plain

##### *Belladonna alkaloids semisynthetic, quaternary ammonium compounds*

|                              |                         |   |    |    |       |      |             |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|---|----|----|-------|------|-------------|
| <b>HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE</b> |                         |   |    |    |       |      |             |
| 4279F                        | Injection 20 mg in 1 mL | 5 | .. | .. | 24.21 | 5.60 | Buscopan BY |

### Laxatives

#### Laxatives

##### *Softeners, emollients*

|                        |              |     |   |    |       |      |               |
|------------------------|--------------|-----|---|----|-------|------|---------------|
| <b>DOCUSATE SODIUM</b> |              |     |   |    |       |      |               |
| 4200C                  | Tablet 50 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 14.31 | 5.60 | Coloxyl 50 FM |

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer             |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| <b>Contact laxatives</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>DOCUSATE SODIUM with SENNA</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4028B   | Tablet 50 mg-8 mg                                       | 100         | 2           | ..      | 14.41                                    | 5.60   | Soflax GM                               |
| 4198Y   | Tablet 50 mg-8 mg                                       | 90          | 2           | ..      | 16.70                                    | 5.60   | Coloxyl with Senna FM                   |
| <b>SENNA STANDARDISED</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4455L   | Tablet 7.5 mg   | 100         | 1           | ..      | 13.86                                    | 5.60   | Senokot RC                              |
| <b>Bulk producers</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>ISPAGHULA HUSK</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4285M   | Sachets 3.5 g, 30                                       | †1          | 1           | ..      | 17.64                                    | 5.60   | Fybogel RC                              |
| <b>PSYLLIUM HYDROPHILIC MUCILLOID</b>                                     |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4419N   | Oral powder (orange-flavoured, sugar-free)<br>283 g     | †1          | 1           | ..      | 21.67                                    | 5.60   | Metamucil Smooth PY                     |
| 4422R   | Oral powder (non-flavoured) 336 g                       | †1          | 1           | ..      | 21.67                                    | 5.60   | Metamucil Regular PY                    |
| <b>PSYLLIUM HYDROPHILIC MUCILLOID with HIGH AMYLOSE MAIZE STARCH</b>      |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4416K   | Oral powder 2.7 g-0.7 g per 7.5 g, 440 g                | †1          | 1           | ..      | 21.27                                    | 5.60   | Nucolox SI                              |
| <b>STERCULIA with FRANGULA BARK</b>                                       |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4558X   | Granules 620 mg-80 mg per g (62%-8%), 500 g             | †1          | 1           | ..      | 24.95                                    | 5.60   | Normacol Plus NE                        |
| <b>Enemas</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>SORBITOL with SODIUM CITRATE and SODIUM LAURYL SULFOACETATE</b>        |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4462W   | Enemas 3.125 g-450 mg-45 mg in 5 mL, 4                  | †1          | ..          | ..      | 12.10                                    | 5.60   | MicroLax JT                             |
| <b>Other laxatives</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>GLYCEROL</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b><u>Restricted benefit</u></b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Short-term use when oral laxative therapy has failed or is inappropriate. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4246L   | Suppositories 2.8 g (for adults), 12                    | 3           | ..          | ..      | *19.74                                   | 5.60   | Petrus<br>Pharmaceuticals<br>Pty Ltd PP |

### Antiobesity preparations, excl. diet products

#### Antiobesity preparations, excl. diet products

##### *Peripherally acting antiobesity products*

###### ORLISTAT

###### Authority required

For the treatment of obese patients.

Total treatment will not exceed 12 months from initial application.

Patients are eligible for 1 continuous treatment in a lifetime.

The patient must be receiving, or enrolled to receive, professional dietetic and weight management advice (where this is available).

Initial treatment for patients who meet the following criteria to qualify:

(a) Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than or equal to 35 with no known co-morbidities; or

(b) BMI greater than or equal to 30 with 1 or more of the following co-morbidities:

(i) diabetes;

(ii) ischaemic heart disease;

(iii) psychiatric conditions;

(iv) hypertension.

The prescriber must provide the following:

(a) initial body weight; and

## Alimentary tract and metabolism

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form  | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | (b) BMI.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Continuing treatment for patients who have previously been issued with an authority prescription for orlistat. After 3 months and up to 6 months following commencement of orlistat treatment, patient's initial body weight must have been reduced by 2.5 kg or 2.5% (whichever is the lesser). |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | Continuing treatment for patients who have previously been issued with an authority prescription for orlistat. After 6 months and up to 12 months following commencement of orlistat treatment, patient's initial body weight must have been reduced by 5 kg or 5% (whichever is the lesser).    |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
|       | <b>Note</b><br>The patient should be ideally enrolled in an exercise program and be receiving supplemental vitamins.   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 4570M | Capsule 120 mg   | 84          | 2           | ..      | 140.16                                   | 5.60   | Xenical RO                  |

### Vitamins

#### Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>, plain and in combination with vitamin B<sub>6</sub> and vitamin B<sub>12</sub>

##### *Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>, plain*

|       |   |     |   |    |       |      |            |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|-------|------|------------|
| 4043T | THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE<br>Tablet 100 mg | 100 | 2 | .. | 10.82 | 5.60 | Betamin SW |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|-------|------|------------|

#### Vitamin B-complex, incl. combinations

##### *Vitamin B-complex, plain*

|       |   |    |   |    |       |      |                        |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|------------------------|
| 4493L | VITAMIN B GROUP COMPLEX<br>Oral liquid 200 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 13.34 | 5.60 | Accomin Adult Tonic WT |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|------------------------|

### Mineral supplements

#### Calcium

##### *Calcium*

##### CALCIUM

##### Restricted benefit

Hypocalcaemia;

Osteoporosis;

Proven calcium malabsorption.

|       |   |     |   |    |        |      |            |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|--------|------|------------|
| 4082W | Tablet 600 mg (as carbonate)            | 120 | 1 | .. | 14.31  | 5.60 | CAL-600 PP |
| 4333C | Tablet (chewable) 500 mg (as carbonate) | 120 | 1 | .. | *18.44 | 5.60 | Cal-Sup IA |

##### CALCIUM

##### Restricted benefit

Hyperphosphataemia in chronic renal failure.

|       |   |     |   |    |        |      |            |
|-------|---|-----|---|----|--------|------|------------|
| 4094L | Tablet (chewable) 500 mg (as carbonate) | 240 | 1 | .. | *30.46 | 5.60 | Cal-Sup IA |
| 4142B | Tablet 600 mg (as carbonate)            | 240 | 1 | .. | *22.20 | 5.60 | CAL-600 PP |

#### Other mineral supplements

##### *Magnesium*

##### MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE

##### Restricted benefit

Patients with documented hypomagnesaemia.

|       |               |    |    |    |       |      |                         |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|-------|------|-------------------------|
| 4321K | Tablet 500 mg | 50 | .. | .. | 14.39 | 5.60 | Magmin BB<br>Mag-Sup PP |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|-------|------|-------------------------|

## Blood and blood forming organs

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Blood and blood forming organs

### Antithrombotic agents

#### Antithrombotic agents

##### *Platelet aggregation inhibitors excl. heparin*

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |               |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|---------------|----|
| 4076M | <b>ASPIRIN</b><br>Tablet 100 mg (with glycine) | 90 | 1 | .. | 15.67 | 5.60 | Cardiprin 100 | RC |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|---------------|----|

#### **ASPIRIN**

##### Note

The enteric coated preparations are for patients with a significant risk of gastrointestinal bleeding.

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |        |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|--------|----|
| 4077N | Tablet 100 mg (enteric coated)                     | 84 | 1 | .. | 13.71 | 5.60 | Cartia | GC |
| 4078P | Capsule 100 mg (containing enteric coated pellets) | 84 | 1 | .. | 14.62 | 5.60 | Astrix | YN |

#### **CLOPIDOGREL**

##### Authority required

For use in patients pre- and post-angioplasty.

|       |                                    |    |   |    |       |      |   |          |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|---|----------|
| 4179Y | Tablet 75 mg (as hydrogen sulfate) | 28 | 3 | .. | 70.30 | 5.60 | Iscover <sup>a</sup><br>Plavix <sup>a</sup> | BQ<br>SW |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|---|----------|

### Blood substitutes and perfusion solutions

#### Irrigating solutions

##### *Salt solutions*

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |                              |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|------------------------------|----|
| 4460R | <b>SODIUM CHLORIDE</b><br>Irrigation solution 9 mg per mL (0.9%), 500 mL | 11 | 2 | .. | 10.33 | 5.60 | Baxter Healthcare<br>Pty Ltd | BX |
| 4461T | Irrigation solution 9 mg per mL (0.9%), 1 L                              | 11 | 2 | .. | 10.65 | 5.60 | Baxter Healthcare<br>Pty Ltd | BX |

## Cardiovascular system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Cardiovascular system

### Vasoprotectives

#### Agents for treatment of hemorrhoids and anal fissures for topical use

##### *Corticosteroids*

##### HYDROCORTISONE with CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

##### Caution

Long-term use may lead to skin atrophy.

|       |  |    |    |    |       |      |             |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|-------|------|-------------|----|
| 4036K | Ointment 5 mg-5 mg per g (0.5%-0.5%), 30 g | ‡1 | .. | .. | 22.53 | 5.60 | Proctosedyl | SW |
| 4038M | Suppositories 5 mg-5 mg, 12                | ‡1 | .. | .. | 21.24 | 5.60 | Proctosedyl | SW |

##### *Other agents for treatment of hemorrhoids and anal fissures for topical use*

##### ZINC OXIDE

|       |                            |    |   |    |       |      |        |    |
|-------|----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|--------|----|
| 4039N | Compound ointment 50 g     | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 14.44 | 5.60 | Anusol | JT |
| 4040P | Compound suppositories, 12 | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 13.35 | 5.60 | Anusol | JT |

## Dermatologicals

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Dermatologicals

### Antifungals for dermatological use

#### Antifungals for topical use

##### *Antibiotics*

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |               |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|---------------|
| 4001N | <b>NYSTATIN</b><br>Cream 100,000 units per g, 15 g | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 12.49 | 5.60 | Mycostatin FM |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|---------------|

##### *Imidazole and triazole derivatives*

|       |   |    |   |    |      |      |           |
|-------|---|----|---|----|------|------|-----------|
| 4004R | <b>CLOTRIMAZOLE</b><br>Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 20 g | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 8.84 | 5.60 | Clonea AF |
|-------|---|----|---|----|------|------|-----------|

##### **KETOCONAZOLE**

##### Restricted benefit

Severe seborrhoeic dermatitis.

|       |                                  |    |    |    |       |      |               |
|-------|----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|---------------|
| 4007X | Shampoo 20 mg per g (2%), 100 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 19.37 | 5.60 | Sebizole GM   |
| 4008Y | Shampoo 20 mg per g (2%), 60 mL  | ‡1 | .. | .. | 18.31 | 5.60 | Nizoral 2% JT |

##### **MICONAZOLE**

|       |                                   |    |   |    |       |      |             |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|-------------|
| 4341L | Tincture 20 mg per mL (2%), 30 mL | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 19.47 | 5.60 | Daktarin JT |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|-------------|

##### **MICONAZOLE NITRATE**

|       |                              |    |   |    |       |      |             |
|-------|------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|-------------|
| 4454K | Cream 20 mg per g (2%), 30 g | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 14.79 | 5.60 | Daktarin JT |
|-------|------------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|-------------|

#### *Other antifungals for topical use*

##### **AMOROLFINE HYDROCHLORIDE**

##### Restricted benefit

Onychomycosis.

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |            |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|------------|
| 4010C | Nail treatment kit containing nail lacquer 50 mg (base) per mL (5%), 5 mL, 60 isopropyl alcohol cleaning pads, 10 spatulas and 30 nail files | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 96.14 | 5.60 | Loceryl GA |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|------------|

##### **CICLOPIROX OLAMINE**

##### Restricted benefit

Severe seborrhoeic dermatitis.

|       |                                   |    |    |    |       |      |                    |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|--------------------|
| 4106D | Shampoo 15 mg per g (1.5%), 60 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 16.56 | 5.60 | Stieprox Liquid GK |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|--------------------|

##### **TERBINAFINE**

##### Restricted benefit

Tinea pedis.

|       |   |    |    |    |       |      |                    |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|--------------------|
| 4463X | Gel 10 mg per g (1%), 15 g  | ‡1 | .. | .. | 23.35 | 5.60 | Lamisil DermGel NC |
| 4473K | Cream containing terbinafine hydrochloride 10 mg per g (1%), 15 g | ‡1 | 1  | .. | 21.89 | 5.60 | Lamisil NC         |

##### **TOLNAFTATE**

|       |                                       |    |    |    |       |      |             |
|-------|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|-------------|
| 4481W | Spray aerosol 10 mg per g (1%), 100 g | ‡1 | .. | .. | 15.09 | 5.60 | Tinaderm SH |
|-------|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|-------------|

## Dermatologicals

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form    | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer    |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| <b>Antifungals for systemic use</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <i>Antifungals for systemic use</i>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>TERBINAFINE</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| Onychomycosis due to dermatophyte infection proven by microscopy or culture and confirmed by an approved pathology provider. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 4011D  | Tablet 250 mg (as hydrochloride)                           | 42          | 1           | ..      | 98.01                                    | 5.60   | <sup>a</sup> Tamsil SI         |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbihexal SZ     |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Terbinafine-DP GN |
|  |  |             |             |         |  |  | <sup>a</sup> Zabel AF          |
|  |  |             |             | ..      | 99.38                                    | 5.60   | <sup>a</sup> Lamisil NV        |
| <b>Emollients and protectives</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>Emollients and protectives</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <i>Silicone products</i>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>DIMETHICONE with GLYCEROL</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| For colostomy and ileostomy use;   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| For use by paraplegic and quadriplegic patients;   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| For use with surgical appliances.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 4551M  | Cream 150 mg-20 mg per g (15%-2%), 500 g                   | \$1         | ..          | ..      | 26.41                                    | 5.60   | Silic 15 EO                    |
| 4556T  | Cream 150 mg-20 mg per g (15%-2%), 75 g                    | \$1         | ..          | ..      | 12.53                                    | 5.60   | Silic 15 EO                    |
| <i>Soft paraffin and fat products</i>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>WOOL ALCOHOLS</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 4041Q  | Ointment 100 g   | \$1         | 1           | ..      | 14.18                                    | 5.60   | Eucerin BE                     |
| <i>Carbamide products</i>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>UREA</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 4042R  | Cream 100 mg per g (10%), 100 g                            | \$1         | 2           | ..      | 12.19                                    | 5.60   | Aquacare H.P. AG               |
|  |  |             |             | ..      | 12.45                                    | 5.60   | Urederm VT                     |
|  |  |             |             | ..      | 12.77                                    | 5.60   | Calmurid OL                    |
| <i>Other emollients and protectives</i>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>CARMELLOSE SODIUM with PECTIN and GELATIN</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 4518T  | Paste 167 mg-167 mg-167 mg per g (16.7%-16.7%- 16.7%), 5 g | \$1         | ..          | ..      | 11.85                                    | 5.60   | Orabase SI                     |
| <b>SKIN EMOLLIENT</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 4107E  | Lotion 500 mL  | \$1         | 2           | ..      | 17.35                                    | 5.60   | Alpha Keri Lotion MT           |
| 4122Y  | Bath oil 500 mL  | \$1         | 2           | ..      | 17.35                                    | 5.60   | Alpha Keri Bath Oil MT         |
|  |  |             |             | ..      | 19.76                                    | 5.60   | QV Bath Oil EO                 |
|  |  |             |             | ..      | 19.85                                    | 5.60   | Hamilton Skin Therapy Oil VT   |
| <b>Protectives against UV-radiation</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <i>Protectives against UV-radiation for topical use</i>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| <b>SUNSCREENS</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                |
| 4543D  | Solid stick 4.5 g  | \$1         | 2           | ..      | 12.30                                    | 5.60   | Hamilton Solastick 30+ VT      |
| 4544E  | Cream 100 g  | \$1         | 2           | ..      | 16.07                                    | 5.60   | Hamilton Sunscreen VT          |

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|----|
| 4546G | Lotion (non-alcoholic) 125 mL                           | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 15.98                                    | 5.60   | Family<br>Sunscreen<br>Cream SPF 15<br>Aquasun Lotion SPF 18 | PF |
|       |   |             |             | ..      | 16.07                                    | 5.60   | Hamilton<br>Sunscreen<br>Family<br>Sunscreen Milk<br>SPF 15  | VT |
|       |   |             |             | ..      | 16.99                                    | 5.60   | SunSense Ultra SPF 30+                                       | EO |

### Antipruritics, incl. antihistamines, anesthetics, etc.

#### Antipruritics, incl. antihistamines, anesthetics, etc.

##### *Anesthetics for topical use*

|       |   |    |    |    |       |      |                   |    |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|-------------------|----|
| 4308R | <b>LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE with CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE</b><br>Mucilage 20 mg-25 mg per mL (2%-2.5%),<br>200 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 79.35 | 5.60 | Xylocaine Viscous | AP |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|-------------------|----|

##### *Other antipruritics*

#### **PINE TAR with TRIETHANOLAMINE LAURYL SULFATE**

##### Note

For patients who have failed to respond to simple moisturising agents.

|       |   |    |   |    |       |      |                               |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|-------------------------------|----|
| 4408B | Solution 23 mg-60 mg per mL (2.3%-6%), 500 mL | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 20.73 | 5.60 | Hamilton Pine Tar<br>Solution | VT |
|       |   |    |   | .. | 22.92 | 5.60 | Pinetarsol                    | EO |

### Antipsoriatics

#### Antipsoriatics for topical use

##### *Tars*

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |              |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|--------------|----|
| 4505D | <b>ALLANTOIN with SULFUR, PHENOL, COAL TAR SOLUTION and MENTHOL</b><br>Gel 25 mg-5 mg-5 mg-0.05 mL-7.5 mg per g<br>(2.5%-0.5%-0.5%-5%-0.75%), 30 g | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 16.02 | 5.60 | Egopsoryl-TA | EO |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|--------------|----|

### Antibiotics and chemotherapeutics for dermatological use

#### Antibiotics for topical use

##### *Other antibiotics for topical use*

#### **MUPIROCIN**

##### Restricted benefit

For the topical treatment of secondarily infected traumatic skin lesions.

|       |   |    |    |    |       |      |           |    |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|-----------|----|
| 4348W | Cream 20 mg (as calcium) per g (2%), 15 g | ‡1 | .. | .. | 16.28 | 5.60 | Bactroban | GK |
| 4350Y | Ointment 20 mg per g (2%), 15 g           | ‡1 | .. | .. | 16.28 | 5.60 | Bactroban | GK |

#### Chemotherapeutics for topical use

##### *Antivirals*

#### **PODOPHYLLOTOXIN**

##### Authority required

For the treatment of ano-genital warts.

|       |   |    |    |    |       |      |                 |    |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|-----------------|----|
| 4390C | Cream 1.5 mg per g (0.15%), 5 g                     | ‡1 | .. | .. | 52.66 | 5.60 | Wartec Cream    | GK |
| 4566H | Paint 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 3.5 mL (with 30<br>swabs) | ‡1 | .. | .. | 39.75 | 5.60 | Condyline Paint | HA |

## Dermatologicals

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------|----|
| <b>Corticosteroids, dermatological preparations</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>Corticosteroids, plain</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <i>Corticosteroids, potent (group III)</i>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>BETAMETHASONE VALERATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4131K   | Cream 1 mg (base) per g (0.1%), 30 g  | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 22.43                                    | 5.60   | Betnovate                     | SI |
| 4132L   | Ointment 1 mg (base) per g (0.1%), 30 g   | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 22.43                                    | 5.60   | Betnovate                     | SI |
| <b>MOMETASONE FUROATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| Application to large areas of skin for longer than four weeks is not recommended.                         |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4342M   | Cream 1 mg per g (0.1%), 45 g   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 30.78                                    | 5.60   | Elocon                        | SH |
| 4343N   | Ointment 1 mg per g (0.1%), 45 g  | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 30.78                                    | 5.60   | Elocon                        | SH |
| <b>Corticosteroids, combinations with antibiotics</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <i>Corticosteroids, moderately potent, combinations with antibiotics</i>                                  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE with NEOMYCIN SULFATE, GRAMICIDIN and NYSTATIN</b>                             |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>Caution</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| For the short-term treatment of localised infective eczema only.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4482X   | Ointment 1 mg-2.5 mg (base)-250 micrograms-<br>100,000 units per g (0.1%-0.25% (base)-<br>0.025%- 100,000 units in 1 g), 15 g | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 19.09                                    | 5.60   | Kenacomb                      | SI |
| <b>Antiseptics and disinfectants</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>Antiseptics and disinfectants</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <i>Iodine products</i>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>POVIDONE-IODINE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4411E   | Solution 100 mg per mL (10%), 100 mL  | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 22.11                                    | 5.60   | Betadine Antiseptic<br>Liquid | SW |
| <b>Other dermatological preparations</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>Other dermatological preparations</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <i>Antihidrotics</i>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>DIPHEMANIL METHYLSULFATE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4191N   | Dusting powder 20 mg per g (2%), 50 g   | ‡1          | 1           | ..      | 17.74                                    | 5.60   | Prantal                       | SH |
| <b>Medicated shampoos</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| <b>PINE TAR with CADE OIL, COAL TAR SOLUTION, ARACHIS OIL EXTRACT OF CRUDE COAL TAR and OLEYL ALCOHOL</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4405W   | Scalp cleanser 3 mg-3 mg-1 mg-3 mg-10 mg per<br>mL (0.3%-0.3%-0.1%-0.3%-1%), 300 mL   | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 21.03                                    | 5.60   | Polytar                       | GK |
| <b>SALICYLIC ACID with COAL TAR SOLUTION</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4560B   | Scalp cleanser 20 mg-50 mg per mL (2%-5%),<br>200 mL  | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 20.38                                    | 5.60   | Ionil-T                       | GA |
| <b>SALICYLIC ACID with COAL TAR SOLUTION and PINE TAR</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4447C   | Scalp cleanser 20 mg-10 mg-10 mg per mL (2%-<br>1%-1%), 250 mL  | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 18.84                                    | 5.60   | Sebitar                       | EO |
| <b>SELENIUM SULFIDE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |    |
| 4452H   | Shampoo 25 mg per mL (2.5%), 125 mL   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 14.14                                    | 5.60   | Selsun                        | DQ |

## Dermatologicals

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|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| <b><i>Wart and anti-corn preparations</i></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| <b>SALICYLIC ACID</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4389B  | Gel 270 mg per g (27%), 15 g                             | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 19.54                                    | 5.60   | Duofilm Gel GK                   |
| <b>SALICYLIC ACID with LACTIC ACID</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4386W  | Liquid 167 mg-167 mg per g (16.7%-16.7%),<br>15 mL       | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 18.15                                    | 5.60   | Duofilm Solution GK              |
| <b><i>Other dermatologicals</i></b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| <b>ALLANTOIN with GLYCEROL and ICHTHAMMOL</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| For patients who have failed to respond to simple moisturising agents.   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4280G  | Ointment 5 mg-10 mg-10 mg per g (0.5%-1%-<br>1%), 50 g   | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 18.10                                    | 5.60   | Egoderm Ointment EO              |
| 4281H  | Cream 5 mg-10 mg-10 mg per g (0.5%-1%-1%),<br>50 g       | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 18.10                                    | 5.60   | Egoderm Cream EO                 |
| <b>CATIONIC CONDITIONER with PANTHENOL</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| To be used in conjunction with the scalp cleanser salicylic acid with coal tar solution and pine tar (code 4447C).   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4510J  | Cream 200 g  | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 14.25                                    | 5.60   | SebiRinse EO                     |
| <b>DICLOFENAC SODIUM</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| For the management of actinic keratoses in patients where other standard treatments are inappropriate, and topical drug therapy is required as field treatment for clinically visible and subclinical lesions.           |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| <b>Note</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| Maximum quantity of four tubes (original + 3 repeats) in 12 months.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4046Y  | Gel 30 mg per g (3%), 25 g                               | ‡1          | 3           | ..      | 58.19                                    | 5.60   | Solaraze 3% Gel CS               |
| <b>IMIQUIMOD</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| Primary treatment of histopathologically confirmed superficial basal cell carcinoma where other standard treatments are inappropriate and topical drug therapy is required.  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4559Y  | Cream 50 mg per g (5%), 250 mg single use<br>sachets, 12 | 1           | 1           | ..      | 159.95                                   | 5.60   | Aldara IA                        |
| <b>IMIQUIMOD</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| Treatment of solar keratosis on the face and scalp in patients where other standard treatments are inappropriate and topical drug therapy is required as field treatment for clinically visible and subclinical lesions. |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4134N  | Cream 50 mg per g (5%), 250 mg single use<br>sachets, 12 | 1           | 1           | ..      | 159.95                                   | 5.60   | Aldara IA                        |
| <b>SKIN CLEANSER</b>   |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4549K  | Lotion 500 mL  | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 20.74                                    | 5.60   | Hamilton Skin<br>Therapy Wash VT |
| <b>ZINC OXIDE with STARCH and CHLORPHENESIN</b>  |  |             |             |         |  |  |                                  |
| 4497Q  | Dusting powder 100 g                                     | ‡1          | 1           | ..      | 12.26                                    | 5.60   | Z.S.C. SI                        |

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

# Genito urinary system and sex hormones

### Gynecological antiinfectives and antiseptics

#### Antiinfectives and antiseptics, excl. comb. with corticosteroids

##### *Antibiotics*

###### NYSTATIN

|       |   |   |   |    |       |      |         |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|-------|------|---------|----|
| 4012E | Cream pessaries 100,000 units, 15                       | 1 | 1 | .. | 13.79 | 5.60 | Nilstat | SI |
| 4013F | Vaginal cream 100,000 units per dose, 15 doses,<br>75 g | 1 | 1 | .. | 13.79 | 5.60 | Nilstat | SI |

##### *Imidazole derivatives*

###### CLOTRIMAZOLE

|       |   |   |    |    |       |      |                                 |    |
|-------|---|---|----|----|-------|------|---------------------------------|----|
| 4016J | Vaginal cream 50 mg per 5 g (1%), 35 g  | 1 | .. | .. | 15.08 | 5.60 | APO-Clotrimazole 6<br>Day Cream | TX |
| 4017K | Vaginal cream 100 mg per 5 g (2%), 20 g | 1 | .. | .. | 15.08 | 5.60 | APO-Clotrimazole 3<br>Day Cream | TX |

### Other gynecologicals

#### Other gynecologicals

###### RICINOLEIC ACID with ACETIC ACID and HYDROXYQUINOLINE SULFATE

|       |  |   |    |    |       |      |         |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|------|---------|----|
| 4434J | Vaginal jelly 7 mg-9.4 mg-250 micrograms per g<br>(0.7%-0.94%-0.025%), 100 g | 1 | .. | .. | 32.90 | 5.60 | Aci-Jel | CU |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|------|---------|----|

### Sex hormones and modulators of the genital system

#### Estrogens

##### *Natural and semisynthetic estrogens, plain*

###### OESTRADIOL

###### Restricted benefit

Post-menopausal symptoms in women who have failed to respond using oral or topical oestrogens.

|       |                |   |    |    |        |      |                                |    |
|-------|----------------|---|----|----|--------|------|--------------------------------|----|
| 4365R | Implant 50 mg  | 1 | .. | .. | 83.34  | 5.60 | Schering-Plough<br>Pty Limited | SH |
| 4366T | Implant 100 mg | 1 | .. | .. | 121.58 | 5.60 | Schering-Plough<br>Pty Limited | SH |

### Urologicals

#### Other urologicals, incl. antispasmodics

##### *Drugs used in erectile dysfunction*

###### ALPROSTADIL

###### Authority required

Specific accepted war-caused or service-related disabilities for males with vasculogenic, psychogenic or neurogenic erectile dysfunction.

Authorisation will not be given for any additional prescriptions within 6 months or for any increased quantities or repeats.

|       |   |   |   |    |         |      |                   |    |
|-------|---|---|---|----|---------|------|-------------------|----|
| 4579B | Intracavernosal injection 10 micrograms with<br>diluent in single use syringe | 6 | 3 | .. | *82.62  | 5.60 | Caverject Impulse | PH |
| 4580C | Intracavernosal injection 20 micrograms with<br>diluent in single use syringe | 6 | 3 | .. | *103.62 | 5.60 | Caverject Impulse | PH |

###### SILDENAFIL CITRATE

###### Authority required

Specific accepted war-caused or service-related disabilities for males with vasculogenic, psychogenic or neurogenic erectile dysfunction.

Authorisation will not be given for any additional prescriptions within 6 months or for any increased quantities or repeats.

## Genito urinary system and sex hormones

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|
|       |   |             |             |         | for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ |                             |    |
| 4584G | Tablet 25 mg (base)                                     | 4           | 5           | ..      | 60.68                 | 5.60  | Viagra                      | PF |
| 4585H | Tablet 50 mg (base)                                     | 4           | 5           | ..      | 75.49                 | 5.60  | Viagra                      | PF |
| 4586J | Tablet 100 mg (base)                                    | 4           | 5           | ..      | 81.12                 | 5.60  | Viagra                      | PF |

### TADALAFIL

#### Authority required

Specific accepted war-caused or service-related disabilities for males with vasculogenic, psychogenic or neurogenic erectile dysfunction.

Authorisation will not be given for any additional prescriptions within 6 months or for any increased quantities or repeats.

|       |              |   |   |    |       |      |        |    |
|-------|--------------|---|---|----|-------|------|--------|----|
| 4596X | Tablet 10 mg | 4 | 5 | .. | 79.69 | 5.60 | Cialis | LY |
| 4597Y | Tablet 20 mg | 4 | 5 | .. | 83.26 | 5.60 | Cialis | LY |

### *Other urologicals*

#### SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE

#### Restricted benefit

For relief of urinary symptoms when antibiotic or other therapy alone is inappropriate.

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |              |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|--------------|----|
| 4049D | Sachets containing oral effervescent powder 4 g,<br>28 | £1 | 4 | .. | 13.55 | 5.60 | Uracol       | GM |
|       |  |    |   |    |       |      | Ural Sachets | SI |

### Drugs used in benign prostatic hypertrophy

#### *Alpha-adrenoreceptor antagonists*

#### TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Authority required

Treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia where surgery is inappropriate, or where other drug treatment has failed or is contraindicated.

|       |   |    |   |    |       |      |           |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|-----------|----|
| 4070F | Tablet 400 micrograms (prolonged release) | 30 | 5 | .. | 63.36 | 5.60 | Flomaxtra | CS |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|-----------|----|

#### TERAZOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Authority required

Treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia where surgery is inappropriate, or where other drug treatment has failed or is contraindicated.

|       |  |    |    |    |       |      |        |    |
|-------|--|----|----|----|-------|------|--------|----|
| 4396J | Starter pack containing 7 tablets 1 mg and 7<br>tablets 2 mg | £1 | .. | .. | 20.05 | 5.60 | Hytrin | AB |
| 4397K | Tablet 2 mg  | 28 | 5  | .. | 41.69 | 5.60 | Hytrin | AB |
| 4398L | Tablet 5 mg  | 28 | 5  | .. | 58.19 | 5.60 | Hytrin | AB |
| 4399M | Tablet 10 mg   | 28 | 5  | .. | 86.06 | 5.60 | Hytrin | AB |

### *Testosterone-5-alpha reductase inhibitors*

#### FINASTERIDE

#### Authority required

Treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia where surgery is inappropriate, or where other drug treatment has failed or is contraindicated.

|       |             |    |   |    |        |      |                      |    |
|-------|-------------|----|---|----|--------|------|----------------------|----|
| 4233T | Tablet 5 mg | 30 | 5 | .. | 102.12 | 5.60 | <sup>a</sup> Finasta | SZ |
|       |             |    |   | .. | 111.69 | 5.60 | <sup>a</sup> Proscar | MK |

## Antiinfectives for systemic use

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Antiinfectives for systemic use

### Antibacterials for systemic use

#### Macrolides, lincosamides and streptogramins

##### *Macrolides*

##### AZITHROMYCIN

##### Restricted benefit

Upper and lower respiratory tract infections.

|       |                              |   |    |    |       |      |           |    |
|-------|------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|------|-----------|----|
| 4115N | Tablet 500 mg (as dihydrate) | 3 | .. | .. | 31.51 | 5.60 | Zithromax | PF |
|-------|------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|------|-----------|----|

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

### Antineoplastic agents

#### Antimetabolites

##### *Pyrimidine analogues*

|       |  |   |    |    |       |      |        |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|------|--------|----|
| 4222F | FLUOROURACIL<br>Cream 50 mg per g (5%), 20 g | 1 | .. | .. | 55.31 | 5.60 | Efudix | VT |
|-------|--|---|----|----|-------|------|--------|----|

### Immunosuppressants

#### Immunosuppressants

##### *Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-alpha) inhibitors*

#### INFLIXIMAB

##### Note

Any queries concerning the arrangements to prescribe infliximab may be directed to the Veterans' Affairs Pharmaceutical Advisory Centre (VAPAC) on 1800 552 580.

Written applications for authority to prescribe infliximab should be forwarded to:

Reply Paid 9998  
Veterans' Affairs Pharmaceutical Advisory Centre (VAPAC)  
Department of Veterans' Affairs  
GPO Box 9998  
BRISBANE QLD 4001.

##### Authority required

Initial treatment, in combination with methotrexate, of specific accepted war-caused or service-related disability of refractory rheumatoid arthritis. Initial treatment may be prescribed by rheumatologists or consultant physicians for the reduction of signs and symptoms and prevention of structural joint damage in adult patients with active rheumatoid arthritis who satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (1) (a) Proven raised erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) and/or C-reactive protein (CRP); and
- (1) (b) Proven erosive rheumatoid arthritis without end-stage disease;
- (2) Failure of an adequate trial of methotrexate and 2 other disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (such as sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide or cyclosporin) — unless these drugs were contraindicated or intolerance had developed;
- (3) No history of active tuberculosis requiring treatment in the last 3 years;
- (4) No history of opportunistic infection in the last 2 months;
- (5) Female patients of child-bearing age are not pregnant, not breast-feeding, and are using an effective form of contraception.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Infliximab (Remicade) RPBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form (contact the VAPAC on 1800 552 580 for a copy of the form).

##### Authority required

Continuing treatment, in combination with methotrexate, of specific accepted war-caused or service-related disability of refractory rheumatoid arthritis. Continuing treatment may be prescribed by rheumatologists or consultant physicians, following initial therapy of 3 doses, in patients who satisfy the following criteria:

- (1) There is improvement in ESR and/or CRP; and
- (2) An ACR20 (American College of Rheumatology) response is achieved by 14 weeks after the commencement of therapy.

Applications for authorisation must be in writing and must include:

- (1) a completed authority prescription form; and
- (2) a completed Infliximab (Remicade) RPBS Authority Application - Supporting Information form (contact the VAPAC on 1800 552 580 for a copy of the form).

##### Note

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Reply Paid 9998  
Veterans' Affairs Pharmaceutical Advisory Centre (VAPAC)  
Department of Veterans' Affairs

## Antineoplastic and immunomodulating agents

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|       | GPO Box 9998<br>BRISBANE QLD 4001.                      |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 4284L | Powder for I.V. infusion 100 mg                         | 1           | 2           | ..      | 846.98                                   | 5.60   | Remicade SH                 |

## Musculo-skeletal system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |  |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|

## Musculo-skeletal system

### Antiinflammatory and antirheumatic products

#### Antiinflammatory and antirheumatic products, non-steroids

##### *Acetic acid derivatives and related substances*

###### DICLOFENAC SODIUM with MISOPROSTOL

###### Authority required

Patients requiring an NSAID in whom a risk of upper gastrointestinal complications is high or with a history of peptic ulcer disease.

|       |                             |    |   |    |       |      |              |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|--------------|----|
| 4190M | Tablet 50 mg-200 micrograms | 60 | 2 | .. | 37.78 | 5.60 | Arthrotec 50 | PH |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|--------------|----|

### Topical products for joint and muscular pain

#### Topical products for joint and muscular pain

##### *Preparations with salicylic acid derivatives*

###### METHYL SALICYLATE

|       |                           |    |   |    |       |      |            |    |
|-------|---------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|------------|----|
| 4022Q | Compound cream APF, 100 g | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 14.02 | 5.60 | Gold Cross | BI |
| 4023R | Ointment BP, 100 g        | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 12.17 | 5.60 | Gold Cross | BI |
| 4026X | Liniment APF, 100 mL      | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 9.94  | 5.60 | Gold Cross | BI |

### Drugs for treatment of bone diseases

#### Drugs affecting bone structure and mineralization

##### *Bisphosphonates*

###### RISEDRONATE SODIUM

###### Authority required

For preservation of bone mineral density in patients on long-term glucocorticoid therapy where patients are undergoing continuous treatment with a dose equal to or greater than 7.5 mg of prednisone or equivalent per day. Prescribers need to demonstrate that the patient has been on continuous therapy for 3 months or more and demonstrate that the patient is osteopenic (bone mineral density t-score of less than -1.0).

|       |              |    |   |    |       |      |                     |    |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|------|---------------------|----|
| 4443W | Tablet 5 mg  | 28 | 5 | .. | 53.34 | 5.60 | Actonel             | SW |
| 4444X | Tablet 35 mg | 4  | 5 | .. | 53.34 | 5.60 | Actonel Once-a-Week | SW |

##### *Bisphosphonates, combinations*

###### RISEDRONATE SODIUM and CALCIUM CARBONATE

###### Authority required

For preservation of bone mineral density in patients on long-term glucocorticoid therapy where patients are undergoing continuous treatment with a dose equal to or greater than 7.5 mg of prednisone or equivalent per day. Prescribers need to demonstrate that the patient has been on continuous therapy for 3 months or more and demonstrate that the patient is osteopenic (bone mineral density t-score of less than -1.0).

|       |   |    |   |    |       |      |               |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|---------------|----|
| 4059P | Pack containing 4 tablets risedronate sodium 35 mg and 24 tablets calcium carbonate 1.25 g (equivalent to 500 mg calcium) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 53.34 | 5.60 | Actonel Combi | SW |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|---------------|----|

###### RISEDRONATE SODIUM and CALCIUM CARBONATE with COLECALCIFEROL

###### Authority required

For preservation of bone mineral density in patients on long-term glucocorticoid therapy where patients are undergoing continuous treatment with a dose equal to or greater than 7.5 mg of prednisone or equivalent per day.

Prescribers need to demonstrate that the patient has been on continuous therapy for 3 months or more and demonstrate that the patient is osteopenic (bone mineral density T-score of less than -1.0).

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |                 |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|-----------------|----|
| 4380M | Pack containing 4 tablets risedronate sodium 35 mg and 24 sachets containing granules of calcium carbonate 2.5 g (equivalent to 1 g calcium) with colecalciferol 22 micrograms | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 53.34 | 5.60 | Actonel Combi D | SW |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|-----------------|----|

## Nervous system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Nervous system

### Analgesics

#### Opioids

##### *Natural opium alkaloids*

###### MORPHINE SULFATE

###### Caution

The risk of drug dependence is high.

###### Restricted benefit

Chronic severe disabling pain not responding to non-narcotic analgesics.

###### Note

Authorities for increased maximum quantities and/or repeats will be granted only for

(i) chronic severe disabling pain associated with proven malignant neoplasia; or

(ii) chronic severe disabling pain where treatment has been initiated by a specialist with appropriate expertise in pain management.

|       |                                    |    |    |    |       |      |           |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|-----------|----|
| 4349X | Tablet 200 mg (controlled release) | 20 | .. | .. | 89.64 | 5.60 | MS Contin | MF |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|-----------|----|

##### *Diphenylpropylamine derivatives*

###### DEXTROPROPOXYPHENE NAPSYLATE

###### Caution

Chronic use of this preparation is likely to cause drug dependence.

|       |                |    |    |    |        |      |          |    |
|-------|----------------|----|----|----|--------|------|----------|----|
| 4081T | Capsule 100 mg | 50 | .. | .. | *22.27 | 5.60 | Doloxene | AS |
|-------|----------------|----|----|----|--------|------|----------|----|

#### Other analgesics and antipyretics

##### *Salicylic acid and derivatives*

###### CODEINE PHOSPHATE with ASPIRIN

|       |                            |    |   |    |       |      |          |    |
|-------|----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|----------|----|
| 4061R | Tablet soluble 8 mg-300 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 13.57 | 5.60 | Aspalgin | FM |
|-------|----------------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|----------|----|

##### *Anilides*

###### CODEINE PHOSPHATE with PARACETAMOL

|       |                     |    |   |    |       |      |             |    |
|-------|---------------------|----|---|----|-------|------|-------------|----|
| 4170L | Tablet 15 mg-500 mg | 20 | 2 | .. | 9.73  | 5.60 | Prodeine 15 | SW |
| 4171M | Tablet 8 mg-500 mg  | 50 | 2 | .. | 11.74 | 5.60 | Panamax Co. | SW |
|       |                     |    |   | .. | 12.86 | 5.60 | Codalgin    | FM |

#### Other analgesics and antipyretics

###### GABAPENTIN

###### Authority required

To be approved for the treatment of refractory neuropathic pain not controlled by other drugs.

|       |                |     |   |    |       |      |                  |       |
|-------|----------------|-----|---|----|-------|------|------------------|-------|
| 4591P | Capsule 100 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 22.93 | 5.60 | Gabatine 100     | SI    |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | Gantin           | AW    |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | Nupentin 100     | AF    |
|       |                |     |   |    | 23.89 | 5.60 | Neurontin        | PF    |
| 4592Q | Capsule 300 mg | 100 | 5 | .. | 59.23 | 5.60 | DBL Gabapentin   | HH    |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | Douglas          | GN    |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | Gabapentin       | 300mg |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | Gabaheal 300mg   | SZ    |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | Gabatine 300     | SI    |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | Gantin           | AW    |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | GenRx Gabapentin | GX    |
|       |                |     |   |    |       |      | Nupentin 300     | AF    |

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer   |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
|       |   |             |             | ..      | 60.18                                    | 5.60 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Neurontin PF  |
| 4593R | Capsule 400 mg  | 100         | 5           | ..      | 78.45                                    | 5.60 <sup>a</sup>                                      | DBL Gabapentin HH<br>Douglas GN<br>Gabapentin<br>400mg<br>Gabaheal 400mg SZ<br>Gabatine 400 SI<br>Gantin AW<br>GenRx Gabapentin GX<br>Nupentin 400 AF |
|       |   |             |             | ..      | 79.41                                    | 5.60 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Neurontin PF  |
| 4594T | Tablet 600 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 121.70                                   | 5.60   | Neurontin PF  |
| 4595W | Tablet 800 mg   | 100         | 5           | ..      | 158.84                                   | 5.60 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Gantin AW   |
|       |   |             |             | ..      | 159.78                                   | 5.60 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Neurontin PF  |

### PREGABALIN

#### Authority required

For the treatment of refractory neuropathic pain not controlled by other drugs.

|       |                |    |   |    |        |      |           |
|-------|----------------|----|---|----|--------|------|-----------|
| 4320J | Capsule 25 mg  | 56 | 5 | .. | 42.65  | 5.60 | Lyrica PF |
| 4322L | Capsule 75 mg  | 56 | 5 | .. | 84.96  | 5.60 | Lyrica PF |
| 4323M | Capsule 150 mg | 56 | 5 | .. | 124.24 | 5.60 | Lyrica PF |
| 4324N | Capsule 300 mg | 56 | 5 | .. | 183.14 | 5.60 | Lyrica PF |

## Psycholeptics

### Anxiolytics

#### *Benzodiazepine derivatives*

#### BROMAZEPAM

#### Authority required

Patients with terminal disease;

Patients with refractory phobic or anxiety states.

#### Note

For short-term use and palliative care. This drug should not be used as the first line of treatment. Other PBS-listed benzodiazepines should have been adequately tried and found to be ineffective or inappropriate. Authorities for increased quantities and/or repeats may be granted to patients with terminal disease, and other patients who have been shown to be dependent on this item by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal.

|       |             |    |    |    |        |      |            |
|-------|-------------|----|----|----|--------|------|------------|
| 4150K | Tablet 3 mg | 60 | .. | .. | *27.38 | 5.60 | Lexotan RO |
| 4151L | Tablet 6 mg | 60 | .. | .. | *33.40 | 5.60 | Lexotan RO |

#### *Azapirodecanedione derivatives*

#### BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE

#### Authority required

For the short-term treatment of anxiety.

|       |              |    |    |    |       |      |           |
|-------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|------|-----------|
| 4144D | Tablet 5 mg  | 50 | .. | .. | 37.99 | 5.60 | Buspar SI |
| 4145E | Tablet 10 mg | 50 | .. | .. | 54.84 | 5.60 | Buspar SI |

### Hypnotics and sedatives

#### *Benzodiazepine derivatives*

#### FLUNITRAZEPAM

#### Authority required

Patients with terminal disease;

Patients with refractory phobic or anxiety states.

## Nervous system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For short-term use and palliative care. This drug should not be used as the first line of treatment. Other PBS-listed benzodiazepines should have been adequately tried and found to be ineffective or inappropriate. Authorities for increased quantities and/or repeats may be granted to patients with terminal disease, and other patients who have been shown to be dependent on this item by an unsuccessful attempt at gradual withdrawal. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4216X   | Tablet 1 mg   | 30          | ..          | ..      | 13.27                                    | 5.60   | Hypnodorm                   | AF |
| <b>Benzodiazepine related drugs</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>ZOPICLONE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For the short-term treatment of insomnia.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4522B   | Tablet 7.5 mg   | 30          | ..          | ..      | 21.76                                    | 5.60 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Imrest                      | AF |
|   |   |             |             | ..      | 24.92                                    | 5.60 <sup>a</sup>                                      | Imovane                     | SW |

### Other nervous system drugs

#### Drugs used in addictive disorders

#### *Drugs used in nicotine dependence*

##### NICOTINE

##### Authority required

Patients who have indicated that they are ready to cease smoking and who have entered a support and counselling program.

##### Note

Studies have shown that successful therapy with this drug is enhanced by patient participation in a support and counselling program.

|       |  |   |    |    |        |      |                 |    |
|-------|--|---|----|----|--------|------|-----------------|----|
| 4571N | Transdermal patches releasing approximately<br>7 mg per 24 hours, 7  | 2 | .. | .. | *51.38 | 5.60 | QuitX           | AF |
| 4572P | Transdermal patches releasing approximately<br>14 mg per 24 hours, 7 | 2 | .. | .. | *54.56 | 5.60 | QuitX           | AF |
|       |  |   |    | .. | *68.74 | 5.60 | Nicabate CQ 14  | GC |
| 4573Q | Transdermal patches releasing approximately<br>21 mg per 24 hours, 7 | 2 | 2  | .. | *57.68 | 5.60 | QuitX           | AF |
|       |  |   |    | .. | *68.74 | 5.60 | Nicabate CQ 21  | GC |
| 4576W | Transdermal patches releasing approximately<br>5 mg per 16 hours, 7  | 2 | .. | .. | *50.82 | 5.60 | Nicorette Patch | JT |
| 4577X | Transdermal patches releasing approximately<br>10 mg per 16 hours, 7 | 2 | .. | .. | *54.78 | 5.60 | Nicorette Patch | JT |
| 4578Y | Transdermal patches releasing approximately<br>15 mg per 16 hours, 7 | 2 | 2  | .. | *59.96 | 5.60 | Nicorette Patch | JT |

## Antiparasitic products, insecticides and repellents

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Antiparasitic products, insecticides and repellents

### Anthelmintics

#### Antinematodal agents

##### *Benzimidazole derivatives*

|       |                              |   |    |    |       |      |        |    |
|-------|------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|------|--------|----|
| 4325P | MEBENDAZOLE<br>Tablet 100 mg | 6 | .. | .. | 14.92 | 5.60 | Vermox | BI |
|-------|------------------------------|---|----|----|-------|------|--------|----|

## Respiratory system

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Respiratory system

### Nasal preparations

#### Decongestants and other nasal preparations for topical use

##### *Sympathomimetics, plain*

|       |   |    |    |    |       |      |                         |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|-------------------------|
| 4378K | <b>OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b><br>Nasal spray 500 micrograms per mL (0.05%),<br>15 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 17.15 | 5.60 | Drixine SH              |
| 4379L | Nasal spray 500 micrograms per mL (0.05%),<br>18 mL                                       | ‡1 | .. | .. | 16.76 | 5.60 | Logicin Rapid Relief SI |

##### *Antiallergic agents, excl. corticosteroids*

|       |   |    |   |    |       |      |             |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|-------------|
| 4311X | <b>LEVOCABASTINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b><br>Nasal spray 500 micrograms per mL (0.05%),<br>10 mL (100 doses) | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 18.24 | 5.60 | Livostin JT |
| 4468E | <b>SODIUM CROMOGLYCATE</b><br>Nasal spray metered dose pump 20 mg per mL<br>(2%), 26 mL               | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 22.91 | 5.60 | Rynacrom SW |

##### *Corticosteroids*

###### **BUDESONIDE**

###### Restricted benefit

Severe intractable rhinitis.

|       |   |    |    |    |       |      |                    |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|--------------------|
| 4092J | Aqueous nasal spray (pump pack)<br>64 micrograms per dose (120 doses) | ‡1 | .. | .. | 31.73 | 5.60 | Budamax Aqueous PM |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|--------------------|

##### *Other nasal preparations*

###### **IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE**

###### Restricted benefit

Severe intractable rhinorrhoea, associated with perennial rhinitis, unresponsive to insufflated nasal steroids.

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |                              |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|------------------------------|
| 4089F | Aqueous nasal spray (pump pack)<br>21 micrograms (anhydrous) per dose (180<br>doses) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 23.59 | 5.60 | Atrovent Nasal<br>Aqueous BY |
| 4090G | Aqueous nasal spray (pump pack)<br>42 micrograms (anhydrous) per dose (180<br>doses) | ‡1 | 5 | .. | 30.47 | 5.60 | Atrovent Nasal<br>Forte BY   |

#### Nasal decongestants for systemic use

##### *Sympathomimetics*

|       |  |    |    |    |       |      |                  |
|-------|--|----|----|----|-------|------|------------------|
| 4029C | <b>PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b><br>Tablet 60 mg | 12 | .. | .. | 11.02 | 5.60 | Logicin Sinus SI |
|-------|--|----|----|----|-------|------|------------------|

### Cough and cold preparations

#### Expectorants, excl. combinations with cough suppressants

##### *Expectorants*

|       |   |    |   |    |      |      |               |
|-------|---|----|---|----|------|------|---------------|
| 4074K | <b>SENEGA and AMMONIA</b><br>Mixture 200 mL | ‡1 | 4 | .. | 9.18 | 5.60 | Gold Cross BI |
|-------|---|----|---|----|------|------|---------------|

## Respiratory system

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Cough suppressants, excl. combinations with expectorants</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b><i>Opium alkaloids and derivatives</i></b>                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <b>PHOLCODINE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 4071G   | Linctus 1 mg per mL (0.1%), 100 mL                      | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 9.02                                     | 5.60   | Gold Cross BI               |
|   |   |             |             | ..      | 14.61                                    | 5.60   | Duro-Tuss IA                |

### Antihistamines for systemic use

#### Antihistamines for systemic use

##### *Phenothiazine derivatives*

###### PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

###### Caution

Significant side effects may occur.

|       |              |    |   |    |       |      |              |
|-------|--------------|----|---|----|-------|------|--------------|
| 4072H | Tablet 10 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 14.67 | 5.60 | Phenergan SW |
| 4073J | Tablet 25 mg | 50 | 2 | .. | 16.76 | 5.60 | Phenergan SW |

##### *Piperazine derivatives*

###### CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

|       |              |    |    |    |       |                   |            |
|-------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------------------|------------|
| 4175R | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 29.65 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Alzene AF  |
|       |              |    |    | .. | 32.87 | 5.60              | Zilarex SZ |
|       |              |    |    | .. | 39.45 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Zyrtec JT  |

##### *Other antihistamines for systemic use*

###### FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE

|       |               |    |    |    |        |                   |                |
|-------|---------------|----|----|----|--------|-------------------|----------------|
| 4237B | Tablet 60 mg  | 60 | .. | .. | *41.13 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Fexal SZ       |
|       |               |    |    | .. | *54.99 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Telfast SW     |
| 4238C | Tablet 120 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 29.42  | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Xergic AF      |
|       |               |    |    | .. | 34.71  | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Fexal SZ       |
|       |               |    |    | .. | 47.13  | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Telfast 120 SW |

###### LORATADINE

|       |              |    |    |    |       |                   |              |
|-------|--------------|----|----|----|-------|-------------------|--------------|
| 4313B | Tablet 10 mg | 30 | .. | .. | 32.99 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Allereze AF  |
|       |              |    |    | .. | 43.65 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Lorano SZ    |
|       |              |    |    | .. | 45.92 | 5.60 <sup>a</sup> | Claratyne SH |

## Sensory organs

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

# Sensory organs

### Ophthalmologicals

#### Decongestants and antiallergics

##### *Sympathomimetics used as decongestants*

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |                   |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|-------------------|----|
| 4031E | <b>ANTAZOLINE with NAPHAZOLINE</b><br>Eye drops 5 mg (sulfate)-250 micrograms<br>(nitrate) per mL (0.5%-0.025%), 10 mL | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 13.86 | 5.60 | Antistine-Privine | NV |
| 4032F | Eye drops 5 mg (phosphate)-500 micrograms<br>(hydrochloride) per mL (0.5%-0.05%), 15 mL                                | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 14.80 | 5.60 | Albalon-A         | AG |
| 4035J | <b>NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b><br>Eye drops 1 mg per mL (0.1%), 15 mL  | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 15.09 | 5.60 | Albalon Liquifilm | AG |

##### *Other antiallergics*

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |          |    |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|----------|----|
| 4310W | <b>LEVOCABASTINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b><br>Eye drops 500 micrograms per mL (0.05%), 4 mL<br>(120 doses) | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 18.24 | 5.60 | Livostin | JT |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|----------|----|

### Otologicals

#### Other otologicals

##### *Indifferent preparations*

|       |   |    |    |    |       |      |                                  |    |
|-------|---|----|----|----|-------|------|----------------------------------|----|
| 4176T | <b>CARBAMIDE PEROXIDE</b><br>Ear drops 65 mg per mL (6.5%), 12 mL   | ‡1 | .. | .. | 16.08 | 5.60 | Ear Clear for Ear<br>Wax Removal | KY |
| 4180B | <b>DICHLOROBENZENE with CHLORBUTOL and TURPENTINE OIL</b><br>Ear drops 20 mg-50 mg-0.1 mL per mL (2%-5%-<br>10%), 10 mL | ‡1 | .. | .. | 14.08 | 5.60 | Cerumol                          | AC |
| 4199B | <b>DOCUSATE SODIUM</b><br>Ear drops 5 mg per mL (0.5%), 10 mL   | ‡1 | .. | .. | 14.47 | 5.60 | Waxsol                           | NE |

## Various

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|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

## Various

|                                |
|--------------------------------|
| All other therapeutic products |
|--------------------------------|

**All other therapeutic products**

*Drugs for treatment of hyperkalemia and hyperphosphatemia*

|       |   |    |   |    |       |      |            |    |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|------------|----|
| 4470G | SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULFONATE<br>Oral powder 454 g | ±1 | 2 | .. | 71.12 | 5.60 | Resonium-A | SW |
|-------|---|----|---|----|-------|------|------------|----|

## Various

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### REPATRIATION PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFITS SCHEME (RPBS) WOUND ASSESSMENT AND DRESSING IDENTIFICATION

It is essential to define the aetiology of the wound before selecting a dressing. Recommendations are based on wound type, colour of wound base, depth of wound, and amount of exudate.

This wound chart adheres to the MOIST WOUND concept of healing and wound dressings are described below as ABSORBING or MOISTURE DONATING.

Most wound healing products are designed to remain in situ for several days, with the exception of those for infected wounds which should be changed daily. The quantities and repeats listed in the Repatriation Schedule are considered to be adequate to manage the treatment of a wound for two weeks to one month, when an assessment of the wound's healing process should be undertaken.

#### DRESSINGS

##### PINK EPITHELIALISING WOUND

Aim: To protect and promote epithelialisation. Epithelialising wounds normally are superficial and only produce a light exudate.

- |               |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| (A) Covering  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Film;</li> <li>• Film Island</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gauze—Paraffin;</li> <li>• Non-adherent</li> </ul>        |
| (B) Absorbing | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Foam (Light Exudate);</li> <li>• Hydroactive (Superficial Wound—Light Exudate)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Superficial Wound—Light Exudate)</li> </ul> |

##### RED GRANULATING WOUND

Aims: (1) to protect the granulating tissue; (2) to encourage epithelialisation; (3) to absorb excess exudate.

- | LIGHT EXUDATE:        | Superficial   | Cavity   |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| (A) Absorbing         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Foam (Light Exudate);</li> <li>• Hydroactive (Superficial Wound—Light Exudate);</li> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Superficial Wound—Light Exudate)</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Cavity Wound)</li> </ul>  |
| (B) Moisture donating | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrogel—Amorphous;</li> <li>• Hydrogel—Sheet</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrogel—Amorphous</li> </ul>   |
| HIGH EXUDATE:         | Superficial   | Cavity   |
| (A) Absorbing         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alginate (Superficial Wound);</li> <li>• Foam—Heavy Exudate;</li> <li>• Hydroactive (Superficial Wound—Moderate Exudate);</li> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Superficial Wound—Moderate/High Exudate)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alginate (Cavity Wound);</li> <li>• Foam—Moderate Exudate (see “cavity conforming” product);</li> <li>• Hydroactive (Cavity Wound);</li> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Cavity Wound)</li> </ul> |
| (B) Moisture donating | NOT APPROPRIATE   |  |

## Various

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### YELLOW SLOUGHY WOUND

Aims: (1) to remove slough; (2) to encourage granulation; (3) to absorb excess exudate.

| LIGHT EXUDATE:        | Superficial   | Cavity   |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| (A) Absorbing         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cadexomer Iodine;</li> <li>• Foam—Light Exudate;</li> <li>• Foam with Charcoal;</li> <li>• Hydroactive (Superficial Wound—Moderate Exudate);</li> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Superficial Wound—Moderate Exudate)</li> </ul>                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cadexomer Iodine;</li> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Cavity Wound)</li> </ul>                                     |
| (B) Moisture Donating | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrogel—Amorphous;</li> <li>• Hydrogel—Sheet</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrogel—Amorphous</li> </ul>   |
| HIGH EXUDATE:         | Superficial   | Cavity   |
| (A) Absorbing         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alginate (Superficial Wound);</li> <li>• Cadexomer Iodine;</li> <li>• Foam—Heavy Exudate;</li> <li>• Hydroactive (Superficial Wound—Moderate/High Exudate);</li> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Superficial Wound—Moderate/High Exudate)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alginate (Cavity Wound);</li> <li>• Cadexomer Iodine;</li> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Cavity Wound)</li> </ul> |
| (B) Moisture donating | NOT APPROPRIATE   |  |

### BLACK NECROTIC WOUND

Aim: To remove eschar by — (1) sharp debridement, e.g., scissor/scalpel and/or (2) rehydration and autolytic debridement. (These wounds usually produce a LIGHT EXUDATE.)

| DRY / LIGHT EXUDATE:  | Superficial   | Cavity  |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| (A) Absorbing         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydroactive (Superficial Wound—Light Exudate);</li> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Superficial Wound—Light/Moderate Exudate)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrocolloid (Cavity Wound)</li> </ul>                   |
| (B) Moisture donating | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrogel—Amorphous;</li> <li>• Hydrogel—Sheet</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydrogel—Amorphous;</li> <li>• Hydrogel—Sheet</li> </ul> |

## Various

| Code | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
|------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|

### INFECTED WOUNDS

Aims: (1) to clear the infection with systemic antibiotics; (2) to absorb excess exudate; (3) to remove slough if present; (4) to decrease bacterial burden - by applying a Silver dressing or Cadexomer Iodine dressing.

### MALODOROUS WOUNDS

Aims: (1) to clear infection if present; (2) to remove slough if present; (3) to clear colonising odour-producing bacteria in slough — by applying metronidazole gel, a Silver dressing or a Cadexomer Iodine dressing; (4) to absorb excess exudate.

Products: Activated Charcoal; Alginate with Charcoal; Foam with Charcoal; Silver dressing; Cadexomer Iodine dressing.

### MINOR SKIN TRAUMA

Aims: (1) to stop bleeding; (2) to prevent infection; (3) to minimise the surface defect; (4) to promote epithelialisation.

### ORDERING HARTMANN PRODUCTS

Hartmann wound dressings are available through HARTMANN and Independence Australia only. If you would like to order Hartmann Wound Care products, please call HARTMANN customer service on 1800 805 839 or Independence Australia on 1300 788 855.

### ORDERING COLOPLAST PRODUCTS

Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors.

### ORDERING MOLNLYCKE HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS

Molnlycke Healthcare products are distributed through leading pharmacy distributors. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, special arrangements have been made with API and Independence Australia Health Solutions (IAHS). IAHS orders can be placed on: Tel: 1300 788 855; or Email customerservice@independenceaustralia.com. Molnlycke Healthcare are not able to ensure product availability or pricing on listed products beyond these two suppliers.

### All other non-therapeutic products

#### All other non-therapeutic products *Other non-therapeutic auxiliary products*

| Code   | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>BANDAGE—ABSORBENT WOOL</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 4653X  | Bandage 10 cm x 3 m                                     | 6           | ..          | ..      | 20.32                                    | 5.60   | Surepress 650948 CC         |
| <b>BANDAGE—CALICO</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 4717G  | Bandage, triangular, large                              | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 13.49                                    | 5.60   | Handy 5608 BV               |
| <b>BANDAGE—COMPRESSION</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| <u>Note</u>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| Treatment of varices and oedema associated with venous disease and lymphoedema; contraindicated in arterial disease. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 4654Y  | Bandage, short stretch, 8 cm x 5 m                      | 5           | ..          | ..      | *77.77                                   | 5.60   | Comprilan 1027 BV           |
| 4656C  | Bandage, high stretch, 7.5 cm x 3.5 m                   | 5           | ..          | ..      | *68.37                                   | 5.60   | Setopress 3504 SS           |
| 4657D  | Bandage, high stretch, 10 cm x 3.5 m                    | 5           | ..          | ..      | *78.57                                   | 5.60   | Setopress 3505 SS           |
| 4736G  | Bandage, high stretch, 7.5 cm x 3 m                     | 5           | ..          | ..      | *94.32                                   | 5.60   | Tensopress<br>66004347 BV   |
| 4748X  | Bandage, high stretch, 10 cm x 3 m                      | 5           | ..          | ..      | *72.92                                   | 5.60   | Surepress 650947 CC         |
|  |   |             |             | ..      | *126.62                                  | 5.60   | Tensopress<br>66004348 BV   |

#### **BANDAGE—COMPRESSION**

##### Note

Treatment of varices and oedema associated with venous disease and lymphoedema; contraindicated in arterial disease.

## Various

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| 4598B   | Bandage, four layer                                     | 5           | ..          | ..      | *145.67                                  | 5.60   | Profore Lite<br>66050415 SN   |
| 4658E   | Bandage, four layer                                     | 5           | ..          | ..      | *214.97                                  | 5.60   | Profore 66050016 SN           |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>BANDAGE—COMPRESSION</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| Treatment of varices and oedema associated with venous disease and lymphoedema; contraindicated in arterial disease.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| Initial treatment of venous ulcers.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| 4938X   | Bandage, two layer, 18 cm-22 cm (red)                   | 1           | ..          | ..      | 49.03                                    | 5.60   | ProGuide<br>66000780 SN       |
| 4939Y   | Bandage, two layer, 22 cm-28 cm (yellow)                | 1           | ..          | ..      | 49.03                                    | 5.60   | ProGuide<br>66000781 SN       |
| 4940B   | Bandage, two layer, 28 cm-32 cm (green)                 | 1           | ..          | ..      | 49.03                                    | 5.60   | ProGuide<br>66000782 SN       |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>BANDAGE—COMPRESSION</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| Treatment of varices and oedema associated with venous disease and lymphoedema; contraindicated in arterial disease.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>Restricted benefit</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| Continuation of treatment of venous ulcers where patient's ability to tolerate dressing has been demonstrated.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| 4941C   | Bandage, two layer, 18 cm-22 cm (red)                   | 4           | ..          | ..      | *174.10                                  | 5.60   | ProGuide<br>66000780 SN       |
| 4942D   | Bandage, two layer, 22 cm-28 cm (yellow)                | 4           | ..          | ..      | *174.10                                  | 5.60   | ProGuide<br>66000781 SN       |
| 4943E   | Bandage, two layer, 28 cm-32 cm (green)                 | 4           | ..          | ..      | *174.10                                  | 5.60   | ProGuide<br>66000782 SN       |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>BANDAGE—RETENTION—COHESIVE—HEAVY</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| 4659F   | Bandage 7.5 cm x 3 m                                    | 2           | ..          | ..      | *20.06                                   | 5.60   | Coplus 3629 BV                |
| 4660G   | Bandage 10 cm x 2 m                                     | 2           | ..          | ..      | *19.36                                   | 5.60   | Coban 1584 MM                 |
| 4811F   | Bandage 5 cm x 1.3 m                                    | 2           | ..          | ..      | *14.02                                   | 5.60   | Peg 7420 BK                   |
| 4812G   | Bandage 7.5 cm x 1.3 m                                  | 2           | ..          | ..      | *17.30                                   | 5.60   | Peg 7422 BK                   |
| 4813H   | Bandage 10 cm x 1.3 m                                   | 2           | ..          | ..      | *21.04                                   | 5.60   | Peg 7423 BK                   |
| 4814J   | Bandage 15 cm x 1.3 m                                   | 2           | ..          | ..      | *28.18                                   | 5.60   | Peg 7425 BK                   |
| <hr/>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| <b>BANDAGE—RETENTION—COHESIVE—LIGHT</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                               |
| 4662J   | Bandage 10 cm x 4 m                                     | 2           | ..          | ..      | *17.14                                   | 5.60   | Handygaue<br>Cohesive 8635 BV |
| 4718H   | Bandages 2.5 cm x 4 m, 2                                | †1          | ..          | ..      | 12.52                                    | 5.60   | Handygaue<br>Cohesive 8631 BV |
| 4719J   | Bandage 6 cm x 4 m                                      | 2           | ..          | ..      | *14.70                                   | 5.60   | Handygaue<br>Cohesive 8633 BV |

## Various

| Code  | Name, Restriction,<br>Manner of Administration and Form | Max.<br>Qty | No. of Rpts | Premium | Dispensed Price<br>for<br>Max. Qty<br>\$ | Maximum<br>Recordable<br>Value for<br>Safety Net<br>\$ | Brand Name and Manufacturer |    |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>BANDAGE—RETENTION—COTTON CREPE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4727T   | Bandage 5 cm x 2.3 m                                    | 2           | ..          | ..      | *17.44                                   | 5.60   | Telfa 8252F                 | KE |
|   |   |             |             |         | *18.28                                   | 5.60   | Tensocrepe<br>36300501      | BV |
| 4728W   | Bandage 7.5 cm x 2.3 m                                  | 2           | ..          | ..      | *22.22                                   | 5.60   | Telfa 8253F                 | KE |
|   |   |             |             |         | *22.40                                   | 5.60   | Tensocrepe<br>36307501      | BV |
| 4729X   | Bandage 10 cm x 2.3 m                                   | 2           | ..          | ..      | *25.38                                   | 5.60   | Telfa 8254F                 | KE |
|   |   |             |             |         | *27.82                                   | 5.60   | Tensocrepe<br>36301001      | BV |
| <b>BANDAGE—TUBULAR</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4663K   | Bandage, straight, size C                               | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 15.38                                    | 5.60   | Elastoplast 2225            | BE |
| 4664L   | Bandage, straight, size D                               | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 15.38                                    | 5.60   | Elastoplast 2226            | BE |
| 4665M   | Bandage, straight, size E                               | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 15.38                                    | 5.60   | Elastoplast 2227            | BE |
| 4855M   | Bandage 6.25 cm x 1 m                                   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 18.17                                    | 5.60   | Tubigrip B 1520             | SS |
| 4856N   | Bandage 6.75 cm x 1 m                                   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 18.17                                    | 5.60   | Tubigrip C 1545             | SS |
| 4857P   | Bandage 7.5 cm x 1 m                                    | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 18.17                                    | 5.60   | Tubigrip D 1546             | SS |
| 4858Q   | Bandage 8.75 cm x 1 m                                   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 18.17                                    | 5.60   | Tubigrip E 1547             | SS |
| 4859R   | Bandage 10 cm x 1 m                                     | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 18.17                                    | 5.60   | Tubigrip F 1548             | SS |
| <b>BANDAGE—TUBULAR (FINGER)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4726R   | Refill  | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 13.73                                    | 5.60   | Tubegauz 0501658            | SS |
| 4798M   | Complete pack including applicator                      | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 17.77                                    | 5.60   | Tubegauz 0501633            | SS |
| <b>BANDAGE—TUBULAR (LIGHTWEIGHT)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4671W   | Bandage, small limb size (red), 10 m                    | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 28.36                                    | 5.60   | Tubifast 2434               | SS |
| 4672X   | Bandage, medium limb size (green), 10 m                 | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 32.02                                    | 5.60   | Tubifast 2436               | SS |
| 4673Y   | Bandage, large limb size (blue), 10 m                   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 35.58                                    | 5.60   | Tubifast 2438               | SS |
| <b>BANDAGE—TUBULAR (LONG STOCKING)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4674B   | Bandage, small size                                     | 2           | ..          | ..      | *40.18                                   | 5.60   | Tubigrip 1482               | SS |
| 4675C   | Bandage, XX/large size                                  | 2           | ..          | ..      | *40.18                                   | 5.60   | Tubigrip 1486               | SS |
| 4797L   | Bandage, medium size                                    | 2           | ..          | ..      | *40.18                                   | 5.60   | Tubigrip 1483               | SS |
| 4799N   | Bandage, large size                                     | 2           | ..          | ..      | *40.18                                   | 5.60   | Tubigrip 1484               | SS |
| <b>BANDAGE—TUBULAR (SHORT STOCKING)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4661H   | Bandage, small B/C size                                 | 2           | ..          | ..      | *30.44                                   | 5.60   | Tubigrip 1479               | SS |
| 4815K   | Bandage, medium C/D size                                | 2           | ..          | ..      | *30.44                                   | 5.60   | Tubigrip 1480               | SS |
| 4816L   | Bandage, large D/E size                                 | 2           | ..          | ..      | *30.44                                   | 5.60   | Tubigrip 1481               | SS |
| <b>BANDAGE—ZINC PASTE</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Used as an adjunct in the management of leg ulceration and associated eczema and skin conditions. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4668Q   | Bandage 7.5 cm x 6 m                                    | 2           | ..          | ..      | *29.20                                   | 5.60   | Zincaband 3604              | SS |
| 4669R   | Bandage 7.5 cm x 6 m                                    | 2           | 3           | ..      | *29.66                                   | 5.60   | Steripaste 3610             | XP |
| 4670T   | Bandage 10 cm x 9.1 m                                   | 2           | 3           | ..      | *28.78                                   | 5.60   | Flexidress 650941           | CC |

### BANDAGE—ZINC PASTE

#### **Note**

Used as an adjunct in the management of leg ulceration and associated eczema and skin conditions.

## Various

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| 4750B   | Bandage 7.5 cm x 6 m                                    | 2           | 3           | ..      | *73.86                                   | 5.60   | Viscopaste 4948 SN                  |
| 4760M   | Bandages 80 cm (stockings), 4                           | 1           | 3           | ..      | 85.17                                    | 5.60   | ZipZoc 66051550 SN                  |
| <b>COTTON WOOL ROLL</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| 4701K   | Roll 100 g  | 1           | 2           | ..      | 10.51                                    | 5.60   | JJ 02013 JJ                         |
| <b>DRESSING—ACTIVATED CHARCOAL (MALODOROUS WOUND)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| 4681J   | Dressing 10.5 cm x 10.5 cm                              | 10          | ..          | ..      | *100.92                                  | 5.60   | Actisorb Plus<br>MAC031 JJ          |
| 4742N   | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | 1           | ..          | ..      | 78.98                                    | 5.60   | CarboFLEX 403202 CC                 |
| 4743P   | Dressings 15 cm x 20 cm, 5                              | 1           | ..          | ..      | 89.87                                    | 5.60   | CarboFLEX 403204 CC                 |
| <b>DRESSING—ALGINATE (CAVITY WOUND)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| This dressing should be used only on moderately to heavily exuding wounds and should remain in place until saturated or for a maximum of 3 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| 4832H   | Rope 2 g  | 10          | ..          | ..      | *109.12                                  | 5.60   | Sorbsan 1411 UM                     |
|   |   |             |             | ..      | *115.26                                  | 5.60   | Kaltostat 168117 CC                 |
| <b>DRESSING—ALGINATE (CAVITY WOUND)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| This dressing should be used only on moderately to heavily exuding wounds and should remain in place until saturated or for a maximum of 3 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors.                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| 4682K   | Ropes 2 g (40 cm), 6                                    | 2           | ..          | ..      | *137.72                                  | 5.60   | Comfeel SeaSorb<br>Filler 3740 CT   |
| <b>DRESSING—ALGINATE (SUPERFICIAL WOUND)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| This dressing should be used only on moderately to heavily exuding wounds and should remain in place until saturated or for a maximum of 3 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors.                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| 4684M   | Dressing 5 cm x 5 cm                                    | 10          | 1           | ..      | *46.92                                   | 5.60   | Comfeel SeaSorb<br>Dressing 3705 CT |
| 4831G   | Dressing 10 cm x 10 cm                                  | 10          | 1           | ..      | *84.42                                   | 5.60   | Sorbsan 1410 UM                     |
|   |   |             |             | ..      | *90.12                                   | 5.60   | Comfeel SeaSorb<br>Dressing 3710 CT |
| <b>DRESSING—ALGINATE (SUPERFICIAL WOUND)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| This dressing should be used only on moderately to heavily exuding wounds and should remain in place until saturated or for a maximum of 3 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |
| 4683L   | Dressings 7.5 cm x 12 cm, 10                            | 1           | 1           | ..      | 91.08                                    | 5.60   | Kaltostat 168212 CC                 |

## Various

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| <b>DRESSING—ALGINATE (SUPERFICIAL WOUND)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| This dressing should be used only on moderately to heavily exuding wounds and should remain in place until saturated or for a maximum of 3 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4691X   | Dressings 15 cm x 20 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 236.07                                   | 5.60   | Algisite M<br>66000521 SN                   |
| 4699H   | Dressings 5 cm x 5 cm, 10                               | 1           | 1           | ..      | 49.40                                    | 5.60   | Kaltostat 168210 CC                         |
|   |   |             |             | ..      | 51.28                                    | 5.60   | Algisite M<br>66000519 SN                   |
| 4700J   | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 98.42                                    | 5.60   | Algisite M<br>66000520 SN                   |
| <b>DRESSING—FILM</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4686P   | Dressings 6 cm x 7 cm, 8                                | 1           | ..          | ..      | 15.64                                    | 5.60   | Nexcare Tegaderm<br>Transparent<br>H1624 MM |
| 4687Q   | Dressings 10 cm x 12 cm, 4                              | 1           | ..          | ..      | 19.65                                    | 5.60   | Nexcare Tegaderm<br>Transparent<br>H1626 MM |
| 4688R   | Dressing 15 cm x 20 cm                                  | 6           | ..          | ..      | *30.66                                   | 5.60   | Tegaderm<br>Transparent<br>1628 MM          |
| <b>DRESSING—FILM</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
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| 4893M   | Dressings 10 cm x 12 cm, 10                             | 1           | ..          | ..      | 31.26                                    | 5.60   | Op-Site Flexigrid<br>4629 SN                |
| <b>DRESSING—FILM ISLAND</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4689T   | Dressing 5 cm x 7 cm                                    | 10          | ..          | ..      | *16.22                                   | 5.60   | Tegaderm<br>Transparent<br>Island 3582 MM   |
| 4690W   | Dressing 9 cm x 10 cm                                   | 10          | ..          | ..      | *27.72                                   | 5.60   | Tegaderm<br>Transparent<br>Island 3586 MM   |
| <b>DRESSING—FILM ISLAND</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
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| 4898T   | Dressings 5 cm x 7.2 cm, 5                              | 2           | ..          | ..      | *28.92                                   | 5.60   | Cutifilm Plus 76309 SN                      |
| 4899W   | Dressings 8 cm x 10 cm, 5                               | 2           | ..          | ..      | *45.50                                   | 5.60   | Cutifilm Plus 76308 SN                      |
| <b>DRESSING—FOAM—HEAVY EXUDATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| This dressing should remain in place until saturated or up to a maximum of 7 days. Allow a minimum of 2 cm to 3 cm in excess of the wound size of the dressing around the wound.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |

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|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| 4795J | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | ‡1          | 1           | ..      | 75.06                                    | 5.60   | Lyof foam Extra<br>603088   | XP |
|       |   |             |             | ..      | 120.97                                   | 5.60   | Allewyn 66007637            | SN |

### DRESSING—FOAM—HEAVY EXUDATE

#### Note

This dressing should remain in place until saturated or up to a maximum of 7 days. Allow a minimum of 2 cm to 3 cm in excess of the wound size of the dressing around the wound.

|       |                             |    |   |    |        |      |                           |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|--------|------|---------------------------|----|
| 4880W | Dressings 20 cm x 15 cm, 10 | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 189.11 | 5.60 | Lyof foam Extra<br>603090 | XP |
|-------|-----------------------------|----|---|----|--------|------|---------------------------|----|

### DRESSING—FOAM—MODERATE EXUDATE

#### Note

This dressing should remain in place until saturated or up to a maximum of 7 days. Allow a minimum of 2 cm to 3 cm in excess of the wound size of the dressing around the wound.

#### Note

Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned.

|       |                                    |    |    |    |        |      |                              |    |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----|----|--------|------|------------------------------|----|
| 4590N | Dressings 12.5 cm x 12.5 cm, 10    | ‡1 | .. | .. | 123.23 | 5.60 | Allewyn Adhesive<br>66000044 | SN |
| 4694C | Dressing, cavity, conforming, 20 g | 1  | 1  | .. | 88.73  | 5.60 | Cavicare 4563                | SN |

### DRESSING—FOAM—MODERATE EXUDATE

#### Note

This dressing should remain in place until saturated or up to a maximum of 7 days. Allow a minimum of 2 cm to 3 cm in excess of the wound size of the dressing around the wound.

|       |                               |    |   |    |        |      |                          |    |
|-------|-------------------------------|----|---|----|--------|------|--------------------------|----|
| 4878R | Dressings 20 cm x 15 cm, 10   | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 101.86 | 5.60 | Lyof foam Flat<br>603095 | XP |
| 4890J | Dressings 7.5 cm x 7.5 cm, 10 | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 42.84  | 5.60 | Lyof foam Flat<br>603092 | XP |
| 4891K | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10   | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 49.48  | 5.60 | Lyof foam Flat<br>603093 | XP |

### DRESSING—FOAM with CHARCOAL (MALODOROUS WOUND)

#### Note

This dressing should remain in place on wounds with odour until saturated or up to a maximum of 7 days. Allow a minimum of 2 cm to 3 cm in excess of the wound size of the dressing around the wound.

|       |                             |   |    |    |         |      |                    |    |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|---------|------|--------------------|----|
| 4892L | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10 | 2 | .. | .. | *174.06 | 5.60 | Lyof foam C 603025 | SS |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|----|----|---------|------|--------------------|----|

### DRESSING—FOAM with SILICONE—HEAVY EXUDATE

#### Note

Molnlycke Healthcare products are distributed through leading pharmacy distributors. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, special arrangements have been made with API and Independence Australia Health Solutions (IAHS). IAHS orders can be placed on: Tel: 1300 788 855; or Email customerservice@independenceaustralia.com. Molnlycke Healthcare are not able to ensure product availability or pricing on listed products beyond these two suppliers.

|       |                              |    |    |    |       |      |                          |    |
|-------|------------------------------|----|----|----|-------|------|--------------------------|----|
| 4642H | Dressings 7.5 cm x 7.5 cm, 5 | ‡1 | .. | .. | 30.77 | 5.60 | Mepilex Border<br>295200 | MH |
| 4643J | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5   | ‡1 | .. | .. | 42.68 | 5.60 | Mepilex Border<br>295300 | MH |

### DRESSING—FOAM with SILICONE—LIGHT EXUDATE

#### Note

Molnlycke Healthcare products are distributed through leading pharmacy distributors. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, special arrangements have been made with API and Independence Australia Health Solutions (IAHS). IAHS orders can be placed on: Tel: 1300 788

## Various

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|------------------------------------|
|  | 855; or Email customerservice@independenceaustralia.com. Molnlycke Healthcare are not able to ensure product availability or pricing on listed products beyond these two suppliers. |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| 4644K  | Dressings 6 cm x 8.5 cm, 5  | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 28.06                                    | 5.60   | Mepilex Lite<br>284000 MH          |
| 4645L  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5  | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 38.21                                    | 5.60   | Mepilex Lite<br>284100 MH          |
| <b>DRESSING—FOAM with SILICONE—MODERATE EXUDATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| Molnlycke Healthcare products are distributed through leading pharmacy distributors. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, special arrangements have been made with API and Independence Australia Health Solutions (IAHS). IAHS orders can be placed on: Tel: 1300 788 855; or Email customerservice@independenceaustralia.com. Molnlycke Healthcare are not able to ensure product availability or pricing on listed products beyond these two suppliers. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| 4626L  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5  | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 42.68                                    | 5.60   | Mepilex 294100 MH                  |
| <b>DRESSING—GAUZE (ABSORBENT PAD)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| 4707R  | Pads 5 cm x 5 cm, 100   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 13.88                                    | 5.60   | Handy 5672 BV                      |
| 4708T  | Pads 10 cm x 10 cm, 100   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 27.40                                    | 5.60   | Handy 5674 BV                      |
| <b>DRESSING—GAUZE—EYE PAD</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| 4768Y  | Pads, 12  | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 12.83                                    | 5.60   | Curity 4112 KE                     |
| <b>DRESSING—GAUZE—PARAFFIN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
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| 4759L  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 19.93                                    | 5.60   | Jelonet 7404 SN                    |
| <b>DRESSING—GAUZE—PARAFFIN with CHLORHEXIDINE ACETATE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| 4845B  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10   | ‡1          | 2           | ..      | 26.05                                    | 5.60   | Bactigras 7457 SN                  |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (CAVITY WOUND)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| 4918W  | Dressings 5 cm x 6 cm, 10   | ‡1          | 1           | ..      | 88.50                                    | 5.60   | Allevyn Plus Cavity<br>66047571 SN |
| 4919X  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5  | 2           | 1           | ..      | *186.94                                  | 5.60   | Allevyn Plus Cavity<br>66047573 SN |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (DEBRIDEMENT)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| Hartmann wound dressings are available through HARTMANN and Independence Australia only. If you would like to order Hartmann Wound Care products, please call HARTMANN customer service on 1800 805 839 or Independence Australia on 1300 788 855.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                    |
| 4948K  | Dressings 5.5 cm, 8   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 68.66                                    | 5.60   | TenderWet Active<br>Cavity HR      |
| 4949L  | Dressings 4 cm, 8   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 67.90                                    | 5.60   | TenderWet 24<br>Active HR          |
| 4950M  | Dressings 7.5 cm x 7.5 cm, 8  | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 92.19                                    | 5.60   | TenderWet 24<br>Active HR          |

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—HIGH EXUDATE)</b> |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |
| 4692Y  | Dressings (foam alternative) 10 cm x 10 cm, 10          | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 54.90                                    | 5.60   | CombiDERM<br>651031 CC      |
| 4693B  | Dressings (foam alternative) 15 cm x 18 cm, 5           | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 71.72                                    | 5.60   | CombiDERM<br>651027 CC      |
| 4695D  | Dressings, island, 11 cm x 11 cm, 10                    | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 111.24                                   | 5.60   | Tielle MTL101E JJ           |
| 4696E  | Dressings, island, 18 cm x 18 cm, 5                     | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 135.84                                   | 5.60   | Tielle MT2442 JJ            |

### DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—HIGH EXUDATE)

#### Note

Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors.

|       |  |    |   |    |       |      |                              |
|-------|--|----|---|----|-------|------|------------------------------|
| 4927H | Non-adhesive waterproof semi-permeable absorbent foam pads 10 cm x 10 cm, 10 | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 87.93 | 5.60 | Biatain Non-adhesive 3410 CT |
| 4928J | Non-adhesive waterproof semi-permeable absorbent foam pads 15 cm x 15 cm, 5  | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 86.45 | 5.60 | Biatain Non-adhesive 3413 CT |
| 4929K | Adhesive waterproof semi-permeable absorbent foam pads 12 cm x 12 cm, 10     | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 96.95 | 5.60 | Biatain Adhesive 3420 CT     |
| 4930L | Adhesive waterproof semi-permeable absorbent foam pads 18 cm x 18 cm, 5      | ‡1 | 2 | .. | 93.82 | 5.60 | Biatain Adhesive 3423 CT     |

### DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—LIGHT EXUDATE)

#### Note

Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned.

|       |                            |    |   |    |         |      |                          |
|-------|----------------------------|----|---|----|---------|------|--------------------------|
| 4905E | Dressings 5 cm x 6 cm, 10  | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 56.69   | 5.60 | Allevyn Thin 66047576 SN |
| 4906F | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5 | 2  | 1 | .. | *103.50 | 5.60 | Allevyn Thin 66047578 SN |

### DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—MODERATE EXUDATE)

#### Note

Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned.

|       |                            |    |   |    |        |      |                            |
|-------|----------------------------|----|---|----|--------|------|----------------------------|
| 4885D | Dressings 5 cm x 6 cm, 10  | ‡1 | 1 | .. | 47.89  | 5.60 | Cutinova Hydro 66047441 SN |
| 4886E | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5 | 2  | 1 | .. | *79.44 | 5.60 | Cutinova Hydro 66047443 SN |

### DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (CAVITY WOUND)

#### Note

This dressing should remain in place until saturated or strike through occurs for a maximum of 7 days.

|       |            |    |    |    |         |      |                        |
|-------|------------|----|----|----|---------|------|------------------------|
| 4896Q | Paste 30 g | 10 | .. | .. | *145.12 | 5.60 | DuoDERM Paste H7930 CC |
|-------|------------|----|----|----|---------|------|------------------------|

### DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (CAVITY WOUND)

#### Note

This dressing should remain in place until saturated or strike through occurs for a maximum of 7 days.

#### Note

Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors.

|       |            |   |   |    |        |      |                       |
|-------|------------|---|---|----|--------|------|-----------------------|
| 4895P | Paste 50 g | 2 | 3 | .. | *43.22 | 5.60 | Comfeel Paste 4701 CT |
|-------|------------|---|---|----|--------|------|-----------------------|

## Various

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-------------------------------------|----|
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—LIGHT EXUDATE)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should be applied to a thickness of 3 mm to 5 mm. It should be covered with a hydrocolloid dressing and may be left in place for up to 7 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| <b>Note</b><br>Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors.                   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| 4888G  | Dressings 5 cm x 7 cm, 10                               | 1           | 1           | ..      | 41.72                                    | 5.60   | Comfeel Plus<br>Transparent<br>3530 | CT |
| 4889H  | Dressings 9 cm x 14 cm, 10                              | 1           | 1           | ..      | 84.52                                    | 5.60   | Comfeel Plus<br>Transparent<br>3536 | CT |
| 4924E  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 69.78                                    | 5.60   | Comfeel Plus<br>Transparent<br>3533 | CT |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—LIGHT EXUDATE)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should be applied to a thickness of 3 mm to 5 mm. It should be covered with a hydrocolloid dressing and may be left in place for up to 7 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| 4907G  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 71.72                                    | 5.60   | DuoDERM Extra<br>Thin H7955         | CC |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—LIGHT EXUDATE)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should be applied to a thickness of 3 mm to 5 mm. It should be covered with a hydrocolloid dressing and may be left in place for up to 7 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| <b>Note</b><br>Hartmann wound dressings are available through HARTMANN and Independence Australia only. If you would like to order Hartmann Wound Care products, please call HARTMANN customer service on 1800 805 839 or Independence Australia on 1300 788 855.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| 4947J  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 48.15                                    | 5.60   | Hydrocoll Thin<br>900942/1          | HR |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—MODERATE EXUDATE)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should remain in place until saturated or strike through occurs for a maximum of 7 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| 4897R  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5                              | 2           | 1           | ..      | *81.40                                   | 5.60   | DuoDERM CGF<br>H7660                | CC |
| 4920Y  | Dressings 20 cm x 20 cm, 5                              | 2           | 1           | ..      | *222.32                                  | 5.60   | DuoDERM CGF<br>H7662                | CC |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—MODERATE EXUDATE)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should remain in place until saturated or strike through occurs for a maximum of 7 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| <b>Note</b><br>Smith & Nephew products are distributed via the three major wholesalers, API, Sigma & Symbion. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, please order from one of these suppliers. In the event that your preferred wholesaler cannot supply, please contact Smith & Nephew Customer Service on 13 13 60. Smith & Nephew cannot ensure RPBS pricing from distributors other than those aforementioned. |   |             |             |         |  |  |                                     |    |
| 4921B  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 80.30                                    | 5.60   | Replicare Ultra<br>66000434         | SN |

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—MODERATE EXUDATE)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should remain in place until saturated or strike through occurs for a maximum of 7 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b><br>Hartmann wound dressings are available through HARTMANN and Independence Australia only. If you would like to order Hartmann Wound Care products, please call HARTMANN customer service on 1800 805 839 or Independence Australia on 1300 788 855.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4945G  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 48.15                                    | 5.60   | Hydrocoll<br>900938/1 HR                      |
| 4946H  | Dressings 15 cm x 15 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 89.91                                    | 5.60   | Hydrocoll<br>900939/1 HR                      |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (SUPERFICIAL WOUND—MODERATE EXUDATE)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should remain in place until saturated or strike through occurs for a maximum of 7 days.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b><br>Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4678F  | Butterfly shape 7 cm                                    | 5           | ..          | ..      | *55.17                                   | 5.60   | Comfeel Plus<br>Pressure<br>Relieving 3350 CT |
| 4679G  | Round 10 cm   | 5           | ..          | ..      | *59.62                                   | 5.60   | Comfeel Plus<br>Pressure<br>Relieving 3353 CT |
| 4923D  | Dressings with alginate 10 cm x 10 cm, 10               | 1           | 1           | ..      | 81.99                                    | 5.60   | Comfeel Plus Ulcer<br>Dressing 3110 CT        |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROFIBRE (ALTERNATE TO ALGINATES)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4649Q  | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | 1           | 1           | ..      | 100.98                                   | 5.60   | Aquacel 177902 CC                             |
| 4698G  | Ropes 2 g (30 cm), 5                                    | 1           | 1           | ..      | 83.71                                    | 5.60   | Aquacel 177904 CC                             |
| 4922C  | Dressings 15 cm x 15 cm, 5                              | 2           | 1           | ..      | *208.70                                  | 5.60   | Aquacel 177903 CC                             |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROGEL—AMORPHOUS</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should be applied to a thickness of 3 mm to 5 mm and remain in situ in infected wounds for 24 hours and in clean wounds for up to 3 days. It should be covered with a secondary dressing such as foam or film. It should not be covered with gauze or combine.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b><br>Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors. |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4912M  | Tubes 15 g, 10  | 1           | 1           | ..      | 64.48                                    | 5.60   | DuoDERM Gel<br>H7990 CC                       |
|  |   |             |             | ..      | 72.09                                    | 5.60   | Comfeel Purilon<br>Gel 3900 CT                |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROGEL—AMORPHOUS</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| <b>Note</b><br>This dressing should be applied to a thickness of 3 mm to 5 mm and remain in situ in infected wounds for 24 hours and in clean wounds for up to 3 days. It should be covered with a secondary dressing such as foam or film. It should not be covered with gauze or combine.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |
| 4913N  | Tubes 30 g, 3   | 3           | 1           | ..      | *97.11                                   | 5.60   | DuoDERM Gel<br>H7987 CC                       |
| 4914P  | Tube 50 g   | 3           | 3           | ..      | *33.12                                   | 5.60   | Solugel 10336 JJ                              |

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|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|---|----|
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROGEL—AMORPHOUS</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| This dressing should be applied to a thickness of 3 mm to 5 mm and remain in situ in infected wounds for 24 hours and in clean wounds for up to 3 days. It should be covered with a secondary dressing such as foam or film. It should not be covered with gauze or combine.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
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| 4599C   | Tube 50 g   | 3           | 3           | ..      | *30.51                                   | 5.60   | SoloSite Gel<br>36361338                | SN |
| 4894N   | Tube 25 g   | 4           | 3           | ..      | *62.18                                   | 5.60   | Intrasite Gel 7313                      | SN |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROGEL—SHEET</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| This dressing should be applied to a thickness of 3 mm to 5 mm and remain in situ in infected wounds for 24 hours and in clean wounds for up to 3 days. It should be covered with a secondary dressing such as foam or film. It should not be covered with gauze or combine.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 4911L   | Dressings 9.5 cm x 10.2 cm, 5                           | 2           | ..          | ..      | *83.20                                   | 5.60   | Nu-Gel 2497                             | JJ |
| <b>DRESSING—HYDROGEL—SHEET</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| This dressing should be applied to a thickness of 3 mm to 5 mm and remain in situ in infected wounds for 24 hours and in clean wounds for up to 3 days. It should be covered with a secondary dressing such as foam or film. It should not be covered with gauze or combine.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
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| 4806Y   | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5                              | 2           | ..          | ..      | *53.28                                   | 5.60   | Aquaclear 900796                        | HR |
| <b>DRESSING—NON-ADHERENT</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
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| 4819P   | Dressings 5 cm x 5 cm, 5                                | 2           | ..          | ..      | *15.80                                   | 5.60   | Cutilin Non-Stick<br>Wound Pad<br>76301 | SN |
| 4860T   | Dressings 5 cm x 5 cm, 5                                | 2           | ..          | ..      | *16.48                                   | 5.60   | Melolin 36361357                        | SN |
| 4861W   | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                             | †1          | ..          | ..      | 33.70                                    | 5.60   | Melolin 66974933                        | SN |
| 4862X   | Dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 5                              | 2           | ..          | ..      | *25.40                                   | 5.60   | Cutilin Non-Stick<br>Wound Pad<br>76300 | SN |
| <b>DRESSING—NON-ADHERENT</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| 4755G   | Dressings 5 cm x 7.5 cm, 10                             | †1          | ..          | ..      | 11.02                                    | 5.60   | Telfa 1970C                             | KE |
| 4758K   | Dressings 7.5 cm x 10 cm, 6                             | †1          | ..          | ..      | 11.23                                    | 5.60   | Telfa 2140C                             | KE |
| 4844Y   | Dressings, self-adhesive, 7.5 cm x 10 cm, 6             | †1          | 2           | ..      | 12.02                                    | 5.60   | Telfa 7650C                             | KE |
| <b>DRESSING—NON-ADHERENT</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
| <b>Note</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |   |    |
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| 4944F   | Dressings 7.5 cm x 10 cm, 10                            | †1          | ..          | ..      | 15.24                                    | 5.60   | Atrauman 499513                         | HR |

## Various

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|-----------------------------|----|
| <b>DRESSING—NON-ADHERENT</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
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| 4243H  | Dressings, non-woven, with silicone 5 cm x 7.5 cm, 10   | 1           | ..          | ..      | 63.62                                    | 5.60   | Mepitel 290510              | MH |
| 4244J  | Dressings, non-woven, with silicone 7.5 cm x 10 cm, 10  | 1           | ..          | ..      | 107.62                                   | 5.60   | Mepitel 290710              | MH |
| <b>DRESSING—TULLE NON-GAUZE—PARAFFIN</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4909J  | Dressing 7.6 cm x 7.6 cm                                | 10          | 1           | ..      | *15.72                                   | 5.60   | Adaptic 2012                | JJ |
| <b>DRESSING with CADEXOMER IODINE</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Suitable for yellow sloughy infected and malodorous wounds.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
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| 4931M  | Sachets 3 g, 7  | 1           | 2           | ..      | 64.48                                    | 5.60   | Iodosorb Powder 66051070    | SN |
| 4932N  | Tubes 10 g, 4   | 1           | 2           | ..      | 103.73                                   | 5.60   | Iodosorb Ointment 66051240  | SN |
| 4933P  | Tubes 20 g, 2   | 1           | 2           | ..      | 102.76                                   | 5.60   | Iodosorb Ointment 66051230  | SN |
| 4935R  | Sachets 5 g (6 cm x 4 cm), 5                            | 1           | 2           | ..      | 98.05                                    | 5.60   | Iodosorb 66051330           | SN |
| 4936T  | Sachets 10 g (8 cm x 6 cm), 3                           | 1           | 2           | ..      | 141.63                                   | 5.60   | Iodosorb 66051340           | SN |
| 4937W  | Sachets 17 g (10 cm x 8 cm), 2                          | 1           | ..          | ..      | 149.26                                   | 5.60   | Iodosorb 66051360           | SN |
| <b>DRESSING with SILVER</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For wounds where there is evidence of critical colonisation and for well-assessed chronic wounds that have not responded to conventional dressings.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Coloplast dressings are available via a range of distributors. However, Coloplast's principal agreement to ensure correct RPBS Price to Pharmacy and ready supply has been secured with Independence Australia on 1300 788 855 and BrightSky on 1300 290 400. Please note that Coloplast is unable to guarantee ready supply or rebate for price differences on purchases outside these distributors.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4646M  | Hydroactive dressings non-adhesive 10 cm x 10 cm, 5     | 1           | ..          | ..      | 175.89                                   | 5.60   | Biatain Ag 9622             | CT |
| 4647N  | Hydroactive dressings adhesive 12.5 cm x 12.5 cm, 5     | 1           | ..          | ..      | 191.29                                   | 5.60   | Biatain Ag 9632             | CT |
| <b>DRESSING with SILVER</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Authority required</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| For wounds where there is evidence of critical colonisation and for well-assessed chronic wounds that have not responded to conventional dressings.  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| Hartmann wound dressings are available through HARTMANN and Independence Australia only. If you would like to order Hartmann Wound Care products, please call HARTMANN customer service on 1800 805 839 or Independence Australia on 1300 788 855.   |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4648P  | Tulle dressings 10 cm x 10 cm, 3                        | 1           | ..          | ..      | 43.78                                    | 5.60   | Atrauman Ag 499572          | HR |
| <b>GAUZE and COTTON TISSUE (COMBINE ROLL)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |                             |    |
| 4761N  | Wrapped pack 10 cm x 10 m                               | 1           | ..          | ..      | 17.21                                    | 5.60   | JJ 12010                    | JJ |
| 4767X  | Wrapped pack 9 cm x 10 m                                | 1           | ..          | ..      | 15.39                                    | 5.60   | BSN 2902165                 | BV |

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|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|----|
| <b>GLOVES PLASTIC (DISPOSABLE)</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| 4772E  | Gloves, small, 100                                      | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 12.20                                    | 5.60   | Handy 4207                                     | BV |
| 4773F  | Gloves, medium, 100                                     | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 12.20                                    | 5.60   | Handy 4208                                     | BV |
| 4774G  | Gloves, large, 100                                      | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 12.20                                    | 5.60   | Handy 4209                                     | BV |
| <b>TAPES—NON-WOVEN RETENTION (POLYACRYLATE)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| 4915Q  | Roll 2.5 cm x 9.1 m                                     | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 12.87                                    | 5.60   | Medipore 2961                                  | MM |
| <b>TAPES—NON-WOVEN RETENTION (POLYACRYLATE)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| Molnlycke Healthcare products are distributed through leading pharmacy distributors. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, special arrangements have been made with API and Independence Australia Health Solutions (IAHS). IAHS orders can be placed on: Tel: 1300 788 855; or Email customerservice@independenceaustralia.com. Molnlycke Healthcare are not able to ensure product availability or pricing on listed products beyond these two suppliers. |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| 4917T  | Roll 2.5 cm x 10 m                                      | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 11.04                                    | 5.60   | Mefix 310250                                   | MH |
| <b>TAPES—PLASTER ADHESIVE (WITH SILICONE)</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| <b>Note</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| Molnlycke Healthcare products are distributed through leading pharmacy distributors. To best ensure product availability at RPBS agreed prices, special arrangements have been made with API and Independence Australia Health Solutions (IAHS). IAHS orders can be placed on: Tel: 1300 788 855; or Email customerservice@independenceaustralia.com. Molnlycke Healthcare are not able to ensure product availability or pricing on listed products beyond these two suppliers. |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| 4239D  | Roll 2 cm x 3 m   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 21.37                                    | 5.60   | Mepitac 298300                                 | MH |
| 4240E  | Roll 4 cm x 1.5 m                                       | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 21.37                                    | 5.60   | Mepitac 298400                                 | MH |
| <b>TAPES—PLASTER ADHESIVE ELASTIC</b>  |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| 4780N  | Roll 2.5 cm x 2.5 m                                     | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 12.76                                    | 5.60   | Leukoplast 1071                                | BV |
| 4781P  | Roll 5 cm x 2.5 m                                       | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 18.56                                    | 5.60   | Leukoplast 1072                                | BV |
| 4782Q  | Roll 7.5 cm x 2.5 m                                     | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 22.13                                    | 5.60   | Leukoplast 1073                                | BV |
| <b>TAPES—PLASTER ADHESIVE HYPOALLERGENIC</b>   |   |             |             |         |  |  |  |    |
| 4783R  | Roll 1.25 cm x 5 m                                      | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 10.34                                    | 5.60   | Leukopor 2471                                  | BV |
| 4785W  | Roll 1.25 cm x 5 m                                      | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 10.62                                    | 5.60   | Leukosilk 1021                                 | BV |
| 4787Y  | Roll 2.5 cm x 5 m                                       | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 13.24                                    | 5.60   | Leukosilk 1022                                 | BV |
| 4788B  | Stretch roll 5 cm x 5 m                                 | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 17.21                                    | 5.60   | Leukoflex 1124                                 | BV |
| 4789C  | Roll 5 cm x 5 m   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 17.05                                    | 5.60   | Leukosilk 1024                                 | BV |
| 4790D  | Roll 5 cm x 5 m   | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 16.21                                    | 5.60   | Leukopor 2474                                  | BV |
| 4794H  | Roll 2.5 cm x 5 m                                       | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 12.73                                    | 5.60   | Leukopor 2472                                  | BV |
| 4848E  | Roll (dispenser) 1.9 cm x 5.4 m                         | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 11.05                                    | 5.60   | Nexcare Durable<br>Cloth First Aid<br>Tape 799 | MM |
| 4849F  | Roll (dispenser) 1.9 cm x 7.3 m                         | ‡1          | ..          | ..      | 11.05                                    | 5.60   | Nexcare Gentle<br>Paper First Aid<br>Tape 789  | MM |

## Section 2

### Standard Packs and Prices

**NOTE—**

*Standard packs and prices (including mark-up, but without dispensing fee and dangerous drug fee) are for items against the price of which an asterisk (\*) is shown in Section 1 of the Schedule.*

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name   | Form/Strength                        | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer |
|-------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 4579B | ALPROSTADIL  | 10 mcg                               | 2@ 25.40             | PH           |
| 4580C |  | 20 mcg                               | 2@ 32.40             | PH           |
| 4118R | ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE with<br>MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE and<br>SIMETHICONE | 400 mg-400 mg-30 mg per 5 mL, 500 mL | 1@ 8.11              | JT           |
| 4453J |  | 400 mg-400 mg-40 mg                  | 100@ 19.85           | JT           |
| 4598B | BANDAGE—COMPRESSION  | Four layer                           | 1@ 27.85             | SN           |
| 4654Y |  | 8 cm x 5 m                           | 1@ 14.27             | BV           |
| 4656C |  | 7.5 cm x 3.5 m                       | 1@ 12.39             | SS           |
| 4657D |  | 10 cm x 3.5 m                        | 1@ 14.43             | SS           |
| 4658E |  | Four layer                           | 1@ 41.71             | SN           |
| 4736G |  | 7.5 cm x 3 m                         | 1@ 17.58             | BV           |
| 4748X |  | 10 cm x 3 m                          | 1@ 24.04             | BV           |
| 4941C |  | Two layer, 18 cm-22 cm               | 1@ 41.92             | SN           |
| 4942D |  | Two layer, 22 cm-28 cm               | 1@ 41.92             | SN           |
| 4943E |  | Two layer, 28 cm-32 cm               | 1@ 41.92             | SN           |
| 4659F | BANDAGE—RETENTION—COHESIVE—<br>HEAVY                               | 7.5 cm x 3 m                         | 1@ 6.82              | BV           |
| 4660G |  | 10 cm x 2 m                          | 1@ 6.47              | MM           |
| 4811F |  | 5 cm x 1.3 m                         | 1@ 3.80              | BK           |
| 4812G |  | 7.5 cm x 1.3 m                       | 1@ 5.44              | BK           |
| 4813H |  | 10 cm x 1.3 m                        | 1@ 7.31              | BK           |
| 4814J |  | 15 cm x 1.3 m                        | 1@ 10.88             | BK           |
| 4662J | BANDAGE—RETENTION—COHESIVE—<br>LIGHT                               | 10 cm x 4 m                          | 1@ 5.36              | BV           |
| 4719J |  | 6 cm x 4 m                           | 1@ 4.14              | BV           |
| 4727T | BANDAGE—RETENTION—COTTON CREPE                                     | 5 cm x 2.3 m                         | 1@ 5.93              | BV           |
| 4728W |  | 7.5 cm x 2.3 m                       | 1@ 7.99              | BV           |
| 4729X |  | 10 cm x 2.3 m                        | 1@ 10.70             | BV           |
| 4674B | BANDAGE—TUBULAR (LONG STOCKING)                                    | Small                                | 1@ 16.88             | SS           |
| 4675C |  | XX/large                             | 1@ 16.88             | SS           |
| 4797L |  | Medium                               | 1@ 16.88             | SS           |
| 4799N |  | Large                                | 1@ 16.88             | SS           |
| 4661H | BANDAGE—TUBULAR (SHORT STOCKING)                                   | Small B/C                            | 1@ 12.01             | SS           |
| 4815K |  | Medium C/D                           | 1@ 12.01             | SS           |
| 4816L |  | Large D/E                            | 1@ 12.01             | SS           |
| 4668Q | BANDAGE—ZINC PASTE   | 7.5 cm x 6 m                         | 1@ 11.39             | SS           |
| 4669R |  | 7.5 cm x 6 m                         | 1@ 11.62             | XP           |
| 4670T |  | 10 cm x 9.1 m                        | 1@ 11.18             | CC           |
| 4750B |  | 7.5 cm x 6 m                         | 1@ 33.72             | SN           |
| 4150K | BROMAZEPAM   | 3 mg                                 | 30@ 10.48            | RO           |
| 4151L |  | 6 mg                                 | 30@ 13.49            | RO           |
| 4094L | CALCIUM  | 500 mg                               | 60@ 6.01             | IA           |
| 4142B |  | 600 mg                               | 120@ 7.89            | PP           |
| 4333C |  | 500 mg                               | 60@ 6.01             | IA           |
| 4055K | CALCIUM CARBONATE with GLYCINE                                     | 420 mg-180 mg                        | 100@ 8.38            | MM           |
| 4081T | DEXTROPROPOXYPHENE NAPSYLATE                                       | 100 mg                               | 10@ 3.17             | AS           |
| 4681J | DRESSING—ACTIVATED CHARCOAL<br>(MALODOROUS WOUND)                  | 10.5 cm x 10.5 cm                    | 1@ 9.45              | JJ           |
| 4682K | DRESSING—ALGINATE (CAVITY WOUND)                                   | 2 g (40 cm), 6                       | 1@ 65.65             | CT           |
| 4832H |  | 2 g                                  | 5@ 54.42             | CC           |
| 4684M | DRESSING—ALGINATE (SUPERFICIAL<br>WOUND)                           | 5 cm x 5 cm                          | 1@ 4.05              | CT           |
| 4831G |  | 10 cm x 10 cm                        | 1@ 7.80              | UM           |
| 4688R | DRESSING—FILM  | 15 cm x 20 cm                        | 1@ 4.04              | MM           |
| 4689T | DRESSING—FILM ISLAND   | 5 cm x 7 cm                          | 1@ .98               | MM           |
| 4690W |  | 9 cm x 10 cm                         | 1@ 2.13              | MM           |
| 4898T |  | 5 cm x 7.2 cm, 5                     | 1@ 11.25             | SN           |
| 4899W |  | 8 cm x 10 cm, 5                      | 1@ 19.54             | SN           |
| 4892L | DRESSING—FOAM with CHARCOAL<br>(MALODOROUS WOUND)                  | 10 cm x 10 cm, 10                    | 1@ 83.82             | SS           |
| 4919X | DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (CAVITY<br>WOUND)                             | 10 cm x 10 cm, 5                     | 1@ 90.26             | SN           |
| 4906F | DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (SUPERFICIAL                                  | 10 cm x 10 cm, 5                     | 1@ 48.54             | SN           |

**(APPLY WASTAGE FACTOR IN CALCULATING BROKEN QUANTITY PRICES)**

| Code  | Name   | Form/Strength                 | Pack and Price<br>\$ | Manufacturer |
|-------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 4886E | WOUND—LIGHT EXUDATE)<br>DRESSING—HYDROACTIVE (SUPERFICIAL<br>WOUND—MODERATE EXUDATE) | 10 cm x 10 cm, 5              | 1@ 36.51             | SN           |
| 4895P | DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (CAVITY<br>WOUND)  | 50 g                          | 1@ 18.40             | CT           |
| 4896Q |  | 30 g                          | 1@ 13.87             | CC           |
| 4678F | DRESSING—HYDROCOLLOID (SUPERFICIAL<br>WOUND—MODERATE EXUDATE)                        | 7 cm                          | 1@ 9.75              | CT           |
| 4679G |  | 10 cm                         | 1@ 10.64             | CT           |
| 4897R |  | 10 cm x 10 cm, 5              | 1@ 37.49             | CC           |
| 4920Y |  | 20 cm x 20 cm, 5              | 1@ 107.95            | CC           |
| 4922C | DRESSING—HYDROFIBRE (ALTERNATE TO<br>ALGINATES)                                      | 15 cm x 15 cm, 5              | 1@ 101.14            | CC           |
| 4599C | DRESSING—HYDROGEL—AMORPHOUS  | 50 g                          | 1@ 8.03              | SN           |
| 4894N |  | 25 g                          | 1@ 13.94             | SN           |
| 4913N |  | 30 g, 3                       | 1@ 30.23             | CC           |
| 4914P |  | 50 g                          | 1@ 8.90              | JJ           |
| 4806Y | DRESSING—HYDROGEL—SHEET  | 10 cm x 10 cm, 5              | 1@ 23.43             | HR           |
| 4911L |  | 9.5 cm x 10.2 cm, 5           | 1@ 38.39             | JJ           |
| 4819P | DRESSING—NON-ADHERENT  | 5 cm x 5 cm, 5                | 1@ 4.69              | SN           |
| 4860T |  | 5 cm x 5 cm, 5                | 1@ 5.03              | SN           |
| 4862X |  | 10 cm x 10 cm, 5              | 1@ 9.49              | SN           |
| 4909J | DRESSING—TULLE NON-GAUZE—PARAFFIN  | 7.6 cm x 7.6 cm               | 1@ .93               | JJ           |
| 4237B | FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE   | 60 mg                         | 20@ 16.19            | SW           |
| 4246L | GLYCEROL   | 2.8 g, 12                     | 1@ 4.44              | PP           |
| 6099B | MORPHINE SULFATE   |                               | 20@ 80.51            | MF           |
| 4571N | NICOTINE   | Approx. 7 mg per 24 hours, 7  | 1@ 22.48             | AF           |
| 4572P |  | Approx. 14 mg per 24 hours, 7 | 1@ 31.16             | GC           |
| 4573Q |  | Approx. 21 mg per 24 hours, 7 | 1@ 31.16             | GC           |
| 4576W |  | Approx. 5 mg per 16 hours, 7  | 1@ 22.20             | JT           |
| 4577X |  | Approx. 10 mg per 16 hours, 7 | 1@ 24.18             | JT           |
| 4578Y |  | Approx. 15 mg per 16 hours, 7 | 1@ 26.77             | JT           |

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## THERAPEUTIC GROUP PREMIUM POLICY

### PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS WHICH HAVE A THERAPEUTIC GROUP PREMIUM WITH EFFECT FROM 1 March 2011

The Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits shows differences in price in some therapeutic groups where alternative drugs may have a therapeutic group premium.

The Therapeutic Group Premium Policy applies within narrowly defined therapeutic sub-groups where the drugs concerned are of similar safety and health outcomes.

The Australian Government, through the PBS, subsidises up to the price of the lowest priced drug in the group. This means that consumers may have to pay for more expensive drugs (those with a therapeutic group premium). This extra amount does not count towards their PBS safety net threshold.

Therapeutic group premiums apply where a prescriber has prescribed a drug within a therapeutic group that attracts a therapeutic group premium and has not sought an exemption from Medicare Australia on clinical grounds.

The exemption provisions are:

- adverse effects occurring with all of the base-priced drugs; or
- drug interactions occurring with all of the base-priced drugs; or
- drug interactions expected to occur with all of the base-priced drugs; or
- transfer to a base-priced drug would cause patient confusion resulting in problems with compliance.

The premiums are not a Government charge but reflect the fact that the supplier(s) of the drug charge a price higher than the Government is willing to subsidise.

Under the Therapeutic Group Premium Policy drug substitution by pharmacists is not permitted.

For ease of prescribing and dispensing, and in the interests of your patients, the following list shows those PBS drugs that attract a therapeutic group premium.

| Premium Priced Brand | Form and Strength | Max Qty | Therapeutic Group<br>Premium<br>\$ |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------|------------------------------------|
|----------------------|-------------------|---------|------------------------------------|

***H<sub>2</sub>-RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS***

|                     |                                       |    |      |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----|------|
| <i>Zantac</i>       | Effervescent tablet 150 mg (base)     | 60 | 3.10 |
| <i>Zantac Syrup</i> | Syrup 150 mg (base) per 10 mL, 300 mL | 2  | 2.20 |

The base-priced drugs in this therapeutic group are cimetidine, famotidine, nizatidine, and ranitidine hydrochloride (except ranitidine hydrochloride effervescent tablet 150 mg (base) and syrup 150 mg (base) per 10 mL, 300 mL).

***DIHYDROPYRIDINE-DERIVATIVE CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS***

|                         |                                   |    |      |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|------|
| <i>Adalat Oros 20mg</i> | Tablet 20 mg (controlled release) | 30 | 2.15 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|------|

The base-priced drugs in this therapeutic group are amlodipine, felodipine, lercanidipine hydrochloride and nifedipine (except nifedipine controlled release tablet 20 mg).

***ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS***

|         |                      |    |      |
|---------|----------------------|----|------|
| Teveten | Tablet 400 mg (base) | 56 | 2.00 |
|---------|----------------------|----|------|

The base-priced drugs in this therapeutic group are candesartan cilexetil, irbesartan, olmesartan medoxomil, telmisartan, valsartan and eprosartan mesylate (except eprosartan mesylate tablet 400 mg (base)).

## BRAND PREMIUM POLICY

### BRANDS OF PHARMACEUTICAL BENEFIT ITEMS WHICH HAVE A BRAND PREMIUM AND THAT MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH EFFECT FROM 1 March 2011

The Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits shows differences in price between some alternative brands of the same drug product.

Manufacturers can develop generic equivalents and apply to have them listed on the PBS. In doing this, manufacturers need to ensure that they comply with the relevant legislation applicable to patents. These brands are clinically equivalent and must undergo the same strict quality controls. Although these brands are designed to act on the body in exactly the same way, they are usually cheaper than the originator brands.

The Australian Government, through the PBS, subsidises up to the price of the lowest priced brand (except in those instances where the lowest priced brand has, as part of its price, a therapeutic group premium). This means that consumers may have to pay extra for more expensive brands (those with a brand premium). This extra amount does not count towards their PBS safety net threshold.

Brand substitution by pharmacists without reference to the prescriber is permitted for PBS prescriptions where:

- the patient agrees to the substitution;
- the brands are identified in the Schedule of Pharmaceutical Benefits as being interchangeable;
- the prescriber has not indicated on the prescription form that substitution is not to occur; and
- substitution is permitted under the relevant State or Territory legislation.

Prescription forms supplied by Medicare Australia contain a box to be ticked where brand substitution is not to take place.

Prescribers not using these prescription forms should endorse the prescription if brand substitution is not permitted. Where a stamp is used for this purpose, the prescriber will be required to initial the stamped statement.

For ease of prescribing and dispensing, and in the interests of your patients, the following list shows those PBS drugs that attract a brand premium and that can be substituted where permitted. They are listed alphabetically, by brand name, with the brand premium and benchmark brand(s) cited in the last column.

| Premium Priced Brand       | Form and Strength                                       | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands  |
|----------------------------|---|----------|------------------|--|
| <i>Abbecillin-V</i>        | Oral suspension 150 mg (as benzathine) per 5 mL, 100 mL | 2        | 1.90             | <i>Cilicaine V</i>   |
| <i>Accupril</i>            | Tablet 5 mg (as hydrochloride)                          | 30       | 0.46             | <i>Acquin 5; APO-Quinapril; Filpril; Pharmacor Quinapril 5; Qpril 5; Quinapril-DP; Quinapril generichealth; Quinapril Sandoz</i>   |
|                            | Tablet 10 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 30       | 0.62             | <i>Acquin 10; APO-Quinapril; Filpril; Pharmacor Quinapril 10; Qpril 10; Quinapril-DP; Quinapril generichealth</i>  |
|                            | Tablet 20 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 30       | 0.95             | <i>Acquin 20; APO-Quinapril; Filpril; Pharmacor Quinapril 20; Qpril 20; Quinapril-GA; Quinapril generichealth; Quinapril Sandoz</i>  |
| <i>Adalat 10</i>           | Tablet 10 mg  | 60       | 1.12             | <i>Adefin 10</i>   |
| <i>Adalat 20</i>           | Tablet 20 mg  | 60       | 2.09             | <i>Adefin 20; GenRx Nifedipine; Nifehexal</i>  |
| <i>Adalat Oros 30</i>      | Tablet 30 mg (controlled release)                       | 30       | 2.41             | <i>Addos XR 30; Adefin XL 30; APO-Nifedipine XR</i>  |
| <i>Adalat Oros 60</i>      | Tablet 60 mg (controlled release)                       | 30       | 2.67             | <i>Addos XR 60; Adefin XL 60; APO-Nifedipine XR</i>  |
| <i>Aldactone</i>           | Tablet 25 mg  | 100      | 1.75             | <i>Spiractin 25</i>  |
|                            | Tablet 100 mg   | 100      | 2.40             | <i>Spiractin 100</i>   |
| <i>Aldomet</i>             | Tablet 250 mg   | 100      | 2.50             | <i>Hydopa</i>  |
| <i>Alphagan</i>            | Eye drops 2 mg per mL (0.2%), 5 mL                      | 1        | 1.63             | <i>Enidin</i>  |
| <i>Amaryl</i>              | Tablet 1 mg   | 30       | 2.67             | <i>APO-Glimepiride; Aylide 1; Diapride 1; Dimirel; Glimepiride Sandoz</i>  |
|                            | Tablet 2 mg   | 30       | 2.66             | <i>APO-Glimepiride; Aylide 2; Diapride 2; Dimirel; Glimepiride Sandoz</i>  |
|                            | Tablet 3 mg   | 30       | 2.67             | <i>APO-Glimepiride; Aylide 3; Diapride 3; Dimirel; Glimepiride Sandoz</i>  |
|                            | Tablet 4 mg   | 30       | 2.66             | <i>APO-Glimepiride; Aylide 4; Diapride 4; Dimirel; Glimepiride Sandoz</i>  |
| <i>Amoxil</i>              | Capsule 250 mg  | 20       | 0.75             | <i>Alphamox 250; Amoxicillin-GA; Amoxicillin Ranbaxy; Amoxicillin Sandoz; APO-Amoxicillin; Chem mart Amoxicillin; Cilamox; GenRx Amoxicillin; Terry White Chemists Amoxicillin</i> |
|                            | Capsule 500 mg  | 20       | 0.74             | <i>Alphamox 500; Amoxicillin-GA; Amoxicillin Ranbaxy; Amoxicillin Sandoz; APO-Amoxicillin; Chem mart Amoxicillin; Cilamox; GenRx Amoxicillin; Terry White Chemists Amoxicillin</i> |
|                            | Powder for syrup 125 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL                | 1        | 0.90             | <i>Alphamox 125; Amoxicillin Sandoz; Bgramin; Chem mart Amoxicillin; GenRx Amoxicillin; Ranmoxy; Terry White Chemists Amoxicillin</i>  |
| <i>Amoxil Forte</i>        | Powder for syrup 250 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL                | 1        | 0.76             | <i>Alphamox 250; Amoxicillin Sandoz; Bgramin; Chem mart Amoxicillin; Cilamox; GenRx Amoxicillin; Ranmoxy; Terry White Chemists Amoxicillin</i>                                     |
| <i>Anafranil 25</i>        | Tablet 25 mg  | 50       | 3.11             | <i>Chem mart Clomipramine; GenRx Clomipramine; Placil; Terry White Chemists Clomipramine</i>   |
| <i>Anaprox 550</i>         | Tablet 550 mg   | 50       | 2.17             | <i>Crysanal</i>  |
| <i>Androcur</i>            | Tablet 50 mg  | 20       | 2.97             | <i>Cyprohexal; Cyprone; Cyprostat; GenRx Cyproterone Acetate; Procur</i>   |
|                            | Tablet 50 mg  | 100      | 3.12             | <i>Cyprohexal; Cyprone; Cyprostat; GenRx Cyproterone Acetate; Procur</i>   |
| <i>Androcur-100</i>        | Tablet 100 mg   | 50       | 1.56             | <i>Cyprohexal; Cyprostat-100; GenRx Cyproterone Acetate; Procur 100</i>  |
| <i>Anginine Stabilised</i> | Tablets 600 micrograms, 100                             | 1        | 2.94             | <i>Lycinatone</i>  |
| <i>Aristocort 0.02%</i>    | Cream 200 micrograms per g (0.02%), 100 g               | 2        | 3.78             | <i>Tricortone</i>  |
|                            | Ointment 200 micrograms per g (0.02%), 100 g            | 2        | 3.78             | <i>Tricortone</i>  |
| <i>Aropax</i>              | Tablet 20 mg (as hydrochloride)                         | 30       | 0.82             | <i>Chem mart Paroxetine; Extine 20; GenRx Paroxetine; Paroxetine 20; Paroxetine-DP; Paroxetine-GA; Paroxetine Sandoz; Paxtine; Terry White Chemists Paroxetine</i>                 |
| <i>Astrix</i>              | Tablet 100 mg   | 112      | 1.29             | <i>DBL Aspirin 100 mg; Mayne Pharma Aspirin</i>  |
| <i>Atrovent</i>            | Nebuliser solution single dose units 250 micrograms     | 2        | 0.68             | <i>Aeron 250; APO-Ipratropium; Ipratrin;</i>   |

| Premium Priced Brand       | Form and Strength  | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands  |
|----------------------------|--|----------|------------------|--|
| <i>Atrovent Adult</i>      | (anhydrous) in 1 mL, 30<br>Nebuliser solution single dose units 500 micrograms | 2        | 0.58             | <i>Ipravent</i><br><i>Aeron 500; APO-Ipratropium; Ipratrin Adult; Ipravent</i>   |
| <i>Augmentin</i>           | (anhydrous) in 1 mL, 30  | 1        | 1.42             | <i>Clamoxyl; Curam</i>   |
| <i>Augmentin Duo</i>       | Powder for syrup 125 mg-31.25 mg per 5 mL, 75 mL<br>Tablet 500 mg-125 mg       | 10       | 1.47             | <i>Amoxycillin/ Clavulanic Acid 500/125 generichealth; APO-Amoxycillin/ Clavulanic Acid 500/125; Clamoxyl Duo; Curam Duo 500/125; GA-Amclav 500/125; Moxiclav Duo 500/125 Clamoxyl Duo 400; Curam Duo</i>  |
| <i>Augmentin Duo 400</i>   | Powder for syrup 400 mg-57 mg per 5 mL, 60 mL                                  | 1        | 1.46             |  |
| <i>Augmentin Duo forte</i> | Tablet 875 mg-125 mg   | 10       | 1.96             | <i>Amoxycillin/ Clavulanic Acid 875/125 generichealth; Chem mart Amoxycillin and Clavulanic Acid; Clamoxyl Duo forte; Clavycillin 875/125; Curam Duo Forte 875/125; GA-Amclav Forte 875/125; GenRx Amoxycillin and Clavulanic Acid; Moxiclav Duo Forte 875/125; Terry White Chemists Amoxycillin and Clavulanic Acid</i> |
| <i>Aurorix</i>             | Tablet 150 mg  | 60       | 0.69             | <i>Amira 150; Chem mart Moclobemide; Clobemix; GenRx Moclobemide; Moclobemide Sandoz; Mohexal; Terry White Chemists Moclobemide</i>  |
| <i>Aurorix 300 mg</i>      | Tablet 300 mg  | 60       | 1.37             | <i>Amira 300; Chem mart Moclobemide; Clobemix; GenRx Moclobemide; Moclobemide Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Moclobemide</i>   |
| <i>Avanza</i>              | Tablet 30 mg   | 30       | 2.95             | <i>Axit 30; Chem mart Mirtazapine; GenRx Mirtazapine; Mirtazapine-DP; Mirtazapine Sandoz; Mirtazon; Terry White Chemists Mirtazapine</i>   |
|                            | Tablet 45 mg   | 30       | 2.95             | <i>APO-Mirtazapine; Axit 45; Chem mart Mirtazapine; Mirtazapine Sandoz; Mirtazon; Terry White Chemists Mirtazapine</i>   |
| <i>Azopt</i>               | Eye drops 10 mg per mL (1%), 5 mL  | 1        | 1.16             | <i>BrinzoQuin</i>  |
| <i>Betaloc</i>             | Tablet 50 mg   | 100      | 3.09             | <i>Chem mart Metoprolol; GenRx Metoprolol; Metohexal; Metrol 50; Minax 50; Terry White Chemists Metoprolol</i>   |
|                            | Tablet 100 mg  | 60       | 3.08             | <i>Chem mart Metoprolol; GenRx Metoprolol; Metohexal; Metrol 100; Minax 100; Terry White Chemists Metoprolol</i>   |
| <i>Betnovate 1/2</i>       | Cream 500 micrograms (base) per g (0.05%), 15 g                                | 1        | 2.94             | <i>Cortival 1/2</i>  |
|                            | Ointment 500 micrograms (base) per g (0.05%), 15 g                             | 1        | 2.94             | <i>Cortival 1/2</i>  |
| <i>Betnovate 1/5</i>       | Cream 200 micrograms (base) per g (0.02%), 100 g                               | 2        | 6.88             | <i>Cortival 1/5</i>  |
| <i>Betoptic</i>            | Eye drops, solution, 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%), 5 mL                           | 1        | 2.06             | <i>BetoQuin</i>  |
| <i>Brevinor</i>            | Pack containing 21 tablets 500 micrograms-35 micrograms and 7 inert tablets    | 4        | 7.68             | <i>Norimin 28 Day</i>  |
| <i>Brevinor - 1</i>        | Pack containing 21 tablets 1 mg-35 micrograms and 7 inert tablets              | 4        | 7.68             | <i>Norimin-1 28 Day</i>  |
| <i>Capoten</i>             | Tablet 25 mg   | 90       | 4.76             | <i>Ascent Pharma Pty Ltd; Captopril Sandoz; GenRx Captopril; Zedace</i>  |
|                            | Tablet 50 mg   | 90       | 4.75             | <i>Ascent Pharma Pty Ltd; Captopril Sandoz; GenRx Captopril; Zedace</i>  |
| <i>Carafate</i>            | Tablet equivalent to 1 g anhydrous sucralfate                                  | 120      | 2.06             | <i>Ulcyte</i>  |
| <i>Ceclor</i>              | Powder for oral suspension 125 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL                             | 1        | 3.97             | <i>Aclor 125; Cefaclor Sandoz; Chem mart Cefaclor; GenRx Cefaclor; Keflor; Ozcef; Terry White Chemists Cefaclor</i>  |
|                            | Powder for oral suspension 250 mg per 5 mL, 75 mL                              | 1        | 4.16             | <i>Aclor 250; Cefaclor Sandoz; Chem mart Cefaclor; GenRx Cefaclor; Keflor; Ozcef; Terry White Chemists Cefaclor</i>  |
| <i>Ceclor CD</i>           | Tablet 375 mg (sustained release)  | 10       | 4.94             | <i>Cefaclor-GA; Chem mart Cefaclor CD; Douglas Cefaclor-CD; GenRx Cefaclor CD; Karlor CD; Keflor CD; Ozcef; Terry White Chemists Cefaclor CD</i>   |
| <i>Celestone-M</i>         | Cream 200 micrograms (base) per g (0.02%), 100 g                               | 2        | 2.46             | <i>Antroquoril</i>   |
| <i>Ciloxan</i>             | Ointment 200 micrograms (base) per g (0.02%), 100 g                            | 2        | 2.46             | <i>Antroquoril</i>   |
|                            | Eye drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 5 mL   | 2        | 1.92             | <i>CiloQuin</i>  |

| Premium Priced Brand       | Form and Strength                                     | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands   |
|----------------------------|---|----------|------------------|---|
| <i>Cipramil</i>            | Tablet 20 mg (base)                                   | 28       | 4.23             | <i>APO-Citalopram; Celapram; Celica; Chem mart Citalopram; Ciazil; Citalobell; Citalopram 20; Citalopram generichealth; Citalopram Sandoz; GenRx Citalopram; Talam; Terry White Chemists Citalopram</i>   |
| <i>Ciproxin 250</i>        | Tablet 250 mg   | 14       | 1.38             | <i>C-Flox 250; Cifran; Ciprofloxacin-DRLA; Ciprofloxacin Sandoz; Ciprol 250; GenRx Ciprofloxacin; Profloxin</i>   |
| <i>Ciproxin 500</i>        | Tablet 500 mg   | 14       | 1.20             | <i>Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited; C-Flox 500; Cifran; Ciprofloxacin 500; Ciprofloxacin-BW; Ciprofloxacin-DRLA; Ciprofloxacin-GA; Ciprofloxacin Sandoz; Ciprol 500; GenRx Ciprofloxacin</i>   |
| <i>Ciproxin 750</i>        | Tablet 750 mg   | 14       | 1.31             | <i>Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited; C-Flox 750; Cifran; Ciprofloxacin 750; Ciprofloxacin-BW; Ciprofloxacin-DRLA; Ciprofloxacin-GA; Ciprofloxacin Sandoz; Ciprol 750; GenRx Ciprofloxacin</i>   |
| <i>Colgout</i>             | Tablet 500 micrograms                                 | 30       | 0.85             | <i>Lengout</i>  |
| <i>Dalacin C</i>           | Capsule 150 mg  | 24       | 1.37             | <i>Cleocin</i>  |
| <i>Daonil</i>              | Tablet 5 mg   | 100      | 1.41             | <i>Glimel</i>   |
| <i>Depo-Medrol</i>         | Injection 40 mg in 1 mL                               | 5        | 0.72             | <i>Depo-Nisolone</i>  |
| <i>Depo-Provera</i>        | Injection 150 mg in 1 mL                              | 1        | 3.20             | <i>Depo-Ralovera</i>  |
| <i>Diabex</i>              | Tablet 500 mg   | 100      | 1.70             | <i>Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited; Chem mart Metformin; Diaformin; Formet 500; GenRx Metformin; Glucohexal; Glucophage; Metformin 500; Metformin-GA; Metformin generichealth; Metformin Ranbaxy; Metformin Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Metformin</i>     |
| <i>Diabex 1000</i>         | Tablet 1 g  | 90       | 1.71             | <i>APO-Metformin 1000; Chem mart Metformin 1000; Diaformin 1000; Formet 1000; Glucohexal; Metformin-GA; Metformin generichealth 1000; Metformin Ranbaxy 1000; Metformin Sandoz; Pharmacor Metformin 1000; Terry White Chemists Metformin 1000</i>         |
| <i>Diabex 850</i>          | Tablet 850 mg   | 60       | 1.70             | <i>Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited; Chem mart Metformin; Diaformin 850; Formet 850; GenRx Metformin; Glucohexal; Glucophage; Metformin 850; Metformin-GA; Metformin generichealth; Metformin Ranbaxy; Metformin Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Metformin</i> |
| <i>Diprosone</i>           | Cream 500 micrograms (base) per g (0.05%), 15 g       | 1        | 2.45             | <i>Eleuphrat</i>  |
|                            | Ointment 500 micrograms (base) per g (0.05%), 15 g    | 1        | 2.45             | <i>Eleuphrat</i>  |
| <i>Doryx</i>               | Capsule 100 mg (as hydrochloride)                     | 7        | 1.10             | <i>Mayne Pharma Doxycycline</i>   |
|                            | Capsule 50 mg (as hydrochloride)                      | 25       | 1.24             | <i>Mayne Pharma Doxycycline</i>   |
|                            | Capsule 100 mg (as hydrochloride)                     | 28       | 4.40             | <i>Mayne Pharma Doxycycline</i>   |
|                            | Capsule 100 mg (as hydrochloride)                     | 21       | 1.97             | <i>Mayne Pharma Doxycycline</i>   |
| <i>Dulcolax</i>            | Suppositories 10 mg, 10                               | 3        | 1.11             | <i>Petrus Bisacodyl Suppositories</i>   |
| <i>Duphalac</i>            | Mixture 3.34 g per 5 mL, 500 mL                       | 1        | 1.58             | <i>Actilax; Genlac; GenRx Lactulose; Lac-Dol; Lactocur</i>  |
|                            | Mixture 3.34 g per 5 mL, 500 mL                       | 3        | 4.74             | <i>Actilax; Genlac; GenRx Lactulose; Lac-Dol; Lactocur</i>  |
| <i>Duratears</i>           | Compound eye ointment 3.5 g                           | 2        | 2.10             | <i>Poly Visc</i>  |
| <i>E.E.S. 200</i>          | Powder for oral liquid 200 mg (base) per 5 mL, 100 mL | 1        | 2.72             | <i>E-Mycin 200</i>  |
| <i>E.E.S. 400 Filmstab</i> | Tablet 400 mg (base)                                  | 25       | 2.66             | <i>E-Mycin</i>  |
| <i>E.E.S. Granules</i>     | Powder for oral liquid 400 mg (base) per 5 mL, 100 mL | 1        | 2.74             | <i>E-Mycin 400</i>  |
| <i>Elocon</i>              | Cream 1 mg per g (0.1%), 15 g                         | 1        | 2.45             | <i>Novasone</i>   |
|                            | Ointment 1 mg per g (0.1%), 15 g                      | 1        | 2.45             | <i>Novasone</i>   |
|                            | Lotion 1 mg per g (0.1% w/w), 30 mL                   | 1        | 2.45             | <i>Novasone</i>   |
| <i>Epilim EC</i>           | Tablet 200 mg (enteric coated)                        | 200      | 1.42             | <i>Sodium Valproate Sandoz; Valprease 200; Valpro 200; Valproate Winthrop EC 200</i>  |
|                            | Tablet 500 mg (enteric coated)                        | 200      | 1.32             | <i>Sodium Valproate Sandoz; Valprease 500; Valpro 500; Valproate Winthrop EC 500</i>  |

| Premium Priced Brand       | Form and Strength   | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands   |
|----------------------------|---|----------|------------------|---|
| <i>Eryc</i>                | Capsule 250 mg  | 25       | 1.28             | <i>Mayne Pharma Erythromycin</i>  |
| <i>Fasigyn</i>             | Tablet 500 mg   | 4        | 2.42             | <i>Simplotan</i>  |
| <i>Feldene</i>             | Capsule 10 mg   | 50       | 2.52             | <i>Chem mart Piroxicam; GenRx Piroxicam; Mobilis 10; Terry White Chemists Piroxicam</i>   |
|                            | Capsule 20 mg   | 25       | 2.49             | <i>Chem mart Piroxicam; GenRx Piroxicam; Mobilis 20; Terry White Chemists Piroxicam</i>   |
| <i>Feldene-D</i>           | Dispersible tablet 20 mg  | 25       | 2.49             | <i>Mobilis D-20</i>   |
| <i>Flagyl</i>              | Tablet 400 mg   | 21       | 2.18             | <i>Metrogyl 400; Metronide 400</i>  |
|                            | Tablet 200 mg   | 21       | 2.19             | <i>Metrogyl 200; Metronide 200</i>  |
| <i>Fosamax Once Weekly</i> | Tablet equivalent to 70 mg alendronic acid                                      | 4        | 1.96             | <i>Adronat; Alendrobell 70mg; Alendronate-GA; Alendronate Sandoz; Alendro Once Weekly; APO-Alendronate; Chem mart Alendronate 70mg; Ossmax 70mg; Terry White Chemists Alendronate 70mg</i>  |
| <i>Genteal</i>             | Eye drops 3 mg per mL (0.3%), 15 mL (contains sodium perborate as preservative) | 1        | 1.75             | <i>In a Wink Moisturising</i>   |
| <i>Genteal gel</i>         | Ocular lubricating gel 3 mg-2 mg per g (0.3%-0.2%), 10 g                        | 1        | 1.75             | <i>HPMC PAA</i>   |
| <i>Glucophage</i>          | Tablet 500 mg   | 100      | 1.04             | <i>Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited; Chem mart Metformin; Diabex; Diaformin; Formet 500; GenRx Metformin; Glucohexal; Metformin 500; Metformin-GA; Metformin generichealth; Metformin Ranbaxy; Metformin Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Metformin</i>         |
|                            | Tablet 850 mg   | 60       | 1.04             | <i>Ascent Pharmaceuticals Limited; Chem mart Metformin; Diabex 850; Diaformin 850; Formet 850; GenRx Metformin; Glucohexal; Metformin 850; Metformin-GA; Metformin generichealth; Metformin Ranbaxy; Metformin Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Metformin</i> |
| <i>Gopten</i>              | Capsule 500 micrograms  | 28       | 1.76             | <i>APO-Trandolapril; Dolapril 0.5; Tranalpha; Trandolapril-DP; Trandolapril generichealth</i>   |
|                            | Capsule 1 mg  | 28       | 1.78             | <i>APO-Trandolapril; Dolapril 1; Tranalpha; Trandolapril-DP; Trandolapril generichealth</i>   |
|                            | Capsule 2 mg  | 28       | 1.78             | <i>APO-Trandolapril; Dolapril 2; Tranalpha; Trandolapril-DP; Trandolapril generichealth</i>   |
|                            | Capsule 4 mg  | 28       | 1.78             | <i>APO-Trandolapril; Dolapril 4; Tranalpha; Trandolapril-DP; Trandolapril generichealth</i>   |
| <i>Imdur 120 mg</i>        | Tablet 120 mg (sustained release)   | 30       | 2.85             | <i>Monodur 120 mg</i>   |
| <i>Imdur Durule</i>        | Tablet 60 mg (sustained release)  | 30       | 2.70             | <i>Chem mart Isosorbide Mononitrate; Duride; GenRx Isosorbide Mononitrate; Imtrate 60 mg; Isomonit; Monodur 60 mg; Terry White Chemists Isosorbide Mononitrate</i>  |
| <i>Imodium</i>             | Capsule 2 mg  | 12       | 0.89             | <i>Gastro-Stop Loperamide</i>   |
| <i>Indocid</i>             | Capsule 25 mg   | 100      | 2.04             | <i>Arthrexin</i>  |
| <i>Isoptin</i>             | Tablet 40 mg  | 100      | 0.73             | <i>Anpec 40</i>   |
|                            | Tablet 80 mg  | 100      | 0.71             | <i>Anpec 80</i>   |
| <i>Isoptin 180 SR</i>      | Tablet 180 mg (sustained release)   | 30       | 2.16             | <i>Cordilox 180 SR</i>  |
| <i>Isoptin SR</i>          | Tablet 240 mg (sustained release)   | 30       | 2.15             | <i>Cordilox SR</i>  |
| <i>Keflex</i>              | Capsule 250 mg  | 20       | 3.14             | <i>Cefalexin Sandoz; Cephalixin generichealth; Cephatrust 250; Chem mart Cephalixin; Cilex; GenRx Cephalixin; Ialex; Ibilex 250; Rancef; Terry White Chemists Cephalixin</i>  |
|                            | Capsule 500 mg  | 20       | 4.20             | <i>Cefalexin Sandoz; Cephabell; Cephalixin generichealth; Cephatrust 500; Chem mart Cephalixin; Cilex; GenRx Cephalixin; Ialex; Ibilex 500; Rancef; Terry White Chemists Cephalixin</i>   |

| Premium Priced Brand | Form and Strength  | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands  |
|----------------------|--|----------|------------------|--|
|                      | Granules for syrup 125 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL   | 1        | 3.38             | APO-Cephalexin; Cefalexin Sandoz; Chem mart Cephalexin; Cilex; GenRx Cephalexin; Ialex; Ibilex 125; Terry White Chemists Cephalexin                                |
|                      | Granules for syrup 250 mg per 5 mL, 100 mL   | 1        | 4.16             | APO-Cephalexin; Cefalexin Sandoz; Chem mart Cephalexin; Cilex; GenRx Cephalexin; Ialex; Ibilex 250; Terry White Chemists Cephalexin                                |
| <i>Kenacomb Otic</i> | Ear drops 1 mg-2.5 mg (base)- 250 micrograms-100,000 units per g (0.1%-0.25%-0.025%-100,000 units per g), 7.5 mL | 1        | 1.95             | <i>Otocomb Otic</i>  |
|                      | Ear ointment 1 mg-2.5 mg (base)- 250 micrograms-100,000 units per g (0.1%-0.25%-0.025%-100,000 units per g), 5 g | 1        | 1.95             | <i>Otocomb Otic</i>  |
| <i>Klacid</i>        | Tablet 250 mg  | 14       | 1.86             | APO-Clarithromycin; Chem mart Clarithromycin; Clarac; Clarihexal; Clarithro 250; GenRx Clarithromycin; Kalixocin; Terry White Chemists Clarithromycin              |
| <i>Lacri-Lube</i>    | Pack containing 2 tubes compound eye ointment 3.5 g  | 1        | 2.12             | <i>Ircal</i>   |
| <i>Lamictal</i>      | Tablet 5 mg  | 56       | 0.72             | <i>Lamogine; Seaze 5</i>   |
|                      | Tablet 25 mg   | 56       | 0.73             | APO-Lamotrigine; GenRx Lamotrigine; Lamidus; Lamogine; Lamotrigine-DP; Lamotrigine-GA; Lamotrigine generichealth; Lamotrigine Sandoz; Lamotrust 25; Seaze 25       |
|                      | Tablet 50 mg   | 56       | 0.63             | APO-Lamotrigine; GenRx Lamotrigine; Lamidus; Lamogine; Lamotrigine-DP; Lamotrigine-GA; Lamotrigine generichealth; Lamotrigine Sandoz; Lamotrust 50; Seaze 50       |
|                      | Tablet 100 mg  | 56       | 0.70             | APO-Lamotrigine; GenRx Lamotrigine; Lamidus; Lamogine; Lamotrigine-DP; Lamotrigine-GA; Lamotrigine generichealth; Lamotrigine Sandoz; Lamotrust 100; Seaze 100     |
|                      | Tablet 200 mg  | 56       | 0.68             | APO-Lamotrigine; GenRx Lamotrigine; Lamidus; Lamogine; Lamotrigine-DP; Lamotrigine-GA; Lamotrigine generichealth; Lamotrigine Sandoz; Lamotrust 200; Seaze 200     |
| <i>Lamisil</i>       | Tablet 250 mg (as hydrochloride)   | 42       | 1.37             | GenRx Terbinafine; Sebifin 250; Tamsil; Terbihexal; Terbinafine 250; Terbinafine-DRLA; Terbinafine-GA; Terbig 250; Zabel   |
| <i>Lanoxin</i>       | Tablet 250 micrograms  | 100      | 2.94             | <i>Sigmaxin</i>  |
| <i>Lanoxin-PG</i>    | Tablet 62.5 micrograms   | 200      | 2.95             | <i>Sigmaxin-PG</i>   |
| <i>Lasix</i>         | Tablet 40 mg   | 100      | 2.28             | Chem mart Frusemide; Frusemide Sandoz; Frusid; GenRx Frusemide; Terry White Chemists Frusemide; Uremide  |
| <i>Lasix-M</i>       | Tablet 20 mg   | 100      | 1.82             | Chem mart Frusemide; Frusid; GenRx Frusemide; Terry White Chemists Frusemide   |
| <i>Lexapro</i>       | Tablet 10 mg (base)  | 28       | 4.59             | APO-Escitalopram; Chem mart Escitalopram; Esipram; Esitalo; Lexam 10; LoxaLate; Terry White Chemists Escitalopram  |
|                      | Tablet 20 mg (base)  | 28       | 6.73             | APO-Escitalopram; Chem mart Escitalopram; Esipram; Esitalo; Lexam 20; LoxaLate; Terry White Chemists Escitalopram  |
| <i>Lioresal 10</i>   | Tablet 10 mg   | 100      | 2.16             | Chem mart Baclofen; Clofen 10; GenRx Baclofen; Stelax 10; Terry White Chemists Baclofen  |
| <i>Lioresal 25</i>   | Tablet 25 mg   | 100      | 2.06             | Chem mart Baclofen; Clofen 25; GenRx Baclofen; Stelax 25; Terry White Chemists Baclofen  |
| <i>Lipex 10</i>      | Tablet 10 mg   | 30       | 3.33             | APO-Simvastatin; Chem mart Simvastatin; GenRx Simvastatin; Pharmacor Simvastatin 10; Ransim; Simvahexal; Simvar 10; Simvastatin-DP; Simvastatin-GA 10; Simvastatin |

| Premium Priced Brand    | Form and Strength   | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands   |
|-------------------------|---|----------|------------------|---|
| <i>Lipex 20</i>         | Tablet 20 mg  | 30       | 3.31             | <i>generichealth; Simvastatin-Spirit 10; Simvastatin Winthrop; Simvasyn; Terry White Chemists Simvastatin; Zimstat; Zocor</i><br><i>APO-Simvastatin; Chem mart Simvastatin; GenRx Simvastatin; Pharmacor Simvastatin 20; Ransim; Simvahexal; Simvar 20; Simvastatin-DP; Simvastatin-GA 20; Simvastatin generichealth; Simvastatin-Spirit 20; Simvastatin Winthrop; Simvasyn; Terry White Chemists Simvastatin; Zimstat; Zocor</i> |
| <i>Lipex 40</i>         | Tablet 40 mg  | 30       | 3.33             | <i>APO-Simvastatin; Chem mart Simvastatin; GenRx Simvastatin; Pharmacor Simvastatin 40; Ransim; Simvahexal; Simvar 40; Simvastatin-DP; Simvastatin-GA 40; Simvastatin generichealth; Simvastatin-Spirit 40; Simvastatin Winthrop; Simvasyn; Terry White Chemists Simvastatin; Zimstat; Zocor</i>  |
| <i>Lipex 80</i>         | Tablet 80 mg  | 30       | 3.32             | <i>APO-Simvastatin; Chem mart Simvastatin; GenRx Simvastatin; Pharmacor Simvastatin 80; Ransim; Simvahexal; Simvar 80; Simvastatin-DP; Simvastatin-GA 80; Simvastatin generichealth; Simvastatin-Spirit 80; Simvastatin Winthrop; Simvasyn; Terry White Chemists Simvastatin; Zimstat; Zocor</i>  |
| <i>Liquifilm Forte</i>  | Eye drops 30 mg per mL (3%), 15 mL  | 1        | 5.59             | <i>PVA Forte</i>  |
| <i>Liquifilm Tears</i>  | Eye drops 14 mg per mL (1.4%), 15 mL  | 1        | 1.60             | <i>PVA Tears</i>  |
| <i>Lomotil</i>          | Tablet 2.5 mg-25 micrograms   | 20       | 1.72             | <i>Lofenoxal</i>  |
| <i>Lopid</i>            | Tablet 600 mg   | 60       | 2.81             | <i>Ausgem; Chem mart Gemfibrozil; Gemhexal; GenRx Gemfibrozil; Jezil; Lipazil 600 mg; Lipigem; Pharmacor Gemfibrozil 600; Terry White Chemists Gemfibrozil</i>  |
| <i>Losec Tablets</i>    | Tablet 20 mg (as magnesium)   | 30       | 3.56             | <i>Acimax Tablets; Omepral</i>  |
| <i>Luvox</i>            | Tablet containing fluvoxamine maleate 50 mg                                 | 30       | 2.82             | <i>APO-Fluvoxamine; Faverin 50; Fluvoxamine GA; Movox 50; Voxam</i>   |
|                         | Tablet containing fluvoxamine maleate 100 mg                                | 30       | 2.80             | <i>APO-Fluvoxamine; Faverin 100; Fluvoxamine GA; Movox 100; Voxam</i>   |
| <i>Maxamox</i>          | Tablet 1 g  | 14       | 1.12             | <i>Amoxycillin Sandoz</i>   |
| <i>Microgynon 30 ED</i> | Pack containing 21 tablets 150 micrograms-30 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4        | 13.59            | <i>Levlen ED</i>  |
| <i>Minidiab</i>         | Tablet 5 mg   | 100      | 3.83             | <i>Melizide</i>   |
| <i>Minipress</i>        | Tablet 1 mg (base)  | 100      | 2.80             | <i>Chem mart Prazosin; GenRx Prazosin; Terry White Chemists Prazosin</i>  |
|                         | Tablet 2 mg (base)  | 100      | 2.89             | <i>Chem mart Prazosin; GenRx Prazosin; Terry White Chemists Prazosin</i>  |
|                         | Tablet 5 mg (base)  | 100      | 3.13             | <i>Chem mart Prazosin; GenRx Prazosin; Terry White Chemists Prazosin</i>  |
| <i>Minomycin-50</i>     | Tablet 50 mg  | 60       | 1.89             | <i>Akamin 50</i>  |
| <i>Mobic</i>            | Tablet 7.5 mg   | 30       | 1.30             | <i>Chem mart Meloxicam 7.5 mg; GenRx Meloxicam; Meloxibell; Meloxicam-GA; Meloxicam Ranbaxy; Meloxicam Sandoz; Meloxicam Winthrop; Movalis 7.5; Moxicam 7.5; Pharmacor Meloxicam 7.5; Terry White Chemists Meloxicam 7.5 mg</i>   |
|                         | Tablet 15 mg  | 30       | 1.30             | <i>Chem mart Meloxicam 15 mg; GenRx Meloxicam; Meloxibell; Meloxicam-GA; Meloxicam Ranbaxy; Meloxicam Sandoz; Meloxicam Winthrop; Movalis 15; Moxicam 15; Pharmacor Meloxicam 15; Terry White Chemists Meloxicam 15 mg</i>  |
| <i>Mogadon</i>          | Tablet 5 mg   | 50       | 2.90             | <i>Alodorm</i>  |
|                         | Tablet 5 mg   | 25       | 1.45             | <i>Alodorm</i>  |

| Premium Priced Brand   | Form and Strength   | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands  |
|------------------------|---|----------|------------------|--|
| <i>Naprosyn</i>        | Tablet 250 mg   | 100      | 2.24             | <i>Inza 250</i>  |
|                        | Tablet 500 mg   | 50       | 1.30             | <i>Inza 500</i>  |
| <i>Naprosyn SR1000</i> | Tablet 1 g (sustained release)  | 28       | 1.29             | <i>Proxen SR 1000</i>  |
| <i>Naprosyn SR750</i>  | Tablet 750 mg (sustained release)   | 28       | 1.22             | <i>Proxen SR 750</i>   |
| <i>Natrilix</i>        | Tablet 2.5 mg   | 90       | 2.43             | <i>Chem mart Indapamide; Dapa-Tabs; GenRx Indapamide; Indapamide-GA; Indapamide Sandoz; Insig; Terry White Chemists Indapamide</i>   |
| <i>Neoral 100</i>      | Capsule 100 mg  | 60       | 2.12             | <i>Cicloral</i>  |
| <i>Neoral 25</i>       | Capsule 25 mg   | 60       | 2.16             | <i>Cicloral</i>  |
| <i>Neoral 50</i>       | Capsule 50 mg   | 60       | 2.34             | <i>Cicloral</i>  |
| <i>Neurontin</i>       | Capsule 100 mg  | 100      | 0.96             | <i>APO-Gabapentin; DBL Gabapentin; Gabatine 100; Gantin; Nupentin 100</i>  |
|                        | Capsule 300 mg  | 100      | 0.95             | <i>DBL Gabapentin; Gabapentin 300; Gabapentin-GA; Gabapentin Sandoz; Gabatine 300; Gantin; GenRx Gabapentin; Nupentin 300</i>  |
|                        | Capsule 400 mg  | 100      | 0.96             | <i>DBL Gabapentin; Douglas Gabapentin 400mg; Gabapentin 400; Gabapentin Sandoz; Gabatine 400; Gantin; GenRx Gabapentin; Nupentin 400</i>   |
|                        | Tablet 600 mg   | 100      | 0.95             | <i>Gabaran; Gabatine 600; GenRx Gabapentin</i>   |
|                        | Tablet 800 mg   | 100      | 0.94             | <i>Gabaran; Gabatine 800; Gantin; GenRx Gabapentin</i>   |
| <i>Nolvadex-D</i>      | Tablet 20 mg (base)   | 60       | 3.62             | <i>Genox 20; GenRx Tamoxifen; Tamosin; Tamoxen 20 mg; Tamoxifen Sandoz</i>   |
| <i>Nordette 28</i>     | Pack containing 21 tablets 150 micrograms-30 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4        | 13.55            | <i>Monofeme 28</i>   |
| <i>Noriday 28 Day</i>  | Tablets 350 micrograms, 28  | 4        | 3.88             | <i>Locilan 28 Day</i>  |
| <i>Normison</i>        | Tablet 10 mg  | 25       | 1.44             | <i>APO-Temazepam; Temaze; Temtabs</i>  |
|                        | Tablet 10 mg  | 50       | 2.88             | <i>APO-Temazepam; Temaze; Temtabs</i>  |
| <i>Noroxin</i>         | Tablet 400 mg   | 14       | 3.91             | <i>Chem mart Norfloxacin; GenRx Norfloxacin; Norfloxacin; Norfloxacin-GA; Nufloxib; Roxin; Terry White Chemists Norfloxacin</i>  |
| <i>Norvasc</i>         | Tablet 5 mg (as besylate)   | 30       | 3.72             | <i>Amlodipine-DRLA; Amlodipine-GA; Amlodipine generichealth; Amlodipine Sandoz; APO-Amlodipine; Chem mart Amlodipine; Nordip; Norvapine; Ozlodip; Perivasc; Pharmacor Amlodipine 5; Terry White Chemists Amlodipine</i>  |
|                        | Tablet 10 mg (as besylate)  | 30       | 5.39             | <i>Amlodipine-DRLA; Amlodipine-GA; Amlodipine generichealth; Amlodipine Sandoz; APO-Amlodipine; Chem mart Amlodipine; Nordip; Norvapine; Ozlodip; Perivasc; Pharmacor Amlodipine 10; Terry White Chemists Amlodipine</i> |
| <i>Oroxine</i>         | Tablet equivalent to 50 micrograms anhydrous thyroxine sodium               | 200      | 2.21             | <i>Eutroxsig</i>   |
|                        | Tablet equivalent to 75 micrograms anhydrous thyroxine sodium               | 200      | 2.27             | <i>Eutroxsig</i>   |
|                        | Tablet equivalent to 100 micrograms anhydrous thyroxine sodium              | 200      | 2.21             | <i>Eutroxsig</i>   |
|                        | Tablet equivalent to 200 micrograms anhydrous thyroxine sodium              | 200      | 2.21             | <i>Eutroxsig</i>   |
| <i>Orudis SR 200</i>   | Capsule 200 mg (sustained release)  | 28       | 2.18             | <i>Oruvail SR</i>  |
| <i>Panadeine Forte</i> | Tablet 30 mg-500 mg   | 20       | 2.66             | <i>APO- Paracetamol/Codeine 500/30; Codalgin Forte; Codapane Forte; Comfarol Forte; Dolaforte; Prodeine Forte</i>  |
|                        | Tablet 30 mg-500 mg   | 60       | 7.98             | <i>APO- Paracetamol/Codeine 500/30; Codalgin Forte; Codapane Forte; Comfarol Forte; Dolaforte; Prodeine Forte</i>  |
| <i>Panafcort</i>       | Tablet 1 mg   | 100      | 0.61             | <i>Predstone</i>   |
| <i>Panafcortelone</i>  | Tablet 1 mg   | 100      | 0.44             | <i>Predsolone</i>  |
| <i>Parlodel</i>        | Tablet 2.5 mg (base)  | 30       | 2.69             | <i>Kripton 2.5</i>   |
|                        | Tablet 2.5 mg (base)  | 60       | 2.77             | <i>Kripton 2.5</i>   |

| Premium Priced Brand | Form and Strength                          | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands  |
|----------------------|--|----------|------------------|--|
| Pepcidine            | Capsule 5 mg (base)                        | 60       | 2.77             | Krypton 5  |
|                      | Capsule 10 mg (base)                       | 100      | 2.93             | Krypton 10   |
|                      | Tablet 40 mg                               | 30       | 5.14             | Ausfam 40; Chem mart Famotidine; Famotidine Sandoz; GenRx Famotidine; Pamacid 40; Pepzan; Terry White Chemists Famotidine  |
| Pepcidine M          | Tablet 20 mg                               | 60       | 4.71             | Ausfam 20; Chem mart Famotidine; Famotidine Sandoz; GenRx Famotidine; Pamacid 20; Pepzan; Terry White Chemists Famotidine  |
| Plendil ER           | Tablet 2.5 mg (extended release)           | 30       | 4.74             | Felodur ER 2.5 mg  |
|                      | Tablet 5 mg (extended release)             | 30       | 4.76             | Felodil XR 5; Felodur ER 5 mg  |
| Pravachol            | Tablet 10 mg (extended release)            | 30       | 4.77             | Felodil XR 10; Felodur ER 10 mg  |
|                      | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 10 mg | 30       | 3.79             | APO-Pravastatin; Chem mart Pravastatin; Cholstat 10; GenRx Pravastatin; Lipostat 10; Pravastatin 10; Pravastatin-GA 10; Pravastatin generichealth; Pravastatin Sandoz; Pravastatin Winthrop; Terry White Chemists Pravastatin  |
|                      | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 20 mg | 30       | 3.81             | APO-Pravastatin; Chem mart Pravastatin; Cholstat 20; GenRx Pravastatin; Lipostat 20; Pravastatin 20; Pravastatin-GA 20; Pravastatin generichealth; Pravastatin Sandoz; Pravastatin Winthrop; Terry White Chemists Pravastatin; Vastoran  |
|                      | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 40 mg | 30       | 3.80             | APO-Pravastatin; Chem mart Pravastatin; Cholstat 40; GenRx Pravastatin; Lipostat 40; Pravastatin 40; Pravastatin-GA 40; Pravastatin generichealth; Pravastatin Sandoz; Pravastatin Winthrop; Terry White Chemists Pravastatin; Vastoran  |
|                      | Tablet containing pravastatin sodium 80 mg | 30       | 3.79             | APO-Pravastatin; Chem mart Pravastatin; Lipostat 80; Pravastatin-GA 80; Pravastatin generichealth; Pravastatin Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Pravastatin  |
| Prinivil 10          | Tablet 10 mg                               | 30       | 3.76             | APO-Lisinopril; Chem mart Lisinopril; Fibsol 10; GenRx Lisinopril; Liprace; Lisinopril 10; Lisinopril-DRLA; Lisinopril-GA; Lisinopril generichealth; Lisinopril Hexal; Lisinopril Ranbaxy; Lisinopril Sandoz; Lisinopril Winthrop; Lisodur; Terry White Chemists Lisinopril; Zestril |
| Prinivil 20          | Tablet 20 mg                               | 30       | 3.75             | APO-Lisinopril; Chem mart Lisinopril; Fibsol 20; GenRx Lisinopril; Liprace; Lisinopril 20; Lisinopril-DRLA; Lisinopril-GA; Lisinopril generichealth; Lisinopril Ranbaxy; Lisinopril Sandoz; Lisinopril Winthrop; Lisodur; Terry White Chemists Lisinopril; Zestril                   |
| Prinivil 5           | Tablet 5 mg                                | 30       | 3.74             | APO-Lisinopril; Chem mart Lisinopril; Fibsol 5; GenRx Lisinopril; Liprace; Lisinopril 5; Lisinopril-DRLA; Lisinopril-GA; Lisinopril generichealth; Lisinopril Ranbaxy; Lisinopril Sandoz; Lisinopril Winthrop; Lisodur; Terry White Chemists Lisinopril; Zestril                     |
| Prothiaden           | Capsule 25 mg                              | 50       | 1.49             | Dothep 25  |
| Provera              | Tablet 75 mg                               | 30       | 0.75             | Dothep 75  |
|                      | Tablet 10 mg                               | 100      | 1.53             | Ralovera   |
| Prozac 20            | Tablet 5 mg                                | 56       | 1.64             | Ralovera   |
|                      | Tablet 10 mg                               | 30       | 1.64             | Medroxyhexal; Ralovera   |
|                      | Capsule 20 mg (base)                       | 28       | 3.94             | Auscap; Chem mart Fluoxetine; Fluohexal; Fluoxebell; Fluoxetine 20; Fluoxetine-GA; Fluoxetine generichealth; GenRx Fluoxetine; Lovan; Terry White Chemists Fluoxetine; Zactin  |

| Premium Priced Brand  | Form and Strength   | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands   |
|-----------------------|---|----------|------------------|---|
| <i>Prozac Tab</i>     | Tablet 20 mg (base) (dispersible)   | 28       | 3.94             | <i>Lovan 20 Tab</i>   |
| <i>Redipred</i>       | Oral solution equivalent to 5 mg prednisolone per mL, 30 mL   | 1        | 1.77             | <i>PredMix</i>  |
| <i>Renitec</i>        | Tablet containing enalapril maleate 10 mg   | 30       | 4.65             | <i>Acetec; Alphapril; Auspril; Chem mart Enalapril; Enalapril-DP 10mg; Enalapril-GA; Enalapril generichealth; Enalapril Sandoz; Enalapril Winthrop; GenRx Enalapril; Terry White Chemists Enalapril</i> |
| <i>Renitec 20</i>     | Tablet containing enalapril maleate 20 mg   | 30       | 4.66             | <i>Acetec; Alphapril; Auspril; Chem mart Enalapril; Enalapril-DP 20mg; Enalapril-GA; Enalapril generichealth; Enalapril Sandoz; GenRx Enalapril; Terry White Chemists Enalapril</i>                     |
| <i>Renitec M</i>      | Tablet containing enalapril maleate 5 mg  | 30       | 4.66             | <i>Acetec; Alphapril; Auspril; Chem mart Enalapril; Enalapril-DP 5mg; Enalapril-GA; Enalapril generichealth; Enalapril Sandoz; Enalapril Winthrop; GenRx Enalapril; Terry White Chemists Enalapril</i>  |
| <i>Rivotril</i>       | Tablet 500 micrograms   | 100      | 1.71             | <i>Paxam 0.5</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 500 micrograms   | 200      | 3.42             | <i>Paxam 0.5</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 2 mg   | 100      | 1.93             | <i>Paxam 2</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 2 mg   | 200      | 3.86             | <i>Paxam 2</i>  |
| <i>Roaccutane</i>     | Capsule 20 mg   | 60       | 2.25             | <i>GenRx Isotretinoin; Oratane</i>  |
| <i>Rulide</i>         | Tablet 150 mg   | 10       | 2.47             | <i>APO-Roxithromycin; Biaxsig; Chem mart Roxithromycin; Roxar 150; Roxide; Roximycin; Roxithromycin-GA; Terry White Chemists Roxithromycin</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 300 mg   | 5        | 2.47             | <i>APO-Roxithromycin; Biaxsig; Chem mart Roxithromycin; Roxar 300; Roxide; Roximycin; Roxithromycin-GA; Terry White Chemists Roxithromycin</i>  |
| <i>Salazopyrin-EN</i> | Tablet 500 mg (enteric coated)  | 200      | 1.84             | <i>Pyralin EN</i>   |
| <i>Seprtrin Forte</i> | Tablet 160 mg-800 mg  | 10       | 1.46             | <i>Bactrim DS; Resprim Forte</i>  |
| <i>Serepax</i>        | Tablet 15 mg  | 25       | 2.69             | <i>Alepam 15</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 15 mg  | 50       | 5.38             | <i>Alepam 15</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 30 mg  | 25       | 2.69             | <i>Alepam 30; APO-Oxazepam; Murelax</i>   |
|                       | Tablet 30 mg  | 50       | 5.38             | <i>Alepam 30; APO-Oxazepam; Murelax</i>   |
| <i>Sigmatocort</i>    | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 30 g  | 1        | 2.69             | <i>Cortic-DS 1%</i>   |
|                       | Cream 10 mg per g (1%), 50 g  | 1        | 2.70             | <i>Cortic-DS 1%</i>   |
|                       | Topical ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 30 g   | 1        | 2.69             | <i>Cortic-DS 1%</i>   |
|                       | Topical ointment 10 mg per g (1%), 50 g   | 1        | 2.70             | <i>Cortic-DS 1%</i>   |
| <i>Sinemet</i>        | Tablet 250 mg-25 mg   | 100      | 2.92             | <i>Levo/Carbidopa Sandoz</i>  |
| <i>Sinemet 100/25</i> | Tablet 100 mg-25 mg   | 100      | 5.19             | <i>Kinson</i>   |
| <i>Slow-K</i>         | Tablet 600 mg (sustained release)   | 200      | 2.68             | <i>Duro-K</i>   |
| <i>Sofradex</i>       | Ear drops 500 micrograms-5 mg-50 micrograms per mL, 8 mL  | 1        | 1.86             | <i>Otodex</i>   |
| <i>Sotacor</i>        | Tablet 80 mg  | 60       | 4.76             | <i>GenRx Sotalol; Solavert; Sotalol Sandoz</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 160 mg   | 60       | 4.75             | <i>Cardol; Chem mart Sotalol; GenRx Sotalol; Solavert; Sotalol Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Sotalol</i>   |
| <i>Stemetil</i>       | Tablet containing prochlorperazine maleate 5 mg   | 25       | 3.38             | <i>APO-Prochlorperazine; ProCalm; Prochlorperazine-GA; Stemizine</i>  |
| <i>Synphasic</i>      | Pack containing 12 tablets 500 micrograms-35 micrograms, 9 tablets 1 mg-35 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4        | 7.68             | <i>Improvil 28 Day</i>  |
| <i>Tazac</i>          | Capsule 150 mg  | 60       | 5.32             | <i>Nizac; Tacidine</i>  |
|                       | Capsule 300 mg  | 30       | 5.32             | <i>Nizac; Tacidine</i>  |
| <i>Tears Naturale</i> | Eye drops 3 mg-1 mg per mL (0.3%-0.1%), 15 mL   | 1        | 1.74             | <i>Poly-Tears</i>   |
| <i>Tegretol 100</i>   | Tablet 100 mg   | 200      | 2.44             | <i>Carbamazepine Sandoz</i>   |
| <i>Tegretol 200</i>   | Tablet 200 mg   | 200      | 2.60             | <i>Carbamazepine Sandoz; Teril</i>  |
| <i>Tenormin</i>       | Tablet 50 mg  | 30       | 3.37             | <i>APO-Atenolol; Atenolol-GA; Atenolol Sandoz; Chem mart Atenolol; Noten; Tensig; Terry White Chemists Atenolol</i>   |
| <i>Timoptol</i>       | Eye drops 2.5 mg (base) per mL (0.25%), 5 mL  | 1        | 3.03             | <i>Tenopt</i>   |
|                       | Eye drops 5 mg (base) per mL (0.5%), 5 mL   | 1        | 3.03             | <i>Tenopt</i>   |
| <i>Tofranil 10</i>    | Tablet 10 mg  | 50       | 2.79             | <i>Tolerade 10</i>  |
| <i>Tofranil 25</i>    | Tablet 25 mg  | 50       | 2.79             | <i>Tolerade 25</i>  |
| <i>Tolvon</i>         | Tablet 10 mg  | 50       | 1.87             | <i>Lumin 10</i>   |
|                       | Tablet 20 mg  | 50       | 2.79             | <i>Lumin 20</i>   |
| <i>Tramal</i>         | Capsule 50 mg   | 20       | 2.31             | <i>APO-Tramadol; Chem mart Tramadol; GA Tramadol 50mg; GenRx Tramadol; Lodam 50; Terry White Chemists</i>   |

| Premium Priced Brand     | Form and Strength   | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands   |
|--------------------------|---|----------|------------------|---|
| <i>Tramal SR 100</i>     | Tablet 100 mg (twice daily sustained release)   | 20       | 4.28             | <i>Tramadol; Tramadol Sandoz; Tramedo; Zydol</i>  |
|                          | Tablet 100 mg (twice daily sustained release)   | 40       | 9.02             | <i>APO-Tramadol SR; Chem mart Tramadol SR; GA Tramadol SR 100mg; Lodam SR 100; Terry White Chemists Tramadol SR; Tramadol Sandoz SR; Tramedo SR 100; Zydol SR 100</i> |
| <i>Tramal SR 150</i>     | Tablet 150 mg (twice daily sustained release)   | 20       | 5.11             | <i>APO-Tramadol SR; Chem mart Tramadol SR; GA Tramadol SR 150mg; Lodam SR 150; Terry White Chemists Tramadol SR; Tramadol Sandoz SR; Tramedo SR 150; Zydol SR 150</i> |
|                          | Tablet 150 mg (twice daily sustained release)   | 40       | 10.74            | <i>APO-Tramadol SR; Chem mart Tramadol SR; GA Tramadol SR 150mg; Lodam SR 150; Terry White Chemists Tramadol SR; Tramadol Sandoz SR; Tramedo SR 150; Zydol SR 150</i> |
| <i>Tramal SR 200</i>     | Tablet 200 mg (twice daily sustained release)   | 20       | 5.78             | <i>APO-Tramadol SR; Chem mart Tramadol SR; GA Tramadol SR 200mg; Lodam SR 200; Terry White Chemists Tramadol SR; Tramadol Sandoz SR; Tramedo SR 200; Zydol SR 200</i> |
|                          | Tablet 200 mg (twice daily sustained release)   | 40       | 11.90            | <i>APO-Tramadol SR; Chem mart Tramadol SR; GA Tramadol SR 200mg; Lodam SR 200; Terry White Chemists Tramadol SR; Tramadol Sandoz SR; Tramedo SR 200; Zydol SR 200</i> |
| <i>Trandate</i>          | Tablet 100 mg   | 100      | 3.13             | <i>Presolol 100</i>   |
|                          | Tablet 200 mg   | 100      | 3.14             | <i>Presolol 200</i>   |
| <i>Triphasil 28</i>      | Pack containing 6 tablets 50 micrograms-30 micrograms, 5 tablets 75 micrograms-40 micrograms, 10 tablets 125 micrograms-30 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4        | 13.55            | <i>Trifeme 28</i>   |
| <i>Triprim</i>           | Tablet 300 mg   | 7        | 1.89             | <i>Alprim</i>   |
| <i>Triquilar ED</i>      | Pack containing 6 tablets 50 micrograms-30 micrograms, 5 tablets 75 micrograms-40 micrograms, 10 tablets 125 micrograms-30 micrograms and 7 inert tablets | 4        | 13.59            | <i>Logynon ED</i>   |
| <i>Valium</i>            | Tablet 2 mg   | 50       | 0.82             | <i>Antenex 2; Ranzepam; Valpam 2</i>  |
|                          | Tablet 2 mg   | 100      | 1.72             | <i>Antenex 2; Ranzepam; Valpam 2</i>  |
|                          | Tablet 5 mg   | 50       | 0.85             | <i>Antenex 5; Diazepam-GA; Ranzepam; Valpam 5</i>   |
|                          | Tablet 5 mg   | 100      | 1.76             | <i>Antenex 5; Diazepam-GA; Ranzepam; Valpam 5</i>   |
| <i>Vastin</i>            | Capsule 20 mg (as sodium)   | 28       | 3.09             | <i>Lescol</i>   |
|                          | Capsule 40 mg (as sodium)   | 28       | 3.36             | <i>Lescol</i>   |
| <i>Ventolin CFC-Free</i> | Oral pressurised inhalation 100 micrograms (base) per dose (200 doses), CFC-free formulation  | 2        | 1.18             | <i>Airomir; Asmol CFC-free</i>  |
| <i>Ventolin Nebules</i>  | Nebuliser solution single dose units 2.5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30  | 2        | 1.40             | <i>Asmol 2.5 uni-dose; Butamol 2.5; GenRx Salbutamol; Pharmacor Salbutamol 2.5; Salbutamol-GA; Salbutamol Sandoz</i>  |
|                          | Nebuliser solution single dose units 5 mg (base) in 2.5 mL, 30  | 2        | 1.38             | <i>Asmol 5 uni-dose; Butamol 5; GenRx Salbutamol; Pharmacor Salbutamol 5; Salbutamol-GA; Salbutamol Sandoz</i>  |
| <i>Vibramycin</i>        | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride)  | 7        | 1.14             | <i>Doxsig; Doxy-100; Doxylin 100</i>  |
|                          | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride)  | 28       | 4.56             | <i>Doxsig; Doxy-100; Doxylin 100</i>  |
|                          | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride)  | 21       | 3.42             | <i>Doxsig; Doxy-100; Doxylin 100</i>  |
| <i>Vibra-Tabs</i>        | Tablet 50 mg (as hydrochloride)   | 25       | 1.20             | <i>Doxy-50; Doxylin 50</i>  |
| <i>Viscotears</i>        | Eye gel 2 mg per g (0.2%), 10 g   | 1        | 0.95             | <i>PAA</i>  |
| <i>Visken 15</i>         | Tablet 15 mg  | 50       | 2.57             | <i>Barbloc 15</i>   |
| <i>Voltaren 25</i>       | Tablet 25 mg (enteric coated)   | 100      | 1.84             | <i>APO-Diclofenac; Chem mart Diclofenac; Clonac 25; Diclofenac-GA; Diclofenac Sandoz; Fenac 25; Terry White Chemists Diclofenac</i>                                   |
|                          | Tablet 50 mg (enteric coated)   | 50       | 1.86             | <i>APO-Diclofenac; Chem mart Diclofenac; Clonac 50; Diclofenac-GA; Diclofenac Sandoz; Fenac; Terry White Chemists</i>   |

| Premium Priced Brand   | Form and Strength     | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands   |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------------|---|
| <i>Xanax</i>           | Tablet 250 micrograms | 50       | 1.00             | <i>Diclofenac</i><br><i>Alprax 0.25; Alprazolam Sandoz; Kalma 0.25</i>  |
|                        | Tablet 500 micrograms | 50       | 1.06             | <i>Alprax 0.5; Alprazolam Sandoz; Kalma 0.5</i>   |
|                        | Tablet 1 mg           | 50       | 1.26             | <i>Alprax 1; Alprazolam-GA; Alprazolam Sandoz; Chem mart Alprazolam; GenRx Alprazolam; Kalma 1; Ralozam; Terry White Chemists Alprazolam</i>  |
| <i>Xanax Tri-Score</i> | Tablet 2 mg           | 50       | 1.52             | <i>Alprax 2; Alprazolam-GA; Alprazolam Sandoz; Chem mart Alprazolam; GenRx Alprazolam; Kalma 2; Ralozam; Terry White Chemists Alprazolam</i>  |
| <i>Zanidip</i>         | Tablet 10 mg          | 28       | 1.84             | <i>APO-Lercanidipine; Chem mart Lercanidipine; Lercadip; Lercan; Lercanidipine Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Lercanidipine; Zircol</i>   |
|                        | Tablet 20 mg          | 28       | 3.27             | <i>APO-Lercanidipine; Chem mart Lercanidipine; Lercadip; Lercan; Lercanidipine Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Lercanidipine; Zircol</i>   |
| <i>Zantac</i>          | Tablet 150 mg (base)  | 60       | 1.62             | <i>Ausran; Chem mart Ranitidine; GenRx Ranitidine; Rani 2; Ranitidine Sandoz; Ranoxyl; Terry White Chemists Ranitidine; Ulcaid</i>  |
|                        | Tablet 300 mg (base)  | 30       | 1.62             | <i>Ausran; Chem mart Ranitidine; GenRx Ranitidine; Rani 2; Ranitidine Sandoz; Terry White Chemists Ranitidine; Ulcaid</i>   |
| <i>Zestril</i>         | Tablet 5 mg           | 30       | 1.96             | <i>APO-Lisinopril; Chem mart Lisinopril; Fibsol 5; GenRx Lisinopril; Liprace; Lisinopril 5; Lisinopril-DRLA; Lisinopril-GA; Lisinopril generichealth; Lisinopril Ranbaxy; Lisinopril Sandoz; Lisinopril Winthrop; Lisodur; Prinivil 5; Terry White Chemists Lisinopril</i>                          |
|                        | Tablet 10 mg          | 30       | 1.98             | <i>APO-Lisinopril; Chem mart Lisinopril; Fibsol 10; GenRx Lisinopril; Liprace; Lisinopril 10; Lisinopril-DRLA; Lisinopril-GA; Lisinopril generichealth; Lisinopril Hexal; Lisinopril Ranbaxy; Lisinopril Sandoz; Lisinopril Winthrop; Lisodur; Prinivil 10; Terry White Chemists Lisinopril</i>     |
|                        | Tablet 20 mg          | 30       | 1.97             | <i>APO-Lisinopril; Chem mart Lisinopril; Fibsol 20; GenRx Lisinopril; Liprace; Lisinopril 20; Lisinopril-DRLA; Lisinopril-GA; Lisinopril generichealth; Lisinopril Ranbaxy; Lisinopril Sandoz; Lisinopril Winthrop; Lisodur; Prinivil 20; Terry White Chemists Lisinopril</i>                       |
| <i>Zocor</i>           | Tablet 5 mg           | 30       | 3.33             | <i>Simvahexal; Simvasyn; Zimstat</i>  |
|                        | Tablet 10 mg          | 30       | 3.33             | <i>APO-Simvastatin; Chem mart Simvastatin; GenRx Simvastatin; Lipex 10; Pharmacor Simvastatin 10; Ransim; Simvahexal; Simvar 10; Simvastatin-DP; Simvastatin-GA 10; Simvastatin generichealth; Simvastatin-Spirit 10; Simvastatin Winthrop; Simvasyn; Terry White Chemists Simvastatin; Zimstat</i> |
|                        | Tablet 20 mg          | 30       | 3.31             | <i>APO-Simvastatin; Chem mart Simvastatin; GenRx Simvastatin; Lipex 20; Pharmacor Simvastatin 20; Ransim; Simvahexal; Simvar 20; Simvastatin-DP; Simvastatin-GA 20; Simvastatin generichealth; Simvastatin-Spirit 20; Simvastatin Winthrop; Simvasyn; Terry White Chemists Simvastatin; Zimstat</i> |
|                        | Tablet 40 mg          | 30       | 3.33             | <i>APO-Simvastatin; Chem mart Simvastatin; GenRx Simvastatin; Lipex 40; Pharmacor Simvastatin 40; Ransim; Simvahexal; Simvar 40; Simvastatin-DP;</i>  |

| Premium Priced Brand  | Form and Strength                 | Max. Qty | Brand Premium \$ | Benchmark Priced Brands  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------|--|
|                       | Tablet 80 mg                      | 30       | 3.32             | <i>Simvastatin-GA 40; Simvastatin generichealth; Simvastatin-Spirit 40; Simvastatin Winthrop; Simvasyn; Terry White Chemists Simvastatin; Zimstat APO-Simvastatin; Chem mart Simvastatin; GenRx Simvastatin; Lipex 80; Pharmacor Simvastatin 80; Ransim; Simvahexal; Simvar 80; Simvastatin-DP; Simvastatin-GA 80; Simvastatin generichealth; Simvastatin-Spirit 80; Simvastatin Winthrop; Simvasyn; Terry White Chemists Simvastatin; Zimstat</i> |
| <i>Zoloft</i>         | Tablet 50 mg (as hydrochloride)   | 30       | 1.42             | <i>Chem mart Sertraline; Concorz; Eleva 50; GenRx Sertraline; Sertra 50; Sertracor 50; Sertraline 50; Sertraline-GA; Sertraline generichealth; Sertraline Winthrop; Setrona; Terry White Chemists Sertraline; Xydep 50</i>   |
|                       | Tablet 100 mg (as hydrochloride)  | 30       | 1.42             | <i>Chem mart Sertraline; Concorz; Eleva 100; GenRx Sertraline; Sertra 100; Sertracor 100; Sertraline 100; Sertraline-GA; Sertraline generichealth; Setrona; Terry White Chemists Sertraline; Xydep 100</i>   |
| <i>Zovirax 200 mg</i> | Tablet 200 mg                     | 50       | 4.10             | <i>Acihexal; Acyclo-V 200; GenRx Aciclovir; Lovir</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 200 mg                     | 90       | 3.06             | <i>Aciclovir 200; Acihexal; Acyclo-V 200; Chem mart Aciclovir; GenRx Aciclovir; Lovir; Ozvir; Terry White Chemists Aciclovir</i>   |
| <i>Zovirax 800 mg</i> | Tablet 800 mg                     | 35       | 1.49             | <i>Aciclovir 800; Acihexal; Acyclo-V 800; GenRx Aciclovir</i>  |
| <i>Zyban</i>          | Tablet 150 mg (sustained release) | 30       | 0.80             | <i>Prexaton</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 150 mg (sustained release) | 90       | 0.81             | <i>Prexaton</i>  |
| <i>Zyloprim</i>       | Tablet 100 mg                     | 200      | 2.85             | <i>Allopurinol Sandoz; Allosig; Chem mart Allopurinol; GenRx Allopurinol; Progout 100; Terry White Chemists Allopurinol</i>  |
|                       | Tablet 300 mg                     | 60       | 2.85             | <i>Allopurinol Sandoz; Allosig; Chem mart Allopurinol; GenRx Allopurinol; Progout 300; Terry White Chemists Allopurinol</i>  |